



RF TEST REPORT

Applicant	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd
-----------	-------------------------------------

FCC ID XMR201910BG95M3

Product LTE Cat M1 & Cat NB2 & EGPRS Module

- Brand Quectel
- Model BG95-M3
- Report No. R2003A0152-R8

Issue Date May 9, 2020

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2019)/ FCC CFR 47 Part 90S (2019)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Peng lao

Performed by: Peng Tao

KaiXu

Approved by: Kai Xu

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3 FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000



TABLE OF CONTENT

1. Tes	t Laboratory	4
1.1.	Notes of the Test Report	4
1.2.	Test facility	4
1.3.	Testing Location	4
2. Ger	neral Description of Equipment under Test	5
3. Арр	lied Standards	6
4. Tes	t Configuration	7
5. Tes	t Case Results	8
5.1.	RF Power Output	8
5.2.	Effective Radiated Power	10
5.3.	Occupied Bandwidth	13
5.4.	Emission Mask	17
5.5.	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)	24
5.6.	Frequency Stability	26
5.7.	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	29
5.8.	Radiates Spurious Emission	34
6. Mai	n Test Instruments	.39



No.	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict			
1	RF power output	2.1046/90.635(b)	PASS			
2	Effective Radiated Power	90.635(b)	PASS			
3	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049/ 90.209	PASS			
4	Emission Masks	2.1051 / 90.691	PASS			
5	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	KDB 971168 D01(5.7)	PASS			
6	Frequency Stability	2.1055 / 90.213	PASS			
7	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals 2.1051 / 90.691 PASS					
8	Radiates Spurious Emission2.1053 /90.691PASS					
Date of T	Date of Testing: August 20, 2019 ~ September 11, 2019					
Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.						

Summary of measurement results

Only Emission Masks were tested for BG95-M3 in this report (Report No.:R2003A0152-R8). Other test values duplicated from the BG95-M3 report (Report No. : R1907A0446-R8). The detailed product change description please refers to the *Statement letter*.



1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3. Testing Location

Company:	TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address:	No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong
City:	Shanghai
Post code:	201201
Country:	P. R. China
Contact:	Xu Kai
Contact: Telephone:	Xu Kai +86-021-50791141/2/3
••••••	
Telephone:	+86-021-50791141/2/3



2. General Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd			
Applicant addressBuilding 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No. Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233				
Manufacturer	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd			
Manufacturer address	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016 Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233			

General Information

EUT Description					
Model	BG95-M3				
IMEI	864475040001736				
Hardware Version	R2.1				
Software Version	BG95MR3LAR02A03				
Power Supply	External power supply				
Antenna Type	The EUT don't have standard Antenna, The Antenna used for testing in this report is the after-market accessory (Dipole Antenna)				
Antenna Gain	LTE Band 26: 3dBi				
Test Mode(s)	LTE Band 26;				
Test Modulation	QPSK 16QAM;				
LTE Category	M1				
Maximum E.R.P.	LTE Band 26:	21.40dBm			
Rated Power Supply Voltage	3.8V				
Extreme Voltage	Minimum: 3.3V Max	imum: 4.3V			
Extreme Temperature	Lowest: -40°C Highest: +85°C				
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)		
Frequency Range(s)	LTE Band 26	814 ~ 824	859 ~ 869		
Note: 1. The EUT is sent from th	e applicant to TA and th	e information of the	EUT is declared by		
The applicant.					



3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Test standards: FCC CFR 47 Part 90S (2019)

ANSI C63.26 (2015)

Reference standard:

FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2019)

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01



4. Test Configuration

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes. EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). Receiver antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical), the worst emission was found in position (X axis, horizontal polarization) and the worst case was recorded.

All mode and data rates and positions were investigated.

The following testing in LTE is set based on the maximum RF Output Power. Test modes are chosen as the worst case configuration below for LTE Band 26

Test items	Ba	Indwid	lth (Mł	Hz)	Modulation		RB			Test Channel		
	1.4	3	5	10	QPSK	16QAM	1	50%	100%	L	м	н
RF power output	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Isotropic Radiated power	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0
Occupied Bandwidth	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	-	-	0	-	0	-
Emission Mask	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	-	0
Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	-
Frequency Stability	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	-	0	0	0
Radiates Spurious Emission	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	-	-	-	0	-
Note						onfiguration nfiguration			testing.			



5. Test Case Results

5.1. RF Power Output

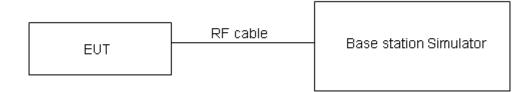
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT is controlled by the Base Station Simulator to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

Test Setup



The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the tester has been taken into consideration.

Limits

Part 90.635 (b) the maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 0.4 dB.



Test Results

Band26	Channel/	Index	RB#	Conducted Power (dBm)		
Band26	Frequency(MHz)	Index	RB start	QPSK	16QAM	
	26697/814.7	0	1#0	20.05	20.10	
	20097/014.7	0	6#0	18.81	18.61	
1.4MHz	26740/819	0	1#0	20.03	20.05	
1.410172	20740/019	0	6#0	18.78	18.53	
	26783/823.3	0	1#5	19.83	19.94	
	20703/023.3	0	6#0	18.57	18.34	
	26705/815.5	0	1#0	20.31	20.23	
	20705/815.5	0	6#0	18.73	18.75	
3MHz	26740/819	0	1#0	20.28	20.22	
		0	6#0	18.73	18.85	
	26775/822.5	1	1#5	19.92	19.80	
	20115/622.5	1	6#0	18.57	18.35	
	26715/816.5	3	1#0	20.46	19.80	
	207 15/010.5	0	6#0	19.86	19.99	
5MHz	26740/819	0	1#0	20.28	19.64	
	20740/019	0	6#0	19.86	19.83	
	26765/821.5	0	1#5	20.06	20.31	
	20100/021.0	3	6#0	19.77	20.00	
10MHz	26740/910	0	1#0	20.52	19.86	
	26740/819	0	4#0	19.89	20.55	



