SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC00793190601FH01

FCC ID	:	XUR-VTX-PRO
APPLICATION PURPOSE	:	Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	WIRELESS INTERCOM
BRAND NAME	:	VERTIX
MODEL NAME	:	VERTIX PRO, VELO PRO, SPORTIVO PRO, ACTIO PRO
APPLICANT	:	XTREME DSP GLOBAL PTE. LTD.
DATE OF ISSUE	:	Sep. 19,2019
STANDARD(S)	:	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093:2013 IEEE C95.1TM:2005
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.1

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Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Sep. 19,2019	Invalid	Initial Release
V1.1	1st	Sep. 19,2019	Valid	Added pages 43-46 of the report, updated page 33 and page 54 of the report

Test Report Certification

Applicant Name	XTREME DSP GLOBAL PTE. LTD.
Applicant Address	21 BUKIT BATOK CRESCENT, #10-79 WCEGA TOWER, SINGAPORE 658065.
Manufacturer Name	XTREME DSP GLOBAL PTE. LTD.
Manufacturer Address	21 BUKIT BATOK CRESCENT, #10-79 WCEGA TOWER, SINGAPORE 658065.
Factory Name	XTREME DSP GLOBAL PTE. LTD.
Factory Address	21 BUKIT BATOK CRESCENT, #10-79 WCEGA TOWER, SINGAPORE 658065.
Product Designation	WIRELESS INTERCOM
Brand Name	VERTIX
Model Name	VERTIX PRO, VELO PRO, SPORTIVO PRO, ACTIO PRO
Different Description	Different accessories only. Hardware of main set is the same.
EUT Voltage	DC3.7V by battery
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093:2013 IEEE C95.1TM:2005
Test Date	July 23,2019 to Sep. 18,2019
Report Template	AGCRT-US-Bluetooth/SAR (2018-01-01)

Note: The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only.

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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	Highest Reported 10g- Extremity SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test Result
Bluetooth	**1.504**	**0.611**	**PASS**
SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)	**1.6**	**4.0**	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/Kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

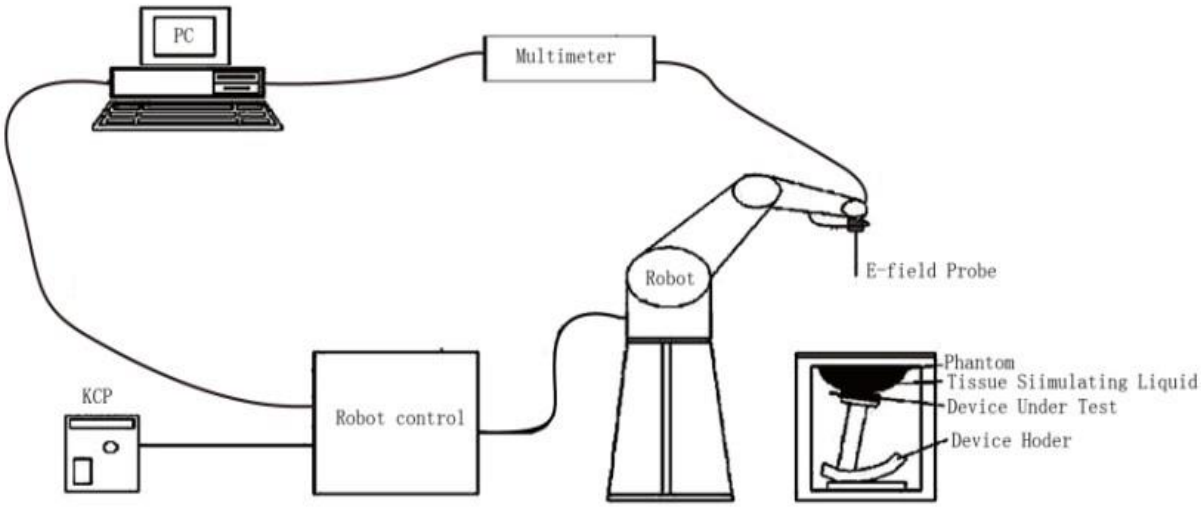
General Information	
Product Designation	WIRELESS INTERCOM
Test Model	VERTIX PRO
Hardware Version	Vertix Pro1.0
Software Version	Vertix v12
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
Bluetooth	
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Antenna Gain	2.0dBi
Bluetooth Version	BR/EDR
Type of modulation	**BR/EDR :**GFSK, π /4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK;
Peak Output Power	17.283dBm
Power Supply	DC 3.7V by battery

Note: The sample used for testing is end product.

Product	Type	
	☒ Production unit	☐ Identical Prototype

3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



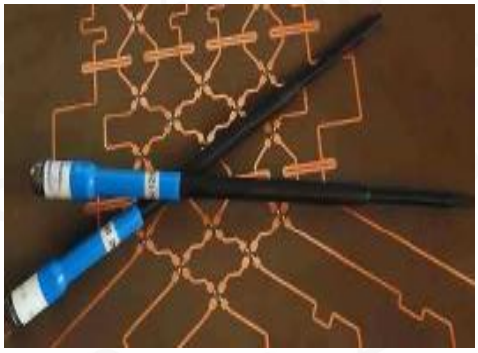
The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

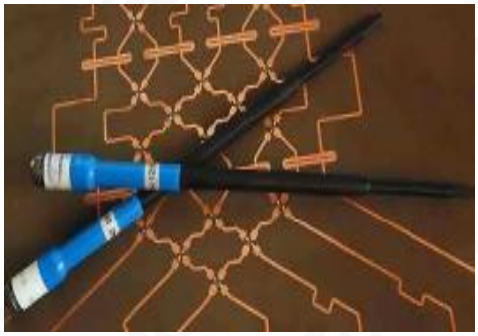
- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data.A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

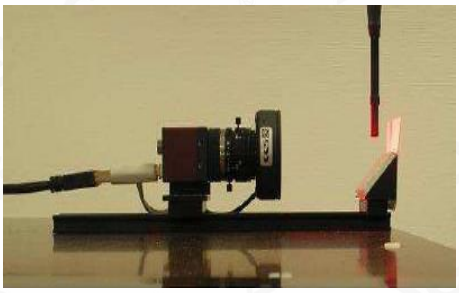
Model	SSE5	
Manufacture	MVG	
Identification No.	SN 22/12 EP159	
Frequency	0.45GHz-3GHz Linearity:±0.11dB(0.45GHz-3GHz)	
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity:±0.11dB	
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precisin of better 30%.	

Model	SSE5	
Manufacture	MVG	
Identification No.	SN 03/18 EP327	
Frequency	0.15GHz-3GHz Linearity:±0.09dB(150MHz-3GHz)	
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity:±0.09dB	
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

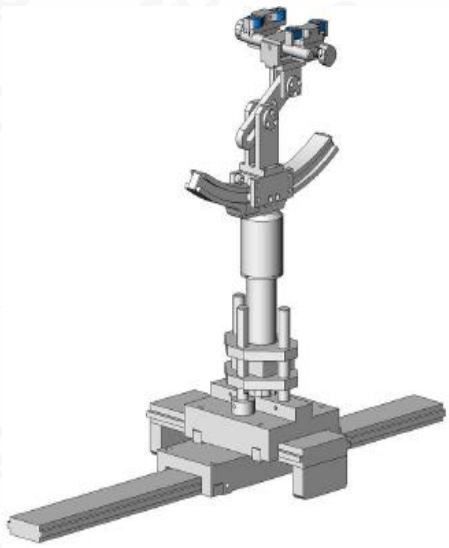
3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application: □ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm) □ High reliability (industrial design) □ Jerk-free straight movements □ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields) □ 6-axis controller	

3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts.The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.	

3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity εr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.	

3.6. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas: □ Left head □ Right head □ Flat phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}W}{\mathrm{d}m}\right) = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}W}{\rho \mathrm{d}V}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/Kg)
SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$\mathrm{SAR} = c_h \left.\frac{\mathrm{d}T}{\mathrm{d}t}\right|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR	is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;
E	is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;
σ	is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
ρ	is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
c_h	is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;
$\frac{\mathrm{dT}}{\mathrm{dt}} \mid \mathrm{t} = 0$	is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

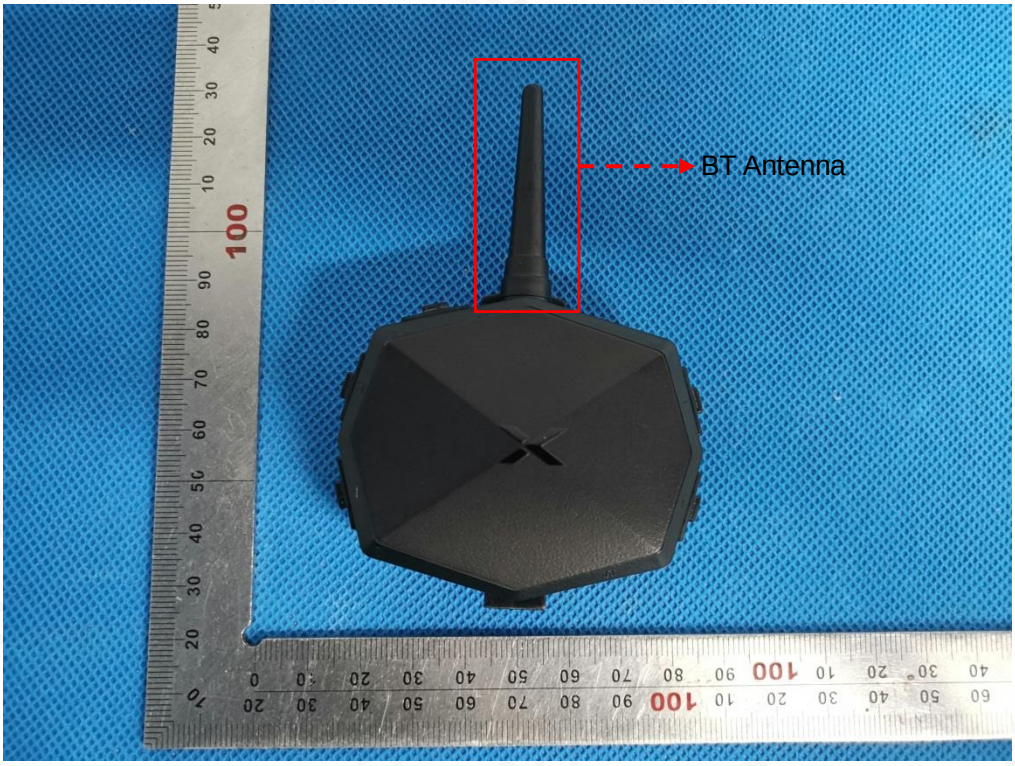
4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

Test Configuration and setting:

The device is a bluetooth headset, and supports Bluetooth wireless technology.

