

## Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure

# 1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

## 1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m) | Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0.3-3.0               | 614                               | 1.63                              | (100)*                                   | 6   |
| 3.0-30                | 1842 / f                          | 4.89 / f                          | (900 / f)*                               | 6   |
| 30-300                | 61.4                              | 0.163                             | 1.0                                      | 6   |
| 300-1500              |                                   |                                   | F/300                                    | 6   |
| 1500-100,000          |                                   |                                   | 5  | 6   |

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m) | Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0.3-1.34              | 614                               | 1.63                              | (100)*                                   | 30  |
| 1.34-30               | 824/f                             | 2.19/f                            | (180/f)*                                 | 30  |
| 30-300                | 27.5                              | 0.073                             | 0.2                                      | 30  |
| 300-1500              |                                   |                                   | F/1500                                   | 30  |
| 1500-100,000          |                                   |                                   | 1.0                                      | 30  |

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

## 1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E \text{ (V/m)} = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \text{Power Density: } Pd \text{ (W/m}^2\text{)} = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

**E** = Electric field (V/m)

**P** = Average RF output power (W)

**G** = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

**d** = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.29m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

### 1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

Exposure Environment: General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

For 5GHz Band 1:

Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11ac MCS0/Nss1 VHT20: 25.19dBm

| Distance (m) | Directional Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | The maximum combined Average Output Power |          | Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Test Result |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|----------|---|--|-------------|
|              |                        |                        | (dBm)                                     | (mW)     |   |  |             |
| 0.29         | 8.67                   | 7.3641                 | 25.1884                                   | 330.2510 | 0.230239                                | 1  | Complies    |

Note: Directional gain =  $10 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{ANT}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^2}{N_{ANT}} \right]$

For 5GHz Band 4:

Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11ac MCS0/Nss1 VHT40: 25.93dBm

| Distance (m) | Directional Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | The maximum combined Average Output Power |          | Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Test Result |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|----------|---|--|-------------|
|              |                        |                        | (dBm)                                     | (mW)     |   |  |             |
| 0.29         | 8.67                   | 7.3641                 | 25.9285                                   | 391.6058 | 0.273014                                | 1  | Complies    |

Note: Directional gain =  $10 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{ANT}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^2}{N_{ANT}} \right]$

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 HT20 : 29.01dBm

| Distance (m) | Directional Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | The maximum combined Average Output Power |          | Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Test Result |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|----------|---|--|-------------|
|              |                        |                        | (dBm)                                     | (mW)     |   |  |             |
| 0.29         | 6.97                   | 4.9788                 | 29.0054                                   | 795.3077 | 0.374861                                | 1  | Complies    |

Note: Directional gain =  $10 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{ANT}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^2}{N_{ANT}} \right]$

#### Conclusion:

Both of the 2.4GHz WLAN function, 5GHz Band 1 WLAN function and 5GHz Band 4 WLAN function can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

$$CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$$

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is  $0.374861 / 1 + 0.230239 / 1 + 0.273014 / 1 = 0.878114$ , which is less than "1". This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.