TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

# **Automotive Diagnosis Terminal**

**ISSUED TO** Launch Tech Co., Ltd

Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Road, Banxuegang Industrial Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, China



Tested by: Approved by Wei Yanguan (Chief Engineer) Date Seg. n. 2017

Report No.:

BL-SZ1790067-602

EUT Name:

**Automotive Diagnosis Terminal** 

Model Name: DS401

Brand Name: LAUNCH

Test Standard:

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

FCC ID:

XUJDS401

Test conclusion:

Pass

Test Date:

Jul. 06, 2017 ~ Aug. 15, 2017

Date of Issue: Sep. 21, 2017

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### **Revision History**

Version Rev. 01 Issue Date Sep. 21, 2017 Revisions Content

Initial Issue

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# 1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

### 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

### 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.			
Addraga	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,			
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China			
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform			
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of			
	test site are 11524A-1.			
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a			
Accreditation	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.			
Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American			
Ocitinoato	Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA) according to ISO/IEC			
	17025.The accreditation certificate is 4344.01.			
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National			
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to			
	ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.			
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are			
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi			
Description	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China			
	518055			

# 1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% - 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa

#### 1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.8.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.







### **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

# 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Launch Tech Co., Ltd	
Addraga	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Road, Banxuegang Industrial	
Address	Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, China	

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Launch Tech Co., Ltd	
Addroop	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Road, Banxuegang Industrial	
Address	Zone, Longgang District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, China	

# 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

# 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Automotive Diagnosis Terminal	
Model Name Under	DS401	
Test		
Series Model Name	N/A	
Description of Model	N/A	
name differentiation		
Hardware Version	N/A	
Software Version	N/A	
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A	
Weight (Approx.)	N/A	
Network and Wireless	Bluetooth 3.0, Bluetooth 4.2 Low Energy (BLE)	
connectivity		

# 2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Note: Not applicable.



# 2.6 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	FHSS		
Modulation Type	GFSK		
Product Type	☐ Portable		
	☐ Fix Location		
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps		
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.		
Number of channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz)		
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)		
Antenna Type	Ceramic Antenna		
Antonno Coin	0 dBi (All involve the antenna gain test item, has been included in the		
Antenna Gain	final results)		
Antenna System(MIMO	NIA		
Smart Antenna)	N/A		



### 2.7 Additional Instructions

#### **EUT Software Settings:**

	⊠ Special software is used.	
Mada	The software provided by client to enable the EUT under	
Mode	transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies	
	individually.	

Power level setup in software				
Test Software Version	ISRT			
Support Units	Description	Manufacturer	Model	
(Software installation media)	Laptop	Lenovo	X220	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Soft Set	
	CH0	2402	TX LEVEL is built-in set	
GFSK	CH19	2440	parameters and cannot be	
	CH39	2480	changed and selected.	

#### Run Software





### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

#### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart		
1	С	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services	
	(10-1-15 Edition)		
2	KDB Publication 558074	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on	
2	D01v04	Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247	
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless	
٥	AINOI CO3. 10-2013	Devices	

#### 3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.1	Pass Note
2	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass Note
3	Band Edge(Restricted -band band- edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass Note

Note: The only difference between the EUT (test samples in this report) and testing sample of report No. is BL-SZ1760375-602, which was issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. on Aug. 23, 2017) is only change the antenna. Therefore, Conducted Emission & Radiated Spurious Emission & Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge) test item were performed in this report, the other test items, please refer to the report No. is BL-SZ1760375-602, which was issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. on Aug. 23, 2017.



# **4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS**

### **4.1 Test Environments**

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	5 V

# 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Switch Unit with OSP- B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2016.09.09	2017.09.08
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215		
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091		
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189		
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Test Antenna- Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB- 180400KF	J211060273	N/A	2017.01.06
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.24	2019.02.23
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2016.08.09	2018.08.08
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177746	2017.06.22	2018.06.21
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5225F	1037	2017.02.17	2018.02.16
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5273F	1016	2017.02.17	2018.02.16
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	C5982-10	109275	N/A	N/A



Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	CHP-273E	S00801z-01	N/A	N/A
Feld Strength Meter	Narda	EP601	511WX51129	2017.02.23	2018.02.22
Mouth Simulator	B&K	4227	2423931	2016.11.15	2017.11.14
Sound Calibrator	B&K	4231	2430337	2016.11.09	2017.11.08
Sound Level Meter	B&K	NL-20	00844023	2016.11.11	2017.11.10
Ear Simulator	B&K	4185	2409449	2016.11.15	2017.11.14
Ear Simulator	B&K	4195	2418189	2016.11.15	2017.11.14
Audio analyzer	B&K	UPL 16	100129	2016.11.08	2017.11.07