For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

Antenna Location:



5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm.The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 5.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) / Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
2450 Head	71.88	0.16	0.0	7.99	0.0	19.97
2450 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	head		body	
	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	**39.2**	**1.80**	**52.7**	**1.95**
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73

(εr = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz					
Head	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)		Tissue Temp [°C]	Test time
		εr39.2(37.24-41.16)	δ[s/m]1.80(1.71-1.89)		
	2402	39.48	1.77	22.1	July 23,2019
	2441	39.15	1.78		
	2450	38.97	1.79		
	2480	38.74	1.80		
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)		Tissue Temp [°C]	Test time
		εr52.7(50.065-55.335)	δ[s/m]1.95(1.8525-2.0475)		
	2402	53.01	1.96	21.8	Sep. 16,2019
	2441	52.84	1.97		
	2450	52.68	1.98		
	2480	52.33	1.99		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)		Tissue Temp [°C]	Test time
		εr52.7(50.065-55.335)	δ[s/m]1.95(1.8525-2.0475)		
	2402	51.80	1.90	21.0	Sep. 18,2019
	2441	51.53	1.91		
	2450	51.29	1.92		
	2480	51.11	1.93		

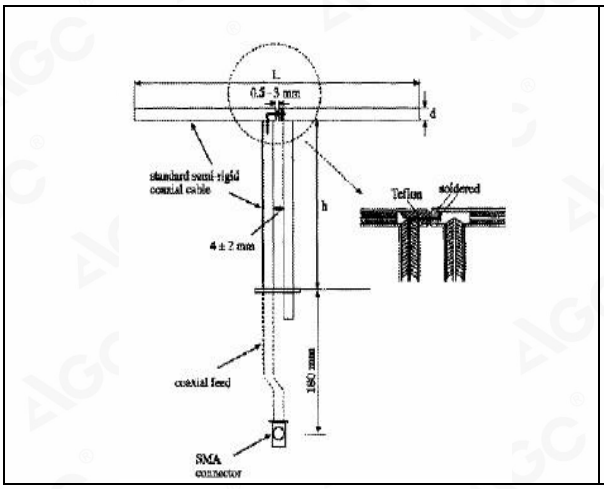
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

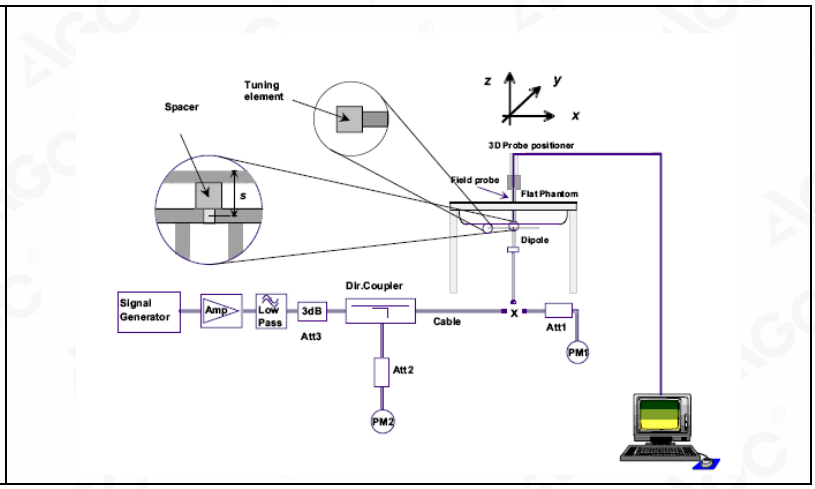
6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

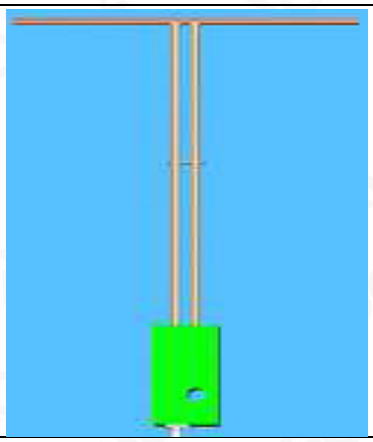
The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.





6.2. SAR System Check

6.2.1. Dipoles

	The dipole used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of IEEE. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical Specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Head								
Validation Kit: SN 46/11 DIP 2G450-189								
Frequency [MHz]	Target Value(W/Kg)		Reference Result (± 10%)		Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp. [°C]	Test time
	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g		
2450	53.97	24.01	48.573-59.367	21.609-26.411	49.42	22.95	22.1	July 23,2019
System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Body								
Frequency [MHz]	Target Value(W/Kg)		Reference Result (± 10%)		Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp. [°C]	Test time
	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g		
2450	54.45	24.16	49.005-59.895	21.744-26.576	51.13	23.74	21.8	Sep. 16,2019
System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Body								
Frequency [MHz]	Target Value(W/Kg)		Reference Result (± 10%)		Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp. [°C]	Test time
	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g		
2450	54.45	24.16	49.005-59.895	21.744-26.576	51.10	23.65	21.0	Sep. 18,2019

Note:
(1) We use a CW signal of 18dBm for system check, and then all SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within ±10% of target value.

6.3. SAR System Validation

Test Data	Probe S/N	Tested Freq. (MHz)	Tissue Type	Cond.	Perm	CW validation			Mod. validation		
						Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	Peak to average power ratio
03/07/2019	SN 22/12 EP159	2450	body	1.91	52.45	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
03/11/2019	SN 22/12 EP159	2450	Head	1.76	39.52	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

Test Data	Probe S/N	Tested Freq. (MHz)	Tissue Type	Cond.	Perm	CW validation			Mod. validation		
						Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	Peak to average power ratio
05/08/2019	SN 03/18 EP327	2450	body	1.94	53.67	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in **Back, Front, Edge2, Edge3 and Edge4**

7.1. Body Worn Position

(1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.

(2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.

(3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to **0mm.**

The SAR test procedure has been defined by FCC via KDB.

8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0

9. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	975832
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA

10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 22/12 EP159	Aug. 08,2018	Aug. 07,2019
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 03/18 EP327	Dec. 17,2018	Dec. 16,2019
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	-	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4114939	Sep 20,2018	Sep 19,2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN 46/11 DIP 2G450-189	Apr. 26,2019	Apr. 25,2022
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	Nov. 01,2018	Oct. 31,2019
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	US41421290	Feb. 27,2019	Feb. 26,2020
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN 101443	Nov. 01,2018	Oct. 31,2019
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	S/N:WRJ34AYM2F 1	June 11,2019	June 10, 2020
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	31405	June 11,2019	June 10, 2020
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	Feb. 27,2019	Feb. 26,2020
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	Jun. 12,2019	Jun. 11,2020
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	Jun. 12,2019	Jun. 11,2020
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	Sep. 20,2018	Sep. 19,2019
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	US38261498	Feb. 19,2019	Feb. 18,2020
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:
1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.

11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Measurement uncertainty for Dipole averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram									
a	b	c	d	e f(d,k)	f	g	h c×f/e	i c×g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (±%)	10g Ui (±%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.579	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.24	0.24	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.813	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.33	0.33	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	1.26	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.73	0.73	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	∞
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3	N	1	1	1	3	3	∞
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9.807	9.608	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				19.614	19.216	

System Validation uncertainty for Dipole averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
a	b	c	d	e f(d,k)	f	g	h c×f/e	i c×g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (±%)	10g Ui (±%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.579	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.33	0.33	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.813	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	1.26	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.73	0.73	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
System check source (dipole)									
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4.0	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9.735	9.534	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				19.470	19.069	

System check uncertainty for Dipole averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
a	b	c	d	e f(d,k)	f	g	h c×f/e	i c×g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1.3	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.579	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.813	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	1.26	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System check source (dipole)									
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2	N	1	1	1	2	2	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				5.564	5.205	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				11.128	10.410	

SATIMO Uncertainty- SN 03/18 EP327 Measurement uncertainty for DUT averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.831	5.831	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.460	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.188	0.188	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.915	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.374	0.374	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.975	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.563	0.563	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.000	0.000	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.400	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.400	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.400	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.300	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.328	1.328	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.600	2.600	∞
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3	N	1	1	1	3.000	3.000	∞
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.887	2.887	∞
SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.887	2.887	∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.309	2.309	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.900	1.596	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.126	1.025	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.120	2.840	M
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.332	0.375	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.150	1.300	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9.795	9.595	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				19.589	19.191	

SATIMO Uncertainty- SN 03/18 EP327 System Validation uncertainty for DUT averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.831	5.831	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.460	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.266	0.266	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.915	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.000	0.000	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.975	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.563	0.563	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
System validation source									
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity（temperature uncertainty）	E.3.3	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid conductivity（measured）	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid permittivity（temperature uncertainty）	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity（measured）	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9.721	9.521	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				19.443	19.041	

SATIMO Uncertainty- SN 03/18 EP327 System Check uncertainty for DUT averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1.3	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.460	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.915	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.975	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System check source (dipole)									
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2.0	N	1	1	1	2.00	2.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parameters									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	M
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				5.564	5.205	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				11.128	10.410	

12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Bluetooth_BR/EDR

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Peak Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	16.842
	39	2441	17.130
	78	2480	**17.283**
π /4-DQPSK	0	2402	16.963
	39	2441	16.389
	78	2480	16.547
8-DPSK	0	2402	16.062
	39	2441	16.977
	78	2480	16.503

13. TEST RESULTS

13.1. SAR Test Results Summary

13.1.1. Test position and configuration

1. The EUT is a model of Bluetooth headset. According to user manual, the EUT is installed in the helmet, when remove it out of the helmet, the EUT can also normally work.
2. Based on FCC guidance, use a non-standard setting for SAR testing. The operating instructions contain additional information:

   According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guide v06, due to maximum peak power for bluetooth is more than just a test exclusion threshold, which must be tested.
3. Test procedure:
   (1) Lab. used the head tissue simulating liquid to test 1-g SAR at a test separation distance of 0mm from the flat phantom. At the same time, 10-g extremity SAR value is also considered.
   (2) The 10-g extremity SAR (i.e. hands, wrists, feet and ankles) was tested at a distance of 0mm with flat phantom filled with body-tissue liquid.
4. For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

13.1.2. Operation Mode

1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required , that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.

