



# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant**      Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd  
**FCC ID**          XMR201911SC600WF  
**Product**        Smart Module  
**Model**          SC600T-WF, SC600Y-WF  
**Marketing**      Quectel SC600T-WF, Quectel SC600Y-WF  
**Report No.**    R1910A0590-R1  
**Issue Date**    November 18, 2019

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2018)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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## Summary of Measurement Results

Number	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Peak Power Output -Conducted	15.247(b)(1)	PASS
2	Unwanted Emissions	15.247(d),15.205,15.209	PASS
3	Conducted Emissions	15.207	PASS
Date of Testing:October 16, 2019 ~November 1, 2019			

Only Conducted power , Unwanted Emissions and Conducted Emissions were tested for SC600T-WF, SC600Y-WF in this report. Other conducted test items refer to the SC600Y-NA ,SC600T-NA Module report (Report No. : HR/2019/5000604).

# 1 Test Laboratory

## 1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

## 1.2 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China  
City: Shanghai  
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## 2 General Description of Equipment under Test

### 2.1 Applicant and Manufacturer Information

<b>Applicant</b>	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd
<b>Applicant address</b>	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016 Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd
<b>Manufacturer address</b>	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016 Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233

### 2.2 General information

EUT Description			
Model	SC600T-WF, SC600Y-WF		
SN:	P1A19IJ58000023		
Hardware Version	R1.0		
Software Version	SC600YWFPAR05A04		
Power Supply	External Power Supply		
Antenna Type	The EUT don't have standard Adapter and Antenna. The adapter and Antenna used for testing in this report is the after-market accessory.		
Antenna Gain	5 dBi		
Test Mode(s)	Basic Rate	Enhanced Data Rate(EDR)	
Modulation Type	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)		
	GFSK	π/4 DQPSK	8DPSK
Packet Type (Maximum Payload)	DH5	2DH5	3DH5
Max. Conducted Power	11.46dBm		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	2402-2480 MHz		
Note: 1. The information of the EUT is declared by the manufacturer.			

### 3 Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**Test standards:**

**FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2018) Radio Frequency Devices**

**ANSI C63.10 (2013)**

**Reference standard:**

**KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02**

## 4 Information about the FHSS characteristics

### 4.1 Frequency Hopping System Requirement

Standard requirement:

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(g):

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packets with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h):

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinate with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

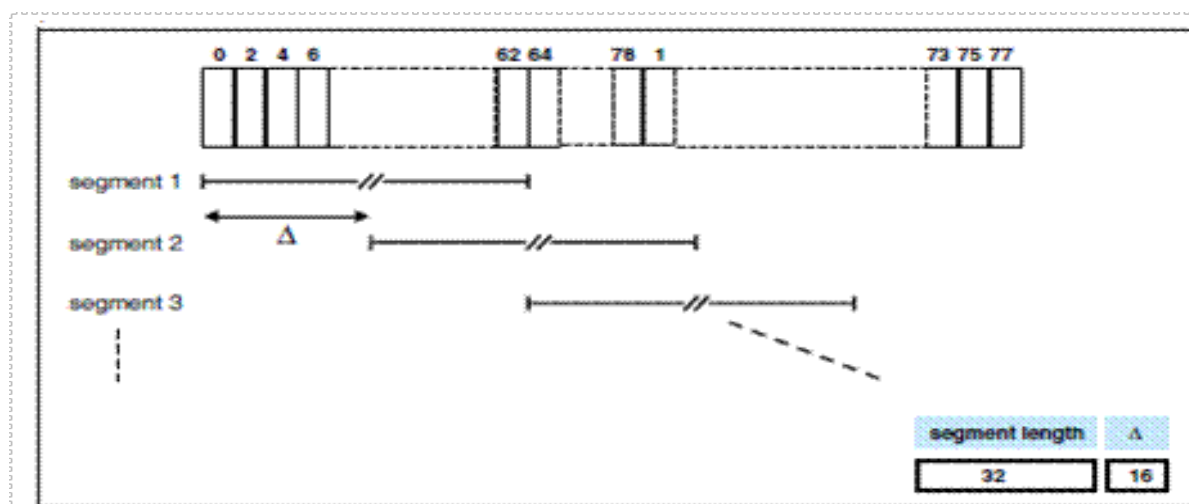
## 4.2 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Frequency Hopping Systems. A spread spectrum system in which the carrier is modulated with the coded information in a conventional manner causing a conventional spreading of the RF energy about the frequency carrier. The frequency of the carrier is not fixed but changes at fixed intervals under the direction of a coded sequence. The wide RF bandwidth needed by such a system is not required by spreading of the RF energy about the carrier but rather to accommodate the range of frequencies to which the carrier frequency can hop. The test of a frequency hopping system is that the near term distribution of hops appears random, the long term distribution appears evenly distributed over the hop set, and sequential hops are randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hop set.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its pioneer to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

The selection scheme chooses a segment of 32 hop frequencies spanning about 64 MHz and visits these hops in a pseudo-random order. Next, a different 32-hop segment is chosen, etc. In the page, master page response, slave page response, page scan, inquiry, inquiry response and inquiry scan hopping sequences, the same 32-hop segment is used all the time (the segment is selected by the address; different devices will have different paging segments).

When the basic channel hopping sequence is selected, the output constitutes a pseudo-random sequence that slides through the 79 hops. The principle is depicted in the figure below.



Hop selection scheme in CONNECTION state.

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45, etc.

Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.



The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 4.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the Pico net are time and hop-synchronized to the channel. Each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event.

### 4.4 System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1MHz. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

## 4.5 Test Configuration

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded.

Test Cases	Test Modes
Peak Power Output -Conducted	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Unwanted Emission	DH5/3DH5
Conducted Emission	DH5/3DH5

## 5 Test Case Results

### 5.1 Peak Power Output –Conducted

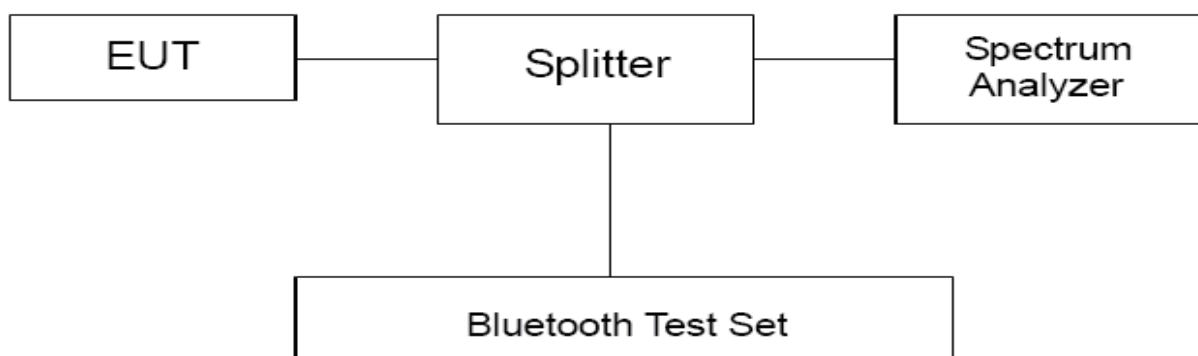
#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The EUT is controlled by the Bluetooth test set to ensure max power transmission with proper modulation. The peak detector is used. RBW is set to 2 MHz; VBW is set to 6 MHz. These measurements have been tested at following channels: 0, 39, and 78.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (1) specifies that " For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts."