## 4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

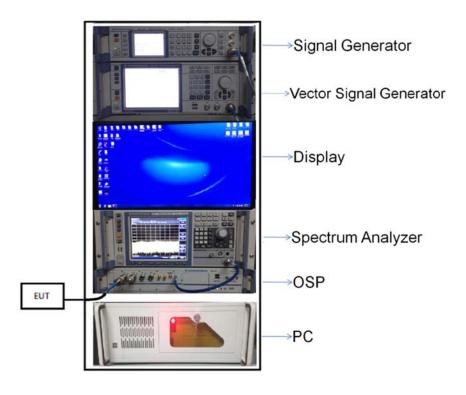
Measurement	Value		
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±4%		
RF output power, conducted	±1.4 dB		
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±2.5 dB		
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.8 dB		
All emissions, radiated	±5.4 dB		
Temperature	±1°C		
Humidity	±4%		

### 4.4 Description of Test Setup

#### 4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

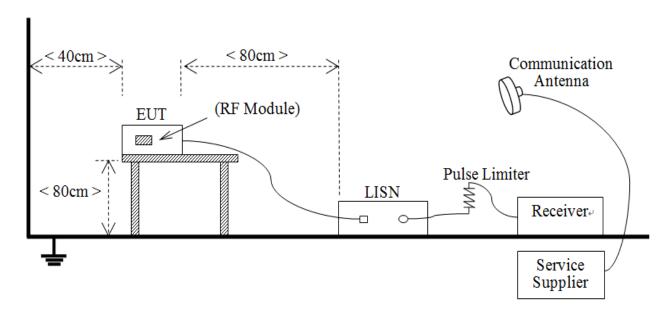
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable loss is 0.5dB, then the conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

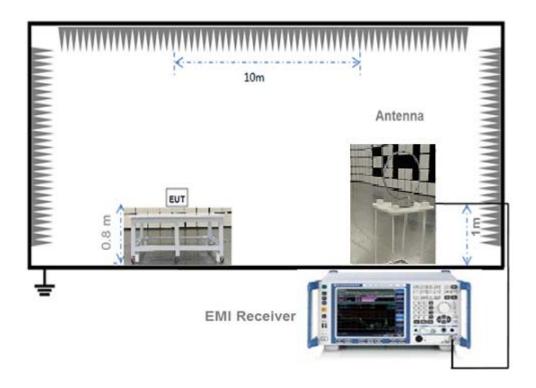


### 4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

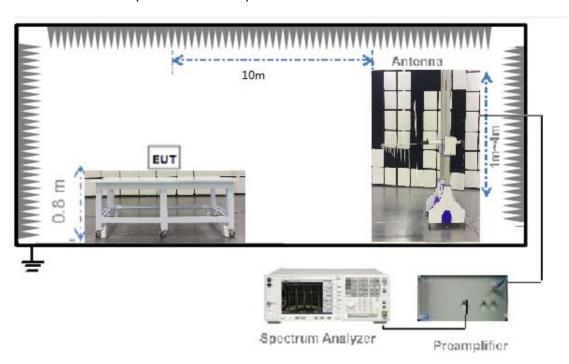
### 4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

