



## ECL-TA Test Report No.: 20-022

Designation:	CAP H 80-85_17E_19_26 F-AC-F1-APE, Band 25
Manufacturer:	Andrew
Serial No(s):	BGCHIA2043001
ID No.	7841153-0001
Test Specification(s):	ANSI 63.26:2015 FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR, Part 20:2019-10-01
Test Plan:	Measurement of Band 25, downlink.
<b>Test Result:</b>	<b>Passed</b>

Date of issue:	2021-01-27		Signature:
Version:	01	Technical	
Date of delivery:	2020-12	Reviewer:	
Performance date:	2020-12-16. – 2021-01-19	Report Reviewer:	



Deutsche  
Akkreditierungsstelle  
D-PL-12024-06-02

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Commscope

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**Versions management:**

V01.00

Initial release



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# 1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

## 1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

### **Type of Authorization**

Certification for an Industrial Signal Booster.

### **Applicable FCC Rules**

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2, 20 and 24. The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 20, Commercial Mobile Services

§ 20.21 Signal Boosters

Part 24, Subpart E – Broadband PCS

§ 24.232 – Power and antenna height limits

§ 24.235 – Frequency stability

§ 24.238 – Emission limitations for broadband PCS equipment

The tests were selected and performed with reference to:

- FCC Public Notice 935210 applying "Signal Boosters Basic Certification Requirements" 935210 D02, 2019-15-04.
- FCC Public Notice 935210 applying "Measurement guidance for industrial and non-consumer signal booster, repeater and amplifier devices" 935210 D05, 2019-04-03.
- FCC Public Notice 971168 applying "Measurement guidance for certification of licensed digital transmitters" 971168 D01, 2019-04-09.
- ANSI C63.26: 2015



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**Summary Test Results:**

**The EUT complies with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary/Signatures.**

1.2 FCC-ISED CORRELATION TABLE

**Correlation of measurement requirements for  
Industrial Signal Booster from FCC and ISED Canada**

<b>Measurement</b>	<b>FCC reference</b>	<b>ISED reference</b>
Effective radiated power, mean output power and zone enhancer gain	§ 2.1046 § 24.232 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.5	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.3 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.4 SRSP-510, Issue 5, 5.1.1
Peak to Average Ratio	§ 24.232	RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.4
Occupied bandwidth Input-versus-output spectrum	§ 2.1049 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.4	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.2
Conducted spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal	§ 2.1051 § 24.238 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Out-of-band emissions limits	§ 2.1051 § 24.238 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Frequency stability	§ 2.1055 § 24.235	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.4 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.3
Field strength of spurious radiation	§ 2.1053 § 24.236	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Out-of-band rejection	KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.3	RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.1
All measurements	ANSI 63.26	ANSI 63.26

The test case frequency stability was not performed since the EUT is not equipped with signal processing capabilities. According KDB 935210 D05 in this case a measurement is not required.



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1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY/SIGNATURES

Downlink frequencies: 1930 MHz to 1995 MHz

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base § 2.1046, § 24.232 Stations/Repeater]

Effective Radiated Power, mean output power and zone enhancer gain
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.5

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type
BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

Table with 2 columns: FCC, IC. Rows show 'Passed' for all configurations.

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base § 24.232 Stations/Repeater]

Peak to Average Ratio
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type
BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

Table with 2 columns: FCC, IC. Rows show 'Passed' for all configurations.

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1049 Stations/Repeater]

Occupied Bandwidth/Input-versus-output Spectrum
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.4

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type
BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband
BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

Table with 2 columns: FCC, IC. Rows show 'Passed' for all configurations.



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47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base § 2.1051, § 24.238 Stations/Repeater]

Conducted spurious emissions at antenna terminals
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type

Table with 3 columns: Test Description, FCC, IC. Rows include BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband; BAND 25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband; BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband; BAND 25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband.

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base § 2.1051, § 24.238 Stations/Repeater]

Out-of-band emission limits
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

Final Result

OP-Mode

Band Edge, Frequency Band, Number of signals, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type

Table with 3 columns: Test Description, FCC, IC. Rows include Lower and Upper bands for BAND 25, 1 and 2, with RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband, and Wideband.



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### **47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater] KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.3**

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Out-of-band rejection

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.3 **Final Result**

#### **OP-Mode**

Frequency Band, Direction

BAND 25, RF downlink

#### **Setup**

**FCC**

**IC**

Passed

Passed

### **47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater] § 2.1053, § 24.236**

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Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26 **Final Result**

#### **OP-Mode**

Frequency Band, Test Frequency, Direction

BAND 25, high, RF downlink

BAND 25, low, RF downlink

BAND 25, mid, RF downlink

**FCC**

**IC**

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed





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## **2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA**

### **2.1 TESTING LABORATORY**

Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH  
Thurn-und-Taxis-Straße 18  
D-90411 Nürnberg  
Tel.: +49 40 74041 0  
Fax: +49 40 74041-2755

### **2.2 APPLICANT DATA**

Company Name: Commscope  
Andrew Wireless Systems GmbH

Address: Industriering 10  
86675 Buchdorf  
Germany

Contact Person: Mr. Frank Futter

### **2.3 MANUFACTURER DATA**

Company Name: Please see applicant data.

Address:



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### 3 TEST OBJECT DATA

#### 3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Cellular Repeater
Product name	Cellular Repeater
Type	
<b>Declared EUT data by the supplier</b>	
General Product Description	The EUT is an industrial signal booster supporting the following: Band 25: downlink: 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; uplink: 1850 MHz to 1915 MHz  A RF operation is supported for downlink.
Booster Type	Industrial Signal Booster
Voltage Type	AC/50 Hz - 60 Hz
Voltage Level	100 V - 240 V
Nominal Output Donor Port [Uplink]	-----
Nominal Output Server Port [Downlink]	42.5 dBm
Nominal Gain [Uplink]	-----
Nominal Gain [Downlink]	37.5 dB

**The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.**



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### 3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

<b>Sample Name</b>	<b>FCC-ID</b>	<b>ISED-ID</b>
	XS5-CAPH8171926	2237E-CAPH8171926
<b>Sample Parameter</b>	<b>Value</b>	
Serial Number	BGCHIA2043001	
HW Version	7841153-0001	
SW Version	SW 2.8.2.42	
Comment	-----	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

### 3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

<b>Device</b>	<b>Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)</b>	<b>Description</b>
-	-	-



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### 3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

<b>Device</b>	<b>Details (Manufacturer; Type; S/N)</b>	<b>Description</b>
AUX1	Lineage Power; SP800; XK20007	Rack in Conjunction with AUX 2 and AUX 3
AUX2	Cherokee International; CAR1212FPBC-Z;AF09676	Power Supply
AUX 3	Lineage Power; CP2000AC54TEP; CC109167565	Power Supply
AUX4	Commscope; ION-E WCS-2; SZAEAJ1819A0009	Subrack in Conjunction with AUX 5,6. 7, 8 and 9
AUX5	Commscope; ION-E OPT; SZBEAD1722A0035	Optical Card
AUX6	Avago; AFBR 7095MZ 850 nm; AD170230AM1	O/E-Converter
AUX7	Commscope; 7642124-ENG-03; (e1)MA22	LAN System Interface
AUX8	Commscope; ION-E RFD; SZBEAG1825A0002	RF Card
AUX9	Commscope; ION-E RFD; SZBEAG1825A0012	RF Card



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### 3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

<b>Setup</b>	<b>Combination of EUTs</b>	<b>Description and Rationale</b>
		Setup for all tests

### OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUT used for testing.

#### 3.5.1 TEST CHANNELS

<b>Band [MHz]</b>	<b>Direction</b>	<b>Lower Frequency Band Edge [MHz]</b>	<b>Upper Frequency Band Edge [MHz]</b>	<b>Center Frequency [MHz]</b>	<b>Output-Port</b>
1930 – 1995	downlink	1930.00	1995.00	1962.50	ANT



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### 3.5.2 AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL LEVELS

AGC Levels							
Band [MHz]	Direction	Signal Type	AGC Start Pin [dBm]	AGC Start Pin -0.3 dB [dBm]	AGC Start Pin +3 dB [dBm]	Frequency [MHz]	Frequency
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Narrowband	5.8	5.5	8.8	1962.50	Mid
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Wideband	6.4	6.1	9.4	1962.50	
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Narrowband	8.3	8.0	11.3	1930.20	Low
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Wideband	8.1	7.8	11.1	1932.50	
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Narrowband	8.3	8.0	11.3	1994.80	High
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Wideband	7.7	7.4	10.7	1992.50	
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Narrowband	6.8	6.5	9.8	1964.00	Max.Power
1930 - 1995	Downlink	Wideband	6.2	5.9	9.2	1964.00	

Remark:

If the measured frequency  $f_0$  for the max power has a too low distance to the band edges, because in the tests modulated signals must be used: The next possible frequency to the according band edge is used.

For example for minimum distances to the band edges:

GSM-Signal (narrowband): 0.2 MHz

AWGN-signal (wideband): 2.5 MHz

## 3.6 PRODUCT LABELLING

### 3.6.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

### 3.6.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

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### 4 TEST RESULTS

#### 4.1 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, MEAN OUTPUT POWER AND ZONE ENHANCER GAIN

Standard FCC PART 24, § 24.232

**The test was performed according to:**

ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.5

**Test date:** 2020-12-16

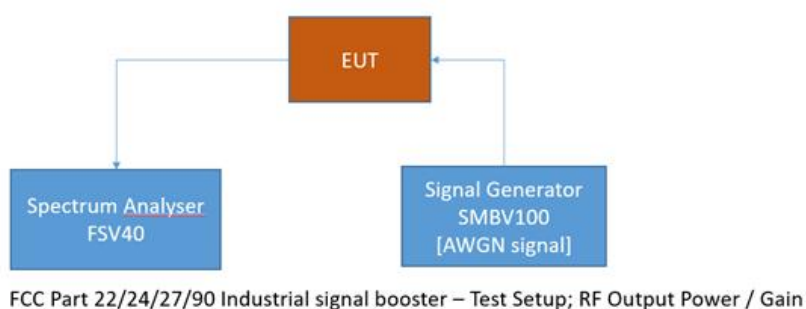
**Environmental conditions:** 23 ° C; 34 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Gerngroß

##### 4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters per FCC § 24.232, RSS-133 with subpart 6.4 and SRSP-510 with subpart 5.1.1.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



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**4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS: ABSTRACTS FROM STANDARDS**

**Part 24; Personal Communication Services**

**Subpart E – Broadband PCS**

**§ 24.232**

Abstract § 24.232 from FCC:

**§ 24.232 Power and antenna height limits.**

(a)(1) Base stations with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 1640 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.

(2) Base stations with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 1640 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.

(3) Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters HAAT with a corresponding reduction in power; see Tables 1 and 2 of this section.

(4) The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §§24.236 and 24.237 apply.

**TABLE 1—REDUCED POWER FOR BASE STATION ANTENNA HEIGHTS OVER 300 METERS, WITH EMISSION BANDWIDTH OF 1 MHz OR LESS**

HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts
≤300	1640
≤500	1070
≤1000	490
≤1500	270
≤2000	160

**TABLE 2—REDUCED POWER FOR BASE STATION ANTENNA HEIGHTS OVER 300 METERS, WITH EMISSION BANDWIDTH GREATER THAN 1 MHz**

HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts/MHz
≤300	1640
≤500	1070
≤1000	490
≤1500	270
≤2000	160





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- (b)(1) Base stations that are located in counties with population densities of 100 persons or fewer per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 3280 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT.
- (2) Base stations that are located in counties with population densities of 100 persons or fewer per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 3280 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT.
- (3) Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters HAAT with a corresponding reduction in power; see Tables 3 and 4 of this section.
- (4) The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §§24.236 and 24.237 apply.

**TABLE 3—REDUCED POWER FOR BASE STATION ANTENNA HEIGHTS OVER 300 METERS, WITH EMISSION BANDWIDTH OF 1 MHz OR LESS**

HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts
≤300	3280
≤500	2140
≤1000	980
≤1500	540
≤2000	320

**TABLE 4—REDUCED POWER FOR BASE STATION ANTENNA HEIGHTS OVER 300 METERS, WITH EMISSION BANDWIDTH GREATER THAN 1 MHz**

HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts/MHz
≤300	3280
≤500	2140
≤1000	980
≤1500	540
≤2000	320



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Abstract RSS-133 from ISED:

**RSS-133; 6.4 Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power**

The equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) for transmitters shall not exceed the limits given in SRSP-510.

Abstract SRSP-510 from ISED:

**SRSP-510; 5.1 Radiated Power and Antenna Height Limits**

**5.1.1 Base Stations**

For base stations with channel bandwidth equal to or less than 1 MHz, the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is limited to 3280 watts with an antenna height above average terrain (HAAT) up to 300 metres. Base stations operating in urban areas<sup>4</sup> are limited to a maximum allowable e.i.r.p. of 1640 watts. Base station antenna heights above average terrain may exceed 300 metres with a corresponding reduction in e.i.r.p. according to the following table:

<b>HAAT<sup>5</sup>(in metres)</b>	<b>Maximum e.i.r.p. (watts)</b>
≤ 300	3280 or 1640 <sup>6</sup>
≤ 500	1070
≤ 1000	490
≤ 1500	270
≤ 2000	160

<sup>2</sup> FDD is a technology that permits transmission and reception of signals on two different frequencies separated in the frequency spectrum by a predetermined value (80 MHz in the case of PCS).

<sup>3</sup> TDD is a technology that permits transmission and reception of signals on the same frequency by alternating time slots for transmission and reception.

<sup>4</sup> Urban areas are defined in Statistics Canada Census Dictionary and in *A National Overview – Population and Dwelling Counts (Data Products: 1996 Census of Population)*, Catalogue number 93-357-XPB.

<sup>5</sup> HAAT: height above average terrain, determined by subtracting average terrain elevation from antenna height above mean sea level.

<sup>6</sup> See paragraphs 1 and 2 of section 5.1.1.



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For base stations with a channel bandwidth greater than 1 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. is limited to 3280 watts/MHz e.i.r.p. (i.e., no more than 3280 watts e.i.r.p. in any 1 MHz band segment) with an antenna height above average terrain (HAAT) up to 300 metres. Fixed or base stations operating in urban areas are limited to a maximum allowable e.i.r.p. of 1640 watts/MHz e.i.r.p. Base station antenna heights above average terrain may exceed 300 metres with a corresponding reduction in e.i.r.p. according to the following table:

<b>HAAT</b>	<b><sup>5</sup> (in metres)</b>	<b>Maximum e.i.r.p. (watts per MHz)</b>
	≤ 300	3280 or 1640 <sup>6</sup>
	≤ 500	1070
	≤ 1000	490
	≤ 1500	270
	≤ 2000	160

Base stations transmitting in the lower sub-band shall comply with the power limits set forth in section 5.1.2, i.e. the same as mobile stations.

The service area boundary limit specified in section 6 applies.



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4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

FCC Table

Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink							
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power [dBm]	Limit Average Output Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Gain [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1964.00	5.9	42.0	52.0	10.0	36.1
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1964.00	5.9	42.0	52.0	10.0	32.8
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1964.00	5.9	41.9	52.0	10.1	35.4
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1964.00	5.9	41.9	52.0	10.1	32.1

For the output power limit the lowest value of the FCC table from § 24.232 is taken. This is 160 watts which equates 52.0 dBm according the given formula:

$$p_{dBm} = 10 \log_{10} \frac{160 W}{0.001 W} = 52.0 \text{ dBm}$$

ISED Table

Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink							
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power [W]	Limit Average Output Power [W]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Gain [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1964.00	5.9	15.8	160	10.1	36.1
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1964.00	5.9	16.0	160	10.0	32.8
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1964.00	5.9	15.6	160	10.1	35.4
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1964.00	5.9	15.6	160	10.1	32.1

For the output power limit the value of the ISED table at a height up to 2000 m from SRSP-510; 5.1 is taken.

