

# TEST REPORT

Reference No..... : WTH21X09097137W-3  
FCC ID ..... : XOMRWOSU9847  
Applicant ..... : SHENZHEN QIYUE OPTRONICS COMPANY LIMITED  
Address..... : Flat3,Tower 3, Excellence Meilin Center Plaza, Zhongkang Road 128,  
Shangmeilin, Futian District, Shenzhen , China  
Product Name ..... : 98" SMART 4K UHD TV  
Test Model. .... : RWOSU9847  
Standards ..... : FCC Part 15.247  
Date of Receipt sample .... : Sept. 13, 2021  
Date of Test..... : Sept. 13, 2021 to Sept. 22, 2021  
Date of Issue ..... : Sept. 22, 2021  
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

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**Report version**

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
Rev.00	Sept. 22, 2021	Original
/	/	/

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### Client Information

Applicant: SHENZHEN QIYUE OPTRONICS COMPANY LIMITED  
 Address of applicant: Flat3,Tower 3, Excellence Meilin Center Plaza, Zhongkang Road 128, Shangmeilin, Futian District, Shenzhen , China

Manufacturer: SHENZHEN QIYUE OPTRONICS COMPANY LIMITED  
 BRANCH  
 Address of manufacturer: A/B/C/D Building, Xitian Industrial Park, Dashuikeng Community,Guanlan Street, Longhua New District, Shenzhen City, China

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	98" SMART 4K UHD TV
Trade Name	RCA, PROSCAN, RCA SCENIUM, TECHNICOLOR, SYLVANIA, RCASMA RTVIRTUOSO
Model No.:	RWOSU9847
Adding Model(s):	D98S8-U-A-I,XXXXXXXXXX98XXXXXXXXXXXXX (Where "X" can be any alphanumeric of A-Z or 0-9 or blank or -, indicates different client)
Rated Voltage:	AC120V/60Hz
Battery Capacity:	/
Adapter Model:	/
<p><i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer. The appearance of others models listed in the report is different from main-test model RWOSU9847, but the circuit and the electronic construction do not change, declared by the manufacturer.</i></p>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Bluetooth Version:	V5.0 (BR/EDR mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	9.992dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	2dBi

## 1.2 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

**FCC Rules Part 15.247**: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz, and 5725-5850MHz.

**558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02**: Guidance for Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission System, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, and Hybrid System Devices Operating under section 15.247 of the Fcc rules.

**ANSI C63.10-2013**: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

## 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

## 1.4 Test Facility

### **Address of the test laboratory**

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

### **FCC – Registration No.: 125990**

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

### **Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

## 1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz

Modulation Configure			
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
GFSK	DH1	4	27
	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2DH1	20	54
	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	679
8DPSK	3DH1	24	83
	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK,  $\pi/4$  DQPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case.

Test Conditions	
Temperature:	22~25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45~55 %
ATM Pressure:	1019 mbar

<b>EUT Cable List and Details</b>			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
AC Cable	1.6	Unshielded	Without Ferrite

<b>Special Cable List and Details</b>			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
HDMI	1.5	Shielded	Without Ferrit

<b>Auxiliary Equipment List and Details</b>			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Computer	Dell	9MMJ442	/



## 1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	Conducted	$\pm 0.42\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	$\pm 1.5\%$
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	$\pm 2.17\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions	Conducted	9-150kHz $\pm 3.74\text{dB}$
		0.15-30MHz $\pm 3.34\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions	Radiated	30-200MHz $\pm 4.52\text{dB}$
		0.2-1GHz $\pm 5.56\text{dB}$
		1-6GHz $\pm 3.84\text{dB}$
		6-26GHz $\pm 3.92\text{dB}$

**1.7 Test Equipment List and Details**

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due. Date
SEMT-1075	Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1063	GSM Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	114403	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1072	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1079	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	US47140102	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1080	Signal Generator	Agilent	83752A	3610A01453	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1081	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47070202	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1028	Power Divider	Weinschel	1506A	PM204	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1082	Power Divider	RF-Lambda	RFLT4W5M18G	14110400027	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1031	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1007	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1008	Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1043	Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	2002	2021-04-12	2022-04-11
SEMT-1069	Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
SEMT-1068	Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
SEMT-1042	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
SEMT-1121	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170582	2021-04-27	2023-04-26
SEMT-1169	Pre-amplifier	Direction Systems Inc.	PAP-2640	14145-14153	2021-04-27	2022-04-26
SEMT-1163	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100612	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1166	Power Limiter	Agilent	N9356B	MY45450376	2021-03-27	2022-03-26
SEMT-1076	RF Switcher	Top Precision	RCS03-A2	/	2021-03-19	2023-03-18
SEMT-C001	Cable	Zheng DI	LL142-07-07-10M(A)	/	/	/
SEMT-C002	Cable	Zheng DI	ZT40-2.92J-2.92J-6M	/	/	/
SEMT-C003	Cable	Zheng DI	ZT40-2.92J-2.92J-2.5M	/	/	/
SEMT-C004	Cable	Zheng DI	2M0RFC	/	/	/
SEMT-C005	Cable	Zheng DI	1M0RFC	/	/	/
SEMT-C006	Cable	Zheng DI	1M0RFC	/	/	/

<b>Software List</b>			
<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer</b>	<b>Model</b>	<b>Version</b>
EMI Test Software (Radiated Emission)*	Farad	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission)*	Farad	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1

\*Remark: indicates software version used in the compliance certification testing.

## 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

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<b>FCC Rules</b>	<b>Description of Test Item</b>	<b>Result</b>
§15.203; §15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§15.209(a)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(1)	RF Power Output	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

N/A: Not applicable.

### **3. Antenna Requirement**

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#### **3.1 Standard Applicable**

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### **3.2 Evaluation Information**

This product has an Integral antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

## 4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

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### 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), the system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

### 4.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with a Bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

### **4.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence**

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

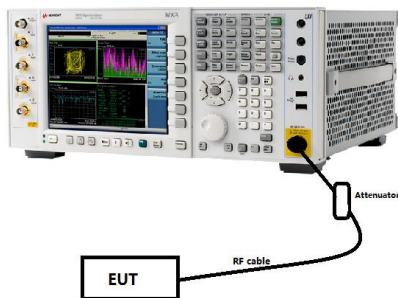
## 5. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

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### 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

### 5.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



### 5.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.3, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

- a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

According to DA 00-705 Section 15.247(a), the EUT shall have its hopping function enabled, the Carrier frequency separation test method as follows:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW)  $\geq$  1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

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Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

#### **5.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

**Please refer to Appendix A**

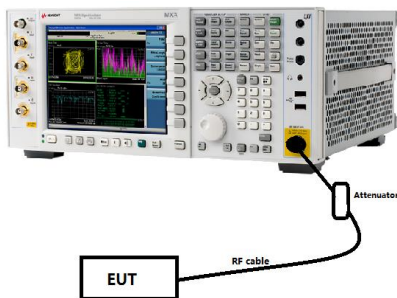
## 6. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

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### 6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 6.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



### 6.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.4, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

- Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $\gg 1/T$ , where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- Detector function: Peak.
- Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

$$\text{(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements)} = \text{(number of hops on spectrum analyzer)} \times \text{(period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)}$$

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The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation. The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

#### **6.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length).

The test period:  $T = 0.4 \text{ Second} * 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

Dwell time = time slot length \* (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) \* Period

**Please refer to Appendix B**

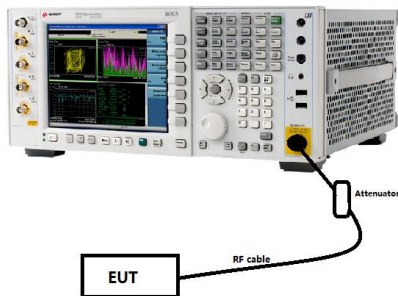
## 7. 20dB Bandwidth

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### 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a) and 15.215(c), 20dB bandwidth is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

### 7.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



### 7.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.9.2, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

- The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.
- The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$  below the reference level.
- Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30dB below the reference value.
- Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.
- Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using  $[(\text{reference value}) - \text{xx}]$ . Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).

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j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

## **7.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

**Please refer to Appendix C**

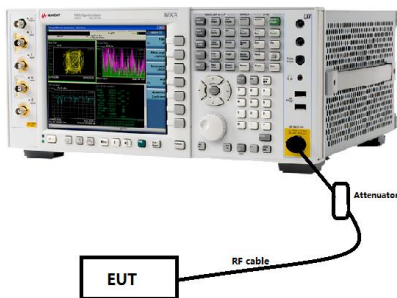
## 8. RF Output Power

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### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5MHz band: 0.125 watts.

### 8.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



### 8.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.5, the output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

- a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
  - 2) RBW > 20dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
  - 3) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
  - 4) Sweep: Auto.
  - 5) Detector function: Peak.
  - 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
- e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

### 8.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to Appendix D

## 9. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

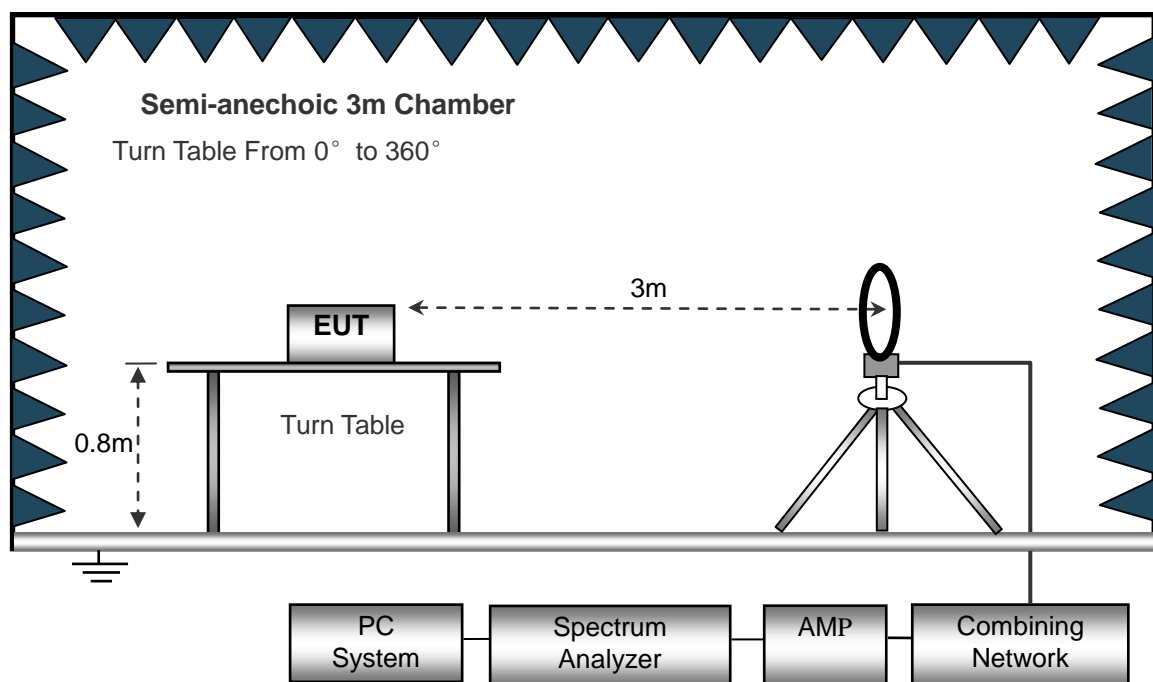
The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