5.2. Effective Radiated Power

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

Methods of Measurement

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26 (2015).

a) Connect the equipment as illustrated. Mount the equipment with the manufacturer specified antenna in a vertical orientation on a manufacturer specified mounting surface located on a non-conducting rotating platform of a RF anechoic chamber (preferred) or a standard radiation site.

b) Key the transmitter, then rotate the EUT 360° azimuthally and record spectrum analyzer power level (LVL) measurements at angular increments that are sufficiently small to permit resolution of all peaks. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at each angular increment. (Note: several batteries may be needed to offset the effect of battery voltage droop, which should not exceed 5% of the manufactured specified battery voltage during transmission).

c) Replace the transmitter under test with a vertically polarized half-wave dipole (or an antenna whose gain is known relative to an ideal half-wave dipole). The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the antenna under test.

d) Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss (in dB) as LOSS. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading.LOSS = Generator Output Power (dBm) – Analyzer reading (dBm)

e) Determine the effective radiated output power at each angular position from the readings in steps
b) and d) using the following equation: ERP (dBm) = LVL (dBm) + LOSS (dB)

f) The maximum ERP is the maximum value determined in the preceding step.

g) When calculating ERP, in addition to knowing the antenna radiation and matching characteristics,

it is necessary to know the loss values of all elements (e.g.transmission line attenuation, mismatches, filters, combiners) interposed between the point where transmitter output power is measured, and the

point where power is applied to the antenna. ERP can then be calculated as follows:

EIRP (dBm) = Output Power (dBm) - Losses (dB) + Antenna Gain (dBi)

where:dBd refers to gain relative to an ideal dipole.

EIRP (dBm) = ERP (dBm) + 2.15 (dB.)

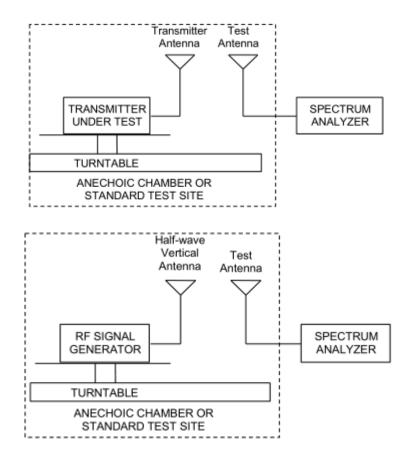
The RB allocation refers to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.



RF Test Report

Test configuration

Below 1GHz:



Limits

Rule Part 90.635(b) specifies that "The maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts".



Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 1.19 dB



Test Results:

The measurement is performed for both of horizontal and vertical antenna Polarization, and only the data of worst mode is recorded in this report.

LTE Band 26							
Mada	Channel/		RB#	ERP(dBm)		Limit	Osuslasian
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Index	RBstart	QPSK	16QAM	(dBm)	Conclusion
	26697/814.7	0	1#0	20.90	20.95	50	Pass
	200977014.7	0	6#0	19.66	19.46	50	Pass
1.4MHz	26740/819	0	1#0	20.88	20.90	50	Pass
1.411112	20740/019	0	6#0	19.63	19.38	50	Pass
	26783/823.3	0	1#5	20.68	20.79	50	Pass
	20703/023.3	0	6#0	19.42	19.19	50	Pass
	26705/815.5	0	1#0	21.16	21.08	50	Pass
3MHz	20705/615.5	0	6#0	19.58	19.60	50	Pass
	26740/819	0	1#0	21.13	21.07	50	Pass
	20740/019	0	6#0	19.58	19.70	50	Pass
	26775/822.5	1	1#5	20.77	20.65	50	Pass
	20113/022.3	1	6#0	19.42	19.20	50	Pass
	26715/816.5	3	1#0	21.31	20.65	50	Pass
	20715/810.5		6#0	20.71	20.84	50	Pass
5MHz	26740/819	0	1#0	21.13	20.49	50	Pass
	26740/819	0	6#0	20.71	20.68	50	Pass
	26765/921 5	0	1#5	20.91	21.16	50	Pass
	26765/821.5	3	6#0	20.62	20.85	50	Pass
10MHz	26740/819	0	1#0	21.37	20.71	50	Pass
	20740/019	0	4#0	20.74	21.40	50	Pass



5.3. Occupied Bandwidth

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

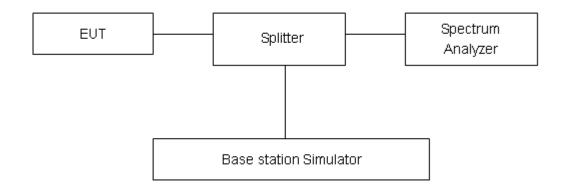
Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer.

RBW is set to 51kHz, VBW is set to 160kHz for LTE Band 26

99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths are recorded. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 2.1049.

Part 90.209 (a) Each authorization issued to a station licensed under this part will show an emission designator representing the class of emission authorized. The designator will be prefixed by a specified necessary bandwidth. This number does not necessarily indicate the bandwidth occupied by the emission at any instant. In those cases where part 2.202 of this chapter does not provide a formula for the computation of necessary bandwidth, the occupied bandwidth, as defined in part 2 of this chapter, may be used in lieu of the necessary bandwidth.