   (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, repeat that measurement once.

   (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/Kg.

   (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/Kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
3. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:
   Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]

13.1.3. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					Relative Humidity (%): 50.4				
Product: WIRELESS INTERCOM									
Test Mode: Blutooth for head liquid									
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)**	**Meas. output Power (dBm)**	**Scaled SAR (W/Kg)**	**Limit W/kg**
Head SAR Back	1DH5	0	2402	-1.13	1.289	17.30	16.842	1.432	1.6
Head SAR Back	1DH5	39	2441	-1.04	**1.364**	17.30	17.130	1.418	1.6
Head SAR Back	1DH5	78	2480	1.15	1.126	17.30	17.283	1.130	1.6
Head SAR Back	2DH5	0	2402	-1.06	1.203	17.00	16.963	1.213	1.6
Head SAR Back	2DH5	39	2441	-1.07	1.008	17.00	16.389	1.160	1.6
Head SAR Back	2DH5	78	2480	1.09	1.043	17.00	16.547	1.158	1.6
Head SAR Back	3DH5	0	2402	-1.14	1.212	17.00	16.062	**1.504**	1.6
Head SAR Back	3DH5	39	2441	1.02	1.014	17.00	16.977	1.019	1.6
Head SAR Back	3DH5	78	2480	-1.11	1.128	17.00	16.503	1.265	1.6

Note:
- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15									
Product: WIRELESS INTERCOM									
Test Mode: Blutooth for body liquid									
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**10g-Extremity SAR (W/kg)**	**Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)**	**Meas. output Power (dBm)**	**Scaled SAR (W/Kg)**	**Limit W/kg**
Body SAR Back	1DH5	0	2402	-1.06	0.550	17.30	16.842	**0.611**	4.0
Body SAR Back	1DH5	39	2441	1.05	**0.551**	17.30	17.130	0.573	4.0
Body SAR Back	1DH5	78	2480	-1.09	0.511	17.30	17.283	0.513	4.0
Body SAR Back	2DH5	39	2441	1.02	0.472	17.00	16.389	0.543	4.0
Body SAR Back	3DH5	39	2441	-1.04	0.463	17.00	16.977	0.465	4.0
Body SAR Front	1DH5	39	2441	-1.21	0.209	17.30	17.130	0.217	4.0
Edge 2 (Right)	1DH5	39	2441	-1.14	0.191	17.30	17.130	0.199	4.0
Edge 3 (Bottom)	1DH5	39	2441	1.10	0.042	17.30	17.130	0.044	4.0
Edge 4 (Left)	1DH5	39	2441	-1.16	0.198	17.30	17.130	0.206	4.0

Note:
(1)When the 10-g Reported SAR is ≤ 2.0 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional..
(2) The test separation of all above table is 0mm.

Repeated SAR										
Product: WIRELESS INTERCOM										
Test Mode: Blutooth for head liquid										
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**Once SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**Twice SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**Third SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Limit (W/kg)**
Head SAR Back	1DH5	39	2441	1.02	1.368	--	--	--	--	1.6

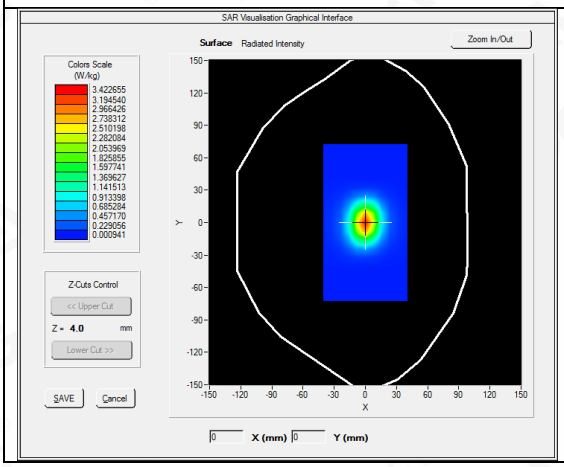
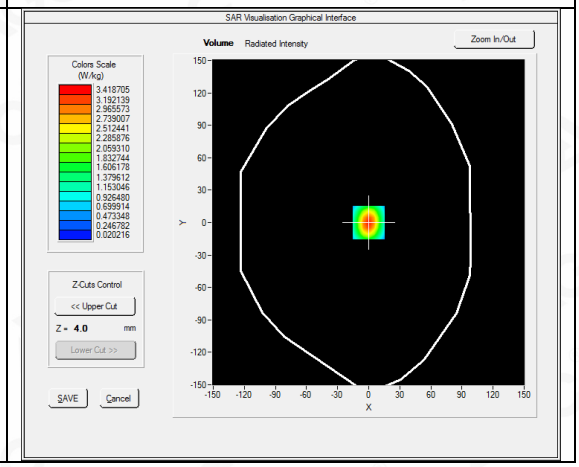
APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: July 23,2019**
System Check Head 2450 MHz
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.90
Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ=1.79 mho/m; εr =38.97; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (℃):22.4, Liquid temperature (℃): 22.1

SATIMO Configuration

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 08,2018; Serial No.: SN 22/12 EP159
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

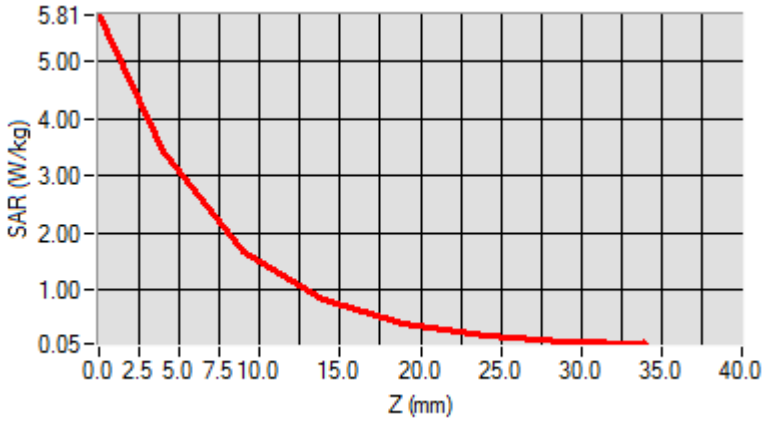
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

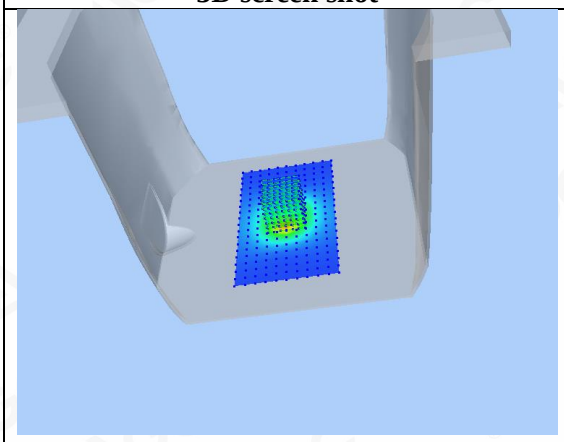
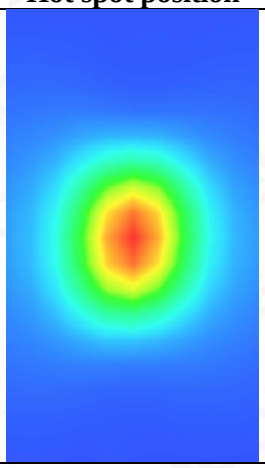
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 5.74 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.442643
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.112764

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.8102	3.4137	1.6603	0.8284	0.4134	0.2027	0.1062



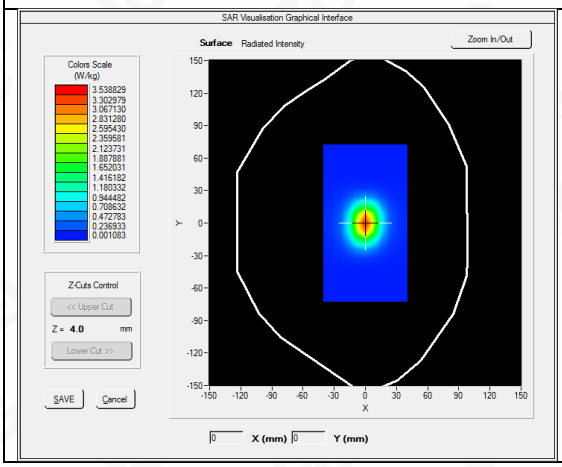
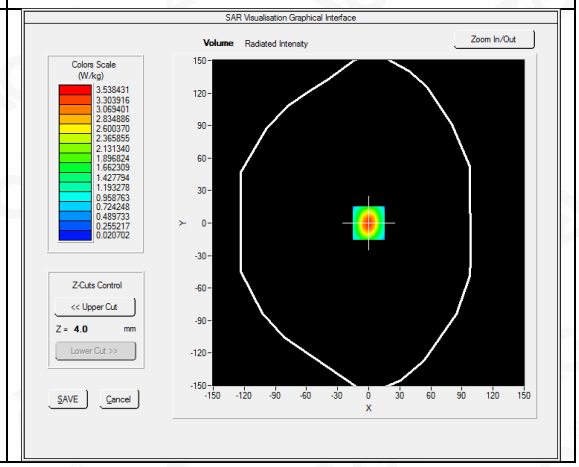
3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Sep. 16,2019**
System Check Body 2450 MHz
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.84
Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ=1.98 mho/m; εr =52.68; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (℃):22.0, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.8; Relative Humidity (%): 51.2