### 9.2 Test Procedure

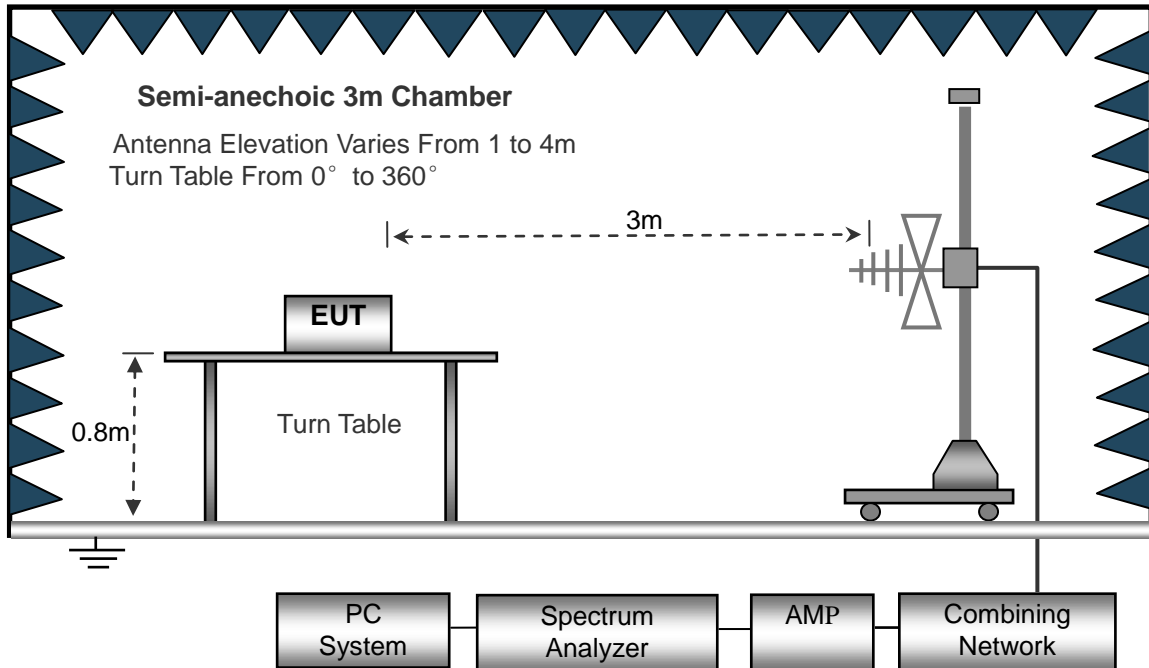
The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10cm.

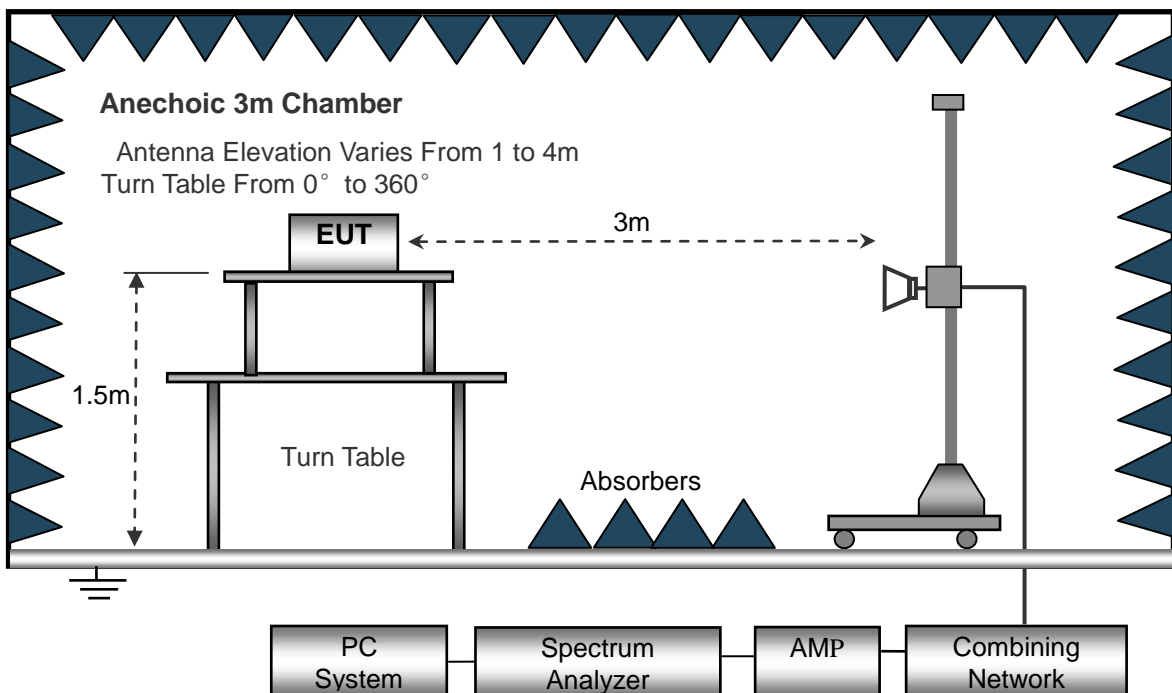
The test setup for emission measurement below 30MHz.



The test setup for emission measurement from 30MHz to 1GHz.



The test setup for emission measurement above 1GHz.





Frequency :9kHz-30MHz	Frequency :30MHz-1GHz	Frequency :Above 1GHz
RBW=10KHz,	RBW=120KHz,	RBW=1MHz,
VBW =30KHz	VBW=300KHz	VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10Hz(AV)
Sweep time= Auto	Sweep time= Auto	Sweep time= Auto
Trace = max hold	Trace = max hold	Trace = max hold
Detector function = peak	Detector function = peak, QP	Detector function = peak, AV

### 9.3 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Corr. Ampl.} &= \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Correct} \\ \text{Correct} &= \text{Ant. Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Ampl. Gain} \end{aligned}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -6dB $\mu$ V means the emission is 6dB $\mu$ V below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{FCC Part 15 Limit}$$

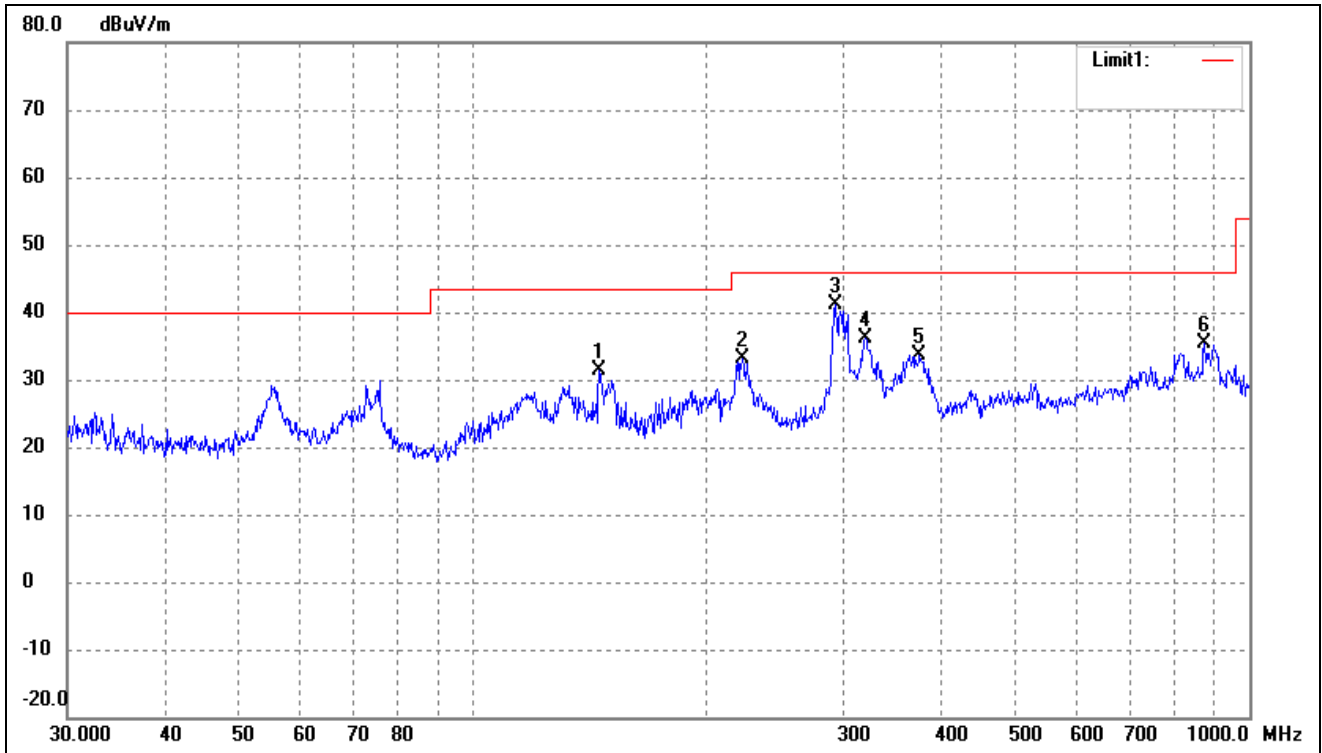
### 9.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

*Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.*

*All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case (GFSK) is recorded in this report.*

