

# RADIO TEST REPORT – 449947-4TRFWL

Type of assessment:

**Final product testing**

Applicant:

**Andrew Wireless Systems  
Industriering 10, Buchdorf 86675  
Germany**

Product:

**ERA L2 Radio Module**

Model:

**Radio Module L2 B41**

Model variant(s):

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FCC ID:

**XS5-RML2B41**

IC Registration number:

**2237E-RML2B41**

Specifications:

- ◆ FCC 47 CFR Part 27
- ◆ RSS-131 Issue 3
- ◆ RSS-199 Issue 3

Date of issue: February 9, 2022

**P. Barbieri**

Tested by



Signature

**D. Guarnone**

Reviewed by



Signature

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#### Lab locations

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Company name	Nemko Spa
Address	Via del Carroccio, 4
City	Biassono
Province	MB
Postal code	20853
Country	Italy
Telephone	+39 039 220 12 01
Facsimile	+39 039 220 12 21
Website	<a href="http://www.nemko.com">www.nemko.com</a>
Site number	682159 and 9109A (10 m semi anechoic chamber)

#### Limits of responsibility

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Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report. This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contain in this report are within Nemko Spa ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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## Section 1 Report summary

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### 1.1 Test specifications

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FCC 47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
FCC 47 CFR Part 27	Miscellaneous wireless communications services
RSS-131 Issue 3, May 2017	Zone Enhancers
RSS-199 Issue 3, December 2016	Broadband Radio Service (BRS) Equipment Operating in the Band 2500–2690 MHz
RSS-Gen, Issue 5, April 2018 + A1 (March 2019) + A2 (February 2021)	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

### 1.2 Test methods

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ANSI C63.26-2015	American National Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Radio Services
KDB 935210 D05	Indus Booster Basic Meas v01r04
KDB 662911 D01	Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01
KDB 662911 D02	MIMO with Cross-Polarized Antennas v01

### 1.3 Exclusions

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None

### 1.4 Statement of compliance

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In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard except as noted in section 1.3 above. Results obtained indicate that the product under test *Choose an item*. In full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See “Summary of test results” for full details.

### 1.5 Test report revision history

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**Table 1.5-1: Test report revision history**

Revision #	Date of issue	Details of changes made to test report
449947-4TRFWL	February 9, 2022	Original report issued

## Section 2 Engineering considerations

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### 2.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT for compliance

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There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

### 2.2 Technical judgment

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None

### 2.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

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No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

## Section 3 Test conditions

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### 3.1 Atmospheric conditions

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Temperature	15 °C – 35 °C
Relative humidity	20 % – 75 %
Air pressure	86 kPa (860 mbar) – 106 kPa (1060 mbar)

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

The following instruments are used to monitor the environmental conditions:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal date	Next cal.
Thermo-hygrometer data loggers	Testo	175-H2	20012380/305	2020-12	2022-12
Thermo-hygrometer data loggers	Testo	175-H2	38203337/703	2020-12	2022-12
Barometer	Castle	GPB 3300	072015	2021-04	2022-04

### 3.2 Power supply range

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The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages  $\pm 5\%$ , for which the equipment was designed.

## Section 4 Measurement uncertainty

### 4.1 Uncertainty of measurement

The measurement uncertainty was calculated for each test and quantity listed in this test report, according to CISPR 16-4-2 and other specific test standard and is documented in Nemko Spa working manual WML1002.

The assessment of conformity for each test performed on the equipment is performed not taking into account the measurement uncertainty. The two following possible verdicts are stated in the report:

P (Pass) - The measured values of the equipment respect the specification limit at the points tested. The specific risk of false accept is up to 50% when the measured result is close to the limit.

F (Fail) - One or more measured values of the equipment do not respect the specification limit at the points tested. The specific risk of false reject is up to 50% when the measured result is close to the limit.

Hereafter Nemko's measurement uncertainties are reported:

EUT	Type	Test	Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter	Conducted	Frequency error	0.001 MHz ÷ 40 GHz	0.08 ppm	(1)
		Carrier power RF Output Power	0.009 MHz ÷ 30 MHz	1.1 dB	(1)
			30 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.5 dB	(1)
			18 MHz ÷ 40 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			40 MHz ÷ 140 GHz	5.0 dB	(1)
		Adjacent channel power	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.4 dB	(1)
		Conducted spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			18 GHz ÷ 40 GHz	4.2 dB	(1)
			40 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
		Intermodulation attenuation	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.2 dB	(1)
		Attack time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Attack time – power behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Release time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Release time – power behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter– Transient frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	0.2 kHz	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter – Power level slope	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	9%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Maximum permissible frequency deviation	0.001 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.3%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Response of the transmitter to modulation frequencies above 3 kHz	0.001 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	0.5 dB	(1)
		Dwell time	-	3%	(1)
	Hopping Frequency Separation	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1%	(1)	
	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2%	(1)	
	Modulation Bandwidth	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2%	(1)	
	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz			8.0 dB	(1)	
66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz			10 dB	(1)	
Effective radiated power transmitter		10 kHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)	
		26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)	
66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)			

NOTES:

(1) The reported expanded uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k = 2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95 %

## Section 5 Information provided by the applicant

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### 5.1 Disclaimer

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This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results contained within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

### 5.2 Applicant/Manufacture

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Applicant name	Andrew Wireless Systems
Applicant address	Industriering 10, Buchdorf 86675 Germany
Manufacture name	Andrew Wireless Systems
Manufacture address	Industriering 10, Buchdorf 86675 Germany

### 5.3 EUT information

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Product name	Carrier Access Point Radio Module
Model	L2 B41
Model variant(s)	--
Serial number	BGRMAQ21320001
Part number	7847633-01
Power supply requirements	DC: 48 V
Product description and theory of operation	<p>The EUT is a MIMO 1 +1 radio module used inside a CAP L2 Access Point.</p> <p>The Era product is a digital distribution system with focus on flexibility, easy installing, commissioning, and reliable operation. The system is designed in a way to satisfy all of today's needs as well as unknown future standards and requirements. The Era system comprises of two main parts. A base station interface (Master or Head End Unit) that takes RF signals as well as digital signals from the base stations, conditions the signals for the given application and assigns them to the coverage zones. The coverage side is built of one or more Access Points. The "Access Point" (hereinafter referred to as "AP") is connected via a 10GBASE SFP+ fiber optical link to the Era Master Unit. This link gives a total RF bandwidth of up to 320 MHz. For higher bandwidth requirements, a secondary 10G link can be used in parallel. RF signals between Master Unit and Access Points are sent digitally over the fiber optical link. At the receiver side these signals are converted back to analog and amplified up to appropriate transmit levels. The AP unit is designed to support up to 4 Radio Cards within one CAP L2 cabinet. Depending on the market needs the outputs of the PAs can be all combined to one common or multiple antenna ports. The AP is equipped with a Digital Board for signal processing and controlling functionality. The AP is powered by an external DC power supply. The Era CAP L2 is primarily intended for indoor and outdoor use, while the master unit mainly operates in indoor environments. Although this is not a rule especially in cases where master unit components are used together with air-conditioned outdoor racks.</p>



## 5.4 Technical information

Frequency band FCC	2496 MHz to 2690 MHz
Frequency band ISED	2500 MHz to 2690 MHz
Frequency Min (MHz) FCC	2498.5 MHz for LTE 5 MHz
Frequency Min (MHz) ISED	2502.5 MHz for LTE 5 MHz
Frequency Max (MHz)	2687.5 MHz for LTE 5 MHz
RF power Max (W), Conducted	0.275 W (24.4 dBm)
Measured BW (kHz), 99% OBW	4.167 MHz
Type of modulation	LTE
Emission classification	D7W
Transmitter spurious, dBm @ 3 m	--
Antenna information	RF connector (antenna not provided)

## 5.5 EUT setup details

### 5.5.1 Radio exercise details

Operating conditions

The EUT has been tested connected to a dedicated server. The following software has been used to configure the EUT:

A signal generator with an AWGN5 signal with 4.1 MHz 99% OBW representative of a 5 MHz LTE channel has been connected to the RF input of the server. The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer or a dummy load.

5.5.2 EUT setup configuration

**Table 5.5-1: EUT sub assemblies**

Description	Brand name	Model, Part number, Serial number, Revision level
--	--	--
--	--	--
--	--	--
--	--	--

The EUT is composed by a single unit

**Table 5.5-2: EUT interface ports**

Description	Qty.
Optical link	1
RF output	2
DC power port	1

**Table 5.5-3: Support equipment**

Description	Part number	Serial number
SUBRACK	7642110-00	13017180026
OPT.L1	7642123-00	SZBEAD1645A0037
SUI.M3	7642125-00	SZBEAC1649A0001
RFD.R1	7633229-01	SZBEAG1906A0104
PSU	7663610-00	psu12V_1_0_1

**Table 5.5-4: Inter-connection cables**

Cable description	From	To	Length (m)
DC power cable	EUT	DC power source	1.5 m
Optical fibre	EUT	Server	5 m
Coaxial cable	EUT	Spectrum analyzer	0.5 m

EUT setup configuration, continued

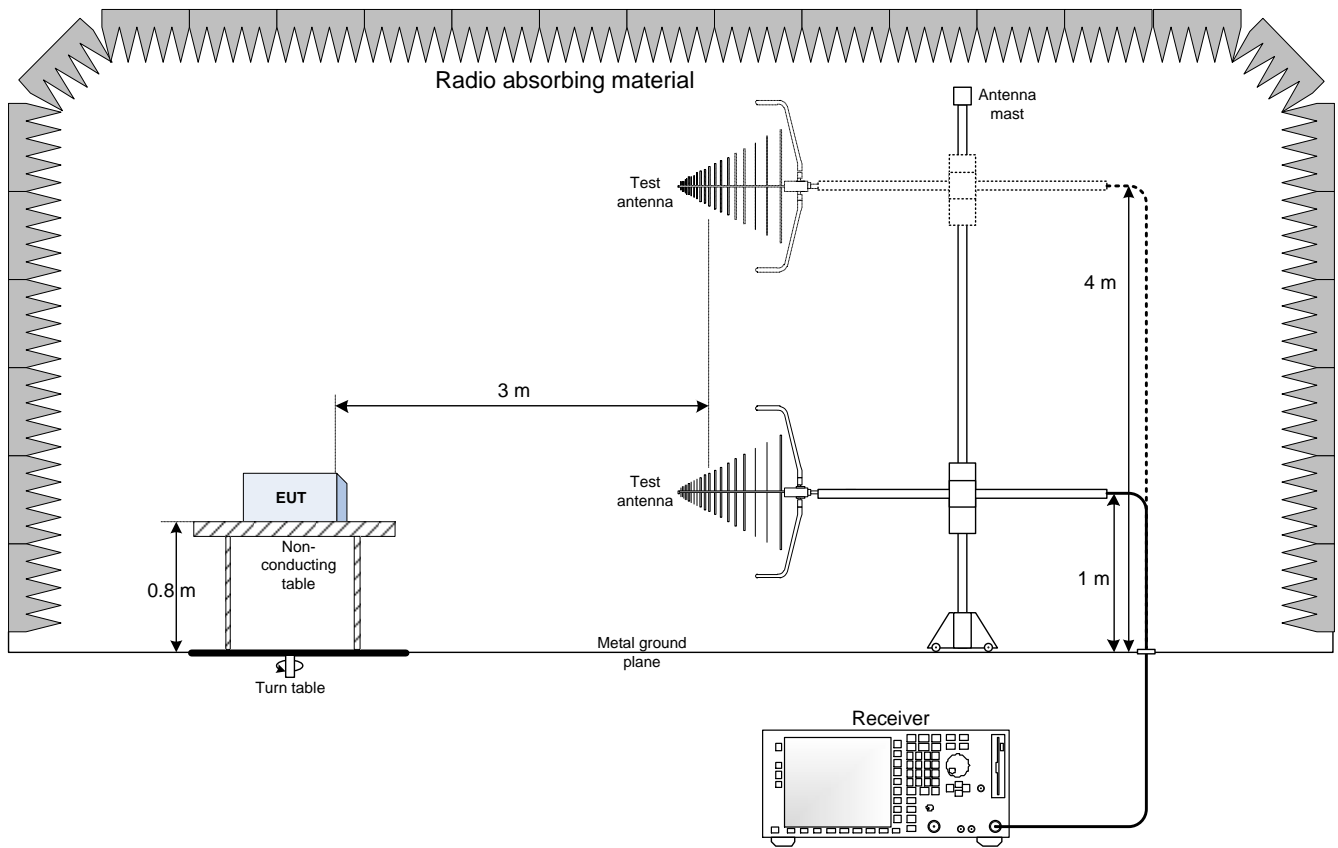


Figure 5.5-1: Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz

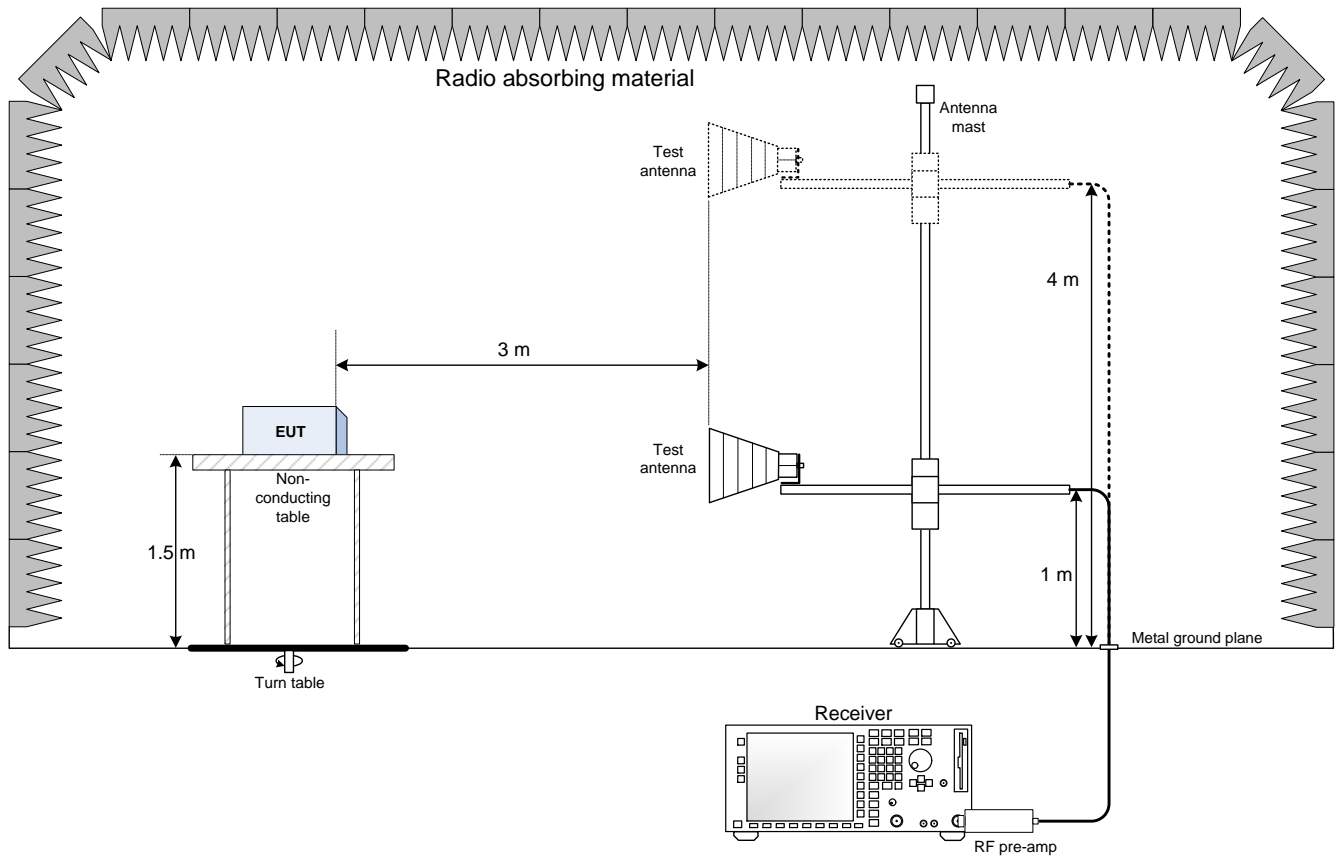


Figure 5.5-2: Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz

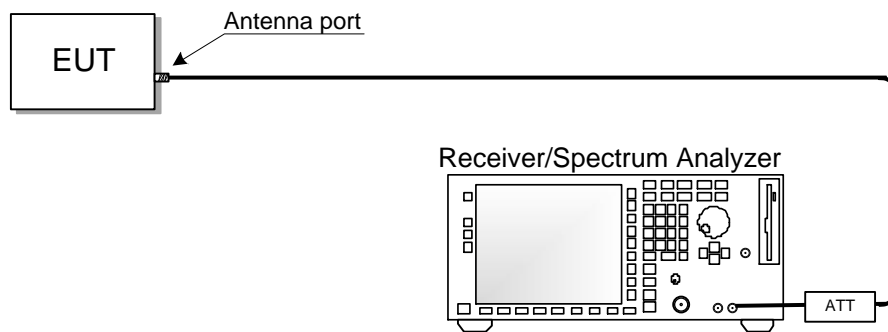


Figure 5.5-3: Antenna port testing set-up

## Section 6 Summary of test results

### 6.1 Testing location

Test location (s)	Nemko Spa Via del Carroccio, 4 – 20853 Biassono (MB) - Italy
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### 6.2 Testing period

Test start date	January 27, 2022	Test end date	February 9, 2022
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### 6.3 Sample information

Receipt date	January 17, 2022	Nemko sample ID number(s)	4499470001
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### 6.4 FCC Part 27 test requirements results

**Table 6.4-1: FCC requirements results**

Part	Method (clause)	Test description	Verdict
--	935210 (3.2)	Measuring AGC threshold level	Pass
--	935210 (3.3)	Out-of-band-rejection	Pass
--	935210 (3.4)	Input-versus-output signal comparison	Pass
FCC 27.50(h)(1)	935210 (3.5)	Mean output power and amplifier/booster gain	Pass
FCC 27.53(m)(2)	935210 (3.6.2)	Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements	Pass
FCC 27.53(m)(2)	935210 (3.6.3)	Spurious emissions conducted measurements	Pass
FCC 27.54	935210 (3.7)	Frequency stability measurements	Pass
FCC 27.53(m)(2)	935210 (3.8)	Spurious emissions radiated measurements	Pass

Notes:

### 6.5 ISED RSS-131 and RSS-199 test requirements results

**Table 6.5-1: ISED requirements results**

Clause	Method (clause)	Test description	Verdict
--	935210 (3.2)	Measuring AGC threshold level	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2.1	935210 (3.3)	Out-of-band-rejection	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2.2	935210 (3.4)	Input-versus-output signal comparison	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2.3 / RSS-199 §4.4	935210 (3.5)	Mean output power and amplifier/booster gain	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2 / RSS-199 §4.5(a)	935210 (3.6.2)	Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2 / RSS-199 §4.5(a)	935210 (3.6.3)	Spurious emissions conducted measurements	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2.4 / RSS-199 §4.3	935210 (3.7)	Frequency stability measurements	Pass
RSS-131 §5.2 / RSS-199 §4.5(a)	935210 (3.8)	Spurious emissions radiated measurements	Pass

Notes:

## Section 7 Test equipment

### 7.1 Test equipment list

**Table 7.1-1: Equipment list**

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	101767	2021-01	2022-01
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU8	100202	2021-09	2022-09
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	101620	2021-08	2022-08
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263254	2021-05	2022-05
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263397	2021-09	2022-09
Climatic Chamber	MSL	EC500DA	15022	2021-01	2022-01
Antenna Trilog 25MHz - 8GHz	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB9162	9162-025	2021-07	2024-07
Antenna 1 - 18 GHz	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	STLP9148	STLP 9148-152	2021-09	2024-09
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	RFSpin	DRH40	061106A40	2020-04	2023-04
Broadband Amplifier	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBV9718C	00121	2021-01	2022-01
Broadband Bench Top Amplifier	Sage	STB-1834034030-KFKF-L1	18490-01	2021-04	2022-04
Controller	Maturo	FCU3.0	10041	NCR	NCR
Tilt antenna mast	Maturo	TAM4.0-E	10042	NCR	NCR
Turntable	Maturo	TT4.0-5T	2.527	NCR	NCR
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko S.p.a.	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	2021-09	2023-09

Notes: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

## Section 8 Testing data

### 8.1 Measuring AGC threshold level

#### 8.1.1 References, definitions and limits

##### 935210 D05 Indus Booster Basic Meas v01r04, Clause 3.2

The AGC threshold is to be determined as follows. In the case of fiber-optic distribution systems, the RF input port of the equipment under test (EUT) refers to the RF input of the supporting equipment RF to optical convertor; see also descriptions and diagrams for typical DAS booster systems in KDB Publication 935210 D02. Devices intended to be directly connected to an RF source (donor port) only need to be evaluated for any over-the-air transmit paths.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- c) The signal generator should initially be configured to produce either of the required test signals (i.e., broadband or narrowband).
- d) Set the signal generator frequency to the center frequency of the EUT operating band.
- e) While monitoring the output power of the EUT, measured using the methods of 3.5.3 or 3.5.4, increase the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal power no longer causes a 1 dB increase in the output signal power.
- f) Record this level as the AGC threshold level.
- g) Repeat the procedure with the remaining test signal.