Remark:  
Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



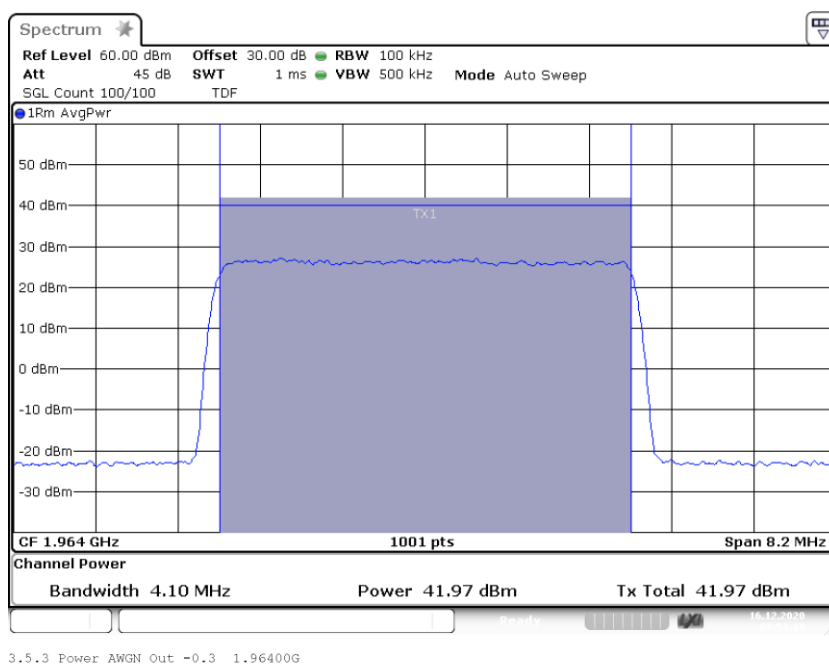
### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-F1-APE, Band 25

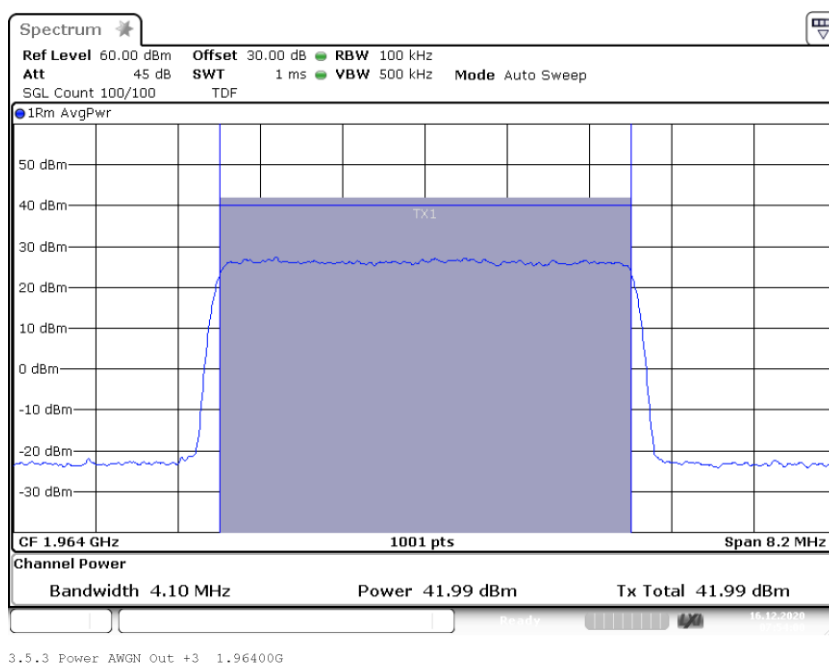
## 4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT

### FCC Plots

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: AWGN; Output Power 0.3 dB < AGC



Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: AWGN; Output Power 3 dB > AGC



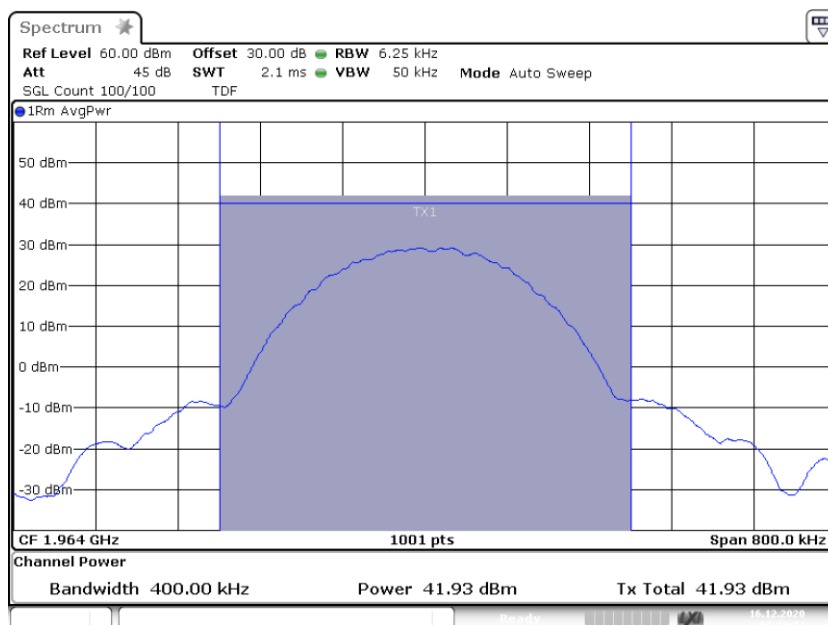


BUREAU  
VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

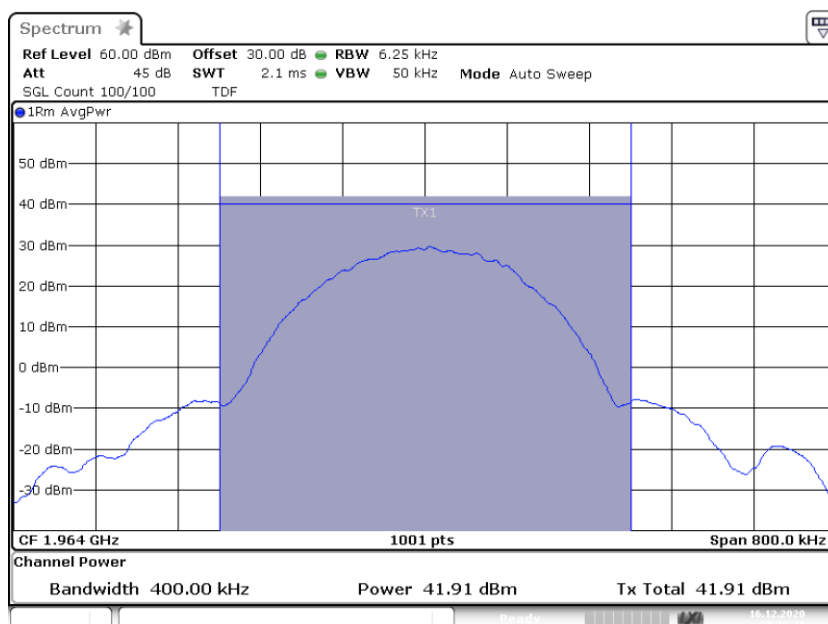
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: GSM;  
Input Power 0.3 dB < AGC



3.5.3 Power GSM Out -0.3 1.96400G

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: GSM; Output Power  
3 dB > AGC



3.5.3 Power GSM Out +3 1.96400G



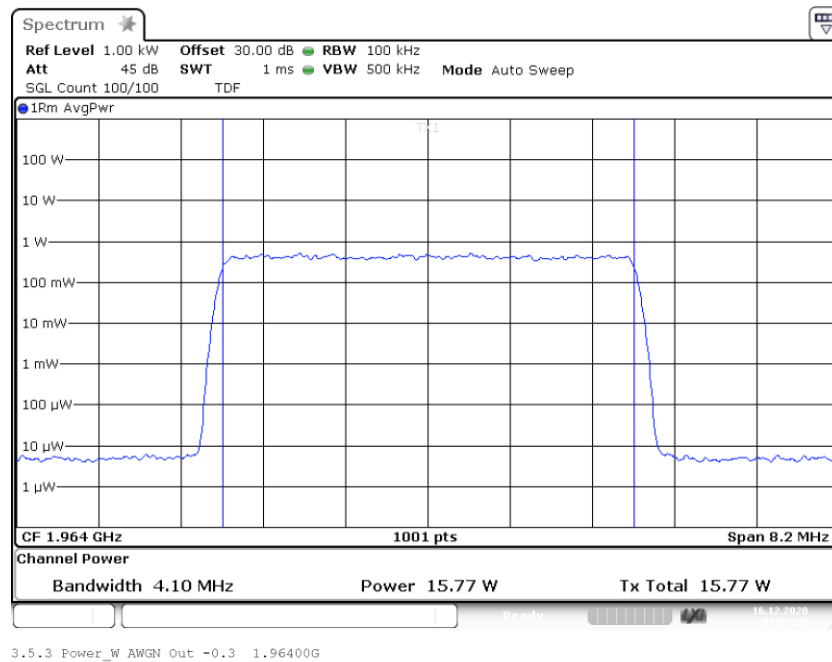
BUREAU  
VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

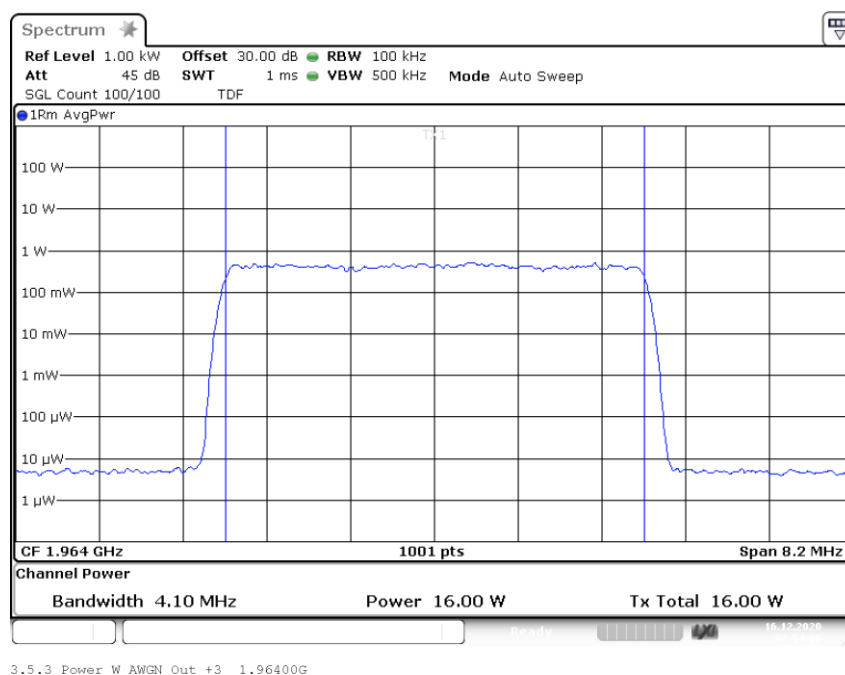
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

#### ISED Plots

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: AWGN;  
Output Power 0.3 dB < AGC



Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: AWGN;  
Output Power 3 dB > AGC



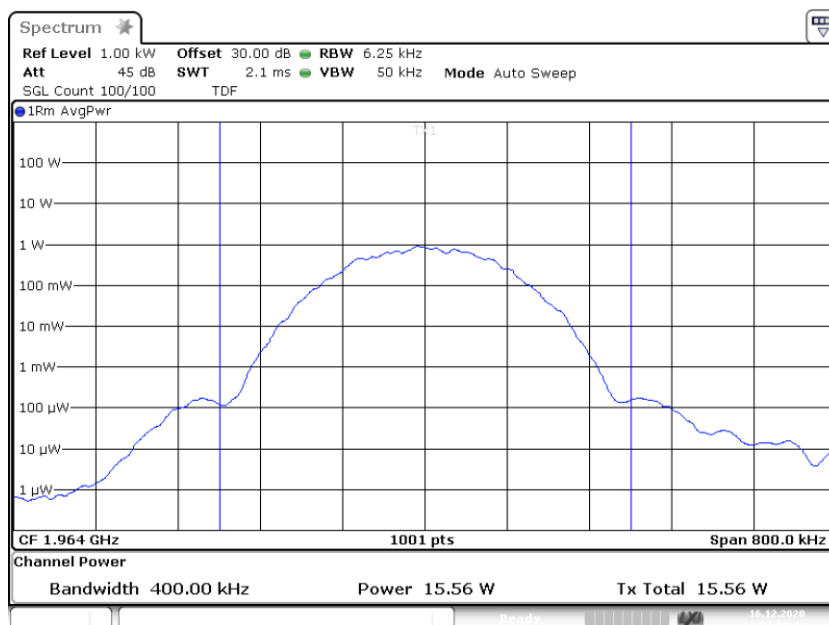


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VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

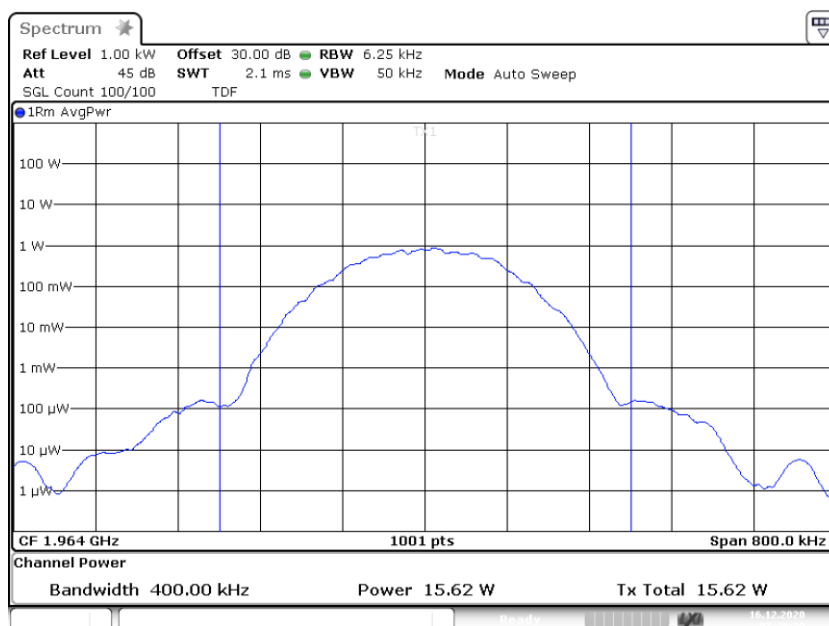
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: GSM;  
Input Power 0.3 dB < AGC



3.5.3 Power\_W GSM Out -0.3 1.96400G

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f0; Mod: GSM; Output Power  
3 dB > AGC



3.5.3 Power\_W GSM Out +3 1.96400G





## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-F1-APE, Band 25

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### 4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



## ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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### 4.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

Standard FCC PART 24, § 24.232

**The test was performed according to:**  
ANSI C63.26

**Test date:** 2020-12-16

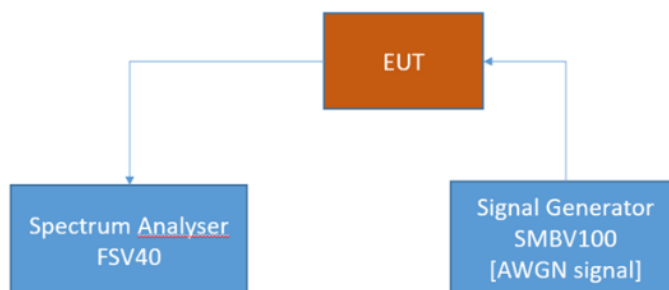
**Environmental conditions:** 23 ° C; 34 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Gerngroß

#### 4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters per FCC § 24.232 and RSS-133 with subpart 6.4.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; RF Output Power / Gain

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



**ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-F1-APE, Band 25

**4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS**

**Part 24; Personal Communication Services**

**Subpart E – Broadband PCS**

**§ 24.232**

Abstract § 24.232 from FCC:

(d) Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

Abstract RSS-133 from ISED:

**RSS-133; 6.4 Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power**

In addition, the transmitter’s peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

**4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL**

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink</b>						
<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Input Power</b>	<b>Frequency [MHz]</b>	<b>Input Power [dBm]</b>	<b>PAPR [dB]</b>	<b>Limit PAPR [dB]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1964.00	5.9	8.43	13.00	4.57
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1964.00	9.2	8.41	13.00	4.59
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	5.5	0.17	13.00	12.83
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	8.8	0.26	13.00	12.74

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



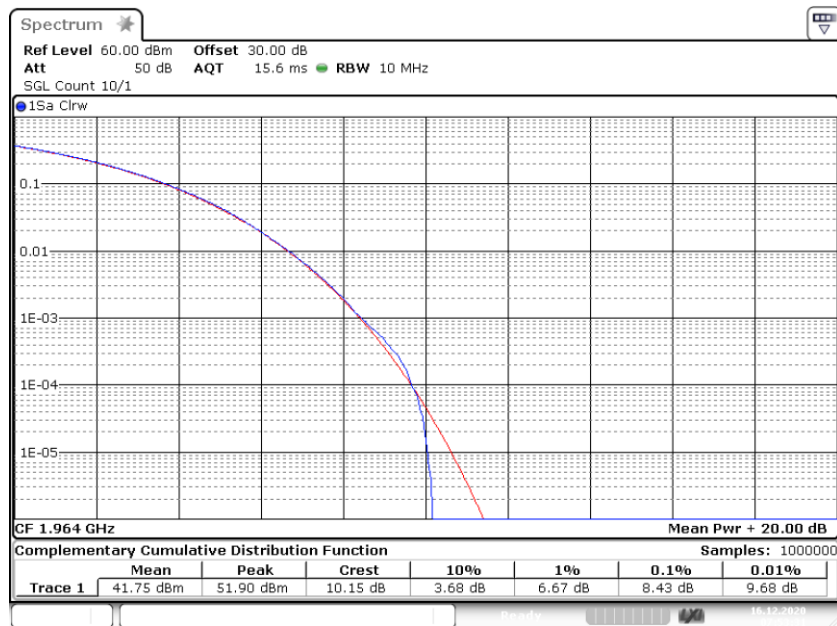
BUREAU  
VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

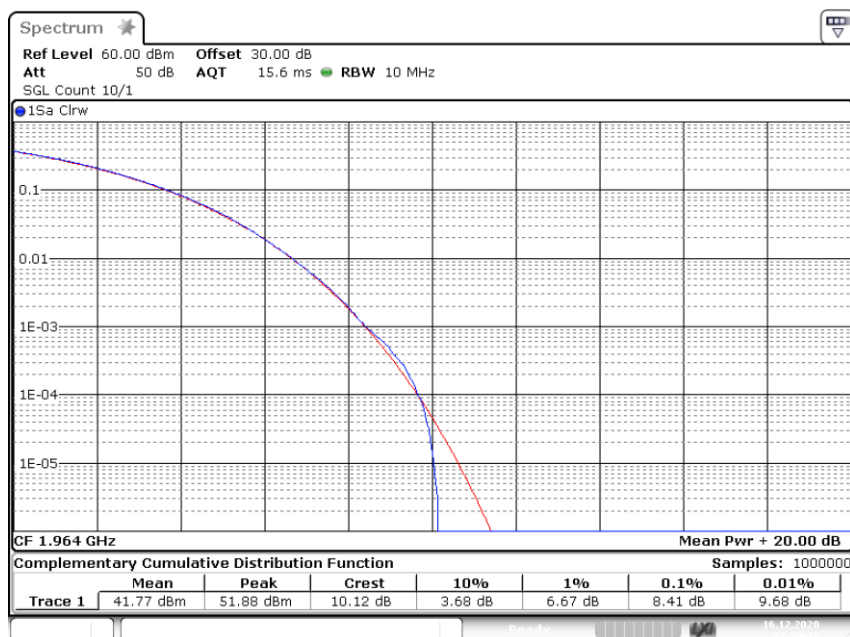
#### 4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f<sub>0</sub>; Mod: AWGN;  
PAPR 0.3 dB < AGC



4.0 PAPR AWGN Out -0.3 1.964G

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1964.00 MHz; Band Edge: f<sub>0</sub>; Mod: AWGN;  
PAPR 3 dB > AGC