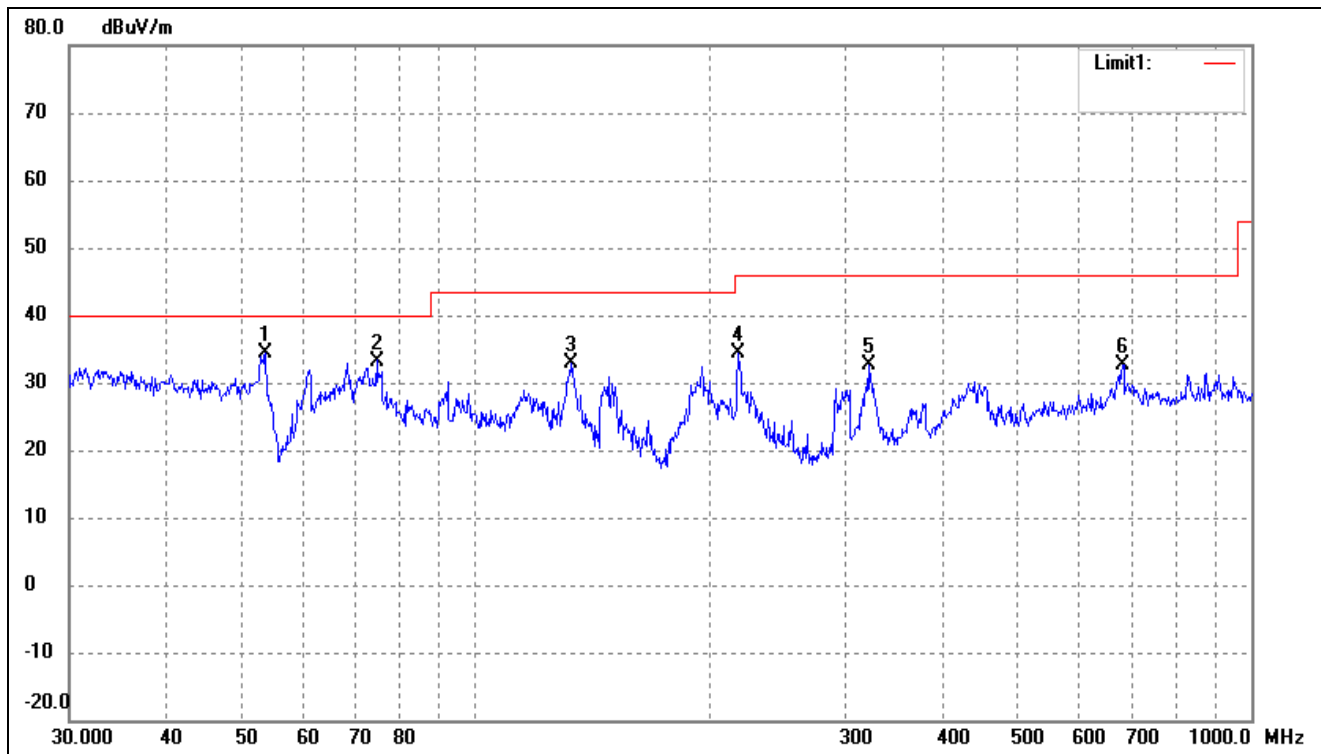
➤ Spurious Emissions Below 1GHz

Test Channel	Low(worst case)	Polarity:	Horizontal
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ( )	Height (cm)	Remark
1	145.3505	43.91	-12.44	31.47	43.50	-12.03	-	-	peak
2	222.1698	42.20	-9.10	33.10	46.00	-12.90	-	-	peak
3	293.0842	48.34	-7.14	41.20	46.00	-4.80	-	-	peak
4	319.9370	42.48	-6.34	36.14	46.00	-9.86	-	-	peak
5	375.9384	38.19	-4.61	33.58	46.00	-12.42	-	-	peak
6	875.2469	32.89	2.57	35.46	46.00	-10.54	-	-	peak

Test Channel	Low(worst case)	Polarity:	Vertical
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ( )	Height (cm)	Remark
1	53.6931	41.89	-7.49	34.40	40.00	-5.60	-	-	peak
2	74.6568	43.68	-10.43	33.25	40.00	-6.75	-	-	peak
3	133.1511	44.66	-11.69	32.97	43.50	-10.53	-	-	peak
4	218.3085	43.49	-9.20	34.29	46.00	-11.71	-	-	peak
5	321.0607	39.05	-6.30	32.75	46.00	-13.25	-	-	peak
6	682.3484	31.35	1.25	32.60	46.00	-13.40	-	-	peak

Remark: ‘-’ Means the test Degree and Height are not recorded by the test software and only show the worst case in the test report.

## ➤ Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Polar H/V	Detector
Low Channel-2402MHz							
4804	63.41	-3.59	59.82	74	-14.18	H	PK
4804	41.16	-3.59	37.57	54	-16.43	H	AV
7206	55.19	-0.52	54.67	74	-19.33	H	PK
7206	38.77	-0.52	38.25	54	-15.75	H	AV
4804	59.69	-3.59	56.10	74	-17.90	V	PK
4804	38.98	-3.59	35.39	54	-18.61	V	AV
7206	57.68	-0.52	57.16	74	-16.84	V	PK
7206	43.95	-0.52	43.43	54	-10.57	V	AV
Middle Channel-2441MHz							
4882	61.06	-3.49	57.57	74	-16.43	H	PK
4882	43.30	-3.49	39.81	54	-14.19	H	AV
7323	58.24	-0.47	57.77	74	-16.23	H	PK
7323	41.49	-0.47	41.02	54	-12.98	H	AV
4882	59.41	-3.49	55.92	74	-18.08	V	PK
4882	39.21	-3.49	35.72	54	-18.28	V	AV
7323	60.45	-0.47	59.98	74	-14.02	V	PK
7323	41.04	-0.47	40.57	54	-13.43	V	AV
High Channel-2480MHz							
4960	61.46	-3.41	58.05	74	-15.95	H	PK
4960	40.98	-3.41	37.57	54	-16.43	H	AV
7440	58.68	-0.42	58.26	74	-15.74	H	PK
7440	40.86	-0.42	40.44	54	-13.56	H	AV
4960	63.43	-3.41	60.02	74	-13.98	V	PK
4960	40.00	-3.41	36.59	54	-17.41	V	AV
7440	61.46	-0.42	61.04	74	-12.96	V	PK
7440	41.06	-0.42	40.64	54	-13.36	V	AV

Note: 1. Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

2. Average measurement was not performed if peak level is lower than average limit(54 dBuV/m) for above 1GHz.

## 10. Out of Band Emissions

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### 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

### 10.2 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.6, the Band-edge measurements for RF conducted emissions test method as follows.

- a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).
- b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).
- c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent “normal mode of operation” as specified in 6.10.3.
- d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
  - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
  - 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (\text{OBW/RBW})]$  below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
  - 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10dB preferred).
  - 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
  - 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100kHz.
  - 6) Video bandwidth: 300kHz.
  - 7) Detector: Peak.
  - 8) Trace: Max hold.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.

- g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.
- h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.
- i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).
- j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Restricted-band band-edge test method please refers to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10.5. The emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated band-edge measurements.

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.8, Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers.

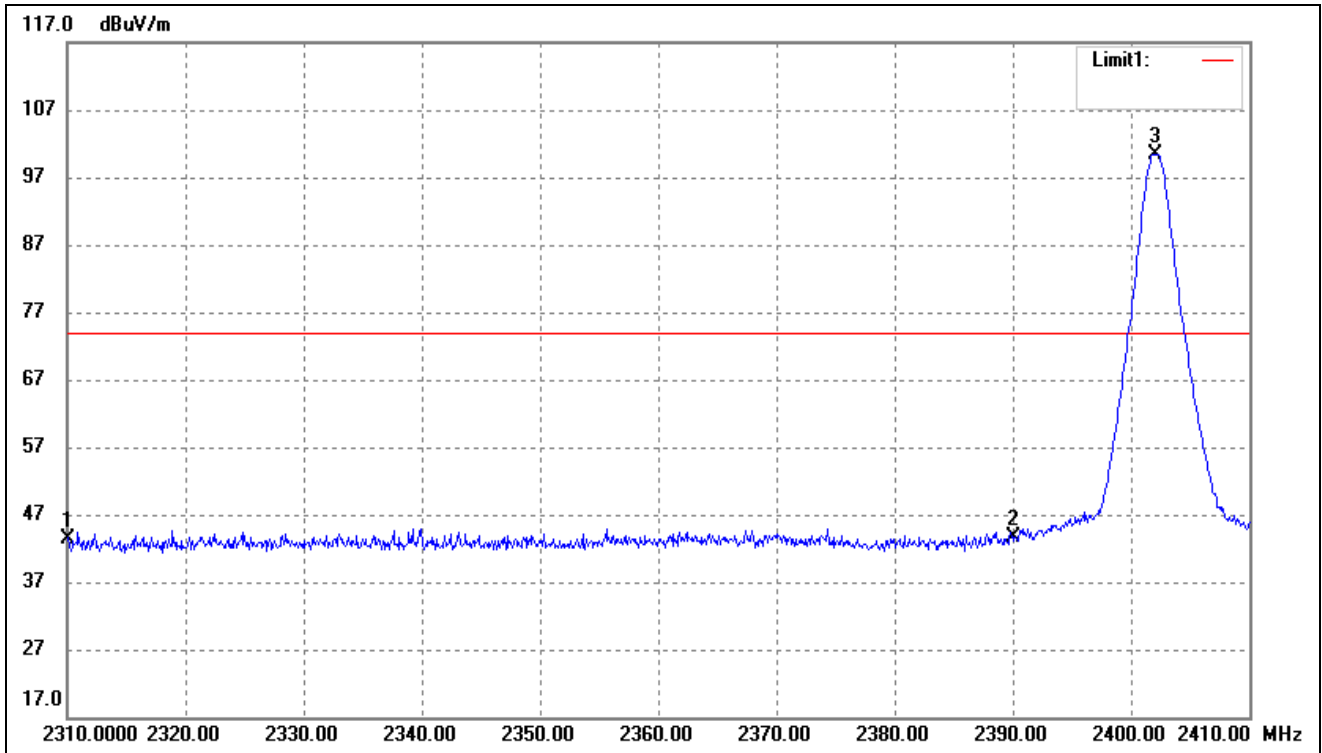
Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.

### **10.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

*Note: All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case (GFSK) is recorded in this report.*

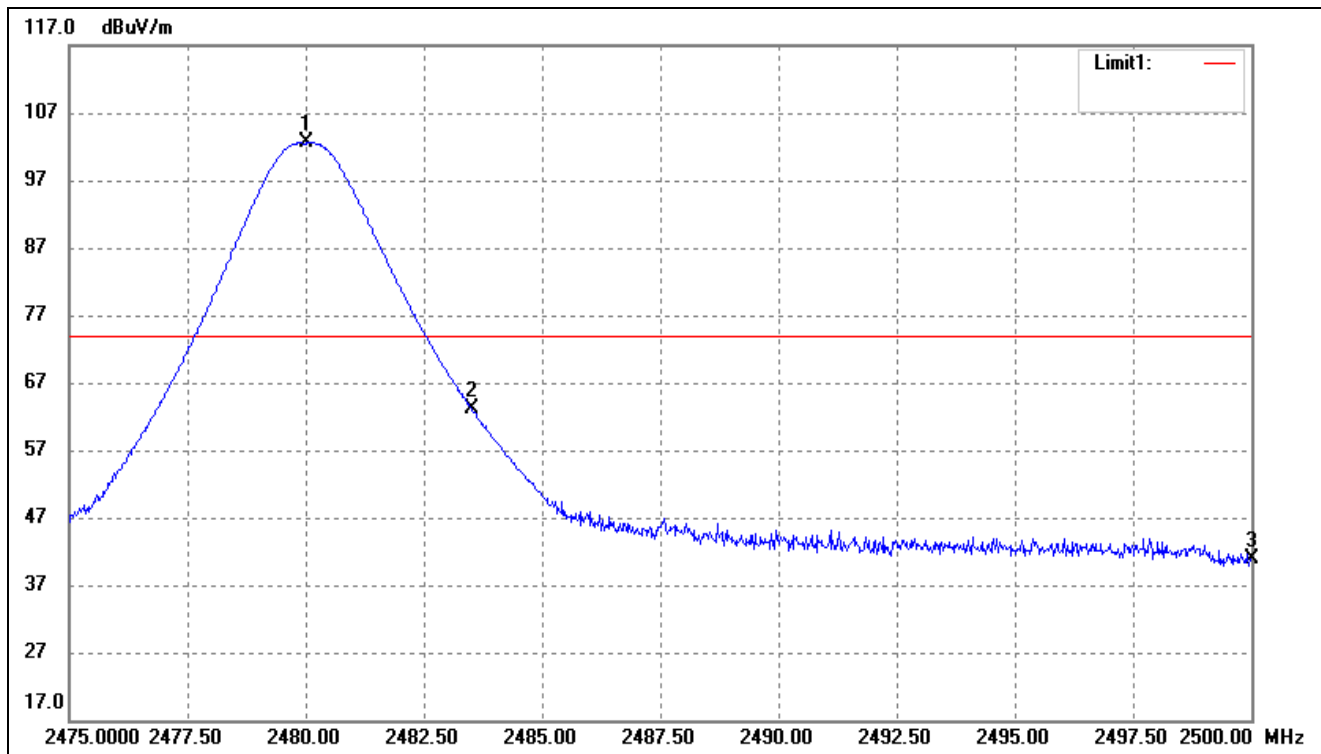
➤ Radiated test

Test Channel	Low	Polarity:	Horizontal (worst case)
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No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Duty Cycle Correction	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	2310.000	54.17	-10.82	N/A	43.35	74.00	-30.65	-	-	peak
/	/	/	/	-30.81	12.54	54.00	-41.46	-	-	ave
2	2390.000	54.44	-10.70	N/A	43.74	74.00	-30.26	-	-	peak
/	/	/	/	-30.81	12.93	54.00	-41.07	-	-	ave
3	2402.100	111.05	-10.69	N/A	100.36	/	/	-	-	peak