Peak Output Power	$\leq 1\text{W}$ (30dBm)
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#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U=0.44$  dB.

**Test Results**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power (dBm)			Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
		DH5	2DH5	3DH5		
0	2402	10.40	10.44	10.71	30	PASS
39	2441	11.16	11.18	11.46	30	PASS
78	2480	9.70	9.71	9.97	30	PASS

Note: The measured power density (dBm) has the offset with cable loss already.

Note: For AFH mode using 20 hopping channels, the maximum output power limit is 21dBm.

## 5.2 Unwanted Emission

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10-2013. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna. The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

During the test, below 30MHz, the center of the loop shall be 1 meters; above 30MHz, the height of receive antenna shall be moved from 1 to 4 meters, and the antenna shall be performed under horizontal and vertical polarization. The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing.

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

Below 1GHz (detector: Peak and Quasi-Peak)

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz(detector: Peak):

(a) PEAK: RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=3MHz / Sweep=AUTO

The dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from  $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$ , in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit.

If the emission is pulsed, modify the unit for continuous operation; use the settings shown above, then correct the reading by subtracting the peak- average correction factor, derived from the appropriate duty cycle calculation.

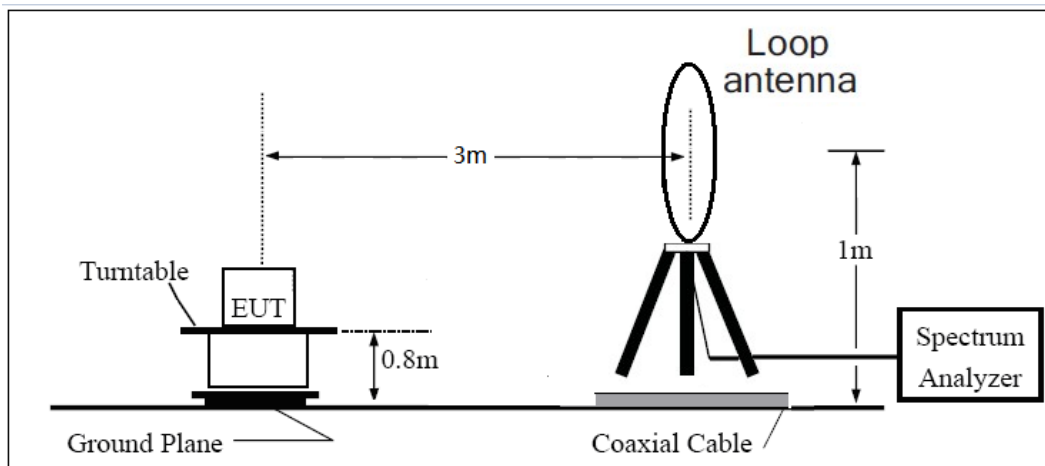
This setting method can refer to **KDB 558074 D01**.

This mode was measured in the following mode: EUT with cradle and EUT without cradle. The worst emission was found in EUT with cradle mode and the worst case was recorded.

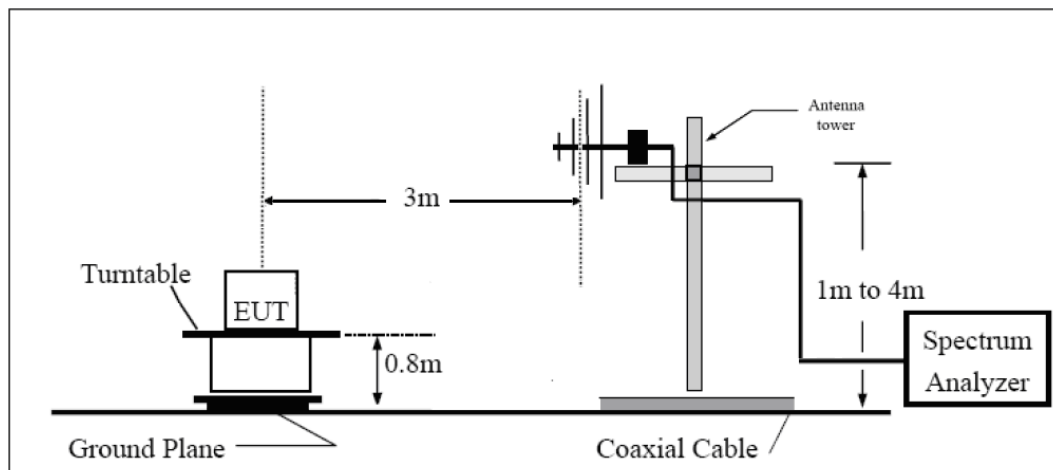
The test is in transmitting mode.

## Test setup

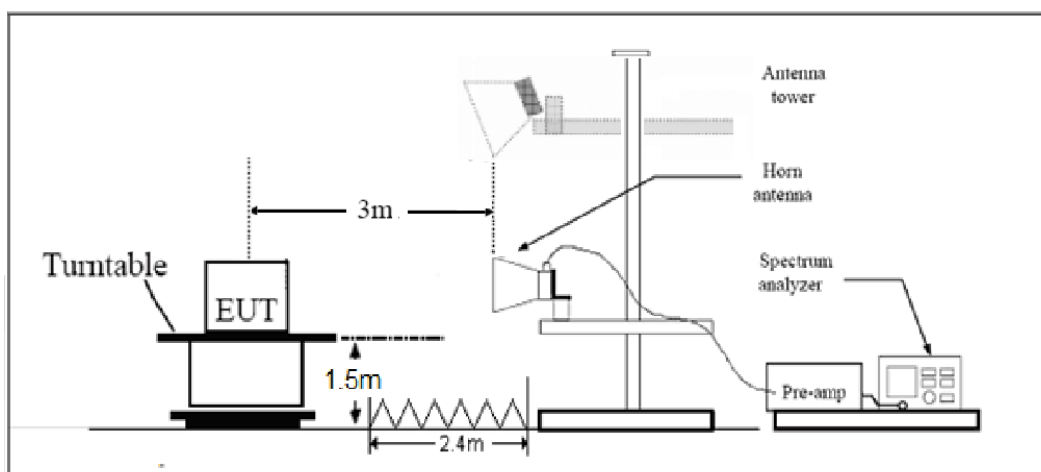
9KHz ~ 30MHz



30MHz ~ 1GHz



Above 1GHz



**Limits**

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).”

Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	/
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	/
1.705–30.0	30	/
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

**§15.35(b)**

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

Peak Limit=74dBuV/m

Average Limit=54dBuV/m

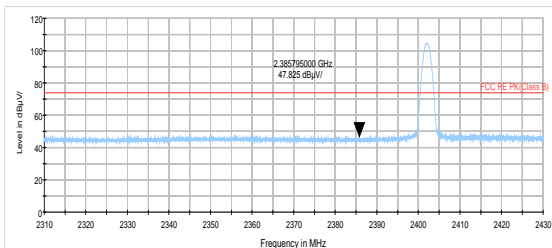
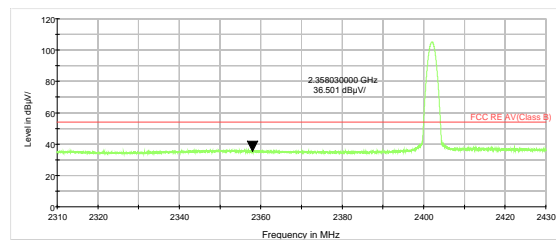
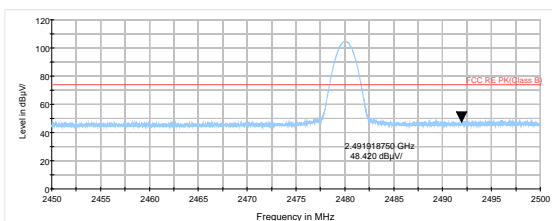
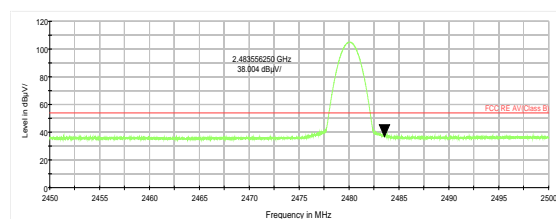
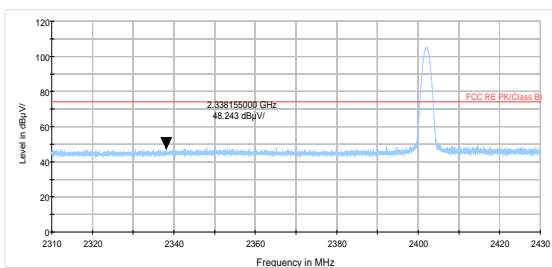
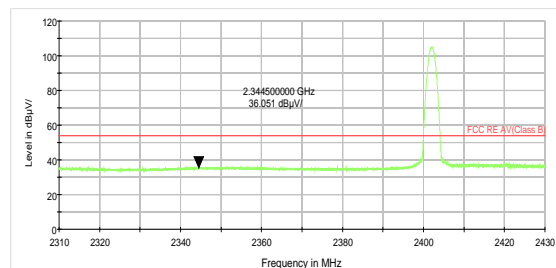
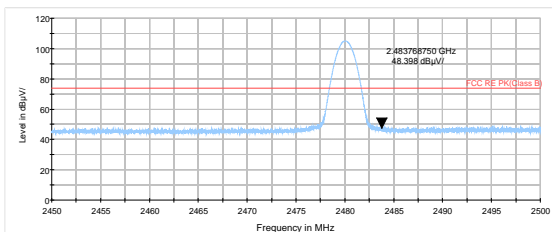
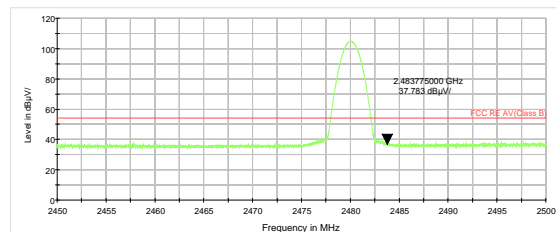
Spurious Radiated Emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

**Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

Frequency	Uncertainty
30MHz-200MHz	4.02 dB
200MHz-1GHz	3.28 dB
1-18GHz	3.70 dB

**Test Results:****The signal beyond the limit is carrier.****DH5-Channel 0: Peak****DH5-Channel 0: Average****DH5-Channel 78: Peak****DH5-Channel 78: Average****3DH5-Channel 0: Peak****3DH5-Channel 0: Average****3DH5-Channel 78: Peak****3DH5-Channel 78: Average**

## Result of RE

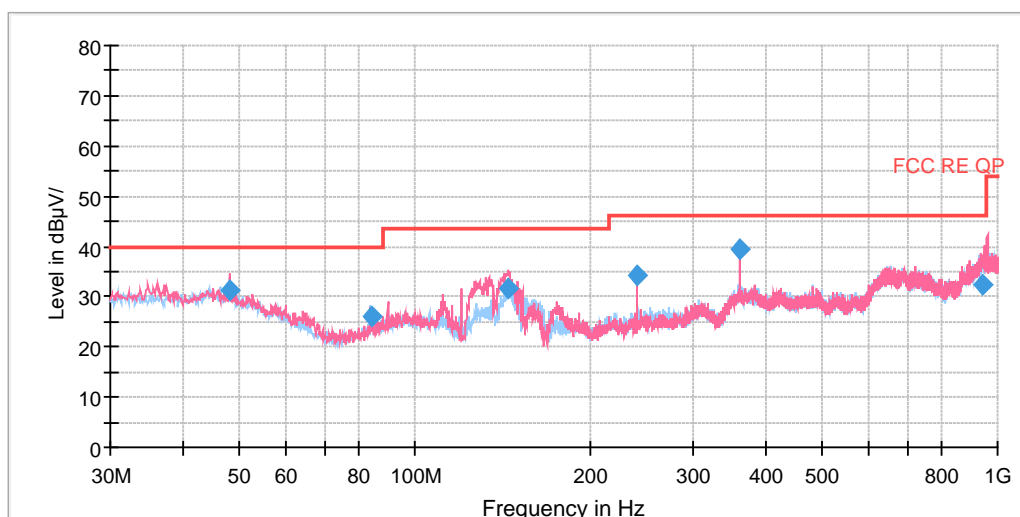
### Test result

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the Emissions in the frequency band 30MHz-1GHz and 1GHz -18GHz are more than 20dB below the limit are not reported.

The following graphs display the maximum values of horizontal and vertical by software.  
For above 1GHz, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection.

During the test, the Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz was performed in all modes with all channels, BT 3DH5-Channel 39 are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.

### Continuous TX mode:



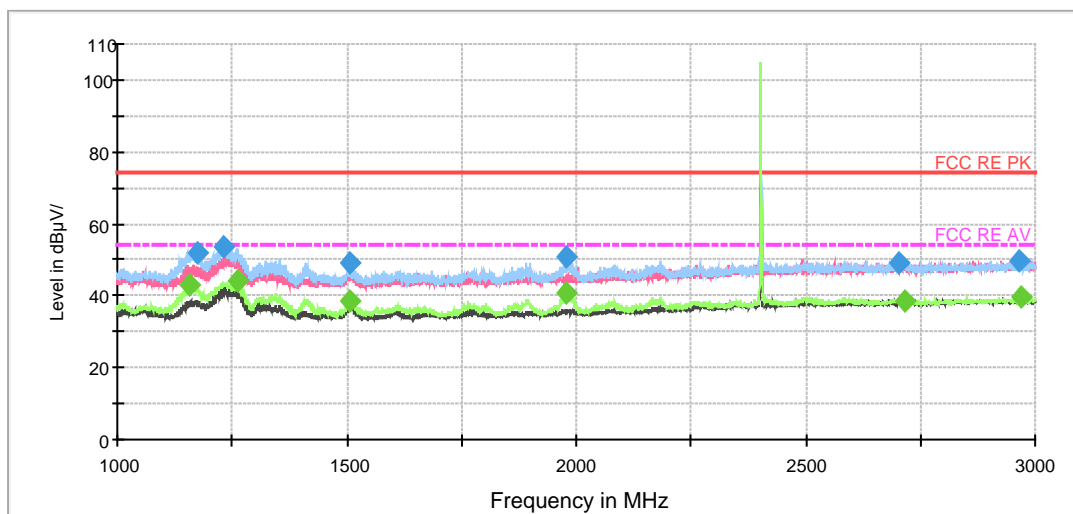
Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
48.025138	31.41	100.0	V	130.0	2.1	8.59	40.00
84.026360	25.89	197.0	H	66.0	-4.7	14.11	40.00
144.098850	31.76	100.0	V	309.0	-7.4	11.74	43.50
240.005000	34.32	100.0	V	25.0	-4.7	11.68	46.00
360.022500	39.37	100.0	V	2.0	1.5	6.63	46.00
944.646250	32.46	211.0	V	91.0	9.0	13.54	46.00