4.0 PAPR AWGN Out +3 1.964G

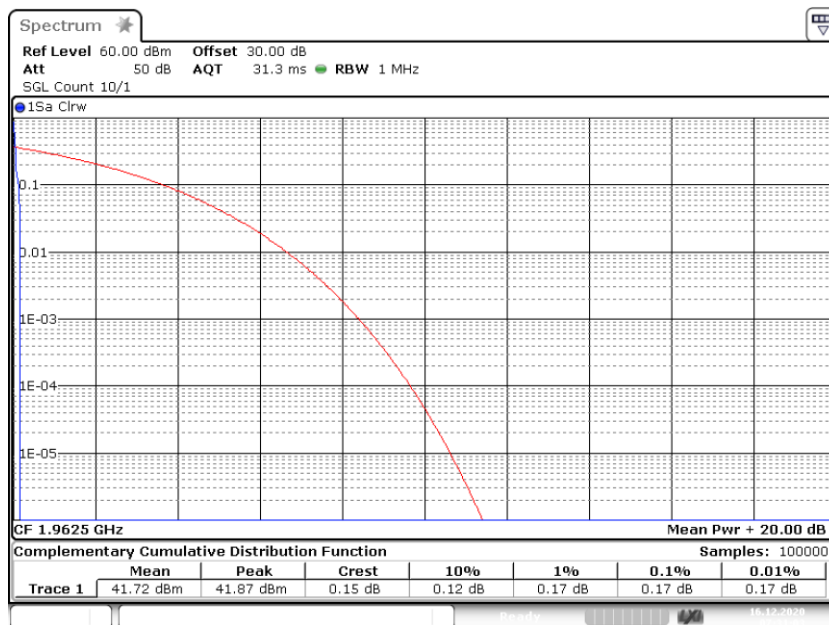


BUREAU VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

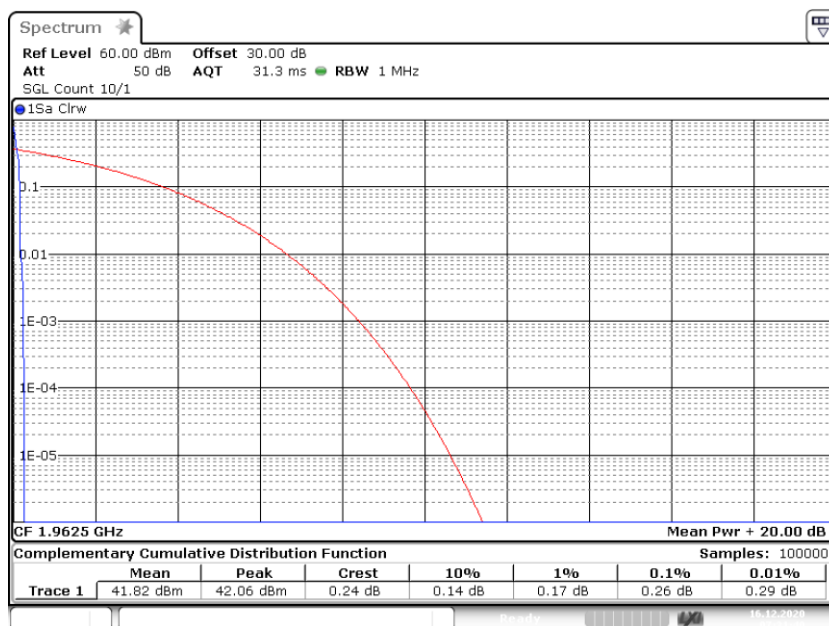
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1962.50 MHz; Band Edge: mid; Mod: GSM; PAPR 0.3 dB < AGC



4.0 PAPR GSM Out -0.3 1.963G

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1962.50 MHz; Band Edge: mid; Mod: GSM; PAPR 3 dB > AGC



4.0 PAPR GSM Out +3 1.963G

### 4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



## ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

### 4.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH/INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SPECTRUM

Standard FCC Part 2.1049

#### The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.4

**Test date:** 2020-12-16

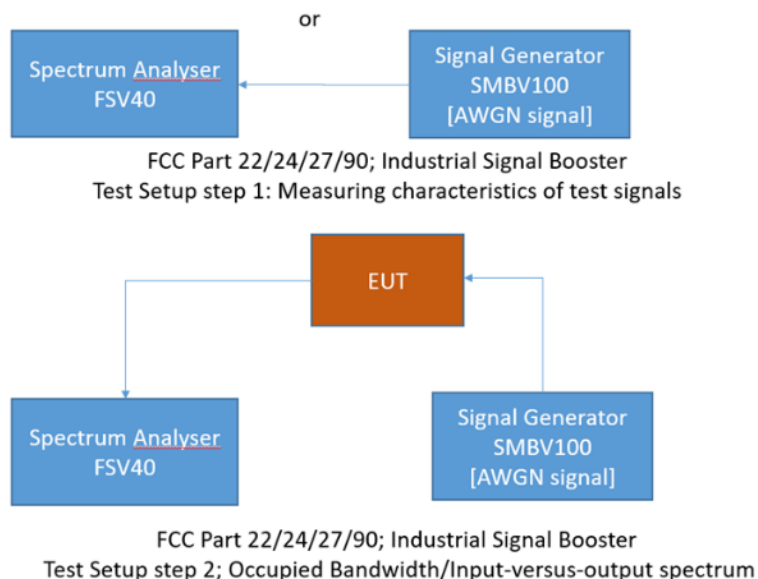
**Environmental conditions:** 23 ° C; 34 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Gerngroß

#### 4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable conducted spurious emission limits per FCC § 2.1049, RSS-GEN with subpart 6.7 and RSS-131 with subpart 5.2.2.

The EUT was connected to the test setups according to the following diagram:



The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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### 4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract § 2.1049 from FCC:

#### **FCC Part 2.1049; Occupied Bandwidth:**

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.3 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable:

(h) Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques—when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the occupied bandwidth shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are optional at the discretion of the user.

(i) Transmitters designed for other types of modulation—when modulated by an appropriate signal of sufficient amplitude to be representative of the type of service in which used. A description of the input signal should be supplied.

Abstract RSS-GEN from ISED:

#### **RSS-GEN; 6.7 Occupied Bandwidth**

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.



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TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-F1-APE, Band 25

- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Abstract RSS-131 from ISED:

RSS-131; 5.2.2 Input-versus-output spectrum

The spectral growth of the 26 dB bandwidth of the output signal shall be less than 5% of the input signal spectrum.

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink							
Signal Type	Input Power	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Occupied Bandwidth SG [kHz]	Occupied Bandwidth Booster [kHz]	Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Limit Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Margin to Limit [kHz]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	4388.2	4391.9	3.7	205.0	201.3
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	4389.4	4391.9	2.5	205.0	202.5
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	316.1	317.5	1.4	10.0	8.6
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	318.2	313.4	4.8	10.0	5.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



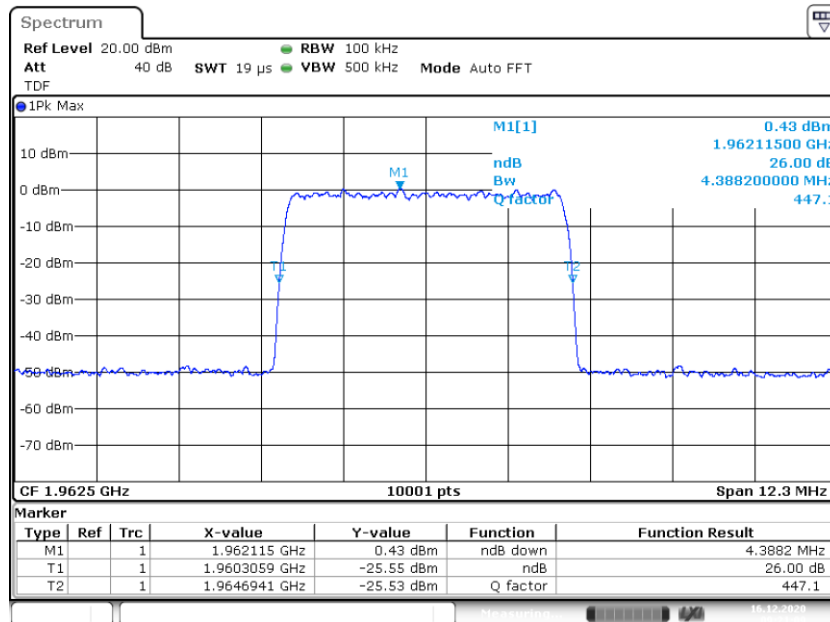


### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

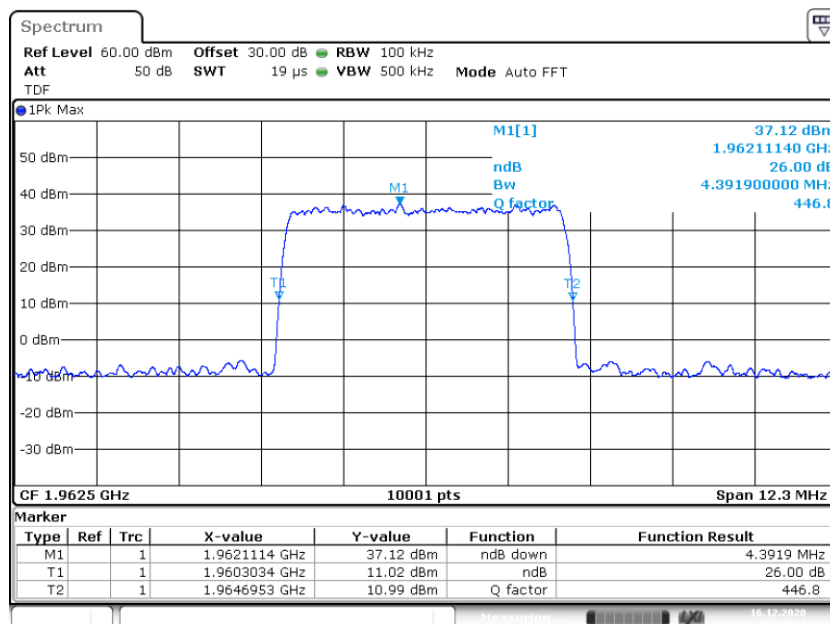
### 4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1962.50 MHz MHz; Band Edge: mid; Mod: AWGN; Input OCBw 0.3 dB < AGC



3.4 OCBw AWGN In -0.3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Input Signal



3.4 OCBw AWGN Out -0.3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Output Signal



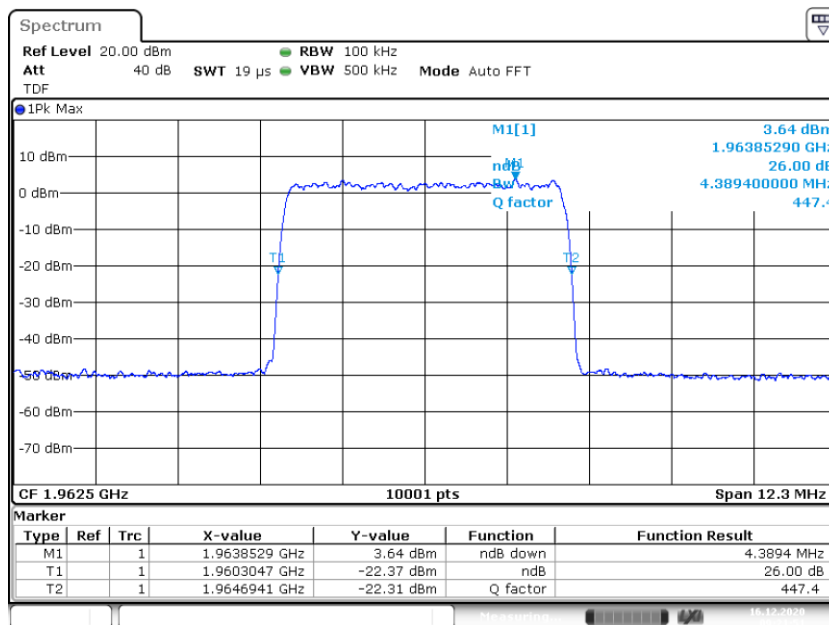
BUREAU VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-

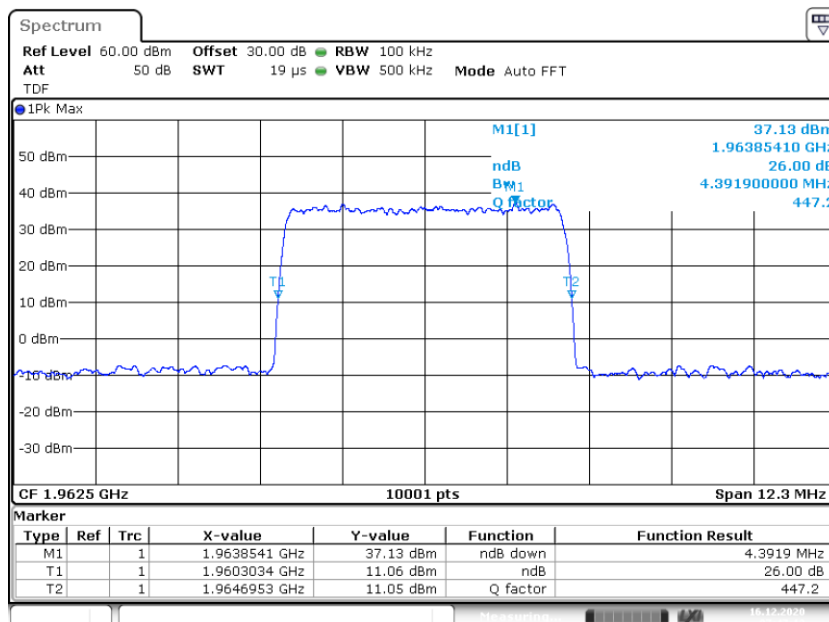
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1962.50 MHz MHz; Band Edge: mid; Mod: AWGN; Input OCBw 3 dB > AGC



3.4 OCBw AWGN In +3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Input Signal



3.4 OCBw AWGN Out +3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Output Signal

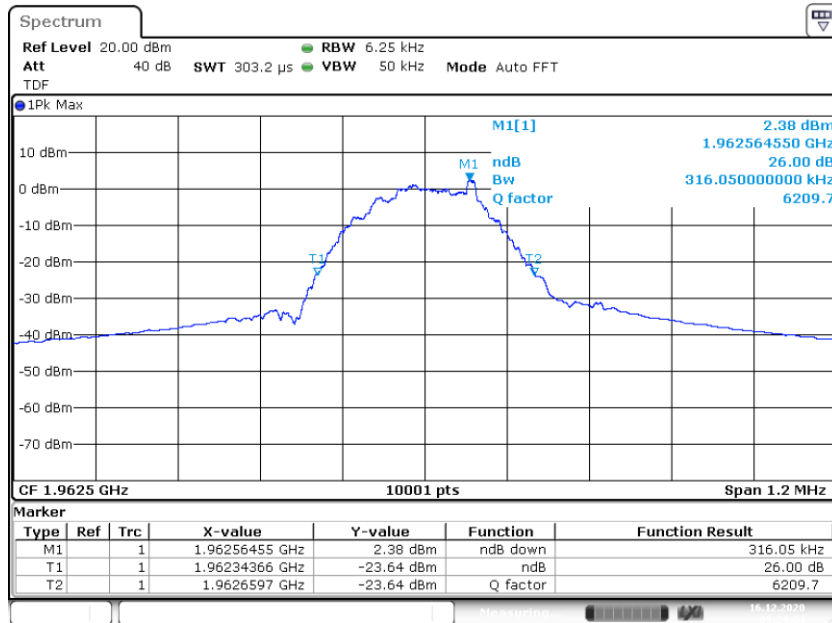


BUREAU VERITAS

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

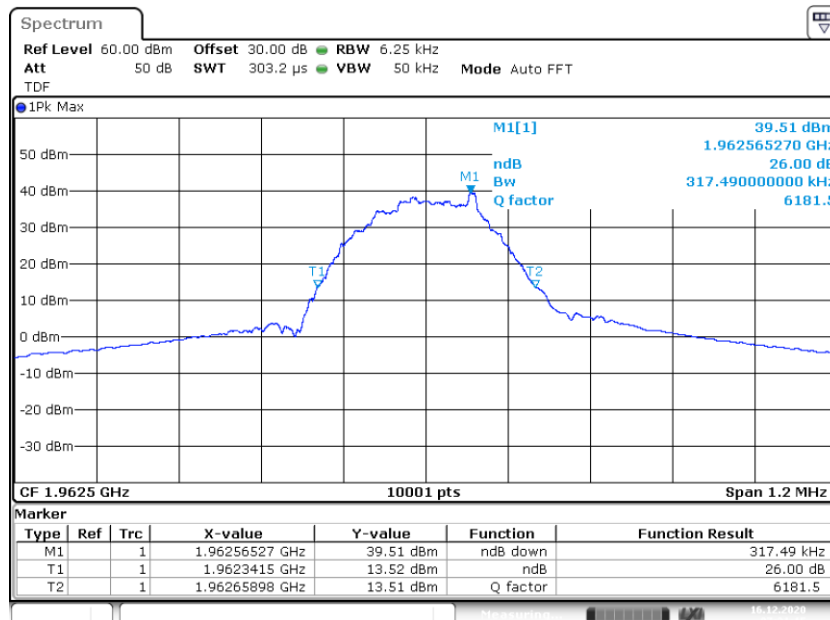
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1962.50 MHz; Band Edge: mid; Mod:  
GSM; Input OCBw 0.3 dB < AGC



3.4 OCBw GSM In -0.3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Input Signal



3.4 OCBw GSM Out -0.3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Output Signal



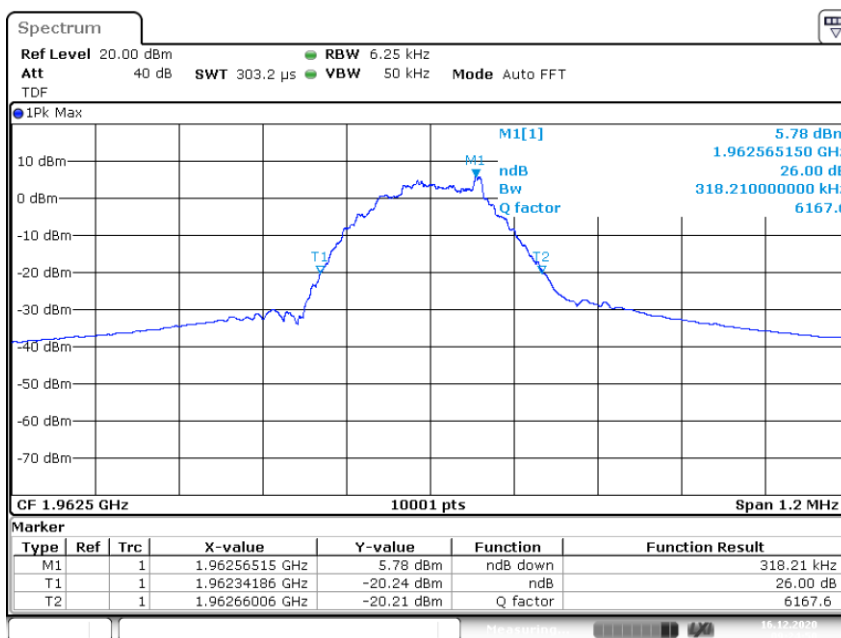
**BUREAU  
VERITAS**

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-

F1-APE, Band 25

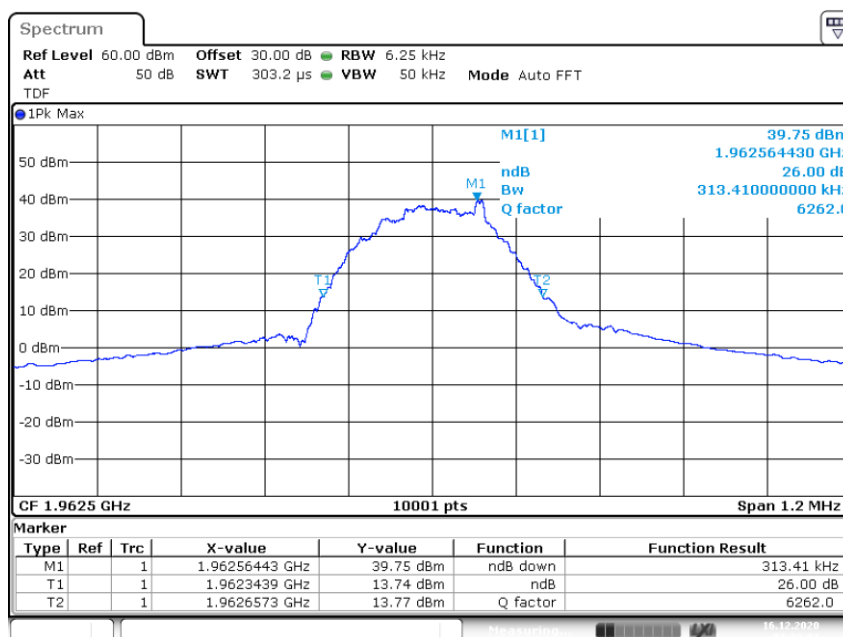
Downlink: Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz; Frequency: 1962.50 MHz; Band Edge: mid; Mod: GSM; Input OCBw 3 dB > AGC



