

FCC ID: XO2BOX860

Appendix 7

RF exposure evaluation: 2.1093 Portable devices FCC 47 CFR part 15.247 (i) / KDB 447498 / RSS-102 2.5.1

| | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Date 2015-08-19 | Temperature 23 °C ± 3 °C | Humidity 29 % ± 5 % |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|

Procedure

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1093 this device has been defined as a portable device to be used within 20 centimetres of the body of the user.

Results

Standalone SAR exclusion:

Step 1:

The following formula was used to calculate the RF exposure SAR exclusion threshold,
 $Thld = [P_{out} / r] \times [\sqrt{f}]$

where,

Thld= SAR exclusion threshold

Pout = Maximum output power measured with RMS detector, in mW

r = minimum test separation distance, in mm

f=frequency, in GHz

| Frequency f, (GHz) | Maximum output power Pout with RMS det, (mW) | Distance r, (mm) | Exclusion threshold Thld | Limit Threshold 1-g SAR | Limit Threshold 10-g SAR |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2.462 | 50.12 Note 1 | 27 | 2.9 | < 3 | < 7.5 |

Note 1: The maximum measured RMS level was 16.3 dBm (CCK/QPSK, 5.5 Mbits/s).
According to RSS-102 cl. 2.5.1 the RMS value shall be adjusted for tune-up tolerance,
thus 17 dBm (50.12 mW) was used as Maximum output power Pout in the table above.

Limits

FCC 2.1093 / KDB 447498 (ver 5 rev 2) 4.3.1:

4.3.1 Standalone SAR exclusion:

1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2) At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following, and as illustrated in Appendix B.

- a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \times (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \times 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Appendix B

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and > 50 mm

Approximate SAR test exclusion power thresholds at selected frequencies and test separation distances are illustrated in the following table. The equation and threshold in section 4.3.1 must be applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

| MHz | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 | 130 | 140 | 150 | 160 | 170 | 180 | 190 | mm |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| 100 | 474 | 481 | 487 | 494 | 501 | 507 | 514 | 521 | 527 | 534 | 541 | 547 | 554 | 561 | 567 | mW |
| 150 | 387 | 397 | 407 | 417 | 427 | 437 | 447 | 457 | 467 | 477 | 487 | 497 | 507 | 517 | 527 | |
| 300 | 274 | 294 | 314 | 334 | 354 | 374 | 394 | 414 | 434 | 454 | 474 | 494 | 514 | 534 | 554 | |
| 450 | 224 | 254 | 284 | 314 | 344 | 374 | 404 | 434 | 464 | 494 | 524 | 554 | 584 | 614 | 644 | |
| 835 | 164 | 220 | 275 | 331 | 387 | 442 | 498 | 554 | 609 | 665 | 721 | 776 | 832 | 888 | 943 | |
| 900 | 158 | 218 | 278 | 338 | 398 | 458 | 518 | 578 | 638 | 698 | 758 | 818 | 878 | 938 | 998 | |
| 1500 | 122 | 222 | 322 | 422 | 522 | 622 | 722 | 822 | 922 | 1022 | 1122 | 1222 | 1322 | 1422 | 1522 | |
| 1900 | 109 | 209 | 309 | 409 | 509 | 609 | 709 | 809 | 909 | 1009 | 1109 | 1209 | 1309 | 1409 | 1509 | |
| 2450 | 96 | 196 | 296 | 396 | 496 | 596 | 696 | 796 | 896 | 996 | 1096 | 1196 | 1296 | 1396 | 1496 | |
| 3600 | 79 | 179 | 279 | 379 | 479 | 579 | 679 | 779 | 879 | 979 | 1079 | 1179 | 1279 | 1379 | 1479 | |
| 5200 | 66 | 166 | 266 | 366 | 466 | 566 | 666 | 766 | 866 | 966 | 1066 | 1166 | 1266 | 1366 | 1466 | |
| 5400 | 65 | 165 | 265 | 365 | 465 | 565 | 665 | 765 | 865 | 965 | 1065 | 1165 | 1265 | 1365 | 1465 | |
| 5800 | 62 | 162 | 262 | 362 | 462 | 562 | 662 | 762 | 862 | 962 | 1062 | 1162 | 1262 | 1362 | 1462 | |

IC RSS-102 Issue 5 cl. 2.5.1 Exemption from Routine Evaluation Limits – SAR Evaluation

SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance

| Frequency (MHz) | Exemption Limits (mW) | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | At separation distance of ≤5 mm | At separation distance of 10 mm | At separation distance of 15 mm | At separation distance of 20 mm | At separation distance of 25 mm |
| ≤300 | 71 mW | 101 mW | 132 mW | 162 mW | 193 mW |
| 450 | 52 mW | 70 mW | 88 mW | 106 mW | 123 mW |
| 835 | 17 mW | 30 mW | 42 mW | 55 mW | 67 mW |
| 1900 | 7 mW | 10 mW | 18 mW | 34 mW | 60 mW |
| 2450 | 4 mW | 7 mW | 15 mW | 30 mW | 52 mW |
| 3500 | 2 mW | 6 mW | 16 mW | 32 mW | 55 mW |
| 5800 | 1 mW | 6 mW | 15 mW | 27 mW | 41 mW |

| Frequency (MHz) | Exemption Limits (mW) | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | At separation distance of 30 mm | At separation distance of 35 mm | At separation distance of 40 mm | At separation distance of 45 mm | At separation distance of ≥50 mm |
| ≤300 | 223 mW | 254 mW | 284 mW | 315 mW | 193 mW |
| 450 | 141 mW | 159 mW | 177 mW | 195 mW | 123 mW |
| 835 | 80 mW | 92 mW | 105 mW | 117 mW | 67 mW |
| 1900 | 99 mW | 153 mW | 225 mW | 316 mW | 60 mW |
| 2450 | 83 mW | 123 mW | 173 mW | 235 mW | 52 mW |
| 3500 | 86 mW | 124 mW | 170 mW | 225 mW | 55 mW |
| 5800 | 56 mW | 71 mW | 85 mW | 27 mW | 41 mW |

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW. The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

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| Complies? | Yes |
|-----------|-----|