#### 8.1.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	P. Barbieri	Test date	February 4, 2022

#### 8.1.3 Observations, settings and special notes

AWGN5 signal with 4.1 MHz 99% OBW representative of a 5 MHz LTE channel used

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Detector mode	RMS
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Measurement mode	Power over emission bandwidth
Trace mode	Averaging
Measurement time	Auto

#### 8.1.4 Test equipment used

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	101767
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263254
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263397

Notes:            NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

8.1.5 Test data

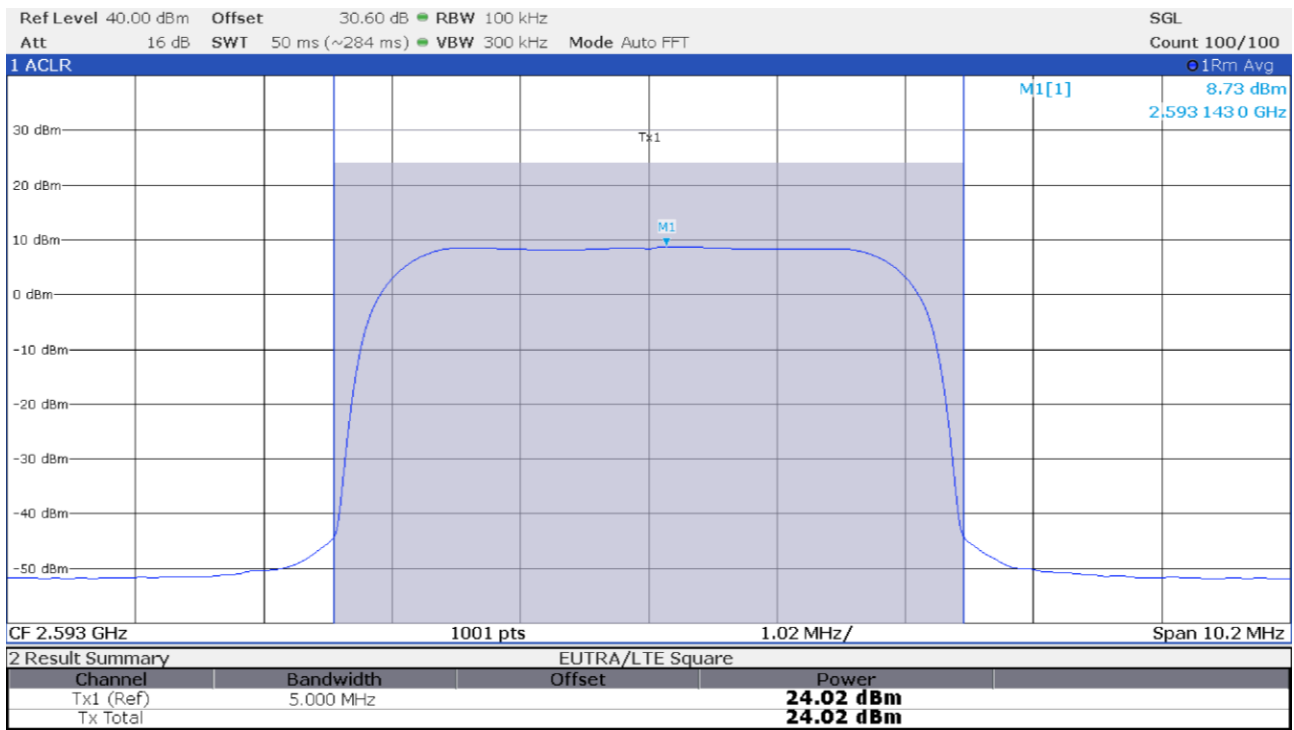


Figure 8.1-1: Antenna port 1 output spectral plot with input at AGC threshold



Test data, continued

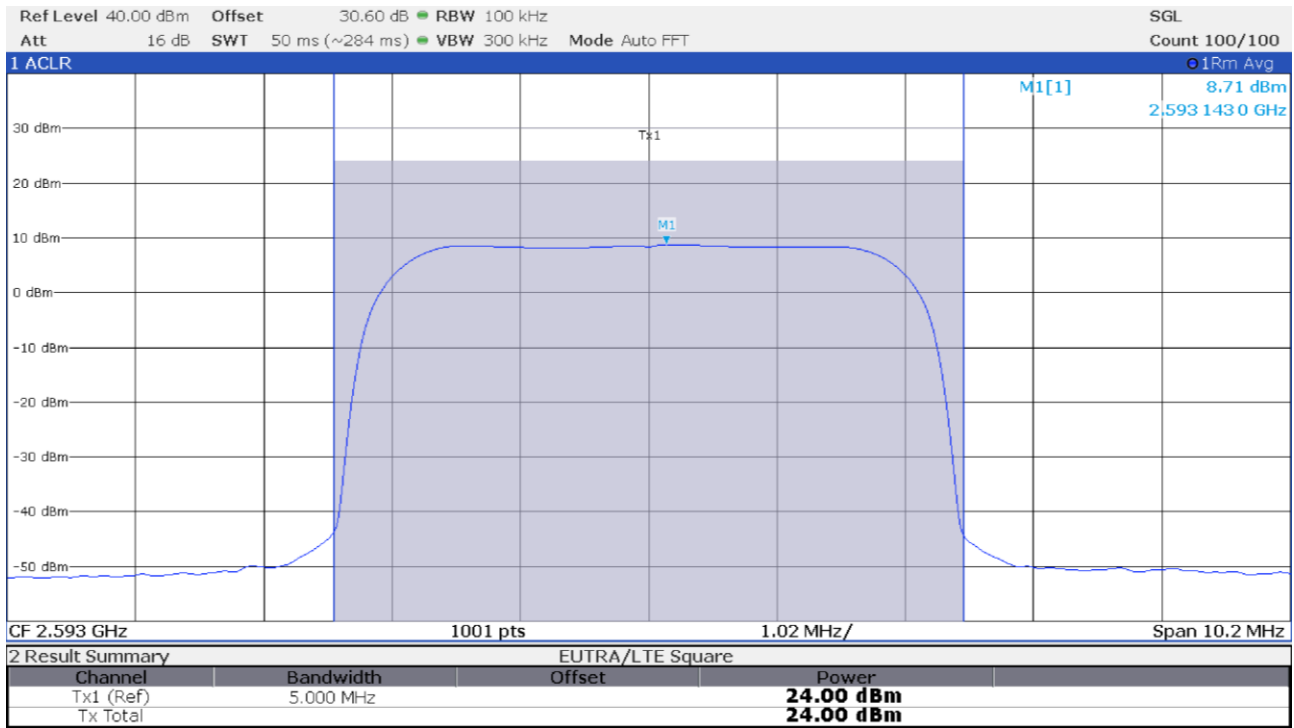


Figure 8.1-2: Antenna port 1 output spectral plot with input at AGC threshold +1 dBm

Test data, continued

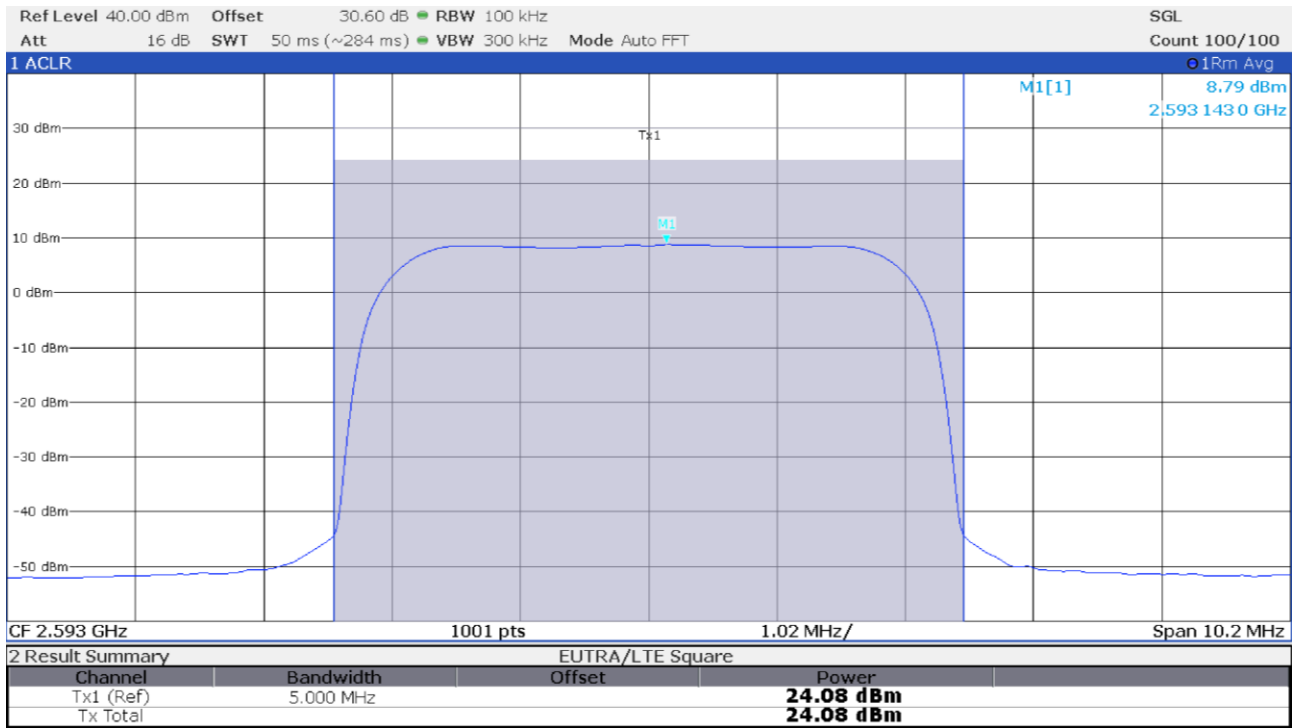


Figure 8.1-3: Antenna port 2 output spectral plot with input at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

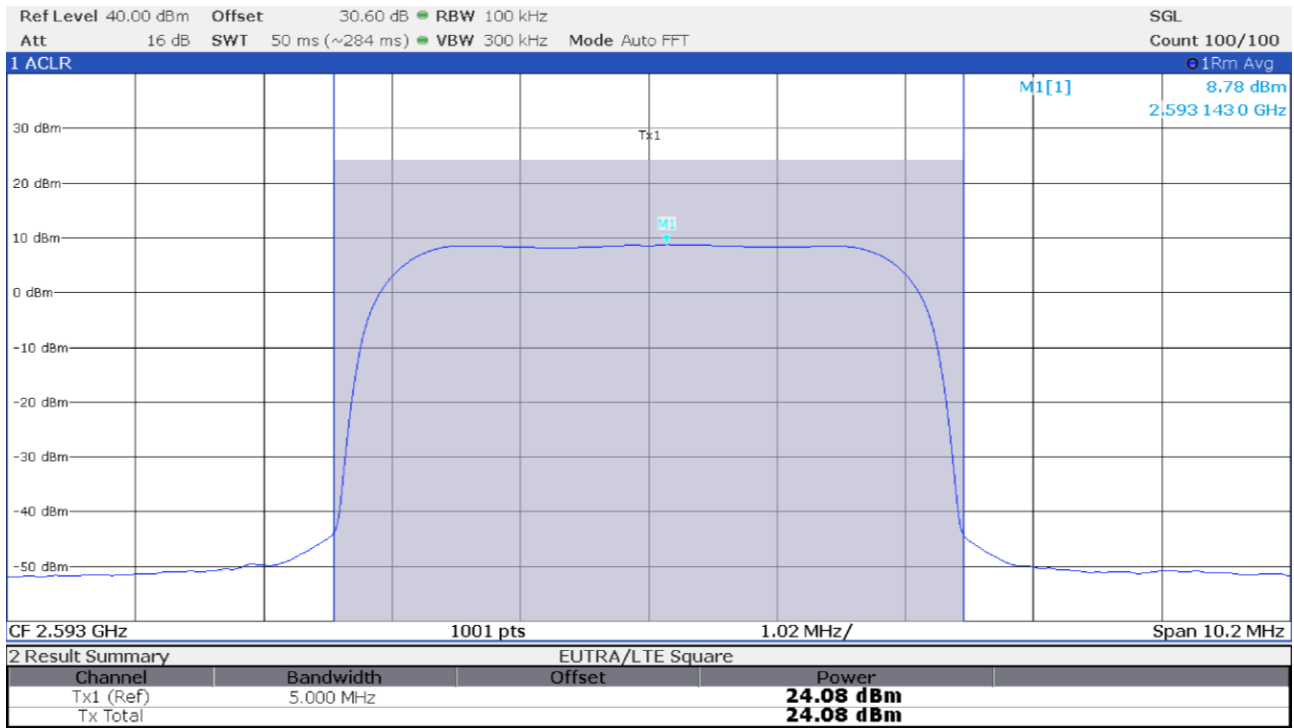


Figure 8.1-4: Antenna port 2 output spectral plot with input at AGC threshold +1 dBm

## 8.2 Out-of-band-rejection

### 8.2.1 References, definitions and limits

#### 935210 D05 Indus Booster Basic Meas v01r04, Clause 3.3

A signal booster shall reject amplification of other signals outside of its passband. Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT (if so equipped) to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

#### RSS-131, Clause 5.2.1

Out-of-band rejection

The gain-versus-frequency response and the 20 dB bandwidth of the zone enhancer shall be reported. The zone enhancer shall reject amplification of other signals outside the passband of the zone enhancer.

### 8.2.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	P. Barbieri	Test date	February 4, 2022

### 8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

CW signal used with a frequency sweep in the range  $\pm 250\%$  of the passband with a dwell time of 10 ms

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Resolution bandwidth	1 % to 5 % of the EUT passband
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Frequency span	$\pm 250\%$ of the passband
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

### 8.2.4 Test equipment used

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	101767
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263254
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263397

Notes:            NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

8.2.5 Test data

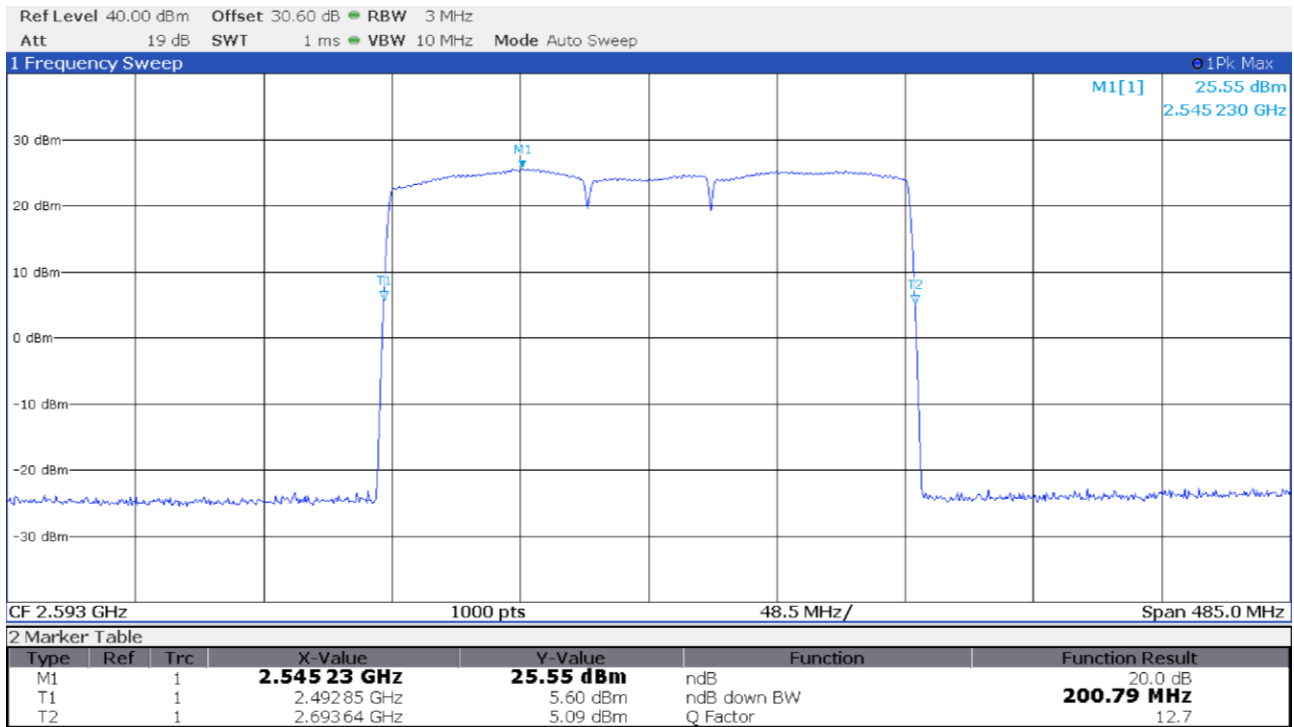


Figure 8.2-1: Out-of-band-rejection 20dB BW spectral plot for Antenna port 1

Test data, continued

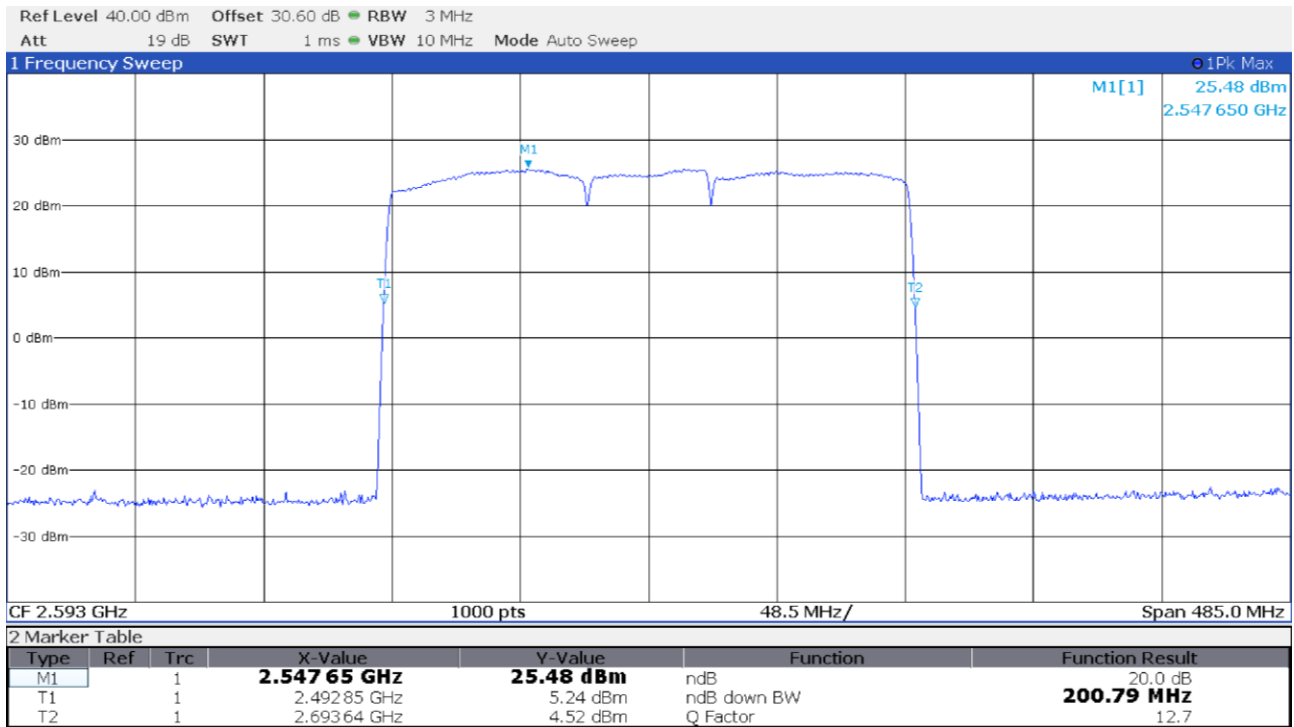


Figure 8.2-2: Out-of-band-rejection 20dB BW spectral plot for Antenna port 2

### 8.3 Input-versus-output signal comparison

#### 8.3.1 References, definitions and limits

##### 935210 D05 Indus Booster Basic Meas v01r04, Clause 3.4

A 26 dB bandwidth measurement shall be performed on the input signal and the output signal; alternatively, the 99% OBW can be measured and used.

##### RSS-131, Clause 5.2.2

Input-versus-output spectrum

The spectral growth of the 26 dB bandwidth of the output signal shall be less than 5% of the input signal spectrum.

#### 8.3.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	P. Barbieri	Test date	February 4, 2022

#### 8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

AWGN5 signal with 4.1 MHz 99% OBW representative of a 5 MHz LTE channel used.  
 EUT input power set to a level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.  
 Repeated the test with the input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Resolution bandwidth	of 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times$ RBW
Frequency span	$2 \times$ to $5 \times$ the emission bandwidth (EBW) or alternatively, the OBW
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

#### 8.3.4 Test equipment used

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	101767
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263254
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263397

Notes:            NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

#### 8.3.5 Test data

**Table 8.3-1: Occupied bandwidth results**

Antenna port	Signal measured	Input signal level	Frequency, MHz	99% OBW, MHz	26 dB BW, MHz
1	Input	AGC threshold	2593	4.164	4.67
1	Output	AGC threshold	2593	4.165	4.66
1	Input	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	4.164	4.66
1	Output	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	4.165	4.66
2	Input	AGC threshold	2593	4.164	4.67
2	Output	AGC threshold	2593	4.168	4.66
2	Input	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	4.164	4.67
2	Output	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	4.167	4.66

Test data, continued

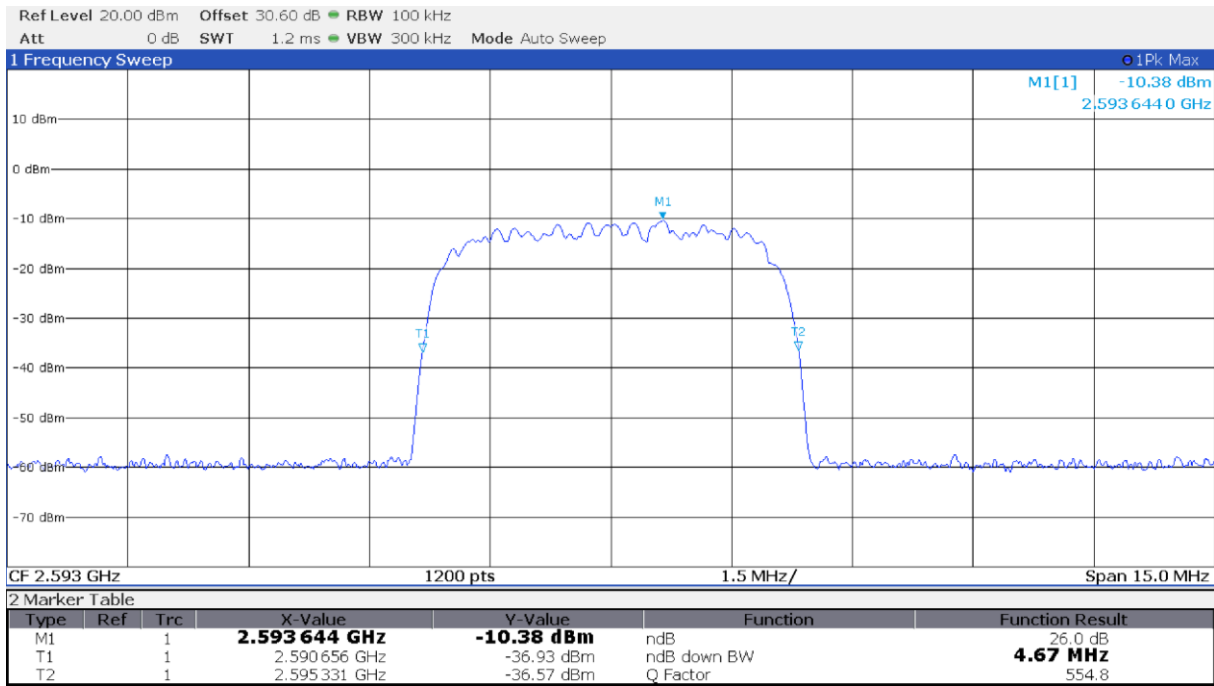


Figure 8.3-1: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 input signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