Test Channel	High	Polarity:	Horizontal (worst case)
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No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Duty Cycle Correction	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	2480.025	113.16	-10.58	N/A	102.58	/	/	-	-	peak
2	2483.500	73.78	-10.58	N/A	63.20	74.00	-10.80	-	-	peak
/	/	/	/	-30.81	32.39	54.00	-21.61	-	-	ave
3	2500.000	51.45	-10.55	N/A	40.90	74.00	-33.10	-	-	peak
/	/	/	/	-30.81	10.09	54.00	-43.91	-	-	ave

Note: Average measurement was not performed if peak level is lower than average limit(54dBuV/m) for above 1GHz.

➤ Conducted test

Please refer to Appendix E



## 11. Conducted Emissions

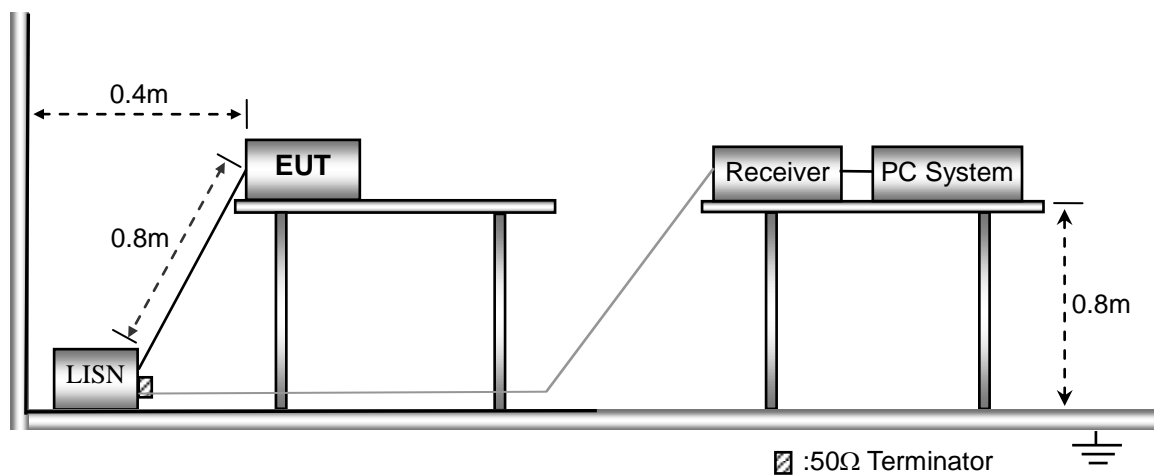
### 11.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10cm.

### 11.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram

The conducted emission tests were performed using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10:2013.



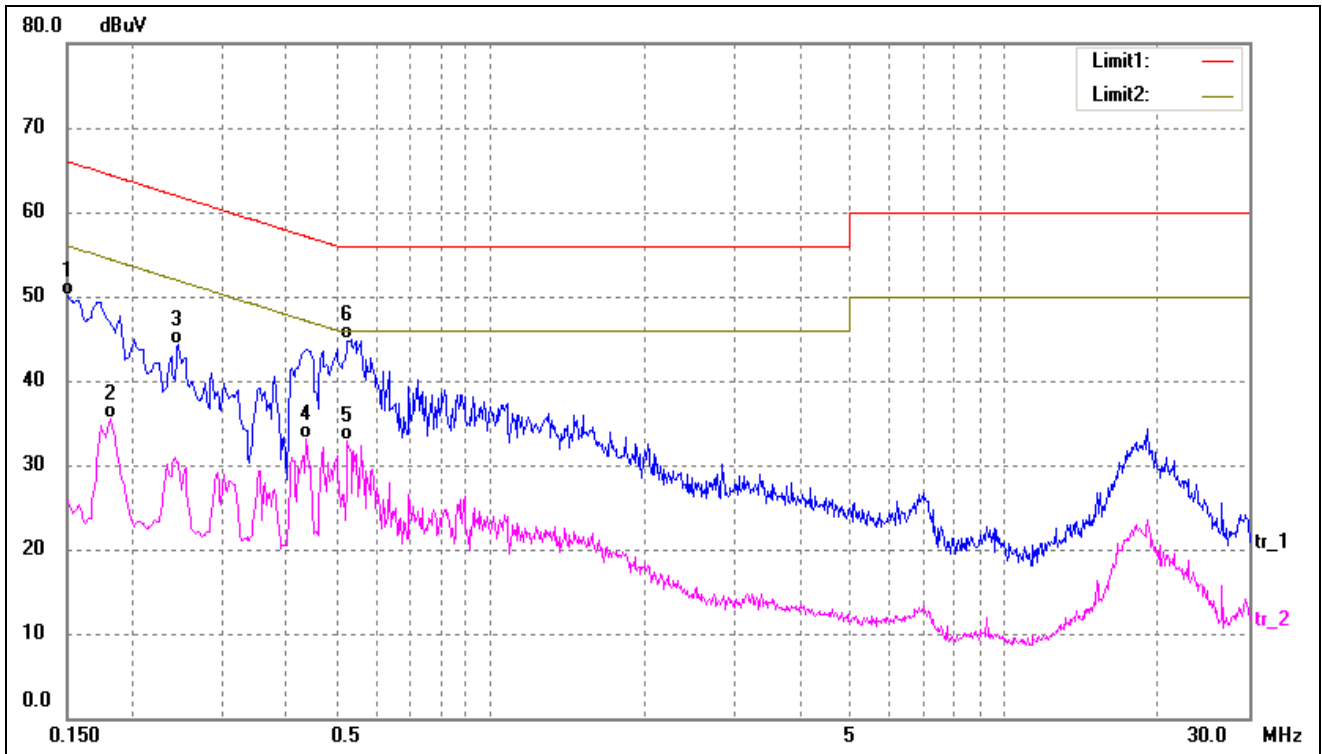
### 11.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency .....	150kHz
Stop Frequency .....	30MHz
Sweep Speed .....	Auto
IF Bandwidth.....	10kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth .....	9kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode .....	Normal

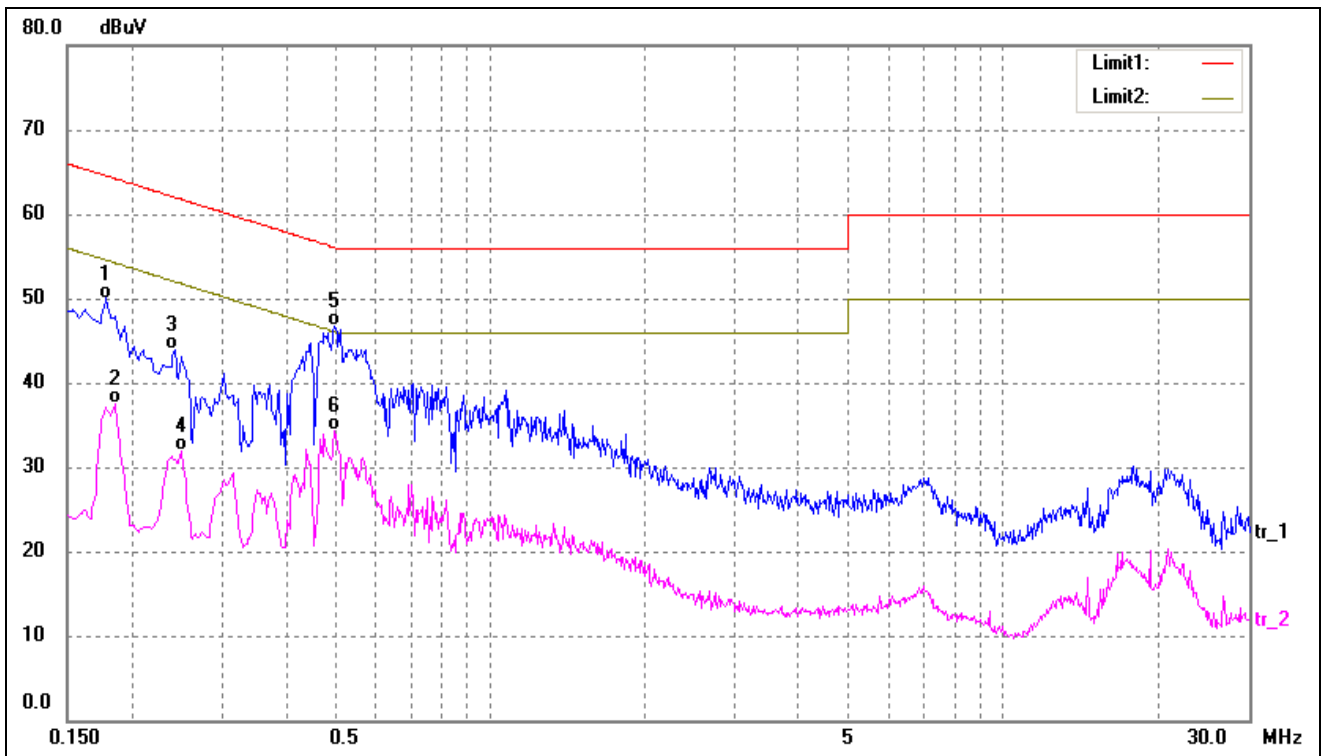
### 11.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Test Mode	Communication	AC120V 60Hz	Polarity:	Neutral
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1500	39.79	10.25	50.04	65.99	-15.95	QP
2	0.1819	25.32	10.26	35.58	54.39	-18.81	AVG
3	0.2460	34.11	10.26	44.37	61.89	-17.52	QP
4	0.4380	22.83	10.22	33.05	47.10	-14.05	AVG
5	0.5260	22.73	10.22	32.95	46.00	-13.05	AVG
6*	0.5340	34.69	10.21	44.90	56.00	-11.10	QP

