



# **TEST REPORT**

Test Report No.: 1-4835/22-02-06

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

## **Testing Laboratory**

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The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

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### Ingenico

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### **Test Standards**

Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

RSS-102 Issue 5 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency

Bands)

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

### **Test Item**

Kind of test item: Payment Terminal Device type: portable device

Model name: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT

S/N serial number: 221827303151304625572189 / 221367303091293324901456

FCC-ID: XKB-M5CL4GWBTV2 ISED Number: 2586D-M5CL4GWBTV2

Product Marketing Name (PMN): Move/5000

Hardware Version Identification No. (HVIN): Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT V2

IMEI-Number:868032061732552Hardware status:NXP IWP416

Software status:

Frequency:

Antenna:

OS050621++\_HTB0308

see technical details
integrated antenna

Battery option: Rechargeable Li-ion battery 3.6V/3180mAh

Test sample status: identical prototype

Exposure category: general population / uncontrolled environment

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test Report authorised:	Test performed:		
Alexander Hnatovskiy Lab Manager	Marco Scigliano Testing Manager		
Radio Communications	Radio Communications		



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### 2 General information

### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

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## 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2022-08-04
Date of receipt of test item: 2022-12-19
Start of test: 2022-12-21
End of test: 2023-01-18

### 2.3 Statement of compliance

The SAR values found for the Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT Payment Terminal are below the maximum recommended levels of 4 W/Kg as averaged over any 10 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Health Canada's Safety Code 6 and the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure.

Accreditation	Description	
D-PL-12076-01-01	SAR / EMF – EN and FCC https://www.dakks.de/files/data/as/pdf/D-PL-12076-01-01.pdf	DAKKS  Deutsche Akkrediterungsstelle D-PI-12076-01-01
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/files/data/as/pdf/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdfhttps://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf	DAKKS  Deutsche  Akkreditierungsstelle  D-PL-12076-01-04



# 2.4 Technical details

Technology	Lowest transmit frequency/MHz	Highest transmit frequency/MHz	Lowest receive Frequency/MHz	Highest receive Frequency/MHz	Kind of modulation	Power Class	Tested power control level	Test channel low	Test channel middle	Test channel high	Maximum output avg. power/dBm
UMTS FDD II	1852.4	1907.6	1932.4	1987.6	QPSK	3	max	9262	9400	9538	26.6
UMTS FDD IV	1712.4	1752.6	2112.4	2152.6	QPSK	3	max	1312	1412	1513	26.6
UMTS FDD V	826.4	846.6	871.4	891.6	QPSK	3	max	4132	4182	4233	25.6
LTE FDD 2	1850	1910	1930	1990	QPSK	3	max	18700	18900	19100	23.2
LTE FDD 4	1710	1755	2110	2155	QPSK	3	max	20050	20175	20300	23.0
LTE FDD 5	824	849	869	894	QPSK	3	max	20450	20525	20600	23.1
LTE FDD 12	704	711	734	741	QPSK	3	max	23060	23095	23130	22.0
LTE FDD 13	777	787	746	756	QPSK	3	max	23205	23230	23255	22.1
LTE FDD 25	1850	1915	1930	1995	QPSK	3	max	26140	26340	26590	23.2
LTE FDD 26	814	849	859	894	QPSK	3	max	26765	26865	26965	22.8
WLAN	2412	2462	2412	2462	CCK OFDM		max	1	6	11	13.7
WLAN	5180	5240	5180	5240	OFDM		max	36	40	44	10.0
WLAN	5260	5320	5260	5320	OFDM		max	52		64	9.9
WLAN	5500	5700	5500	5700	OFDM		max	104	124	136	8.2
WLAN	5745	5825	5745	5825	OFDM		max	149		161	8.0
BT EDR	2402	2480	2402	2480	GFSK	3	max	0	39	78	8.1

Cellular integration EG91-NAX Max. downlink 10Mbps / uplink 5Mbps

# 2.5 Transmitter and Antenna Operating Configurations

Simultaneous trans	smissio	1 co	nditions
	UMTS	+	BT + WLAN
	LTE	+	BT + WLAN

Table 1: Simultaneous transmission conditions



# 3 Test standards/ procedures references

2015

Test Standard	Version	Test Standard Description
RSS-102 Issue 5	2015-03	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommuni-cation Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
Canada's Safety Code No. 6	2015-06	Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromag-netic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz
IEEE Std. C95-3	2002	IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave
IEEE Std. C95-1	2005	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEC/IEEE 62209- 1528-2020	2020-10-19	Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)
FCC KDBs:		
KDB 865664D01v01	August 7, 2015	FCC OET SAR measurement requirements 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664D02v01	October 23, 2015	RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 447498D01v06	October 23, 2015	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDD 640474D04v04	Ootobor 22	CAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handacts



# 3.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain and Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

## Notes:

- \* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- \*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- \*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

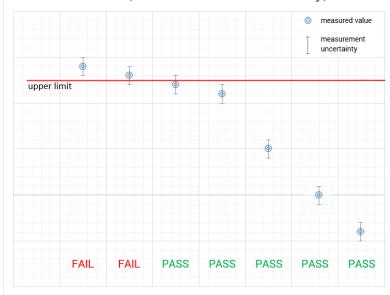


# 4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.

The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9, but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 20% that the decision might be wrong."

measured value, measurement uncertainty, verdict



## 5 Summary of Measurement Results

$\boxtimes$	No deviations from the technical specifications ascertained							
	Deviations from the technical specifications ascertained							
	Maximum SAR value reported for 10g (W/kg)							
PCE DSS DTS U								
extremity 0 mm distance for 10g			1.369	0.080	0.017	0.110		
collocated		ΣSAR evaluation	1.484					

### 6 Test Environment

Ambient temperature:  $20 - 24 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Tissue Simulating liquid:  $20 - 24 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Relative humidity content: 40 - 50 %

Air pressure: not relevant for this kind of testing

Power supply: 230 V / 50 Hz

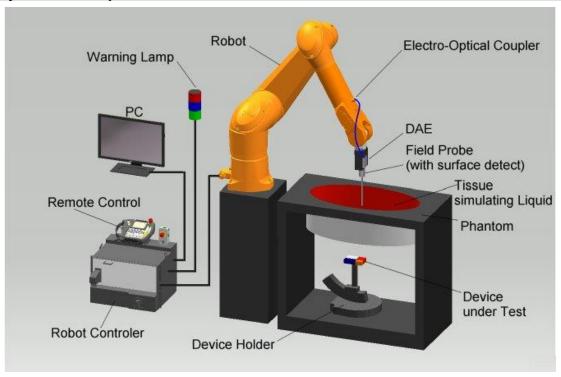
NOTE: For the SAR measurements the exact temperature values for each test are shown in the SAR result tables and are also at the bottom of each measurement plot.



### 7 Test Set-up

# 7.1 Measurement system

### 7.1.1 System Description



- The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX/TX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The <u>E</u>lectro-<u>O</u>ptical <u>C</u>oupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY measurement server.
- The DASY measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
- DASY software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The triple flat and eli phantom for the testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones and mounting device adaptor for laptops
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



## 7.1.2 Test environment

The DASY measurement system is placed in a laboratory room within an environment which avoids influence on SAR measurements by ambient electromagnetic fields and any reflection from the environment. The pictures at the beginning of the photo documentation show a complete view of the test environment. The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

# 7.1.3 Probe description

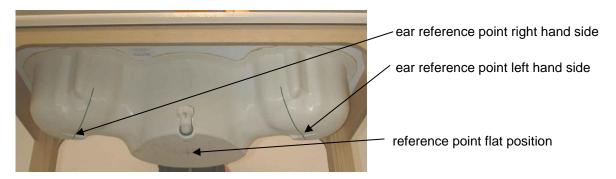
Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements						
Technical data a	Technical data according to manufacturer information					
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core					
	Interleaved sensors					
	Built-in shielding against static charges					
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.,					
	DGBE)					
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.					
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to					
	6 GHz)					
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)					
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)					
Dynamic range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically<1					
	μW/g)					
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20mm)					
	Tip length: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm)					
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm					
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure					
	scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which					
	enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with					
	precision of better 30%.					



# 7.1.4 Phantom description

The used SAM Phantom meets the requirements specified in FCC KDB865664 D01 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements.

The phantom consists of a fibreglass shell integrated in a wooden table. It allows left-hand and right-hand head as well as body-worn measurements with a maximum liquid depth of 18 cm in head position and 22 cm in planar position (body measurements). The thickness of the Phantom shell is 2 mm +/- 0.1 mm.





Triple Modular Phantom consists of three identical modules which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. It includes three reference points for phantom installation. Covers prevent evaporation of the liquid. Phantom material is resistant to DGBE based tissue simulating liquids.



# 7.1.5 Device holder description

The DASY device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



# 7.1.6 Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can
  mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor
  offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be
  known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz.
  Measurements can be performed in a fixed plane or by following an arbitrary surface.
- For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY system uses Mechanical Surface Detection:

### **Mechanical Surface Detection**

Mechanical surface detection uses the probe collision detector built into the DAE. It is extremely accurate if the probe is normal to the surface (0.05 mm). For angled probes, the distance increases, because the detection is at the edge of the probe tip. It can be used in any liquid with any kind of probe. If the surface is strongly angled with respect to the probe, the probe slides along the surface and is defected sideways. The second switch system in the DAE will detect this situation and the probe will move backward until the touch condition is cleared. However, there will be some remaining uncertainty in the final probe position. In the job description, the desired distance from the probe sensors to the phantom surface can be entered. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.

### Mother Scan in cDASY6/DASY8 Module SAR

While the DASY5 V5.2 SAR system uses the mechanical surface detection at each point of the Area Scan / Zoom Scan, the cDASY6/DASY8 Module SAR provides the possibility to do a Mother Scan in which a high resolution Area Scan is done in the phantom filled with liquid to a fixed level using a special teaching probe. This mother scan data is used to recreate the phantom inner surface in software, and all future area and/or zoom scans, and a surface detection check is no longer required.

• The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges ≤ 2GHz is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm				
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm				
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm				

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.



 A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x, y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges								
Frequency range	Grid spacing for x, y axis	Grid spacing for z axis	Minimum zoom scan volume					
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm					
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm*	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm					
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm*	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm					
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm*	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm					
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm*	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm					

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

- DASY provides an auto-extending feature to expand the size of the measurement area of the zoom scan as long as the maximum is found too close to the edge of the measured range, which eliminates the need to re-measure cubes whose maximum is found on the boundary of the defined measurement cube.
- To meet the requirements of IEC 62209-2 AMD1 from 2019 it is necessary to perform graded grid measurements to avoid measurement mistakes.

### Below 3 GHz it defines:

Horizontal grid step ≤ 8mm Vertical grid step ≤ 5mm for uniform spacing

For variable spacing in vertical direction the maximum distance between the two closest measured points to the phantom shell (M1 and M2) shall be  $\leq$  4 mm and the spacing between farther points shall increase by a factor  $\leq$  1.5. Zoom Scan size  $\leq$  30 mm by 30 mm.

### Above 3 GHz it defines:

Horizontal grid step  $\leq$  (24/f [GHz]) mm Vertical grid step  $\leq$  (10/(f [GHz] - 1)) mm for uniform spacing

For variable spacing in vertical direction the maximum distance between the two closest measured points to the phantom shell (M1 and M2) shall be  $\leq$  (12/f[GHz]) mm and the spacing between farther points shall increase by a factor  $\leq$  1.5. Zoom Scan size  $\leq$  22 mm by 22 mm.

If the zoom scan measured as defined above complies with both of the following criteria, or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed:

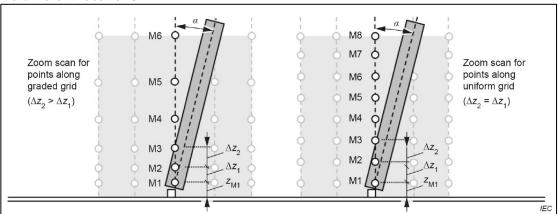
- 1) the smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal grid steps in both x and y directions ( $\Delta x$ ,  $\Delta y$ ). This shall be checked for the measured zoom scan plane conformal to the phantom at the distance  $z_{M1}$ . The minimum distance shall be recorded in the SAR test report;
- 2) the ratio of the SAR at the second measured point (M2) to the SAR at the closest measured point (M1) at the x-y location of the measured maximum SAR value shall be at least 30 %. This ratio (in %) shall be recorded in the SAR test report.



If one or both of the above criteria are not met, the zoom scan measurement shall be repeated using a finer resolution while keeping the other zoom scan parameters compatible with the basic requirements for zoom scans.

New horizontal and vertical grid steps shall be determined from the measured SAR distribution so that the above criteria are met. Compliance with the above two criteria shall be demonstrated for the new measured zoom scan. The size of the higher resolution zoom scan and all other parameters shall apply. The closest point to the phantom shell shall be 2 mm or less for graded grids and the grading factor shall be 1.5 or less. Uncertainties due to field distortion between the media boundary and the dielectric enclosure of the probe should also be minimized, which is achieved if the distance between the phantom surface and physical tip of the probe is larger than the probe tip diameter. Other methods may utilize correction procedures to compensate for boundary effects that enable high precision measurements closer than half the probe tip diameter. For all measurement points, the angle of the probe normal to the flat phantom surface shall be less than 5°. If this cannot be achieved, an additional uncertainty evaluation is required.

# Orientation of the probe with respect to the line normal to the phantom surface, shown at two different locations:



NOTE M1 to M8 are example measurement points used for extrapolation to the surface. The maximum of the angle  $\alpha$  between the evaluation axis and the surface normal line is called the probe angle. The distance  $z_{M1}$  is from the phantom shell to the first measurement point M1, and its maximum value is 1.4mm fixed for the DASY system equipped with an EX-Probe. The distances  $\Delta z_i$  (i = 1, 2, 3, ...) are the distances from measurement points M/to Mi-1. For uniform grids,  $\Delta z_i$  are equal. For graded grids,  $\Delta z_{i+1} > \Delta z_i$ .  $R_z = \Delta z_{i+1}/\Delta z_i$  is a ratio with a maximum value (defined in the table below). The z direction corresponds to the vertical direction, the x direction is horizontal and the y direction is horizontal into the page.

NOTE 1: The evaluation of the zoom scan is typically done by the post-processor by interpolation and extrapolation and without reconstruction of the field. More focused induced SAR distributions (e.g., for more localized sources such as capacitively coupled sources) require a more dense grid such that the same integration and extrapolation algorithms can be used for the same assessment uncertainty.

NOTE 2: The minimum ratio of 30 % is derived from the plane wave penetration depth at 6 GHz.



## Detailed parameters can be seen in the following table:

Table 8 - Zoom scan parameters

Parameter	DUT transmit fre	quency being tested
	f≤3 GHz	3 GHz < f ≤ 6 GHz
Maximum distance between the closest measured points and the phantom surface (z <sub>M1</sub> in Figure 14 and Table 2, in mm)	5	δ In(2)/2 ª
Maximum angle between the probe axis and the flat phantom surface normal (α in Figure 14)	5°	5°
Maximum spacing between measured points in the $x$ - and $y$ -directions ( $\Delta x$ and $\Delta y$ , in mm)	8	24/f <sup>b,c</sup>
For uniform grids:	5	10/(f - 1)
Maximum spacing between measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell $(\Delta z_1$ in Figure 14, in mm)		
For graded grids:	4	12/f
Maximum spacing between the two closest measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell ( $\Delta z_1$ in Figure 14, in mm)		
For graded grids:	1,5	1,5
Maximum incremental increase in the spacing between measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell $(R_z = \Delta z_2/\Delta z_1)$ in Figure 14)		
Minimum edge length of the zoom scan volume in the $x$ - and $y$ -directions ( $L_z$ in 7.2.5.3, in mm)	30	22
Minimum edge length of the zoom scan volume in the direction normal to the phantom shell $(L_{\rm h}$ in 7.2.5.3, in mm)	30	22
Tolerance in the probe angle	1°	1°

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{a}}$   $\delta$  is the penetration depth for a plane-wave incident normally on a planar half-space.