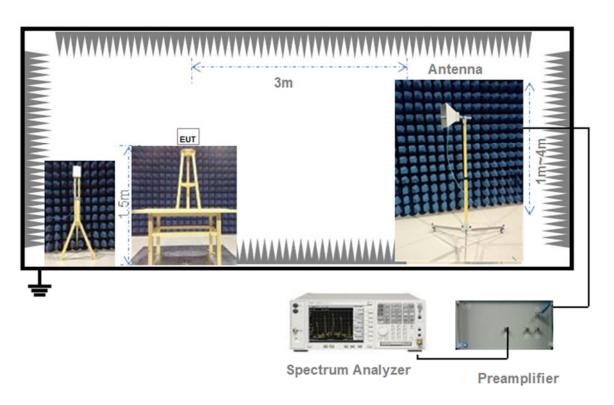


# 4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

# 4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



### 4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

#### 4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

#### 4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8$$

#### where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)



#### 5 TEST ITEMS

### 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (6)

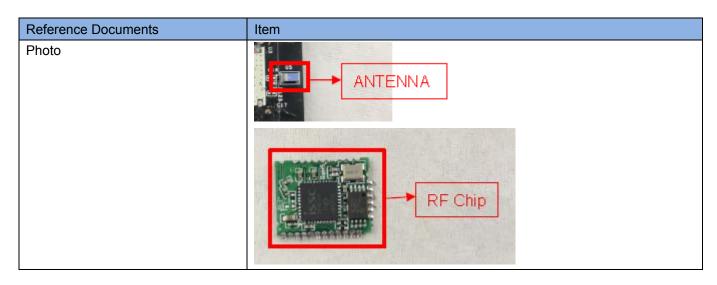
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	An embedded-in antenna design is used.



#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



#### 5.2 Conducted Emission

#### 5.2.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBμV)				
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 - 5	56	46			
0.50 - 30	60	50			

#### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



# 5.3 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### Note:

- 1. Field Strength ( $dB\mu V/m$ ) = 20\*log[Field Strength ( $\mu V/m$ )].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.



General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

- D = specified measurement distance in meters.
- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).



Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off



with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

#### Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured



RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

#### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



## 5.4 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

#### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

#### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

#### 1.1.1 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

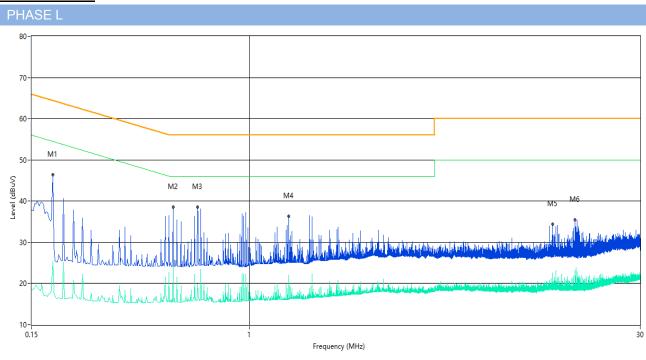


# **ANNEX A TEST RESULT**

### A.1 Conducted Emissions

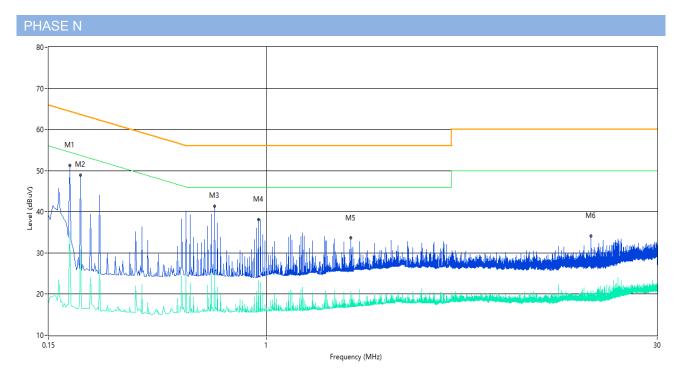
Note: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode.

#### Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.180	46.4	10.47	64.5	18.10	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.180	25.4	10.47	54.5	29.10	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.514	38.5	10.05	56.0	17.50	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.514	24.0	10.05	46.0	22.00	AV	L Line	Pass
3	0.636	38.6	10.17	56.0	17.40	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	0.636	19.9	10.17	46.0	26.10	AV	L Line	Pass
4	1.408	36.3	9.77	56.0	19.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	1.408	22.0	9.77	46.0	24.00	AV	L Line	Pass
5	14.032	34.4	11.16	60.0	25.60	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	14.032	22.6	11.16	50.0	27.40	AV	L Line	Pass
6	16.972	35.5	11.24	60.0	24.50	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	16.972	23.2	11.24	50.0	26.80	AV	L Line	Pass





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.180	51.3	10.47	64.5	13.20	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.180	35.1	10.47	54.5	19.40	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.198	49.0	9.38	63.7	14.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.198	30.9	9.38	53.7	22.80	AV	N Line	Pass
3	0.636	41.4	10.17	56.0	14.60	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	0.636	25.7	10.17	46.0	20.30	AV	N Line	Pass
4	0.932	38.1	9.88	56.0	17.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	0.932	23.3	9.88	46.0	22.70	AV	N Line	Pass
5	2.086	33.7	10.46	56.0	22.30	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	2.086	20.6	10.46	46.0	25.40	AV	N Line	Pass
6	16.828	34.1	11.33	60.0	25.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	16.828	20.9	11.33	50.0	29.10	AV	N Line	Pass