Test Mode	Communication	AC120V 60Hz	Polarity:	Line
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1780	39.74	10.26	50.00	64.57	-14.57	QP
2	0.1860	27.15	10.26	37.41	54.21	-16.80	AVG
3	0.2420	33.56	10.26	43.82	62.02	-18.20	QP
4	0.2500	21.61	10.26	31.87	51.75	-19.88	AVG
5*	0.4980	36.47	10.22	46.69	56.03	-9.34	QP
6	0.4980	24.01	10.22	34.23	46.03	-11.80	AVG

**APPENDIX SUMMARY**

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Project No.	WTH21X09097137W	Test Engineer	Dashan
Start date	2021/9/14	Finish date	2021/9/16
Temperature	24°C	Humidity	48%
RF specifications	BT-BR/EDR		

<b>APPENDIX</b>	<b>Description of Test Item</b>	<b>Result</b>
A	Hopping Channels and Channel Separation	Compliant
B	Dwell Time of Hopping Channel	Compliant
C	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
D	RF Output Power	Compliant
E	Conducted Out of Band Emissions	Compliant

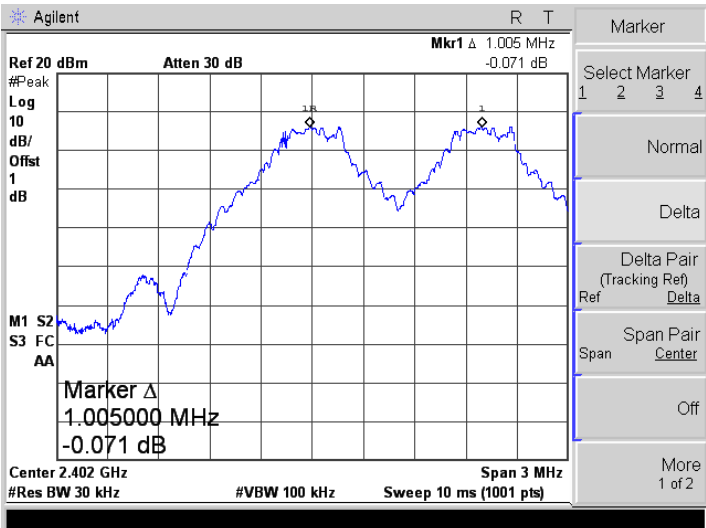
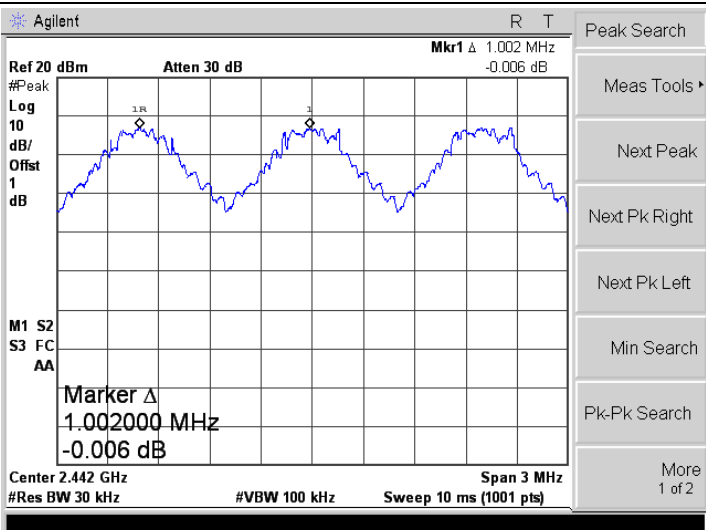
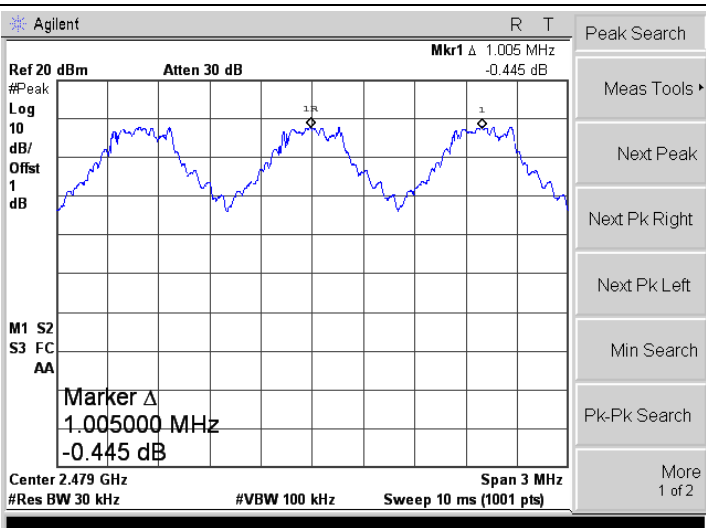
**APPENDIX A**

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Hopping Channels Number			
Mode	Test Result	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	$\geq 75$	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79	$\geq 75$	Pass
8DPSK	79	$\geq 75$	Pass

<p>GFSK</p>	<p>Agilent R T Marker</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 78.2395 MHz 2.011 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst 1 dB</p> <p>M1 S2 S3 FC AA</p> <p>Marker Δ 78.239500 MHz 2.011 dB</p> <p>Start 2.4 GHz Stop 2.483 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>Marker Select Marker 1 2 3 4 Normal Delta Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta Span Pair Span Center Off More 1 of 2</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK</p>	<p>Agilent R T Marker</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 78.0725 MHz 2.722 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst 1 dB</p> <p>M1 S2 S3 FC AA</p> <p>Marker Δ 78.072500 MHz 2.722 dB</p> <p>Start 2.4 GHz Stop 2.483 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>Marker Select Marker 1 2 3 4 Normal Delta Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta Span Pair Span Center Off More 1 of 2</p>
<p>8DPSK</p>	<p>Agilent R T Marker</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 78.6570 MHz 5.805 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst 1 dB</p> <p>M1 S2 S3 FC AA</p> <p>Marker Δ 78.657000 MHz 5.805 dB</p> <p>Start 2.4 GHz Stop 2.483 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>Marker Select Marker 1 2 3 4 Normal Delta Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta Span Pair Span Center Off More 1 of 2</p>

Channel Separation			
Mode	Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Result
GFSK	Low	1005	Pass
	Middle	1002	Pass
	High	1005	Pass
8DPSK	Low	1005	Pass
	Middle	1002	Pass
	High	1002	Pass

<p>GFSK-Low</p>	
<p>GFSK-Middle</p>	
<p>GFSK-High</p>	



<p>8DPSK-Low</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 1.005 MHz -0.097 dB          #Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB          M1 S2 S3 FC AA          Marker Δ 1.005000 MHz -0.097 dB          Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz          #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p>
<p>8DPSK-Middle</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 1.002 MHz 0.008 dB          #Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB          M1 S2 S3 FC AA          Marker Δ 1.002000 MHz 0.008 dB          Center 2.442 GHz Span 3 MHz          #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p>
<p>8DPSK-High</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 1.002 MHz -0.187 dB          #Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB          M1 S2 S3 FC AA          Marker Δ 1.002000 MHz -0.187 dB          Center 2.479 GHz Span 3 MHz          #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p>

## APPENDIX B

Dwell Time of Hopping Channel					
Modulation	Packet	Test Channel	Time Slot Length	Dwell Time	Limit
			ms	ms	ms
GFSK	DH5	Low	2.87	306.13	≤400
		Middle	2.88	307.20	≤400
		High	2.88	307.20	≤400
π/4 DQPSK	2DH5	Low	2.87	306.13	≤400
		Middle	2.87	306.13	≤400
		High	2.87	306.13	≤400
8DPSK	3DH5	Low	2.87	306.13	≤400
		Middle	2.87	306.13	≤400
		High	2.87	306.13	≤400

Note: The test period:  $T = 0.4 \text{ Second} * 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

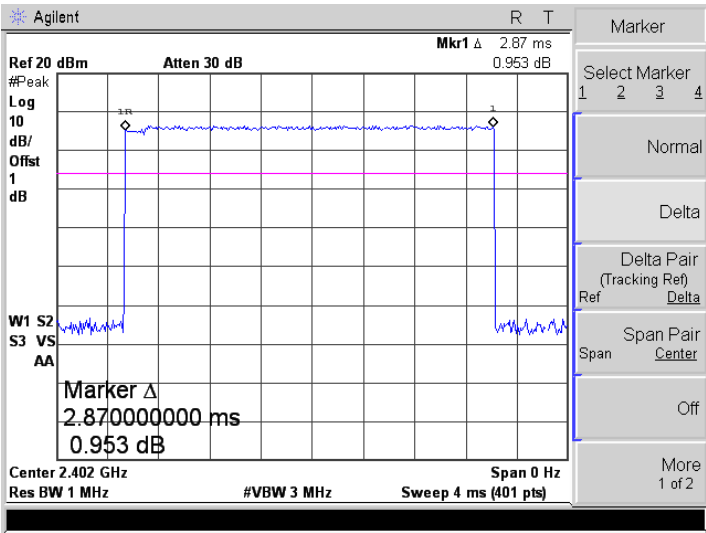
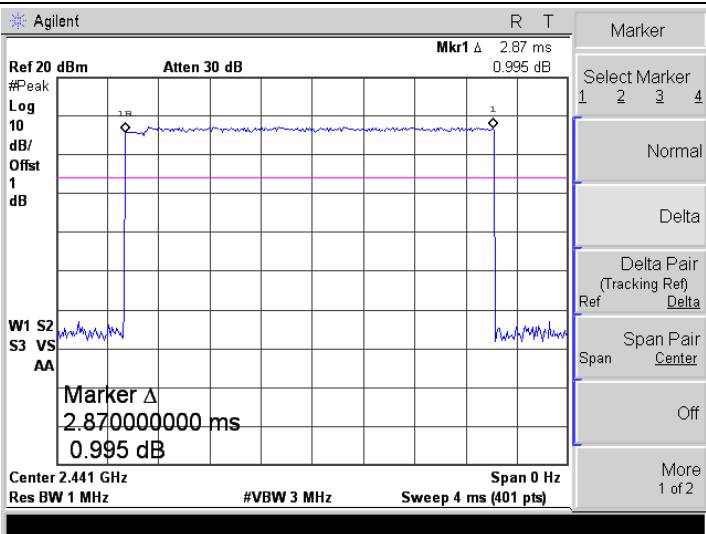
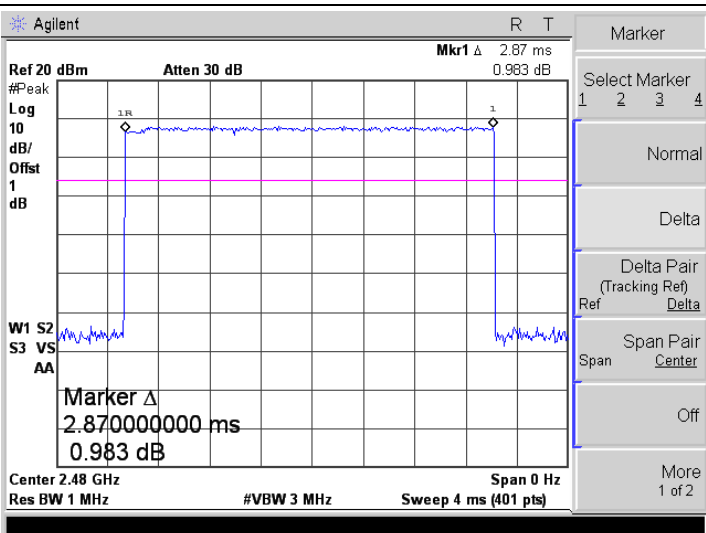
Dwell time = time slot length \* (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) \* Period