Table M.1 – Minimum probe requirements as a function of frequency and parameters of the tissue equivalent liquid

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity	Civity		wave Skin Depth (δ)	Maximum Diameter mm	50 % Distance for M1 (z <sub>50 %</sub> = δ In(2)/2) mm	Min. distance for M1 (z <sub>M1</sub> ) mm
300	45,3	0,87	148,6	46,1	8,0	16,0	5,0
450	43,5	0,87	101,1	42,9	8,0	14,9	5,0
750	41,9	0,89	61,8	39,8	8,0	13,8	5,0
835	41,5	0,9	55,8	38,9	8,0	13,5	5,0
900	41,5	0,97	51,7	36,1	8,0	12,5	5,0
1 450	40,5	1,20	32,5	28,6	8,0	9,9	5,0
1 800	40,0	1,40	26,4	24,3	8,0	8,4	5,0
2 000	40,0	1,40	23,7	24,2	8,0 8,4		5,0
2 450	39,2	1,80	19,6	18,7	6,5	6,5	5,0
2 600	39,0	1,96	18,5	17,2	6,2	5,9	5,0
3 000	38,5	2,40	16,1	13,9	5,4	4,8	5,0
4 000	37,4	3,43	12,3	9,6	4,1	3,3	3,3
5 000	36,2	4,45	10,0	7,3	3,3	2,5	2,5
5 200	36,0	4,66	9,6	7,0	3,2	2,4	2,4
5 400	35,8	4,86	9,3	6,7	3,1	2,3	2,3
5 600	35,5	5,07	9,0	6,4	,4 3,0		2,2
5 800	35,3	5,27	8,7	6,1	2,9	2,1	2,1
6 000	35,1	5,48	8,4	5,9	2,8	2,0	2,0

Further probe parameters can be seen in Annex M of IEC 62209-2.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\scriptsize b}}$   $\,$  This is the maximum spacing allowed, which may not work for all circumstances.

f is the frequency in GHz.



## 7.1.7 Comparison of DASY 52 NEO and cDASY6/DASY8

CTC advanced actually uses both systems side by side and the main differences of the DASY52 NEO and cDASY6/DASY8 system are system operation, reporting tools and measurement speed. DASY 52 still uses the DASY measurement software which has further in-depth options to adapt measurements to sophisticated test setups. For the reporting of the measurement results the companion software SEMCAD X is used. cDASY6/DASY8 is a different measurement system that is especially aimed to speed up standardized compliant measurements with high repeatability and less freedom of usability. It makes it possible to handle and rate compliance tests for a standardized product like a mobile phone in one place and it provides its own backend for reporting. The higher measurement speed is bought for the cost of less flexibility in the measurement setup and adding further sophisticated maintenance as it is necessary to perform regular mother scans.

Feature comparison:		
	DASY 52 (NEO)	cDASY6/DASY8
Warning feature for Zoom Scan according IEC 62209-2 AMD1 (graded Grid conditions)*	yes**	yes
Graded Grids for Area and Zoom Scan supported	yes**	yes
Measurement software	DASY 52 NEO	cDASY6/DASY8
Reporting tool	SEMCAD X post processor	cDASY6/DASY8 integrated post processor
Collusion detection to set probe to surface distance	yes	yes
Mother scans	no	yes

<sup>\*)</sup> A warning appears if the stricter zoom scan criteria as defined in IEC 62209-2 AMD1 are violated using the actual zoom scan settings. In these cases a re-measurement with graded grid is performed and the result plot is updated with the information about the graded grid. This approach guarantees that the difference between the positions with maximum SAR to any adjacent point both horizontally and vertically is below the defined thresholds and that the SAR evaluation is correct.

(respecting both the 3 dB and the 30% criteria from section 6.3.1 d) of IEC 62209-2 AMD1.)

<sup>\*\*)</sup> features were added with version: DASY52 - 52.10.2(1504) to satisfy IEC 62209-2 AMD1.



## 7.1.8 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

Both DASY5 V5.2 and cDASY6/DASY8 Module SAR software include all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR values. Based on the IEEE 1528 standard, a new algorithm has been implemented. The spatial-peak SAR can be computed over any required mass.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement in a volume of 30mm³ below 3GHz or 22mm³ above 3GHz. The measured volume must include the 1 g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan. If the 10g cube or both cubes are not entirely inside the measured volumes, the system issues a warning regarding the evaluated spatial peak values within the post-processing engine. This means that if the measured volume is shifted, higher values might be possible. To get the correct values a finer measurement grid for the area scan is used. In complicated field distributions, a large grid spacing for the area scan might miss some details and give an incorrectly interpolated peak location. Both DASY5 V5.2 and cDASY6/DASY8 Module SAR allow to automatically extend the grid to make sure that both cubes are inside the measured volume.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the application in case of cDASY6/DASY8 Module SAR software or within Post-processing engine (SEMCAD X) for DASY5 V5.2. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The cDASY6/DASY8 software allow to automatically extend the grid to make sure that both cubes are inside the measured volume. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- 2. calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g The significant parts are outlined in more detail within the following sections.

### Interpolation, Extrapolation and Detection of Maxima

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors which is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated.

The choice of the coordinate system defining the location of the measurement points has no influence on the uncertainty of the interpolation, Maxima Search and extrapolation routines. The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method [Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148.].

Thereby, the interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation. The cDASY6/DASY8 routines construct a once-continuously differentiable function that interpolates the measurement values as follows:



- For each measurement point a trivariate (3-D) / bivariate (2-D) quadratic is computed. It interpolates the
  measurement values at the data point and forms a least-square fit to neighbouring measurement
  values.
- the spatial location of the quadratic with respect to the measurement values is attenuated by an inverse distance weighting. This is performed since the calculated quadratic will fit measurement values at nearby points more accurate than at points located further away.
- After the quadratics are calculated at all measurement points, the interpolating function is calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

There are two control parameters that govern the behavior of the interpolation method.

One specifies the number of measurement points to be used in computing the least-square fits for the local quadratics. These measurement points are the ones nearest the input point for which the quadratic is being computed.

The second parameter specifies the number of measurement points that will be used in calculating the weights for the quadratics to produce the final function. The input data points used there are the ones nearest the point at which the interpolation is desired. Appropriate defaults are chosen for each of the control parameters.

The trivariate quadratics that have been previously computed for the 3-D interpolation and whose input data are at the closest distance from the phantom surface, are used in order to extrapolate the fields to the surface of the phantom.

In order to determine all the field maxima in 2-D (Area Scan) and 3-D (Zoom Scan), the measurement grid is refined by a default factor of 10 (area) and 5 (zoom), respectively, and the interpolation function is used to evaluate all field values between corresponding measurement points. Subsequently, a linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. In a last step, non physical maxima are removed and only those maxima which are within 2 dB of the global maximum value are retained.

**Important:** To be processable by the interpolation/extrapolation scheme, the Area Scan requires at least6 measurement points. The Zoom Scan requires at least 10 measurement points to allow the application of these algorithms.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extrema of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extrema is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

In the Zoom Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.



# Averaging and Determination of spatial Peak SAR

Within DASY5 V5.2 software, the interpolated data is used to average the SAR over the 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured volume. The resolution of this spatial grid is around 1mm and chosen such that the cube side length is a multiple of the resolution. The resulting volumes are defined as cubical volumes containing the appropriate tissue parameters that are centered at the location. The location is defined as the center of the incremental volume.

The spatial-peak SAR must be evaluated in cubical volumes containing a mass that is within 5% of the required mass. The cubical volume centered at each location, as defined above, should be expanded in all directions until the desired value for the mass is reached, with no surface boundaries of the averaging volume extending beyond the outermost surface of the considered region. In addition, the cubical volume should not consist of more than 10% of non-liquid volume. If these conditions are not satisfied, then the center of the averaging volume is moved to the next location.

Reference is kept of all locations used and those not used for averaging the SAR. All average SAR values are finally assigned to the centered location in each valid averaging volume. All locations included in an averaging volume are marked as used to indicate that they have been used at least once. If a location has been marked as used, but has never been the center of a cube, the highest averaged SAR value of all other cubical volumes which have used this location for averaging is assigned to this location. For the case of an unused location, a new averaging volume must be constructed which will have the unused location centered at one surface of the cube. The remaining five surfaces are expanded evenly in all directions until the required mass is enclosed, regardless of the amount of included air. Of the six possible cubes with one surface centered on the unused location, the smallest cube is used, which still contains the required mass.

If the final cube containing the highest averaged SAR touches the surface of the measured volume, an appropriate warning is issued within the Post-processing engine.

Within cDASY6/DASY8 Module SAR software, the measured grid is interpolated to a high resolution grid, where the resolution is around 1mm and chosen such that the cube volume is a multiple of the resolution. Points which are outside of the measured grid are masked out and set to zero. Then, the antiderivative of the interpolated grid is computed by using a Gaussian quadrature consecutively for all spatial dimensions.

The antiderivative is used to compute all cube averages of the volume with the same resolution as the interpolated grid. The maximum of these SAR averages is reported. If the cube containing the maximum averaged SAR touches the surface of the measured volume, an appropriate warning is issued within the Post-processing engine.



## 7.1.9 Data Storage and Evaluation

### **Data Storage**

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4", ".DA5x". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, aio, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor
 Diode compression point
 Frequency
 f

Device parameters: - Frequency - Crest factor cf

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.



If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

> cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ 

H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$ 

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup>] for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ij</sub> = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H<sub>i</sub> = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]  $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with  $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m  $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

### Data Evaluation in cDASY6/DASY8

cDASY6/DASY8 features basic evaluation capabilities comparable to the above described SEMCAD evaluation. The main difference is that cDASY6/DASY8 is a stand-alone all-in-one solution whilst SEMCAD is only used to add these features to the DASY5.2 (NEO) platform. The final results are fully comparable no matter if they were generated by DASY5.2(NEO) + SEMCAD or in cDASY6/DASY8 directly.



# 7.1.10 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

## HBBL600-10000MHz Simulating Head Liquid, Manufactured by SPEAG:

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	50-65%
Mineral oil	10-30%
Emulsifiers	8-25%
Sodium salt	0-1.5%

Table 3: Head tissue dielectric properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Water: De-ionized,  $16M\Omega$ + resistivity Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween 20: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate



# 7.1.11 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Liquid	_	Target h	ead tissue	Mea	surem	ent <b>hea</b>	<b>d</b> tissue		
HSL	Freq.		Conductivity		Dev.	Cond	uctivity	Dev.	Measurement
	(MHz)	Permittivity	[S/m]	Permittivity	%	ε"	[S/m]	%	date
750	704	42.15	0.89	41.0	-2.7	22.02	0.86	-2.8	2023-01-17
	707	42.13	0.89	41.0	-2.7	21.95	0.86	-2.7	
	711	42.11	0.89	41.0	-2.6	21.87	0.86	-2.5	
	750	41.90	0.89	40.9	-2.4	21.03	0.88	-1.4	
	779	41.76	0.89	40.8	-2.3	20.50	0.89	-0.6	
	782	41.75	0.89	40.8	-2.3	20.44	0.89	-0.5	
	784	41.74	0.89	40.8	-2.3	20.40	0.89	-0.5	
835	816	41.59	0.90	40.7	-2.1	19.85	0.90	0.4	2023-01-18
	820	41.57	0.90	40.7	-2.1	19.78	0.90	0.5	
	822	41.56	0.90	40.7	-2.1	19.75	0.90	0.5	
	824	41.55	0.90	40.7	-2.1	19.72	0.90	0.6	
	825	41.55	0.90	40.7	-2.1	19.70	0.90	0.6	
	829	41.53	0.90	40.7	-2.0	19.64	0.91	0.7	
	832	41.51	0.90	40.7	-2.0	19.59	0.91	8.0	
	835	41.50	0.90	40.7	-2.0	19.54	0.91	8.0	
	837	41.50	0.90	40.7	-2.0	19.51	0.91	0.7	
	840	41.50	0.91	40.7	-2.0	19.46	0.91	0.4	
	842	41.50	0.91	40.7	-2.0	19.42	0.91	0.3	
	844	41.50	0.91	40.6	-2.1	19.39	0.91	0.1	
	847	41.50	0.91	40.6	-2.1	19.34	0.91	-0.2	2023-01-12
1750	1712	40.13	1.35	40.2	0.2	13.91	1.32	-1.8	
	1720	40.11	1.35	40.2	0.2	13.90	1.33	-1.8	
	1732	40.10	1.36	40.2	0.3	13.87	1.34	-1.8	
	1740	40.09	1.37	40.2	0.3	13.86	1.34	-1.8	
	1745	40.08	1.37	40.2	0.3	13.85	1.34	-1.8	
	1747	40.08	1.37	40.2	0.3	13.84	1.35	-1.8	
	1750	40.07	1.37	40.2	0.3	13.84	1.35	-1.8	
	1752	40.07	1.37	40.2	0.3	13.83	1.35	-1.8	
1900	1850	40.00	1.40	40.0	0.1	13.68	1.41	0.6	2023-01-13
	1852	40.00	1.40	40.0	0.1	13.68	1.41	0.7	
	1860	40.00	1.40	40.0	0.1	13.67	1.41	1.0	
	1880	40.00	1.40	40.0	0.0	13.64	1.43	1.9	
	1882	40.00	1.40	40.0	0.0	13.64	1.43	2.0	
	1900	40.00	1.40	40.0	-0.1	13.62	1.44	2.8	
	1905	40.00	1.40	40.0	-0.1	13.61	1.44	3.1	
	1908	40.00	1.40	40.0	-0.1	13.61	1.44	3.2	
	1910	40.00	1.40	40.0	-0.1	13.61	1.45	3.3	



Liquid		Target h	ead tissue	Mea	asurem	nent <b>hea</b>	<b>id</b> tissue		
HSL	Freq. (MHz)	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity	Dev.		ductivity	Dev.	Measurement date
			[S/m]		%	ε"	[S/m]	%	
2450MHz	2402	39.28	1.76	40.7	3.6	13.02	1.74	-1.0	2022-12-21
	2437	39.22	1.79	40.7	3.7	13.03	1.77	-1.2	
	2442	39.21	1.79	40.7	3.7	13.03	1.77	-1.3	
	2450	39.20	1.80	40.7	3.7	13.03	1.78	-1.3	
	2480	39.19	1.83	40.6	3.7	13.05	1.80	-1.7	
2450MHz	2412	39.27	1.77	39.4	0.3	12.60	1.69	-4.3	2022-12-22
	2437	39.22	1.79	39.4	0.4	12.60	1.71	-4.5	
	2442	39.21	1.79	39.4	0.4	12.60	1.71	-4.5	
	2450	39.20	1.80	39.4	0.4	12.60	1.72	-4.6	
	2462	39.20	1.81	39.4	0.4	12.61	1.73	-4.8	
	2472	39.19	1.82	39.4	0.4	12.61	1.73	-4.9	
5GHz	5180	36.02	4.64	35.9	-0.3	15.17	4.37	-5.8	2022-12-21
	5200	36.00	4.66	35.9	-0.3	15.19	4.39	-5.7	
	5220	35.98	4.68	35.8	-0.4	15.19	4.41	-5.7	
	5260	35.94	4.72	35.7	-0.6	15.21	4.45	-5.7	
	5320	35.88	4.78	35.6	-0.8	15.24	4.51	-5.7	
	5500	35.65	4.96	35.3	-1.1	15.37	4.70	-5.2	
	5520	35.62	4.99	35.2	-1.1	15.39	4.73	-5.2	
	5620	35.48	5.09	35.1	-1.2	15.48	4.84	-4.9	
	5680	35.42	5.15	35.0	-1.3	15.52	4.91	-4.7	
	5700	35.40	5.17	34.9	-1.4	15.54	4.93	-4.7	
	5745	35.36	5.22	34.8	-1.5	15.57	4.98	-4.6	
	5765	35.34	5.24	34.8	-1.5	15.58	5.00	-4.5	
	5785	35.32	5.26	34.8	-1.6	15.60	5.02	-4.5	
	5800	35.30	5.27	34.7	-1.6	15.60	5.03	-4.5	
	5805	35.30	5.28	34.7	-1.6	15.61	5.04	-4.5	

Table 4: Parameter of the head tissue simulating liquid

Note: The dielectric properties have been measured using the contact probe method at 22°C.

<sup>\*)</sup> as the liquid parameters deviation is  $\geq \pm 5\%$  an extrapolation according IEC / IEEE 62209-1528 chapter 7.8.2 approach 3 is necessary. The DASY software is capable to perform the necessary corrections directly from the tissue and measurement data. The uncertainties in this document have been adjusted accordingly.



# 7.1.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

	DASY5 Uncertainty Budget											
According	to IEC 62209-	2/2010 for the	300 MI	Hz - 6	GHz ra	ange						
Source of	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	Ci	Ci	Standard	d Uncertainty	v <sub>i</sub> <sup>2</sup> or				
uncertainty	Value	Distribution		(1g)	(10g)	± %, (1g)	± %, (10g)	V <sub>eff</sub>				
Measurement System												
Probe calibration	± 6.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.6 %	± 6.6 %	8				
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	8				
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	8				
Boundary effects	± 2.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	8				
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	8				
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	8				
Modulation Response	± 2.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %	8				
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	8				
Response time	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	8				
Integration time	± 2.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	8				
RF ambient noise	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	8				
RF ambient reflections	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	8				
Probe positioner	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	8				
Probe positioning	± 6.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	8				
Post-processing	± 4.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	8				
Test Sample Related												
Device positioning	± 2.9 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145				
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	5				
Power drift	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	8				
Phantom and Set-up												
Phantom uncertainty	± 7.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 4.6 %	± 4.6 %	8				
SAR correction	± 1.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	0.84	± 1.1 %	± 0.9 %	8				
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 2.3 %	± 2.0 %	8				
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.26	0.26	± 0.8 %	± 0.8 %	∞				
Temp. Unc Conductivity	± 3.4 %	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	± 1.5 %	± 1.4 %	8				
Temp. Unc Permittivity	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.23	0.26	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	∞				
Combined Uncertainty						± 12.7 %	± 12.6 %	330				
Expanded Std.						± <b>25.4</b> %	± 25.3 %					
Uncertainty						± 2J.4 %	± 23.3 %					
Table 5: Measurement uncert	ininina											

Table 5: Measurement uncertainties.