Measurement Uncertainty

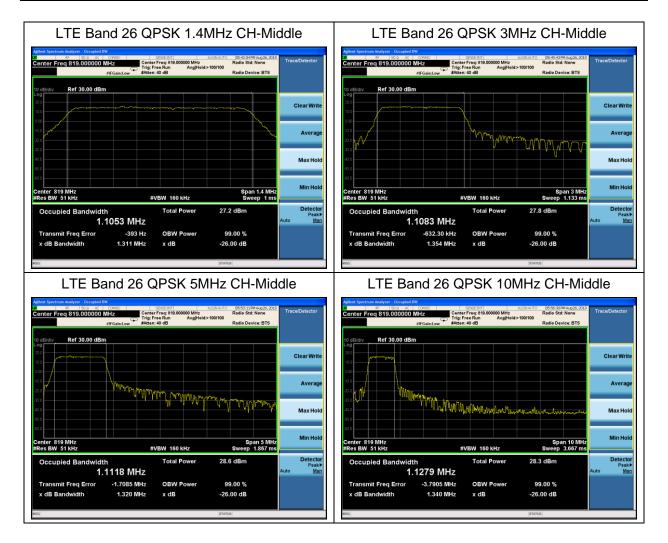
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 624Hz.



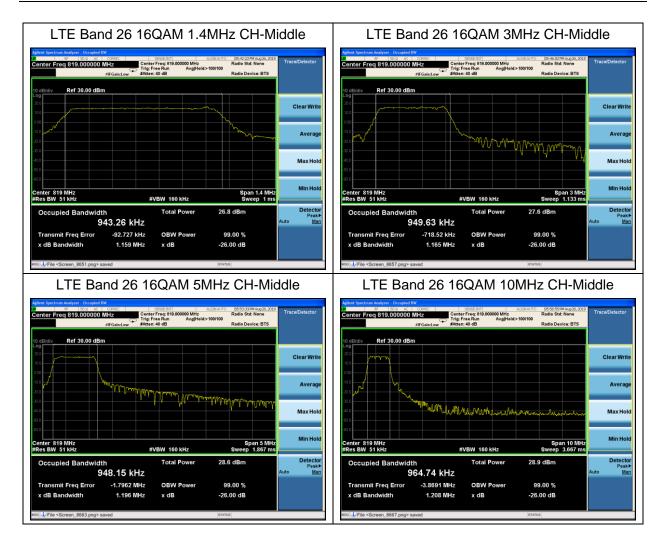
Test Result

Mode	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel/	hannel/		Bandwidth(MHz)		
		wooulation	Frequency(MHz)	RD	Index	99% Power	-26dBc	
	1.4MHz	QPSK	26740/819	6#0	0	1.1053	1.311	
		16QAM	26740/819	6#0	0	0.9432	1.159	
	3MHz	QPSK	26740/819	6#0	0	1.1083	1.345	
Band26		16QAM	26740/819	6#0	0	0.9496	1.165	
Danuzo	5MHz	QPSK	26740/819	6#0	0	1.1118	1.320	
		16QAM	26740/819	6#0	0	0.9481	1.196	
	10MHz	QPSK	26740/819	6#0	0	1.1279	1.340	
		16QAM	26740/819	6#0	0	0.9647	1.208	











5.4. Emission Mask

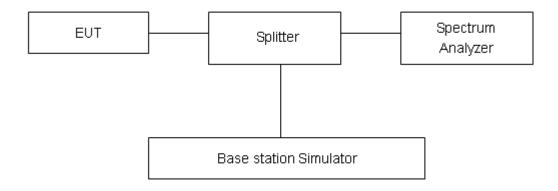
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity		
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%		

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The average detector is used. For Section 90.691(a) compliance testing, use RBW = 300 Hz for offsets less than 37.5 kHz from a channel edge; RBW = 100 kHz for offsets greater than 37.5 kHz is allowed.

Test Setup



Limits

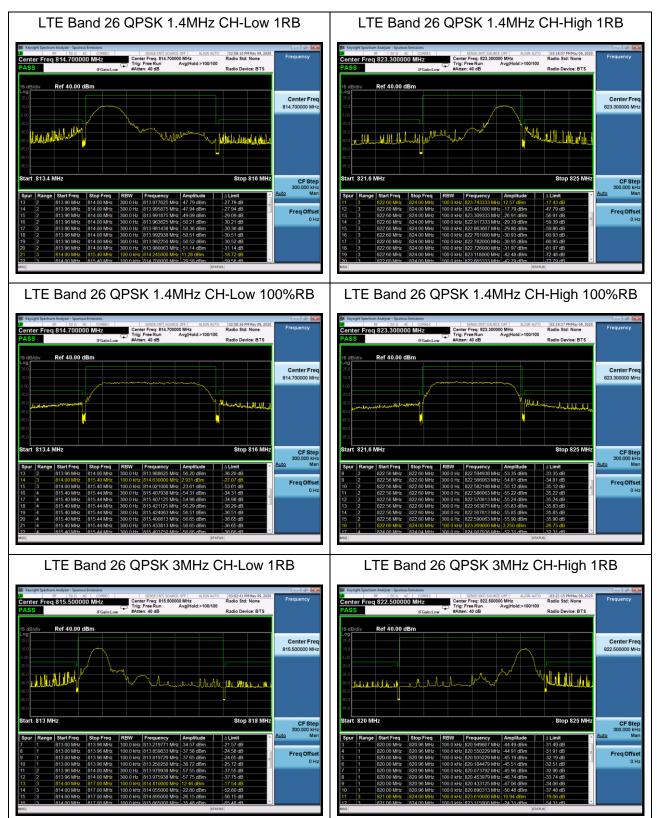
Rule Part 90.691(a) specifies that " For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 116 $Log_{10}(f/6.1)$ decibels or 50 + 10 $Log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz."