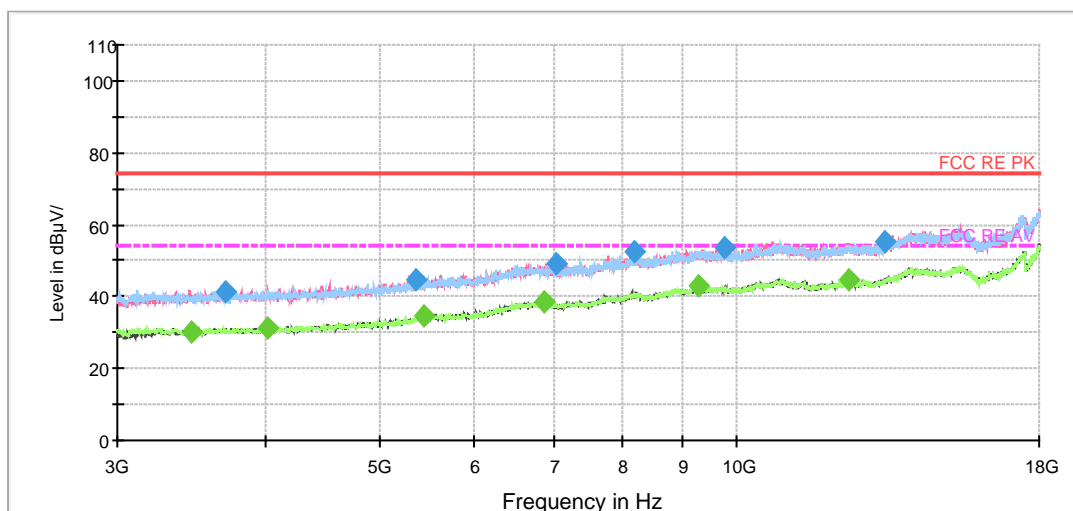
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss(cable loss+amplifier gain)

2. Margin = Limit – Quasi-Peak

DH5-Channel 0



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

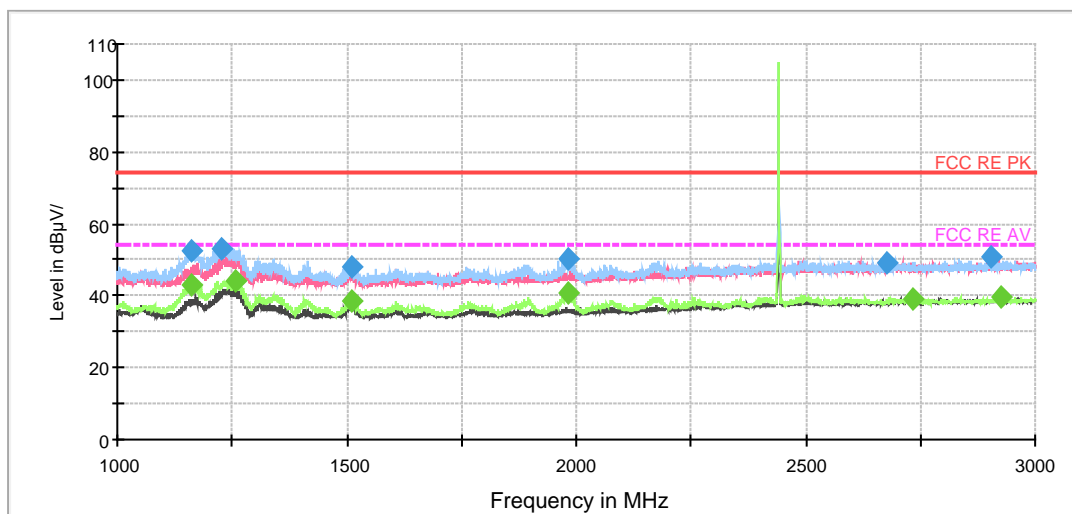
Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1174.750000	51.9	100.0	H	311.0	-1.3	22.1	74.0
1230.500000	53.7	200.0	H	359.0	-1.2	20.3	74.0
1507.250000	48.9	200.0	V	3.0	-0.4	25.1	74.0
1979.000000	50.6	100.0	H	338.0	1.1	23.4	74.0
2702.000000	49.4	100.0	H	33.0	4.0	24.6	74.0
2963.250000	49.8	100.0	V	358.0	4.7	24.2	74.0

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

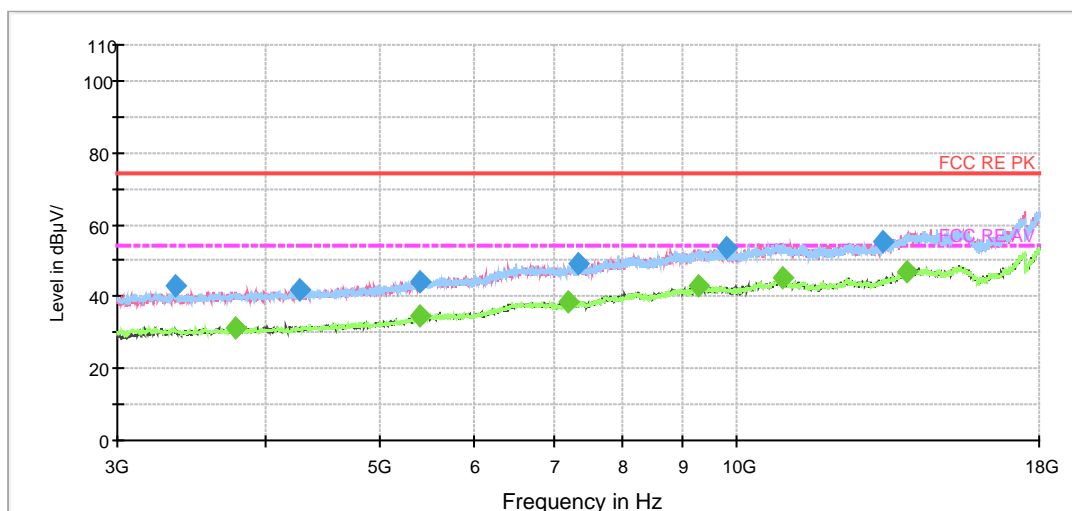
Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1159.000000	42.8	200.0	H	305.0	-1.3	11.2	54.0
1264.000000	44.4	200.0	H	58.0	-1.1	9.6	54.0
1507.000000	38.3	100.0	H	63.0	-0.4	15.7	54.0
1980.000000	40.6	200.0	H	335.0	1.1	13.4	54.0
2716.000000	38.3	200.0	V	119.0	4.1	15.7	54.0
2970.500000	39.8	100.0	H	0.0	4.7	14.2	54.0