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to according to IEC 62209-2/2010 standard. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.

### NOTE:

With the features that have been added in version DASY52 - 52.10.2(1504) (or higher) the DASY5 System is fully compliant to IEC 62209-2 AMD1 and IEC / IEEE 62209-1528.



DASY6/8 Uncertainty Budget													
	According to IEC/IEEE					_		MUZ	- 3 CH	7 r	ango)		
	According to ILC/ILLL			<u> </u>		П	. 500					loc	antaint.
Symbol	Error Description	U	ncertai	•	Probability	Di	visor	Ci	Ci		andard l		
		Value		Distribution			(1g)	(10g)	±	%, (1g)	±'	%, (10g)	
	ment System Errors												
CF	Probe Calibration Repeat.	±	12.0	%	Normal		2	1	1	±	6.0 %	±	6.0 %
CFdrift	Probe Calibration Drift	±	1.7	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
LIN	Probe linearity	±	4.7	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	2.7 %	±	2.7 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±	3.0	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.7 %	±	1.7 %
ISO	Probe Isotropy (axial)	±	7.6	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	4.4 %	±	4.4 %
DAE	Data Acquisition	±	0.3	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.3 %	±	0.3 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±	1.8	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.8 %	±	1.8 %
$\Delta_{\sf sys}$	Probe Positioning	±	0.006	mm	Normal		1	0.14	0.14	±	0.1 %	±	0.1 %
DAT	Data Processing	±	1.2	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.2 %	±	1.2 %
Phantom and Device Errors													
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±	2.5	%	Normal		1	0.78	0.71	±	2.0 %	±	1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±	3.3	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.78	0.71	±	1.5 %	±	1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±	14.0	%	Rectangular		3	0	0	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
DIS	Distance DUT - TSL	±	2.0	%	Normal		1	2	2	±	4.0 %	±	4.0 %
$D_{xyz}$	Device Positioning	±	1.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
H	Device Holder	±	3.6	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	3.6 %	±	3.6 %
MOD	DUT Modulation <sup>m</sup>	±	2.4	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.4 %	±	1.4 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±	1.7	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
RF <sub>drift</sub>	DUT drift	±	2.5	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	2.5 %	±	2.5 %
VAL	Val Antenna Unc. val	±	0.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
RFin	Unc. Input Power <sup>val</sup>	±	0.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
	on to the SAR results												
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±	1.9	%	Normal		1	1	0.84	±	1.9 %	±	1.6 %
C(R)	SAR scaling <sup>p</sup>	±	0.0	%	Rectangular	V	3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
u(ΔSAR)	Combined Uncertainty									±	11.0 %	±	10.9 %
U	Expanded Uncertainty									±	21.9 %	±	21.7 %

Table 6: Measurement uncertainties

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY6/8 assessed according to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 [4]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller. All listed error components have vert of the vertical vertical

### Footnote details:

- <sup>*m*</sup> SMC calibration is a new method for determining the total deviation from linearity. The uncertainty is ≤ 2.4% for psSAR ≤ 2 W/kg, ≤ 4.8% for psSAR1g/10g ≤ 4 W/kg and ≤ 9.6% for psSAR1g/10g ≤ 10 W/kg (see modulation calibration parameter uncertainty in the probe calibration certificate);
- <sup>™</sup> if SPEAG's broad-band liquids (BBL) are used that have low temperature coefficients;
- DAK if SPEAG's high precision dielectric probe kit (DAK) is applied;
- pif power scaling is used, error item "SAR Scaling" must be adjusted accordingly;
- val only applies in case of validation measurements.



DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (Frequency band: 3 GHz - 6 GHz range)													
			ncertai		Probability				Ci		tandard l	Jno	ertainty
Symbol	Error Description	Value		Distribution	Di	ivisor	(1g)	(10g)	± %, (1g) ± %, (10g)				
Measure	ment System Errors							, <u>U</u>	, 0,		, , ,		
CF	Probe Calibration Repeat.	±	13.1	%	Normal	Г	2	1	1	±	6.6 %	±	6.6 %
CFdrift	Probe Calibration Drift	±	1.7	%	Rectangular	1	3	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
LIN	Probe linearity	±	4.7	%	Rectangular	1	3	1	1	±	2.7 %	±	2.7 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±	2.6	%	Rectangular	1	3	1	1	±	1.5 %	±	1.5 %
ISO	Probe Isotropy (axial)	±	7.6	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	4.4 %	±	4.4 %
DAE	Data Acquisition	±	1.2	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.2 %	±	1.2 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±	1.8	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.8 %	±	1.8 %
$\Delta_{ extsf{sys}}$	Probe Positioning	±	0.005	mm	Normal		1	0.29	0.29	±	0.2 %	±	0.2 %
DAT	Data Processing	±	2.3	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	2.3 %	±	2.3 %
Phantom and Device Errors													
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±	2.5	%	Normal		1	0.78	0.71	±	2.0 %	±	1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±	3.4	%	Rectangular	1	3	0.78	0.71	±	1.5 %	±	1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±	14.0	%	Rectangular		3	0.25	0.25	±	2.0 %	±	2.0 %
DIS	Distance DUT - TSL	±	2.0	%	Normal		1	2	2	±	4.0 %	±	4.0 %
$D_{xyz}$	Device Positioning	±	1.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
Н	Device Holder	±	3.6	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	3.6 %	±	3.6 %
MOD	DUT Modulation <sup>m</sup>	±	2.4	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.4 %	±	1.4 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±	1.7	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
RF <sub>drift</sub>	DUT drift	±	2.5	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	2.5 %	±	2.5 %
VAL	Val Antenna Unc. val	±	0.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
RFin	Unc. Input Power <sup>val</sup>	±	0.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
	on to the SAR results												
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±	1.9	%	Normal		1	1	0.84	±	1.9 %	±	1.6 %
C(R)	SAR scaling <sup>p</sup>	±	0.0	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
u(ΔSAR)	Combined Uncertainty										11.6 %		11.6 %
U	Expanded Uncertainty									±	23.3 %	±	23.1 %

<sup>7:</sup> Measurement uncertainties

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY6 assessed according to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 [4]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 3 GHz - 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller. All listed error components have vert f equal to vert f.

### Footnote details:

- <sup>*m*</sup> SMC calibration is a new method for determining the total deviation from linearity. The uncertainty is ≤ 2.4% for psSAR ≤ 2 W/kg, ≤ 4.8% for psSAR1g/10g ≤ 4 W/kg and ≤ 9.6% for psSAR1g/10g ≤ 10 W/kg (see modulation calibration parameter uncertainty in the probe calibration certificate);
- <sup>BB</sup> if SPEAG's broad-band liquids (BBL) are used that have low temperature coefficients;
- DAK if SPEAG's high precision dielectric probe kit (DAK) is applied;
- pif power scaling is used, error item "SAR Scaling" must be adjusted accordingly;
- val only applies in case of validation measurements.



# 7.1.13 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for System Check

Uncertainty of	Uncertainty of a System Performance Check with DASY5 System for the 0.3 - 3 GHz range												
Source of	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	Ci	Ci	Sta	andard I	Unc	ertainty	v <sub>i</sub> <sup>2</sup> or			
uncertainty	Value	Distribution		(1g)	(10g)	± °	%, (1g)	± %	6, (10g)	V <sub>eff</sub>			
Measurement System													
Probe calibration	± 6.0 %	Normal	1	1	1	±	6.0 %	±	6.0 %	∞			
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	±	1.9 %	±	1.9 %	8			
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %	∞			
Boundary effects	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	0.6 %	±	0.6 %	∞			
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	2.7 %		2.7 %	∞			
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	0.6 %	±	0.6 %	∞			
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±	0.3 %	±	0.3 %	∞			
Response time	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %	∞			
Integration time	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %	∞			
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	1.7 %	±	1.7 %	∞			
Probe positioner	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±	0.2 %	±	0.2 %	8			
Probe positioning	± 2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±	1.7 %	±	1.7 %	∞			
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±	0.6 %	±	0.6 %	∞			
Test Sample Related		_											
Dev. of experimental dipole	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %	∞			
Source to liquid distance	± 2.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	1.2 %		1.2 %	∞			
Power drift	± 3.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	2.0 %	±	2.0 %	∞			
Phantom and Set-up													
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	±	2.3 %	±	2.3 %	∞			
SAR correction	± 1.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	0.84	±	1.1 %	±	0.9 %	∞			
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±	3.9 %	±	3.6 %	∞			
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Normal	1	0.26	0.26	±	1.3 %	±	1.3 %	∞			
Temp. unc Conductivity	± 1.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	±	0.8 %	±	0.7 %	∞			
Temp. unc Permittivity	± 0.3 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.23	0.26	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %	∞			
Combined Uncertainty						±	9.1 %	±	8.9 %	330			
Expanded Std.							40.0.0/		47.0.0/				
Uncertainty						±	18.2 %	_ ±	17.9 %				

Table 8: Measurement uncertainties of the System Check with DASY5 (0.3-3GHz)

### NOTE:

With the features that have been added in version DASY52 - 52.10.2(1504) (or higher) the DASY5 System is fully compliant to IEC 62209-2 AMD1 and IEC / IEEE 62209-1528.



Repeatability Budget for System Check													
	(Frequency band								8 Syst	em			
Symbol	Error Description	Und	Jncertainty Probability D		D:	visor	Ci	Ci	St	andard l	Uncertaint		
Symbol	Enoi Description	Value			Distribution	וטו	VISUI	(1g)	(10g)	±	%, (1g)	±°	%, (10g)
Measure	ment System Errors												
CF	Probe Calibration Repeat.	±	3.6	%	Normal		2	2	1	±	5.1 %	±	2.5 %
CFdrift	Probe Calibration Drift	±	1.7	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	1.0 %	±	1.0 %
LIN	Probe linearity	±	4.7	%	Rectangular		3	0	0	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±	0.0	%	Rectangular		3	0	0	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
ISO	O Probe Isotropy (axial) $\pm$ 4.7 % Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$ 0 0 $\pm$ 0.								0.0 %	±	0.0 %		
DAE	Data Acquisition	±	0.3	%	Normal		1	0	0	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±	0.6	%	Normal		1	0	0	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
$\Delta_{\text{sys}}$	Probe Positioning	±	0.2	%	Normal		1	0.33	0.33	±	0.1 %	±	0.1 %
DAT	Data Processing	±	0.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
Phantom	and Device Errors												
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±	2.5	%	Normal		1	0.78	0.71	±	2.0 %	±	1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±	3.4	%	Rectangular		3	0.78	0.71	±	1.5 %	±	1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±	14.0	%	Rectangular		3	0	0	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
DIS	Distance Phantom - DUT	±	1.0	%	Normal		1	2	2	±	2.0 %	±	2.0 %
MOD	DUT Modulation <sup>m</sup>	±	0.0	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±	0.0	%	Rectangular		3	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
VAL	Validation antenna	±	0.0	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.0 %	±	0.0 %
P <sub>in</sub>	Accepted power	±	1.2	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	1.2 %	±	1.2 %
Correction	on to the SAR results												
<b>C</b> (ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±	1.9	%	Normal		1	1	0.84	±	1.9 %	±	1.6 %
u(ΔSAR)	Combined Uncertainty									±	6.5 %	±	4.5 %
U	Expanded Uncertainty									±	13.0 %	±	9.1 %

Table 9: Repeatability of the system check (300MHz - 6 GHz).

All listed error components have  $\mathcal{D}eff$  equal to  $\infty$ .

### Footnote details:

BB if SPEAG's broad-band liquids (BBL) are used that have low temperature coefficients; DAK if SPEAG's high precision dielectric probe kit (DAK) is applied.

Note: Worst case probe calibration uncertainty has been applied for all probes used during the measurements.



# 7.1.14 System check

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE 1528. The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

		Sy	stem per	formence	check (100	0 mW)			
System validation Kit	Probe	Frequency	Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> /mW/g (+/-10%)	Target SAR <sub>10g</sub> /mW/g (+/- 10%)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> / mW/g	SAR <sub>1g</sub> dev.	Measured SAR <sub>10g</sub> / mW/g	SAR <sub>10g</sub> dev.	Measured date
D750V3 S/N: 1041	EX3DV4 S/N: 7566	750 MHz HSL	8.43	5.53	8.61	2.1%	5.69	2.9%	2023-01-17
D835V2 S/N: 4d153	EX3DV4 S/N: 7566	835 MHz HSL	9.43	6.17	10.10	7.1%	6.58	6.6%	2023-01-18
D1750V2 S/N: 1093	EX3DV4 S/N: 7566	1750 MHz HSL	37.20	19.50	34.80	-6.5%	18.30	-6.2%	2023-01-12
D1900V2 S/N: 5d009	EX3DV4 S/N: 7566	1900 MHz HSL	38.90	20.30	40.80	4.9%	21.10	3.9%	2023-01-13
D2450V2 S/N: 710	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	2450 MHz HSL	51.80	24.10	55.30	6.8%	25.70	6.6%	2022-12-21
D2450V2 S/N: 710	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	2450 MHz HSL	51.80	24.10	52.30	1.0%	24.40	1.2%	2022-12-22
D5GHzV2 S/N: 1055	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	5200 MHz HSL	80.30	22.80	75.70	-5.7%	21.70	-4.8%	2022-12-21
D5GHzV2 S/N: 1055	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	5500 MHz HSL	87.20	24.50	83.70	-4.0%	23.80	-2.9%	2022-12-21
D5GHzV2 S/N: 1055	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	5800 MHz HSL	82.40	23.10	84.10	2.1%	23.50	1.7%	2022-12-21

Table 10: Results system check

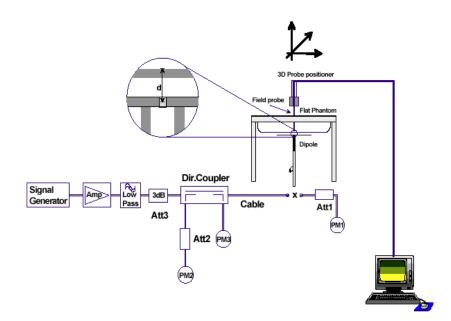


## 7.1.15 System check procedure

The system check is performed by using a validation dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 1000 mW for frequencies below 2 GHz or 100 mW for frequencies above 2 GHz. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.







# 7.1.16 System validation

The system validation is performed in a similar way as a system check. It needs to be performed once a SAR measurement system has been established and allows an evaluation of the system accuracy with all components used together with the specified system. It has to be repeated at least once a year or when new system components are used (DAE, probe, phantom, dipole, liquid type).

In addition to the procedure used during system check a system validation also includes checks of probe isotropy, probe modulation factor and RF signal.