SATIMO Configuration

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Dec. 17,2018; Serial No.: SN 03/18 EP327
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

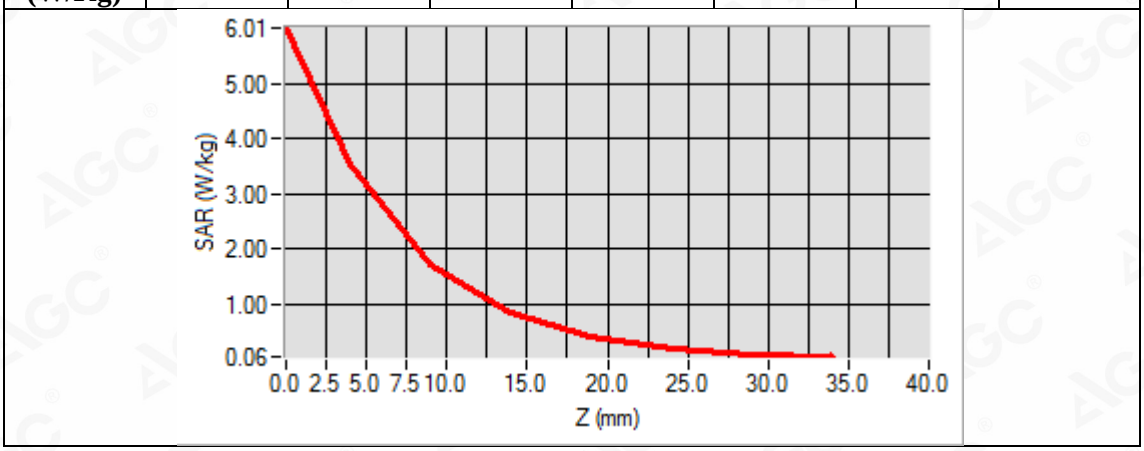
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

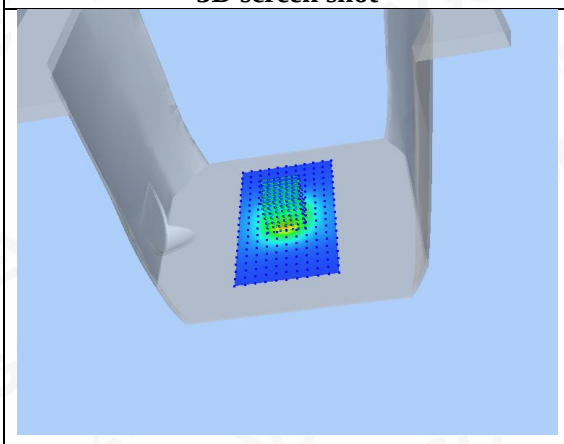
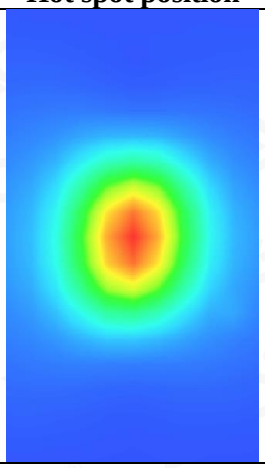
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 5.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.495103
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.222681

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.0114	3.5352	1.7185	0.8505	0.4241	0.2142	0.1053



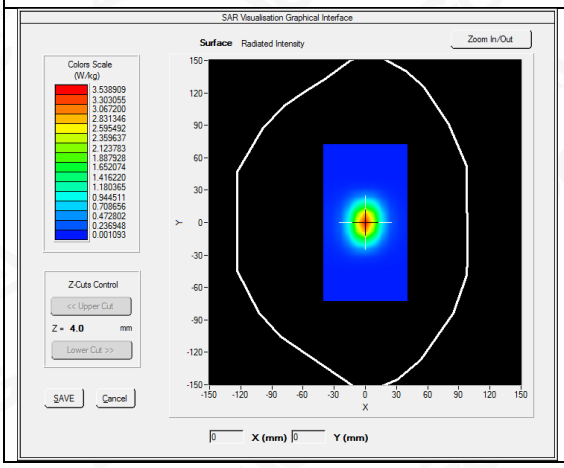
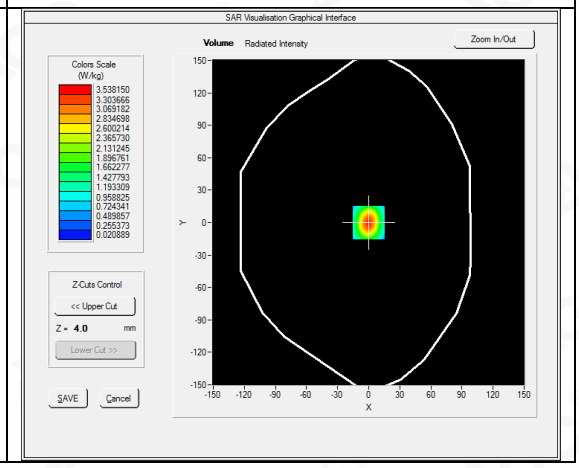
3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Sep. 18,2019**
System Check Body 2450 MHz
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.84
Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ=1.92 mho/m; εr =51.29; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (℃):21.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0; Relative Humidity (%): 43.7

SATIMO Configuration

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Dec. 17,2018; Serial No.: SN 03/18 EP327
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

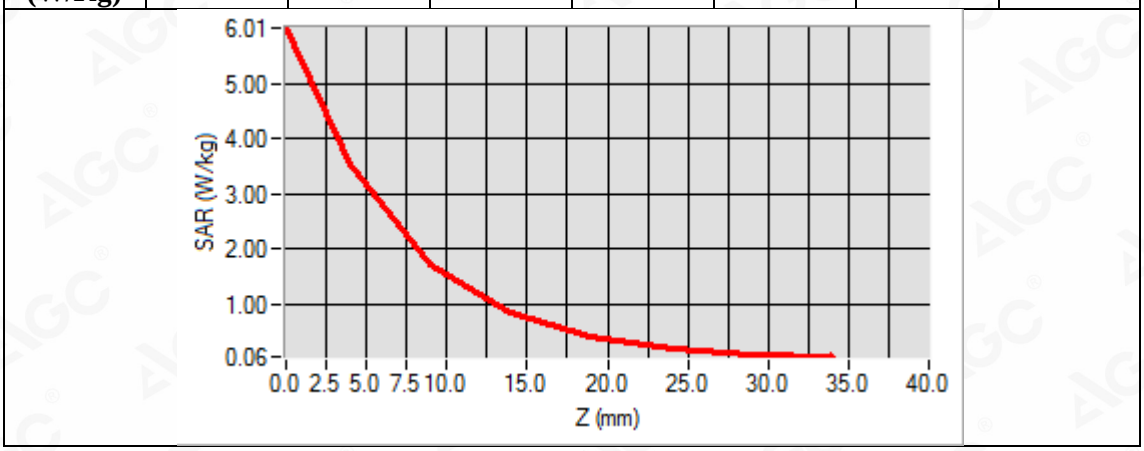
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

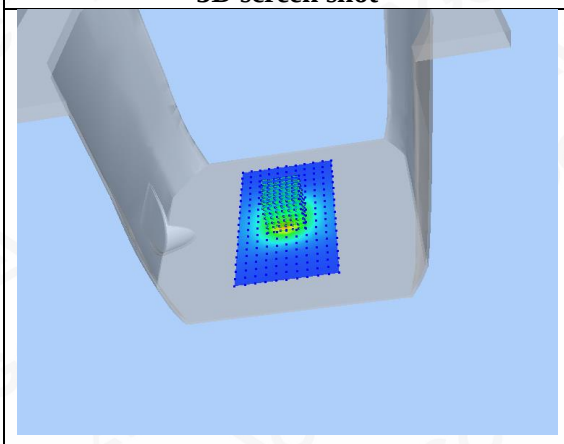
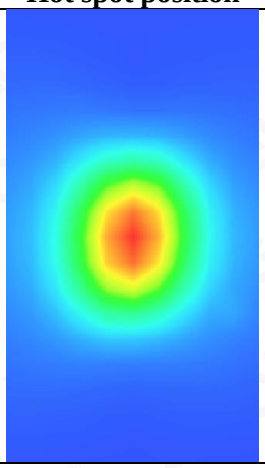
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 5.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.492438
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.224173

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.0102	3.5343	1.7287	0.8532	0.4217	0.2128	0.1034



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: July 23,2019**
Bluetooth Mid - Head SAR - Back (1DH5)
DUT: WIRELESS INTERCOM; Type: VERTIX PRO

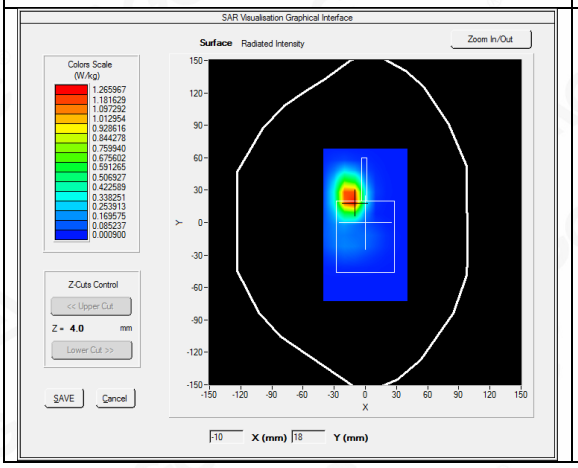
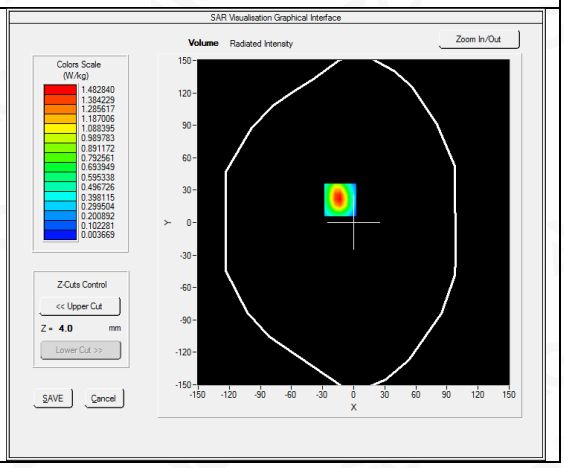
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle: 1:1.28; Conv.F=4.90;
Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.78 mho/m; εr =39.15; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃):22.4, Liquid temperature (℃): 22.1