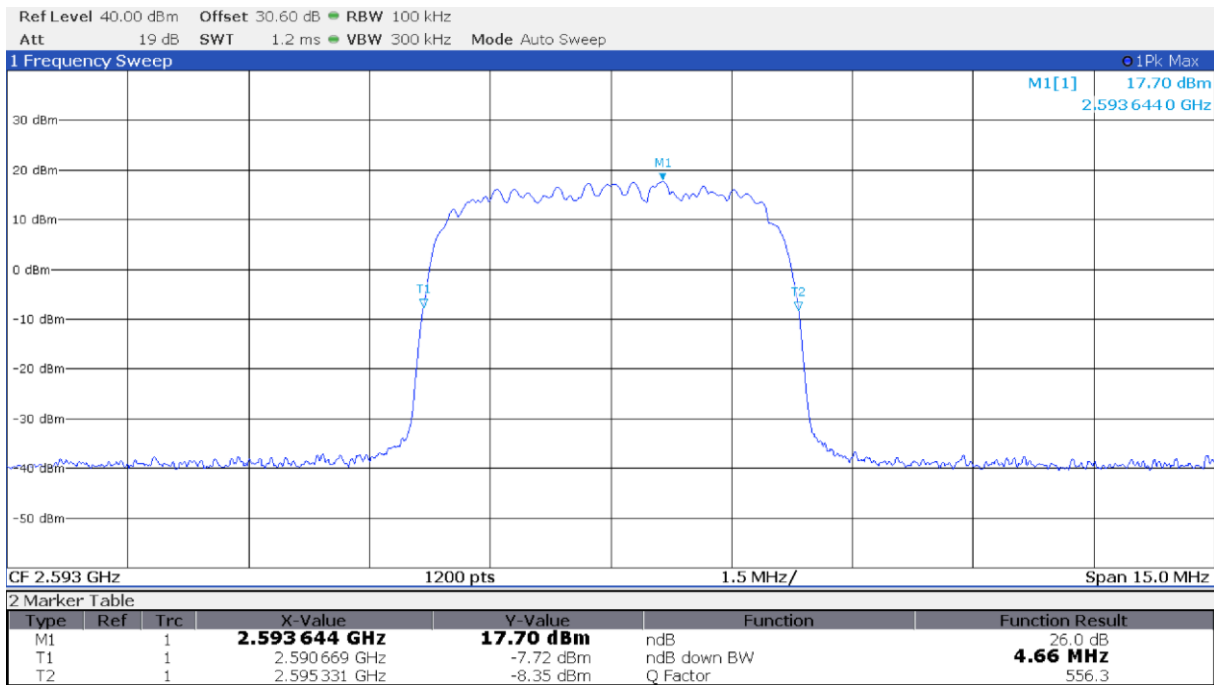


Figure 8.3-2: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 output signal at AGC threshold spectral plot



Test data, continued

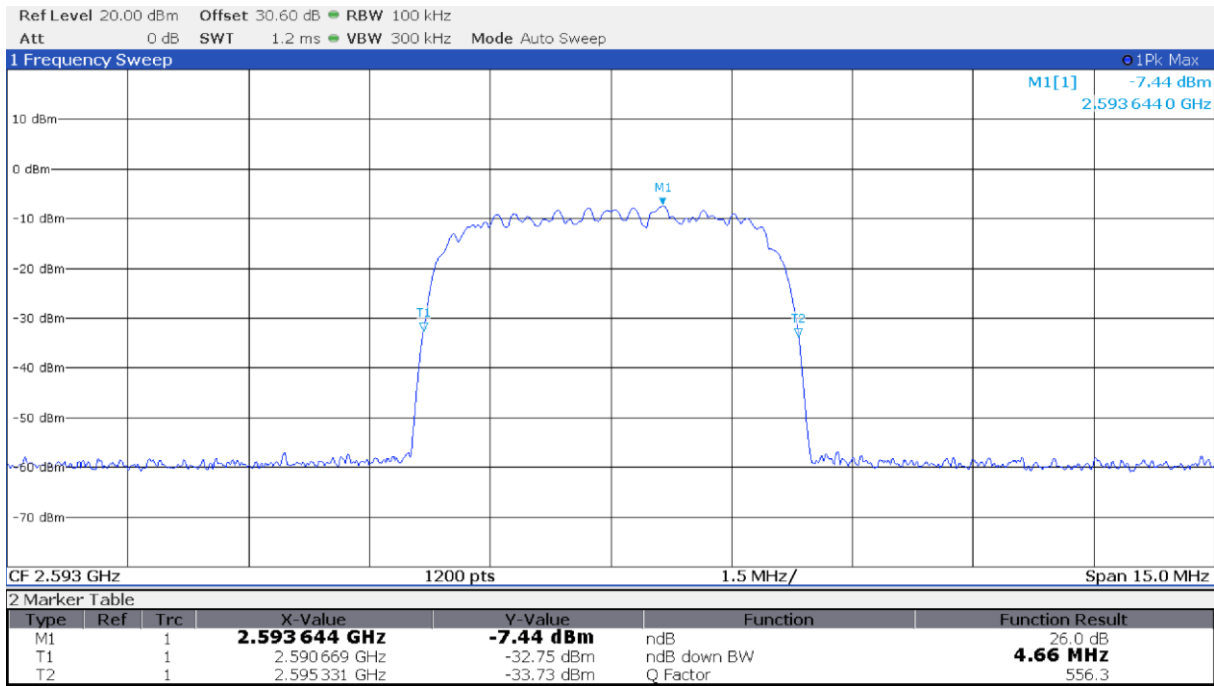


Figure 8.3-3: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

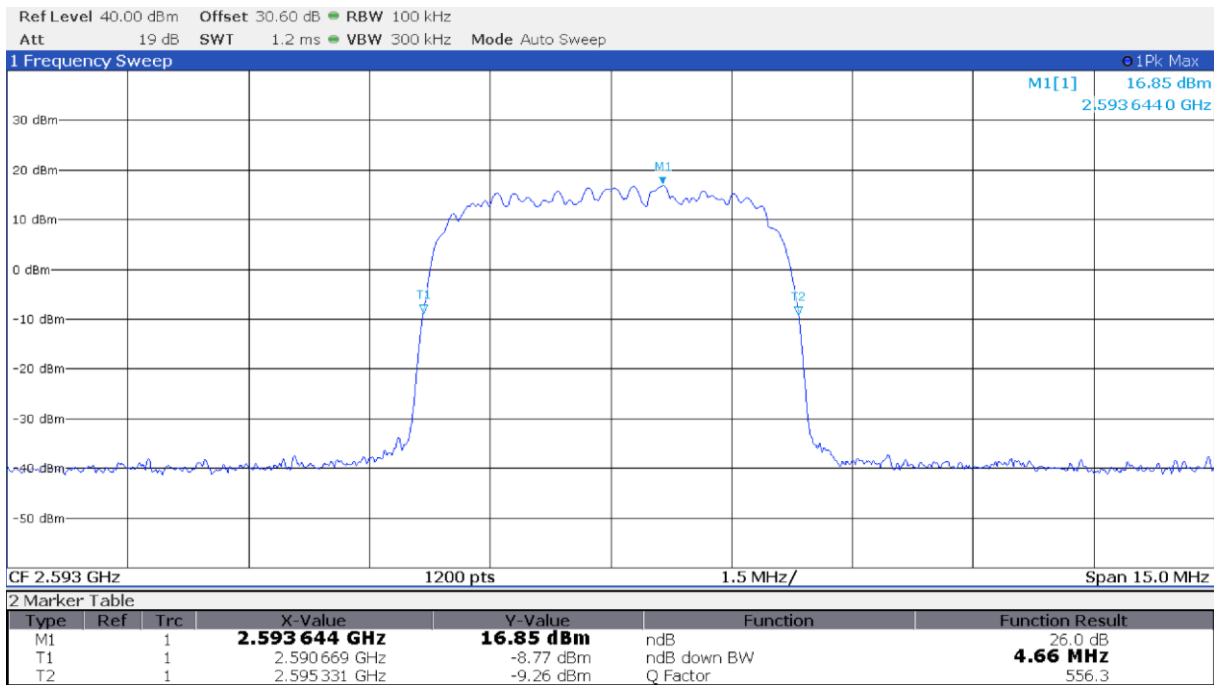


Figure 8.3-4: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 output signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

Test data, continued

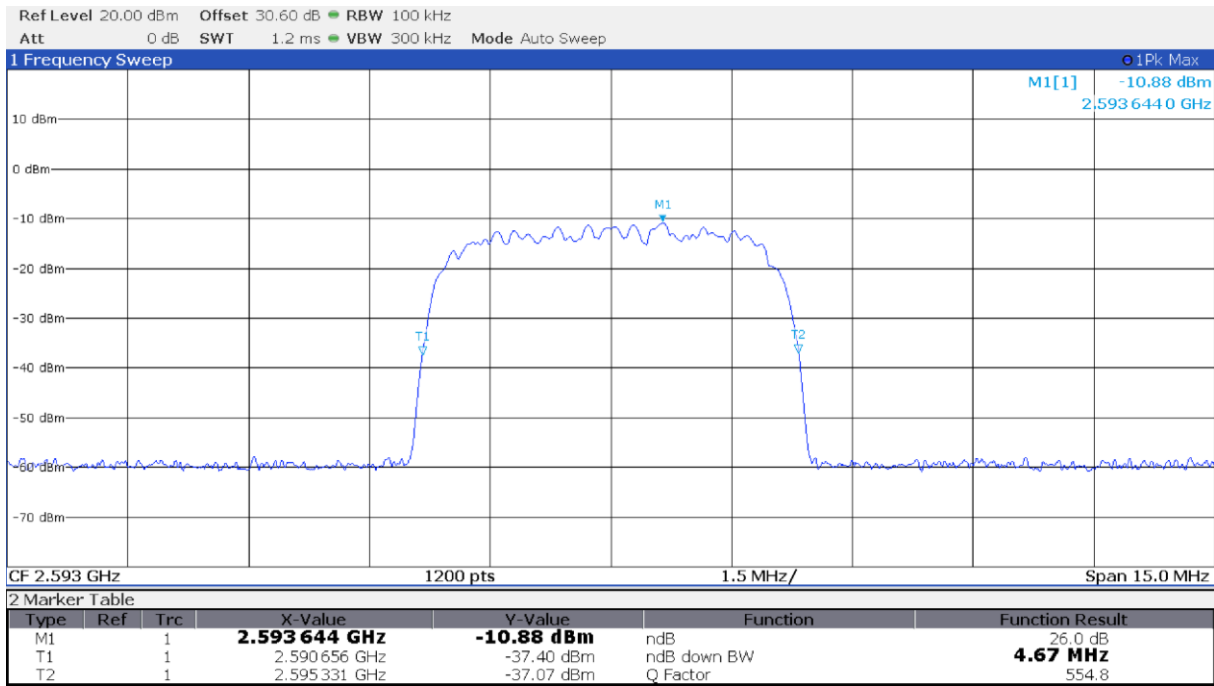


Figure 8.3-5: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 input signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

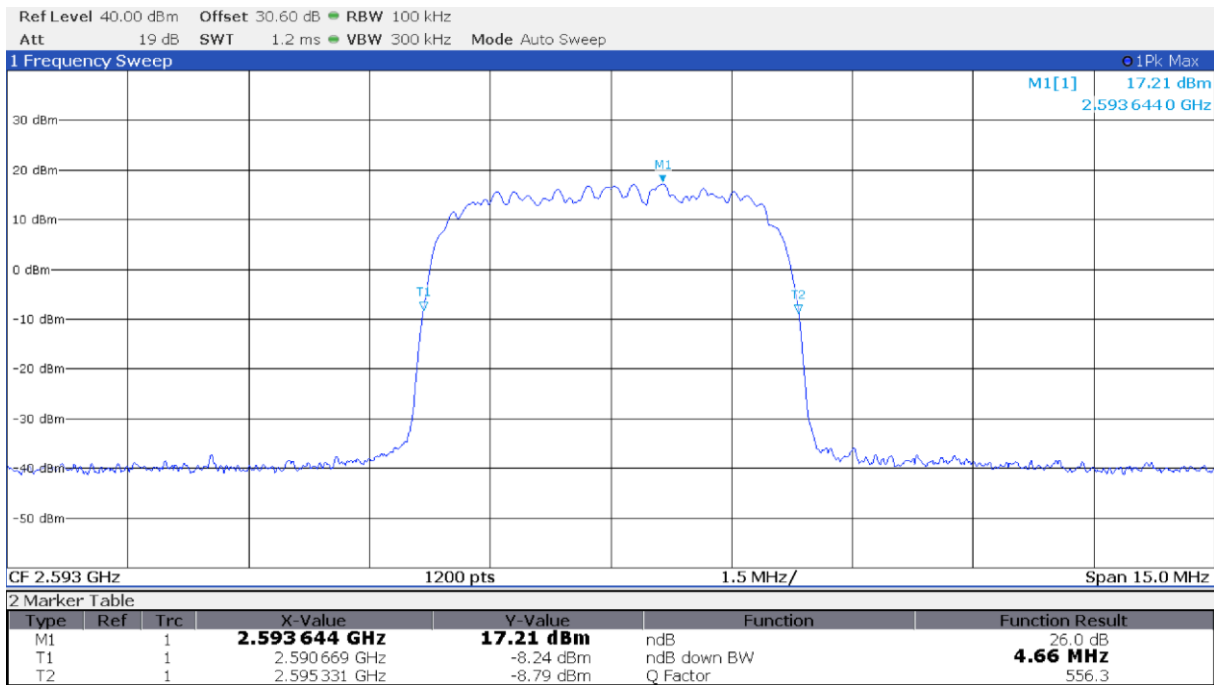


Figure 8.3-6: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 output signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

Test data, continued

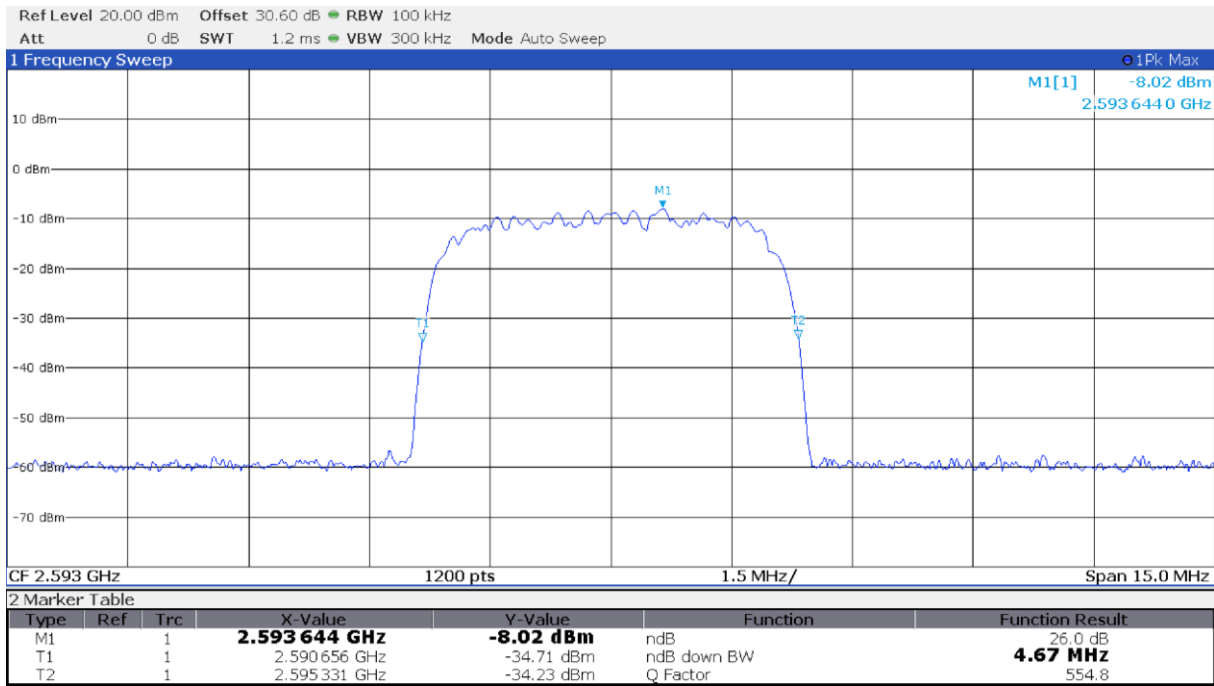


Figure 8.3-7: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

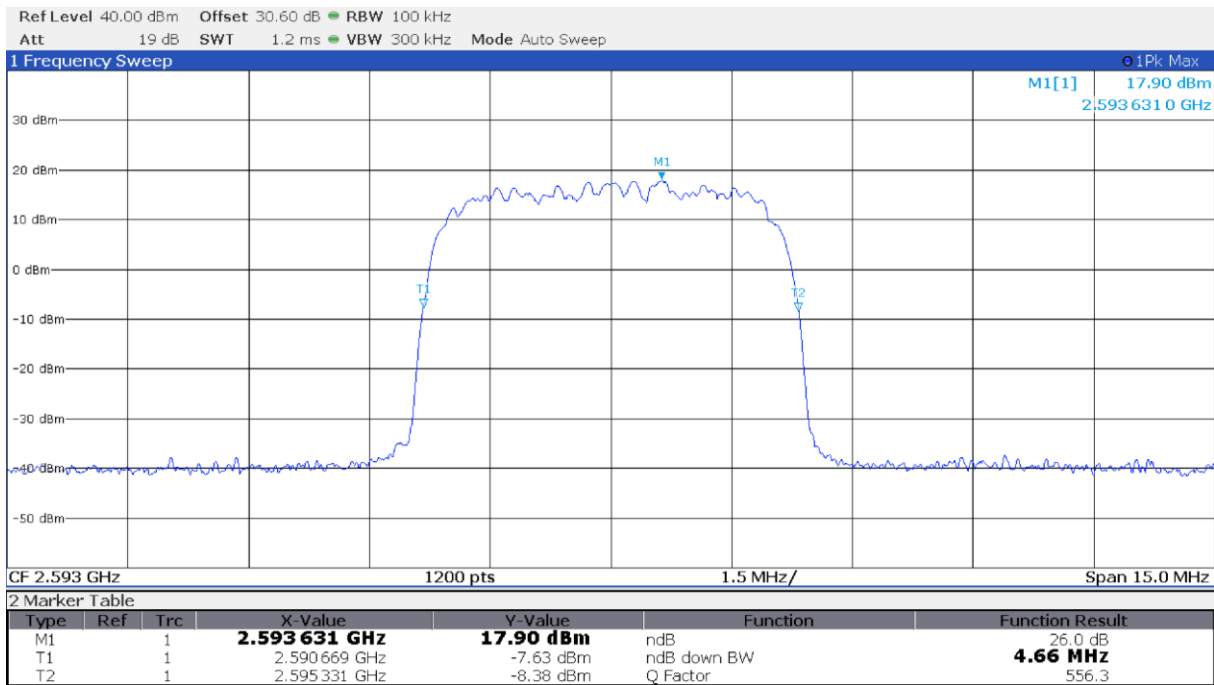


Figure 8.3-8: 26 dB occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 output signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

Test data, continued

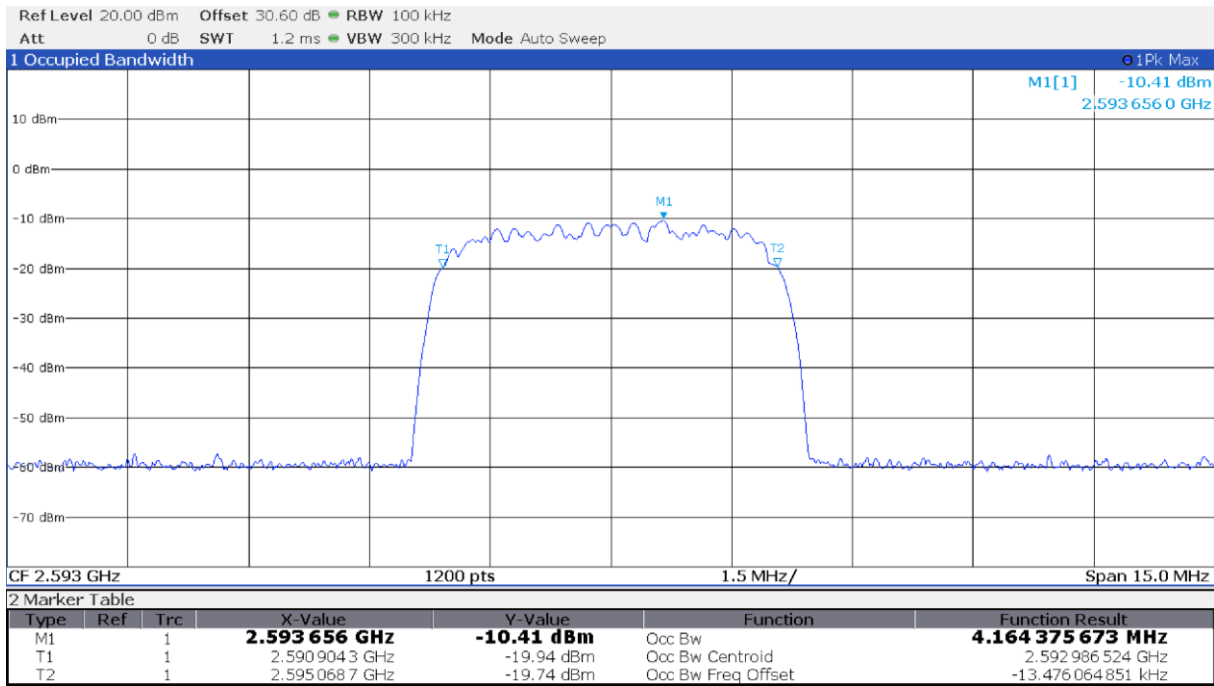


Figure 8.3-9: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 input signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

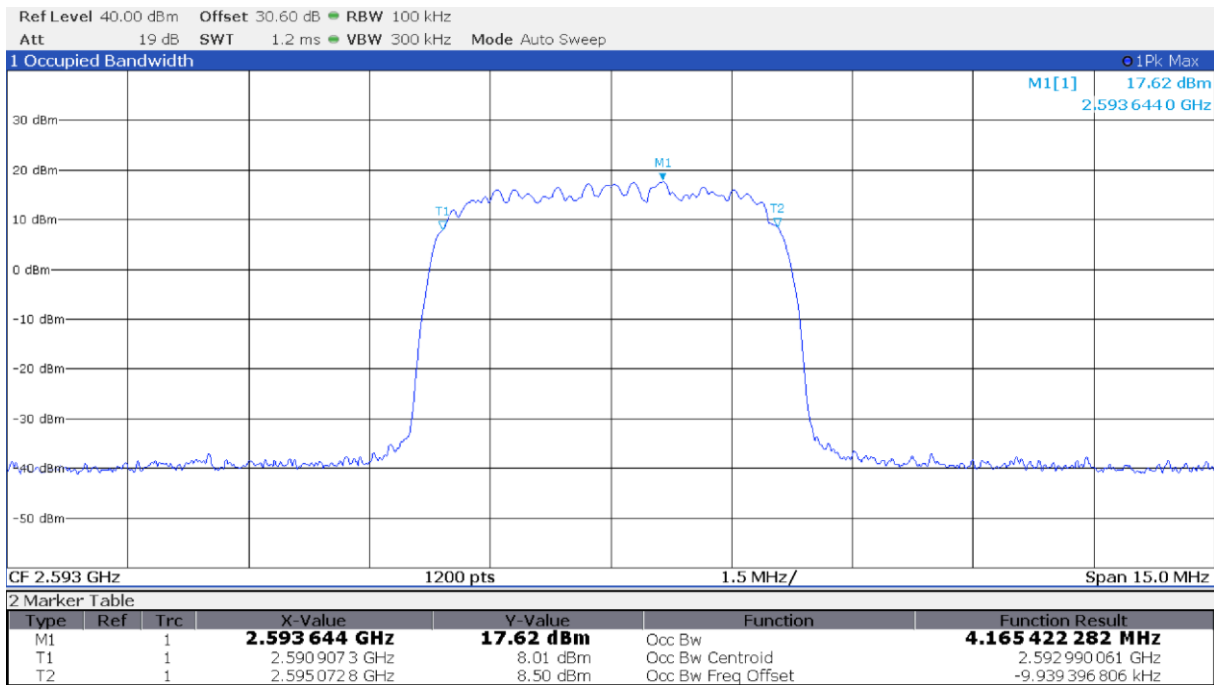


Figure 8.3-10: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 output signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