### 8 Detailed Test Results

# 8.1 Conducted power measurements

## 8.1.1 Conducted power measurements WCDMA FDD V (850 MHz)

Max. RMS output power 850 MHz (FDD V) / dBm				
	Channel / frequency			
mode	4132 / 826.4 MHz	4182 / 836.6 MHz	4233 / 846.6 MHz	
RMC 12.2 kbit/s	25.2	25.6	25.6	
RMC 64 kbit/s	24.7	25.5	24.5	
RMC 144 kbit/s	24.7	25.5	24.6	
RMC 384 kbit/s	24.7	25.5	24.5	
AMR 4.75 kbit/s	24.7	25.6	24.6	
AMR 5.15 kbit/s	24.6	25.6	24.5	
AMR 5.9 kbit/s	24.6	25.5	24.6	
AMR 6.7 kbit/s	24.6	25.6	24.6	
AMR 7.4 kbit/s	24.6	25.6	24.5	
AMR 7.95 kbit/s	24.7	25.6	24.6	
AMR 10.2 kbit/s	24.6	25.5	24.6	
AMR 12.2 kbit/s	24.7	25.5	24.5	
HSDPA Sub test 1	24.6	25.6	24.6	
HSDPA Sub test 2	23.7	24.6	23.7	
HSDPA Sub test 3	23.3	24.1	23.1	
HSDPA Sub test 4	23.3	24.1	23.2	
HSUPA Sub test 1	24.6	25.5	24.5	
HSUPA Sub test 2	22.8	23.7	22.7	
HSUPA Sub test 3	23.9	24.7	23.7	
HSUPA Sub test 4	22.7	23.6	22.6	
HSUPA Sub test 5	23.8	24.7	23.6	

Table 11: Test results conducted power measurement UMTS FDD V 850MHz



# 8.1.2 Conducted power measurements WCDMA FDD IV (1700 MHz)

Max. RMS output power FDD IV (1700MHz) / dBm			
	Channel / frequency		
mode	1312 / 1712.4 MHz	1412 / 1732.4 MHz	1513 / 1752.6 MHz
RMC 12.2 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.5
RMC 64 kbit/s	26.7	26.6	26.2
RMC 144 kbit/s	26.7	26.6	26.2
RMC 384 kbit/s	26.7	26.5	26.2
AMR 4.75 kbit/s	26.7	26.5	26.2
AMR 5.15 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.2
AMR 5.9 kbit/s	26.6	26.6	26.2
AMR 6.7 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.3
AMR 7.4 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.2
AMR 7.95 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.3
AMR 10.2 kbit/s	26.7	26.6	26.3
AMR 12.2 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.3
HSDPA Sub test 1	26.6	26.5	26.3
HSDPA Sub test 2	25.7	25.6	25.4
HSDPA Sub test 3	25.2	25.1	24.8
HSDPA Sub test 4	25.2	25.2	24.9
HSUPA Sub test 1	26.6	26.6	26.3
HSUPA Sub test 2	24.7	24.7	24.4
HSUPA Sub test 3	25.8	25.7	25.5
HSUPA Sub test 4	24.6	24.5	24.2
HSUPA Sub test 5	25.7	25.7	25.4

Table 12: Test results conducted power measurement UMTS FDD IV 1700MHz



# 8.1.3 Conducted power measurements WCDMA FDD II (1900 MHz)

Max. RMS output power FDD II (1900MHz) / dBm				
	Channel / frequency			
mode	9262 / 1852.4 MHz	9400 / 1880.0 MHz	9538 / 1907.6 MHz	
RMC 12.2 kbit/s	26.6	26.6	26.3	
RMC 64 kbit/s	26.6	26.6	26.3	
RMC 144 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.3	
RMC 384 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.2	
AMR 4.75 kbit/s	26.6	26.6	26.3	
AMR 5.15 kbit/s	26.6	26.6	26.3	
AMR 5.9 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.2	
AMR 6.7 kbit/s	26.6	26.5	26.2	
AMR 7.4 kbit/s	26.5	26.6	26.3	
AMR 7.95 kbit/s	26.5	26.5	26.2	
AMR 10.2 kbit/s	26.6	26.6	26.3	
AMR 12.2 kbit/s	26.5	26.6	26.3	
HSDPA Sub test 1	26.6	26.6	26.2	
HSDPA Sub test 2	25.7	25.7	25.4	
HSDPA Sub test 3	25.2	25.2	24.8	
HSDPA Sub test 4	25.2	25.2	24.9	
HSUPA Sub test 1	26.7	26.6	26.2	
HSUPA Sub test 2	24.7	24.6	24.3	
HSUPA Sub test 3	25.8	25.8	25.4	
HSUPA Sub test 4	24.6	24.5	24.3	
HSUPA Sub test 5	25.6	25.7	25.3	

Table 13: Test results conducted power measurement UMTS FDD II 1900MHz

Remark: None of the HSDPA/HSUPA settings leads to conducted power values exceeding the conducted power in RMC mode by more than 0.25 dB.

Therefore no additional SAR measurements were performed in HSDPA/HSUPA mode.



## 8.1.4 Test-set-up information for WCDMA / HSPDA / HSUPA

### a) WCDMA RMC

In RMC (reference measurement channel) mode the conducted power at 4 different bit rates was measured. They correspond with the used spreading factors as follows:

Bit rate	12.2 kbit/s	64 kbit/s	144 kbit/s	384 kbit/s
Spreading factor (SF)	64	16	8	4

In RMC mode only DPCCH and DPDCH are active. As bit rate changes do not influence the relative power of any code channel the measured RMS output power remains on the same level which is set to maximum by TPC (Transmit power control) pattern type 'All 1'.

### b) HSDPA

HSDPA adds the HS-DPCCH in uplink as a control channel for high speed data transfer in downlink. In HSDPA mode 4 sub-tests are defined by 3GPP 34.121 according to the following table:

Sub-test	βc	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β <b>₀/</b> β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>hs</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	CM(dB) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1:  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK,  $\triangle$ CQI = 8  $\iff$  Ahs =  $\beta$ hs/ $\beta$ c = 30/15  $\iff$   $\beta$ hs = 30/15 \*  $\beta$ c

Note 2 : CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ 

Note 3 : For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15

Table 14: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The  $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$  gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the above table,  $\beta_{hs}$  for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8$ . The variation of the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 15: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121



### c) DC-HSDPA (3GPP Release 8)

Dual Cell – HSDPA has been signalized using the following settings for connection setup:

Parameter	Value
During Connection Setup	
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	-10 dB
P-CCPCH	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	-15
HS-PDSCH	off
HS-SCCH_1	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	-3.1

Table 16: Downlink Physical Channels according to 3GPP 34.121 Table E.5.0

The fixed reference channel has been set to H-set 12 according to 3GPP TS 34.121 Table C.8.1.12:

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Average Inf. Bit Rate	kbit/s	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Information Bit Payload (NINF)	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Process	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codecs	Codecs	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

Table 17: H-Set 12 QPSK configuration

The same Sub-test settings as for Release 5 HSDPA were used for the tests.



#### d) HSUPA

In HSUPA mode additional code channels (E-DPCCH, E-DPDCHn) are added for data transfer in uplink at higher bit rates.

5 sub-tests are defined by 3GPP 34.121 according to the following table:

Sub-	βc	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_d/\beta_d$	β <sub>hs</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	$\beta_{ec}$	$eta_{\sf ed}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	CM <sup>(2)</sup>	MPR	AG <sup>(4)</sup>	E-TFCI
test		-			-		-	(SF)	(code)	(dB)	(dB)	Index	
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ :47/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ :47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \iff A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \iff \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ 

Note 2 : CM = 1 for  $\beta_o/\beta_d$  = 12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$  = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to  $\beta_c=10/15$  and  $\beta_d=15/15$ 

Note 4 : For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to  $\beta_c=14/15$  and  $\beta_d=15/15$ 

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value

Table 18: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

To achieve the settings above some additional procedures were defined by 3GPP 34.121. Those have been included in an application note for the CMU200 and were exactly followed:

- Test mode connection (BS signal tab):

RMC 12.2 kbit/s + HSPA 34.108 with loop mode 1

- HS-DSCH settings (BS signal tab):
- FRC with H-set 1 QPSK
- ACK-NACK repetition factor = 3
- CQI feedback cycle = 4ms
- CQI repetition factor = 2
- HSUPA-specific signalling settings (UE signal tab):
- E-TFCI table index = 0
- E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI = 9
- Puncturing limit non-max = 0.84
- max. number of channelisation codes = 2x SF4
- Initial Serving Grant Value = Off
- HSDPA and HSUPA Gain factors (UE signal tab)

Sub-test	βc	$\beta_d$	$\Delta_{ ext{ACK}}$ , $\Delta_{ ext{NACK}}$ , $\Delta_{ ext{CQI}}$	ΔE-DPCCH )*
1	10	15	8	6
2	6	15	8	8
3	15	9	8	8
4	2	15	8	5
5	14	15	8	7

)\* :  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  ratios (relative to  $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) are set by  $\Delta E$ -DPCCH



### - HSUPA Reference E-TFCIs (UE signal tab > HSUPA gain factors):

Sub-test	1, 2, 4, 5					
Number of E-TFCIs	5					
Reference E-TFCI	11	67	71	75	81	
Reference E-TFCI power offset	4	18	23	26	27	

Sub-test	3			
Number of E-TFCIs	2			
Reference E-TFCI	11	92		
Reference E-TFCI power offset	4	18		

- HSUPA-specific generator parameters (BS Signal tab > HSUPA > E-AGCH > AG Pattern)

Sub-test	Absolute Grant Value (AG Index)
1	20
2	12
3	15
4	17
5	21

- Power Level settings (BS Signal tab > Node B-settings):
- Level reference: Output Channel Power (lor)
- Output Channel Power (lor): -86 dBm
- Downlink Physical Channel Settings (BS signal tab)
- P-CPICH: -10 dB - S-CPICH: Off
- P-SCH: -15 dB
- S-SCH: -15 dB
- P-CCPCH: -12 dB
- S-CCPCH: -12 dB
- PICH: -15 dB
- AICH: -12 dB
- DPDCH: -10 dB
- HS-SCCH: -8 dB - HS-PDSCH: -3 dB
- E-AGCH: -20 dB
- E-RGCH/E-HICH 20 dB
- E-RGCH Active: Off

The settings above were stored once for each sub-test and recalled before the measurement.

### HSUPA test procedure:

To reach maximum output power in HSUPA mode the following procedures were followed:

3 different TPC patterns were defined:

- Set 1: Closed loop with target power 10 dBm
- Set 2: Single Pattern+Alternating with binary pattern '11111' for 1 dB steps 'up'
- Set 3: Single Pattern+Alternating with binary pattern '00000' for 1 dB steps 'down'



After recalling a certain HSUPA sub-test the HSUPA E-AGCH graph with E-TFCI event counter is displayed. After starting with the closed loop command the power is increased in 1 dB steps by activating pattern set 2 until the UE decreases the transmitted E-TFCI.

At this point set 3 is activated once to reduce the output power to the value at which the original E-TFCI, which is required for the sub-test, appears again.

For conducted power measurements the same steps are repeated in the power menu to read out the corresponding maximum RMS output power with the target E-TFCI.

For SAR measurements it is useful to switch to Code Domain Power vs. Time display.

Here the CMU200 shows relative power values (max. and min.) of each code channel which should roughly correspond to the numerators of the gain factors e.g.:

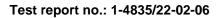
Sub-test	βc	βd	$eta_{\sf hs}$	βec	$eta_{ ext{ed}}$
5	15	15	30	24	134

By this way a surveillance of signalling conditions is possible to make sure that HSUPA code channels are active during the complete SAR measurement.



# 8.1.5 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 2 1900 MHz

Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
_		1 RB low	23.0	21.8
		1 RB mid	22.8	21.7
	40007 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.7
	18607 /	50% RB low	22.9	21.9
	1850.7	50% RB mid	23.1	22.0
		50% RB high	23.0	21.7
		100% RB	21.9	20.9
		1 RB low	22.9	22.0
		1 RB mid	23.0	22.2
	19000 /	1 RB high	22.9	21.9
1.4	18900 / 1880.0	50% RB low	23.1	22.2
	1000.0	50% RB mid	22.9	22.2
		50% RB high	23.0	22.2
		100% RB	22.0	21.2
	19193 / 1909.3	1 RB low	23.0	21.9
		1 RB mid	22.9	22.0
		1 RB high	22.7	21.9
		50% RB low	22.8	21.6
		50% RB mid	22.7	21.9
		50% RB high	22.7	22.0
		100% RB	21.7	20.7
		1 RB low	23.0	21.7
		1 RB mid	22.9	22.1
	18615 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.7
	1851.5	50% RB low	22.0	20.9
	1031.3	50% RB mid	21.9	20.9
		50% RB high	21.9	20.7
		100% RB	22.0	21.0
		1 RB low	22.9	22.1
		1 RB mid	23.1	22.1
	18900 /	1 RB high	23.0	21.7
3.0	1880.0	50% RB low	22.0	21.0
	1000.0	50% RB mid	21.9	21.0
		50% RB high	22.0	21.0
		100% RB	21.9	20.8
		1 RB low	22.8	22.3
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.8
	19185 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.6
	191657	50% RB low	21.8	21.0
	1000.0	50% RB mid	21.9	21.1
		50% RB high	21.8	20.8
		100% RB	21.9	20.9





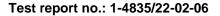
Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	(dBm)
(IVITIZ)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.5	21.9
		1 RB mid	23.0	21.7
	40005 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.9
	18625 / 1852.5	50% RB low	21.9	20.9
	1002.0	50% RB mid	22.0	20.9
		50% RB high	21.9	21.0
		100% RB	21.9	20.9
		1 RB low	22.8	21.6
		1 RB mid	23.0	21.8
	19000 /	1 RB high	22.9	21.7
5.0	18900 / 1880.0	50% RB low	22.0	21.0
	1000.0	50% RB mid	21.9	21.0
		50% RB high	21.9	20.9
		100% RB	21.9	20.9
	19175 / 1907.5	1 RB low	22.9	21.6
		1 RB mid	23.0	21.4
		1 RB high	22.7	21.4
		50% RB low	22.0	21.0
		50% RB mid	22.0	20.9
		50% RB high	21.9	20.8
		100% RB	21.9	21.1
		1 RB low	23.1	21.7
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.7
	18650 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.7
	1855	50% RB low	22.1	21.1
	1000	50% RB mid	22.0	21.1
		50% RB high	21.9	20.9
		100% RB	22.0	21.4
		1 RB low	22.9	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.4
	18900 /	1 RB high	22.4	21.9
10.0	1880	50% RB low	21.9	21.1
	1000	50% RB mid	22.0	20.9
		50% RB high	22.0	20.8
		100% RB	21.9	21.4
		1 RB low	23.2	22.0
		1 RB mid	23.0	21.3
	19150 /	1 RB high	22.9	21.8
	191507	50% RB low	21.9	21.1
	1000	50% RB mid	22.0	20.9
		50% RB high	21.9	20.9
		100% RB	22.0	21.4

Table 19: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD 2 1900 MHz.



# 8.1.6 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 4 1700 MHz

Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	(dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.5	21.5
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.7
	40057 /	1 RB high	22.5	21.6
	19957 / 1710.7	50% RB low	22.5	21.8
	1710.7	50% RB mid	22.5	21.7
		50% RB high	22.6	21.6
		100% RB	21.6	20.8
		1 RB low	22.6	21.7
		1 RB mid	22.8	22.0
	20475 /	1 RB high	22.9	21.8
1.4	20175 / 1732.5	50% RB low	22.8	21.9
	1732.3	50% RB mid	22.8	21.8
		50% RB high	22.8	21.9
		100% RB	21.8	21.0
	20393 / 1754.3	1 RB low	22.4	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.4	21.5
		1 RB high	22.3	21.7
		50% RB low	22.7	21.5
		50% RB mid	22.7	22.1
		50% RB high	22.7	21.9
		100% RB	21.6	20.4
		1 RB low	22.8	21.4
		1 RB mid	22.6	21.8
	19965 /	1 RB high	22.4	21.5
	1711.5	50% RB low	21.5	20.4
	1711.5	50% RB mid	21.6	20.4
		50% RB high	21.6	20.3
		100% RB	21.6	20.6
		1 RB low	22.7	21.7
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.9
	20175 /	1 RB high	22.7	21.7
3	1732.5	50% RB low	21.8	20.8
	1,02.0	50% RB mid	21.8	20.9
		50% RB high	21.7	20.9
		100% RB	21.8	20.9
		1 RB low	22.5	21.7
		1 RB mid	22.8	21.8
	20385 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.6
	1753.5	50% RB low	21.5	20.7
	1,30.0	50% RB mid	21.5	20.8
		50% RB high	21.6	20.8
		100% RB	21.6	20.5





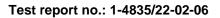
Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.2	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.6	21.9
	40075 /	1 RB high	22.2	21.5
	19975 / 1712.5	50% RB low	21.6	20.9
	1712.5	50% RB mid	21.6	20.9
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.5	20.6
		1 RB low	22.6	21.5
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.3
	20175 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.4
5	20175 / 1732.5	50% RB low	21.8	20.8
	1732.3	50% RB mid	21.8	20.8
		50% RB high	21.8	20.9
		100% RB	21.9	20.9
		1 RB low	22.5	21.2
	20375 / 1752.5	1 RB mid	22.9	21.5
		1 RB high	22.7	21.5
		50% RB low	21.5	20.5
		50% RB mid	21.6	20.7
		50% RB high	21.6	20.7
		100% RB	21.6	20.7
		1 RB low	22.7	21.3
		1 RB mid	22.5	21.3
	20000 /	1 RB high	22.5	21.0
	1715.0	50% RB low	21.6	20.7
	1715.0	50% RB mid	21.6	20.6
		50% RB high	21.4	20.6
		100% RB	21.4	20.5
		1 RB low	22.5	21.7
		1 RB mid	22.4	21.6
	20175 /	1 RB high	22.4	21.7
10	1732.5	50% RB low	21.8	21.1
		50% RB mid	21.9	21.0
		50% RB high	21.8	20.9
		100% RB	21.8	20.9
		1 RB low	23.0	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.5
	20350 /	1 RB high	22.9	21.6
	1750.0	50% RB low	21.5	20.6
		50% RB mid	21.6	20.6
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.6	20.5

Table 20: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD 4 1700 MHz.