### A.2 Radiated Spurious Emission

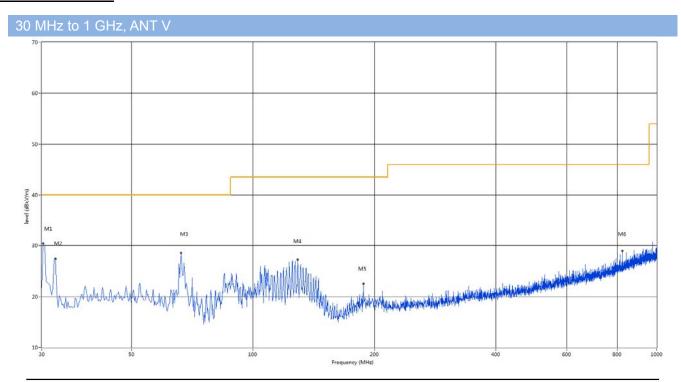
Note <sup>1</sup>: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note <sup>2</sup>: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note <sup>3</sup>: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note 4: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz.

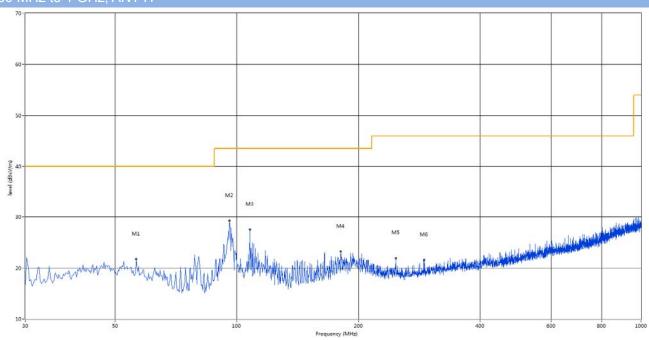
#### Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	30.242	20.43	-22.38	30.0	9.57	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	32.425	17.43	-22.46	30.0	12.57	Peak	327.30	100	Vertical	Pass
3	66.375	18.55	-21.76	30.0	11.45	Peak	123.80	100	Vertical	Pass
4	129.182	17.22	-24.03	33.5	16.28	Peak	83.40	100	Vertical	Pass
5	187.867	12.47	-22.10	33.5	21.03	Peak	79.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	823.460	18.93	-7.95	36.0	17.07	Peak	359.70	300	Vertical	Pass



# 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	56.432	11.78	-20.02	30.0	18.22	Peak	360.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	95.960	19.29	-21.48	33.5	14.21	Peak	358.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
3	107.842	17.60	-20.93	33.5	15.90	Peak	34.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4	180.835	13.21	-22.78	33.5	20.29	Peak	355.20	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	247.280	11.97	-19.91	36.0	24.03	Peak	32.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	290.445	11.57	-18.96	36.0	24.43	Peak	42.40	100	Horizontal	Pass



Note: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

1 GHz to	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V GFSK Low Channel												
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict			
1	1990.70	55.34	-3.88	74	18.67	Peak	28.3	150	Vertical	Pass			
1**	1990.70	33.81	-3.88	54	20.19	AV	28.3	150	Vertical	Pass			
2	2402.09	83.63	-1.73	74	-9.63	Peak	122.6	150	Vertical	N/A			
3	5116.10	51.94	13.35	74	22.06	Peak	255.4	150	Vertical	Pass			
4	6213.39	47.84	14.27	74	26.16	Peak	294.4	150	Vertical	Pass			
5	14497.09	46.74	19.26	74	27.26	Peak	340.9	150	Vertical	Pass			
6	22244.59	44.38	11.52	74	29.62	Peak	2.9	150	Vertical	Pass			

1 GHz to	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H GFSK Low Channel												
No.	- 1 7	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict			
1	1995.50	44.62	-3.88	74	29.38	Peak	214.2	150	Horizontal	Pass			
2	2402.07	85.38	-1.72	74	-11.38	Peak	288.9	150	Horizontal	N/A			
3	5159.63	52.44	13.35	74	21.56	Peak	91.3	150	Horizontal	Pass			
4	7066.97	45.87	20.22	74	28.13	Peak	264.4	150	Horizontal	Pass			
5	16660.15	44.32	13.00	74	29.68	Peak	52.6	150	Horizontal	Pass			
6	24660.57	43.83	10.74	74	30.18	Peak	32.8	150	Horizontal	Pass			