Test data, continued

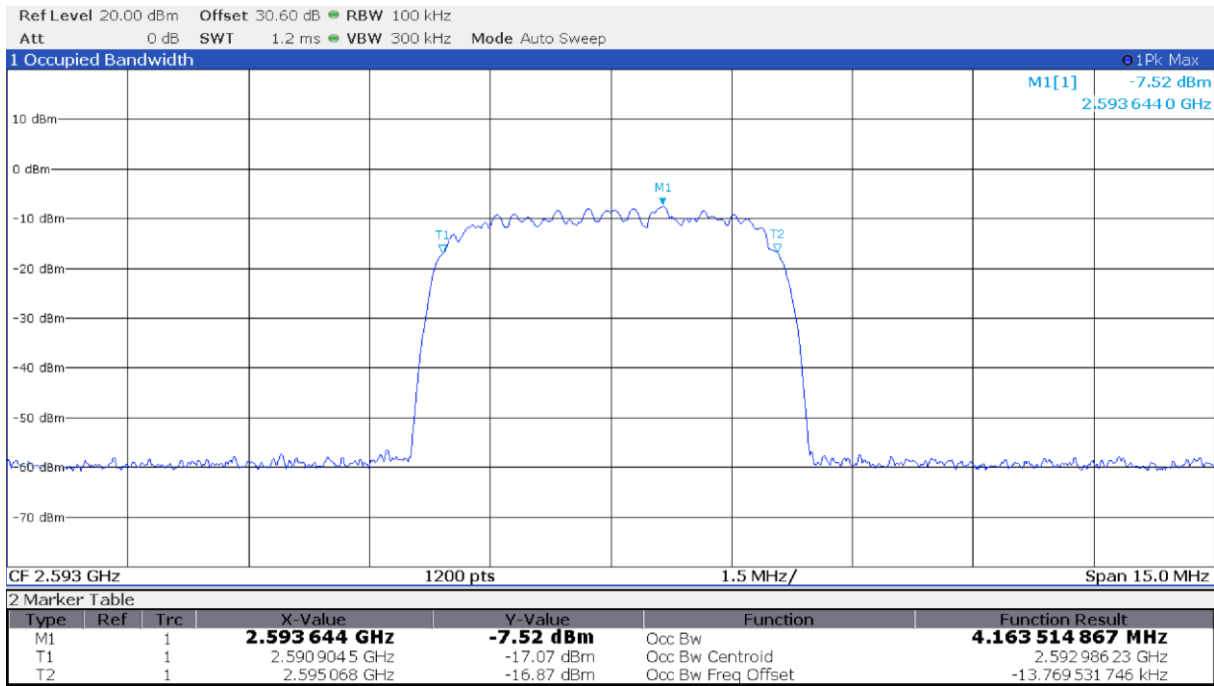


Figure 8.3-11: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

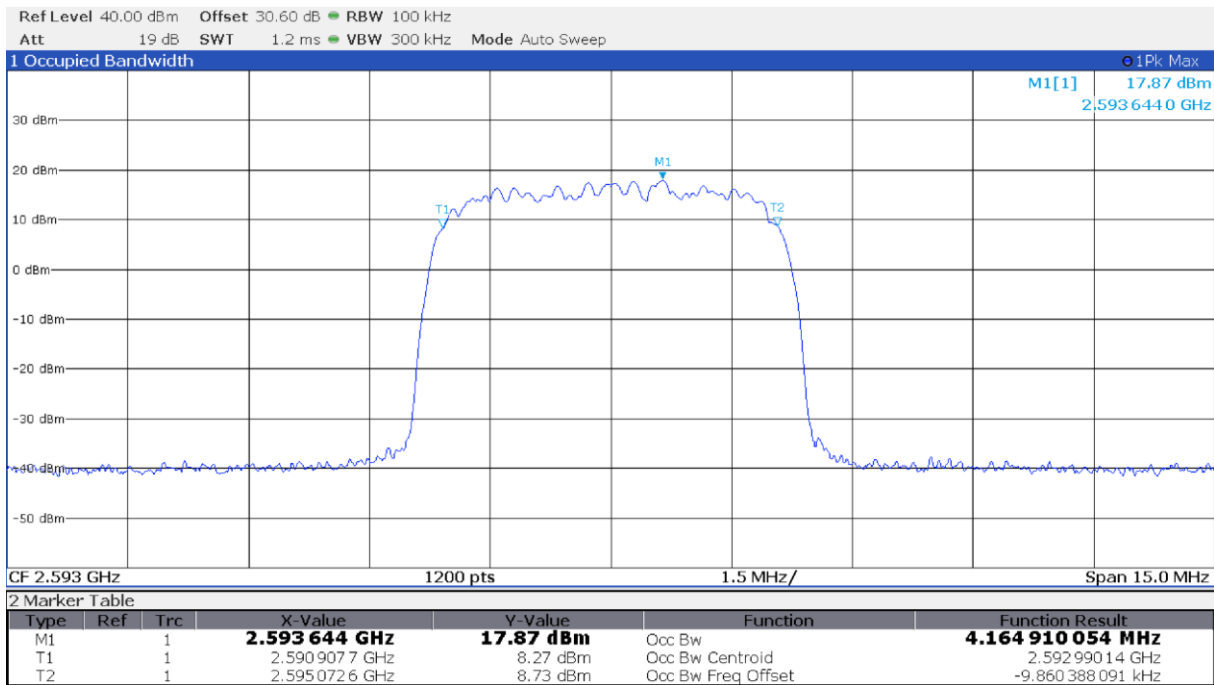


Figure 8.3-12: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 1 output signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

Test data, continued

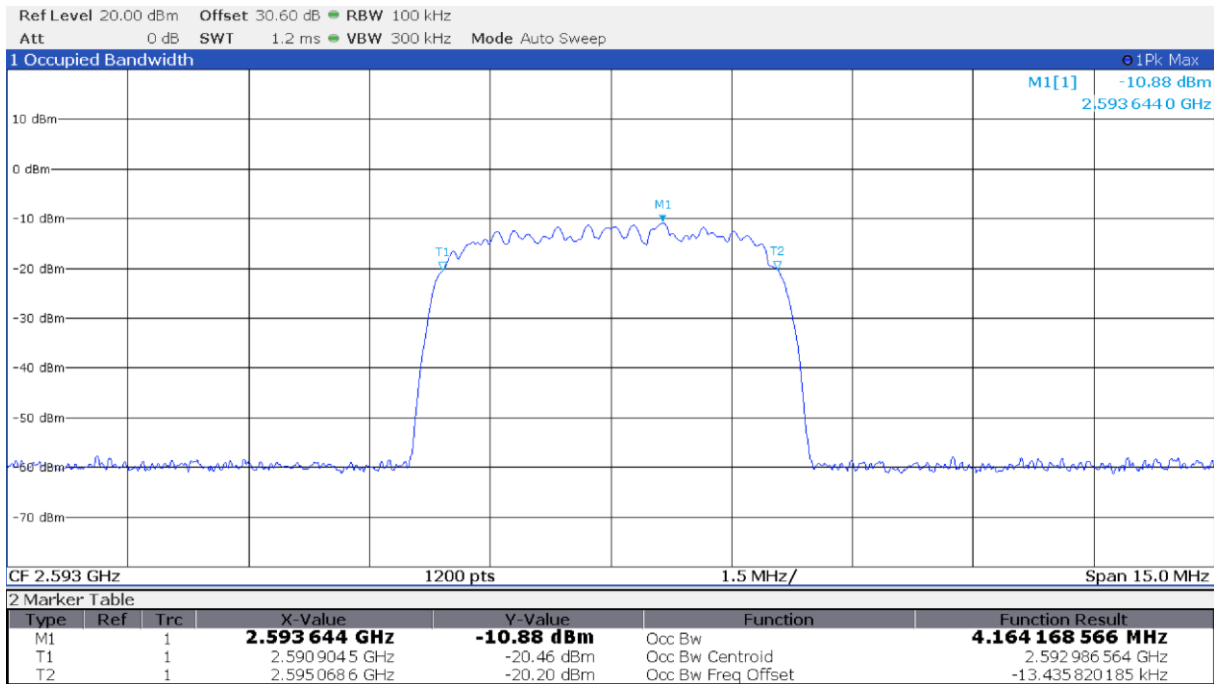


Figure 8.3-13: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 input signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

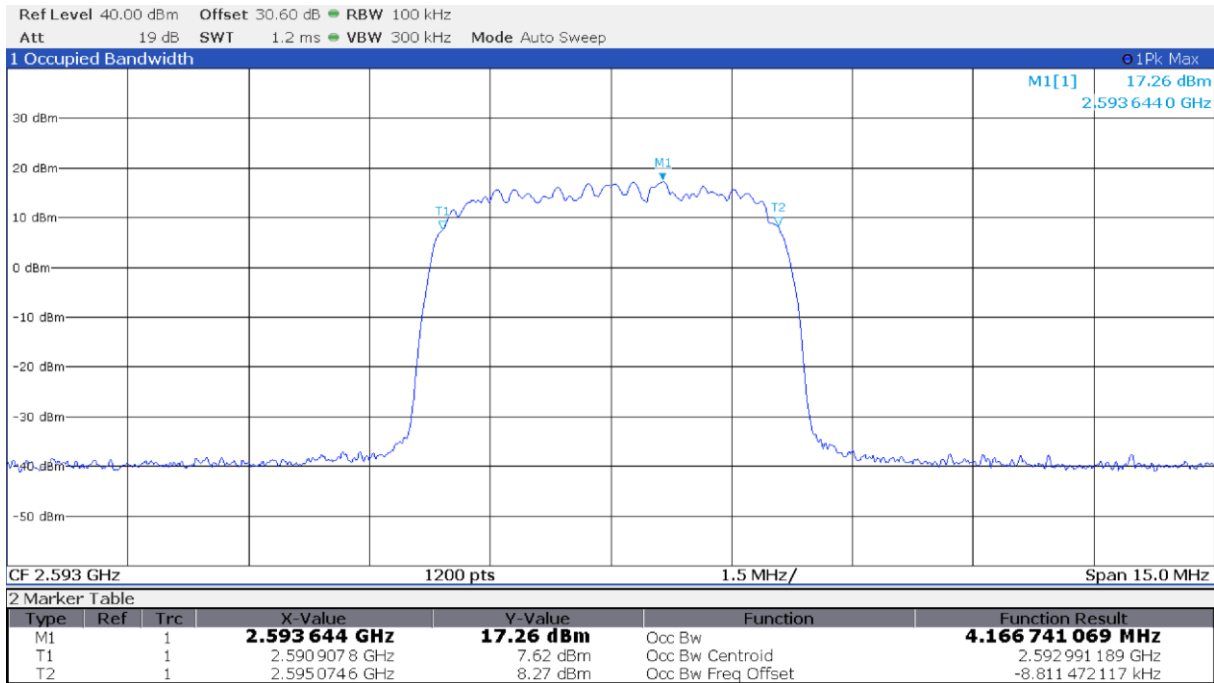


Figure 8.3-14: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 output signal at AGC threshold spectral plot

Test data, continued

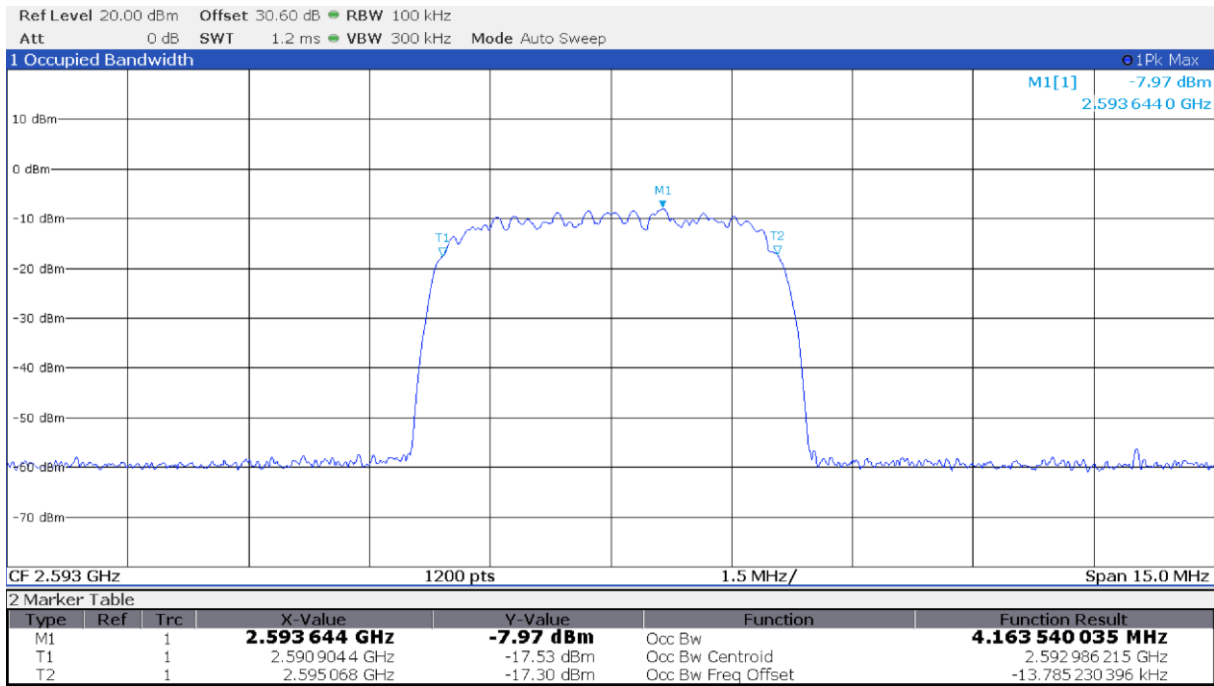


Figure 8.3-15: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

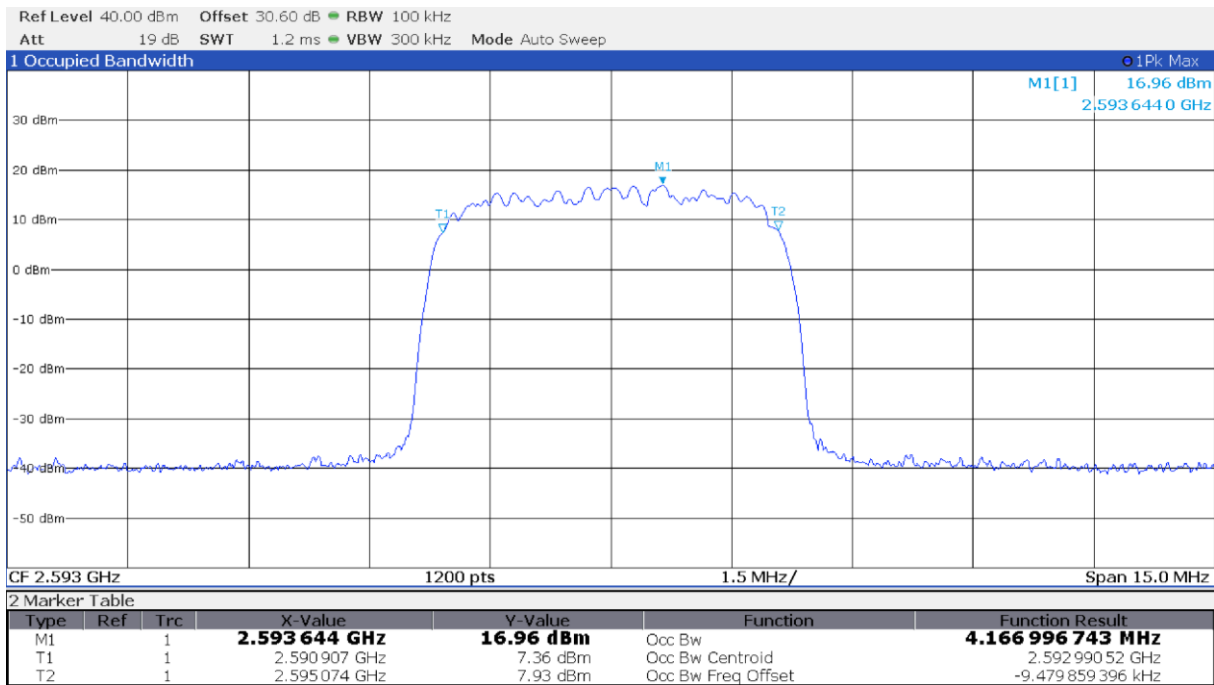


Figure 8.3-16: 99% occupied bandwidth, antenna port 2 output signal at AGC threshold +3 dB spectral plot

## 8.4 Mean output power and amplifier/booster gain

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### 8.4.1 References, definitions and limits

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#### **FCC §27.50(h)**

- (h) The following power limits shall apply in the BRS and EBS:
- (1) Main, booster and base stations.
  - (i) The maximum EIRP of a main, booster or base station shall not exceed  $33 \text{ dBW} + 10 \log(X/Y) \text{ dBW}$ , where X is the actual channel width in MHz and Y is either 6 MHz if prior to transition or the station is in the MBS following transition or 5.5 MHz if the station is in the LBS and UBS following transition, except as provided in paragraph (h)(1)(ii) of this section.
  - (ii) If a main or booster station sectorizes or otherwise uses one or more transmitting antennas with a non-omnidirectional horizontal plane radiation pattern, the maximum EIRP in a given direction shall be determined by the following formula:  $\text{EIRP} = 33 \text{ dBW} + 10 \log(X/Y) \text{ dBW} + 10 \log(360/\text{beamwidth}) \text{ dBW}$ , where X is the actual channel width in MHz, Y is either (i) 6 MHz if prior to transition or the station is in the MBS following transition or (ii) 5.5 MHz if the station is in the LBS and UBS following transition, and beamwidth is the total horizontal plane beamwidth of the individual transmitting antenna for the station or any sector measured at the half-power points.
  - (2) Mobile and other user stations. Mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP. All user stations are limited to 2.0 watts transmitter output power.
  - (3) For television transmission, the peak power of the accompanying aural signal must not exceed 10 percent of the peak visual power of the transmitter. The Commission may order a reduction in aural signal power to diminish the potential for harmful interference.
  - (4) For main, booster and response stations utilizing digital emissions with non-uniform power spectral density (e.g. unfiltered QPSK), the power measured within any 100 kHz resolution bandwidth within the 6 MHz channel occupied by the non-uniform emission cannot exceed the power permitted within any 100 kHz resolution bandwidth within the 6 MHz channel if it were occupied by an emission with uniform power spectral density, i.e., if the maximum permissible power of a station utilizing a perfectly uniform power spectral density across a 6 MHz channel were 2000 watts EIRP, this would result in a maximum permissible power flux density for the station of  $2000/60 = 33.3 \text{ watts EIRP per } 100 \text{ kHz bandwidth}$ . If a non-uniform emission were substituted at the station, station power would still be limited to a maximum of 33.3 watts EIRP within any 100 kHz segment of the 6 MHz channel, irrespective of the fact that this would result in a total 6 MHz channel power of less than 2000 watts EIRP.

#### **RSS-131, Clause 5.2.3**

Mean output power and zone enhancer gain

The zone enhancer gain shall not exceed the nominal gain by more than 1.0 dB. Outside of the 20 dB bandwidth, the gain shall not exceed the gain at the 20 dB point.

#### **RSS-199, Clause 4.4**

Transmitter output power and equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average value.

For base station equipment, refer to SRSP-517 for the maximum permissible e.i.r.p.

For mobile subscriber equipment, the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 2 W. For fixed subscriber equipment, the transmitter output power shall not exceed 2 W and the e.i.r.p. shall be limited to 40 W.

In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time and shall use a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

For equipment with multiple antennas, the transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. shall be measured according to ANSI C63.26-2015.





#### 8.4.2 Test summary

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Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	P. Barbieri	Test date	February 4, 2022

#### 8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

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Input and output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer per ANSI C63.26 Paragraph 5.2.4.4. AWGN5 signal with 4.1 MHz 99% OBW representative of a 5 MHz LTE channel used. EUT input power set to a level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below. Repeated the test with the input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold. PAR measure is performed by the "CCDF" function installed on Spectrum analyzer that provides average power, peak power and PAR.

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Detector mode	RMS
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Measurement mode	Power over emission bandwidth
Trace mode	Averaging
Measurement time	Auto

#### 8.4.4 Test equipment used

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Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	101767
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263254
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263397

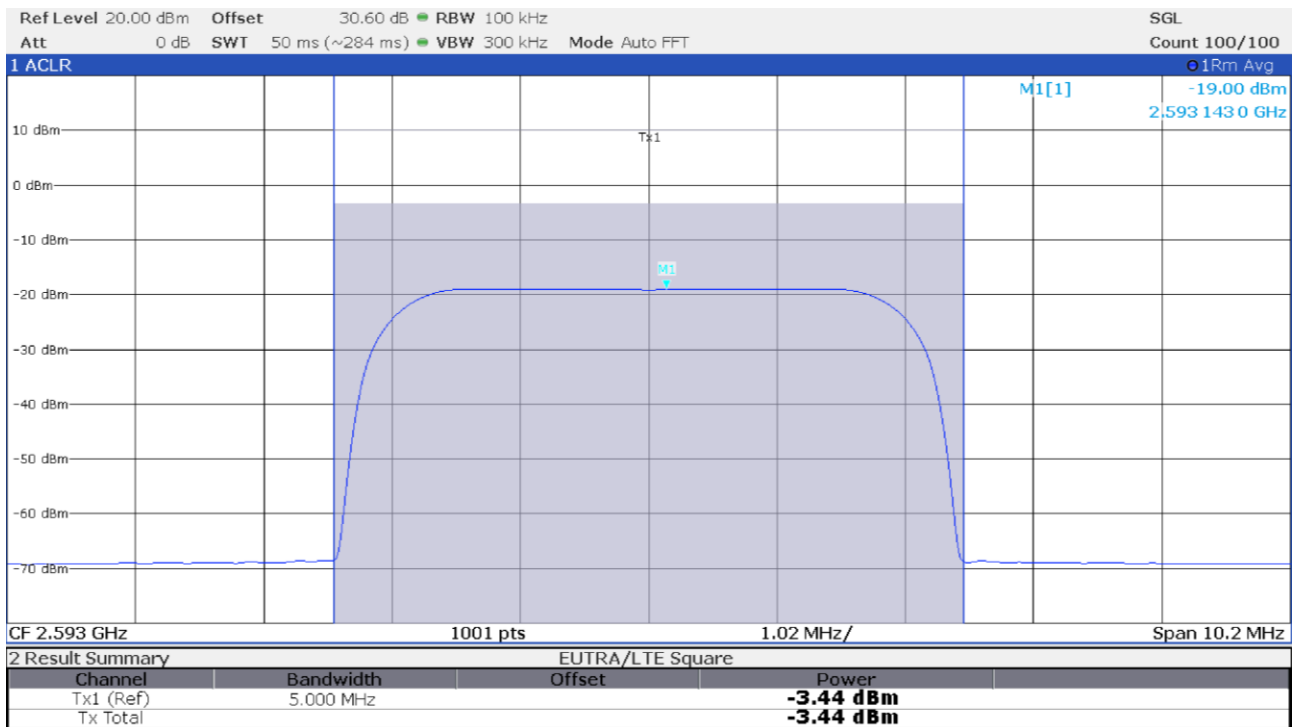
Notes:            NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

8.4.5    Test data

**Table 8.4-1: Output power measurement results**

Antenna port	Input signal level	Frequency, MHz	RF input power, dBm	RF output power, dBm	RF output power, W	Gain, dB
1	AGC threshold	2593	-3.5	24.1	0.257	27.6
1	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	-0.5	24.4	0.275	24.9
2	AGC threshold	2593	-3.5	24.2	0.263	27.7
2	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	-0.5	23.9	0.245	24.4