# 8.1.7 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 5 850 MHz

Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.6	21.4
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.5
		1 RB high	22.7	21.9
	20407 / 824.7	50% RB low	22.8	21.8
	024.7	50% RB mid	22.8	21.9
		50% RB high	22.7	21.9
		100% RB	21.8	20.9
		1 RB low	22.7	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.8
	20525 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.7
1.4	836.5	50% RB low	22.9	22.0
	030.5	50% RB mid	22.9	21.8
		50% RB high	22.9	21.6
		100% RB	21.8	20.8
		1 RB low	22.6	21.6
	20643 / 848.3	1 RB mid	22.7	21.8
		1 RB high	22.6	21.6
		50% RB low	22.6	22.0
	040.3	50% RB mid	22.6	21.7
		50% RB high	22.6	22.2
		100% RB	21.7	20.6
		1 RB low	22.5	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.7	22.1
	20445 /	1 RB high	22.7	21.5
	20415 / 825.5	50% RB low	21.7	20.7
	023.3	50% RB mid	21.8	20.7
		50% RB high	21.8	20.8
		100% RB	21.9	20.9
		1 RB low	22.7	21.8
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.9
	20525 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.5
3.0	836.5	50% RB low	21.8	20.9
	030.3	50% RB mid	21.8	20.9
		50% RB high	21.8	20.7
		100% RB	21.8	20.7
		1 RB low	22.8	21.5
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.6
	20635 /	1 RB high	22.7	21.4
	847.5	50% RB low	21.6	20.7
	077.5	50% RB mid	21.7	20.7
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.6	20.6





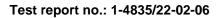
Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(IVITIZ)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.2	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.4	21.3
	00405 /	1 RB high	22.3	21.7
	20425 / 826.5	50% RB low	21.8	20.8
	020.5	50% RB mid	21.7	20.8
		50% RB high	21.8	20.8
		100% RB	21.8	20.9
		1 RB low	22.6	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.7
	20525 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.5
5.0	20525 / 836.5	50% RB low	21.7	20.8
	030.5	50% RB mid	21.8	20.6
		50% RB high	21.7	20.8
		100% RB	21.7	20.8
		1 RB low	22.4	21.2
	20625 / 846.5	1 RB mid	22.9	21.6
		1 RB high	22.7	21.2
		50% RB low	21.6	20.6
		50% RB mid	21.7	20.7
		50% RB high	21.5	20.6
		100% RB	21.6	20.7
		1 RB low	22.8	21.4
		1 RB mid	23.1	21.4
		1 RB high	22.8	21.6
	20450 / 829	50% RB low	21.8	20.8
		50% RB mid	21.8	20.9
		50% RB high	21.7	20.7
		100% RB	21.7	20.9
		1 RB low	22.8	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.3	21.8
	20525 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.6
10.0	836.5	50% RB low	21.8	21.1
	000.0	50% RB mid	21.8	20.7
		50% RB high	21.8	20.7
		100% RB	21.7	20.7
		1 RB low	22.8	21.6
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.8
		1 RB high	22.8	21.5
	20600 / 844	50% RB low	21.8	20.9
		50% RB mid	21.8	20.8
		50% RB high	21.6	20.7
		100% RB	21.6	20.6

Table 21: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD 5 850 MHz.



# 8.1.8 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 12 700 MHz

Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	21.7	20.7
	00047/	1 RB mid	21.8	20.6
		1 RB high	21.5	20.5
	23017 / 699.7	50% RB low	21.7	20.9
	099.7	50% RB mid	21.7	21.2
		50% RB high	21.7	20.8
		100% RB	20.7	19.8
		1 RB low	21.6	20.5
		1 RB mid	21.7	20.5
	22005 /	1 RB high	21.5	20.2
1.4	23095 / 707.5	50% RB low	21.5	20.4
	707.5	50% RB mid	21.5	20.3
		50% RB high	21.5	20.5
		100% RB	20.4	19.7
		1 RB low	21.7	20.6
	23173 / 715.3	1 RB mid	21.8	20.4
		1 RB high	21.6	20.4
		50% RB low	21.5	20.6
	713.3	50% RB mid	21.5	20.5
		50% RB high	21.7	20.8
		100% RB	20.6	19.9
		1 RB low	21.8	20.5
		1 RB mid	21.6	20.9
	23025 /	1 RB high	21.7	20.5
	700.5	50% RB low	20.7	19.5
	700.5	50% RB mid	20.7	19.4
		50% RB high	20.7	19.7
		100% RB	20.8	19.7
		1 RB low	21.6	20.6
		1 RB mid	21.4	20.3
	23095 /	1 RB high	21.3	20.2
3	707.5	50% RB low	20.5	19.5
		50% RB mid	20.5	19.4
		50% RB high	20.5	19.5
		100% RB	20.5	19.4
		1 RB low	22.0	20.8
		1 RB mid	21.7	20.8
	23165 /	1 RB high	21.4	20.3
	714.5	50% RB low	20.8	20.1
		50% RB mid	20.7	20.0
		50% RB high	20.6	19.6
		100% RB	20.8	19.8





Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(IVITIZ)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	21.3	20.6
		1 RB mid	21.4	21.1
	00005 /	1 RB high	21.2	20.5
	23035 / 701.5	50% RB low	20.7	19.6
	701.5	50% RB mid	20.6	19.7
		50% RB high	20.4	19.5
		100% RB	20.7	19.7
		1 RB low	21.6	20.4
		1 RB mid	21.7	20.2
	22005 /	1 RB high	21.3	20.4
5	23095 / 707.5	50% RB low	20.5	19.6
	707.5	50% RB mid	20.6	19.4
		50% RB high	20.4	19.4
		100% RB	20.5	19.5
		1 RB low	21.6	20.3
	23155 / 713.5	1 RB mid	22.0	20.4
		1 RB high	21.4	20.5
		50% RB low	20.7	19.6
		50% RB mid	20.6	19.8
		50% RB high	20.6	19.6
		100% RB	20.7	19.8
		1 RB low		20.3
		1 RB mid	21.8	20.3
	23060 / 704.0	1 RB high	21.1	20.1
		50% RB low	20.6	19.6
		50% RB mid		19.7
		50% RB high		19.6
		100% RB	0% RB low       20.7         0% RB mid       20.6         % RB high       20.4         100% RB       20.7         1 RB low       21.6         1 RB mid       21.7         RB high       21.3         0% RB low       20.5         0% RB mid       20.6         0% RB high       20.4         100% RB       20.5         1 RB low       21.6         1 RB mid       22.0         1 RB high       21.4         0% RB high       20.6         100% RB       20.7         1 RB low       21.3         1 RB low       21.3         1 RB high       21.1         0% RB high       20.6         0% RB mid       20.6         0% RB mid       20.5         1 RB low       21.0         1 RB mid       21.4         1 RB mid       20.5         1 RB high       20.5         1 RB mid       20.5         1 RB mid       21.4         1 RB mid       20.5         1 RB mid       20.5         1 RB mid       20.5         1 RB mid       20.5 <t< td=""><td>-22.4</td></t<>	-22.4
		1 RB low		20.2
				-22.4
	23095 /			20.4
10	707.5	50% RB low		19.6
		50% RB mid		19.6
		50% RB high		19.6
		100% RB		-22.4
				19.9
				-22.4
	23130 /	1 RB high		20.3
	711.0	50% RB low		19.5
		50% RB mid		19.8
		50% RB high		19.8
		100% RB	20.6	-22.3

Table 22: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD12 700 MHz.



# 8.1.9 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 13 700 MHz

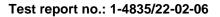
Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
()	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.0	20.7
		1 RB mid	22.0	20.8
	23205 /	1 RB high	21.9	20.5
	779.5	50% RB low	20.8	19.9
	119.5	50% RB mid	20.9	19.9
		50% RB high	20.9	20.0
		100% RB	21.0	20.0
		1 RB low	21.8	20.5
		1 RB mid	22.1	21.1
		1 RB high	21.7	20.9
5	23230 / 782	50% RB low	21.0	20.0
		50% RB mid	21.1	20.1
		50% RB high	20.9	20.1
		100% RB	21.0	20.1
		1 RB low	21.8	21.0
		1 RB mid	21.8	21.3
	00055 /	1 RB high	21.7	21.0
	23255 / 784.5	50% RB low	20.9	20.0
	704.5	50% RB mid	20.9	19.9
		50% RB high	20.7	19.9
		100% RB	20.8	19.9
		1 RB low	22.0	20.8
		1 RB mid	21.8	20.8
		1 RB high	21.7	20.9
10	23230 / 782	50% RB low	20.8	19.9
		50% RB mid	20.9	20.0
		50% RB high	20.8	20.0
		100% RB	21.0	-22.9

Table 23: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD13 700 MHz.



# 8.1.10 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 25 1880 MHz

Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.8	22.0
		1 RB mid	23.0	22.3
	00047/	1 RB high	23.1	22.3
	26047 / 1850.7	50% RB low	22.9	22.0
	1650.7	50% RB mid	23.1	22.1
		50% RB high	23.1	22.2
		100% RB	22.1	20.8
		1 RB low	22.7	22.0
		1 RB mid	23.3	21.8
	00040 /	1 RB high	23.0	21.9
1.4	26340 /	50% RB low	23.1	22.0
	1880.0	50% RB mid	23.0	21.8
		50% RB high	23.0	21.9
		100% RB	22.0	20.7
		1 RB low	23.0	22.0
	26683 / 1914.3	1 RB mid	23.2	22.0
		1 RB high	23.0	22.1
		50% RB low	22.8	22.2
	1914.3	50% RB mid	23.1	22.2
		50% RB high	23.0	22.1
		100% RB	21.9	21.0
		1 RB low	23.0	21.9
		1 RB mid	23.2	22.3
	00055 /	1 RB high	22.9	21.9
	26055 / 1851.5	50% RB low	22.0	20.9
	1651.5	50% RB mid	22.0	20.9
		50% RB high	22.0	20.9
		100% RB	22.0	21.0
		1 RB low	22.6	21.9
		1 RB mid	22.9	21.9
	26240 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.9
3	26340 / 1880.0	50% RB low	22.0	21.0
	1000.0	50% RB mid	21.9	20.8
		50% RB high	22.0	21.0
		100% RB	22.0	20.7
		1 RB low	22.9	21.9
		1 RB mid	23.1	22.0
	26675 /	1 RB high	23.1	22.3
	26675 / 1913.5	50% RB low	21.9	21.0
	1913.5	50% RB mid	21.9	21.1
		50% RB high	22.1	21.3
		100% RB	22.0	21.0





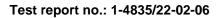
Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	(dBm)
(1411 12)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.7	22.1
		1 RB mid	22.8	22.3
	00005 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.9
	26065 / 1852.5	50% RB low	22.0	21.0
	1002.0	50% RB mid	22.0	21.0
		50% RB high	22.0	21.1
		100% RB	22.0	21.2
		1 RB low	22.6	21.6
		1 RB mid	23.0	21.6
	26340 /	1 RB high	22.7	21.8
5	1880.0	50% RB low	21.9	20.9
	1000.0	50% RB mid	22.0	21.0
		50% RB high	21.9	21.0
		100% RB	21.9	21.0
		1 RB low	22.8	21.4
	26665 /	1 RB mid	23.2	21.7
		1 RB high	22.9	21.9
	1912.5	50% RB low	21.8	20.9
	1912.5	50% RB mid	22.0	21.0
		50% RB high	22.0	21.0
		100% RB	22.0	21.1
		1 RB low	23.0	21.8
		1 RB mid	23.1	21.8
	26090 /	1 RB high	22.7	21.6
	1855.0	50% RB low	22.0	21.1
	1000.0	50% RB mid	22.1	21.1
		50% RB high	21.8	20.9
		100% RB	21.9	21.2
		1 RB low	22.5	21.8
		1 RB mid	22.8	22.4
	26340 /	1 RB high	22.5	21.8
10	1880.0	50% RB low	22.0	21.0
	1000.0	50% RB mid	22.0	21.1
		50% RB high	22.0	20.8
		100% RB	22.1	21.4
		1 RB low	22.5	21.7
		1 RB mid	23.2	22.5
	26640 /	1 RB high	22.4	22.1
	1910.0	50% RB low	22.1	21.0
		50% RB mid	21.9	20.9
		50% RB high	21.9	21.0
		100% RB	21.8	21.4

Table 24: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD 25 1880 MHz.



# 8.1.11 Conducted power measurements LTE FDD 26 850 MHz

Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(111112)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.1	20.9
		1 RB mid	22.3	21.4
	26607 /	1 RB high	22.1	21.0
	26697 / 814.7	50% RB low	22.2	21.3
	014.7	50% RB mid	22.2	21.5
		50% RB high	22.2	21.3
		100% RB	21.2	20.3
		1 RB low	22.4	21.2
		1 RB mid	22.4	21.3
	26865 /	1 RB high	22.5	21.5
1.4	831.5	50% RB low	22.3	21.5
	031.3	50% RB mid	22.6	21.8
		50% RB high	22.4	21.5
		100% RB	21.5	20.5
		1 RB low	22.7	21.5
	27033 / 848.3	1 RB mid	22.7	21.5
		1 RB high	22.4	21.5
		50% RB low	22.7	21.7
	040.3	50% RB mid	22.6	21.8
		50% RB high	22.5	21.8
		100% RB	21.6	20.8
		1 RB low	22.0	20.8
		1 RB mid	22.3	21.5
	20705 /	1 RB high	22.6	21.2
	26705 / 815.5	50% RB low	21.3	20.0
	613.3	50% RB mid	21.3	20.0
		50% RB high	21.3	20.1
		100% RB	21.2	20.4
		1 RB low	22.5	21.5
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.3
	DEOGE /	1 RB high	22.5	21.6
3	26865 / 831.5	50% RB low	21.3	20.5
	001.0	50% RB mid	21.5	20.6
		50% RB high	21.6	20.7
		100% RB	21.4	20.3
		1 RB low	22.6	21.3
		1 RB mid	22.6	21.5
	27025 /	1 RB high	22.7	22.0
	27025 / 847.5	50% RB low	21.6	20.8
	047.5	50% RB mid	21.6	20.7
		50% RB high	21.7	20.5
		100% RB	21.7	20.7





Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel / Frequency	Resource block	P <sub>avg</sub> (	dBm)
(IVITIZ)	(MHz)	allocation	QPSK	16-QAM
		1 RB low	22.0	21.0
		1 RB mid	22.0	21.7
	00745 /	1 RB high	22.1	21.3
	26715 / 816.5	50% RB low	21.3	20.4
	010.5	50% RB mid	21.5	20.5
		50% RB high	21.5	20.5
		100% RB	21.4	20.5
		1 RB low	22.2	21.2
		1 RB mid	22.6	21.3
	26965 /	1 RB high	22.5	21.2
5	26865 / 831.5	50% RB low	21.4	20.3
	051.5	50% RB mid	21.4	20.5
		50% RB high	21.6	20.7
		100% RB	21.3	20.4
		1 RB low	22.4	21.2
	27015 / 846.5	1 RB mid	22.9	21.6
		1 RB high	22.5	21.3
		50% RB low	21.5	20.5
		50% RB mid	21.6	20.5
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.5	20.6
		1 RB low	22.2	21.1
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.4
	26740 / 819.0	1 RB high	22.8	21.6
		50% RB low	21.4	20.4
		50% RB mid	21.5	20.4
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.3	-22.9
		1 RB low	22.3	21.1
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.8
	26865 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.6
10	831.5	50% RB low	21.4	20.5
	00110	50% RB mid	21.5	20.6
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.5	-22.9
		1 RB low	22.3	21.1
		1 RB mid	22.7	21.8
	26989 /	1 RB high	22.8	21.5
	843.9	50% RB low	21.4	20.5
		50% RB mid	21.5	20.5
		50% RB high	21.6	20.6
		100% RB	21.5	-22.9

Table 25: Test results conducted power measurement LTE FDD 26 850 MHz.



#### 8.1.12 Justification of SAR measurements in LTE mode

According to Chapter 5 'SAR test procedures for LTE devices of FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 the following test configurations for standalone measurements of the largest channel bandwidth (chapter 5.2) had to be taken into consideration:

#### 5.2.1. QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and *required test channel* combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each *required test channel*. When the *reported* SAR is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and *required test channels* is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining *required test channels* and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.6 When the *reported* SAR of a *required test channel* is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that *required test channel*.

#### 5.2.2. QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 5.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

#### 5.2.3. QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest *reported* SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the *reported* SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining *required test channels* must also be tested.

#### 5.2.4. Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 5.2.1, 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

Testing of other channel bandwidths was not necessary because the output power of equivalent channel configurations was less than ½ dB larger compared to the largest channel bandwidth and reported SAR was < 1.45 W/kg.

Conducted and radiated measurements were performed with the maximum number of bundled TTIs supported by the DUT (see section 2.4 for details).

#### 8.1.13 MPR information in LTE mode

There is a permanently applied MPR implemented by the manufacturer. MPR is enabled for this device according to 3GPP TS36.101.

Modulation	C	Channel bandwidth / resource block configuration						3 GPP
Modulation	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	MPR	MPR
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1	≤ 1
16QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1	≤ 1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2	≤ 2

Therefore there is no power reduction at 1.4 MHz bandwidth with 50% RB allocation (3 RBs).

Additional differences in conducted power are not caused by implemented MPR but depend on measurement uncertainty and allowable tolerances per 3GPP or tune-up.