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

DH5-Channel 39



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

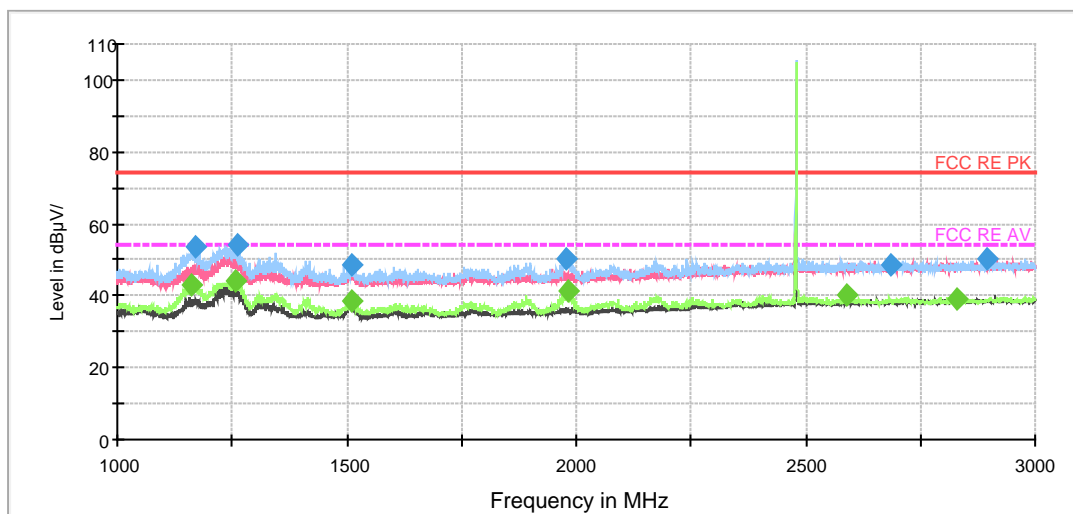
Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1162.500000	52.6	100.0	H	320.0	-1.3	21.4	74.0
1228.000000	53.3	200.0	H	0.0	-1.2	20.7	74.0
1509.250000	47.9	200.0	V	4.0	-0.4	26.1	74.0
1980.500000	50.2	200.0	H	336.0	1.1	23.8	74.0
2676.750000	49.2	100.0	H	4.0	3.9	24.8	74.0
2902.750000	50.9	100.0	H	60.0	4.5	23.1	74.0

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

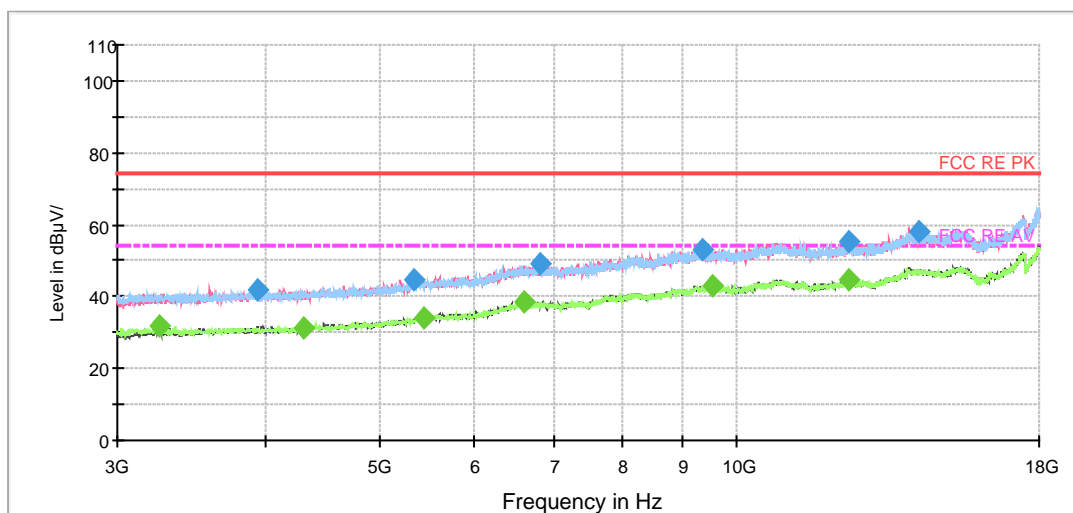
Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1160.250000	43.1	100.0	H	308.0	-1.3	10.9	54.0
1256.250000	44.3	200.0	H	58.0	-1.1	9.7	54.0
1511.000000	38.7	100.0	H	60.0	-0.4	15.3	54.0
1981.250000	41.0	200.0	H	336.0	1.1	13.0	54.0
2732.250000	38.8	200.0	H	336.0	4.1	15.2	54.0
2924.000000	39.7	200.0	H	336.0	4.6	14.3	54.0

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

DH5-Channel 78



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz



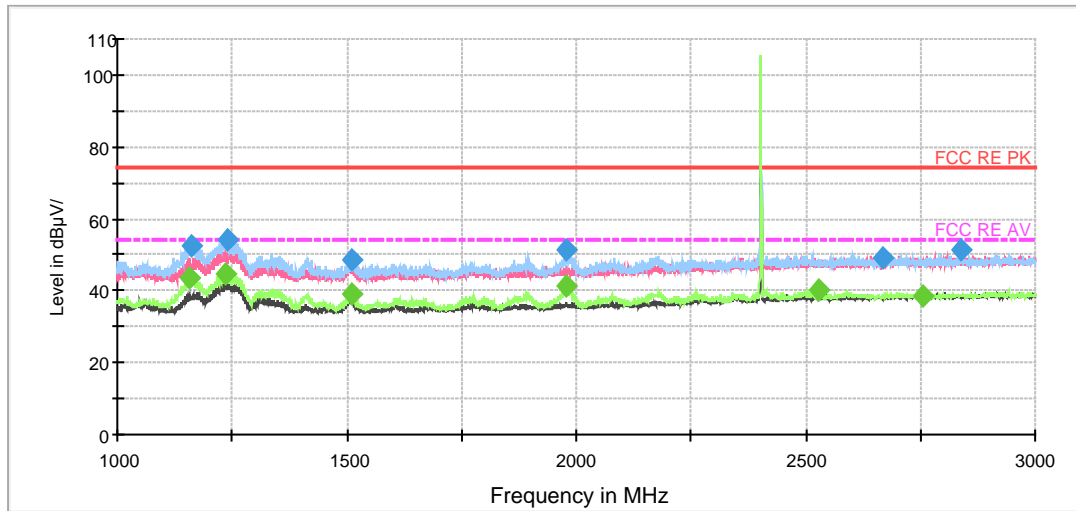
Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1171.000000	53.7	200.0	H	301.0	-1.3	20.3	74.0
1260.250000	54.1	200.0	H	70.0	-1.1	19.9	74.0
1510.250000	48.7	100.0	H	70.0	-0.4	25.3	74.0
1979.500000	50.4	200.0	H	332.0	1.1	23.6	74.0
2686.000000	48.6	100.0	V	348.0	4.0	25.4	74.0
2896.500000	50.2	100.0	H	80.0	4.5	23.8	74.0