Amplifier gain = measured RF output power (dBm) – measured RF input power (dBm) =



**Figure 8.4-1: Input power at antenna port 1 with input signal at AGC threshold**

Test data, continued

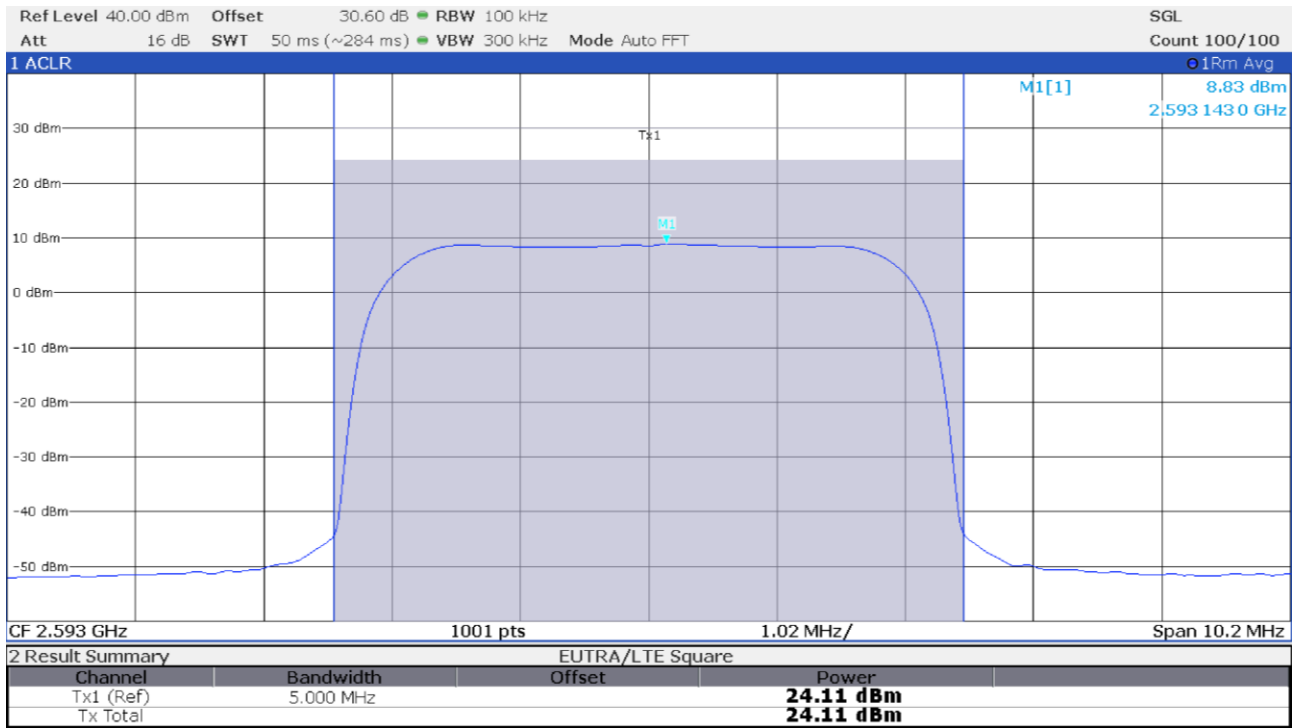


Figure 8.4-2: Output power at antenna port 1 with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

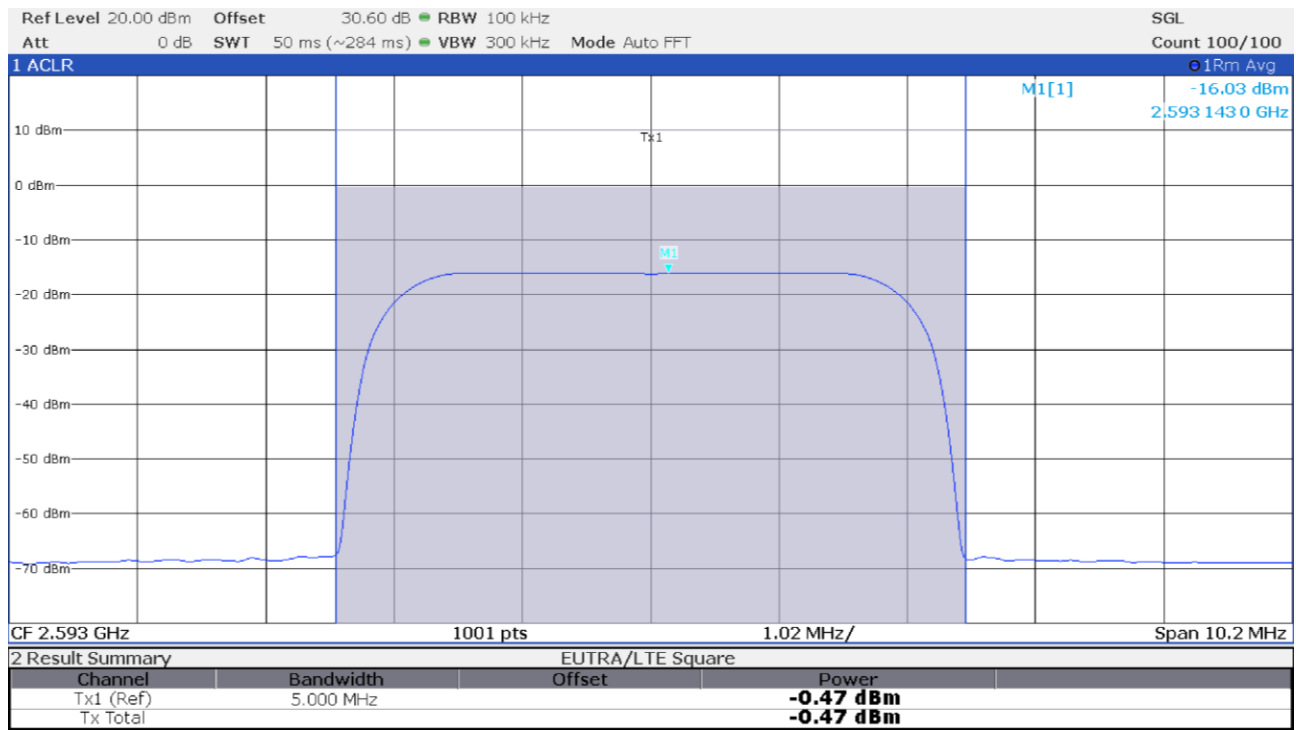


Figure 8.4-3: Input power at antenna port 1 with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued

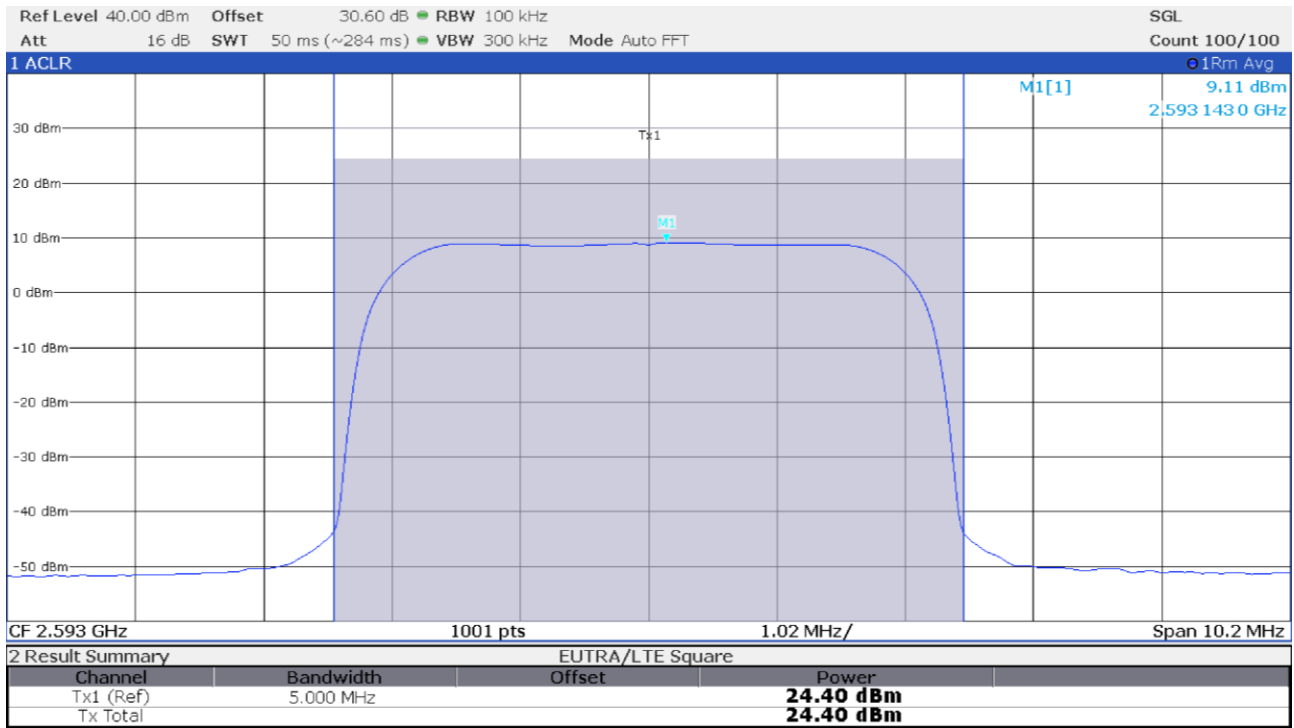


Figure 8.4-4: Output power at antenna port 1 with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued

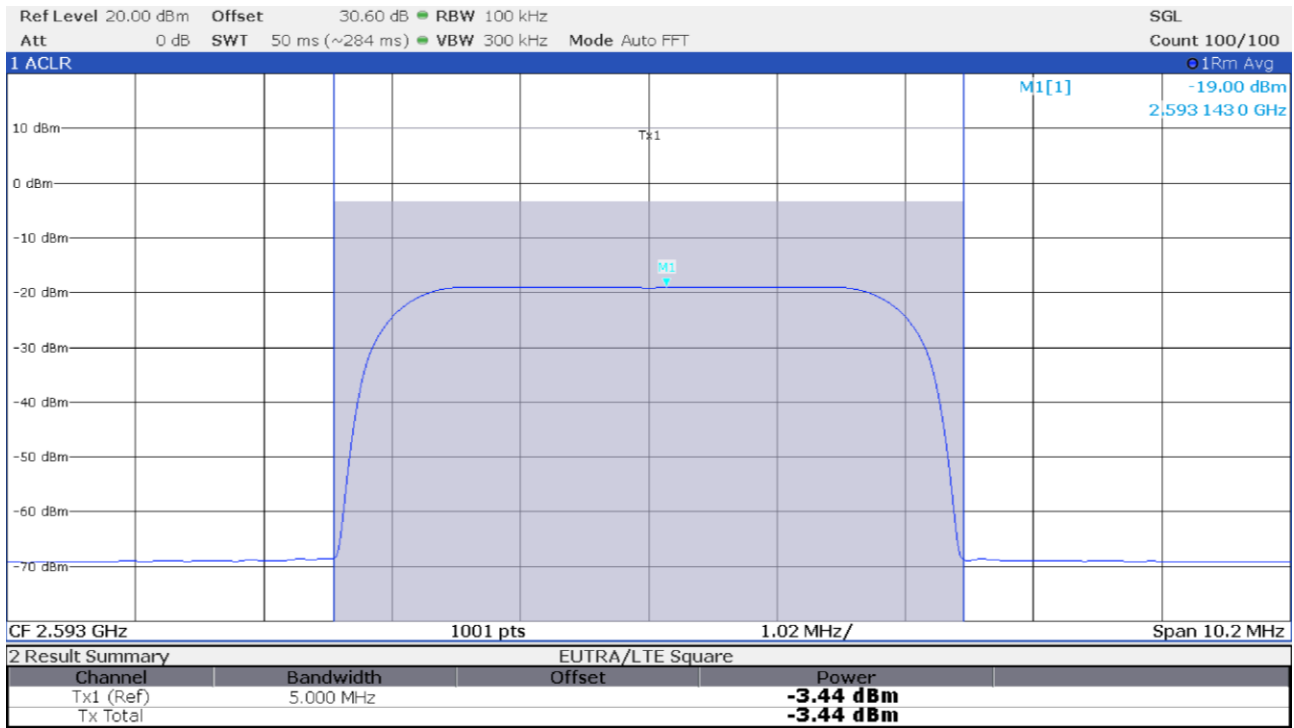


Figure 8.4-5: Input power at antenna port 2 with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

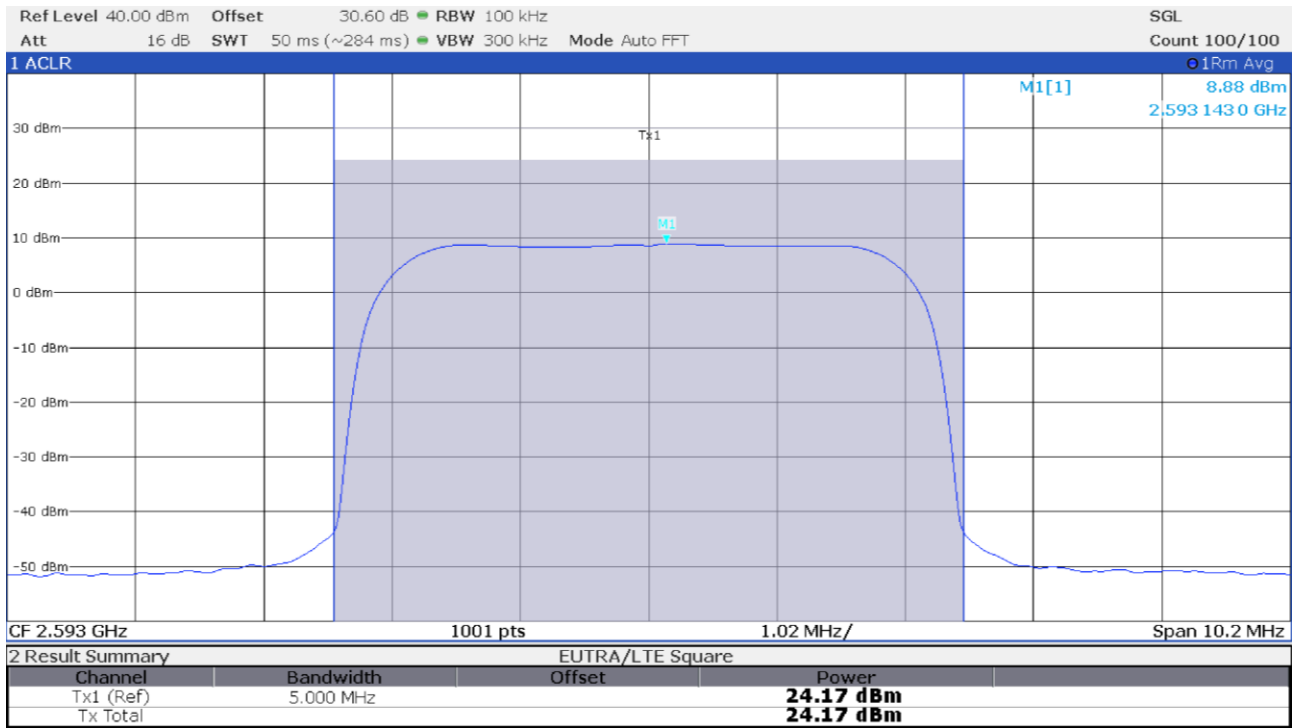


Figure 8.4-6: Output power at antenna port 2 with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

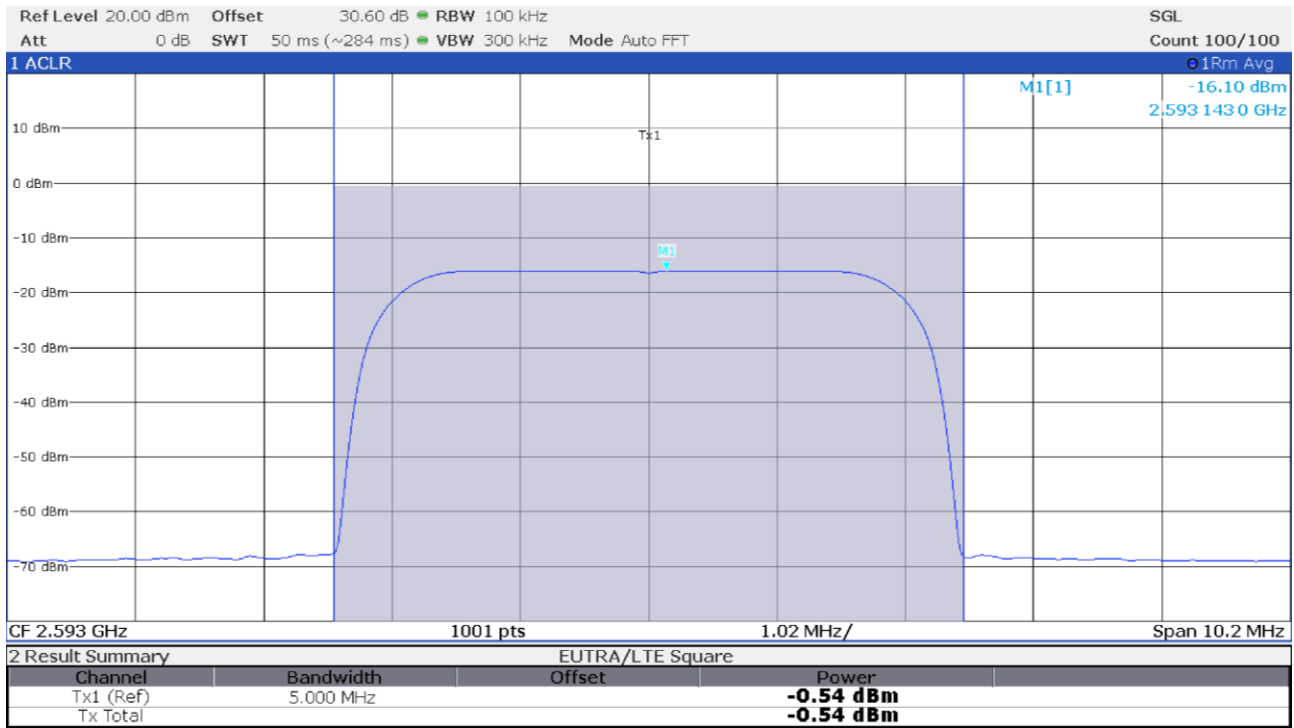


Figure 8.4-7: Input power at antenna port 2 with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB



Test data, continued

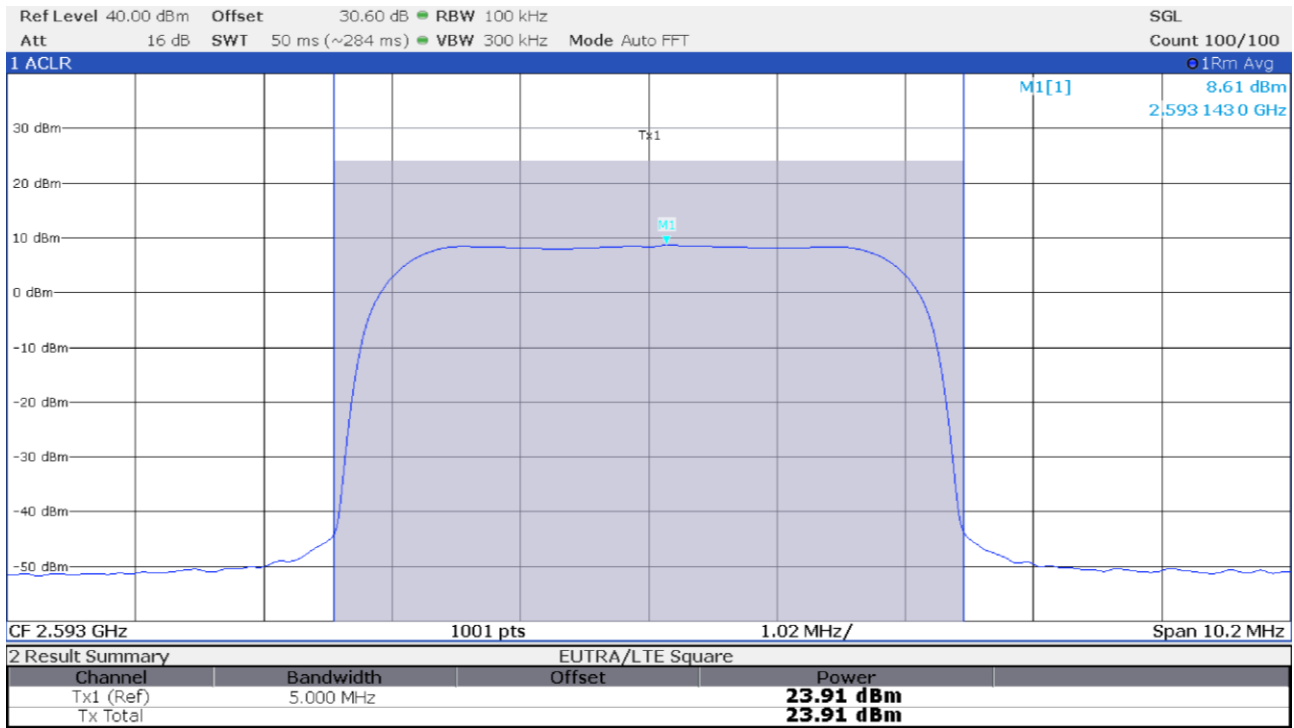


Figure 8.4-8: Output power at antenna port 2 with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued

Table 8.4-2: Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) of the PAPR reduction measurement results

Antenna port	Input signal level	Frequency, MHz	0.1% CCDF, dB	PAPR reduction limit, dB	Margin, dB
1	AGC threshold	2593	4.44	13.00	-8.56
1	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	4.44	13.00	-8.56
2	AGC threshold	2593	4.44	13.00	-8.56
2	AGC threshold +3 dB	2593	4.44	13.00	-8.56