# 8.1.14 Conducted power measurements WLAN 2450 MHz

802.11b		maximum average conducted output power [dBm]			
Band	Ch	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
2450MHz	1	10.1	10.1	9.9	9.9
	6	10.0	10.0	9.8	9.8
	11	9.8	9.7	9.5	9.5

Table 26: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11b

802.11	g	maximum average conducted output power [dBm]							
Band	Ch	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
2450MHz	1	11.7	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.6
	6	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6
	11	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4

Table 27: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11g

802.11n H	T-20		m	aximum ave	rage cond	ucted outp	out power	[dBm]			
Band	Ch	MCS-0									
Dallu	Cii	6.5Mbps	13Mbps	19.5Mbps	26Mbps	39Mbps	52Mbps	58.5Mbps	65Mbps		
2450MHz	1	10.9	10.7	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.7		
	6	12.9	12.7	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.7		
	11	11.6	11.4	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.4		

Table 28: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-20

802.11n	HT-40		max	imum ave	rage cond	lucted out	put power	[dBm]	
Band	Ch	MCS-0 13.5Mbp s	MCS-1 27Mbp s	MCS-2 40.5Mbp s	MCS-3 54Mbps	MCS-4 81Mbps	MCS-5 108Mbp s	MCS-6 121.5Mbp s	MCS-7 135Mbps
2450MHz	3	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.8	7.7
	6	10.8	10.8	10.8 10.8		10.8	10.6	10.7	10.6
	9	6.8	6.8 6.8 6.8		6.8	6.8	6.6	6.7	6.6

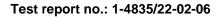
Table 29: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-40



# 8.1.15 Conducted power measurements WLAN 5 GHz

802.1	I1a		maximum average conducted output power [dBm] iMbps   9Mbps   12Mbps   18Mbps   24Mbps   36Mbps   48Mbps   5						
<b>ECECB</b>	Ch	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
5200	36	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.9
	40	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8
	44	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.9
	48	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8
5300	52	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8
	56	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8
	60	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8
	64	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.8
5600	100	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9
	104	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.8
	108	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9
	112	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	116	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	120	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6
	124	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9
	128	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	132	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	136	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	140	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6
5800	149	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9
	153	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.8
	157	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	161	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
	165	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.5

Table 30: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11a





	802.1	1n HT-20	/ 802.11ad	VHT-20 I	maximum	average	conducte	d output p	ower [dB	m]
Band	Ch	MCS-0	MCS-1	MCS-2	MCS-3	MCS-4	MCS-5	MCS-6	MCS-7	MCS-8
[MHz]	Cn	6.5Mbps	13Mbps	19.5Mbps	26Mbps	39Mbps	52Mbps	58.5Mbps	65Mbps	78Mbps
5200	36	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
	40	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
	44	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
	48	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
5300	52	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
	56	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
	60	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
	64	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9
5600	100	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1
	104	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1
	108	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1
	112	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
	116	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
	120	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
	124	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
	128	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8
	132	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8
	136	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8
	140	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8
5800	149	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0
	153	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
	157	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
	161	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8
	165	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.7

Table 31: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-20 / 802.11ac VHT-20

	802	2.11n HT	-40 / 802.	11ac VHT	-40 maxir	num aver	age cond	ducted ou	tput pow	er [dBm]	
Band		MCS-0	MCS-1	MCS-2	MCS-3	MCS-4	MCS-5	MCS-6	MCS-7	MCS-8	MCS-9
[MHz]	Ch	13.5Mbps	27Mbps	40.5Mbps	54Mbps	81Mbps	108Mbps	121.5Mbps	135Mbps	162Mbps	180Mbps
5200	38	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9
5200	46	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
5200	54	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
5300	62	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
	102	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
	110	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
5600	118	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
	126	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
	134	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
F900	151	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
5800	159	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0

Table 32: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-40 / 802.11ac VHT-40



## 8.1.1 Conducted average power measurements Bluetooth Classic 2.4 GHz

		Conducted of	output power	r BT EDR 245	0 MHz (dBm	1)					
Peak. power Avg. power											
mad	roto	CH 0	CH 39	CH 78	CH 0	CH 39	CH 78				
mod.	rate	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz				
GFSK	DH5	9.3	2.2	8.3	8.1	1.0	7.1				
Pi/4 DQPSK	DH5	10.1	3.1	9.1	6.3	-0.7	5.3				
8-DPSK DH5 10.8 3.6 9.7 6.7 -0.5											

Table 33: Test results conducted average power measurement BLUETOOTH CLASSIC 2.4 GHz



#### 8.2 SAR test results

### 8.2.1 General description of test procedures

- The DUT is tested using CMW 500 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
- Test positions as described in the tables below are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to 'all 1'.
- WLAN was tested in 802.11a/g mode with 6 MBit/s.
- Required WLAN test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
- The DUT was tested using a CBT communication tester in BT-test mode to adjust maximum output power, test channels and operating mode.
  - (GFSK DH5 STATIC PBRS 76% duty cycle)
- According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 the SAR test shall be performed at the channel producing the highest rated output power.
  - When the width of the transmit frequency band ( $\Delta f = f_{high} f_{low}$ ) exceeds 1 % of its centre frequency fc, the channels at the lowest and highest frequencies of the transmit band shall also be tested.
  - When the width of the transmit frequency band exceeds 10 % of its centre frequency. The following formula shall be used to determine the number of channels, N<sub>c</sub>, to be tested:

$$Nc = 2 \times roundup \left[ \frac{(fhigh - flow)}{fc} \right] + 1$$

where

 $f_c$  is the centre frequency channel of the transmission band in Hz;

 $f_{high}$  is the highest frequency channel of the transmission band in Hz;

 $f_{low}$  is the lowest frequency channel of the transmission band in Hz;

 $N_c$  is the number of channels

- According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz



## 8.2.2 Results overview

mea	sured /	extrapo	olated SA	AR number	rs - Limb -	UMTS	FDD II 1	880 MH	lz - 0 m	m dist	ance
Ch	Freq.	test	Desition	cond. Pn	nax (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	(W/kg)	Pdrift	liquid
Ch.	(MHz)	cond.	Position	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)
9400	1880.0	RMC	front	27.0	26.6	0.280	0.307	0.163	0.179	0.02	20.5
9400	1880.0	RMC	back	27.0	26.6	1.360	1.491	0.608	0.667	0.10	20.5
9262	1852.4	RMC	left	27.0	26.6	1.390	1.524	0.809	0.887	0.05	20.5
9400	1880.0	RMC	left	27.0	26.6	1.280	1.403	0.749	0.821	-0.05	20.5
9538	1907.6	RMC	left	27.0	26.3	1.170	1.375	0.695	0.817	-0.09	20.5
9400	1880.0	RMC	right	27.0	26.6	0.178	0.195	0.094	0.103	0.01	20.5
9400	1880.0	RMC	top	27.0	26.6	0.055	0.061	0.033	0.036	-0.01	20.5
9400	1880.0	RMC	bottom	27.0	26.6	0.210	0.230	0.122	0.134	-0.05	20.5
meas	sured / e	extrapo	lated SA	R number	s - Limb - l	JMTS F	DD IV 1	1700 M	Hz - 0 m	m dis	tance
Ch.	Freq.	test	Position	cond. Pn	nax (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	(W/kg)	P <sub>drift</sub>	liquid
OII.	(MHz)	cond.	1 OSITION	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)
1312	1712	RMC	front	27.0	26.6	0.701	0.769	0.409	0.448	-0.05	20.2
1312	1712	RMC	back	27.0	26.6	1.070	1.173	0.611	0.670	0.07	20.2
1312	1712	RMC	left	27.0	26.6	1.980	2.171	1.220	1.338	0.02	20.2
1413	1732	RMC	left	27.0	26.5	1.980	2.222	1.220	1.369	0.15	20.2
1513	1753	RMC	left	27.0	26.5	1.830	2.053	1.110	1.245	-0.03	20.2
1312	1712	RMC	right	27.0	26.6	0.525	0.576	0.273	0.299	0.12	20.2
1312	1712	RMC	top	27.0	26.6	0.088	0.096	0.054	0.059	-0.02	20.2
1312	1712	RMC	bottom	27.0	26.6	0.344	0.377	0.205	0.225	0.04	20.2
mea	sured /	extrap	olated S	AR numbe	rs - Limb -	UMTS	FDD V	850 MH	<b>z - 0 m</b> r	n dista	ance
Ch.	Freq.	test	Position	cond. Pn	nax (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	(W/kg)	Pdrift	liquid
OII.	(MHz)	cond.	1 Ooltion	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)
4183	836.6	RMC	front	26.0	25.6	0.513	0.562	0.310	0.340	-0.08	21.4
4183	836.6	RMC	back	26.0	25.6	0.367	0.402	0.234	0.257	0.04	21.4
4132	826.4	RMC	left	26.0	25.2	2.070	2.489	0.985	1.184	-0.14	21.4
4183	836.6	RMC	left	26.0	25.6	2.010	2.204	0.950	1.042	0.05	21.4
4233	846.6	RMC	left	26.0	25.6	1.790	1.963	0.860	0.943	-0.06	21.4
4183	836.6	RMC	right	26.0	25.6	0.105	0.115	0.062	0.068	0.04	21.4
4183	836.6	RMC	top	26.0	25.6	0.062	0.068	0.043	0.047	-0.01	21.4
4183	836.6	RMC	bottom	26.0	25.6	0.031	0.034	0.021	0.022	0.03	21.4

Table 34: Test results SAR UMTS (see max. SAR plot in Annex B.1: SAR results UMTS & LTE page 78.)

<sup>\* -</sup> maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer.