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 08,2018; Serial No.: SN 22/12 EP159
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Head SAR - Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Head SAR - Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

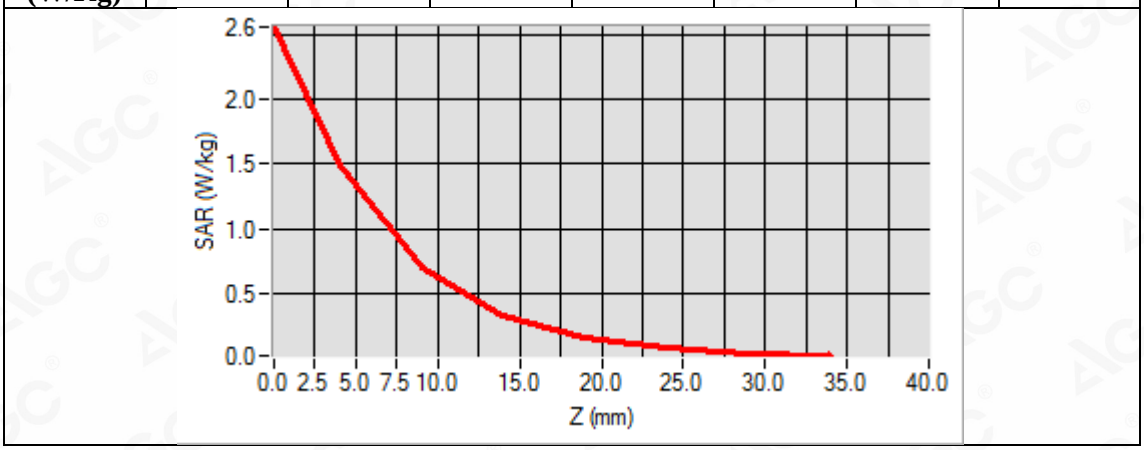
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Head SAR Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.28

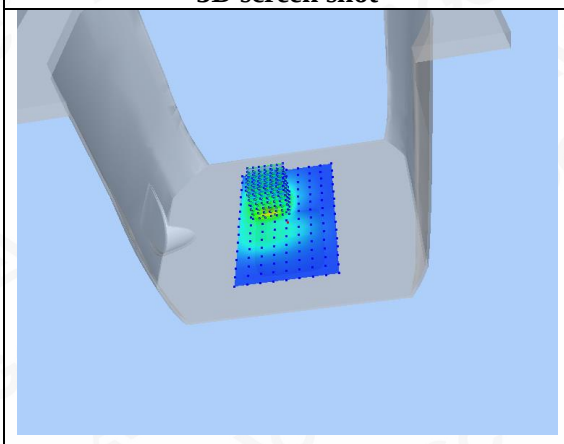
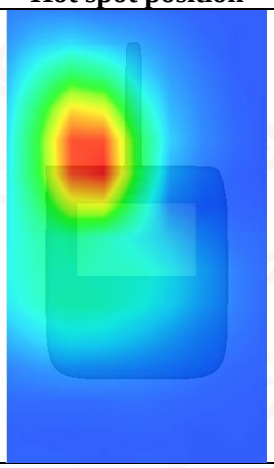
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-13.00, Y=21.00
SAR Peak: 2.58 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.598613
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.363698

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.5580	1.4828	0.6984	0.3322	0.1574	0.0747	0.0370



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: July 23,2019**
Bluetooth Low - Head SAR - Back (3DH5)
DUT: WIRELESS INTERCOM; Type: VERTIX PRO

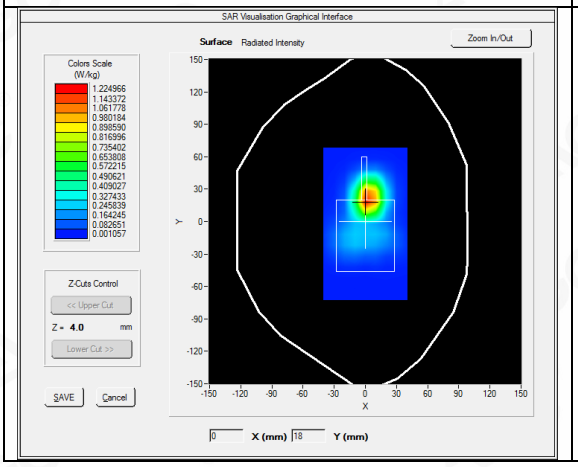
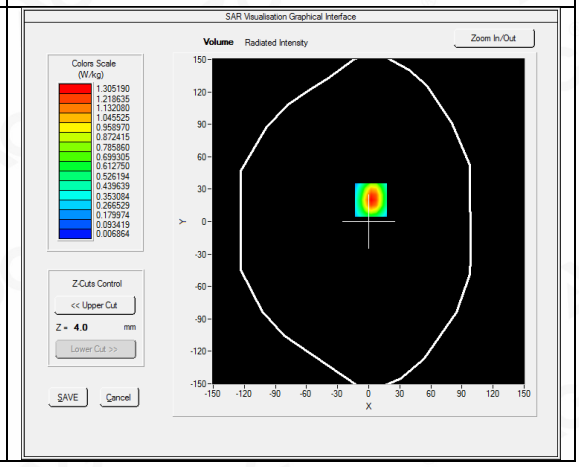
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle: 1:1.28; Conv.F=4.90;
Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.77 mho/m; εr =39.48; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃):22.4, Liquid temperature (℃): 22.1

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 08,2018; Serial No.: SN 22/12 EP159
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Low- Head SAR - Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/Bluetooth Low- Head SAR - Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

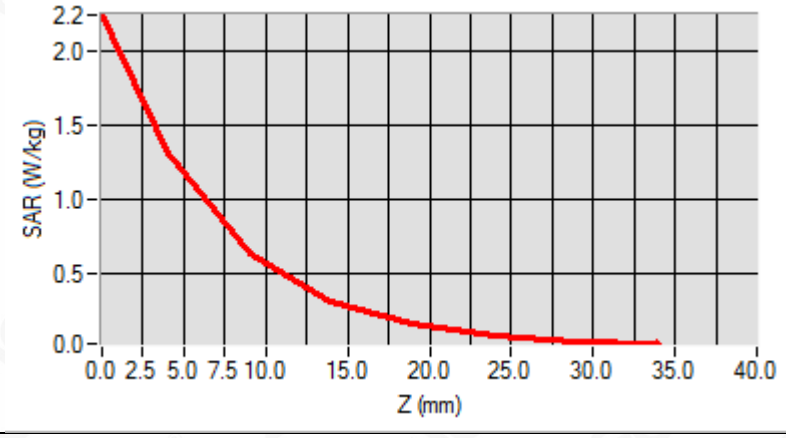
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Head SAR Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Low
Signal	Crest factor: 1.28

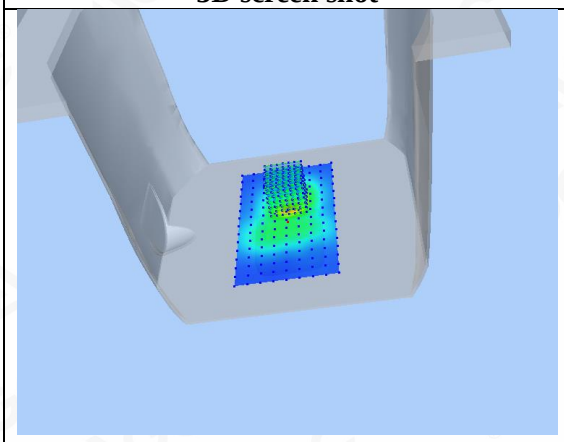
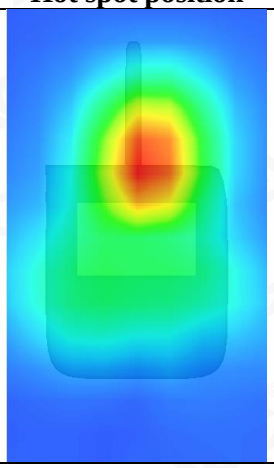
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=20.00
SAR Peak: 2.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.556927
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.212483

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.2432	1.3052	0.6228	0.3089	0.1520	0.0760	0.0377



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Sep. 18,2019**
Bluetooth Low - Head SAR - Back (1DH5)
DUT: WIRELESS INTERCOM; Type: VERTIX PRO

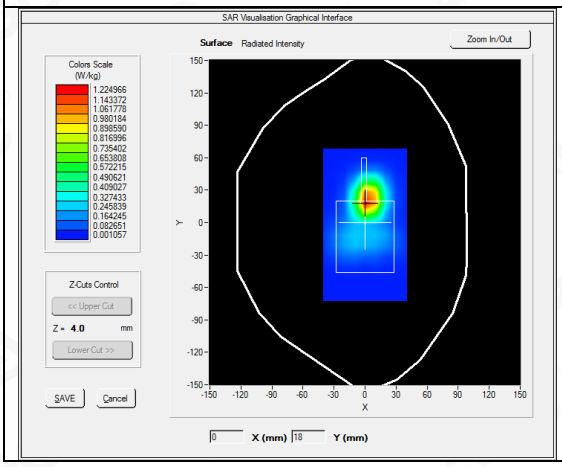
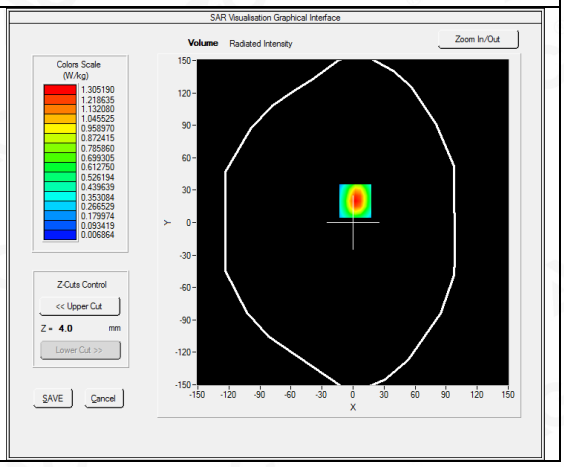
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle: 1:1.28; Conv.F=4.84;
Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.90 mho/m; εr =51.80; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃):21.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Dec. 17,2018; Serial No.: SN 03/18 EP327
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Low- Head SAR - Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Configuration/Bluetooth Low- Head SAR - Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