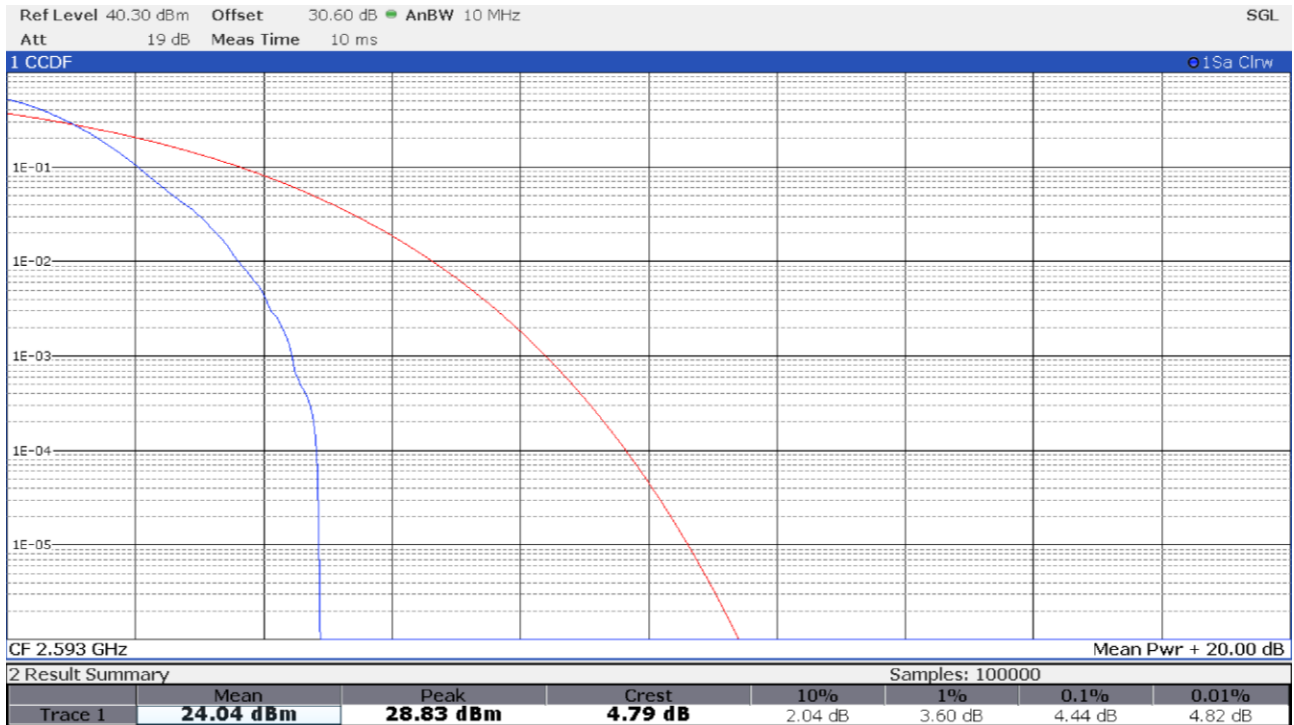


Figure 8.4-9: PAPR at antenna port 1 with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

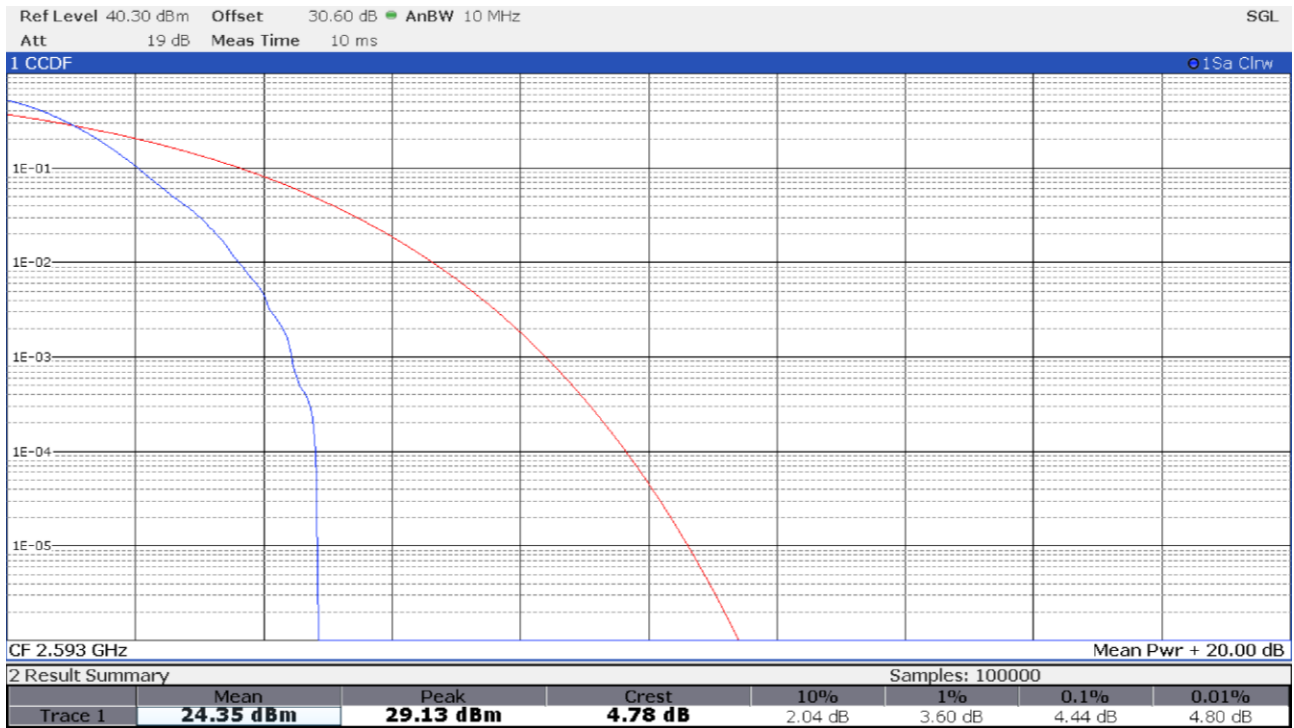


Figure 8.4-10: PAPR at antenna port 1 with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued

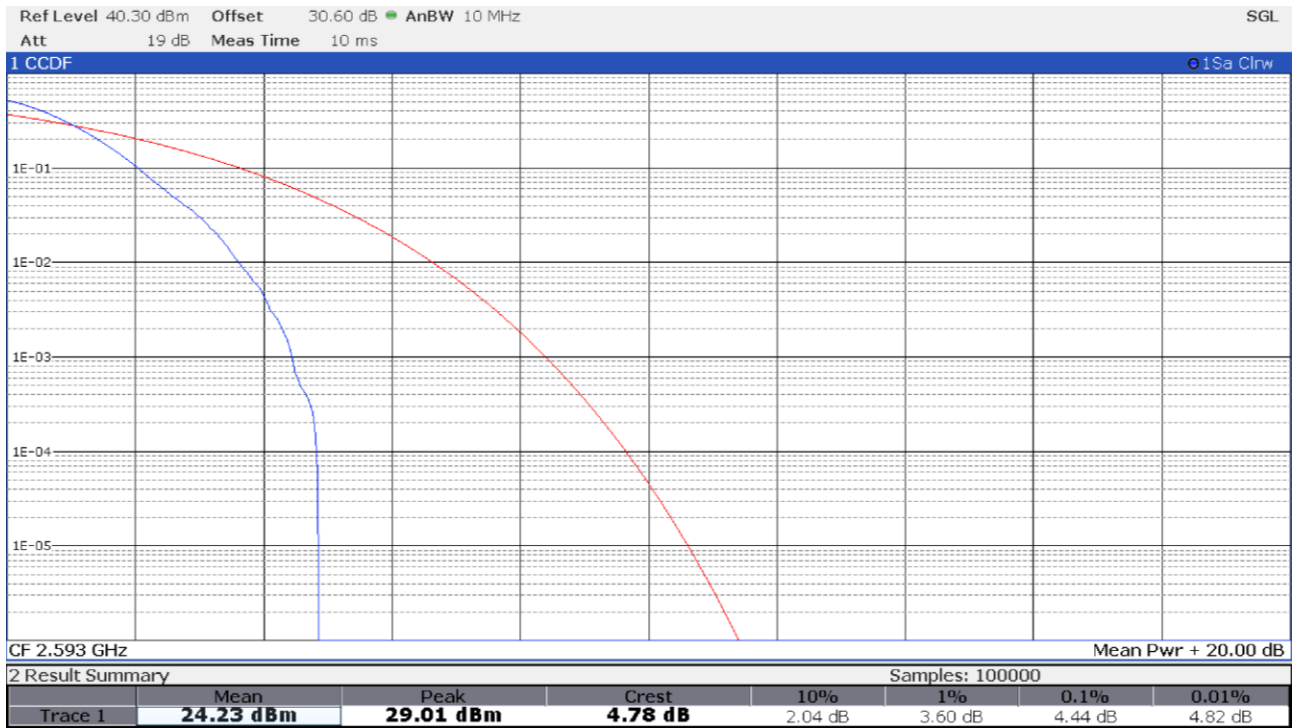


Figure 8.4-11: PAPR at antenna port 2 with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued



Figure 8.4-12: PAPR at antenna port 2 with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

## 8.5 Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements

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### 8.5.1 References, definitions and limits

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**FCC §27.53(m)(2):**

- (m) For BRS and EBS stations, the power of any emissions outside the licensee's frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts in accordance with the standards below. If a licensee has multiple contiguous channels, out-of-band emissions shall be measured from the upper and lower edges of the contiguous channels.
- (2) For digital base stations, the attenuation shall be not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB, unless a documented interference complaint is received from an adjacent channel licensee with an overlapping Geographic Service Area. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS No. 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees. Provided that a documented interference complaint cannot be mutually resolved between the parties prior to the applicable deadline, then the following additional attenuation requirements shall apply:
  - (i) If a pre-existing base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a new or modified base station located 1.5 km or more away, within 24 hours of the receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its emissions by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block and shall immediately notify the complaining licensee upon implementation of the additional attenuation. No later than 60 days after the implementation of such additional attenuation, the licensee of the complaining base station must attenuate its base station emissions by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.
  - (ii) If a pre-existing base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a new or modified base station located less than 1.5 km away, within 24 hours of receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its emissions by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P) - 20 \log (D_{km}/1.5)$  dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the complaining licensee, or if both base stations are co-located, limit its undesired signal level at the pre-existing base station receiver(s) to no more than  $-107$  dBm measured in a 5.5 megahertz bandwidth and shall immediately notify the complaining licensee upon such reduction in the undesired signal level. No later than 60 days after such reduction in the undesired signal level, the complaining licensee must attenuate its base station emissions by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.
  - (iii) If a new or modified base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a pre-existing base station located 1.5 km or more away, within 60 days of receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of each base station must attenuate its base station emissions by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the other licensee.
  - (iv) If a new or modified base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a pre-existing base station located less than 1.5 km away, within 60 days of receipt of a documented interference complaint: (a) The licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its OOB by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P) - 20 \log (D_{km}/1.5)$  measured 3 megahertz above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the other licensee, or if the base stations are co-located, limit its undesired signal level at the other base station receiver(s) to no more than  $-107$  dBm measured in a 5.5-megahertz bandwidth; and (b) the licensee causing the interference must attenuate its emissions by at least  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.
  - (v) For all fixed digital user stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB at the channel edge.

References, definitions and limits, continued

**RSS-131, Clause 5.2**

Industrial zone enhancers

Industrial Zone Enhancers, including DASs, shall employ a gain control feature and shall comply with all the requirements in the RSS which applies to the equipment with which the zone enhancer is to be used. In addition, the equipment shall comply with the requirements specified in this section.

**RSS-199, Clause 4.5**

In the 1 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the channel edge, the unwanted emission power shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, and 2% for mobile subscriber equipment. Beyond the 1 MHz band, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz shall be used. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz, or 1% or 2% of the occupied bandwidth, as applicable.

Equipment shall comply with the following unwanted emission limits

- (a) for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ .
- (b) for mobile subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
  - (i)  $40 + 10 \log_{10} p$  from the channel edges to 5 MHz away
  - (ii)  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edges, and
  - (iii)  $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$  at X MHz and beyond from the channel edges

In addition, the attenuation shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz, and  $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$  at or below 2490.5 MHz.

In (a) and (b), p is the transmitter power measured in watts and X is 6 MHz or the equipment occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

8.5.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	P. Barbieri	Test date	February 4, 2022

8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

AWGN5 signal with 4.1 MHz 99% OBW representative of a 5 MHz LTE channel used.  
 EUT input power set to a level that is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.  
 Repeated the test with the input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.  
 Test performed with one single carrier and two adjacent carriers.  
 Limit line ( $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$  or  $-13$  dBm) was adjusted for MIMO operation by 3 dB\*:  $-13$  dBm  $- 3$  dB =  $-16$  dBm  
 \*MIMO correction factor for 2 antenna ports:  $10 \times \log_{10}(2) = 3.01$  dB

Spectrum analyser settings for spurious emissions in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block:

Resolution bandwidth:	At least 1% of EBW
Video bandwidth:	> RBW
Detector mode:	RMS
Trace mode:	Averaging

Input signal frequency

Upper block edge intermodulation products:	2682.5 MHz and 2687.5 MHz
Lower block edge intermodulation products:	2498.5 MHz and 2503.5 MHz
Lower block edge intermodulation products:	2502.5 MHz and 2507.5 MHz
Upper block edge, single carrier:	2687.5 MHz
Lower block edge, single carrier:	2498.5 MHz
Lower block edge, single carrier:	2502.5 MHz

8.5.4 Test equipment used

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	101767
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263254
RF Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	263397

Notes: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

8.5.5 Test data

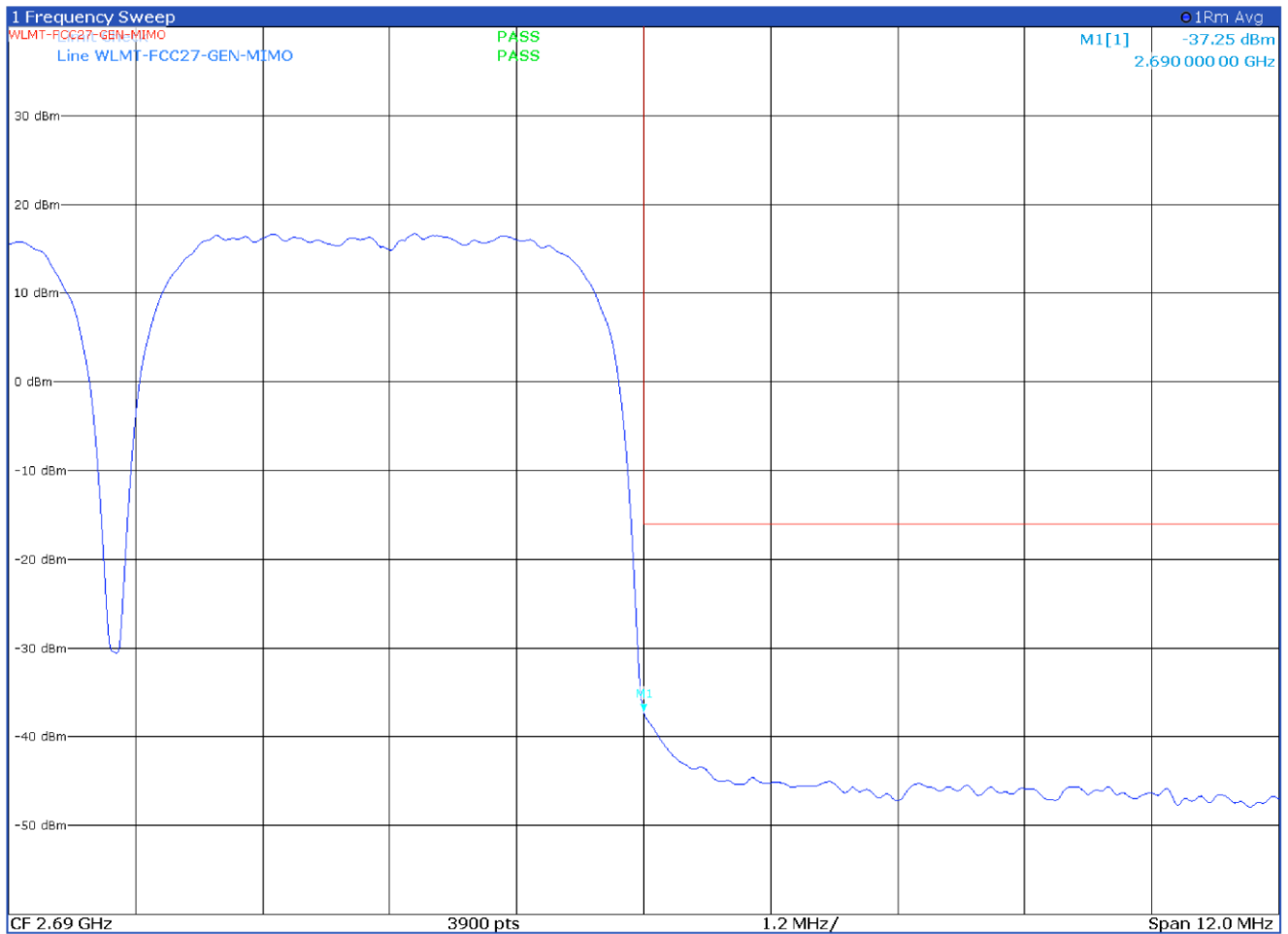


Figure 8.5-1: Antenna port 1 upper block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold



Test data, continued

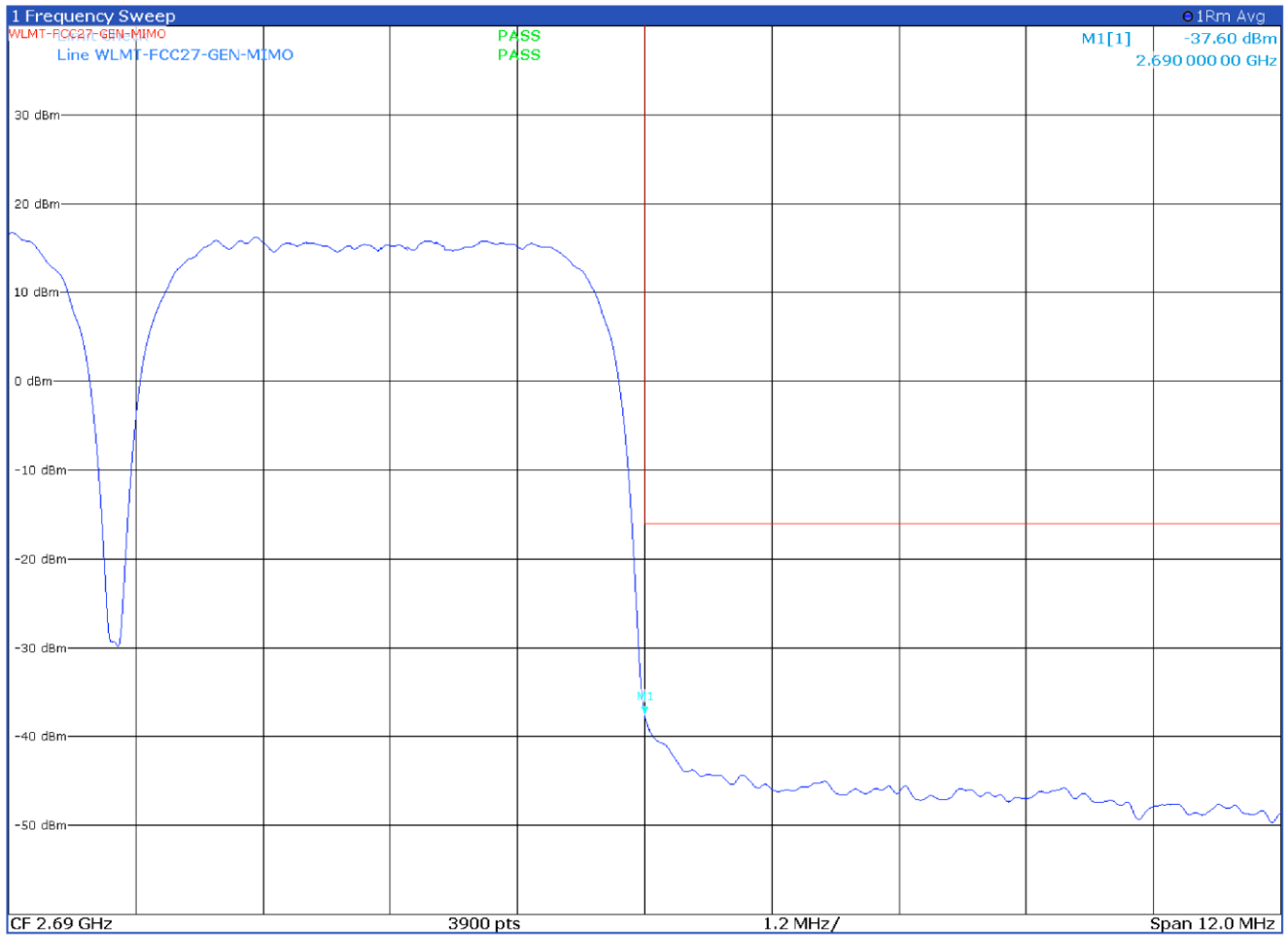
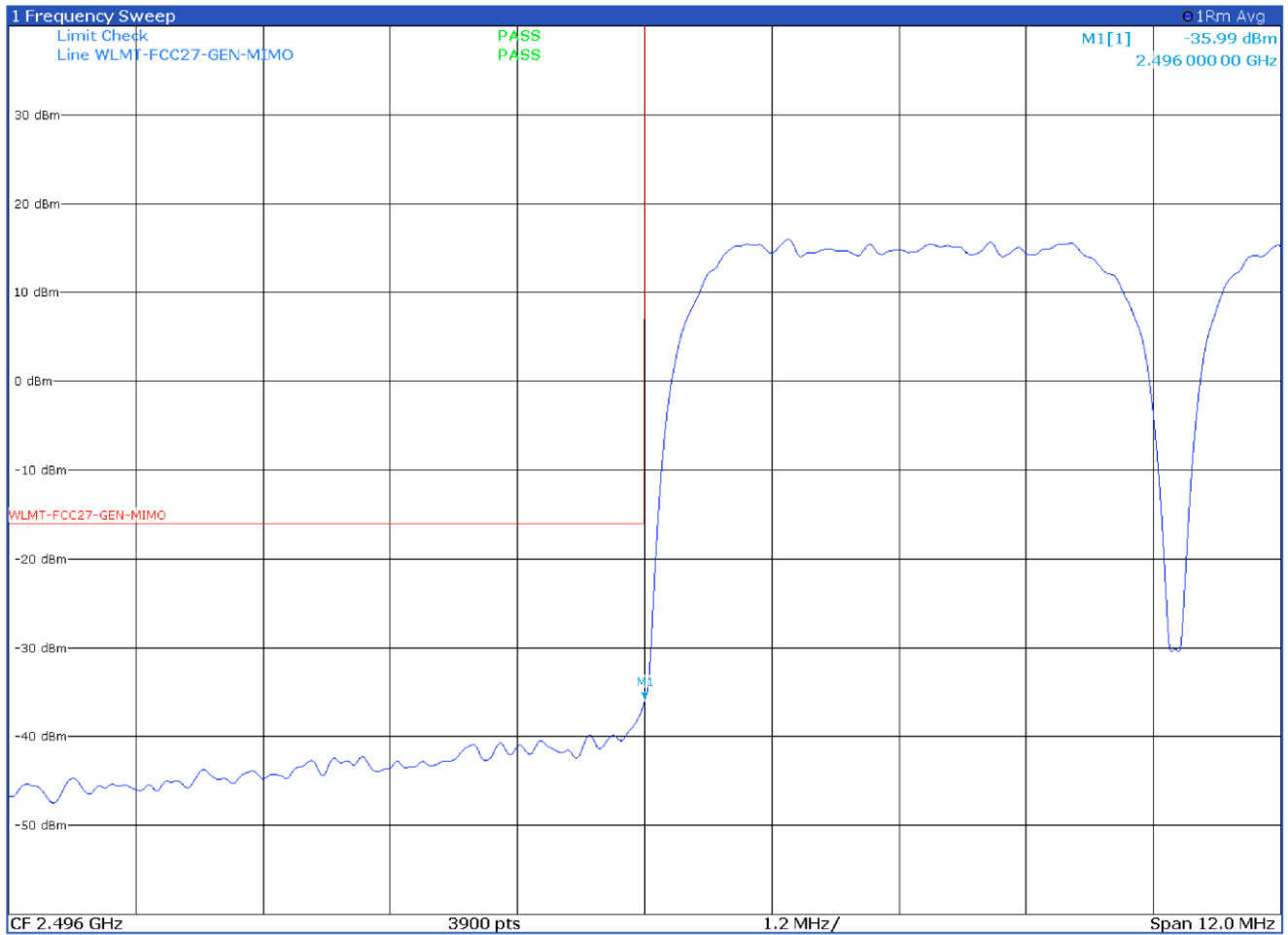