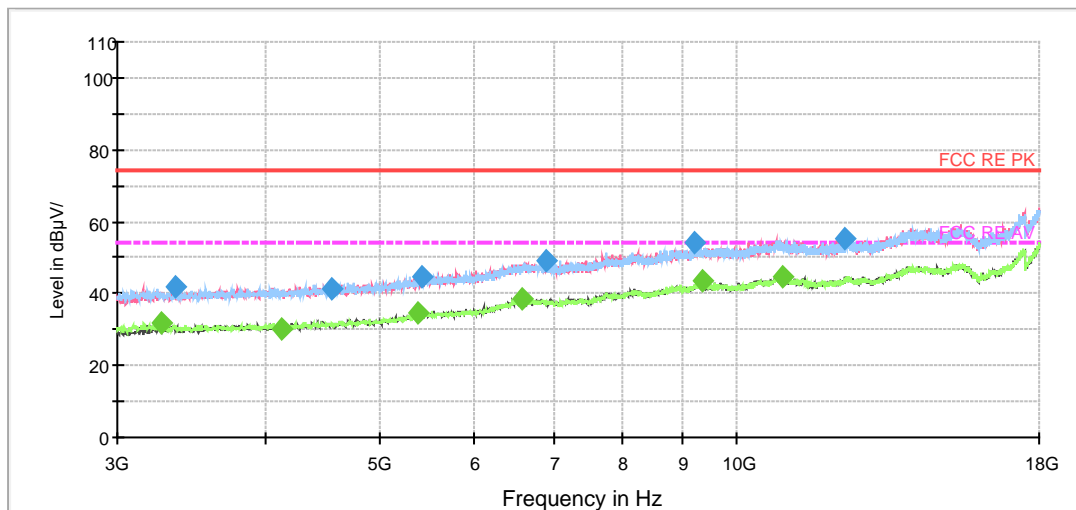
**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1159.750000	43.2	100.0	H	316.0	-1.3	10.8	54.0
1258.750000	43.9	200.0	H	58.0	-1.1	10.1	54.0
1509.000000	38.7	100.0	H	70.0	-0.4	15.3	54.0
1980.750000	41.6	200.0	H	332.0	1.1	12.4	54.0
2589.750000	40.1	200.0	H	340.0	3.8	13.9	54.0
2830.750000	39.3	200.0	H	271.0	4.4	14.7	54.0

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz



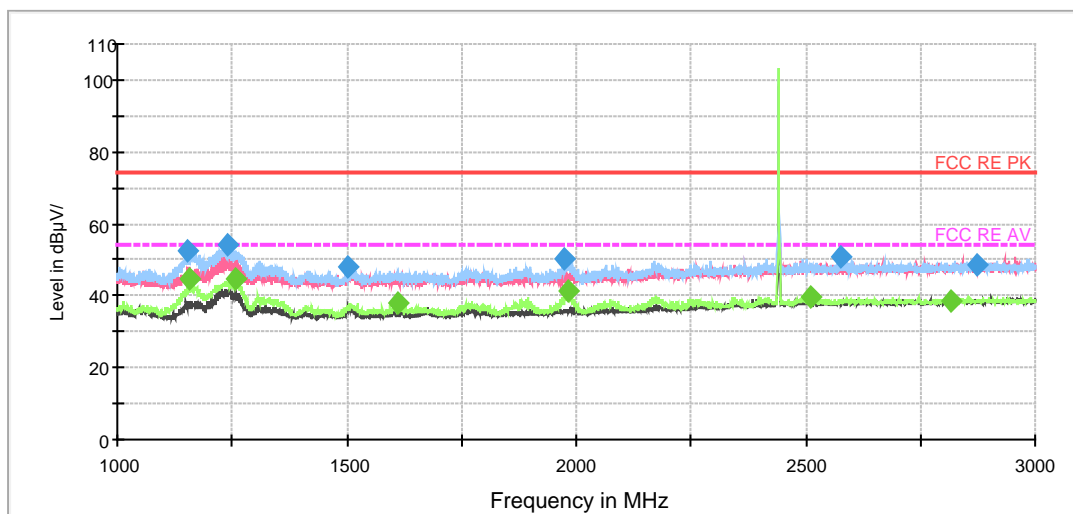
Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1162.500000	52.4	200.0	H	307.0	-1.3	21.6	74.0
1239.250000	53.9	200.0	H	336.0	-1.1	20.1	74.0
1512.250000	48.7	100.0	H	71.0	-0.4	25.3	74.0
1978.000000	51.5	200.0	H	328.0	1.1	22.5	74.0
2667.250000	48.9	200.0	V	52.0	3.9	25.1	74.0
2839.500000	51.4	100.0	H	17.0	4.4	22.6	74.0

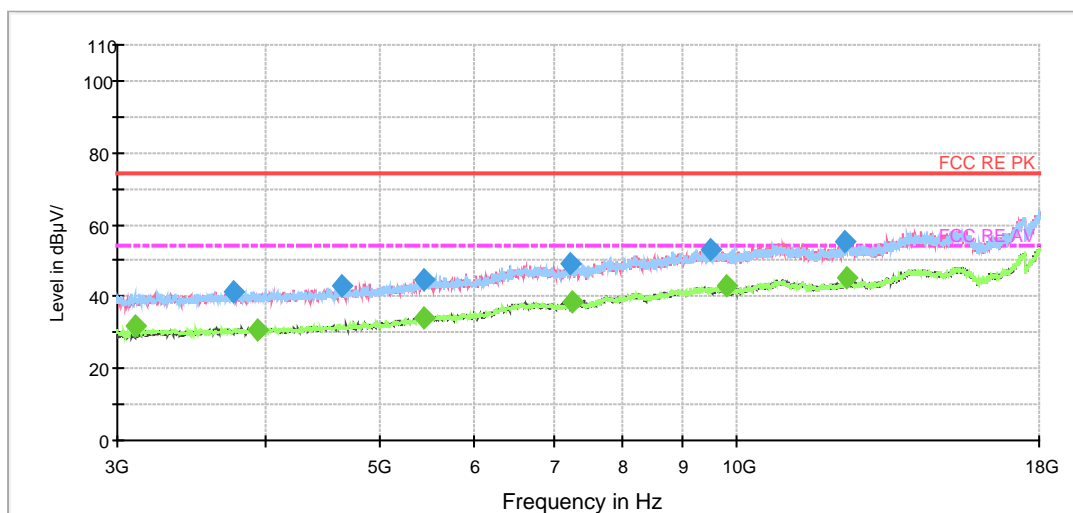
**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1156.250000	43.5	200.0	H	307.0	-1.3	10.5	54.0
1236.250000	44.4	200.0	H	0.0	-1.1	9.6	54.0
1510.000000	38.9	100.0	H	61.0	-0.4	15.1	54.0
1979.750000	41.5	200.0	H	358.0	1.1	12.5	54.0
2527.000000	40.0	100.0	H	226.0	3.7	14.0	54.0
2756.000000	38.6	100.0	V	214.0	4.2	15.4	54.0