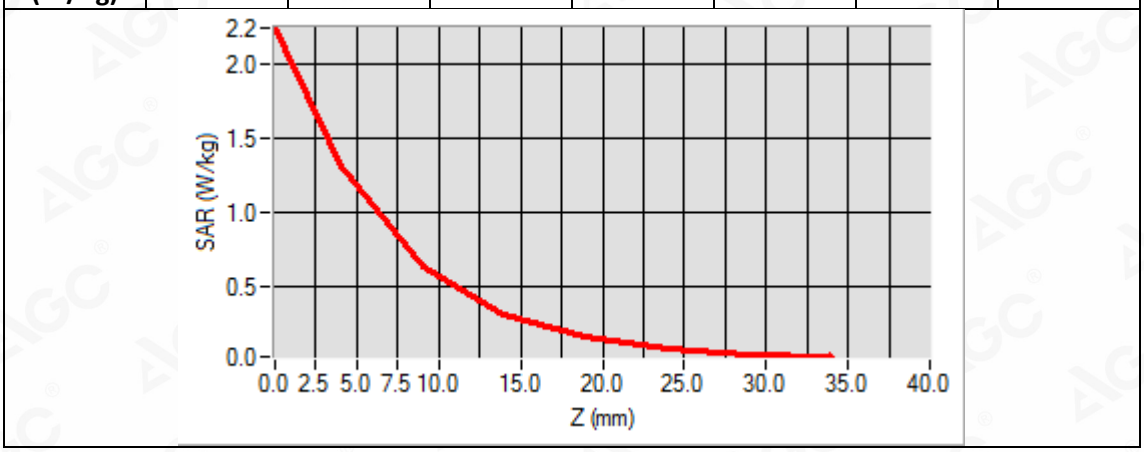
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Head SAR Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Low
Signal	Crest factor: 1.28

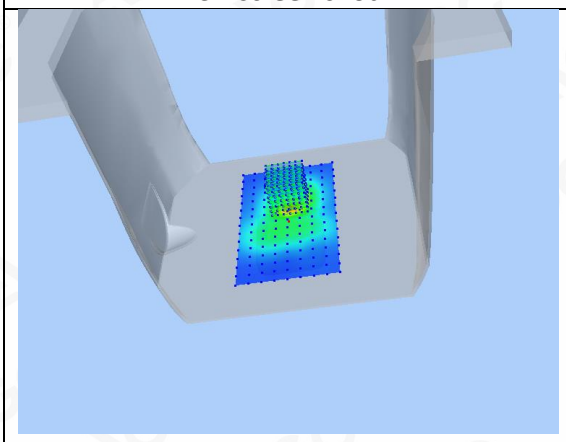
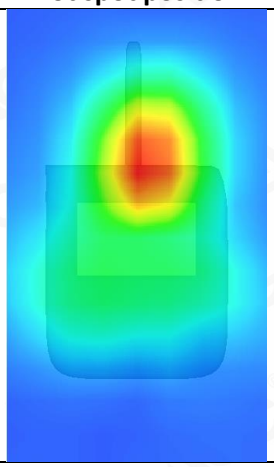
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=20.00
SAR Peak: 2.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.550295
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.207467

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.2415	1.3032	0.6214	0.3062	0.1515	0.0741	0.0352



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Sep. 18,2019**
Bluetooth Mid - Head SAR - Back (1DH5)
DUT: WIRELESS INTERCOM; Type: VERTIX PRO

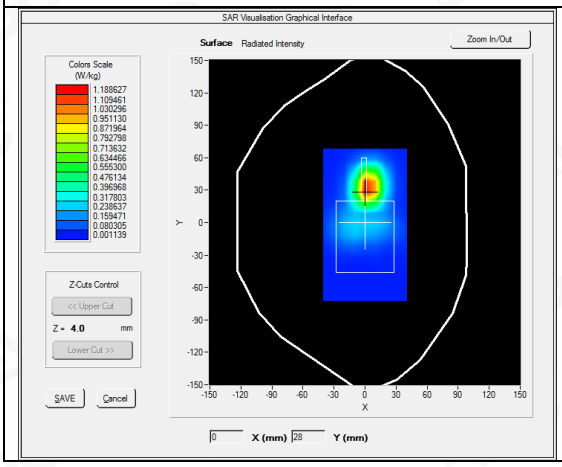
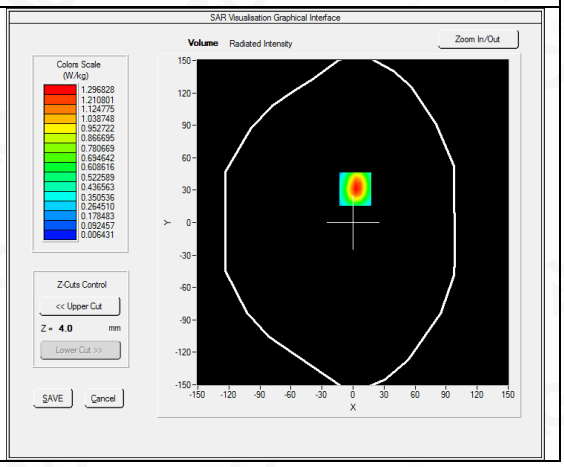
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle: 1:1.28; Conv.F=4.84;
Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.91 mho/m; εr =51.53; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃):21.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Dec. 17,2018; Serial No.: SN 03/18 EP327
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Head SAR - Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Head SAR - Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

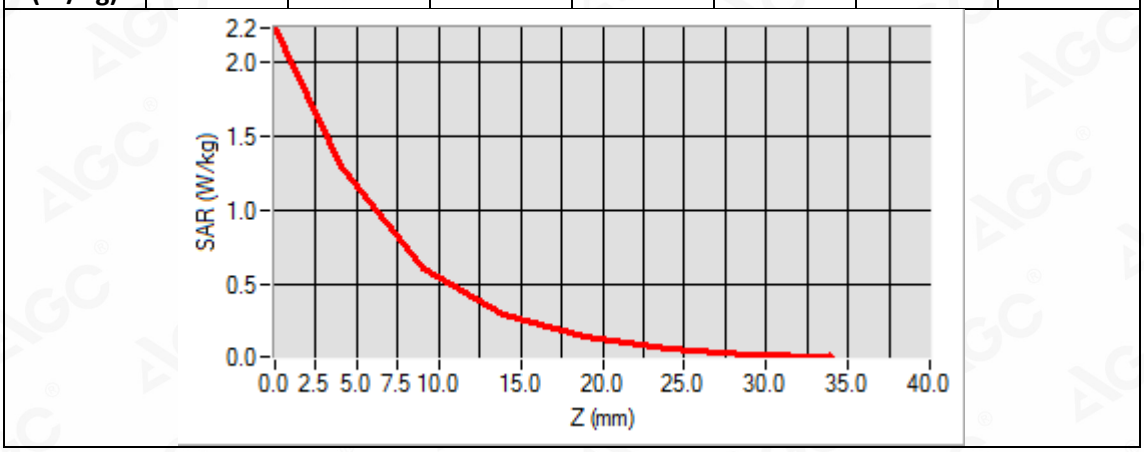
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Head SAR Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.28

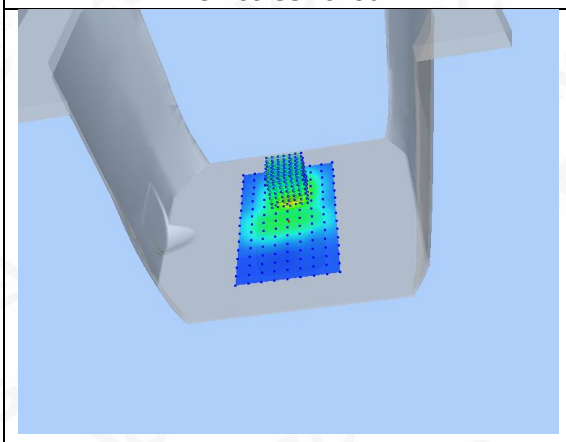
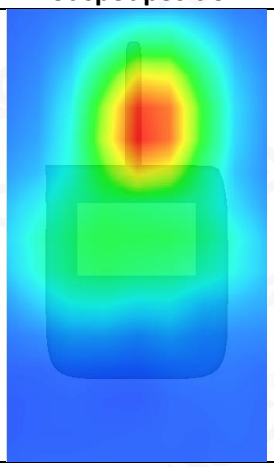
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=31.00
SAR Peak: 2.22 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.551358
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.194468

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.2285	1.2962	0.6172	0.3077	0.1512	0.0743	0.0375



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Repeated SAR
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: July 23,2019**
Bluetooth Mid - Head SAR - Back (1DH5)
DUT: WIRELESS INTERCOM; Type: VERTIX PRO