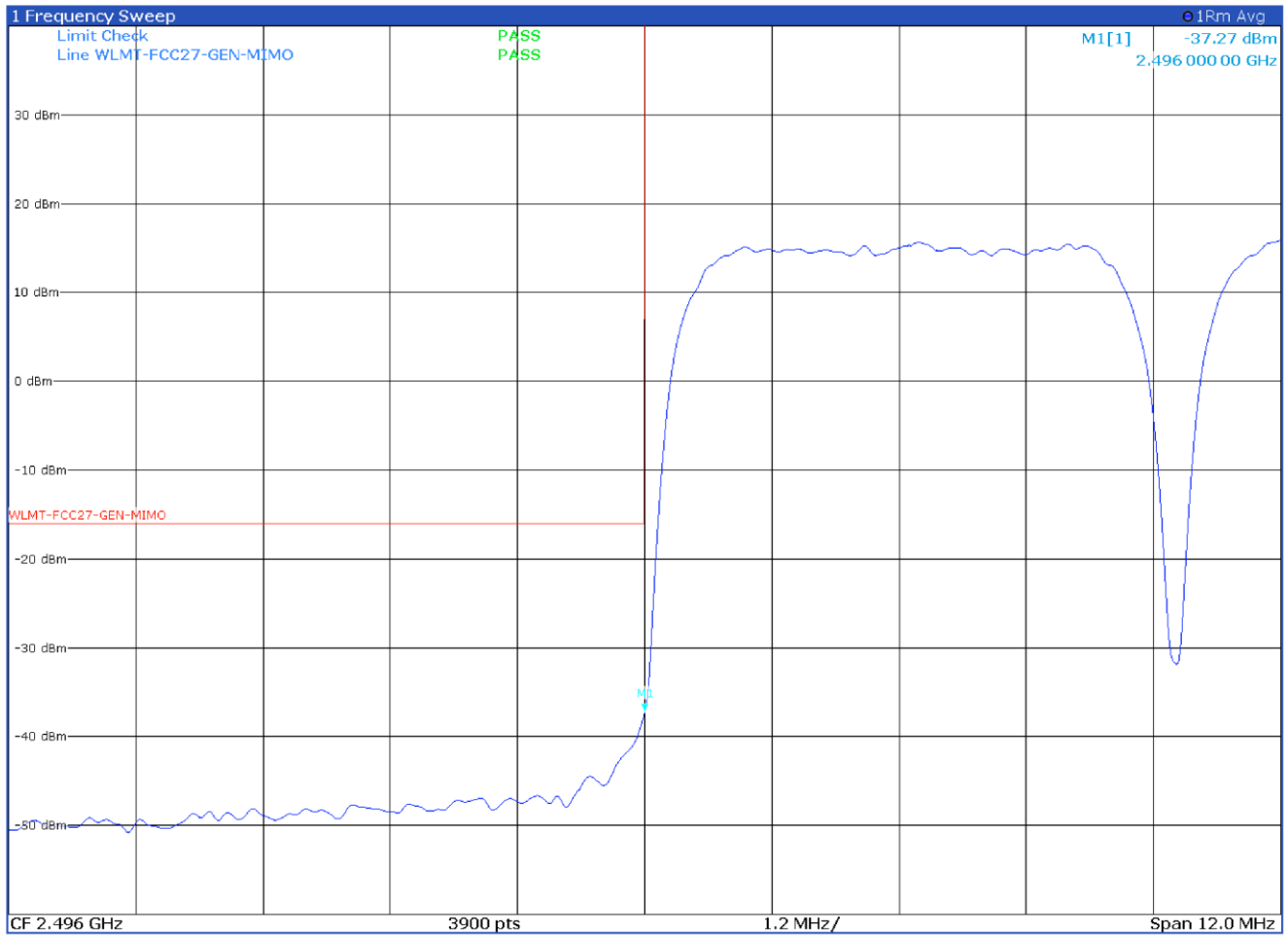
Figure 8.5-2: Antenna port 1 upper block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued



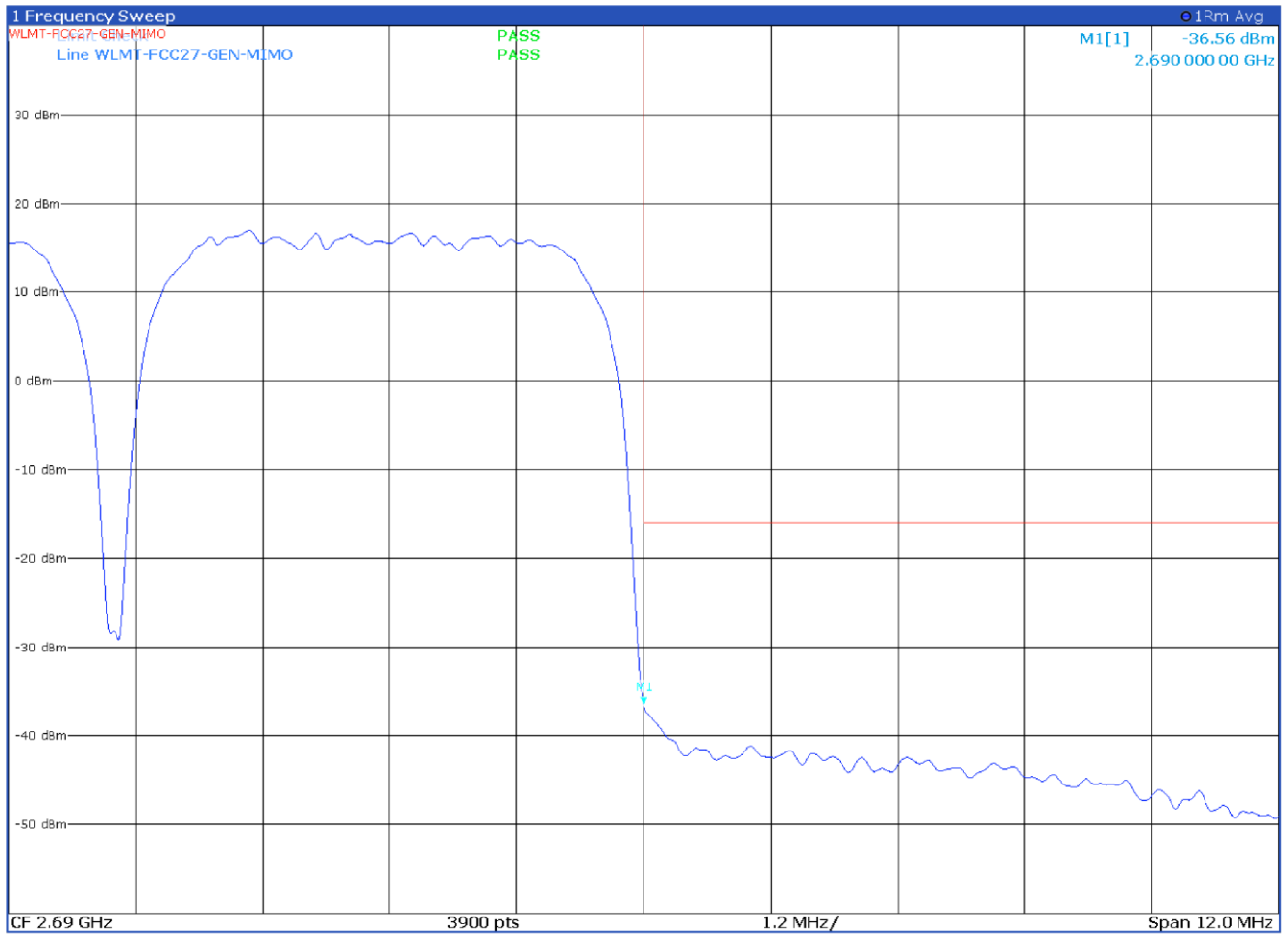
**Figure 8-5-3:** Antenna port 1 lower block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-4:** Antenna port 1 lower block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-5:** Antenna port 2 upper block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

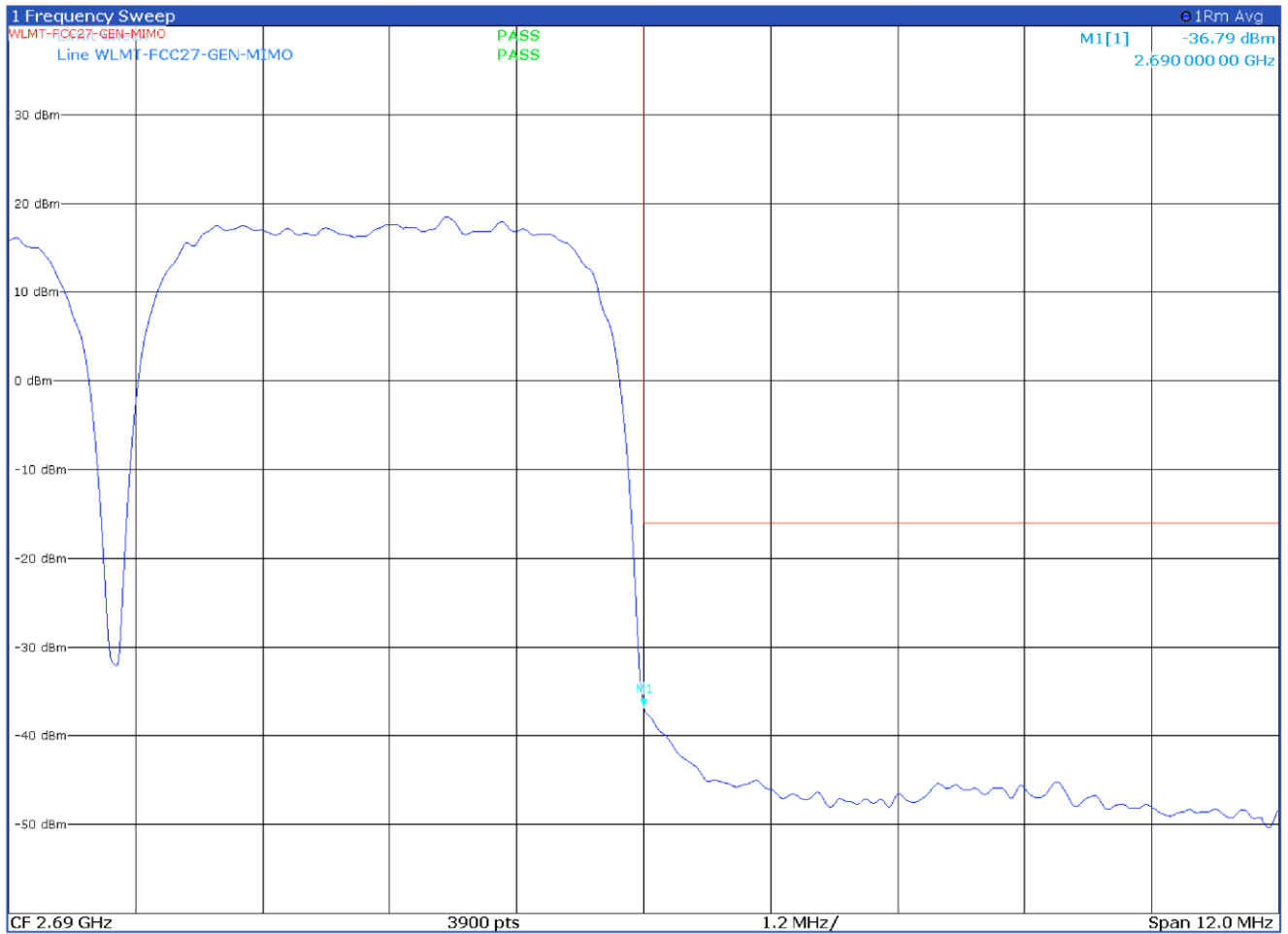
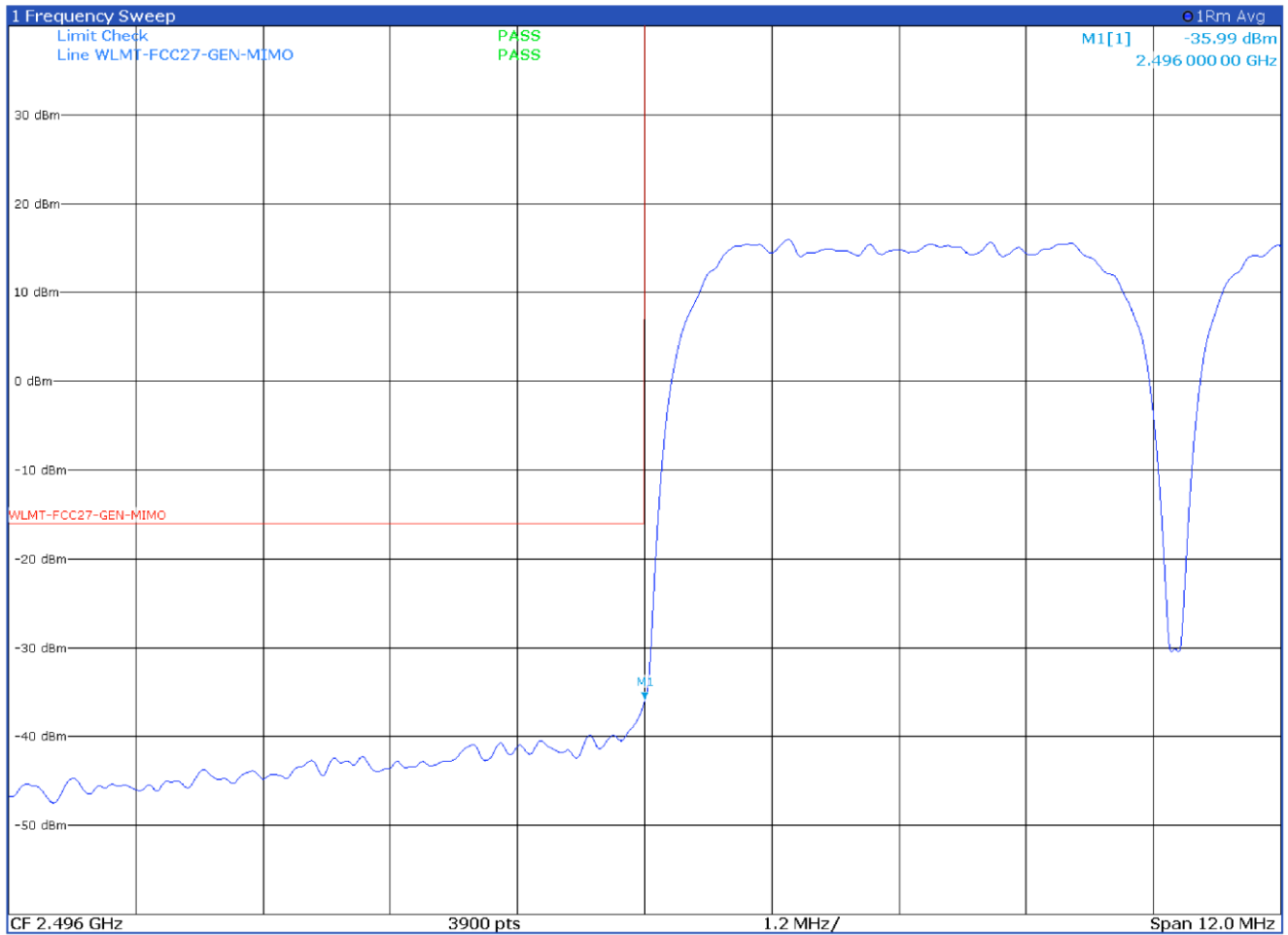


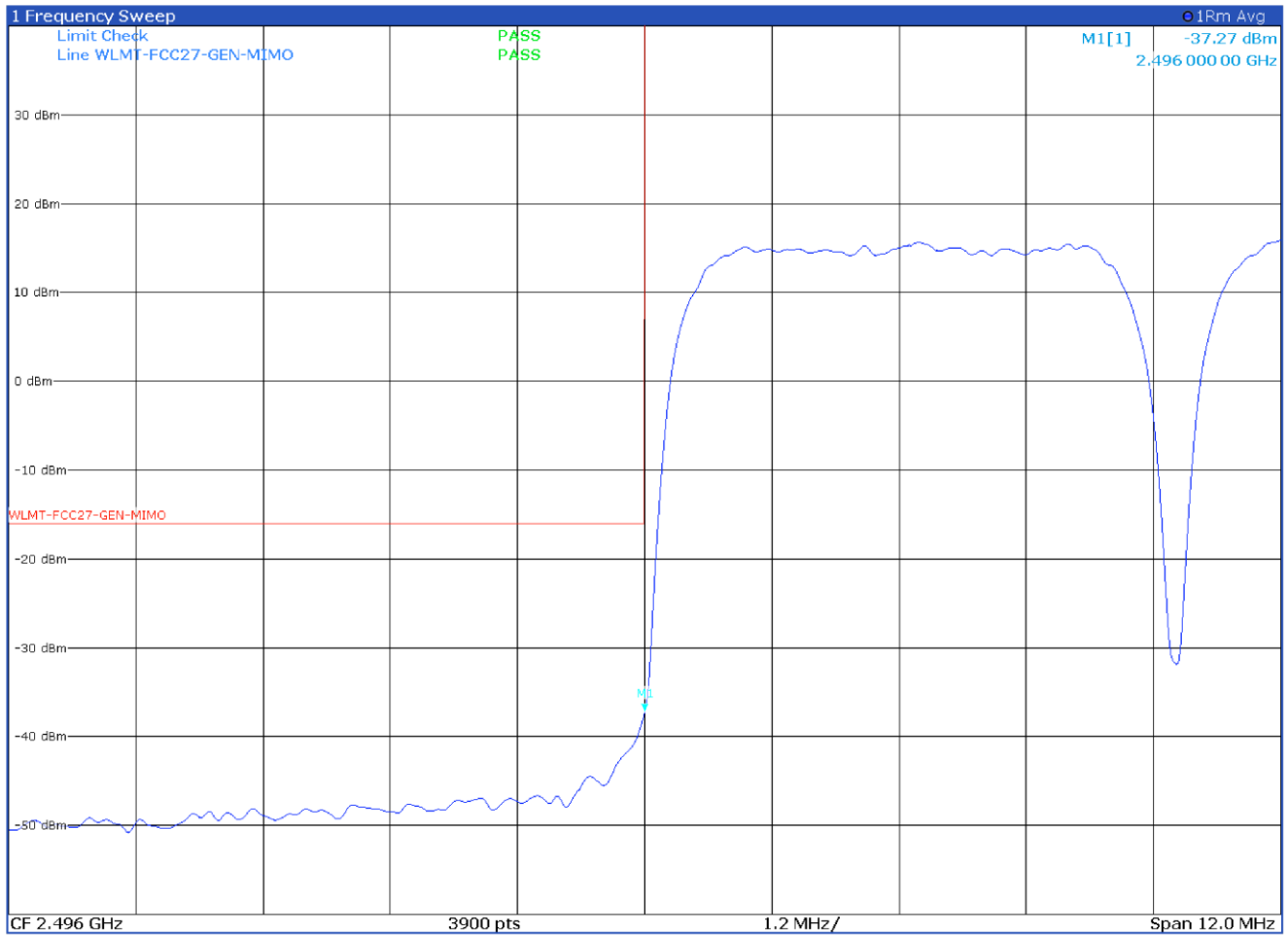
Figure 8.5-6: Antenna port 2 upper block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-7:** Antenna port 2 lower block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-8:** Antenna port 2 lower block edge intermodulation products with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued

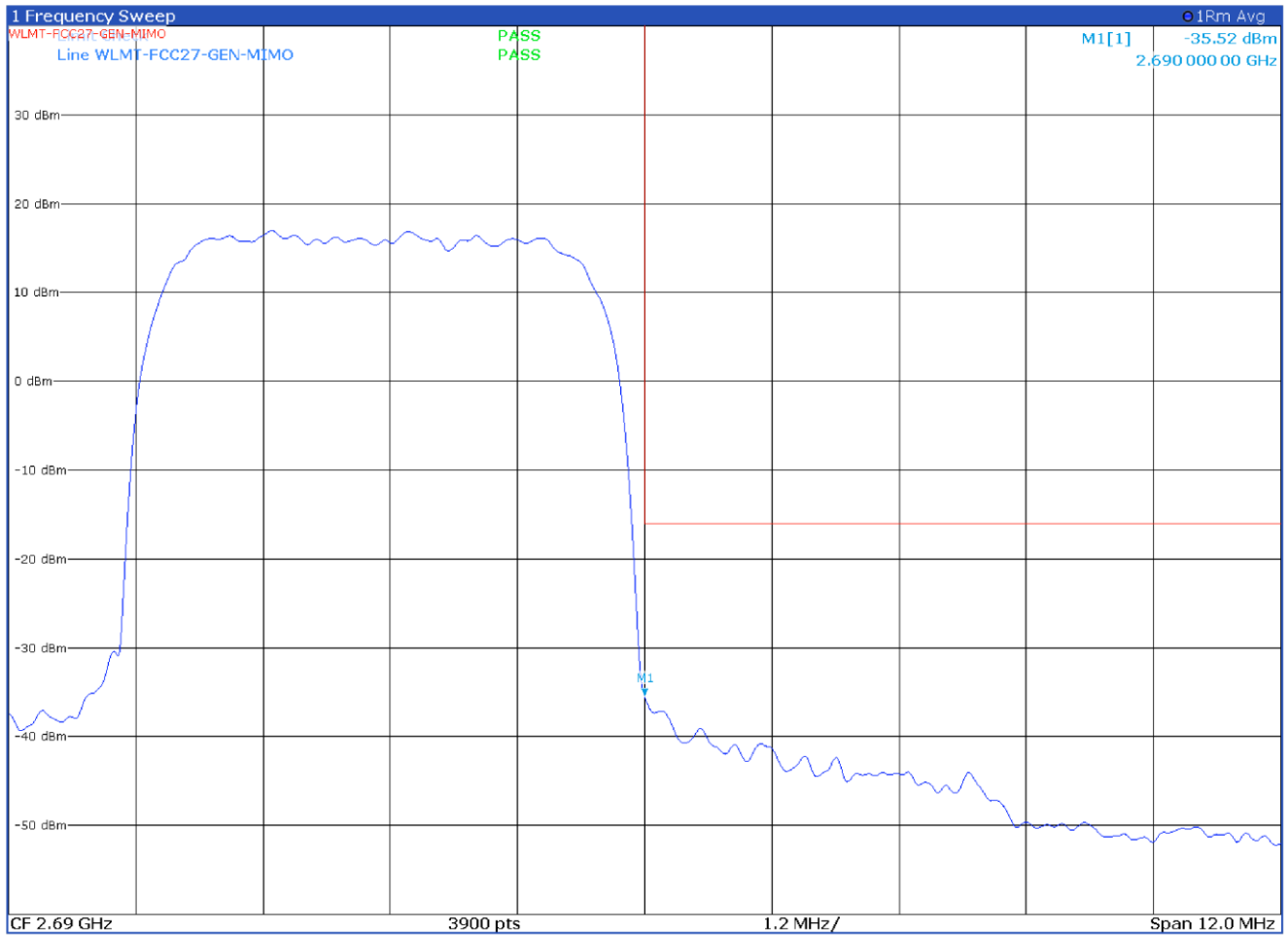


Figure 8.5-9: Antenna port 1 single carrier upper block edge with input signal at AGC threshold