3.4 OCBw GSM In +3 1.9625G \_26dB

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### Input Signal



3.4 OCBw GSM Out +3 1.9625G \_26dB

### Output Signal

#### 4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



## ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

### 4.4 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Standard FCC Part § 2.1051, § 24.238

**The test was performed according to:**  
ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

**Test date:** 2021-01-19

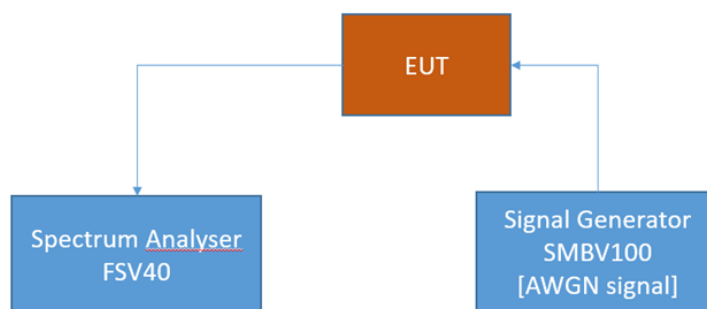
**Environmental conditions:** 22 ° C; 26 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Gerngroß

#### 4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters per FCC § 2.1051, FCC § 27.53, RSS-GEN with subpart 6.13 and RSS-139 with subpart 6.6.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; RF Output Power / Gain

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



**BUREAU  
VERITAS**

## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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### 4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract § 2.1051 from FCC:

#### **FCC Part 2.1051; Measurement required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminal:**

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

#### **Part 24, Subpart E – Cellular Radiotelephone Service**

Abstract § 24.238 FCC:

#### **§ 24.238 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.**

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.



**BUREAU  
VERITAS**

## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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Abstract RSS-133 from ISED:

### **RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions**

#### **6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions**

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power  $P$  (dBW) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power  $P$  (dBW) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.



## ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-

F1-APE, Band 25

### 4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink</b>							
<b>Test Frequency</b>	<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Spurious Freq. [MHz]</b>	<b>Spurious Level [dBm]</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>RBW [kHz]</b>	<b>Limit [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
low	Wideband	0.009102	-48.6	RMS	1	-33	15.6
low	Wideband	0.092493	-41.4	RMS	10	-23	18.4
low	Wideband	78.1	-35.2	RMS	100	-13	22.2
low	Wideband	879.4	-19.7	RMS	1000	-13	6.7
low	Wideband	1715.4	-26.8	RMS	1000	-13	13.8
low	Wideband	1928.3	-31.7	RMS	100	-23	8.7
low	Wideband	2000.0	-33.4	RMS	100	-23	10.4
low	Wideband	2147.7	-18.0	RMS	1000	-13	5.0
low	Wideband	19566.3	-20.6	RMS	1000	-13	7.6
low	Wideband	20329.2	-19.8	RMS	1000	-13	6.8
mid	Wideband	0.013444	-49.5	RMS	1	-33	16.5
mid	Wideband	0.272463	-41.6	RMS	10	-23	18.6
mid	Wideband	122.4	-35.5	RMS	100	-13	22.5
mid	Wideband	885.4	-18.4	RMS	1000	-13	5.4
mid	Wideband	1751.3	-26.6	RMS	1000	-13	13.6
mid	Wideband	1923.3	-37.1	RMS	100	-23	14.1
mid	Wideband	2000.0	-34.6	RMS	100	-23	11.6
mid	Wideband	2138.7	-17.5	RMS	1000	-13	4.5
mid	Wideband	19567.8	-20.8	RMS	1000	-13	7.8
mid	Wideband	20331.7	-19.7	RMS	1000	-13	6.7
high	Wideband	0.00943	-48.1	RMS	1	-33	15.1
high	Wideband	0.117489	-40.9	RMS	10	-23	17.9
high	Wideband	119.4	-35.6	RMS	100	-13	22.6
high	Wideband	892.4	-19.7	RMS	1000	-13	6.7
high	Wideband	1838.8	-27.3	RMS	1000	-13	14.3
high	Wideband	1927.0	-36.7	RMS	100	-23	13.7
high	Wideband	1996.0	-31.1	RMS	100	-23	8.1
high	Wideband	2141.7	-17.6	RMS	1000	-13	4.6
high	Wideband	19596.3	-20.7	RMS	1000	-13	7.7
high	Wideband	20326.7	-19.7	RMS	1000	-13	6.7





### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-

F1-APE, Band 25

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink</b>							
<b>Test Frequency</b>	<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Spurious Freq. [MHz]</b>	<b>Spurious Level [dBm]</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>RBW [kHz]</b>	<b>Limit [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
low	Narrowband	0.00943	-50.2	RMS	1	-33	17.2
low	Narrowband	0.082495	-44.1	RMS	10	-23	21.1
low	Narrowband	117.9	-35.4	RMS	100	-13	22.4
low	Narrowband	891.9	-19.1	RMS	1000	-13	6.1
low	Narrowband	1824.8	-27.5	RMS	1000	-13	14.5
low	Narrowband	1928.8	-35.7	RMS	100	-23	12.7
low	Narrowband	2000.0	-32.3	RMS	100	-23	9.3
low	Narrowband	2145.7	-17.6	RMS	1000	-13	4.6
low	Narrowband	19955.8	-20.9	RMS	1000	-13	7.9
low	Narrowband	20293.7	-19.7	RMS	1000	-13	6.7
mid	Narrowband	0.011519	-50.9	RMS	1	-33	17.9
mid	Narrowband	0.152483	-44.0	RMS	10	-23	21.0
mid	Narrowband	119.3	-35.3	RMS	100	-13	22.3
mid	Narrowband	891.9	-19.7	RMS	1000	-13	6.7
mid	Narrowband	1819.8	-26.2	RMS	1000	-13	13.2
mid	Narrowband	1921.4	-37.1	RMS	100	-23	14.1
mid	Narrowband	2000.0	-35.4	RMS	100	-23	12.4
mid	Narrowband	2139.7	-17.4	RMS	1000	-13	4.4
mid	Narrowband	19563.3	-20.6	RMS	1000	-13	7.6
mid	Narrowband	20322.2	-19.6	RMS	1000	-13	6.6
high	Narrowband	0.009717	-51.2	RMS	1	-33	18.2
high	Narrowband	0.057499	-44.9	RMS	10	-23	21.9
high	Narrowband	70.5	-35.7	RMS	100	-13	22.7
high	Narrowband	886.4	-20.7	RMS	1000	-13	7.7
high	Narrowband	1713.9	-27.3	RMS	1000	-13	14.3
high	Narrowband	1925.2	-36.3	RMS	100	-23	13.3
high	Narrowband	2000.0	-34.1	RMS	100	-23	11.1
high	Narrowband	2172.2	-16.5	RMS	1000	-13	3.5
high	Narrowband	19558.8	-20.9	RMS	1000	-13	7.9
high	Narrowband	20296.7	-19.5	RMS	1000	-13	6.5

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



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VERITAS**

## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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General considerations concerning the measurement plots:

The measuring bandwidth of 100 kHz was chosen according the test requirements except at the band edges: At the band edges reducing of measurement bandwidth was necessary to prevent overlaying the RF-signal over the spurious emissions.

Also outside the downlink frequency band at lower frequencies the measurement bandwidths were reduced to have the possibility to record the spurious emissions at these lower frequencies.

At frequencies where measuring bandwidths were reduced also the border lines were reduced according the given formula:

$$p_{RBWreduced} [dBm] = 10 * \log \left( RBWreduced [kHz] - 100 kHz \right) + p_{RBW 100 kHz} [dBm]$$

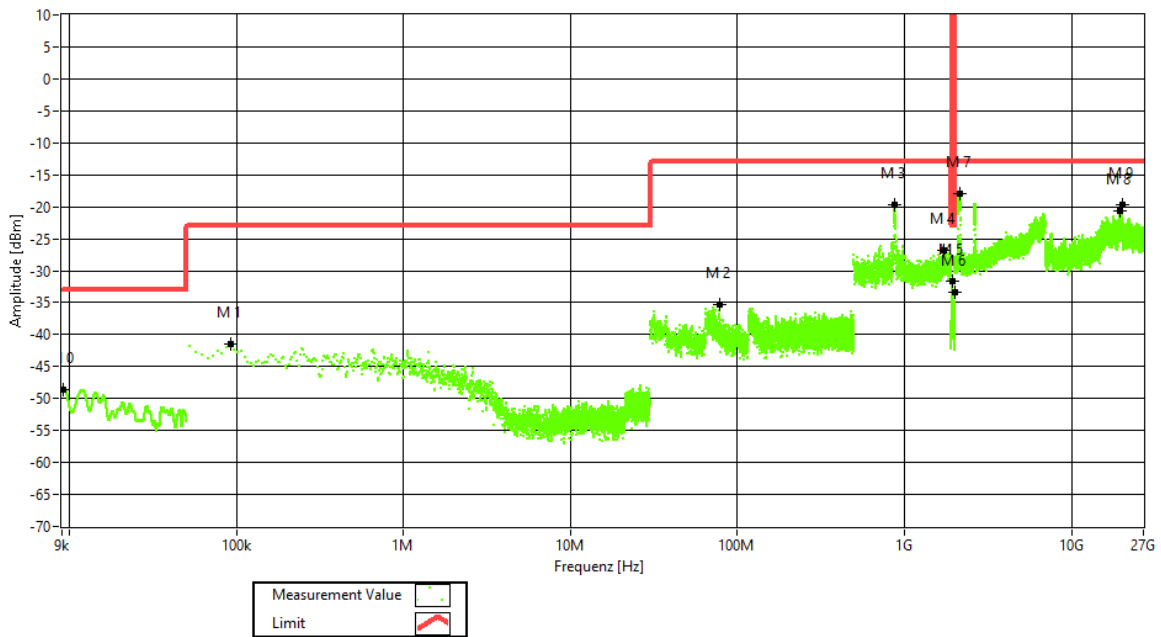
Hereby "p" are the border lines' values.

### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

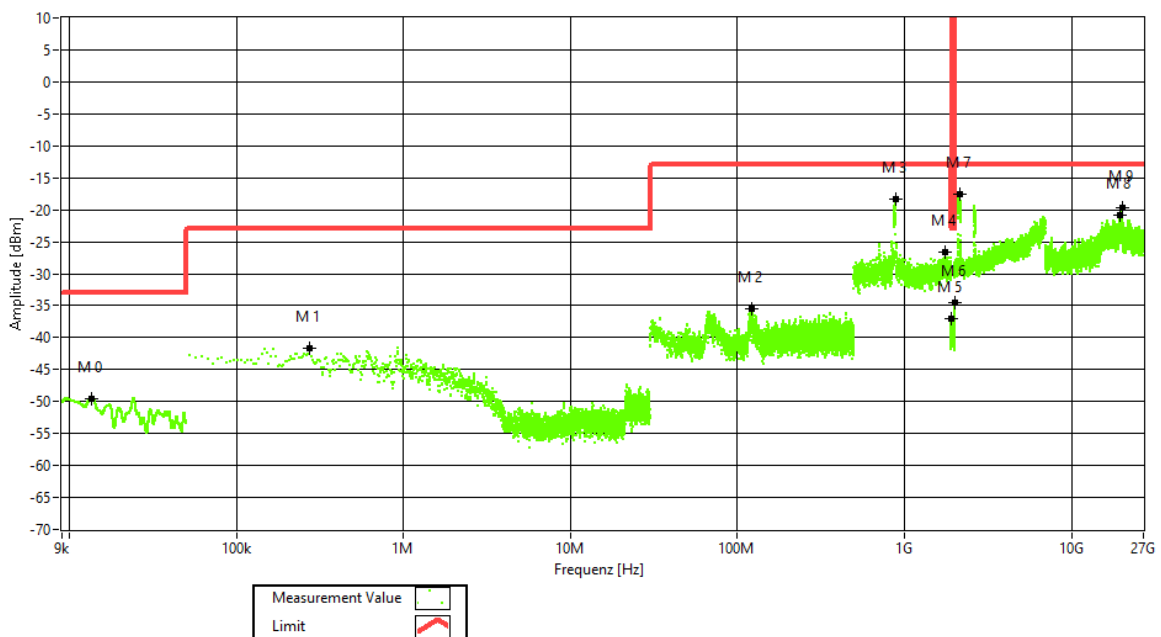
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

#### 4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF  
downlink, Signal Type = AWGN



Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF  
downlink, Signal Type = AWGN



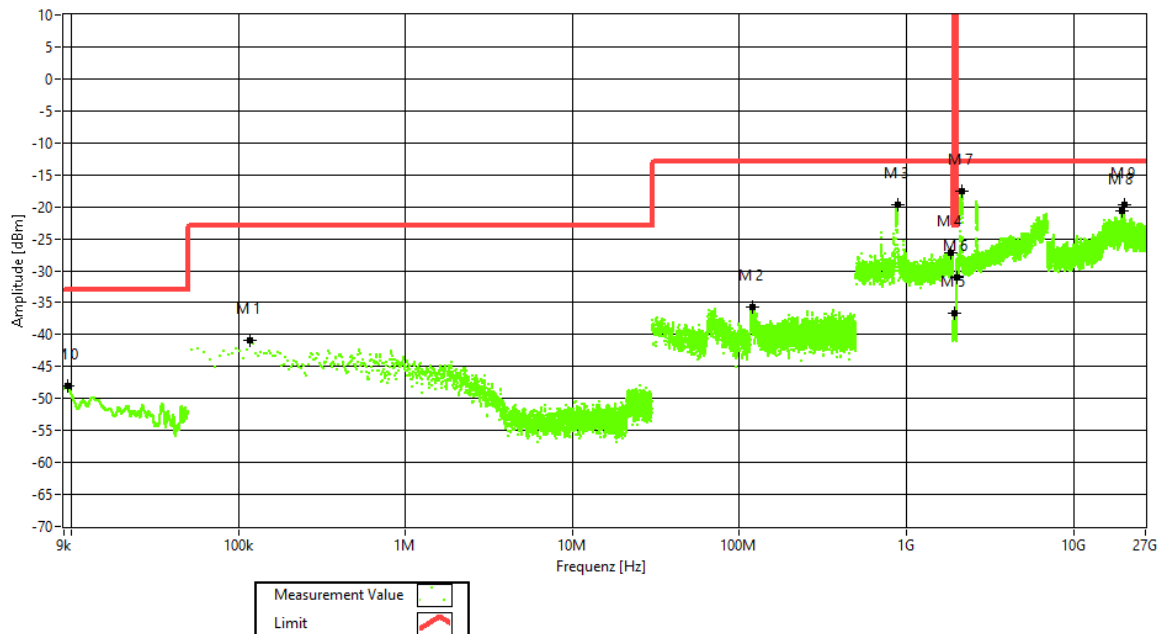


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### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF  
downlink, Signal Type = AWGN