1 GHz to	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V GFSK Middle Channel												
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict			
1	1992.04	54.22	-3.81	74	19.79	Peak	277.7	150	Vertical	Pass			
1**	1992.04	32.69	-3.81	54	21.31	AV	277.7	150	Vertical	Pass			
2	2440.43	82.98	-1.72	74	-8.98	Peak	35.9	150	Vertical	N/A			
3	5116.43	52.70	13.35	74	21.30	Peak	200.9	150	Vertical	Pass			
4	10885.61	44.77	14.19	74	29.23	Peak	92.3	150	Vertical	Pass			
5	12154.74	44.02	8.62	74	29.98	Peak	130.9	150	Vertical	Pass			
6	19329.45	47.20	8.39	74	26.80	Peak	184.8	150	Vertical	Pass			



1 GHz to	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H GFSK Middle Channel												
No.	- 1 - 2	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict			
1	1994.82	45.38	-3.88	74	28.62	Peak	116.6	150	Horizontal	Pass			
2	2440.76	86.56	-1.72	74	-12.56	Peak	31.6	150	Horizontal	N/A			
3	5160.43	51.77	13.35	74	22.23	Peak	211.8	150	Horizontal	Pass			
4	8246.26	43.00	20.20	74	31.00	Peak	136.8	150	Horizontal	Pass			
5	13030.78	43.21	9.02	74	30.79	Peak	145.8	150	Horizontal	Pass			
6	23262.90	46.43	12.08	74	27.57	Peak	331.1	150	Horizontal	Pass			

1 GHz to	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V GFSK High Channel												
No.	1,11,11,11	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict			
1	1992.88	54.91	-3.79	74	19.10	Peak	330.6	150	Vertical	Pass			
1**	1992.88	33.38	-3.79	54	20.62	AV	330.6	150	Vertical	Pass			
2	2480.38	84.75	-1.73	74	-10.75	Peak	57	150	Vertical	N/A			
3	5114.90	52.33	13.31	74	21.67	Peak	357.4	150	Vertical	Pass			
4	11424.71	45.93	14.26	74	28.07	Peak	192.9	150	Vertical	Pass			
5	15266.64	44.02	20.65	74	29.99	Peak	14.7	150	Vertical	Pass			
6	23153.08	45.09	8.58	74	28.91	Peak	187.5	150	Vertical	Pass			

1 GHz to	1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H GFSK High Channel												
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict			
1	1993.48	46.22	-3.90	74	27.78	Peak	275.8	150	Horizontal	Pass			
2	2480.78	86.28	-1.72	74	-12.28	Peak	184.7	150	Horizontal	N/A			
3	5160.05	52.28	13.35	74	21.72	Peak	8.6	150	Horizontal	Pass			
4	11907.65	47.19	19.68	74	26.81	Peak	302.3	150	Horizontal	Pass			
5	16680.95	44.04	12.30	74	29.96	Peak	45.2	150	Horizontal	Pass			
6	18708.82	46.88	13.08	74	27.12	Peak	41.3	150	Horizontal	Pass			



### A.3 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

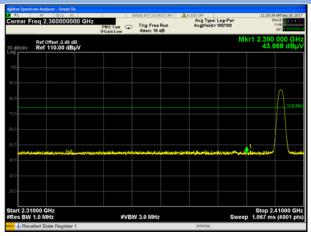
Note <sup>1</sup>: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

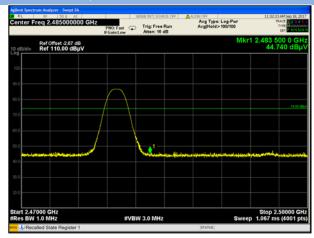
Note <sup>3</sup>: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Test Mode	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
GFSK	Low	2390	43.97	74	30.032	PEAK	Pass
GFSK	Low	2390	N/A	54	N/A	AVERAGE	Pass
GFSK	HIGH	2483.5	44.74	74	29.26	PEAK	Pass
GFSK	пібп	2483.5	N/A	54	N/A	AVERAGE	Pass

#### LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



#### HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK





### ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1790067-AR.PDF".

### ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL- SZ1790067-AW.PDF".

### ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL- SZ1790067-AI.PDF".

--END OF REPORT--