



February 1, 2018

TUV SUD BABT  
Octagon House, Concorde Way  
Segensworth Rd N, Fareham  
PO15 5RL

Attention: Director of Certification

**FCC ID:** XPY2AGQN4NNN  
**IC:** 8595A-2AGQN4NNN

**RE: Antenna gain calculation per guidance from KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v06 and RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015.**

## 1. Limits

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (Title 47 Subpart J §2.1091 and KDB 447498 D01 referring to limits under §1.1310)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
0.3 - 1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34 - 30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1500	-	-	f/1500	30
1500 - 100,000	-	-	1.0	30

*f* = frequency in MHz

\*Plane-wave equivalent power density



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Limits for Devices Used by the General Public (Uncontrolled Environment (RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015))

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	Reference Period (minutes)
0.003 - 10 <sup>21</sup>	83	90	-	Instantaneous*
0.1 - 10	-	0.73/f	-	6**
1.1 - 10	87/f <sup>0.5</sup>	-	-	6**
10 - 20	27.46	0.0728	2	6
20 - 48	-58.07/f <sup>0.25</sup>	0.1540/f <sup>0.25</sup>	8.944/f <sup>0.5</sup>	6
48 - 300	22.06	0.05852	1.291	6
300 - 6000	3.142 f <sup>0.3417</sup>	0.008335 f <sup>0.3417</sup>	0.02619 f <sup>0.6834</sup>	6
6000 - 15000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15000 - 150000	61.4	0.163	10	616000/f <sup>1.2</sup>
150000 - 300000	0.158f <sup>0.5</sup>	4.21 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> f <sup>0.5</sup>	6.67 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> f	616000/f <sup>1.2</sup>

*f* is frequency in MHz

\*Based on nerve stimulation (NS)

\*\* Based on specific absorption rate (SAR)



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<b>EUT</b>	u-blox AG SARA-R410M-02B LTE Cat-M1/NB1 Module
<b>Input Power of the Antenna</b>	25.0 dBm / 0.316 mW (LTE Band 2, 4, 5, 12 and 13)
<b>Frequency</b>	699.7 - 715.3 MHz (LTE B12)
	1710.7 - 1754.3 (LTE B4)
	777.7 - 786.3 MHz (LTE B13)
	824.7 - 848.3 MHz (LTE B5)
	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz (LTE B2)
<b>FCC Limit (§1.1310 (d)(4)) (Use lowest frequency as the worst case)</b>	4.66467 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 699.7 MHz (LTE Band 12)
	10 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 1710.7 MHz (LTE Band 4)
	5.18467 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 777.7 MHz (LTE Band 13)
	5.498 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 824.7 MHz (LTE Band 5)
	10 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 1805.7 MHz (LTE Band 2)
<b>RSS-102 RF Limits (Use lowest frequency as the worst case)</b>	2.30329 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 699.7 MHz (LTE Band 12)
	4.2431 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 1710.7 MHz (LTE Band 4)
	2.4758 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 777.7 MHz (LTE Band 13)
	2.5771 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 824.7 MHz (LTE Band 5)
	4.40278 W/m <sup>2</sup> @ 1805.7 MHz (LTE Band 2)
<b>User separation distance</b>	20 cm



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Equation for predicting RF field was used to determine the maximum antenna gain that can be used with the EUT and still comply with the requirements:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi r^2}$$

- Where:
- S=the power flux
  - P=input power of the antenna
  - G=antenna gain relative to an isotropic antenna
  - r=distance from the antenna to the point of investigation

From this formula, for LTE Band 12, using 0.230329 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> as *S* (worst case than FCC limit), 20 cm as *r* then the antenna gain *G* is calculated. This is the maximum antenna gain in dBi that can be used with the EUT while still in compliance with the power density requirements.

$$G = \frac{4\pi r^2 S}{P}$$

$$G = \frac{4\pi(20\text{ cm})^2(0.230329\text{ mW/cm}^2)}{316.0\text{ mW}}$$

$$G = \frac{1157.76}{316.0\text{ mW}}$$

$$G = 3.664$$

Therefore:

- G = 3.66 dBi** for Band 12,
- G = 6.75 dBi** for Band 4
- G = 3.94 dBi** for Band 13
- G = 4.41 dBi** for Band 5
- G = 7.0 dBi** for Band 2

Sincerely,

Ferdie S. Custodio

Name

Authorized Signatory

Title: Senior EMC/Wireless Test Engineer