Measurement Uncertainty

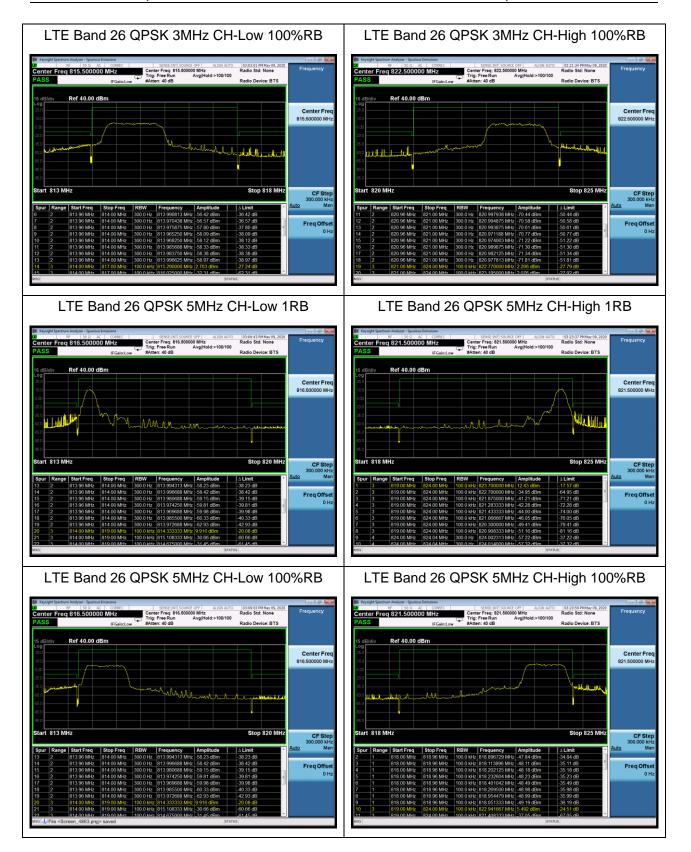
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96, U=0.684dB.



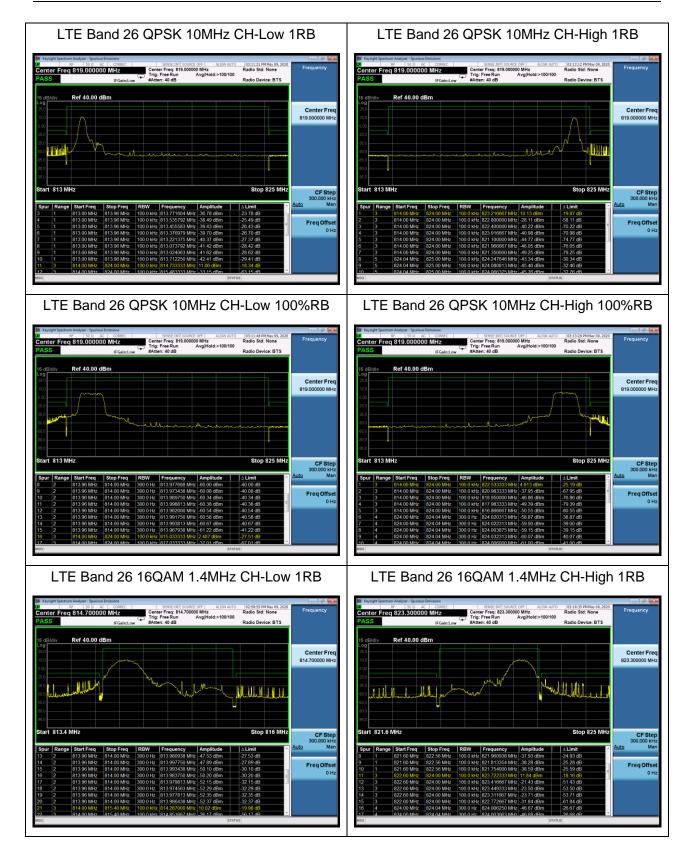
Test Result:



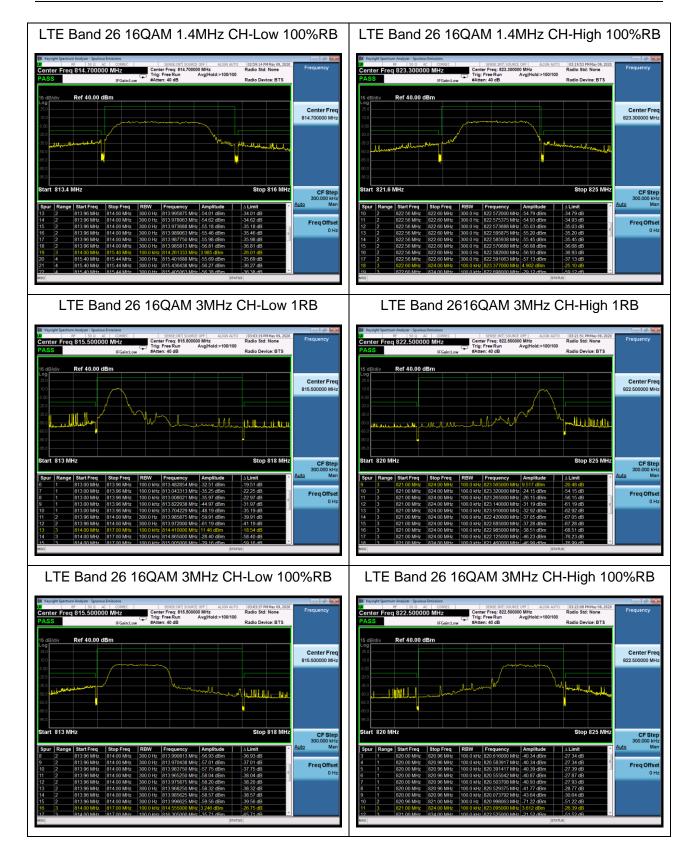




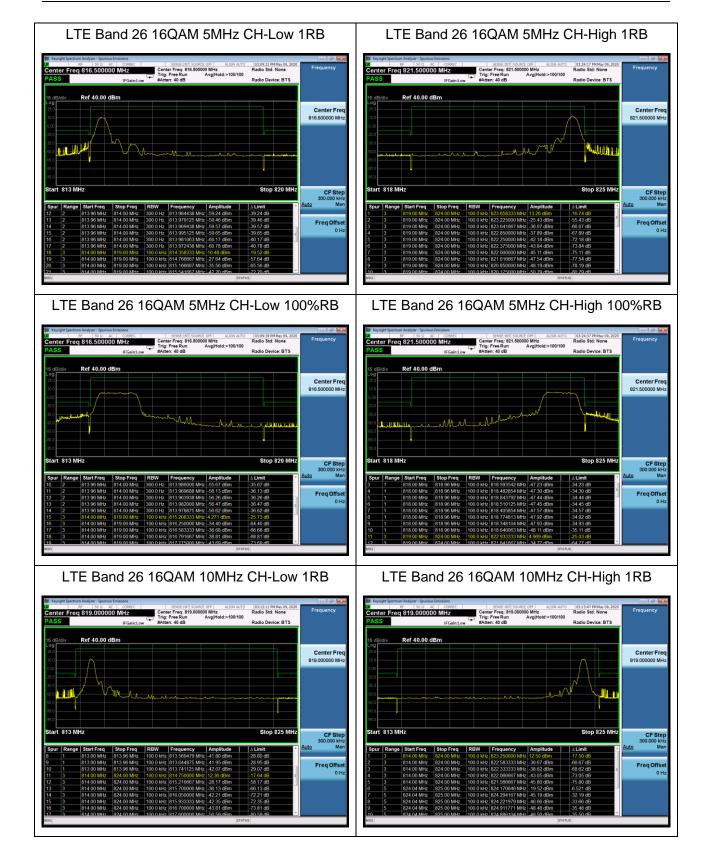








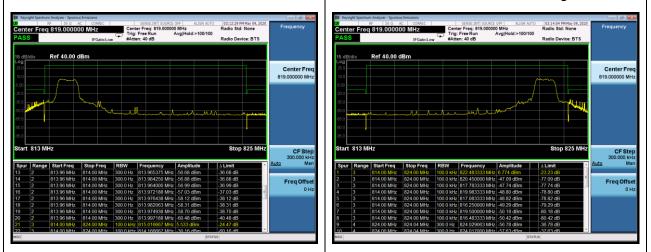






LTE Band 26 16QAM 10MHz CH-Low 100%RB

LTE Band 26 16QAM 10MHz CH-High 100%RB





5.5. Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)

Ambient condition

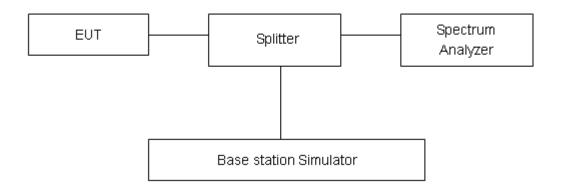
Temperature	Relative humidity		
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%		

Methods of Measurement

Measure the total peak power and record as PPk. And measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (*e.g.*, dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

PAPR (dB) = PPk (dBm) - PAvg (dBm).

Test Setup



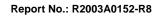
Limits

In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peakto-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB in 24.232(d).

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the

normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 0.4 dB.





Test Results

Mode	Bandwidth	Madulation	Channel/		k-to-Ave r Ratio (F	Limit		
		Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Avg (dBm)	PAPR (dB)	(dB)	Conclusion
	1.4MHz	QPSK	26740/819	23.17	11.98	11.19	≤13	PASS
	1.4101	16QAM	26740/819	24.45	12.33	12.12	≤13	PASS
	3MHz	QPSK	26740/819	23.17	10.74	12.43	≤13	PASS
		16QAM	26740/819	23.95	12.78	11.17	≤13	PASS
DandOG	5MHz	QPSK	26740/819	24.18	14.12	10.06	≤13	PASS
Band26		16QAM	26740/819	25.02	15.20	9.82	≤13	PASS
	10MHz	QPSK	26740/819	24.16	14.69	9.47	≤13	PASS
		16QAM	26740/819	25.34	15.80	9.54	≤13	PASS
		QPSK	26740/819	23.17	11.98	11.19	≤13	PASS
	15MHz	16QAM	26740/819	24.45	12.33	12.12	≤13	PASS



5.6. Frequency Stability

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

Method of Measurement

1. Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

The temperature inside the climate chamber is varied from -40°C to +85°C in 10°C step size,

(1) With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to 0°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours.

(2) Measure the carrier frequency with the test equipment in a "call mode". These measurements should be made within 1 minute of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.

(3) Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -40°C to +85°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.

2. Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

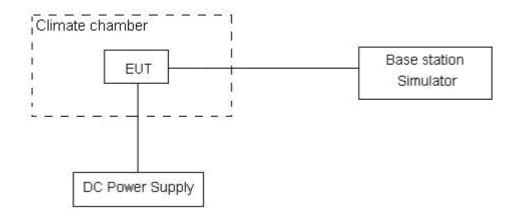
The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

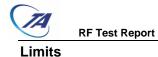
(1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

(2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery-operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.3 V and 4.3 V, with a nominal voltage of 3.8V.

Test setup





According to the Sec. 90.213.(a) Unless noted elsewhere, transmitters used in the services governed by this part must have a minimum frequency stability as specified in the following table.

Minimum Frequency Stability [Parts per million (ppm)]

		Mobile stations				
Frequency range	Fixed and base	Over 2 watts output	2 watts or less output			
(MHz)	stations	power	power			
809-824	1.5	2.5	2.5			

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 3, U = 0.01 ppm.



Test Result

	LTE Band 26								
Condition		Freq.Error	Freq.Error	Frequency Stability	Frequency Stability				
BANDWIDTH	10MHz	(Hz)	(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)	Verdict			
Temperature	Voltage	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK				
Normal (25℃)		13.15	5.50	0.00700	0.00292	PASS			
Extreme (85℃)		5.81	13.15	0.00309	0.00699	PASS			
Extreme (80℃)		5.64	2.48	0.00300	0.00132	PASS			
Extreme (70°C)		14.19	5.50	0.00755	0.00292	PASS			
Extreme (60°C)		9.37	10.79	0.00498	0.00574	PASS			
Extreme (50°C)		14.34	7.36	0.00763	0.00391	PASS			
Extreme (40°C)		5.40	9.90	0.00287	0.00526	PASS			
Extreme (30°C)	Normal	1.56	5.32	0.00083	0.00283	PASS			
Extreme (20°C)		17.87	5.61	0.00951	0.00298	PASS			
Extreme (10°C)		4.14	6.69	0.00220	0.00356	PASS			
Extreme (0°C)		3.39	1.28	0.00180	0.00068	PASS			
Extreme (-10°C)		5.07	10.02	0.00270	0.00533	PASS			
Extreme (-20°C)		12.85	7.71	0.00684	0.00410	PASS			
Extreme (-30°C)		10.73	7.48	0.00571	0.00398	PASS			
Extreme (-40°C)		16.51	5.72	0.00878	0.00304	PASS			
25 ℃	LV	5.82	5.05	0.00309	0.00269	PASS			
250	ΗV	3.16	14.31	0.00168	0.00761	PASS			



5.7. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

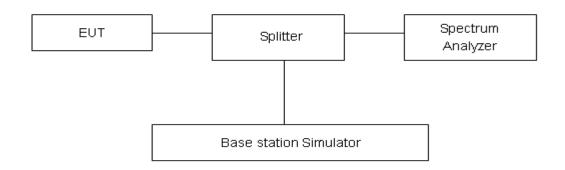
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The measurement is carried out using a spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer scans from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. RBW are set to 100 kHz and VBW are set to 300 kHz for below 1G, RBW are set to 1MHz and VBW are set to 3MHz for above 1G, Sweep is set to ATUO.

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 90.691 specifies that "The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB."

Limit	-13 dBm
-------	---------

Measurement Uncertainty

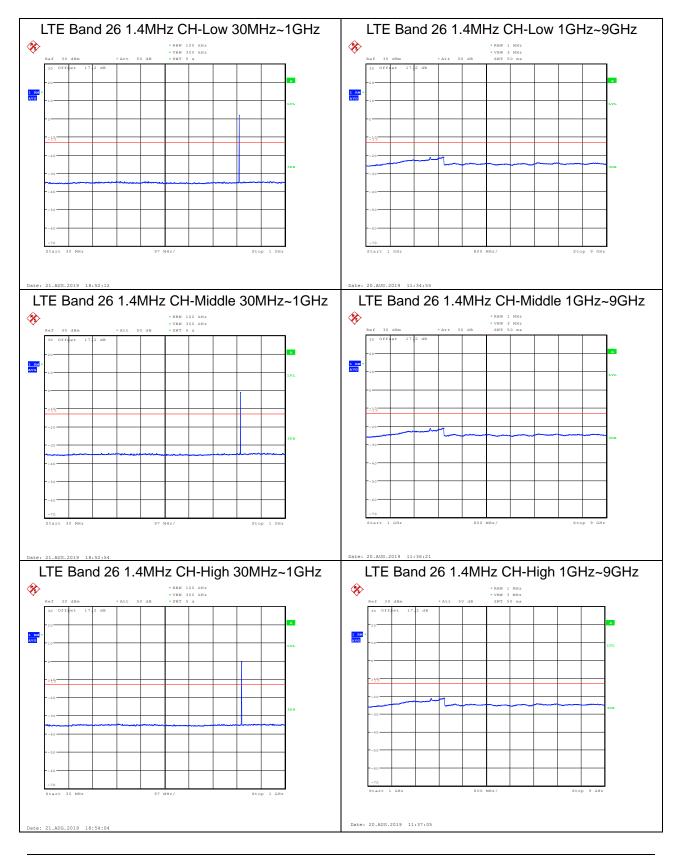
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96.