Ch.         Freq. (MHz) (MHz) offset         RB offset         cond. Pmox (dBm)         SAR₁₀ (W/kg) (w/kg), extrap.         Point liquid (°C)           19150 1905 0         0 front         23.5 23.2 0.217 0.233 0.114 0.122 0.02 20.5 19150 1905 0         0 back 23.5 23.2 1.490 1.597 0.691 0.663 0.01 20.5 188660 1885 0 left 23.5 23.1 1.300 1.425 0.715 0.784 0.08 20.5 18900 1880 0         0 left 23.5 23.1 1.300 1.425 0.715 0.784 0.08 20.5 19150 1905 0 left 23.5 23.2 1.230 1.310 1.504 0.708 0.813 0.10 20.5 19150 1905 0 left 23.5 23.2 0.029 0.332 0.164 0.077 0.082 0.079 20.5 19150 1905 0 lottom 23.5 23.2 0.163 0.164 0.077 0.082 0.079 20.5 19150 1905 0 lottom 23.5 23.2 0.163 0.164 0.077 0.082 0.079 20.5 19150 1905 0 lottom 23.5 23.2 0.163 0.164 0.077 0.082 0.079 20.5 19150 1905 0 lottom 23.5 23.2 0.163 0.164 0.077 0.082 0.079 20.5 19150 1905 0 lottom 23.5 23.2 0.163 0.165 0.092 0.098 0.15 20.5 19150 1905 0 lottom 23.5 23.2 0.163 0.165 0.092 0.098 0.15 20.5 19150 1905 0 left 23.0 22.0 1.180 1.486 0.596 0.750 0.08 20.5 19150 1905 12 left 23.0 22.0 1.180 1.486 0.596 0.750 0.08 20.5 19150 19150 1905 12 left 23.0 22.0 1.180 1.498 0.592 0.745 0.13 20.5 19150 1905 12 left 23.0 22.0 1.190 1.498 0.592 0.745 0.13 20.5 19150 1905 12 left 23.0 22.0 1.190 1.498 0.592 0.745 0.03 20.5 19150 1905 12 left 23.0 22.0 1.190 1.498 0.592 0.745 0.13 20.5 19150 1905 12 left 23.0 22.0 1.190 1.498 0.592 0.745 0.03 20.2 20.2 20.0 1.750 0 left 23.0 23.0 0.622 0.622 0.332 0.332 0.00 20.2 20.2 20.0 1.750 0 left 23.0 23.0 0.662 0.090 1.710 1.000 1.002 0.002 20.2 20.0 1.750 0 left 23.0 23.0 0.660 0.666 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.066 0.067 0.092 0.02 20.2 20.2 20.2 20.2 1.150 0.080 0.080 0.092 0.	me	easured	/ extra	polated	SAR numb	ers - Limb ·	LTE FI	DD 2 190	00 MHz	- 0 mm o	distan	ce	
MHz    Offset   Off			1										
19150   1905   0   front   23.5   23.2   0.217   0.233   0.114   0.122   0.02   20.5	Ch.	•		Position			Ŭ	·	1		1		
19150   1905   0   back   23.5   23.2   1.490   1.597   0.619   0.663   0.01   20.5     18650   1855   0   left   23.5   23.1   1.300   1.425   0.715   0.784   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   0   left   23.5   23.2   1.310   1.504   0.708   0.813   0.10   20.5     19150   1905   0   left   23.5   23.2   0.131   0.104   0.070   0.082   0.07     19150   1905   0   top   23.5   23.2   0.153   0.164   0.077   0.082   0.07   20.5     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   0.15   0.015     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   0.15   0.05     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   0.15   0.05     19150   1905   0   left   23.0   22.1   1.120   1.378   0.572   0.704   0.12   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.04   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.04   20.5     19150   1905   0   front   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.04   20.5     19150   1905   0   front   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.04   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   front   23.0   23.0   0.622   0.622   0.332   0.332   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.622   0.622   0.632   0.332   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   22.5   1.860   2.087   1.170   1.913   0.01   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.386   0.382   0.212   0.212   0.06   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.212   0.05   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.386   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.212   0.05   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.386   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.212   0.06   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   0.00   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   0.00		,				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, ,	,	
19150   1905   0   back   23.5   23.2   1.490   1.597   0.619   0.663   0.01   20.5     18650   1855   0   left   23.5   23.1   1.300   1.425   0.715   0.784   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   0   left   23.5   23.2   1.310   1.504   0.708   0.813   0.10   20.5     19150   1905   0   left   23.5   23.2   1.230   1.318   0.662   0.709   0.09   20.5     19150   1905   0   top   23.5   23.2   0.153   0.164   0.077   0.082   0.07   20.5     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   0.15   20.5     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   0.15   20.5     18900   1880   12   left   23.0   22.1   1.120   1.378   0.572   0.704   0.12   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   10   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5     19150   1750.0   0   front   23.0   23.0   0.622   0.622   0.632   0.332   0.032   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.666   0.660   0.040   0.004   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.386   0.382   0.382   0.02   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.386   0.384   0.384   0.17   0.17   0.05   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   23.0   23.0   0.386   0.040   0.040   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   0.00   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   0.03	19150	1905	0	front	23.5	23.2	0.217	0.233	0.114	0.122	0.02	20.5	
18900   1880   0   left   23.5   22.9   1.310   1.504   0.708   0.813   0.10   20.5     19150   1905   0   left   23.5   23.2   1.230   1.318   0.662   0.709   0.09   20.5     19150   1905   0   top   23.5   23.2   0.123   0.164   0.077   0.082   0.07   20.5     19150   1905   0   top   23.5   23.2   0.029   0.032   0.017   0.018   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   -0.15   20.5     18650   1855   0   left   23.0   22.1   1.120   1.378   0.572   0.704   0.12   20.5     18900   1880   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   -0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.190   1.498   0.592   0.745   -0.13   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.190   1.498   0.592   0.745   -0.13   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   23.0   1.190   1.498   0.592   0.745   -0.13   20.5     19150   1905   10   back   23.0   23.0   1.190   1.498   0.592   0.745   -0.13   20.5     19150   1905   10   back   23.0   23.0   0.622   0.622   0.332   0.332   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   front   23.0   23.0   0.622   0.622   0.332   0.332   0.02   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   back   23.0   23.0   1.170   1.170   0.591   0.591   0.01   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   22.5   1.860   2.087   1.170   1.313   -0.14   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.382   0.382   0.212   0.212   0.03   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.382   0.382   0.212   0.212   0.03   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.484   0.901   0.902   0.02     20350   1750.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.484   0.901   0.902   0.02     20350   1750.0   25   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.484   0.901   0.902   0.02   0.02     20350   1750.0   25   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.484   0.901   0.902   0.05   0.00   0.02   0.02     20450   829.0   25   left   24.0   23.1   0.064   0.086   0.966   0.966	19150	1905	0	back	23.5	23.2	1.490	1.597	0.619	0.663	0.01	20.5	
18900   1880   0   left   23.5   22.9   1.310   1.504   0.708   0.813   0.10   20.5     19150   1905   0   left   23.5   23.2   1.230   1.318   0.662   0.709   0.09   20.5     19150   1905   0   top   23.5   23.2   0.123   0.138   0.662   0.709   0.09   20.5     19150   1905   0   top   23.5   23.2   0.029   0.032   0.017   0.018   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   -0.15   20.5     18650   1855   0   left   23.0   22.1   1.120   1.378   0.572   0.704   0.12   20.5     18900   1880   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   -0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.190   1.498   0.592   0.745   -0.13   20.5	18650	1855	0	left	23.5	23.1	1.300	1.425	0.715	0.784	0.08	20.5	
19150   1905   0	18900	1880	0	left					0.708	0.813			
19150   1905   0   100   100   23.5   23.2   0.029   0.032   0.017   0.018   0.08   20.5     19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   -0.15   20.5     18660   1855   0   left   23.0   22.1   1.120   1.378   0.572   0.704   0.12   20.5     18900   1880   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   -0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   -0.08   20.5     19150   1905   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.190   1.498   0.592   0.745   -0.13   20.5	19150	1905	0	left	23.5		1.230				-0.09	20.5	
19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   -0.15   20.5	19150	1905	0	right	23.5	23.2	0.153	0.164	0.077	0.082	-0.07	20.5	
19150   1905   0   bottom   23.5   23.2   0.163   0.175   0.092   0.098   -0.15   20.5	19150	1905	0		23.5		0.029		0.017		0.08	20.5	
10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK   1.378	19150	1905	0		23.5	23.2	0.163	0.175	0.092	0.098	-0.15	20.5	
18650   1855   0   left   23.0   22.1   1.120   1.378   0.572   0.704   0.12   20.5													
18900   1880   12   left   23.0   22.0   1.180   1.486   0.596   0.750   0.08   20.5	18650	1855	0	left		1			0.572	0.704	0.12	20.5	
19150   1905   12	18900	1880	12	left	23.0	22.0	1.180				-0.08	20.5	
Reg		1905	12										
Ch.         Freq. (MHz)         RB (MHz)         Position         cond. P <sub>max</sub> (dBm) declared*         SAR₁₀ (W/kg) meas. extrap.         SAR₁₀ (W/kg) meas. extrap.         Position (dB)         Iquid declared*         measured meas. extrap.         extrap. meas. extrap.         declared. (dB)         (°C)           20350 1750.0 0 0 back         23.0 23.0 0.622 0.622 0.622 0.332 0.332 0.02 20.2         20.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.2		easured	/ extra	L		L		DD 4 170	00 MHz	- 0 mm d	distan	ce	
Characteristic   Characterist   Ch	O.	Freq.	RB	D. W.	cond. Pn	<sub>nax</sub> (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>100</sub>	(W/kg)	Pdrift	liquid	
10MHz BW/1RB/QPSK   20350   1750.0   0   front   23.0   23.0   0.622   0.622   0.332   0.332   0.02   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   back   23.0   23.0   1.170   1.170   0.591   0.591   0.01   20.2   20000   1715.0   0   left   23.0   22.7   1.730   1.854   1.000   1.072   -0.06   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   22.5   1.860   2.087   1.170   1.313   0.14   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   1.710   1.710   1.000   1.000   0.02   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   right   23.0   23.0   0.382   0.382   0.212   0.212   0.03   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   top   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   bottom   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   bottom   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   bottom   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2   20350   1750.0   0   bottom   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2   20151   1732.5   12   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   1.003   -0.07   20.2   20151   1732.5   12   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.484   0.901   0.922   -0.04   20.2   20350   1750.0   25   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.480   0.836   0.917   -0.09   20.2   20350   1750.0   25   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.480   0.836   0.917   -0.09   20.2   20350	Cn.			Position		I	meas.	extrap.			1		
20350   1750.0   0   back   23.0   23.0   1.170   1.170   0.591   0.591   0.01   20.2					10M								
20000   1715.0   0   left   23.0   22.7   1.730   1.854   1.000   1.072   -0.06   20.2	20350	1750.0	0	front	23.0	23.0	0.622	0.622	0.332	0.332	0.02	20.2	
20175   1732.5   0   left   23.0   22.5   1.860   2.087   1.170   1.313   -0.14   20.2	20350	1750.0	0	back	23.0	23.0	1.170	1.170	0.591	0.591	0.01	20.2	
20350   1750.0   0   left   23.0   23.0   1.710   1.710   1.000   1.000   0.02   20.2	20000	1715.0	0	left	23.0	22.7	1.730	1.854	1.000	1.072	-0.06	20.2	
20350 1750.0 0 right 23.0 23.0 0.382 0.382 0.212 0.212 0.03 20.2 20350 1750.0 0 top 23.0 23.0 0.066 0.066 0.040 0.040 -0.02 20.2 20350 1750.0 0 bottom 23.0 23.0 0.384 0.384 0.217 0.217 0.05 20.2 10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK 20000 1715.0 0 left 22.0 21.6 1.500 1.645 0.915 1.003 -0.07 20.2 20175 1732.5 12 left 22.0 21.9 1.450 1.484 0.901 0.922 -0.04 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 22.0 21.6 1.350 1.480 0.836 0.917 -0.09 20.2 20350 1750.0 25 left 24.0 23.1 0.405 0.498 0.250 0.308 0.03 21.4 20450 829.0 25 left 24.0 23.1 0.363 0.447 0.246 0.303 -0.12 21.4 20450 829.0 25 left 24.0 23.1 0.363 0.447 0.246 0.303 -0.12 21.4 20450 829.0 25 left 24.0 22.8 2.010 2.650 0.952 1.255 -0.03 21.4 20450 829.0 25 right 24.0 22.8 2.010 2.650 0.952 1.255 -0.01 21.4 20450 829.0 25 right 24.0 22.8 1.490 1.964 0.684 0.902 -0.10 21.4 20450 829.0 25 right 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.0	20175	1732.5	0	left	23.0	22.5	1.860	2.087	1.170	1.313	-0.14	20.2	
20350   1750.0   0   top   23.0   23.0   0.066   0.066   0.040   0.040   -0.02   20.2	20350	1750.0	0	left	23.0	23.0	1.710	1.710	1.000	1.000	0.02	20.2	
1750.0   0   bottom   23.0   23.0   0.384   0.384   0.217   0.217   0.05   20.2	20350	1750.0	0	right	23.0	23.0	0.382	0.382	0.212	0.212	0.03	20.2	
10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK   20000   1715.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   1.003   -0.07   20.2   20175   1732.5   12   left   22.0   21.9   1.450   1.484   0.901   0.922   -0.04   20.2   20350   1750.0   25   left   22.0   21.6   1.350   1.480   0.836   0.917   -0.09   20.2	20350	1750.0	0	top	23.0	23.0	0.066	0.066	0.040	0.040	-0.02	20.2	
20000   1715.0   0   left   22.0   21.6   1.500   1.645   0.915   1.003   -0.07   20.2	20350	1750.0	0	bottom	23.0	23.0	0.384	0.384	0.217	0.217	0.05	20.2	
20175   1732.5   12   left   22.0   21.9   1.450   1.484   0.901   0.922   -0.04   20.2					10MH	Hz BW/25RI	3/QPSK						
Total   Position   Cond.   Pmax (dBm)   SAR 1g (W/kg)   SAR 10g (W/kg)   Pdrift   liquid (°C)	20000	1715.0	0	left	22.0	21.6	1.500	1.645	0.915	1.003	-0.07	20.2	
measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - Limb - LTE FDD 5 850 MHz - 0 mm distance           Ch.         Freq. (MHz)         RB offset         Position offset         cond. P <sub>max</sub> (dBm) declared* measured meas. extrap.         SAR₁₀ (W/kg) sAR₁₀ (W/kg) sAR₁₀ (W/kg)         Pdrift (dB) (°C)         liquid (°C)           10MHz BW/1RB/QPSK           20450         829.0         25 front sake settrap.         24.0         23.1 sake settrap.         0.498 sake settrap.         0.308 sake settrap.         0.030 sake settrap.         0.308 sake settrap.         0.038 sake settrap.         0.308 sake settrap.         0.038 sake sake settrap.	20175	1732.5	12	left	22.0	21.9	1.450	1.484	0.901	0.922	-0.04	20.2	
Ch.         Freq. (MHz)         RB offset         Position         cond. P <sub>max</sub> (dBm)         SAR₁g (W/kg)         SAR₁g (W/kg)         FAR₁g (W/kg)         Porifit (dB)         liquid (°C)           10MHz BW/1RB/QPSK           20450         829.0         25         front         24.0         23.1         0.405         0.498         0.250         0.308         0.03         21.4           20450         829.0         25         back         24.0         23.1         0.363         0.447         0.246         0.303         -0.12         21.4           20450         829.0         25         left         24.0         23.1         2.170         2.670         1.020         1.255         -0.03         21.4           20525         836.5         0         left         24.0         22.8         2.010         2.650         0.952         1.255         -0.03         21.4           20600         844.0         0         left         24.0         22.8         1.490         1.964         0.684         0.902         -0.10         21.4           20450         829.0         25         top         24.0         23.1         0.087         0.107         0.053         0.066	20350	1750.0	25	left	22.0	21.6	1.350	1.480	0.836	0.917	-0.09	20.2	
Cft. (MHz) offset Position declared* measured meas. extrap. meas. extrap. (dB) (°C)  10MHz BW/1RB/QPSK  20450 829.0 25 front 24.0 23.1 0.405 0.498 0.250 0.308 0.03 21.4  20450 829.0 25 back 24.0 23.1 0.363 0.447 0.246 0.303 -0.12 21.4  20450 829.0 25 left 24.0 23.1 2.170 2.670 1.020 1.255 -0.03 21.4  20525 836.5 0 left 24.0 22.8 2.010 2.650 0.952 1.255 -0.01 21.4  20600 844.0 0 left 24.0 22.8 1.490 1.964 0.684 0.902 -0.10 21.4  20450 829.0 25 right 24.0 23.1 0.087 0.107 0.053 0.066 -0.18 21.4  20450 829.0 25 top 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4  20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4  10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK  20450 829.0 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.606 0.799 0.05 21.4	m	easured	d / extra	apolated	SAR numb	ers - Limb	- LTE F	DD 5 85	0 MHz -	0 mm d	istanc	е	
10MHz BW/1RB/QPSK   24.0   23.1   0.405   0.498   0.250   0.308   0.03   21.4	Ch	Freq.	RB	Docition	cond. Pr	nax (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	(W/kg)	Pdrift	liquid	
20450         829.0         25         front         24.0         23.1         0.405         0.498         0.250         0.308         0.03         21.4           20450         829.0         25         back         24.0         23.1         0.363         0.447         0.246         0.303         -0.12         21.4           20450         829.0         25         left         24.0         23.1         2.170         2.670         1.020         1.255         -0.03         21.4           20525         836.5         0         left         24.0         22.8         2.010         2.650         0.952         1.255         -0.01         21.4           20600         844.0         0         left         24.0         22.8         1.490         1.964         0.684         0.902         -0.10         21.4           20450         829.0         25         right         24.0         23.1         0.087         0.107         0.053         0.066         -0.18         21.4           20450         829.0         25         bottom         24.0         23.1         0.064         0.078         0.044         0.054         0.13         21.4           20450 </td <td>CII.</td> <td>(MHz)</td> <td>offset</td> <td>FUSILIUIT</td> <td>declared*</td> <td>measured</td> <td>meas.</td> <td>extrap.</td> <td>meas.</td> <td>extrap.</td> <td>(dB)</td> <td>(°C)</td>	CII.	(MHz)	offset	FUSILIUIT	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)	
20450         829.0         25         back         24.0         23.1         0.363         0.447         0.246         0.303         -0.12         21.4           20450         829.0         25         left         24.0         23.1         2.170         2.670         1.020         1.255         -0.03         21.4           20525         836.5         0         left         24.0         22.8         2.010         2.650         0.952         1.255         -0.01         21.4           20600         844.0         0         left         24.0         22.8         1.490         1.964         0.684         0.902         -0.10         21.4           20450         829.0         25         right         24.0         23.1         0.087         0.107         0.053         0.066         -0.18         21.4           20450         829.0         25         bottom         24.0         23.1         0.064         0.078         0.044         0.054         0.13         21.4           20450         829.0         25         bottom         24.0         23.1         0.040         0.050         0.025         0.030         -0.17         21.4 <td colsp<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10M</td><td>Hz BW/1RE</td><td>/QPSK</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10M</td> <td>Hz BW/1RE</td> <td>/QPSK</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					10M	Hz BW/1RE	/QPSK					
20450         829.0         25         left         24.0         23.1         2.170         2.670         1.020         1.255         -0.03         21.4           20525         836.5         0         left         24.0         22.8         2.010         2.650         0.952         1.255         -0.01         21.4           20600         844.0         0         left         24.0         22.8         1.490         1.964         0.684         0.902         -0.10         21.4           20450         829.0         25         right         24.0         23.1         0.087         0.107         0.053         0.066         -0.18         21.4           20450         829.0         25         top         24.0         23.1         0.064         0.078         0.044         0.054         0.13         21.4           20450         829.0         25         bottom         24.0         23.1         0.040         0.050         0.025         0.030         -0.17         21.4           10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK           20450         829.0         0         left         23.0         21.8         1.330         1.753         0.606         0.799         0.05 </td <td>20450</td> <td>829.0</td> <td>25</td> <td>front</td> <td>24.0</td> <td>23.1</td> <td>0.405</td> <td>0.498</td> <td>0.250</td> <td>0.308</td> <td>0.03</td> <td>21.4</td>	20450	829.0	25	front	24.0	23.1	0.405	0.498	0.250	0.308	0.03	21.4	
20525 836.5 0 left 24.0 22.8 2.010 2.650 0.952 1.255 -0.01 21.4 20600 844.0 0 left 24.0 22.8 1.490 1.964 0.684 0.902 -0.10 21.4 20450 829.0 25 right 24.0 23.1 0.087 0.107 0.053 0.066 -0.18 21.4 20450 829.0 25 top 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4 10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK 20450 829.0 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.607 0.800 -0.04 21.4 20525 836.5 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.606 0.799 0.05 21.4	20450	829.0	25	back	24.0	23.1	0.363	0.447	0.246	0.303	-0.12	21.4	
20600         844.0         0         left         24.0         22.8         1.490         1.964         0.684         0.902         -0.10         21.4           20450         829.0         25         right         24.0         23.1         0.087         0.107         0.053         0.066         -0.18         21.4           20450         829.0         25         top         24.0         23.1         0.064         0.078         0.044         0.054         0.13         21.4           20450         829.0         25         bottom         24.0         23.1         0.040         0.050         0.025         0.030         -0.17         21.4           10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK           20450         829.0         0         left         23.0         21.8         1.330         1.753         0.607         0.800         -0.04         21.4           20525         836.5         0         left         23.0         21.8         1.330         1.753         0.606         0.799         0.05         21.4	20450	829.0	25	left	24.0	23.1	2.170	2.670	1.020	1.255	-0.03	21.4	
20450 829.0 25 right 24.0 23.1 0.087 0.107 0.053 0.066 -0.18 21.4 20450 829.0 25 top 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4 10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK 20450 829.0 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.607 0.800 -0.04 21.4 20525 836.5 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.606 0.799 0.05 21.4	20525	836.5	0	left	24.0	22.8	2.010	2.650	0.952	1.255	-0.01	21.4	
20450 829.0 25 top 24.0 23.1 0.064 0.078 0.044 0.054 0.13 21.4 20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4 10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK 20450 829.0 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.607 0.800 -0.04 21.4 20525 836.5 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.606 0.799 0.05 21.4	20600	844.0	0	left	24.0	22.8	1.490	1.964	0.684	0.902	-0.10	21.4	
20450 829.0 25 bottom 24.0 23.1 0.040 0.050 0.025 0.030 -0.17 21.4	20450	829.0	25	right	24.0	23.1	0.087	0.107	0.053	0.066	-0.18	21.4	
10MHz BW/25RB/QPSK       20450 829.0 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.607 0.800 -0.04 21.4       20525 836.5 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.606 0.799 0.05 21.4	20450	829.0	25	top	24.0	23.1	0.064	0.078	0.044	0.054	0.13	21.4	
20450         829.0         0         left         23.0         21.8         1.330         1.753         0.607         0.800         -0.04         21.4           20525         836.5         0         left         23.0         21.8         1.330         1.753         0.606         0.799         0.05         21.4	20450	829.0	25	bottom	24.0	23.1	0.040	0.050	0.025	0.030	-0.17	21.4	
20525 836.5 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.330 1.753 0.606 0.799 0.05 21.4					10MF	Hz BW/25RI	3/QPSK						
	20450	829.0	0	left	23.0	21.8	1.330	1.753	0.607	0.800	-0.04	21.4	
20600 844.0 0 left 23.0 21.8 1.220 1.608 0.557 0.734 -0.02 21.4	20525	836.5	0	left	23.0	21.8	1.330	1.753	0.606	0.799	0.05	21.4	
	20600	844.0	0	left	23.0	21.8	1.220	1.608	0.557	0.734	-0.02	21.4	

Table 35: Test results SAR LTE (see max. SAR plot in Annex B.1: SAR results UMTS & LTE.)