Test data, continued

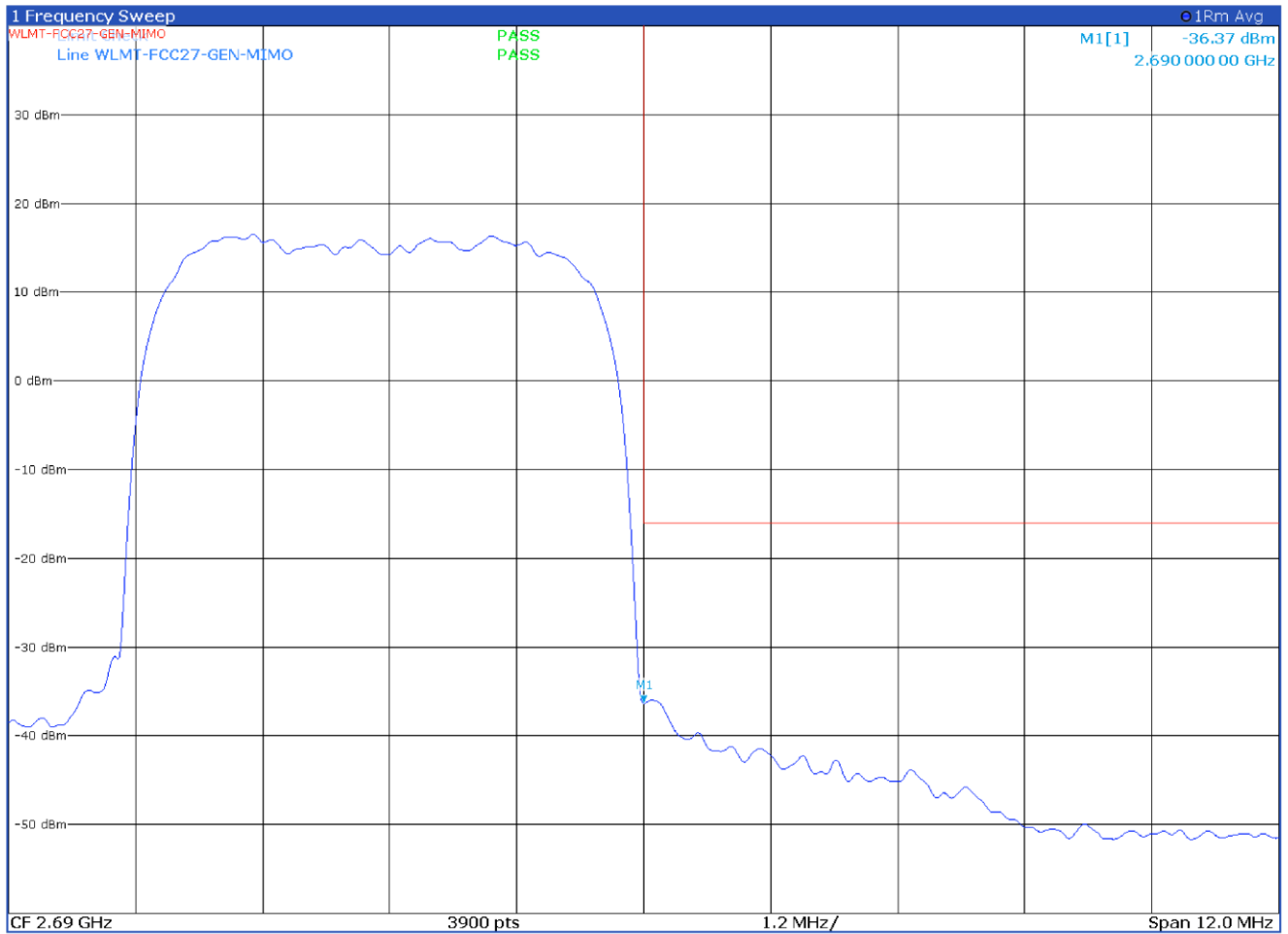
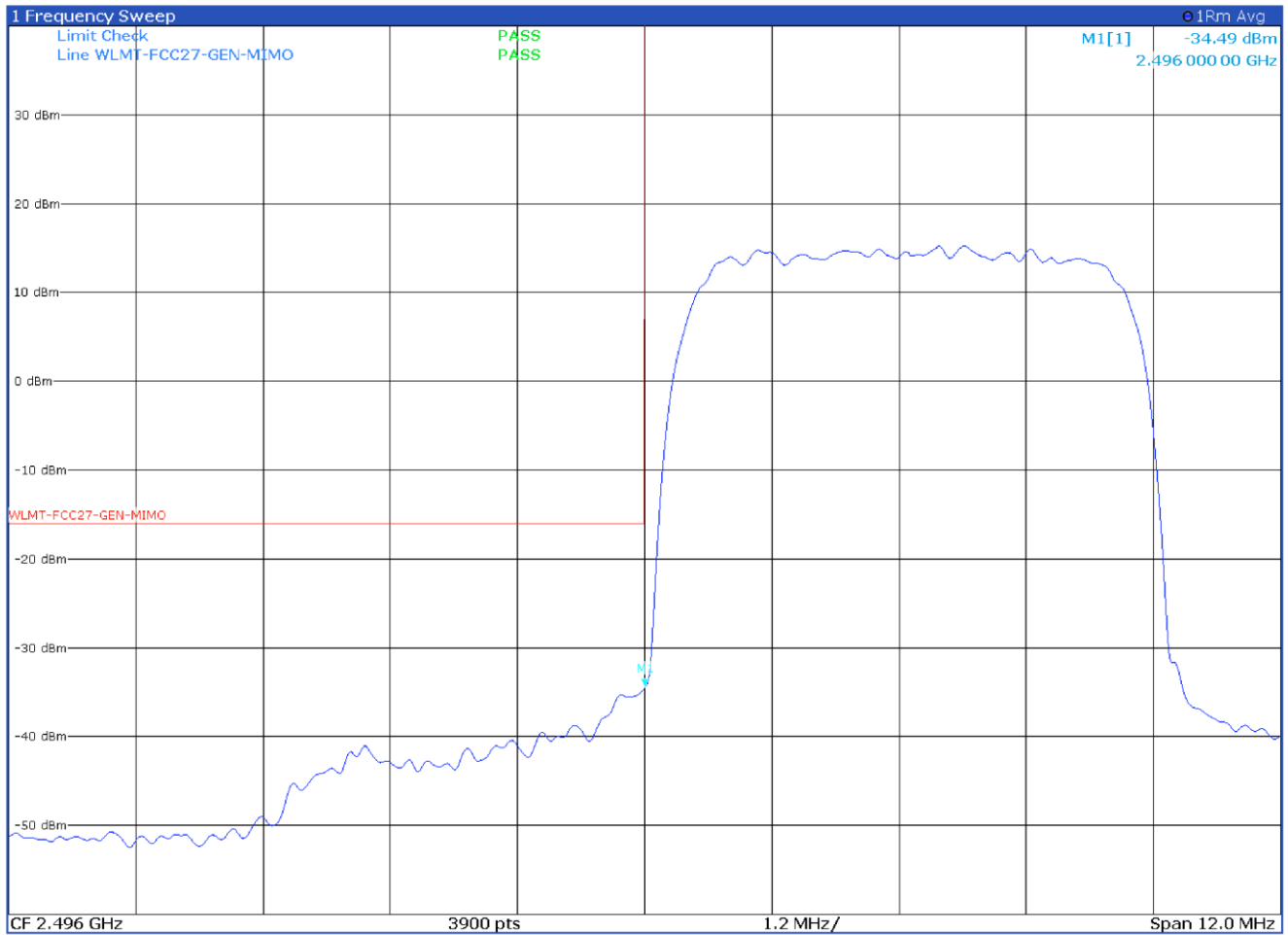


Figure 8.5-10: Antenna port 1 single carrier upper block edge with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-11:** Antenna port 1 single carrier lower block edge with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued

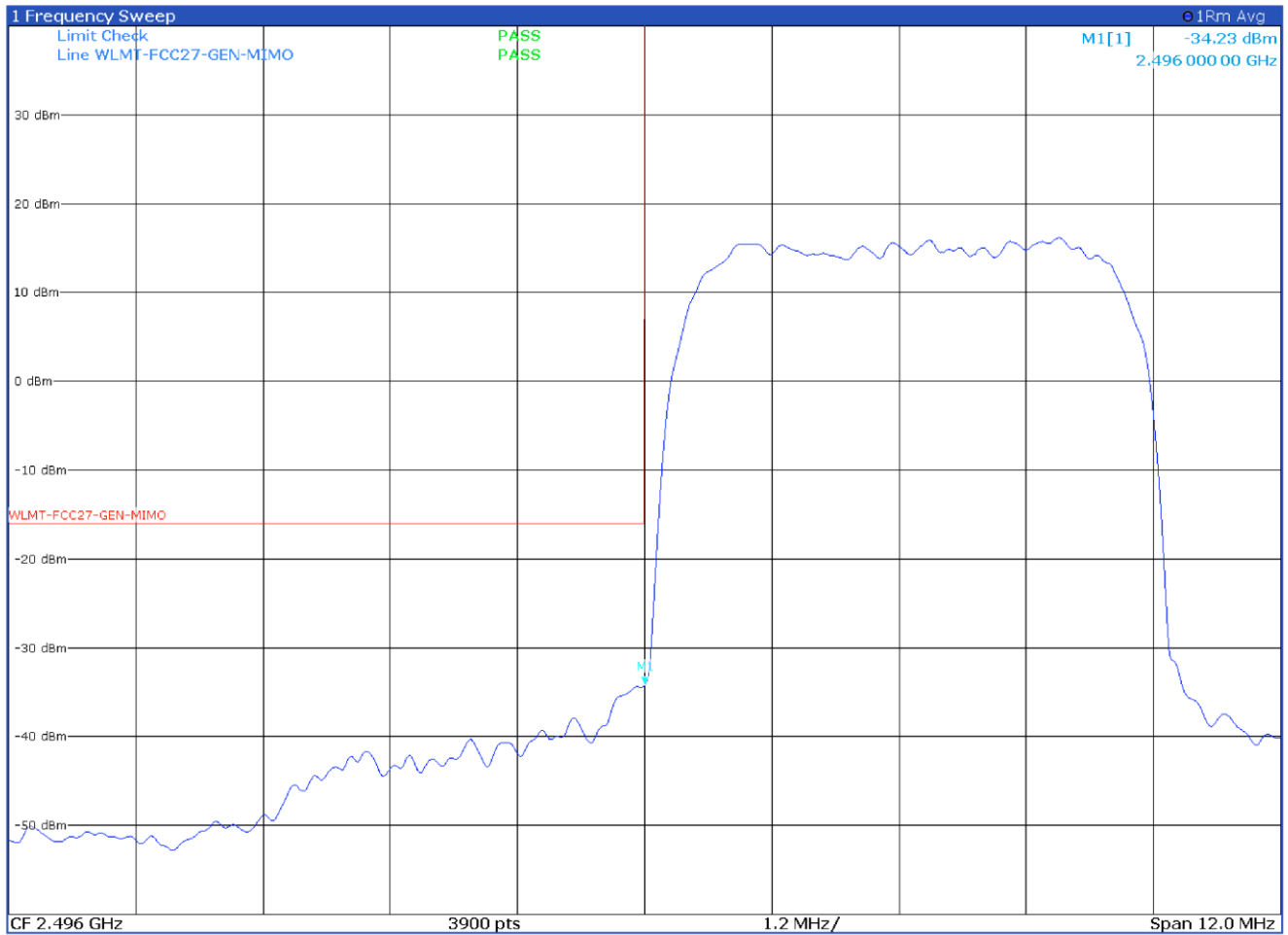
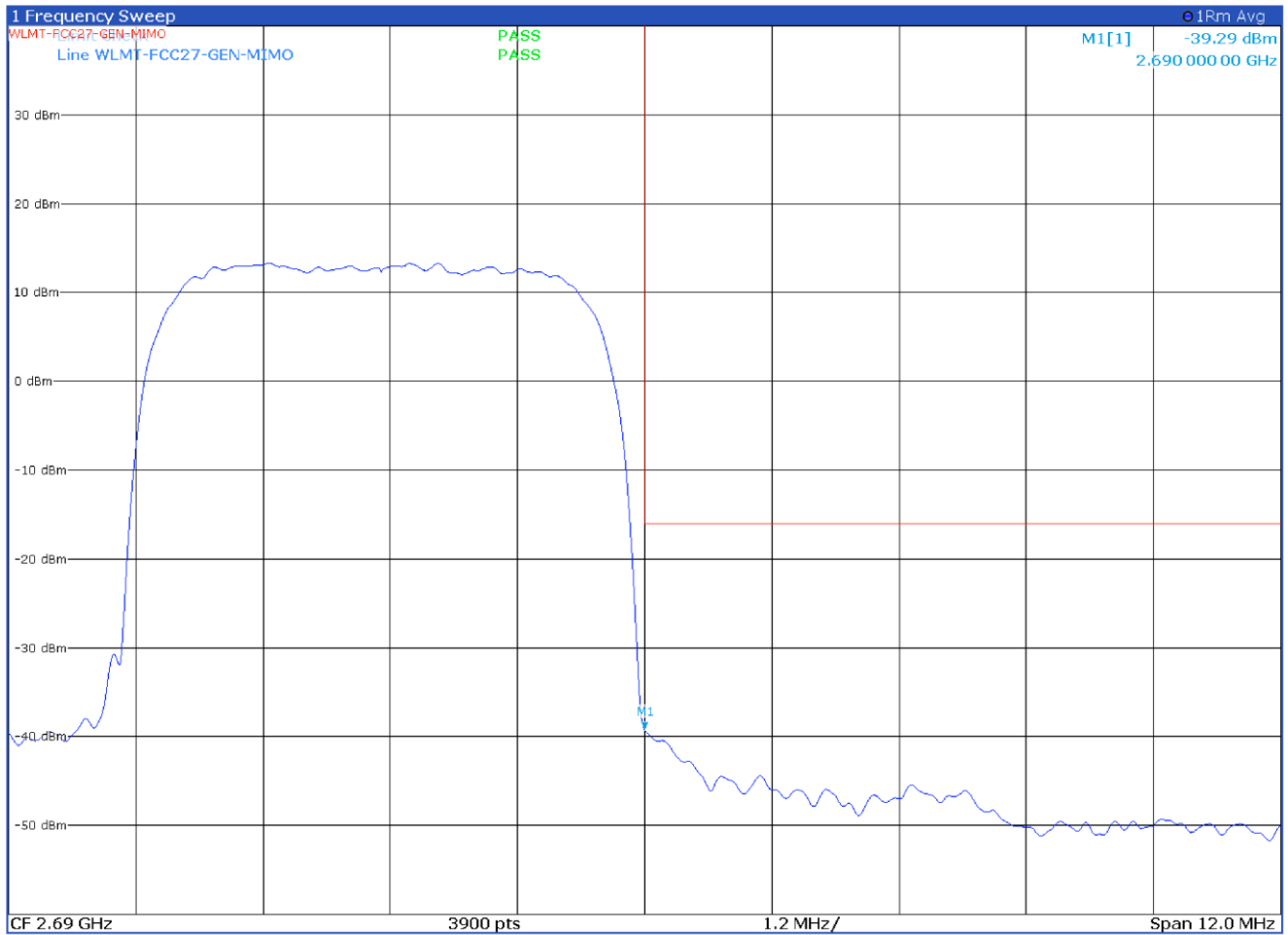


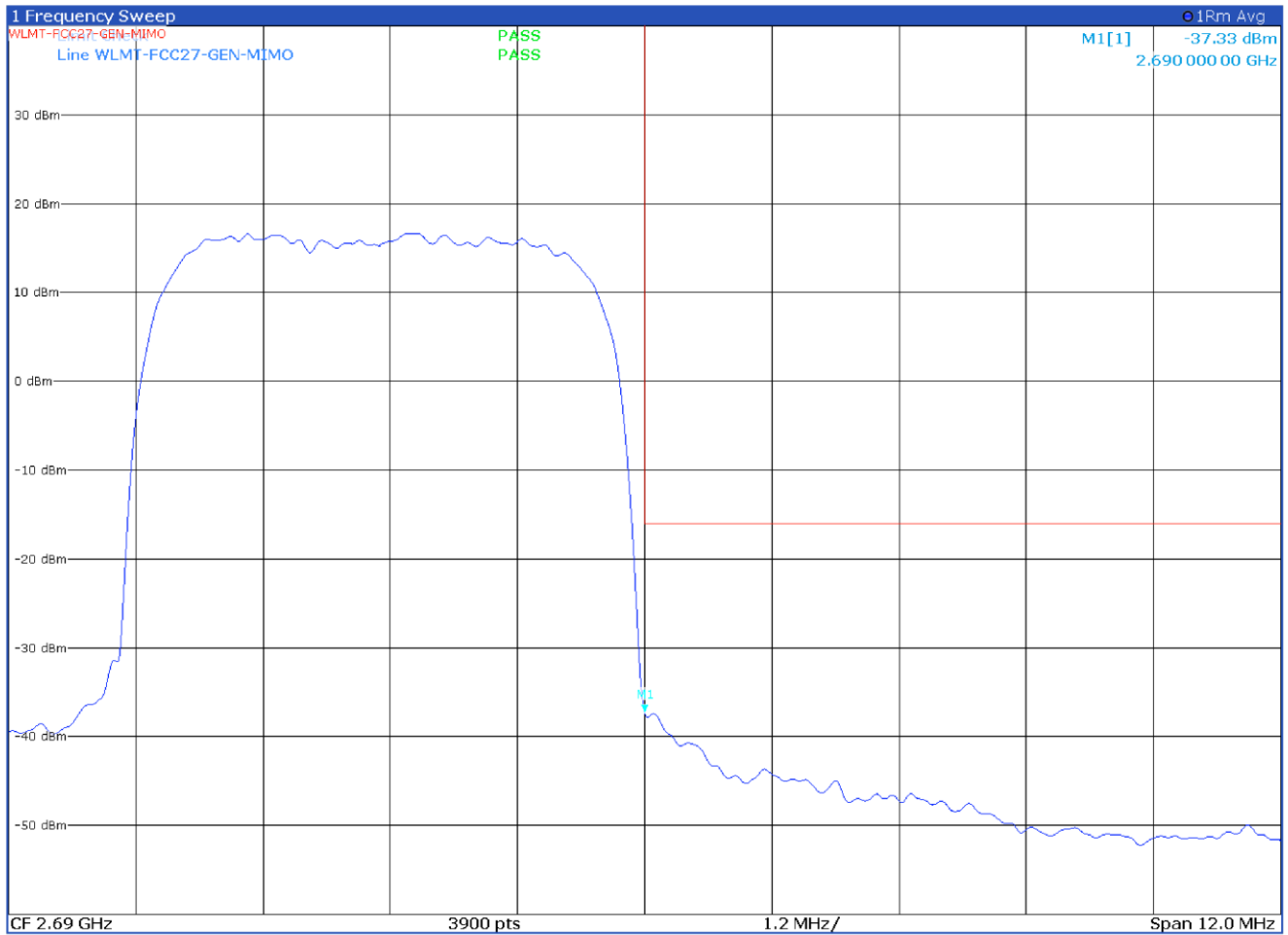
Figure 8.5-12: Antenna port 1 single carrier lower block edge with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued



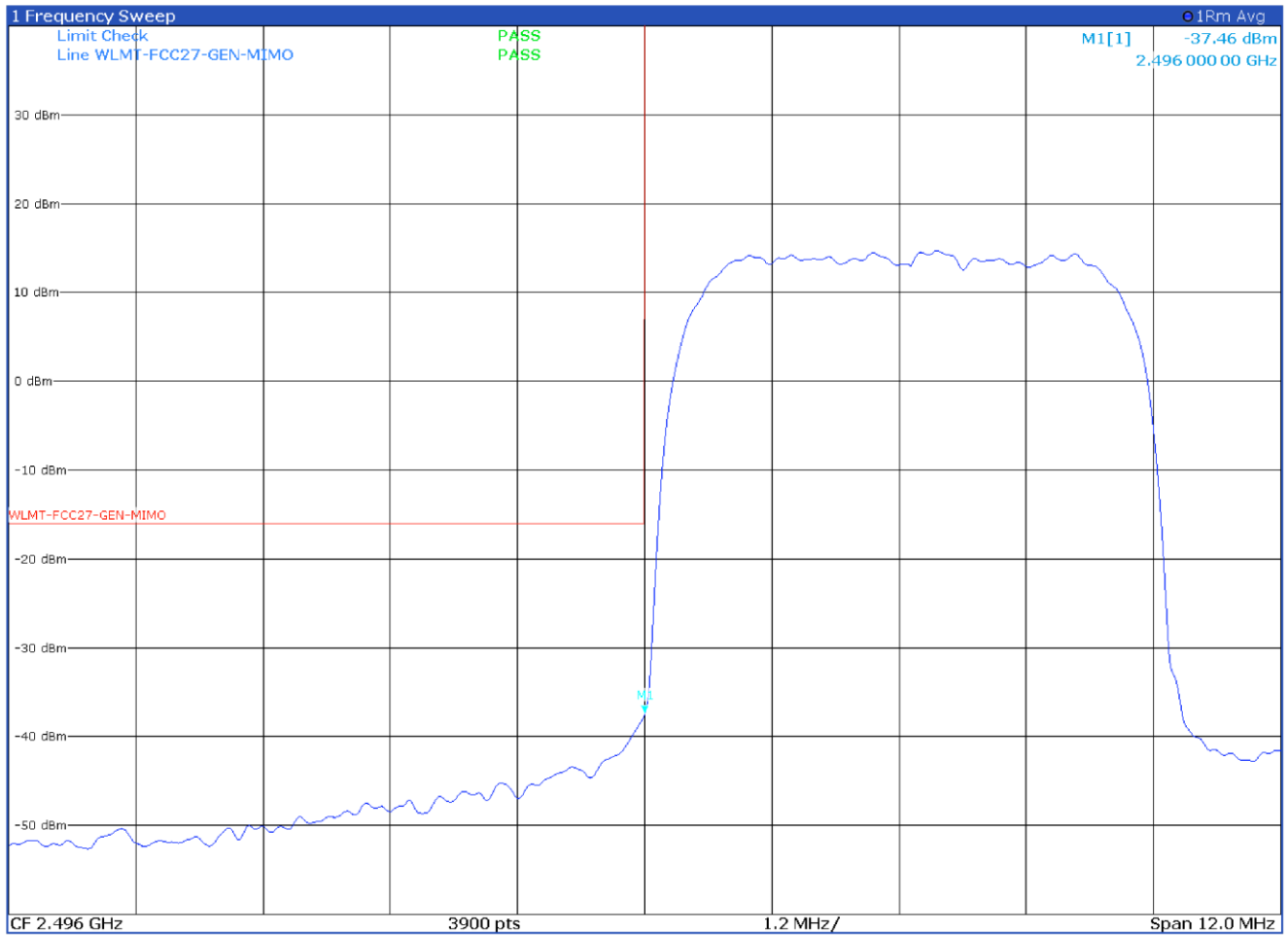
**Figure 8.5-13:** Antenna port 2 single carrier upper block edge with input signal at AGC threshold

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-14:** Antenna port 2 single carrier upper block edge with input signal at AGC threshold +3 dB

Test data, continued



**Figure 8.5-15:** Antenna port 2 single carrier lower block edge with input signal at AGC threshold