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz



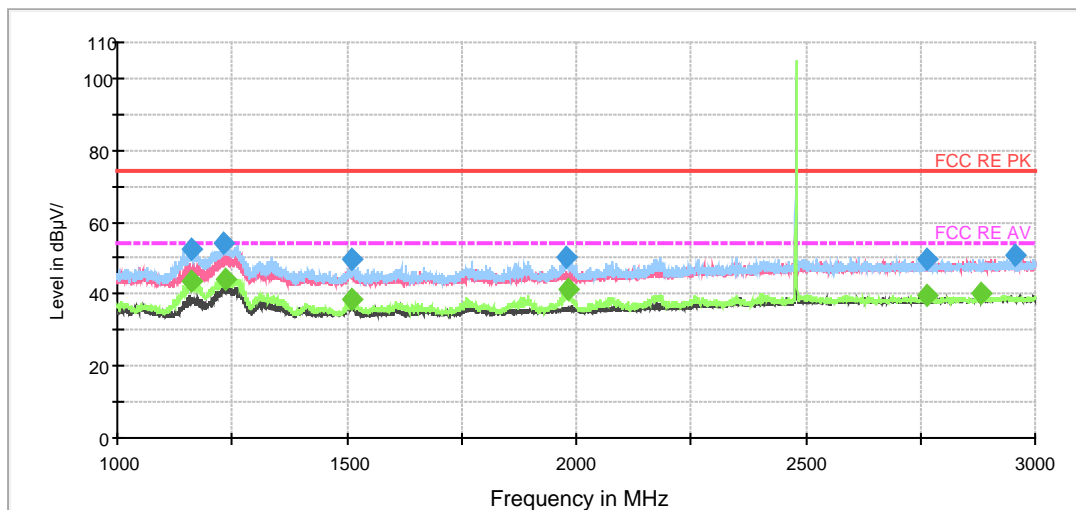
Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1155.000000	52.5	200.0	H	310.0	-1.3	21.5	74
1238.750000	54.0	200.0	H	6.0	-1.1	20.0	74
1503.750000	47.8	100.0	H	54.0	-0.4	26.2	74
1971.750000	50.2	200.0	H	338.0	1.0	23.8	74
2575.000000	50.6	200.0	H	171.0	3.8	23.4	74
2871.500000	48.4	100.0	V	231.0	4.4	25.6	74

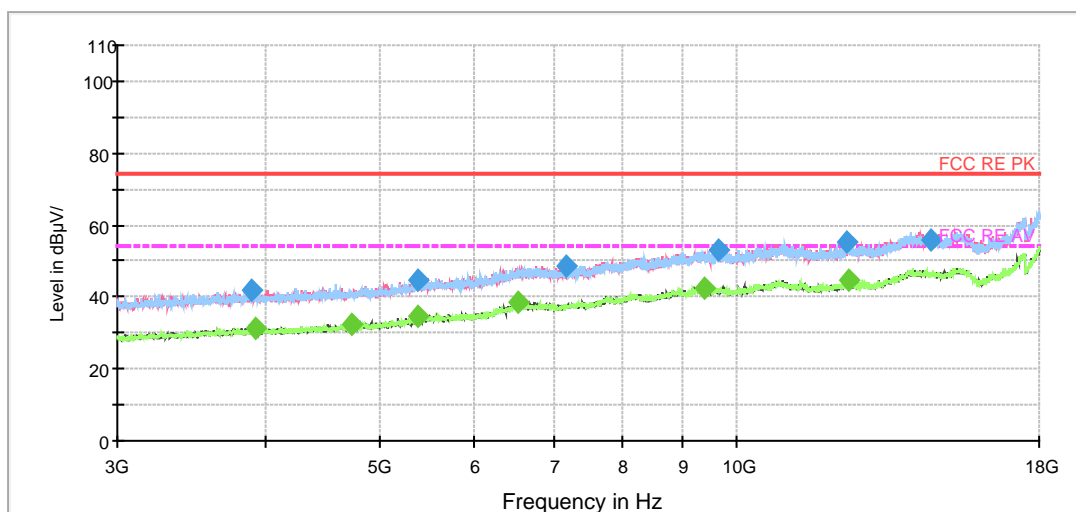
**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1157.500000	44.4	200.0	H	310.0	-1.3	9.6	54
1255.750000	44.6	100.0	H	65.0	-1.1	9.4	54
1610.000000	38.2	200.0	H	288.0	0.0	15.8	54
1980.500000	41.1	200.0	H	338.0	1.1	12.9	54
2511.000000	39.8	100.0	H	299.0	3.5	14.2	54
2816.250000	38.7	200.0	V	352.0	4.3	15.3	54

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1163.000000	52.7	200.0	H	310.0	-1.3	21.3	74
1230.000000	54.0	100.0	H	0.0	-1.2	20.0	74
1512.750000	49.6	200.0	H	73.0	-0.4	24.4	74
1978.750000	50.2	100.0	H	338.0	1.1	23.8	74
2763.500000	49.7	200.0	V	269.0	4.2	24.3	74
2956.250000	50.6	200.0	V	23.0	4.7	23.4	74

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1159.500000	43.3	200.0	H	310.0	-1.3	10.7	54
1235.250000	44.3	200.0	H	1.0	-1.1	9.7	54
1511.750000	38.3	100.0	H	8.0	-0.4	15.7	54
1982.250000	41.4	200.0	H	338.0	1.1	12.6	54
2763.000000	39.7	200.0	V	0.0	4.2	14.3	54
2883.500000	40.0	100.0	H	50.0	4.5	14.0	54

**Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)**

### 5.3 Conducted Emission

#### Ambient condition

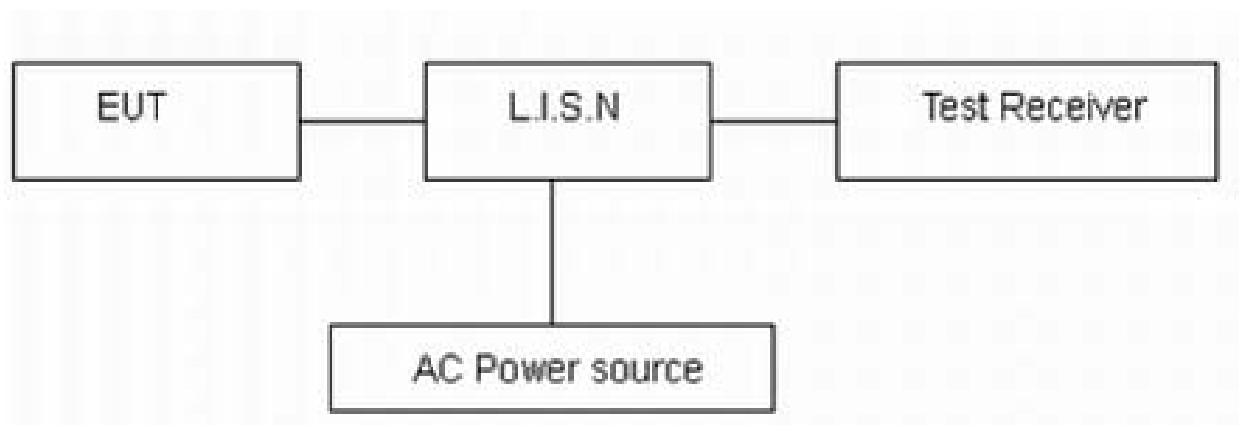
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Methods of Measurement

The EUT is placed on a non-metallic table of 80cm height above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. During the test, the EUT was operating in its typical mode. The test method is according to ANSI C63.10-2013. Connect the AC power line of the EUT to the L.I.S.N. Use EMI receiver to detect the average and Quasi-peak value. RBW is set to 9 kHz, VBW is set to 30kHz. The measurement result should include both L line and N line.