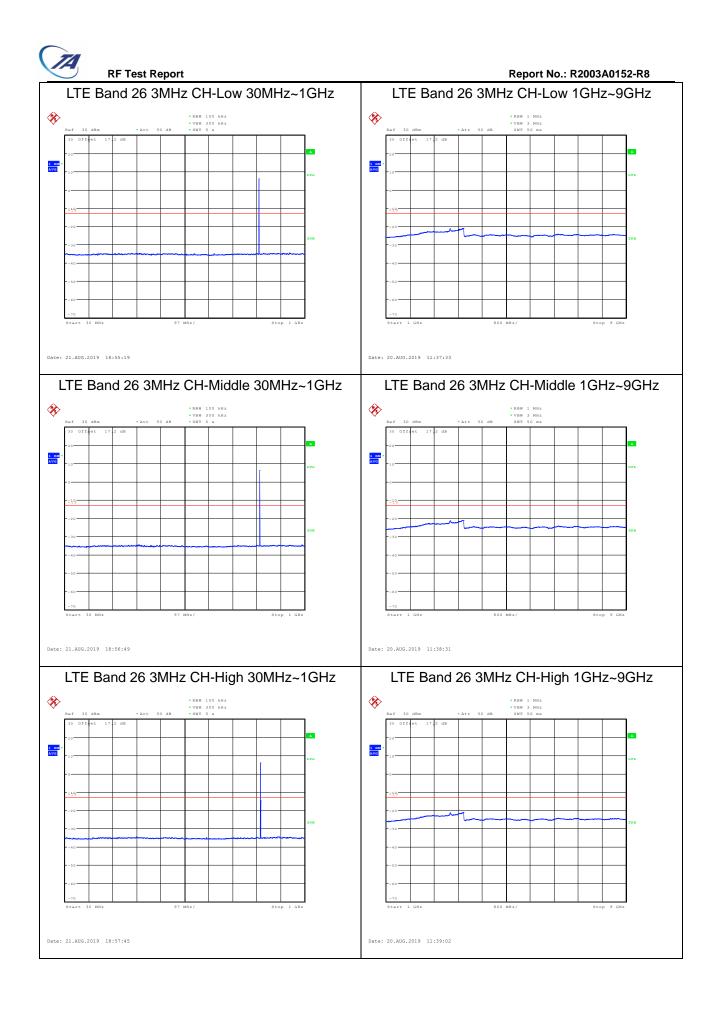
Frequency	Uncertainty		
100kHz-1GHz	0.684 dB		
1GHz-12.75GHz	1.407 dB		

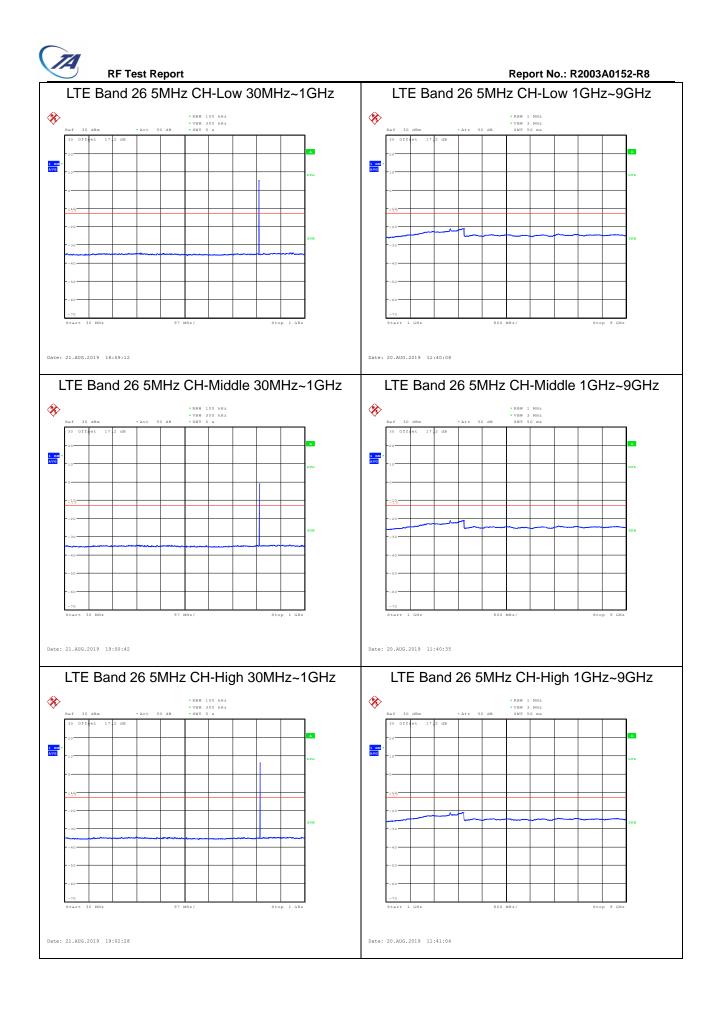


Test Result

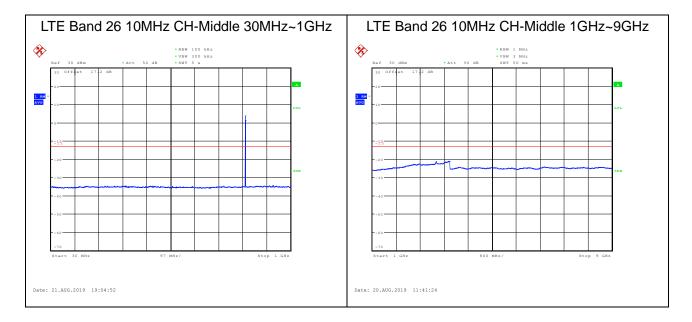
If disturbances were found more than 20dB below limit line, the mark is not required for the EUT. The signal beyond the limit is carrier.













5.8. Radiates Spurious Emission

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

Method of Measurement

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26 (2015).

2. Below 1GHz: The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H). Above 1GHz: (Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.) The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

3. A loop antenna, A log-periodic antenna or horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.

4. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=200Hz,VBW=600Hz for 9kHz150kHz, RBW=10kHz, VBW=30kHz 150kHz-30MHz, RBW=100kHz,VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz and RBW=1MHz,

VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr). 5. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

6. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (PcI) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.

