

APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.407(f), U-NII devices are subject to the radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §§ 1.1307(b), 2.1091 and 2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate. All equipment shall be considered to operate in a "general population/uncontrolled" environment. Applications for equipment authorization of devices operating under this section must contain a statement confirming compliance with these requirements for both fundamental emissions and unwanted emissions. Technical information showing the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

EUT Specification

EUT	450Mbps Dual Band Wireless N 4-Port Media Bridge
Frequency band (Operating)	 □ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz □ WLAN: 5.15GHz ~ 5.250GHz □ Bluetooth: 2.402 GHz ~ 2.482 GHz □ Others:
Device category	 Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others:
Exposure classification	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	 ☐ Single antenna ☑ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☑ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11a mode / 5180 ~ 5240MHz: 12.97 dBm (19.82mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / 5180 ~ 5240MHz: 11.52 dBm (14.19mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / 5190 ~ 5230MHz: 12.80 dBm (19.05mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	1 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.26) MIMO Mode: 10*LOG(((10^(ANT0/20)+10^(ANT1/20))^2) +10^(ANT2/20))^2)/3) 5.725~5.850 GHz: 5.77 dBi (Numeric gain: 3.78)
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation* SAR Evaluation N/A
Remark:	

The maximum output power is <u>12.97dBm(19.82mW)</u> at <u>5240 MHz</u> (with <u>1.26 numeric antenna</u>) gain.)

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

MPE EVALUATION

No non-compliance noted.



Calculation

Given

 $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter P = Power in Watts G = Numeric antenna gain d = Distance in meters

S = *Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter*

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$
Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$
Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
Equation 1
Where $d = D$ is tance in cm

$$P = Power \text{ in mW}$$

$$G = Numeric \text{ antenna gain}$$

$$S = Power density in mW / cm2$$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$ Where P = Power in mW G = Numeric antenna gain $S = Power \text{ density in } mW / cm^2$



IEEE 802.11a mode:

EUT output power = 19.28 mW Numeric Antenna gain = 1.26

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.00483 mW/cm²

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:

EUT output power = 14.19 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 3.78

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.01067 mW/cm²

IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode:

EUT output power = 19.05 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 3.78

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.01433 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)