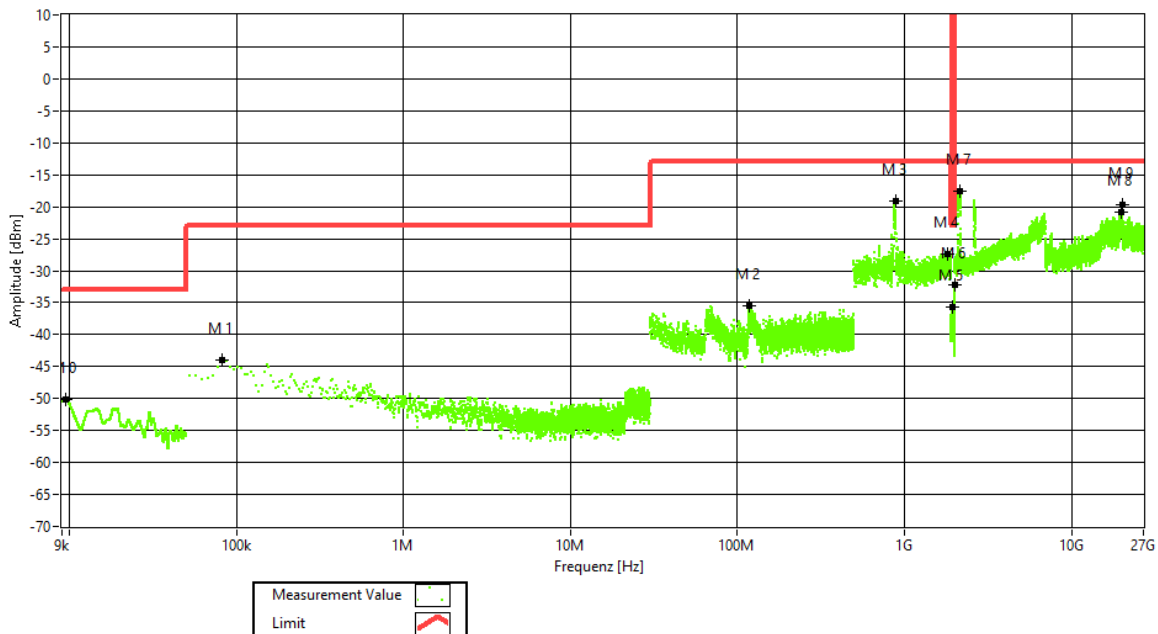


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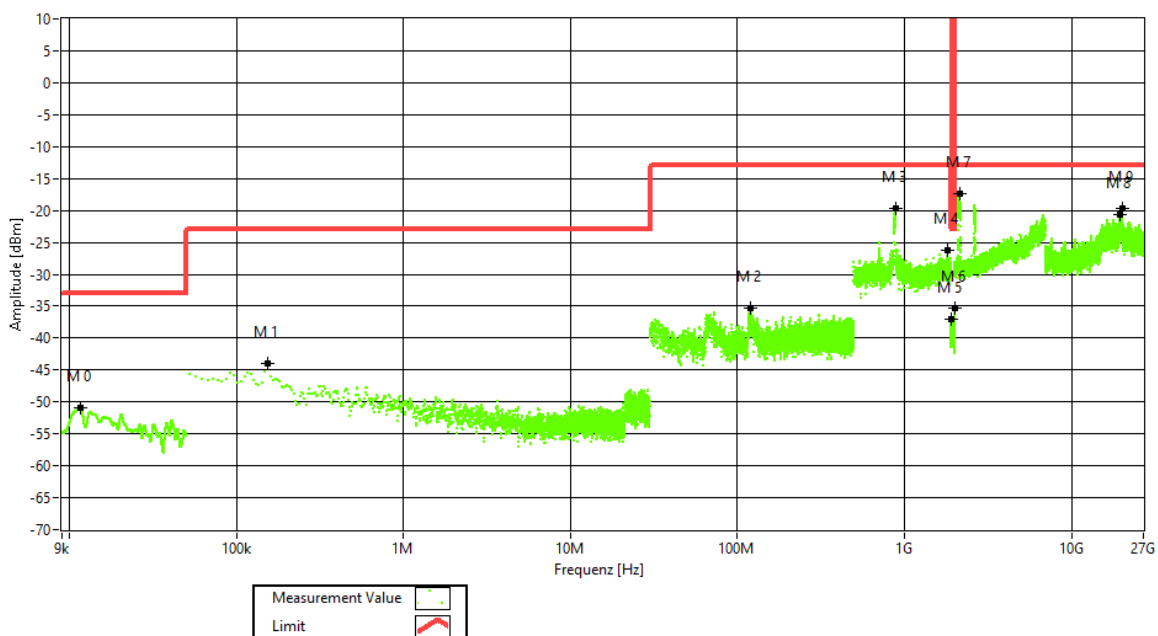
### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF  
downlink, Signal Type = GSM



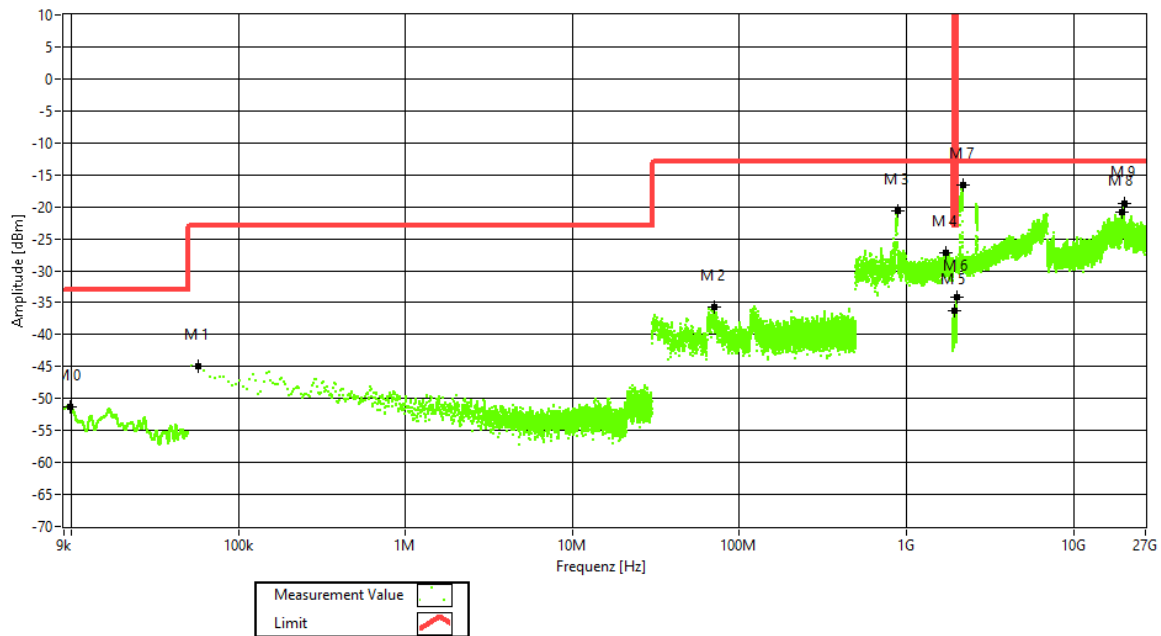
Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF  
downlink, Signal Type = GSM



### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF  
downlink, Signal Type = GSM



#### 4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



## ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

### 4.5 OUT-OF-BAND EMISSION LIMITS

Standard FCC Part § 2.1051, § 24.238

**The test was performed according to:**  
ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

**Test date:** 2020-12-16

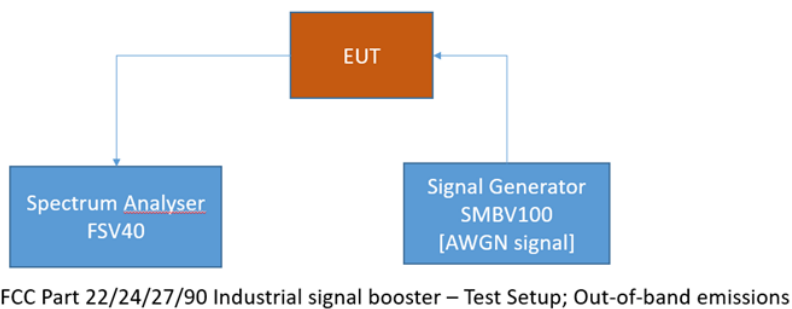
**Environmental conditions:** 23 ° C; 34 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Gerngroß

#### 4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the out-of-band emission limit for industrial signal boosters. The limits itself come from the applicable rule part for each operating band per FCC § 2.1051, FCC § 24.238, RSS-GEN with subpart 6.13 and RSS-133 with subpart 6.5.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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### 4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract § 2.1051 from FCC:

#### **FCC Part 2.1051; Measurement required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminal:**

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

#### **Part 24, Subpart E – Cellular Radiotelephone Service**

Abstract § 24.238 FCC:

#### **§ 24.238 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.**

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.





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TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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Abstract RSS-133 from ISED:

### **RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions**

#### **6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions**

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power  $P$  (dBW) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power  $P$  (dBW) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.



**ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

**4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL**

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink, Number of input signals = 1</b>							
<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Input Power</b>	<b>Band Edge</b>	<b>Signal Frequency [MHz]</b>	<b>Input Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Maximum Out-of-band Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Limit Out-of-band Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
Wideband	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1992.50	7.4	-22.5	-13.0	9.5
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	upper	1992.50	10.7	-22.2	-13.0	9.2
Narrowband	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1994.80	8.0	-19.4	-13.0	6.4
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	upper	1994.80	11.3	-18.8	-13.0	5.8
Wideband	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1932.50	7.8	-22.3	-13.0	9.3
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	lower	1932.50	11.1	-22.2	-13.0	9.2
Narrowband	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1930.20	8.0	-20.4	-13.0	7.4
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	lower	1930.20	11.3	-19.6	-13.0	6.6

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink, Number of input signals = 2</b>								
<b>Signal Type</b>	<b>Input Power</b>	<b>Band Edge</b>	<b>Signal Frequency f1 [MHz]</b>	<b>Signal Frequency f2 [MHz]</b>	<b>Input Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Maximum Out-of-band Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Limit Out-of-band Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
WB	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1992.50	1990.00	7.4	-22.3	-13.0	9.3
WB	3 dB > AGC	upper	1992.50	1990.00	10.7	-22.5	-13.0	9.5
NB	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1994.80	1994.60	8.0	-21.6	-13.0	8.6
NB	3 dB > AGC	upper	1994.80	1994.60	11.3	-22.5	-13.0	9.5
WB	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1932.50	1935.00	7.8	-22.4	-13.0	9.4
WB	3 dB > AGC	lower	1932.50	1935.00	11.1	-22.4	-13.0	9.4
NB	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1930.20	1930.40	8.0	-23.0	-13.0	10.0
NB	3 dB > AGC	lower	1930.20	1930.40	11.3	-23.1	-13.0	10.1

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

Explanations concerning table with two input signals:

“WB” means Wideband.  
“NB” means Narrowband.



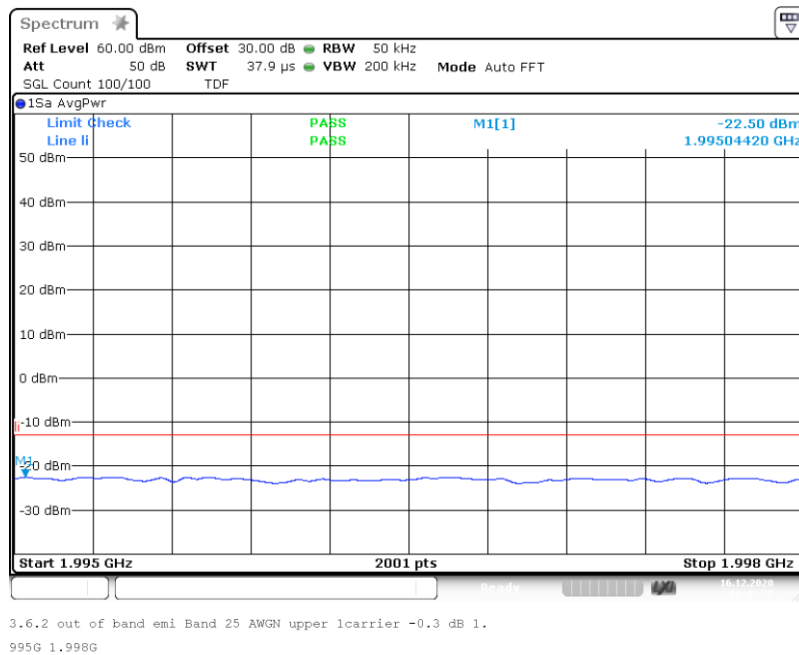
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### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

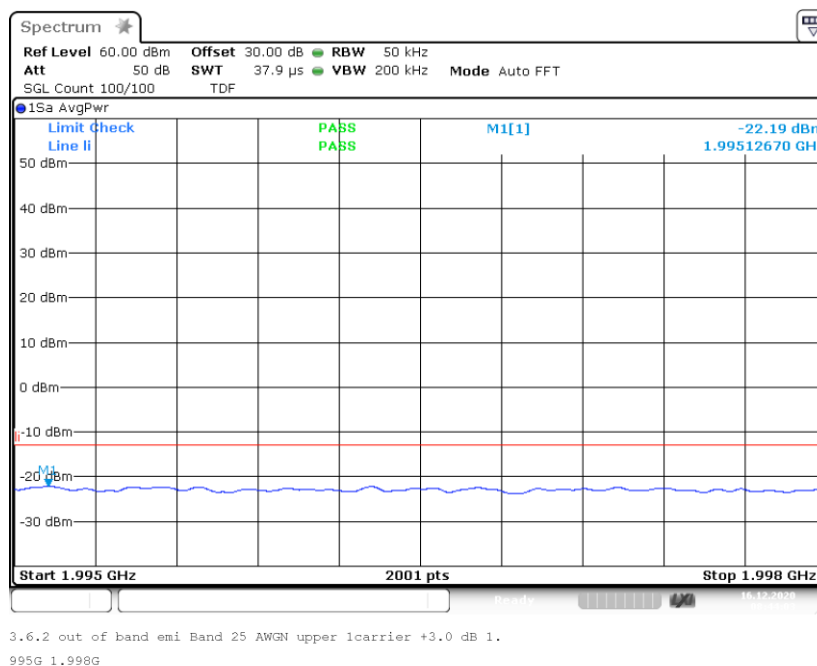
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

#### 4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: upper; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 1



Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: upper; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 1

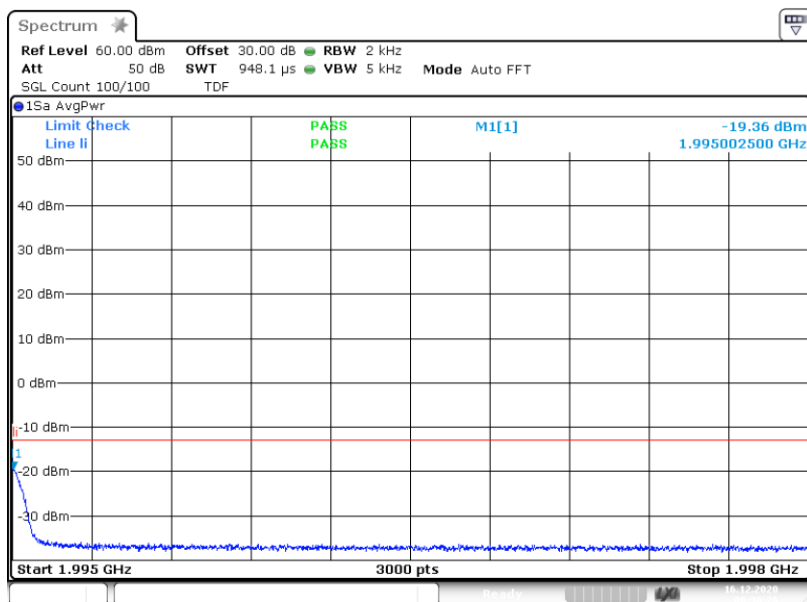




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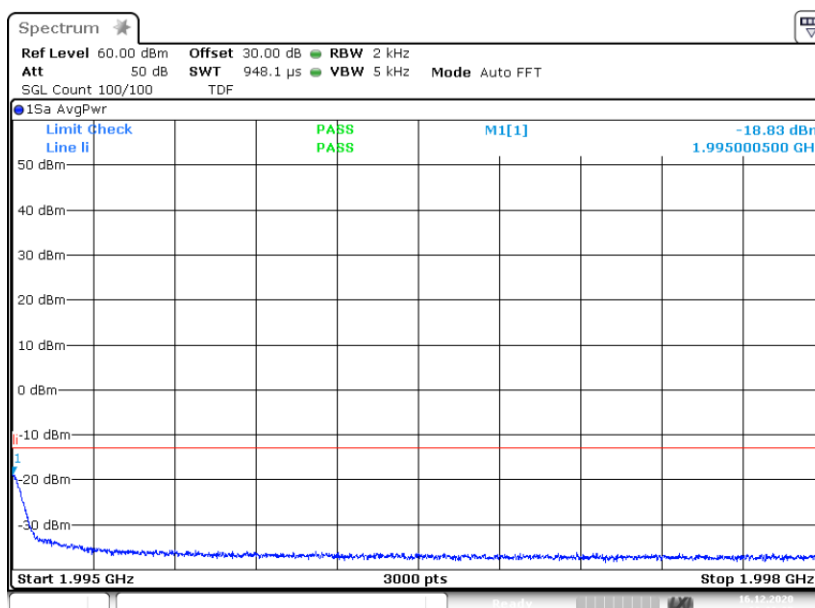
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: upper; Mod: GSM; Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 1



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 GSM upper lcarrier -0.3 dB 1.9  
95G 1.998G

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: upper; Mod: GSM; Input Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 1



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 GSM upper lcarrier +3.0 dB 1.9  
95G 1.998G

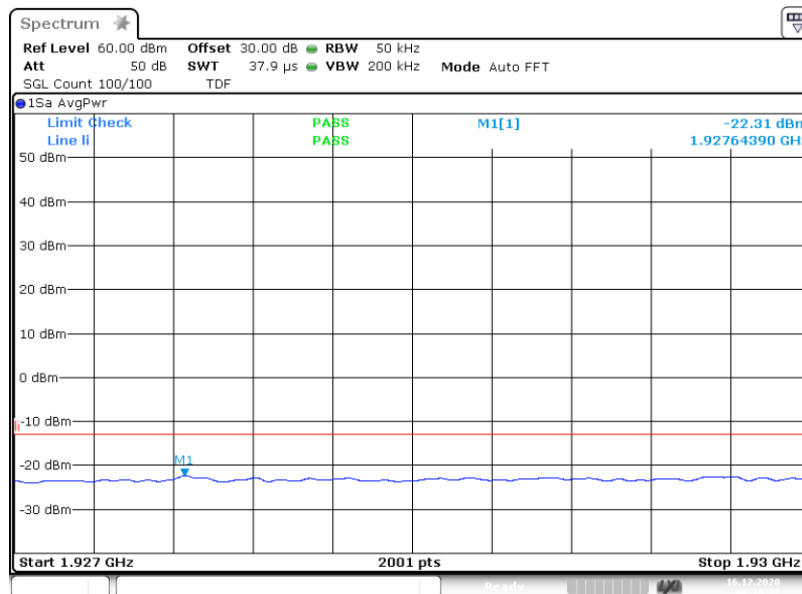


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### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

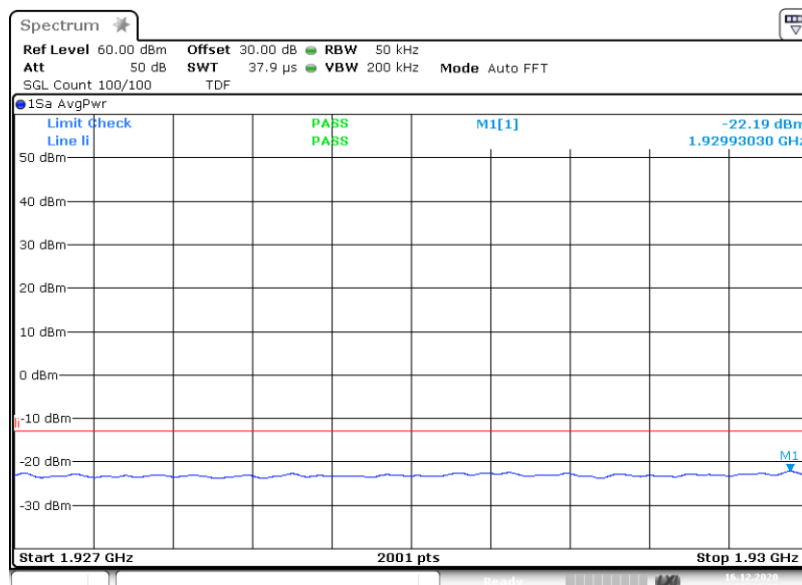
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 1