7. The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- PAg - Pcl + Ga

The measurement results are amend as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- Pcl + Ga

8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi)

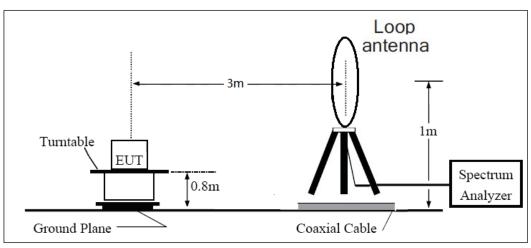


and known input power. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP-2.15dBi.

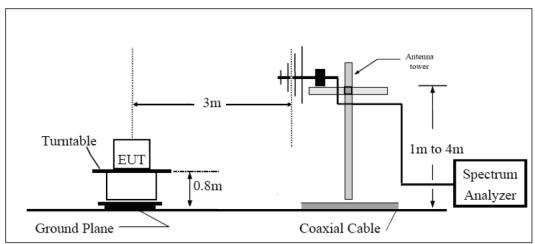
The modulation mode and RB allocation refer to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.

Test setup

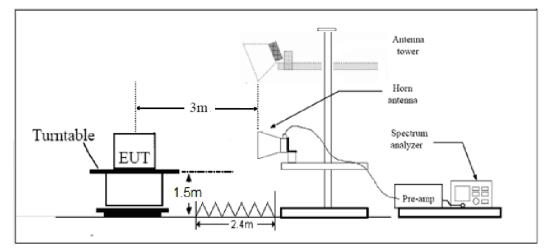
9KHz ~ 30MHz



30MHz~~~ 1GHz









Limits

Rule Part 90.691 specifies that "The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."



Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96, U= 3.55 dB.



Test Result

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the emissions below the noise floor will not be recorded in the report.

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1638.00	-56.70	2.00	10.75	vertical	-50.10	-13.00	37.10	135
3	2457.00	-56.26	2.51	11.05	vertical	-49.87	-13.00	36.87	225
4	3346.00	-62.65	4.20	11.15	vertical	-57.85	-13.00	44.85	90
5	4182.50	-59.25	5.20	11.15	vertical	-55.45	-13.00	42.45	0
6	5019.00	-58.70	5.50	11.95	vertical	-54.40	-13.00	41.40	135
7	5855.50	-58.36	5.70	13.55	vertical	-52.66	-13.00	39.66	270
8	6692.00	-53.45	6.30	13.75	vertical	-48.15	-13.00	35.15	225
9	7528.50	-55.78	6.80	13.85	vertical	-50.88	-13.00	37.88	90
10	8365.00	-53.52	6.90	14.25	vertical	-48.32	-13.00	35.32	135
Note: 1.T	Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.								
2.TI	he worst emission	on was fo	ound in th	ne anten	na is Horizonta	l position			

LTE Band 26 1.4MHz CH Middle

LTE Band 26 5MHz CH Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1638.00	-56.32	2.00	10.75	vertical	-49.72	-13.00	36.72	90
3	2457.00	-54.89	2.51	11.05	vertical	-48.50	-13.00	35.50	135
4	3276.00	-61.67	4.20	11.15	vertical	-56.87	-13.00	43.87	90
5	4095.00	-59.36	5.20	11.15	vertical	-55.56	-13.00	42.56	45
6	4914.00	-60.15	5.50	11.95	vertical	-55.85	-13.00	42.85	0
7	5733.00	-60.62	5.70	13.55	vertical	-54.92	-13.00	41.92	180
8	6552.00	-59.49	6.30	13.75	vertical	-54.19	-13.00	41.19	225
9	7371.00	-53.57	6.80	13.85	vertical	-48.67	-13.00	35.67	315
10	8190.00	-53.48	6.90	14.25	vertical	-48.28	-13.00	35.28	135
Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor. 2.The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.									



Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)	
2	1638.00	-55.80	2.00	10.75	vertical	-49.20	-13.00	36.20	225	
3	2457.00	-54.16	2.51	11.05	vertical	-47.77	-13.00	34.77	135	
4	3276.00	-60.07	4.20	11.15	vertical	-55.27	-13.00	42.27	135	
5	4095.00	-60.22	5.20	11.15	vertical	-56.42	-13.00	43.42	180	
6	4914.00	-60.60	5.50	11.95	vertical	-56.30	-13.00	43.30	225	
7	5733.00	-60.41	5.70	13.55	vertical	-54.71	-13.00	41.71	0	
8	6552.00	-59.32	6.30	13.75	vertical	-54.02	-13.00	41.02	90	
9	7371.00	-53.28	6.80	13.85	vertical	-48.38	-13.00	35.38	45	
10	8190.00	-53.68	6.90	14.25	vertical	-48.48	-13.00	35.48	135	
	Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor. 2.The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.									

LTE Band 26 10MHz CH Middle



6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Name Manufacturer		Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date	
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMW500	113824	2019-05-19	2020-05-18	
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2-13	10120101	/	/	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY50210259	2019-05-19	2020-05-18	
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2019-12-15	2020-12-14	
Trilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBL 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2020-11-17	
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2018-07-07	2020-07-06	
Signal generator	R&S	SMF 100A	102235	2019-05-19	2020-05-18	
Climatic Chamber	ESPEC	SU-242	93000506	2017-12-17	2020-12-16	
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	2019-12-13	2020-6-12	
Software	R&S	EMC32	9.26.0	/	/	

******END OF REPORT ******