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) × 31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) × 31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) × 31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

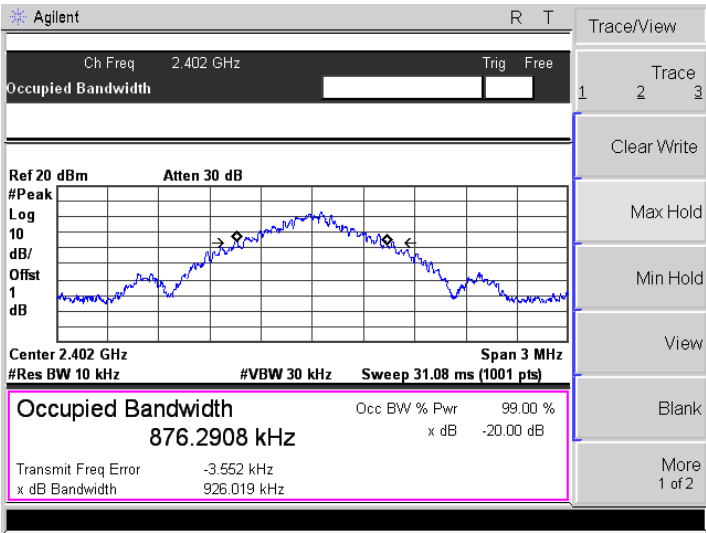
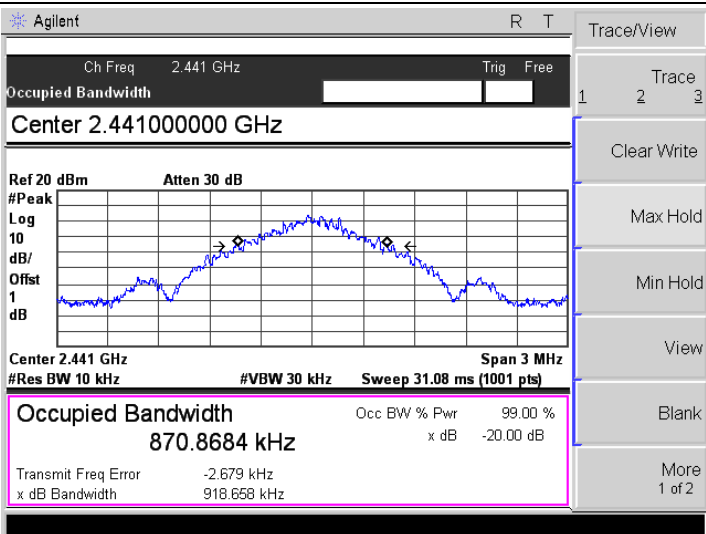
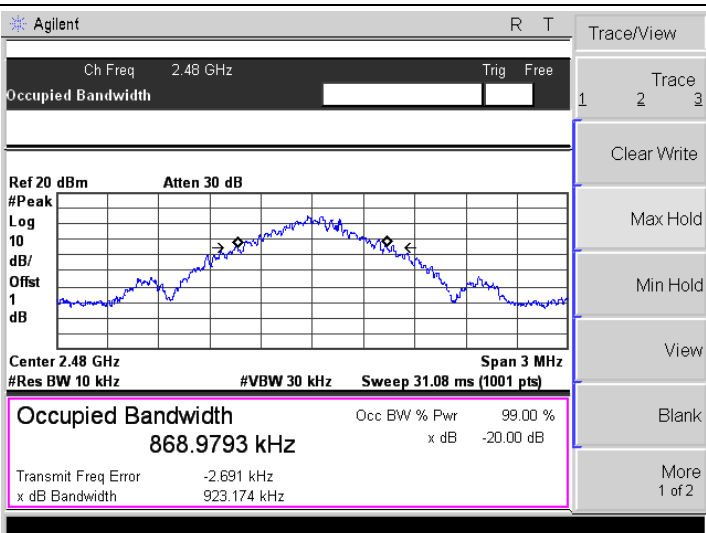
<p>DH5-Low</p>	<p>Agilent R T</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms -0.28 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>W1 S2 S3 VS AA</p> <p>Marker Δ 2.870000000 ms -0.28 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402 GHz Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts) Span 0 Hz</p> <p>Marker: Select Marker 1 2 3 4, Normal, Delta, Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta, Span Pair Span Center, Off, More 1 of 2</p>
<p>DH5-Middle</p>	<p>Agilent R T</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.88 ms -0.563 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>W1 S2 S3 VS AA</p> <p>Marker Δ 2.880000000 ms -0.563 dB</p> <p>Center 2.441 GHz Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts) Span 0 Hz</p> <p>Marker: Select Marker 1 2 3 4, Normal, Delta, Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta, Span Pair Span Center, Off, More 1 of 2</p>
<p>DH5-High</p>	<p>Agilent R T</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.88 ms -0.241 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>W1 S2 S3 VS AA</p> <p>Marker Δ 2.880000000 ms -0.241 dB</p> <p>Center 2.48 GHz Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts) Span 0 Hz</p> <p>Marker: Select Marker 1 2 3 4, Normal, Delta, Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta, Span Pair Span Center, Off, More 1 of 2</p>

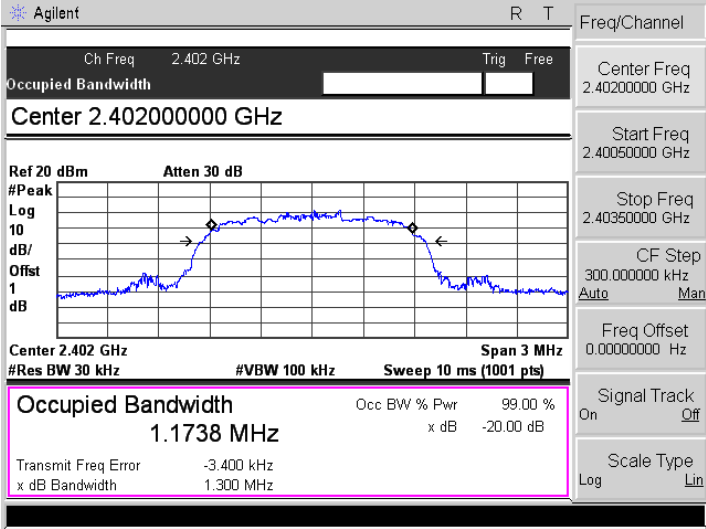
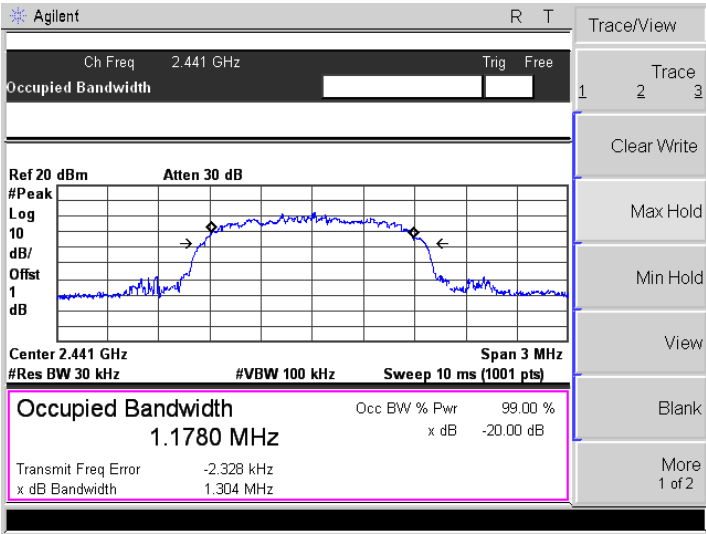
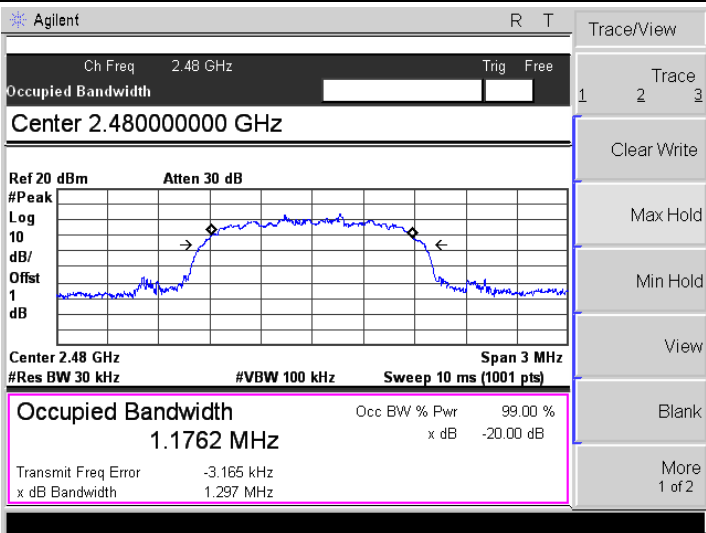
<p>2DH5-Low</p>	 <p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms          0.953 dB          #Peak          Log          10          dB/          Offst          1          dB          W1 S2          S3 VS          AA          Marker Δ          2.870000000 ms          0.953 dB          Center 2.402 GHz Span 0 Hz          Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)</p>
<p>2DH5-Middle</p>	 <p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms          0.995 dB          #Peak          Log          10          dB/          Offst          1          dB          W1 S2          S3 VS          AA          Marker Δ          2.870000000 ms          0.995 dB          Center 2.441 GHz Span 0 Hz          Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)</p>
<p>2DH5-High</p>	 <p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms          0.983 dB          #Peak          Log          10          dB/          Offst          1          dB          W1 S2          S3 VS          AA          Marker Δ          2.870000000 ms          0.983 dB          Center 2.48 GHz Span 0 Hz          Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)</p>

<p>3DH5-Low</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms 0.731 dB          #Peak          Log 10          dB/ Offst 1          dB          W1 S2 S3 VS AA          Marker Δ          2.870000000 ms          0.731 dB          Center 2.402 GHz Span 0 Hz          Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)</p>
<p>3DH5-Middle</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms 0.08 dB          #Peak          Log 10          dB/ Offst 1          dB          W1 S2 S3 VS AA          Marker Δ          2.870000000 ms          0.08 dB          Center 2.441 GHz Span 0 Hz          Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)</p>
<p>3DH5-High</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 Δ 2.87 ms 0.314 dB          #Peak          Log 10          dB/ Offst 1          dB          W1 S2 S3 VS AA          Marker Δ          2.87 ms          0.314 dB          Center 2.48 GHz Span 0 Hz          Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)</p>