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 AWGN lower lcarrier -0.3 dB 1.  
927G 1.930G

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 1



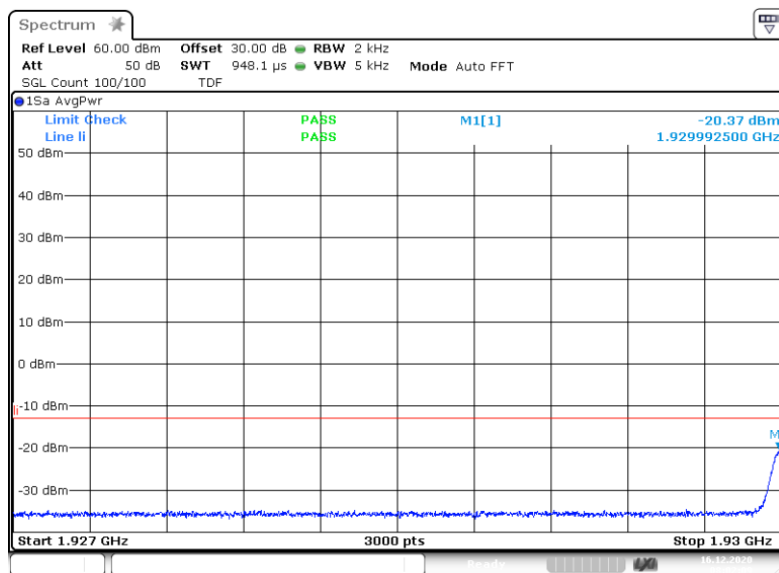
3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 AWGN lower lcarrier +3.0 dB 1.  
927G 1.930G



### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

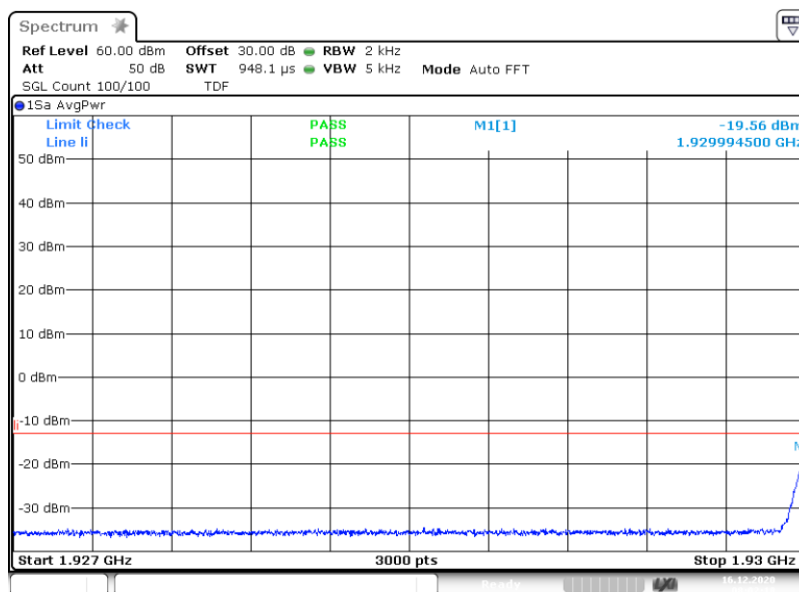
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: GSM; Input  
Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 1



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 GSM lower lcarrier -0.3 dB 1.9  
27G 1.930G

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: GSM; Input  
Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 1



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 GSM lower lcarrier +3.0 dB 1.9  
27G 1.930G

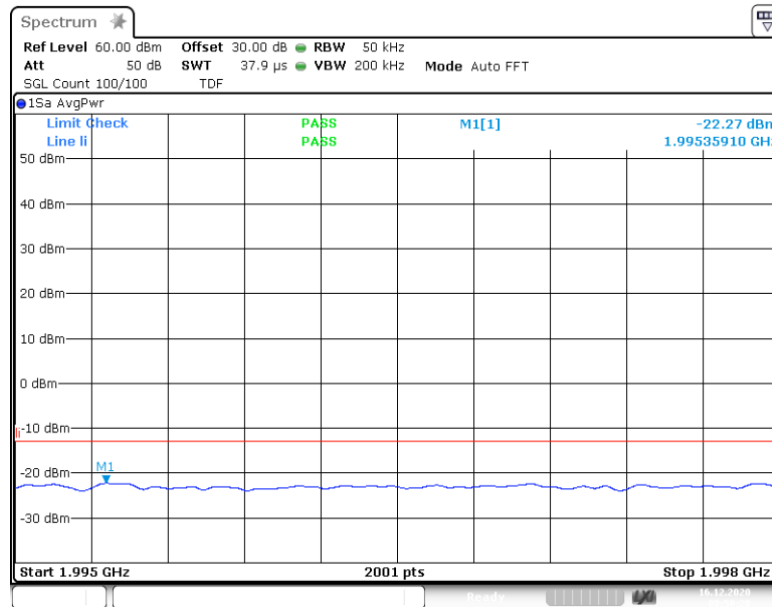


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### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

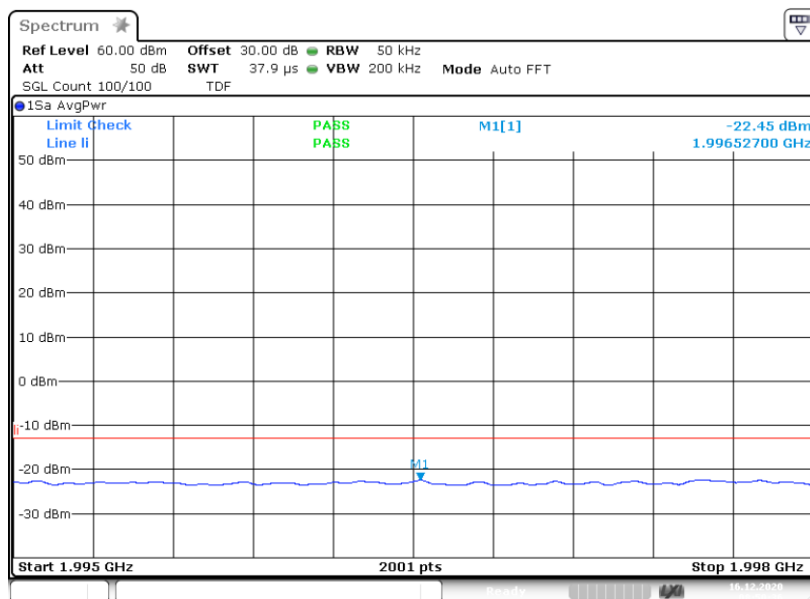
TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: upper; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 2



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 AWGN upper 2carriers -0.3 dB 1  
.995G 1.998G

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: upper; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 2



3.6.2 out of band emi Band 25 AWGN upper 2carriers +3.0 dB 1  
.995G 1.998G





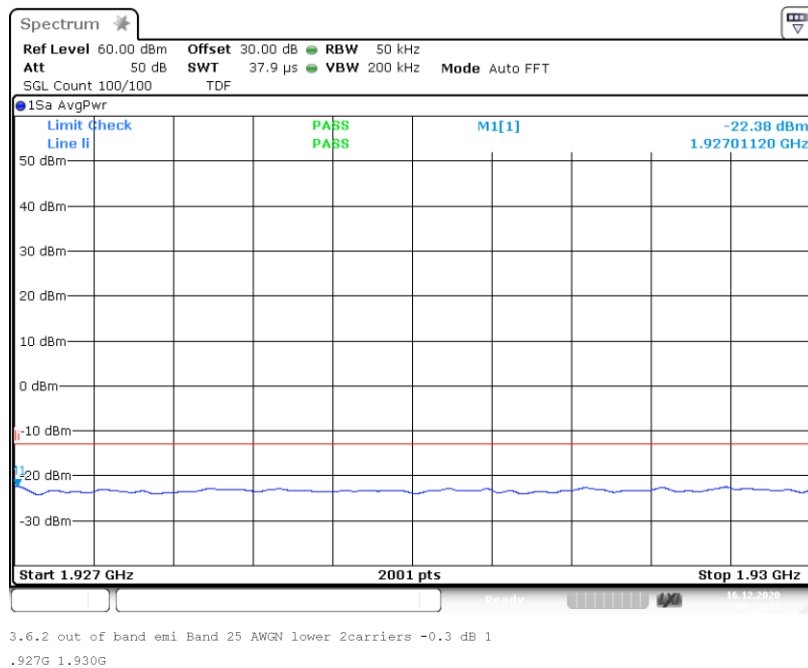


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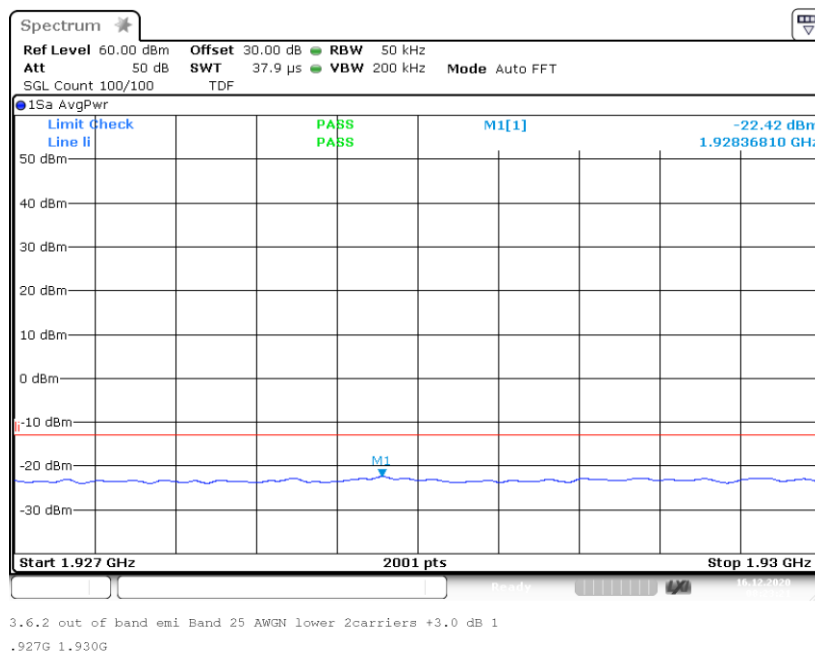
### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 2



Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: AWGN; Input  
Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 2



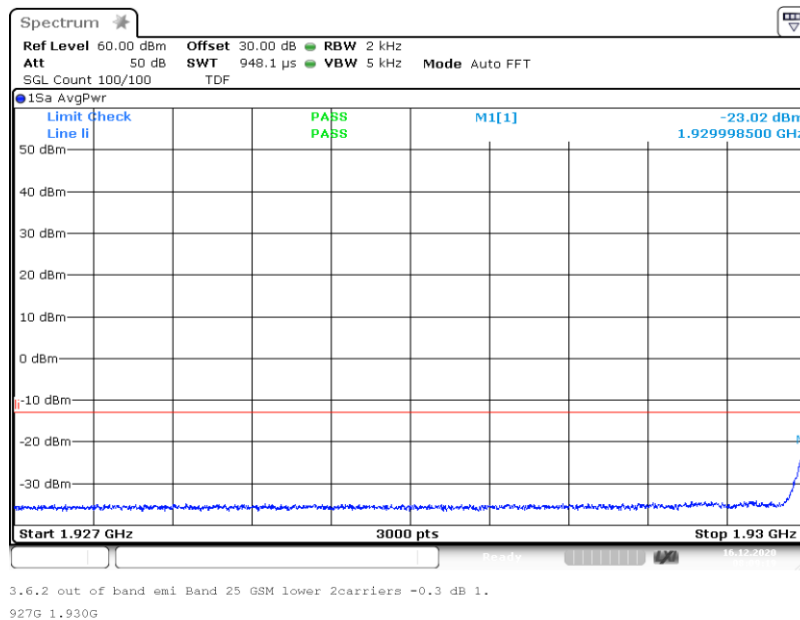


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VERITAS

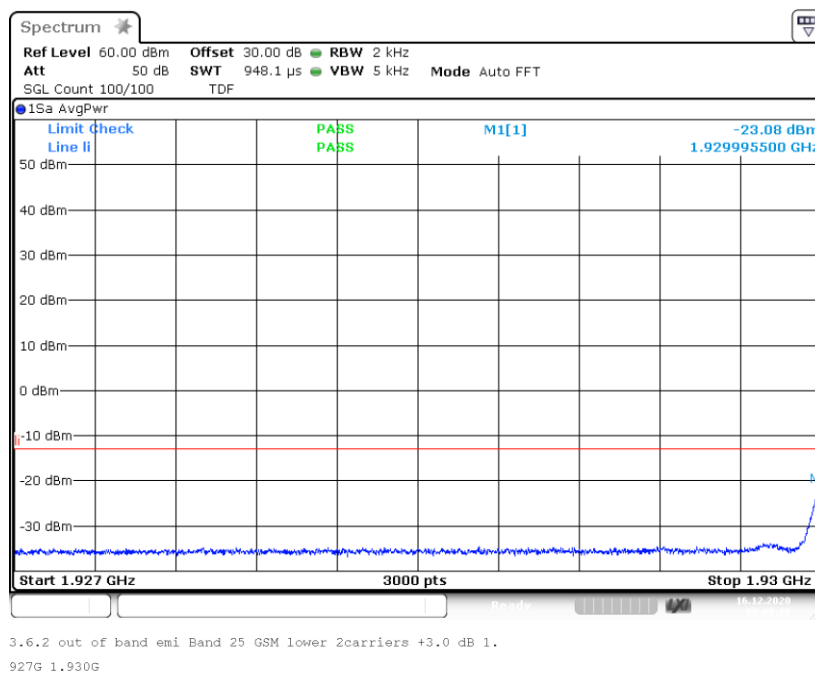
### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: GSM; Input  
Power = 0.3 dB < AGC; Number of signals 2



Downlink: Band 25; Frequency: 1.9300 GHz to 1.9950 GHz; Band Edge: lower; Mod: GSM; Input  
Power = 3 dB > AGC; Number of signals 2





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## **ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

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### **TEST EQUIPMENT USED**

- Conducted



## ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

### 4.6 OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION

Standard KDB 935210 D05

#### The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26; KDB 935210 D05

**Test date:** 2020-12-16

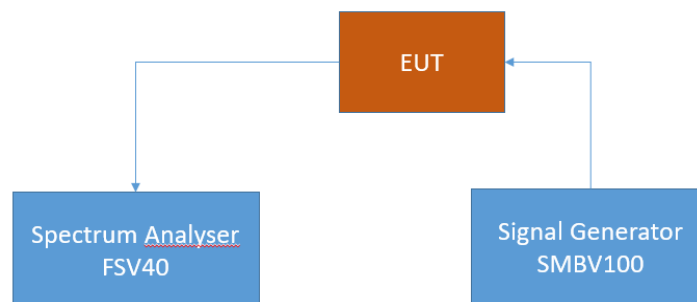
**Environmental conditions:** 22 ° C; 31 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Gerngroß

#### 4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the out-of-band rejection test case for industrial signal boosters.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; Out-of-band rejection

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.

#### 4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract RSS-131 from ISED:

##### **RSS-131; 5.2.1 Out-of-band rejection**

The gain-versus-frequency response and the 20 dB bandwidth of the zone enhancer shall be reported. The zone enhancer shall reject amplification of other signals outside the passband of the zone enhancer.



**ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
F1-APE, Band 25

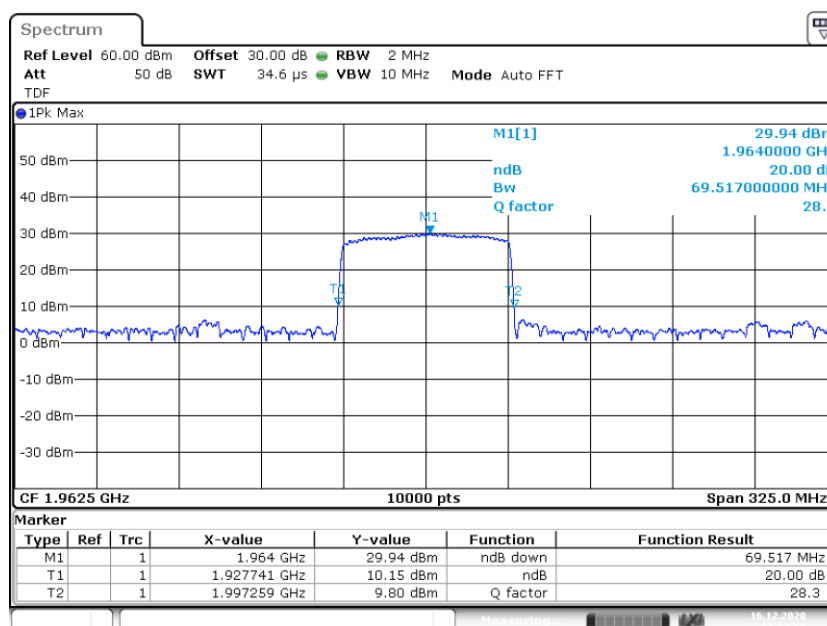
**4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL**

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink</b>				
<b>Highest Power Frequency [MHz]</b>	<b>Output Power [dBm]</b>	<b>Lower Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]</b>	<b>Upper Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]</b>	<b>20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]</b>
1964.00	29.94	1927.7410	1997.2590	69.5170

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

**4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")**

Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Direction = RF downlink



3.3 Out of band rejection Band 25 1.96250G  
\_20dB

**4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED**

- Conducted

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### 4.7 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC Part § 2.1053, § 24.238

**The test was performed according to:**  
ANSI C63.26

**Test date:** 2020-12-18; 2020-12-21

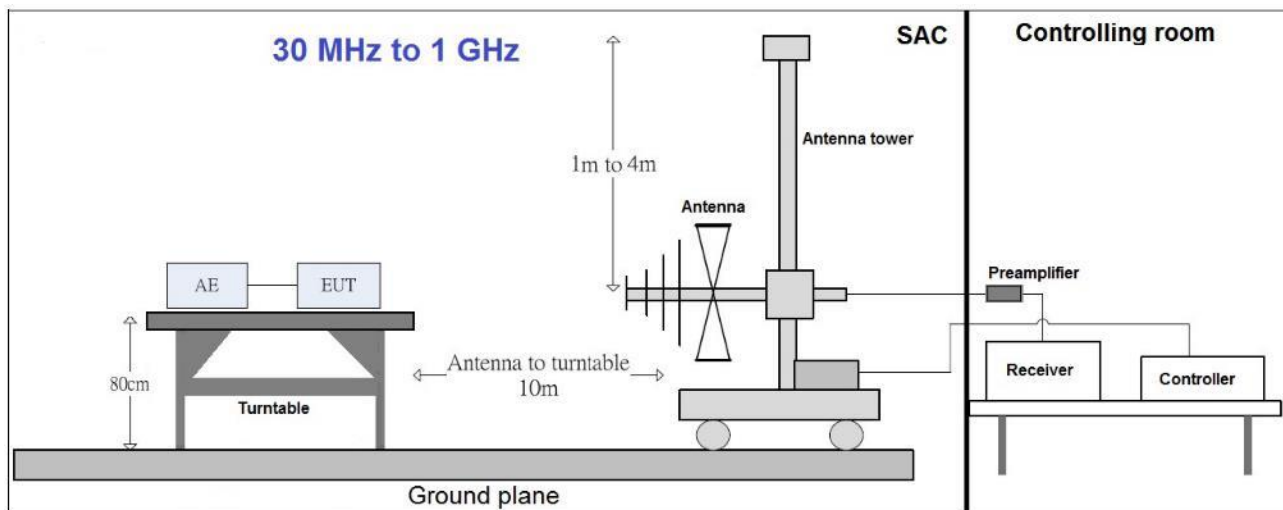
**Environmental conditions:** 20 ° C; 40 % r. F.