The test is in transmitting mode.

#### Test Setup



Note: AC Power source is used to 120V/60Hz.

#### Limits

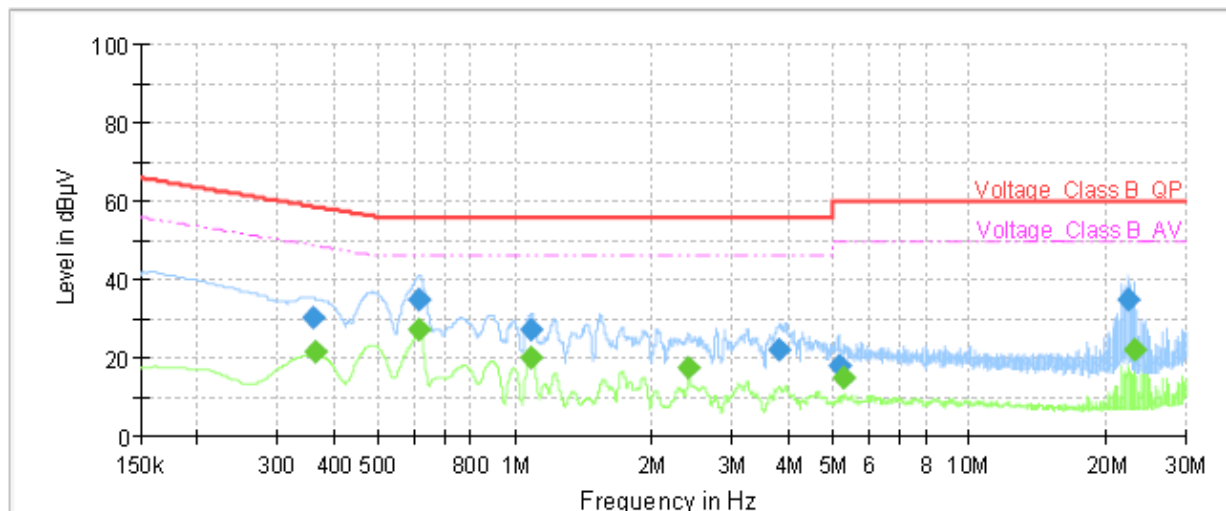
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limits(dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50
*: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.		

#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ ,  $U=2.69$  dB.

## Test Results:

Following plots, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection. During the test, the Conducted Emission was performed in all modes with all channels, BT 3DH5-Channel 39, are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.

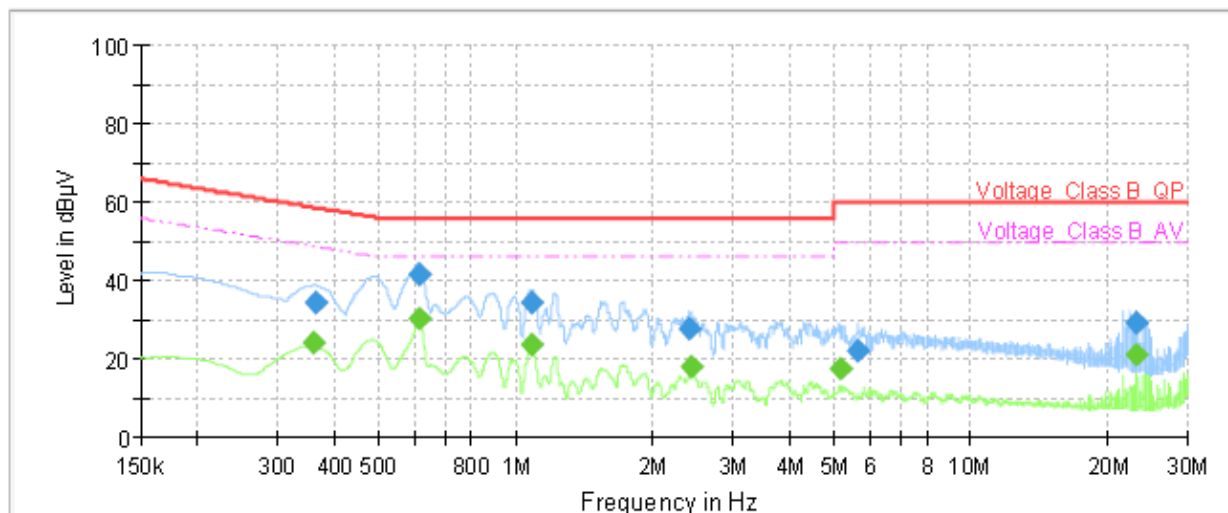


Conducted Emission from 150 KHz to 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	Average (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.36	30.02	---	58.75	28.73	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.18
0.36	---	21.42	48.69	27.28	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.19
0.61	---	27.14	46.00	18.86	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.27
0.62	34.84	---	56.00	21.16	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.27
1.08	---	19.97	46.00	26.03	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.24
1.09	27.03	---	56.00	28.97	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.24
2.42	---	17.18	46.00	28.82	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.03
3.82	22.15	---	56.00	33.85	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.05
5.14	17.99	---	60.00	42.01	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.09
5.27	---	15.04	50.00	34.96	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.09
22.46	34.80	---	60.00	25.20	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.51
23.13	---	22.07	50.00	27.93	1000.0	9.000	L	ON	19.63

Remark: Correct factor=cable loss + LISN factor

L line



Conducted Emission from 150 KHz to 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	Average (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.36	---	24.22	48.75	24.53	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.18
0.36	34.50	---	58.69	24.19	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.19
0.61	---	30.00	46.00	16.00	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.27
0.61	41.67	---	56.00	14.33	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.27
1.08	---	23.72	46.00	22.28	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.24
1.08	34.51	---	56.00	21.49	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.24
2.41	27.58	---	56.00	28.42	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.03
2.43	---	17.87	46.00	28.13	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.03
5.15	---	17.25	50.00	32.75	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.09
5.64	22.08	---	60.00	37.92	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.11
23.13	---	21.06	50.00	28.94	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.54
23.13	29.00	---	60.00	31.00	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.54

Remark: Correct factor=cable loss + LISN factor

N line

## 6 Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	CBT	100271	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2018-12-16	2019-12-15
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100948	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-047	2019-09-26	2021-09-25
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2019-11-17
Double Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2018-07-07	2020-07-06
Standard Gain Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	00102643	2018-06-20	2020-06-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR	101667	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
LISN	R&S	ENV216	101171	2016-12-16	2019-12-15
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY47191109	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	2019-09-12	2019-12-11
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2-13	10120101	/	/
Software	R&S	EMC32	9.26.0	/	/

\*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*