## RF Exposure Info / MPE Sample Calculation

## Model: ION-M17EHP/19P <br> FCC-ID: XS5-M17EHP19P

The ION-M17EHP/19P is a multi-band multi-operator Remote Unit with various Extension Units (EUs). It is used in conjunction with a Master Unit (MU) in the ION optical distribution system. This system transports multiple frequency bands simultaneously ( 1900 MHz and $1700 / 2100 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), providing a cost-effective solution for distributing capacity from one or more base stations. By supporting the entire AWS-3 spectrum, faster and more reliable wireless service is ensured and network quality can be improved The ION-M17EHP/19P transports signals on the RF layer in a very inexpensive manner. This means that multiple operators and multiple technologies are moved simultaneously from a cluster of base stations to a remote location over the same fiber.

The ION optical distribution system is a cost-effective coverage solution for dense urban areas, tunnels, subway, airports, convention centers, high-rise buildings and other locations where physical structures increase path loss. It has been specifically designed to reduce zoning problems and to provide homogeneous coverage. The compact, mechanical design is specifically architected to mount inside of poles or alongside structures in such a way that it has a minimal visual impact.

The specific device generally will be professionally installed.
Hereby the gain of the finally installed antenna(s), cable attenuation and antenna height will be defined site specific at the time of licensing with the appropriate FCC Bureau(s).

The maximum permissible exposure limit is defined in 47 CFR 1.1310 (B).
$\mathrm{S}=$ power density limit [W/m]
$\mathrm{P}=$ power [W]
$\mathrm{R}=$ distance $[\mathrm{m}]$
$S_{n}=\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi R_{n}{ }^{2}} \Rightarrow R_{n}=\sqrt{\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi S_{n}}}$ (to calculate the distance at one frequency)
If we have more bands, than we have to calculated as a percentage:
The additional of the terms have to be lower than 1.
$\frac{S_{c a l 1}}{S_{1}}+\frac{S_{c a l 2}}{S_{2}}+\frac{S_{c a l 3}}{S_{3}}+\ldots .+\frac{S_{c a l n}}{S_{n}}<1$
$\frac{\frac{P_{1} G_{1}}{4 \pi R_{1}{ }^{2}}}{S_{1}}+\frac{\frac{P_{2} G_{2}}{4 \pi R_{2}{ }^{2}}}{S_{2}}+\frac{\frac{P_{3} G_{3}}{4 \pi R_{3}{ }^{2}}}{S_{3}}+\ldots .+\frac{\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi R_{n}{ }^{2}}}{S_{n}}<1$

We are looking for a distance of ensures that the formula is satisfied.
$R_{1}=R_{2}=R_{3}=\ldots=R_{n}$
$\frac{P_{1} G_{1}}{4 \pi R^{2} S_{1}}+\frac{P_{2} G_{2}}{4 \pi R^{2} S_{2}}+\frac{P_{3} G_{3}}{4 \pi R^{2} S_{3}}+\ldots+\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi R^{2} S_{n}}<1$
$\frac{P_{1} G_{1}}{4 \pi S_{1}}+\frac{P_{2} G_{2}}{4 \pi S_{2}}+\frac{P_{3} G_{3}}{4 \pi S_{3}}+\ldots+\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi S_{n}}<R^{2}$
$\sqrt{\frac{P_{1} G_{1}}{4 \pi S_{1}}+\frac{P_{2} G_{2}}{4 \pi S_{2}}+\frac{P_{3} G_{3}}{4 \pi S_{3}}+\ldots+\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi S_{n}}}<R$
$\sqrt{R_{1}{ }^{2}+R_{2}{ }^{2}+R_{3}{ }^{2}+\ldots+R_{n}{ }^{2}}<R$

## What you have to do for calculate the minimum distance were the power density limit is met:

1) If you have one path, you have to put you special values in the following formula.
$R_{n}=\sqrt{\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi S_{n}}} \quad$ (Distance for one carrier)
Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposures

| Frequency Range $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Power Density $\left(\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $300-1500$ | $\mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{f} / 1500$ |
| $1550-100,000$ | $\mathrm{~S}=1$ |

2) If you have more than one path, you must add the individual terms quadratic.
$R_{n}=\sqrt{\frac{P_{n} G_{n}}{4 \pi S_{n}}}$
(Distance for individual carrier)
$\sqrt{R_{1}{ }^{2}+R_{2}{ }^{2}+R_{3}{ }^{2}+\ldots+R_{n}{ }^{2}}<R \quad$ (See previous page)

For example:

The EUT operates in the 2 frequency bands:

Calculation for every path with maximum allowed antenna gain and without cable loss:

| Frequency [MHz] | Max Power out [dBm] | antenna gain, without cable <br> loss [dBi] | Max. Distance [m] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1930 | 42.5 | 9 | 0.3353 |
| 2110 | 45.5 | 9 | 0.4736 |

The worst case would be if all bands were active:
$\sqrt{R_{1}^{2}+R_{2}^{2}+R_{3}^{2}+\ldots+R_{n}{ }^{2}}<R$
$\underline{R}_{\text {all }}>0.474 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ (see previous page for derivation)

For more accurate calculation, the cable loss and actual antenna gain have to be included in the finally system.
The antenna(s) used with device must be fixed-mounted on permanent structures with a distance to any human body to comply with the RF Exposure limit.