**Test engineer:** Thomas Hufnagel

#### 4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

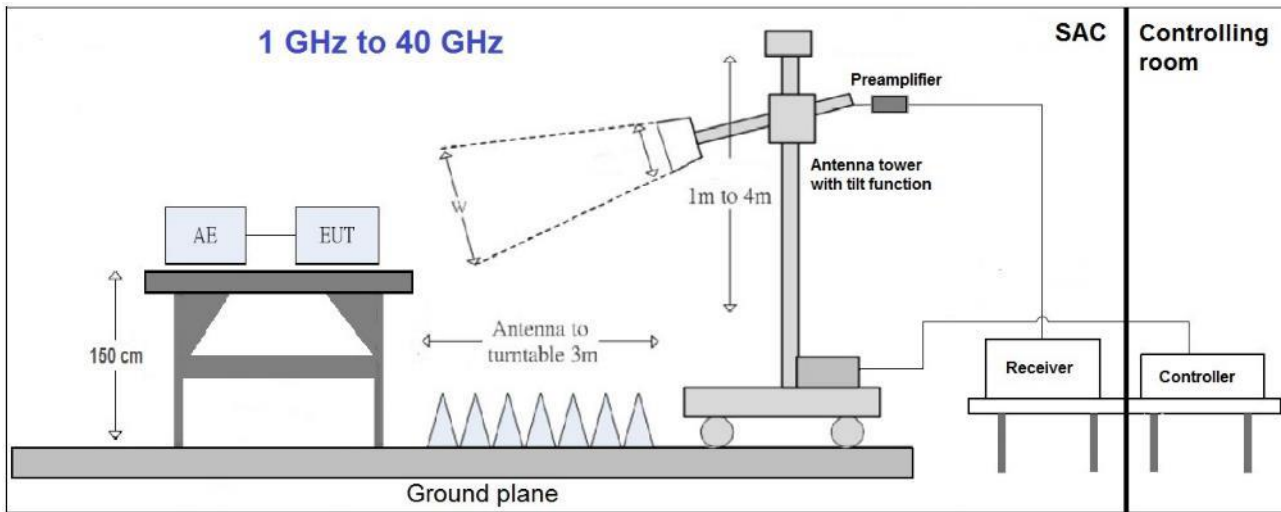
This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per FCC § 2.1053, FCC § 24.238 and RSS-133 with subpart 6.5.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



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**1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz**

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.4 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table 1.5 x 1.5 m<sup>2</sup> in the semi-anechoic chamber, 0.8 meter above the ground or floor-standing arrangement shall be placed on the horizontal ground reference plane.. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated. For the initial measurements, the receiving antenna is varied from 1-4 meter height and is changed in the vertical plane from vertical to horizontal polarization at each frequency. The highest emissions between 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer and/or EMI receiver in quasi-peak mode to determine the precise amplitude of the emissions.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software BAT EMC from NEXIO. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered by a DC power source. ?

**Step 1: Preliminary scan**

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 10 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold/RMS (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time/Frequency step: 5 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 180°
- Turntable step size: 30°
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Height variation step size: 1 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.



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### **Step 2: Adjustment measurement**

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm 45^\circ$  around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by  $\pm 100$  cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold; RMS
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range:  $\pm 30^\circ$  around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

### **Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector**

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz); RMS; Peak
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

## **3. Measurement above 1 GHz**

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

### **Step 1:**

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support at 1.5 m height in the semi-anechoic chamber. Absorbers are placed around and between the turn table and the antenna tower.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of  $30^\circ$ .

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is  $15^\circ$ .

### **Step 2:**

The maximum RFI field strength was determined during the measurement by rotating the turntable ( $\pm 180$  degrees) and varying the height of the receive antenna ( $h = 1 \dots 4$  m) with an additional tilt function of the antenna. The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm 15^\circ$ .

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz





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### **Step 3:**

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak/Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

## 4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

### **FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:**

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of § 2.1049, as appropriate.

### **Part 24, Subpart E – Cellular Radiotelephone Service**

Abstract § 24.238 FCC:

#### **§ 24.238 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.**

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated



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Abstract RSS-133 from ISED:

### **RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions**

#### **6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions**

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

(i) In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power  $P$  (dBW) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts).

(ii) After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power  $P$  (dBW) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.



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4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

30 MHz to 1 GHz:

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink;</b>						
<b>Spurious Freq. [MHz]</b>	<b>Spurious Level [dBm]</b>	<b>Pin (Sum Level) [dBm]</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>RBW [kHz]</b>	<b>Limit [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
200.0	-68.0	5.5	PEAK	120	-13.0	55.0
889.0	-65.1	5.5	PEAK	120	-13.0	52.1
889.5	-65.1	5.5	PEAK	120	-13.0	52.1
207.7	-67.4	5.5	PEAK	120	-13.0	54.4
600.0	-66.7	5.5	PEAK	120	-13.0	53.7
939.5	-62.6	5.5	PEAK	120	-13.0	49.6

Above 1 GHz to 18 GHz:

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink;</b>						
<b>Spurious Freq. [MHz]</b>	<b>Spurious Level [dBm]</b>	<b>Pin (Sum Level) [dBm]</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>RBW [kHz]</b>	<b>Limit [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
1962.2	-36.5	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	55.0
3526.2	-41.7	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	52.1
17826.0	-20.0	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	52.1
1962.2	-43.0	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	54.4
3541.5	-41.1	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	53.7
17826.6	-20.1	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	49.6



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Above 18 GHz to 27 GHz:

<b>Band 25, 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz, downlink;</b>						
<b>Spurious Freq. [MHz]</b>	<b>Spurious Level [dBm]</b>	<b>Pin (Sum Level) [dBm]</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>RBW [kHz]</b>	<b>Limit [dBm]</b>	<b>Margin to Limit [dB]</b>
20625.0	-51.7	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	38.7
20625.0	-51.0	5.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	38.0

Remarks: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

Although usually a RMS detector is used for measurements in this cases a PEAK detector was used.

The limits are values for use of a RMS detector, but it is so, that the use of a PEAK detector results in readings with higher measured levels. Because the levels with the higher values with PEAK detector are in tolerance, the limits with a RMS detector are definitely also in tolerance.



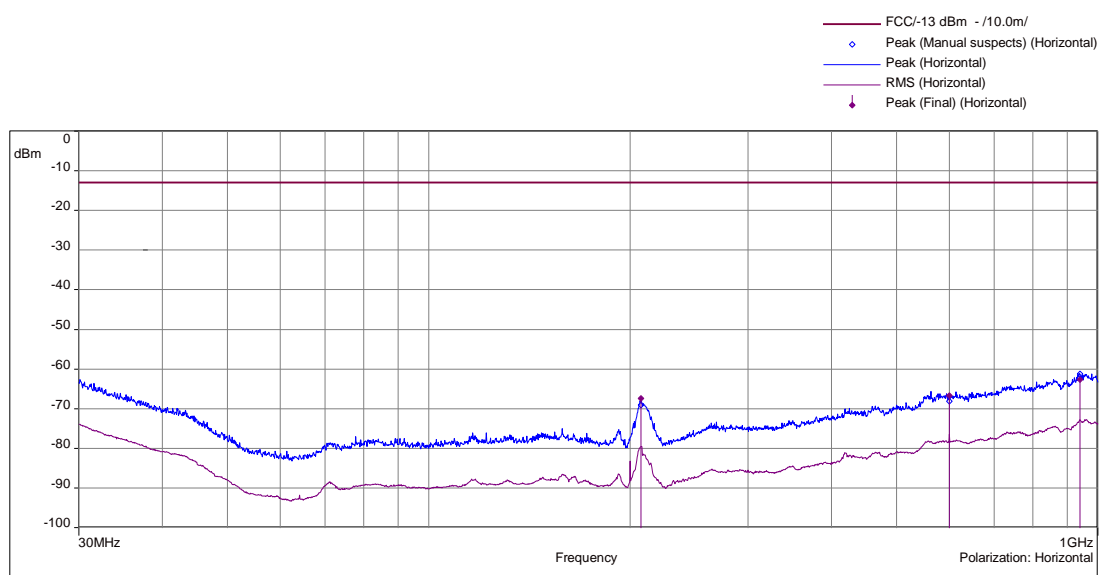
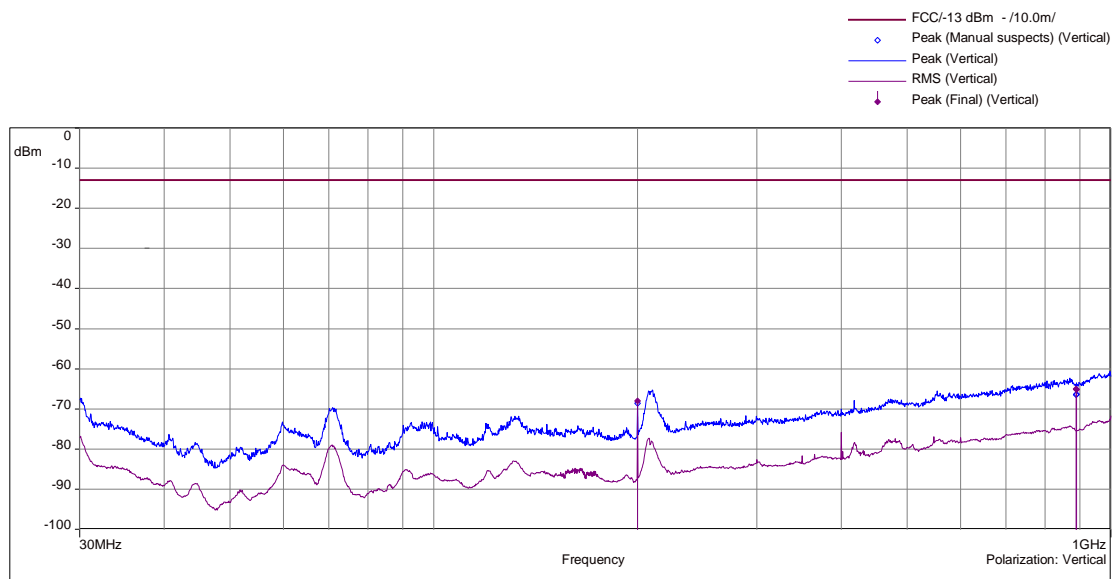
### ECL-TA-20-022-V01.00

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#### 4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 25, 1930 MHz - 1995 MHz, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF  
downlink

30 MHz - 1 GHz



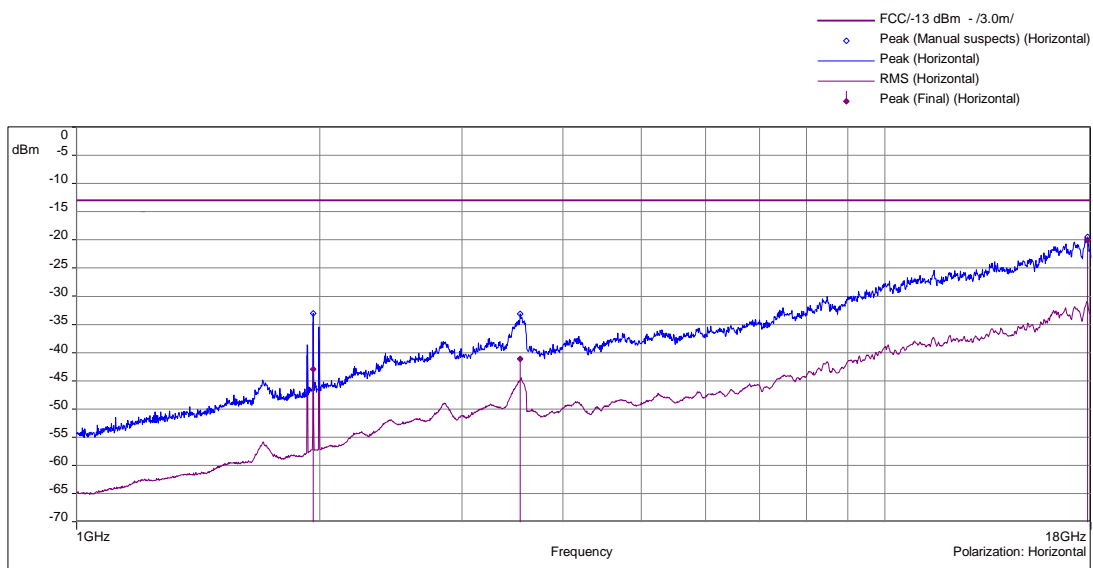
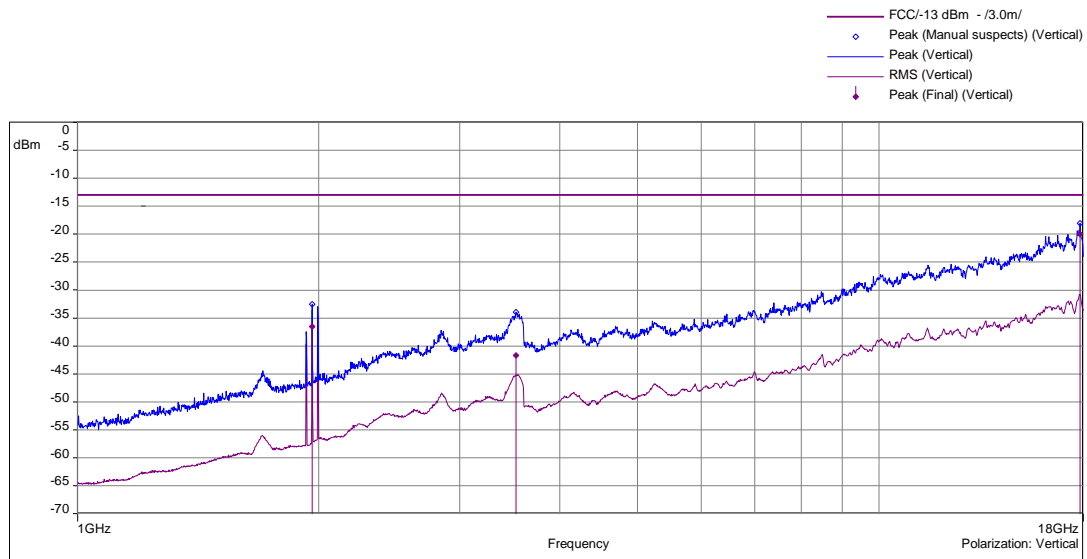


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### 1 GHz - 18 GHz



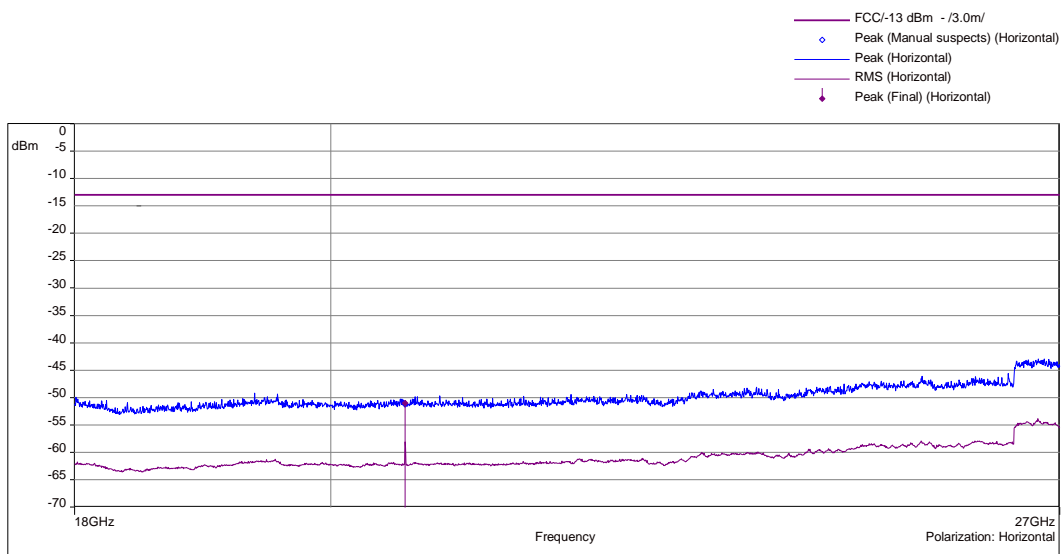
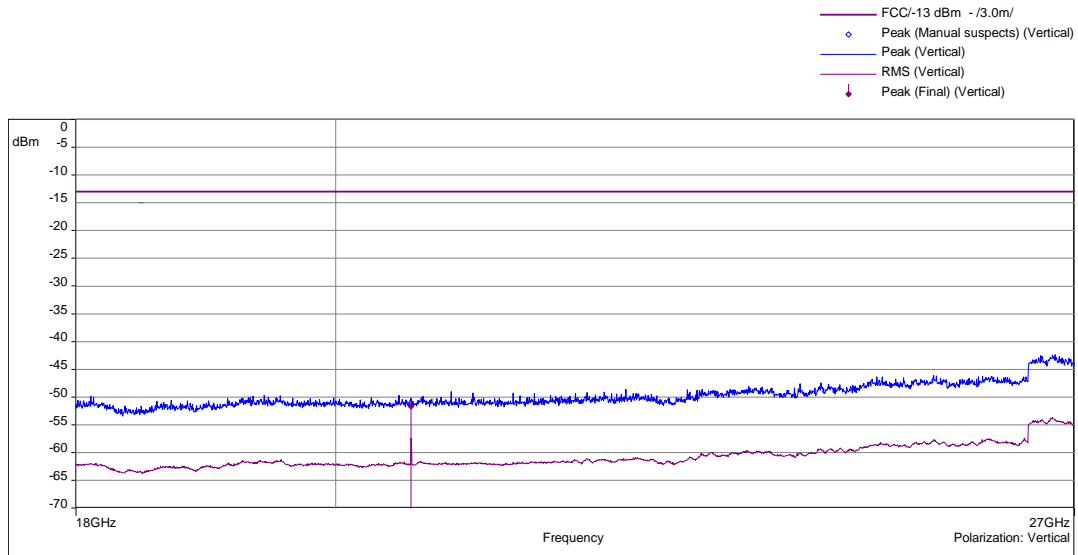


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### 18 GHz - 27 GHz





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### 4.7.5 FIELD STRENGTH CALCULATIONS

$$\mathbf{FS} = \mathbf{SA} + \mathbf{AF} + \mathbf{CL} + \mathbf{PA}$$

Where as:

- FS** = Field strength
- SA** = EMC test receiver reading
- AF** = Antenna factor
- CL** = Cable loss
- PA** = Preamplifier

### 4.7.6 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions





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### 5 TEST EQUIPMENT

#### 1 Conducted

Ref.No.	Type	Description	Manufacturer	Inventory no.	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	FSV40	Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 40 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	E2050	2020-12	2021-12
1.2	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	G2089	2020-08	2022-08
1.3	KlimaLogg Pro	Thermo-Hygrometer	TFA	X546	2020-05	2021-05

#### 2 Radiated Emissions

Ref.No.	Type	Description	Manufacturer	Inventory no.	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	ESU40	EMI test receiver 10 Hz - 40 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	E2025	2020-12	2021-12
2.2	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	G2089	2020-08	2022-08
2.3	CBL 6111C	Antenna 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Chase	K1026	2020-01	2021-01
2.4	HL 025	Antenna 1 GHz - 18 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	K1114	2019-06	2021-06
2.5	MWH-1826/B	Antenna 18 GHz - 26.5 GHz	ARA Inc.	K1042	2018-11	2022-10
2.6	AM1431	Pre amplifier 10 kHz - 1 GHz	Miteq	K1721	2020-12	2021-12
2.7	AFS4-00102000	Preamplifier 100 MHz - 20 GHz	Miteq	K838	2010-12	2021-12
2.8	JS43-1800-4000	Preamplifier 18 GHz - 40 GHz	Miteq	K1104	2019-05	2021-10
2.9	30.3015	ThermoHygro Datalogger	TFA	X 507	2018-08	2021-08
2.10	BAT-EMC	Software	Nexio	V3.20.0.10	---	---



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**6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas.