**APPENDIX C**

20 dB Bandwidth			
Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	20 dB Bandwidth MHz	Result
GFSK	2402	0.926	Pass
	2441	0.919	Pass
	2480	0.923	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2402	1.300	Pass
	2441	1.304	Pass
	2480	1.297	Pass
8DPSK	2402	1.299	Pass
	2441	1.294	Pass
	2480	1.317	Pass

<p>GFSK-Low</p>	 <p>Agilent R T Trace/View</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.402 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 10 kHz #VBW 30 kHz Sweep 31.08 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p><b>Occupied Bandwidth</b> 876.2908 kHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -3.552 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 926.019 kHz</p>
<p>GFSK-Middle</p>	 <p>Agilent R T Trace/View</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.441 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.44100000 GHz</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.441 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 10 kHz #VBW 30 kHz Sweep 31.08 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p><b>Occupied Bandwidth</b> 870.8684 kHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -2.679 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 918.658 kHz</p>
<p>GFSK-High</p>	 <p>Agilent R T Trace/View</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.48 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.48 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 10 kHz #VBW 30 kHz Sweep 31.08 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p><b>Occupied Bandwidth</b> 868.9793 kHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -2.691 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 923.174 kHz</p>

<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK-Low</p>	 <p>Agilent R T</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.402 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.40200000 GHz</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak</p> <p>Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 1.1738 MHz</p> <p>Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -3.400 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 1.300 MHz</p> <p>Freq/Channel</p> <p>Center Freq 2.40200000 GHz</p> <p>Start Freq 2.40050000 GHz</p> <p>Stop Freq 2.40350000 GHz</p> <p>CF Step 300.000000 kHz</p> <p>Auto Man</p> <p>Freq Offset 0.00000000 Hz</p> <p>Signal Track On Off</p> <p>Scale Type Log Lin</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK-Middle</p>	 <p>Agilent R T</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.441 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.441 GHz</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak</p> <p>Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.441 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 1.1780 MHz</p> <p>Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -2.328 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 1.304 MHz</p> <p>Trace/View</p> <p>1 Trace 2 3</p> <p>Clear Write</p> <p>Max Hold</p> <p>Min Hold</p> <p>View</p> <p>Blank</p> <p>More 1 of 2</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK-High</p>	 <p>Agilent R T</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.48 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.48000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak</p> <p>Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.48 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 1.1762 MHz</p> <p>Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -3.165 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 1.297 MHz</p> <p>Trace/View</p> <p>1 Trace 2 3</p> <p>Clear Write</p> <p>Max Hold</p> <p>Min Hold</p> <p>View</p> <p>Blank</p> <p>More 1 of 2</p>

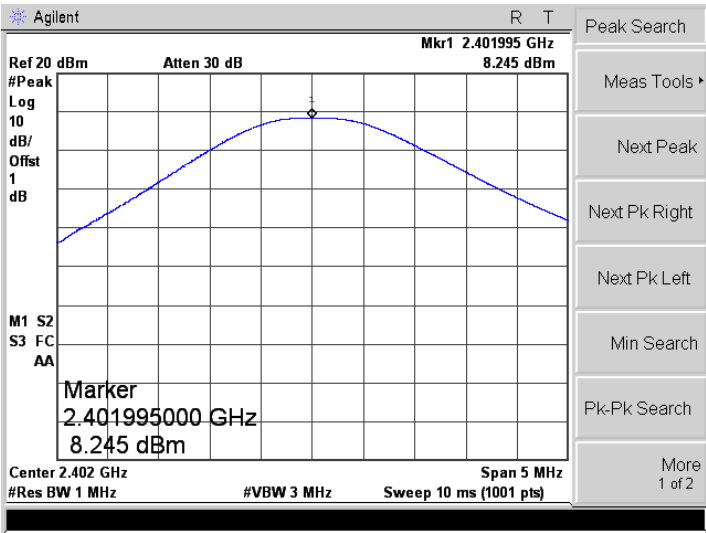
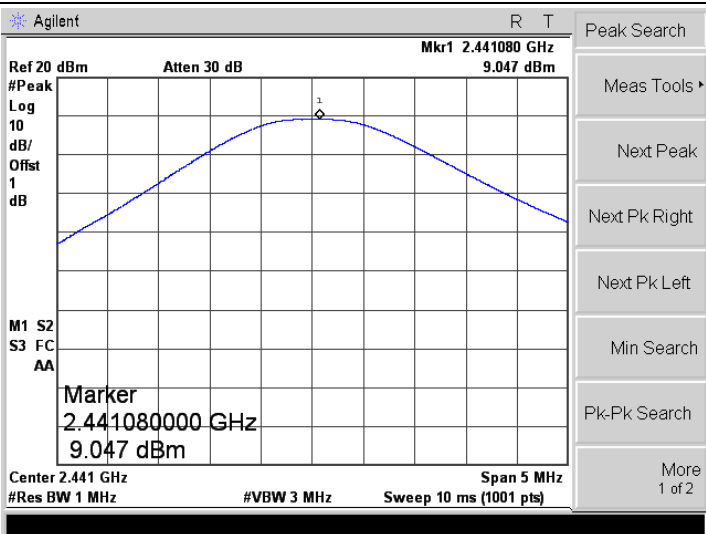
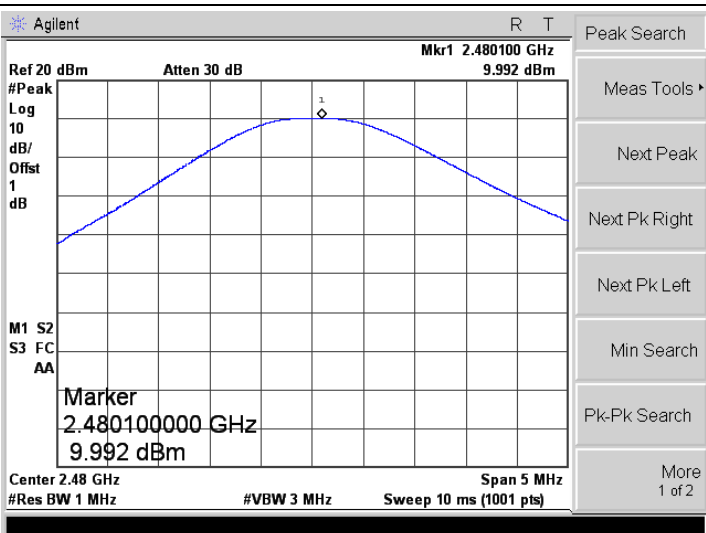


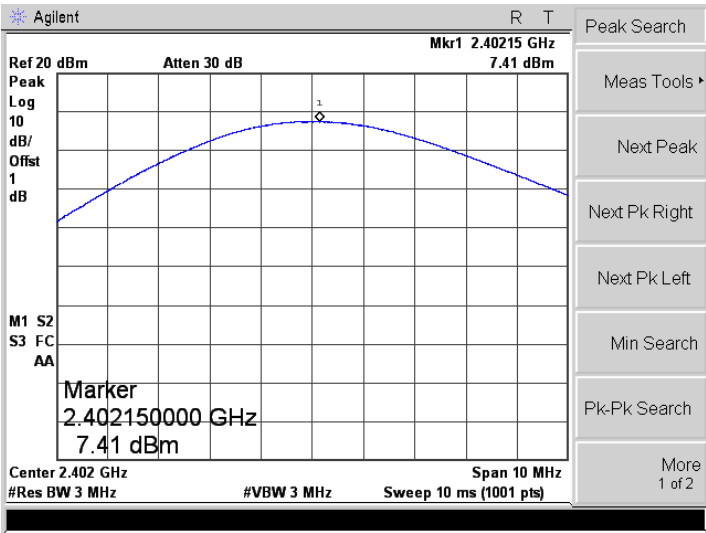
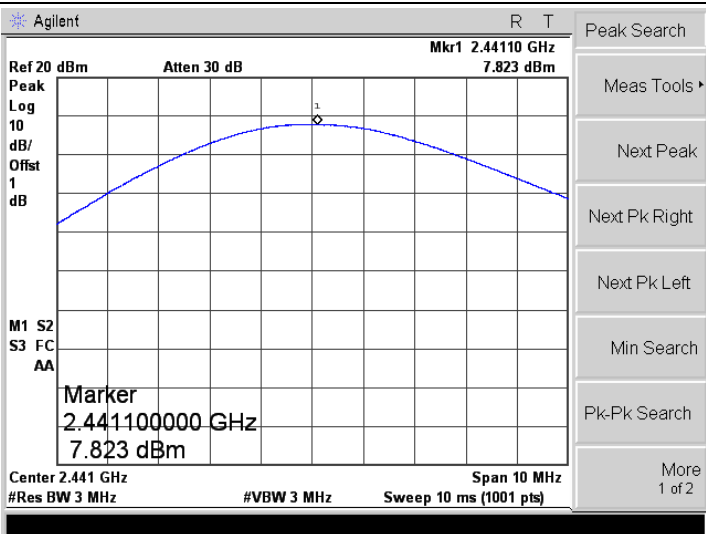
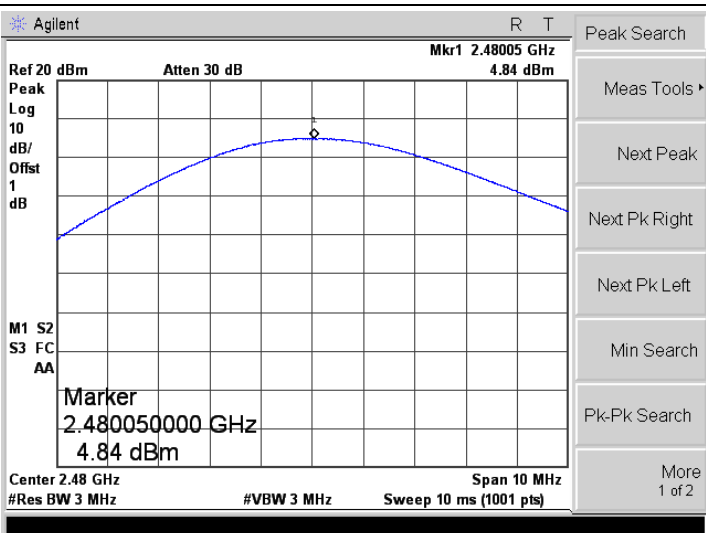
<p>8DPSK-Low</p>	<p>Agilent R T Trace/View</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.402 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p><b>Occupied Bandwidth</b> 1.1805 MHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error 1.766 kHz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 1.299 MHz</p>
<p>8DPSK-Middle</p>	<p>Agilent R T Trace/View</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.441 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.44100000 GHz</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.441 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p><b>Occupied Bandwidth</b> 1.1831 MHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error 193.108 Hz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 1.294 MHz</p>
<p>8DPSK-High</p>	<p>Agilent R T Trace/View</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.48 GHz Trig Free</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB</p> <p>#Peak Log 10 dB/Offst 1 dB</p> <p>Center 2.48 GHz Span 3 MHz</p> <p>#Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p><b>Occupied Bandwidth</b> 1.1893 MHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error 789.876 Hz</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 1.317 MHz</p>