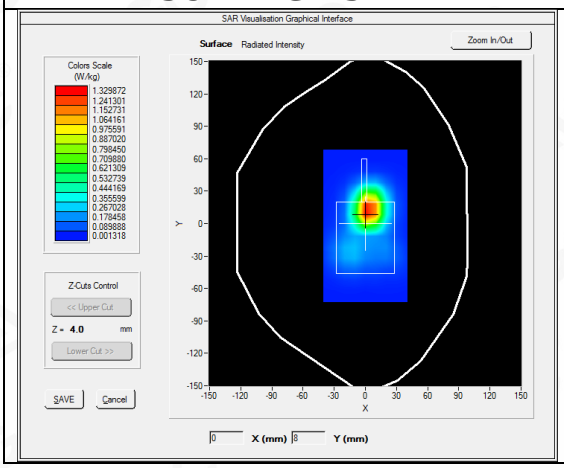
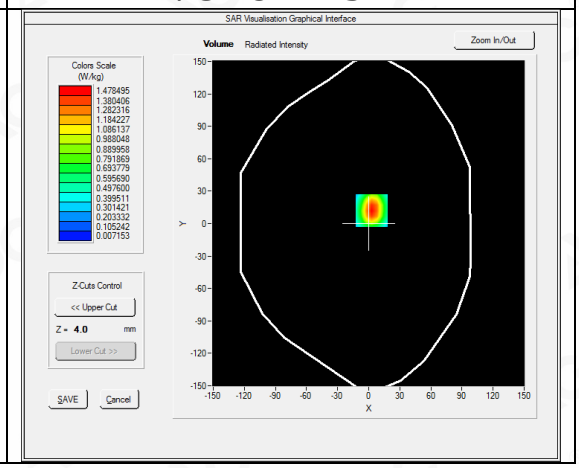
Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle: 1:1.28; Conv.F=4.90;
Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.78 mho/m; εr =39.15; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃):22.4, Liquid temperature (℃): 22.1

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: Aug. 08,2018; Serial No.: SN 22/12 EP159
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Head SAR - Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Configuration/Bluetooth Mid- Head SAR - Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

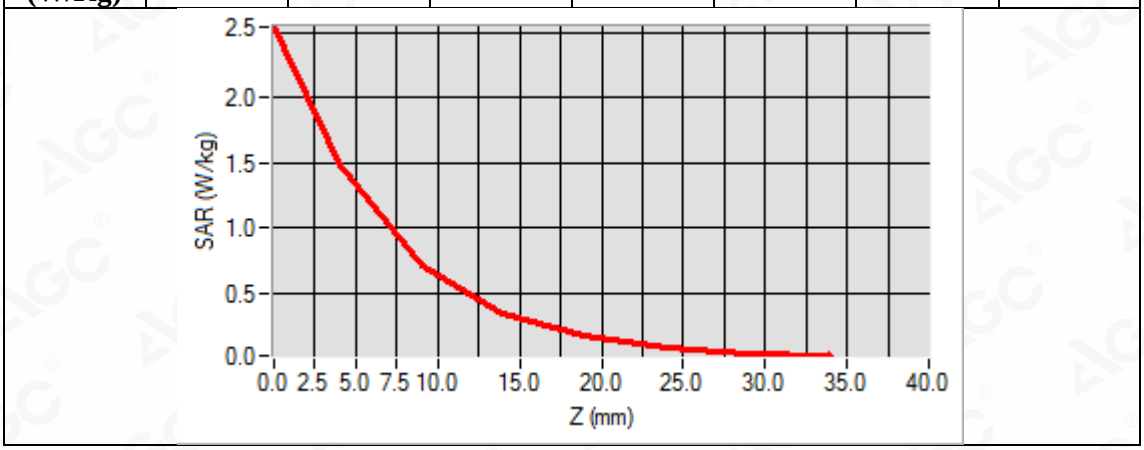
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Head SAR Back
Band	Bluetooth
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.28

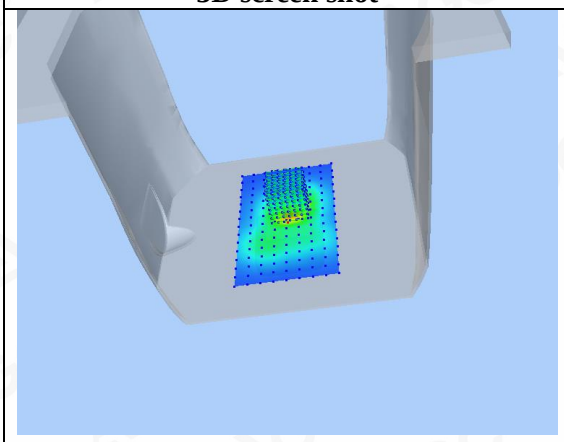
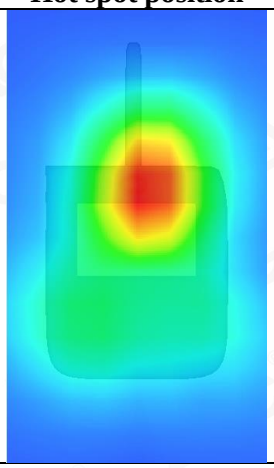
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=12.00
SAR Peak: 2.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.635538
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.367753

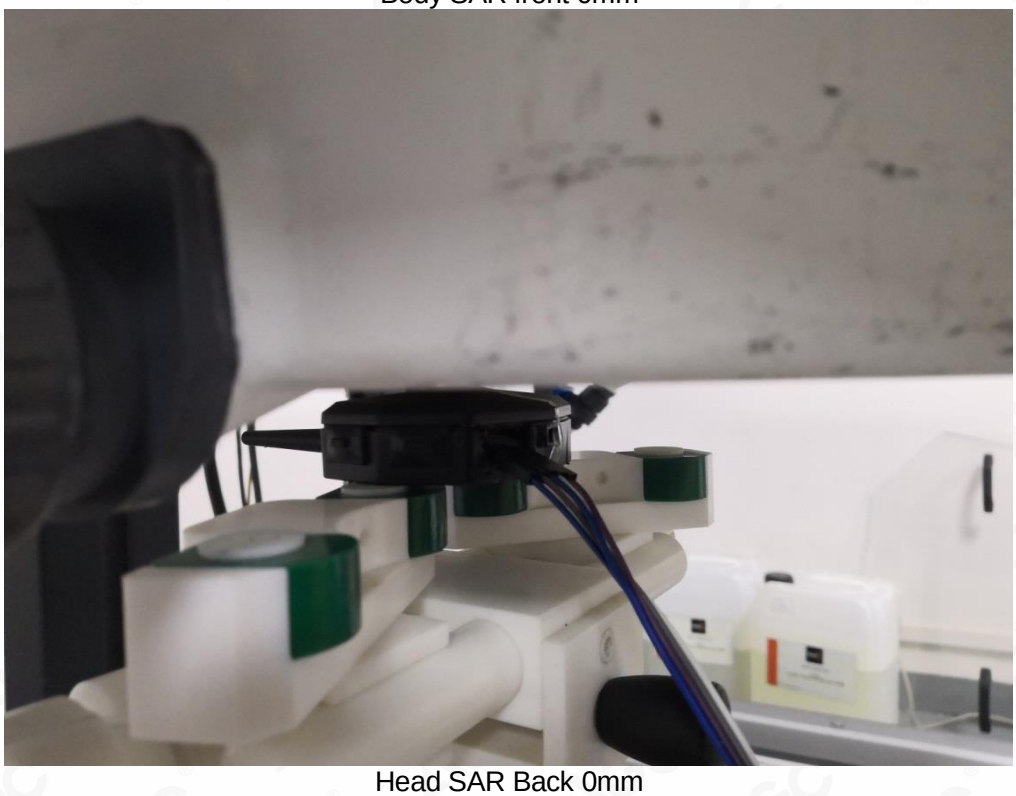
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.5397	1.4785	0.7044	0.3471	0.1692	0.0833	0.0419



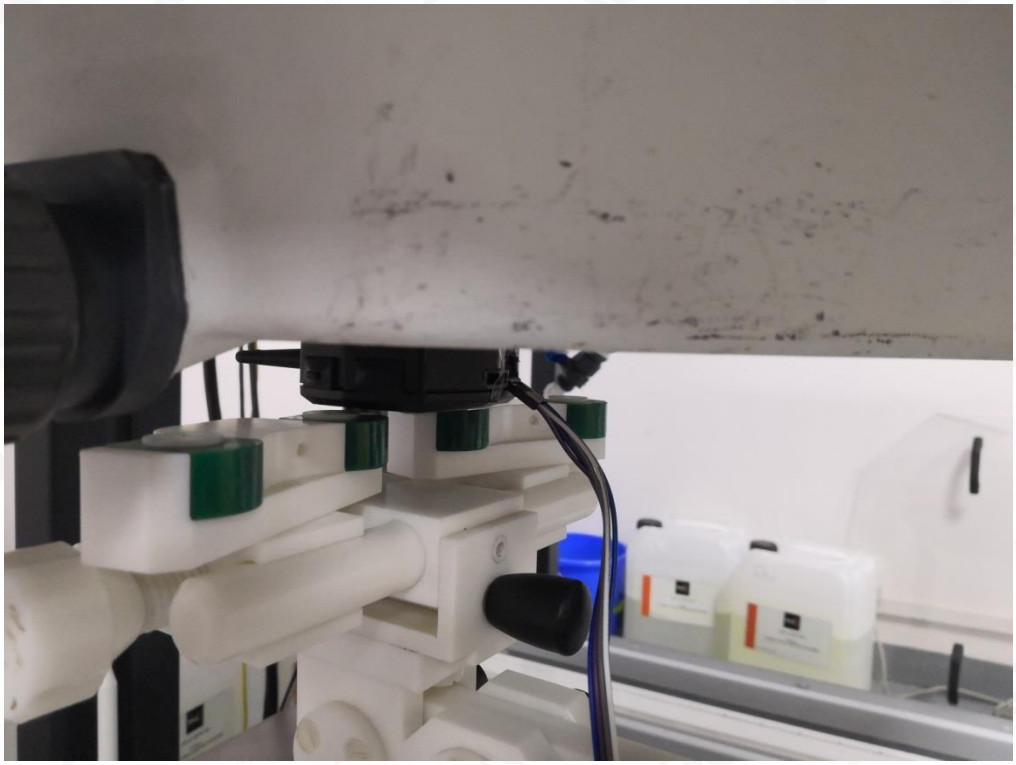
3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