**6.1 ANTENNA CHASE CBL 6111C (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)**

**(d = 10 m)**

Frequency	AF Horizontal R&S CBL 6111C	AF Vertikal R&S CBL 6111C	Corr.
30	47.9	38.1	-38.1
50	34.4	26.4	-38.0
100	31.6	32.8	-38.0
150	33.7	33.9	-37.9
200	30.3	32.8	-37.7
250	33.6	36.5	-37.5
300	34.5	36.8	-37.1
350	36.3	37.2	-37.0
400	36.9	38.3	-36.8
450	38.0	39.6	-36.5
500	39.2	40.4	-36.0
550	41.2	42.1	-35.9
600	41.6	41.7	-35.7
650	41.9	42.9	-35.9
700	42.3	43.4	-35.6
750	43.5	43.9	-35.7
800	43.6	44.6	-36.0
850	45.0	45.1	-36.1
900	45.2	45.1	-36.6
950	46.4	46.4	-36.4
1000	45.8	47.0	-36.0

cable loss (antenna - pre-amp)	pre-amp	cable loss (inside chamber)	cable loss (to receiver)
-0,01	-38.3	0.0	0.1
0,28	-38.4	0.3	0.1
0,52	-38.7	0.5	0.2
0,73	-38.8	0.7	0.2
0,95	-38.9	1.0	0.3
1,10	-38.9	1.1	0.3
1,20	-38.6	1.2	0.3
1,29	-38.6	1.3	0.3
1,36	-38.5	1.4	0.3
1,42	-38.2	1.4	0.4
1,48	-37.9	1.5	0.4
1,54	-37.8	1.5	0.4
1,60	-37.7	1.6	0.4
1,64	-38.0	1.6	0.5
1,71	-37.8	1.7	0.5
1,76	-38.0	1.8	0.5
1,80	-38.3	1.8	0.5
1,84	-38.4	1.8	0.5
1,91	-39.0	1.9	0.5
1,93	-38.9	1.9	0.6
1,99	-38.6	2.0	0.6

**Sample calculation**

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$   
 U = Receiver reading  
 AF = Antenna factor  
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)  
 distance correction =  $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$   
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.  
 Tables show an extract of values.



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6.2 ANTENNA ROHDE & SCHWARZ HL 025 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HL 025	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	33.2	-18.9
2000	39.4	-17.8
3000	42.8	-17.0
4000	45.1	-16.6
5000	46.8	-16.6
6000	48.5	-16.7
7000	50.2	-16.2
8000	50.4	-15.3
9000	51.9	-14.4
10000	53.8	-14.0
11000	54.5	-14.1
12000	55.3	-14.4
13000	55.7	-14.7
14000	56.5	-14.8
15000	56.4	-14.7
16000	57.2	-14.3
17000	57.6	-14.5
18000	57.6	-14.6

pre-amp	cable loss (to receiver)
dB	dB
-20.92	2.01
-20.60	2.78
-20.44	3.42
-20.58	3.99
-21.08	4.46
-21.53	4.87
-21.53	5.35
-20.97	5.66
-20.44	6.05
-20.43	6.45
-20.84	6.69
-21.41	7.04
-22.09	7.36
-22.48	7.66
-22.56	7.90
-22.49	8.20
-22.90	8.45
-23.27	8.71

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$   
 U = Receiver reading  
 AF = Antenna factor  
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)  
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.  
 Tables show an extract of values.



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## 6.3 ANTENNA ARA INC. MWH-1826-B (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ) PARTIALLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER MITEQ JS43-1800-4000: THE USE OF THE PRE-AMPLIFIER IS DEPENDENT FROM THE FIELD STRENGTH

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
18000	44.3	-37.5
18500	43.9	-37.6
19000	44.4	-36.9
19500	44.1	-36.1
20000	44.6	-36.3
20500	44.9	-36.1
21000	45.2	-35.9
21500	45.0	-35.7
22000	45.1	-35.3
22500	45.4	-35.0
23000	45.7	-35.6
23500	45.8	-34.3
24000	45.3	-34.8
24500	45.3	-35.0
25000	46.1	-34.3
25500	46.5	-34.2
26000	46.7	-34.8
26500	46.5	-34.4
27000	46.4	-35.1

pre-amp	cable loss (to receiver)
dB	dB
-46.2	8.7
-46.4	8.8
-45.9	9.0
-45.2	9.1
-45.6	9.3
-45.5	9.4
-45.3	9.4
-45.3	9.7
-45.1	9.8
-44.8	9.8
-45.5	9.9
-44.4	10.1
-45.0	10.2
-45.3	10.4
-44.8	10.5
-44.7	10.5
-45.4	10.6
-45.1	10.7
-46.0	10.9

### Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



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### 7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

<b>KDB 935210 D05</b>	<b>ECL</b>
Power measurement	0,68 dB
Measuring AGC threshold level	0,90 dB
Out of band rejection	0,90 dB
Input-versus-output signal comparison	0,91 dB
Mean power output	0,90 dB
Measuring out-of-band/out-of-block (including intermodulation) emissions and spurious emissions	0,90 dB
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements	0,90 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	2,18 dB
Spurious emissions radiated measurements	5,38 dB
Total frequency uncertainty	$2 \times 10^{-7}$

Reference :

ECL-MU5.4.6.3-EMC-14-001-V03.00 MU Wireless.xlsx



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TA tests on Andrew, CAP H 80-85\_17E\_19\_26 F-AC-  
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### **ANNEX A: ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE (FOR INFORMATION)**

The accreditation relates to competences stated on the accreditation certificate. The current certificate is available on the homepage of the DAkkS and can be downloaded under accredited bodies with the processing number:

<https://www.dakks.de/en>



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**ANNEX B: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PROVIDED BY CLIENT**

None.

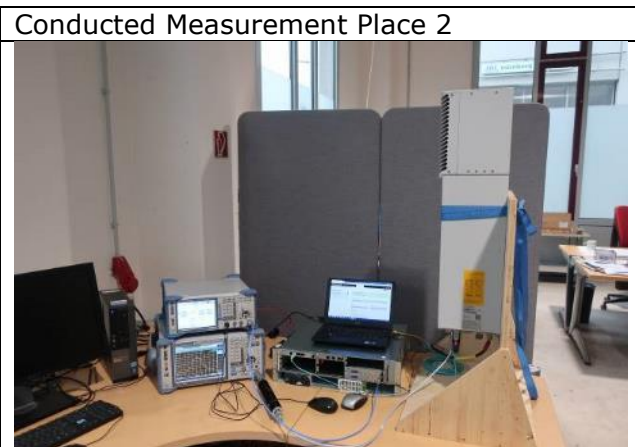
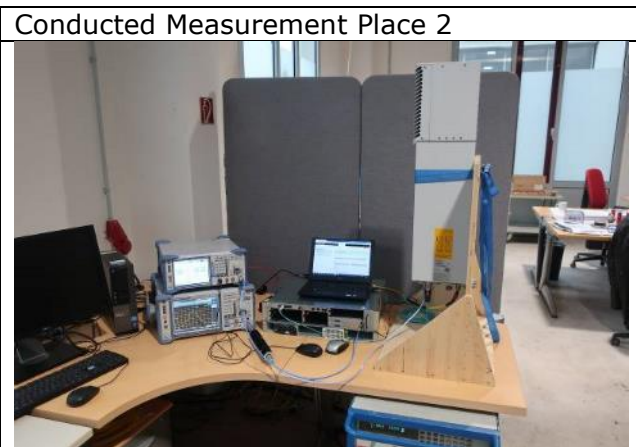
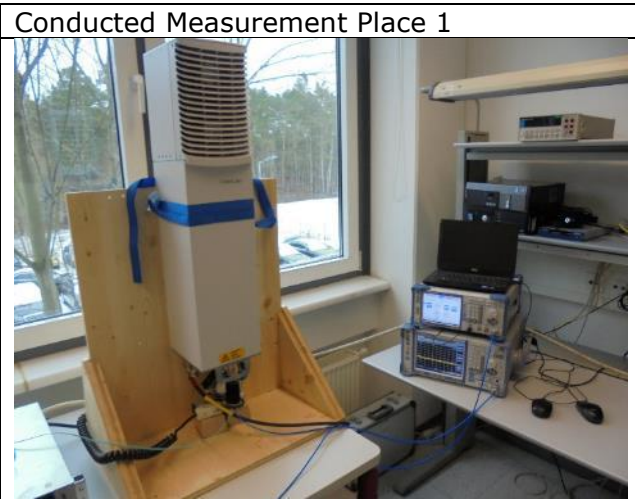
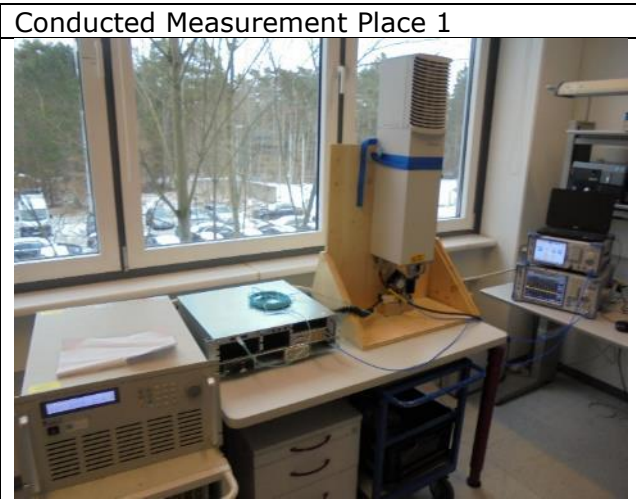


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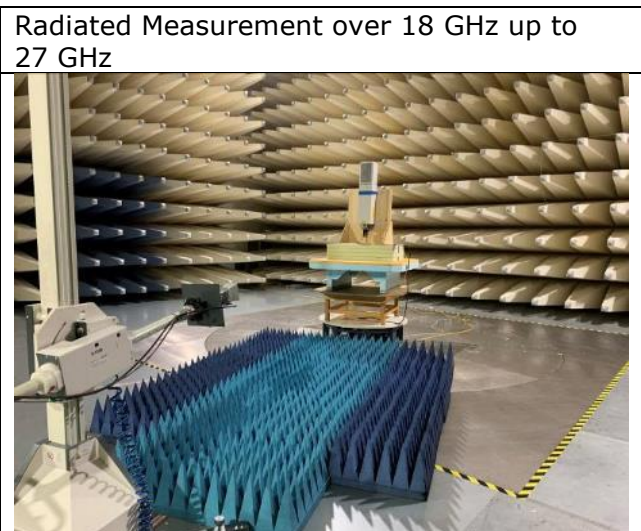
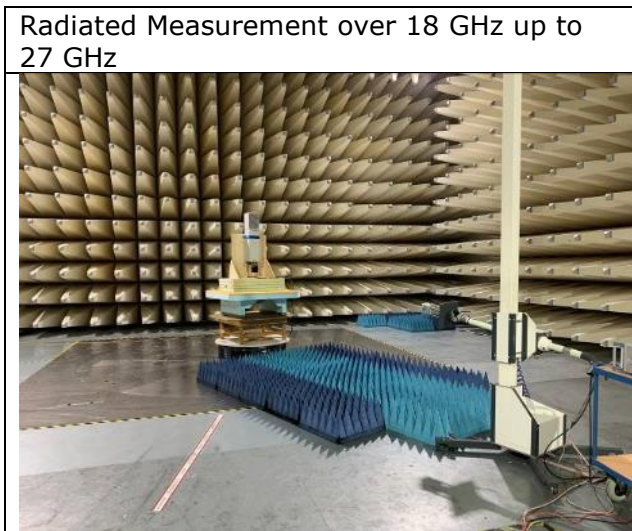
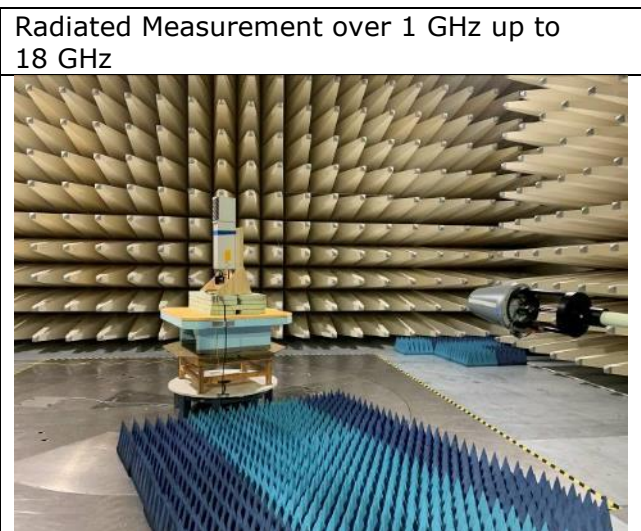
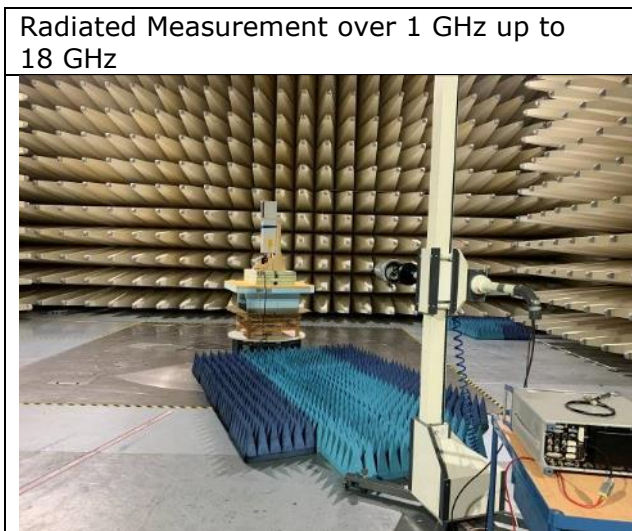
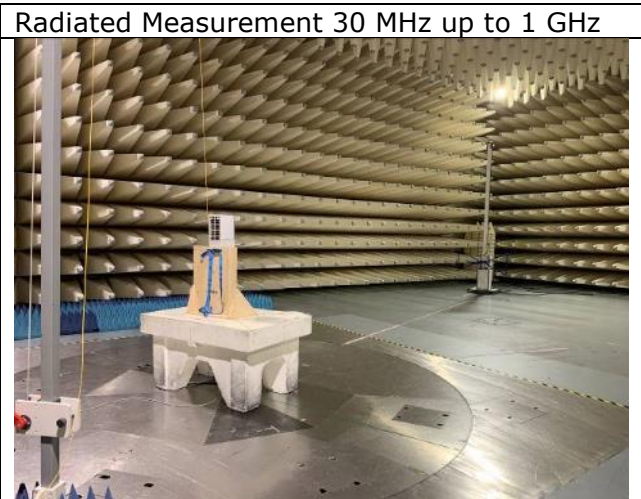
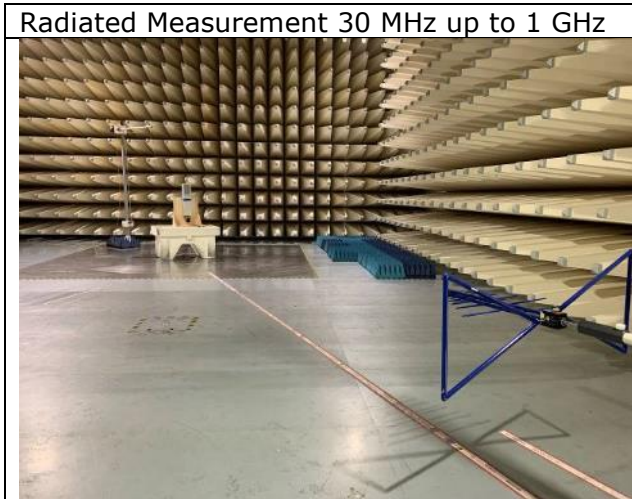
**ANNEX C: PHOTO REPORT**





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\*\*\*\*\* End of test report \*\*\*\*\*