**APPENDIX D**

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RF Output Power				
Modulation type	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	Low	8.245	30.00	Pass
	Middle	9.047		
	High	9.992		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Low	7.410	30.00	Pass
	Middle	7.823		
	High	4.840		
8DPSK	Low	7.701	30.00	Pass
	Middle	8.131		
	High	5.194		

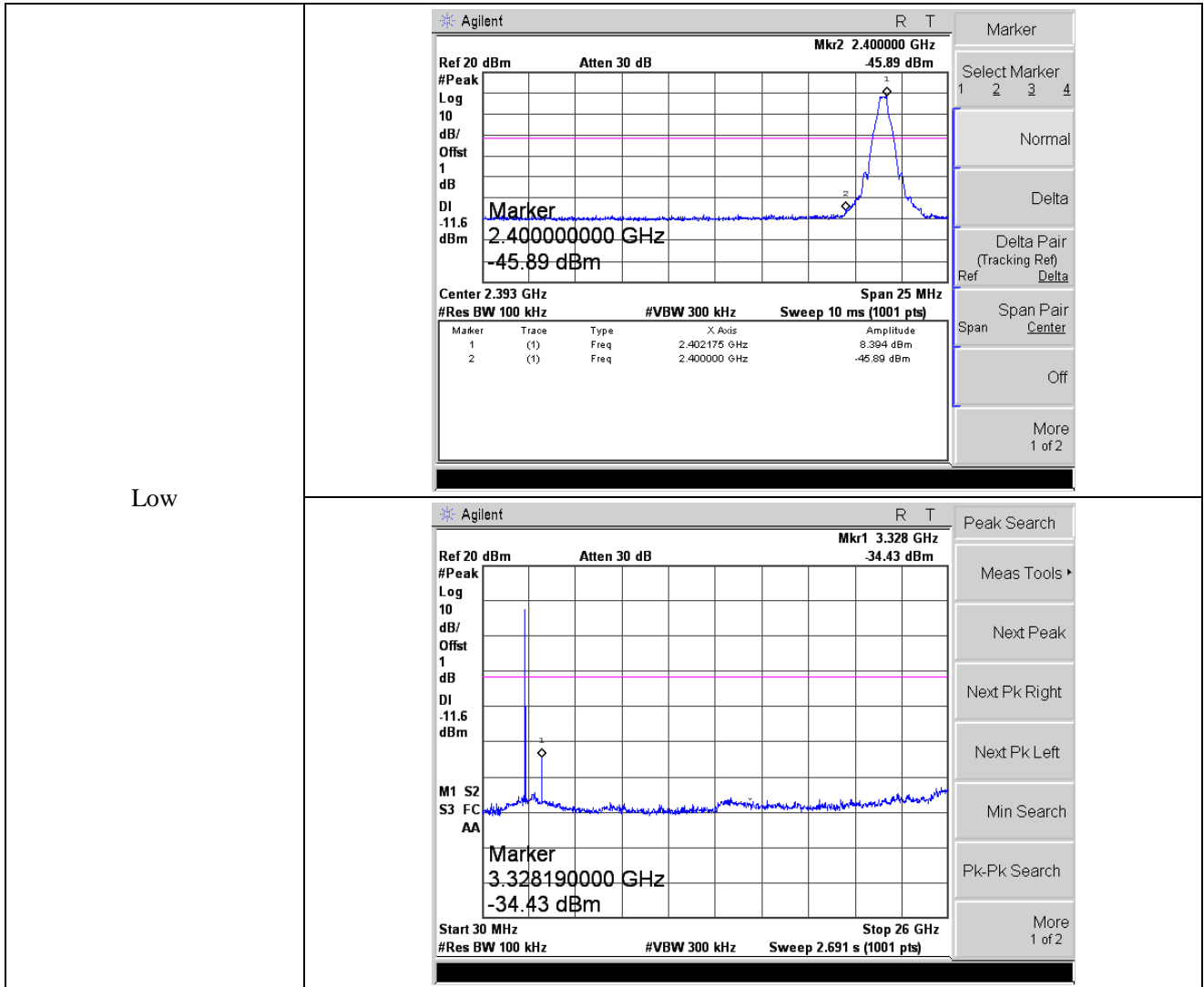
<p>GFSK-Low</p>	
<p>GFSK-Middle</p>	
<p>GFSK-High</p>	

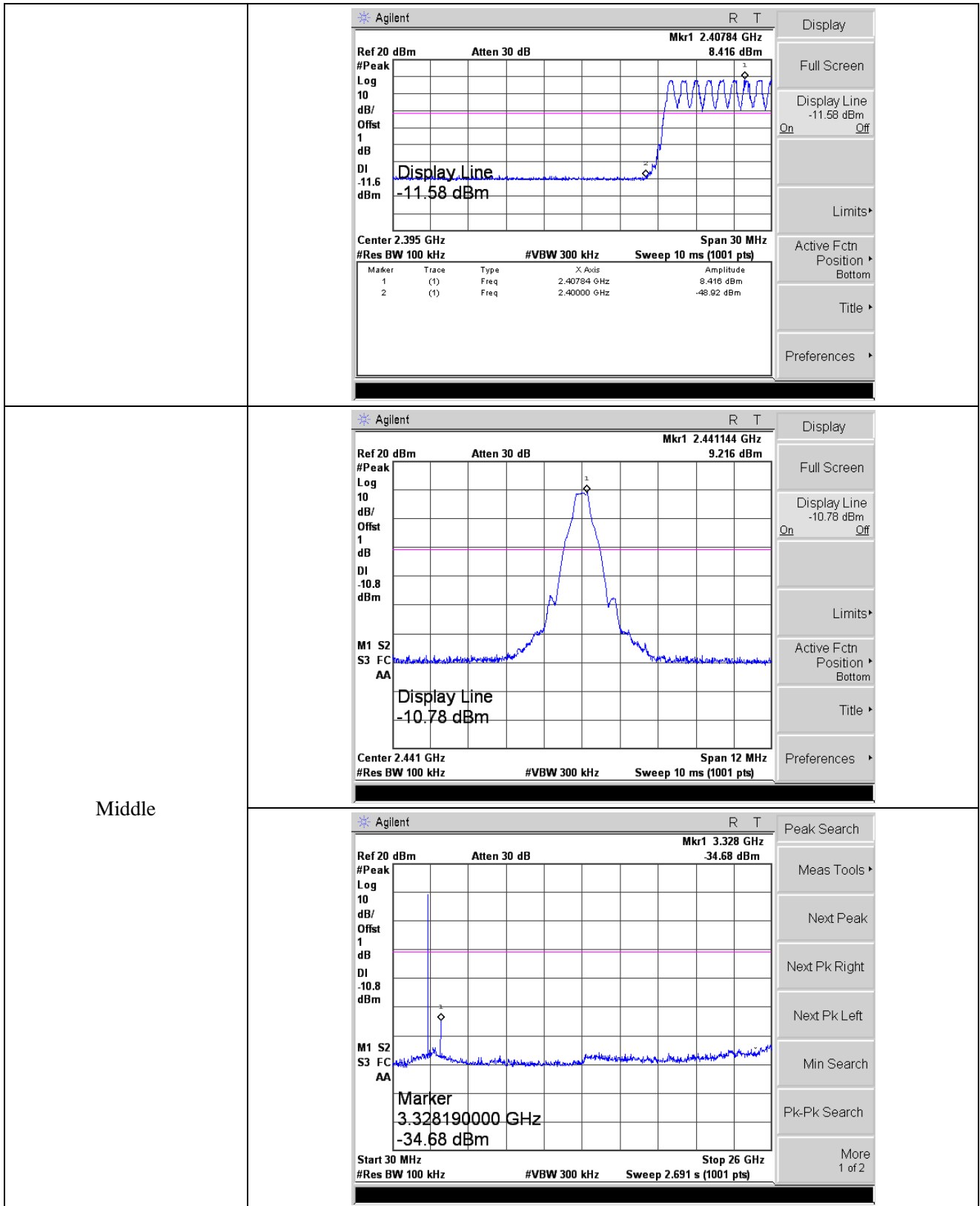
<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK-Low</p>	
<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK-Middle</p>	
<p><math>\pi/4</math> DQPSK-High</p>	

<p>8DPSK-Low</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 2.40206 GHz          Peak 7.701 dBm          Log          10          dB/          Offst          1          dB          M1 S2          S3 FC          AA          Marker          2.40206000 GHz          7.701 dBm          Center 2.402 GHz Span 10 MHz          #Res BW 3 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p>
<p>8DPSK-Middle</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 2.44105 GHz          Peak 8.131 dBm          Log          10          dB/          Offst          1          dB          M1 S2          S3 FC          AA          Marker          2.44105000 GHz          8.131 dBm          Center 2.441 GHz Span 10 MHz          #Res BW 3 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p>
<p>8DPSK-High</p>	<p>Agilent R T          Ref 20 dBm Atten 30 dB Mkr1 2.48001 GHz          Peak 5.194 dBm          Log          10          dB/          Offst          1          dB          M1 S2          S3 FC          AA          Marker          2.48001000 GHz          5.194 dBm          Center 2.48 GHz Span 10 MHz          #Res BW 3 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 10 ms (1001 pts)</p>

## APPENDIX E

### Conducted Out of Band Emissions





Middle

High

The figure displays three screenshots of an Agilent spectrum analyzer interface, arranged vertically. Each screenshot shows a frequency spectrum plot with various measurement parameters and a table of markers.

**Top Screenshot:** Shows a signal peak at 2.48350000 GHz with an amplitude of -48.9 dBm. The center frequency is 2.483 GHz, and the span is 12 MHz. The table below the plot lists two markers: Marker 1 at 2.480152 GHz (10.02 dBm) and Marker 2 at 2.483500 GHz (-48.9 dBm).

Marker	Trace	Type	X Axis	Amplitude
1	(1)	Freq	2.480152 GHz	10.02 dBm
2	(1)	Freq	2.483500 GHz	-48.9 dBm

**Middle Screenshot:** Shows a sharp signal peak at 3.328190000 GHz with an amplitude of -34.8 dBm. The start frequency is 30 MHz and the stop frequency is 26 GHz. The table below the plot lists one marker: Marker 1 at 3.328190000 GHz (-34.8 dBm).

Marker	Trace	Type	X Axis	Amplitude
1	(1)	Freq	3.328190000 GHz	-34.8 dBm

**Bottom Screenshot:** Shows a signal with a peak at 2.47915 GHz with an amplitude of 9.964 dBm. The center frequency is 2.485 GHz, and the span is 30 MHz. A horizontal display line is set at -10.04 dBm. The table below the plot lists two markers: Marker 1 at 2.47915 GHz (9.964 dBm) and Marker 2 at 2.48350 GHz (-49.06 dBm).

Marker	Trace	Type	X Axis	Amplitude
1	(1)	Freq	2.47915 GHz	9.964 dBm
2	(1)	Freq	2.48350 GHz	-49.06 dBm



## **APPENDIX PHOTOGRAPHS**

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**Please refer to “ANNEX”**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***