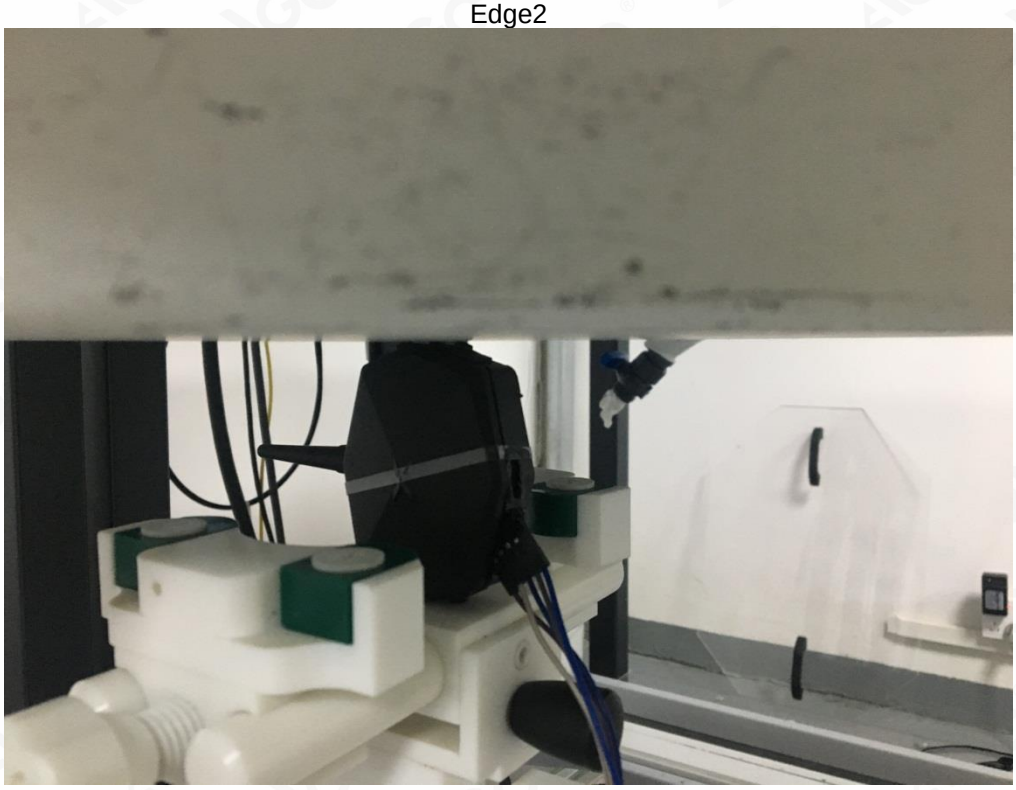
Body SAR front 0mm



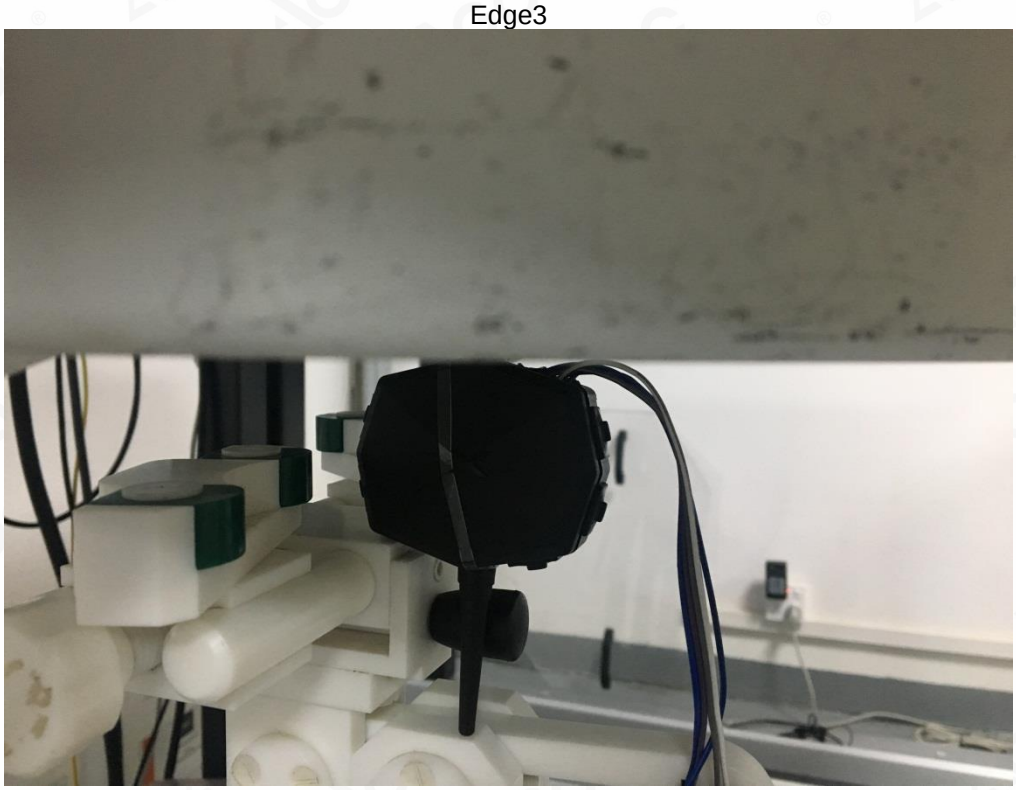
Head SAR Back 0mm



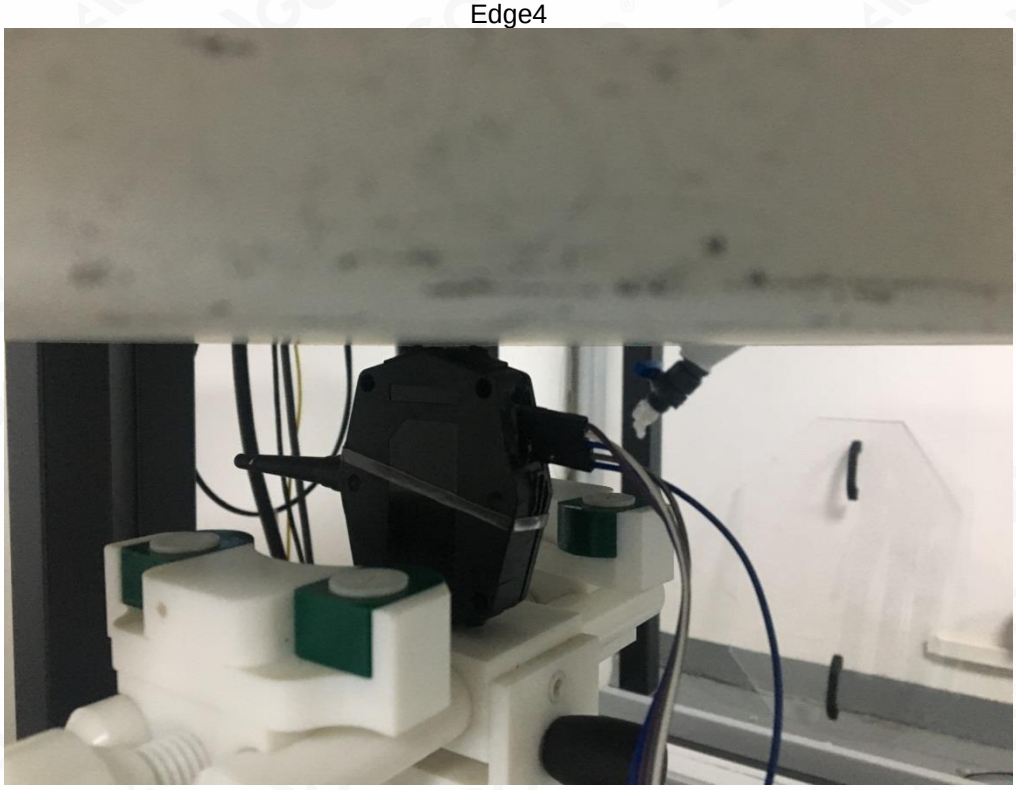
Edge2



Edge3

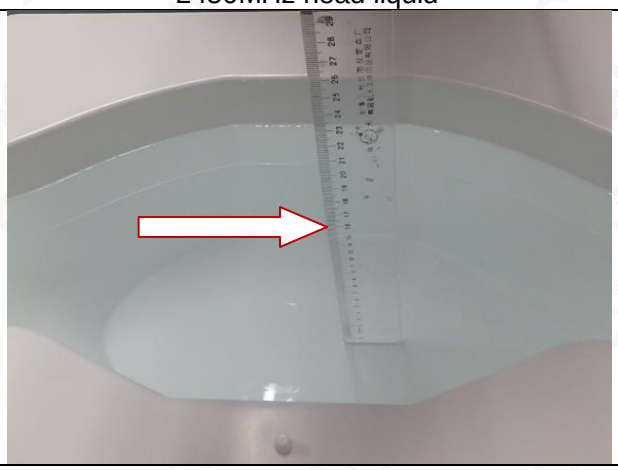
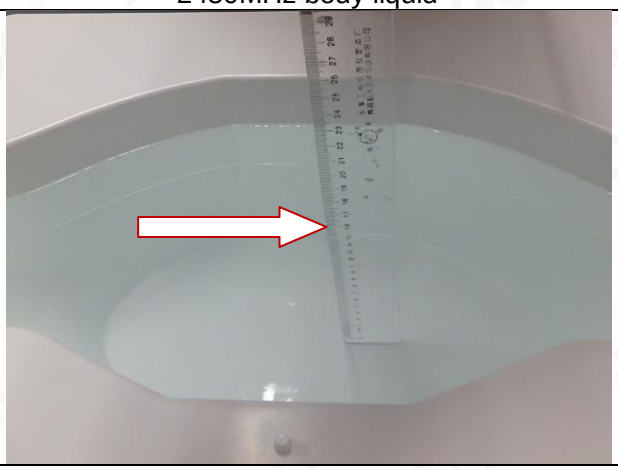


Edge4



DEPTH OF THE LIQUID IN THE PHANTOM—ZOOM IN

Note：The position used in the measurement were according to IEEE 1528-2013

2450MHz head liquid	2450MHz body liquid
	

APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA

Refer to Attached files.