meas	sured /	extrap	olated S/	AR numbe	rs - Limb -	LTE FI	DD 12 7	00 MHz	z - 0 mm	dista	nce
	Freq.	RB			nax (dBm)				(W/kg)		liquid
Ch.	(MHz)	offset	Position	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)
				10MF	z BW/1RB	/QPSK					
23130	711.0	25	front	22.5	22.0	0.341	0.383	0.229	0.257	0.01	21.4
23130	711.0	25	back	22.5	22.0	0.724	0.812	0.413	0.463	0.04	21.4
23060	704.0	25	left	22.5	21.8	1.250	1.469	0.616	0.724	-0.02	21.4
23095	707.5	25	left	22.5	21.4	1.300	1.675	0.640	0.824	-0.10	21.4
23130	711.0	25	left	22.5	22.0	1.400	1.571	0.683	0.766	-0.19	21.4
23130	711.0	25	right	22.5	22.0	0.461	0.517	0.304	0.341	-0.17	21.4
23130	711.0	25	top	22.5	22.0	0.062	0.070	0.043	0.048	80.0	21.4
23130	711.0	25	bottom	22.5	22.0	0.091	0.102	0.053	0.060	-0.12	21.4
					z BW/25RB	3/QPSK	•				
23060	704.0	13	left	22.0	20.6	0.978	1.350	0.488	0.674	-0.15	21.4
23095	707.5	13	left	22.0	20.5	0.906	1.280	0.445	0.629	0.07	21.4
23130	711.0	13	left	22.0	20.8	0.963	1.269	0.466	0.614	0.04	21.4
meas	sured /	extrap		AR numbe	rs - Limb -	LTE FI	DD 13 7	50 MHz	2 - 0 mm	dista	nce
	Freq.	extrap RB	olated S	AR numbe cond. Pn	rs - Limb -	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	<b>DD 13 7</b> (W/kg)	50 MHz SAR <sub>10g</sub>	z - 0 mm (W/kg)	dista P <sub>drift</sub>	<b>nce</b> liquid
Ch.		extrap		AR numbe cond. Pn declared*	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured	SAR <sub>1g</sub> meas.	<b>DD 13 7</b> (W/kg)	50 MHz	z - 0 mm (W/kg)	dista	nce
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	extrap RB offset	Position	cond. Pndeclared*	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0	SAR <sub>1g</sub> meas. QPSK	OD 13 7 (W/kg) extrap.	SAR <sub>10g</sub> meas.	z - 0 mm (W/kg) extrap.	Pdrift (dB)	nce liquid (°C)
Ch.	Freq. (MHz) 782.0	RB offset	Position front	cond. Pn declared* 5MH 23.0	rs - Limb - hax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1	SAR <sub>1g</sub> meas. QPSK 0.342	OD 13 7 (W/kg) extrap.	<b>50 MHz SAR</b> <sub>10g</sub> meas.	<b>c - 0 mm</b> (W/kg) extrap.	P <sub>drift</sub> (dB)	nce liquid (°C)
Ch. 23230 23230	Freq. (MHz) 782.0 782.0	RB offset	Position  front back	AR numbe cond. P <sub>n</sub> declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - max (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1	SAR <sub>1g</sub> meas. QPSK 0.342 0.463	OD 13 7 (W/kg) extrap. 0.421 0.570	SAR <sub>109</sub> meas.  0.211 0.298	2 - 0 mm (W/kg) extrap. 0.260 0.367	Pdrift (dB) -0.17 -0.12	liquid (°C) 21.4 21.4
Ch. 23230 23230 23205	Freq. (MHz) 782.0 782.0 779.5	RB offset  13 13 13	Position  front back left	AR numbe cond. Pn declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0	SAR <sub>1g</sub> meas.  QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570	0.421 0.570 0.977	50 MHz SAR <sub>109</sub> meas. 0.211 0.298 0.738	0.260 0.367 0.929	Pdrift (dB) -0.17 -0.12 0.03	liquid (°C) 21.4 21.4 21.4
Ch. 23230 23230 23205 23230	Freq. (MHz)  782.0  782.0  779.5  782.0	RB offset  13 13 13 13	Position  front back left left	AR numbe cond. Pn declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas. QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005	50 MHz SAR <sub>10g</sub> meas. 0.211 0.298 0.738 <b>0.762</b>	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937	-0.17 -0.12 0.03	liquid (°C) 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
Ch. 23230 23230 23205 23230 23255	782.0 782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5	RB offset  13 13 13 13 13	front back left left	AR numbe cond. P <sub>n</sub> declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas. QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 2.056	50 MHz SAR <sub>10g</sub> meas. 0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.732	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965	-0.17 -0.12 0.03 -0.04 0.13	1 liquid (°C) 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
23230 23230 23205 23230 23255 23230	782.0 782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5 782.0	RB offset  13 13 13 13 13 13	Position  front back left left right	AR numbe cond. Pn declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8 22.1	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas.  QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560 0.085	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 0.105	0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.058	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965 0.071	O.03 -0.13 -0.08 -0.08	21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
Ch.  23230 23230 23205 23230 23255 23230 23230	782.0 782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5 782.0 782.0	RB offset  13 13 13 13 13 13	front back left left right top	AR numbe cond. Pn declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8 22.1 22.1	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas.  QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560 0.085 0.050	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 2.056 0.105 0.062	0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.058 0.036	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965 0.071 0.045	O.03 -0.04 -0.13 -0.08 -0.11	21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
23230 23230 23205 23230 23255 23230	782.0 782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5 782.0	RB offset  13 13 13 13 13 13	Position  front back left left right	AR numbe cond. P <sub>n</sub> declared* 5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8 22.1 22.1 22.1 22.1	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas. QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560 0.085 0.050 0.023	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 0.105	0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.058	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965 0.071	O.03 -0.13 -0.08 -0.08	21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
Ch.  23230 23230 23205 23230 23255 23230 23230 23230	782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5 782.0 782.0 782.0	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	front back left left right top bottom	AR number cond. Pn declared*  5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8 22.1 22.1 22.1 22.1 22.1	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas.  QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560 0.085 0.050 0.023	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 2.056 0.105 0.062 0.028	0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.732 0.058 0.036 0.014	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965 0.071 0.045 0.017	-0.17 -0.12 0.03 -0.04 0.13 0.08 0.11 -0.19	21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
Ch.  23230 23230 23205 23230 23230 23230 23230 23230	782.0 782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5 782.0 782.0 782.0	RB offset  13 13 13 13 13 13 13 7	front back left left top bottom	AR number cond. Pn declared*  5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8 22.1 22.1 22.1 22.1 20.9	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas.  QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560 0.085 0.050 0.023 /QPSK 1.320	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 2.056 0.105 0.062 0.028	0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.058 0.036 0.014	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965 0.071 0.045 0.017	O.06 Pdrift (dB) -0.17 -0.12 0.03 -0.04 0.13 0.08 0.11 -0.19	21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4
Ch.  23230 23230 23205 23230 23255 23230 23230 23230	782.0 782.0 779.5 782.0 784.5 782.0 782.0 782.0	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	front back left left right top bottom	AR number cond. Pn declared*  5MH 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	rs - Limb - nax (dBm) measured z BW/1RB/0 22.1 22.1 22.0 22.1 21.8 22.1 22.1 22.1 22.1 22.1	SAR <sub>19</sub> meas.  QPSK 0.342 0.463 1.570 1.630 1.560 0.085 0.050 0.023	0.421 0.570 1.977 2.005 2.056 0.105 0.062 0.028	0.211 0.298 0.738 0.762 0.732 0.058 0.036 0.014	0.260 0.367 0.929 0.937 0.965 0.071 0.045 0.017	-0.17 -0.12 0.03 -0.04 0.13 0.08 0.11 -0.19	21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4 21.4

Table 36: Test results SAR LTE (see max. SAR plot in Annex B.1: SAR results UMTS & LTE.)

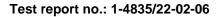
<sup>\* -</sup> maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer.



me	measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - Limb - LTE FDD 25 1900 MHz - 0 mm distance  Ch. Freq. RB Position Cond. Pmax (dBm) SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg) Pdrift liquid													
Ch			Position	cond. Pn	nax (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	(W/kg)	Pdrift				
OH.	(MHz)	offset	1 OSITION	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)			
				10M	Hz BW/1RB	/QPSK								
26640	1910.0	25	front	24.0	23.2	0.203	0.244	0.117	0.141	-0.17	20.5			
26640	1910.0	25	back	24.0	23.2	0.953	1.146	0.471	0.566	0.06	20.5			
26090	1855.0	25	left	24.0	23.1	1.140	1.403	0.654	0.805	-0.18	20.5			
26365	1882.5	25	left	24.0	22.8	1.170	1.542	0.670	0.883	0.09	20.5			
26640	1910.0	25	left	24.0	23.2	1.100	1.322	0.619	0.744	-0.19	20.5			
26640	1910.0	25	right	24.0	23.2	0.087	0.105	0.035	0.042	0.04	20.5			
26640	1910.0	25	top	24.0	23.2	0.023	0.027	0.013	0.016	0.15	20.5			
26640	1910.0	25	bottom	24.0	23.2	0.168	0.202	0.088	0.106	-0.12	20.5			
				10MF	Hz BW/25RE	3/QPSK	•							
26090	1855.0	13	left	24.0	22.1	0.904	1.400	0.518	0.802	-0.13	20.5			
26365	1882.5	0	left	24.0	22.0	0.951	1.507	0.537	0.851	0.16	20.5			
26640	1910.0	0	left	24.0	22.1	0.901	1.395	0.505	0.782	-0.18	20.5			
me	easured	/ extra	polated S	SAR numb	ers - Limb -	LTE FI	DD 26 85	50 MHz	- 0 mm o	distan	ce			
Ch.	Freq.	RB	Position	cond. P <sub>n</sub>	<sub>nax</sub> (dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10</sub>	(W/kg)	Pdrift	liquid			
OII.	(MHz)	offset	1 OSITION	declared*	measured	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)			
				10M	Hz BW/1RB	/QPSK								
26865	831.5	49	front	23.5	22.8	0.502	0.590	0.309	0.363	0.04	21.4			
26865	831.5	49	back	23.5	22.8	0.423	0.497	0.272	0.320	0.01	21.4			
26740	819.0	49	left	23.5	22.8	1.940	2.279	0.929	1.091	-0.03	21.4			
26865	831.5	49	left	23.5	22.8	1.930	2.268	0.928	1.090	-0.14	21.4			
26989	843.9	49	left	23.5	22.8	1.630	1.915	0.774	0.909	-0.12	21.4			
26865	831.5	49	right	23.5	22.8	0.135	0.159	0.082	0.097	-0.02	21.4			
26865	831.5	49	top	23.5	22.8	0.070	0.083	0.047	0.055	-0.13	21.4			
26865	831.5	49	bottom	23.5	22.8	0.038	0.044	0.024	0.028	0.14	21.4			
				10MF	tz BW/25RE	3/QPSK	,							
26765	821.5	25	left	22.5	21.6	1.449	1.783	0.698	0.859	0.07	21.4			
26865	831.5	25	left	22.5	21.6	1.460	1.796	0.687	0.845	0.02	21.4			
26965	841.5	25	left	22.5	21.6	1.330	1.636	0.628	0.773	-0.05	21.4			

Table 37: Test results SAR LTE (see max. SAR plot in Annex B.1: SAR results UMTS & LTE.)

<sup>\* -</sup> maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer.





m	easured	l / extra	apolated	SAR numb	ers - lir	nb - Blu	etooth 2	2450 MI		n dista	ince
Ch.	Freq.	test	Position	cond. P <sub>max</sub>	(dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	SAR <sub>10</sub>	g (W/kg)	P <sub>drift</sub>	liquid
OII.	(MHz)	cond.	1 OSITION	declared*	meas.	meas.	extrap.	meas.	extrap.	(dB)	(°C)
0	2402	DH5	front	9.0	8.1	0.126	0.155	0.065	0.080	0.05	21.3
39	2441	DH5	front	9.0	8.1	0.029	0.036	0.014	0.017	-0.03	21.3
78	2480	DH5	front	2.0	1.0	0.030	0.038	0.015	0.019	0.07	21.3
0	2402	DH5	back	8.0	7.1	0.026	0.032	0.014	0.017	0.05	21.3
0	2402	DH5	left	9.0	8.1	0.009	0.011	0.004	0.005	0.06	21.3
0	2402	DH5	right	9.0	8.1	0.112	0.138	0.051	0.063	0.17	21.3
0	2402	DH5	top	9.0	8.1	0.007	0.009	0.004	0.005	-0.08	21.3
0	2402	DH5	bottom	9.0	8.1	0.016	0.020	0.009	0.011	0.19	21.3

Table 38: Test results SAR BT 2450 MHz (see max. SAR plot Annex B.2: SAR results BT & WLAN page 92)

		measure	ed / extra	polated SA	R numb	oers - li	mb - WL	AN 245	0 MHz	- 0 mm c	distance	е	
	Freq.	test		cond. P <sub>max</sub>	(dBm)	SA	R <sub>1g</sub> (W/	(g)	SA	R <sub>10g</sub> (W/I	kg)	Pdrift	liquid
Ch.	(MHz)	cond.	Position	declared*	meas.	meas.	extrap.	100% DF	meas.	extrap.	100% DF	(dB)	(°C)
6	2437	6Mbit/s	front	14.0	13.7	0.013	0.014	0.014	0.006	0.006	0.007	-0.05	22.2
6	2437	6Mbit/s	back	14.0	13.7	0.011	0.012	0.012	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.08	22.2
1	2412	6Mbit/s	left	12.0	11.7	0.034	0.036	0.037	0.016	0.017	0.017	-0.06	22.2
6	2437	6Mbit/s	left	14.0	13.7	0.029	0.031	0.032	0.014	0.015	0.015	-0.04	22.2
11	2462	6Mbit/s	left	12.0	11.5	0.028	0.031	0.032	0.012	0.013	0.014	0.05	22.2
6	2437	6Mbit/s	right	14.0	13.7	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.18	22.2
6	2437	6Mbit/s	top	14.0	13.7	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.13	22.2
6	2437	6Mbit/s	bottom	14.0	13.7	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.12	22.2

Table 39: Test results SAR WLAN 2450 MHz (see max. SAR plot Annex B.2: SAR results BT & WLAN)

	measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - limb - WLAN 5 GHz - 0 mm distance												
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	test cond.	Position	cond. P <sub>max</sub> (dBm)		SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)			SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)			Pdrift	liquid
				declared*	meas.	meas.	extrap.	100% DF	meas.	extrap.	100% DF	(dB)	(°C)
44	5220	6Mbit/s	front	11.0	10.0	0.092	0.116	0.118	0.029	0.037	0.037	-0.17	22.1
44	5220	6Mbit/s	back	11.0	10.0	0.044	0.055	0.057	0.019	0.024	0.024	0.10	22.1
36	5180	6Mbit/s	left	11.0	10.0	0.207	0.261	0.266	0.064	0.081	0.082	-0.07	22.1
44	5220	6Mbit/s	left	11.0	10.0	0.345	0.434	0.443	0.086	0.108	0.110	-0.05	22.1
52	5260	6Mbit/s	left	11.0	9.9	0.235	0.303	0.309	0.073	0.094	0.096	-0.04	22.1
64	5320	6Mbit/s	left	11.0	9.9	0.375	0.483	0.493	0.009	0.012	0.012	-0.04	22.1
104	5520	6Mbit/s	left	9.0	8.2	0.202	0.243	0.248	0.076	0.091	0.093	-0.06	22.1
124	5620	6Mbit/s	left	9.0	8.0	0.266	0.335	0.342	0.077	0.097	0.099	-0.07	22.1
136	5680	6Mbit/s	left	9.0	7.9	0.197	0.254	0.259	0.074	0.095	0.097	0.02	22.1
149	5745	6Mbit/s	left	9.0	8.0	0.203	0.256	0.261	0.074	0.093	0.095	-0.04	22.1
161	5805	6Mbit/s	left	9.0	7.8	0.238	0.314	0.320	0.073	0.096	0.098	0.04	22.1
44	5220	6Mbit/s	right	11.0	10.0	0.010	0.013	0.013	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.03	22.1
44	5220	6Mbit/s	top	11.0	10.0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.04	22.1
44	5220	6Mbit/s	bottom	11.0	10.0	0.015	0.019	0.019	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.05	22.1

Table 40: Test results body worn SAR WLAN 5GHz (see max. SAR plot Annex B.2: SAR results BT & WLAN)

<sup>\* -</sup> maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer



## 8.2.3 Multiple Transmitter Information

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05.

reported S	SAR <b>WWAN</b> 8	and <b>WLAN</b> ,	ΣSAR ev	valuation	
Frequency band	Position	SAF	ΣSAR		
Frequency band	FUSITION	WWAN	BT	WLAN	<4W/kg
UMTS FDD II	front	0.179	0.080	0.037	0.296
	back	0.667	0.017	0.024	0.708
	left	0.887	0.005	0.110	1.002
	right	0.103	0.063	0.005	0.171
	top	0.036	0.005	0.000	0.041
	bottom	0.134	0.011	0.008	0.153
UMTS FDD IV	front	0.448	0.080	0.037	0.565
	back	0.670	0.017	0.024	0.711
	left	1.369	0.005	0.110	1.484
	right	0.299	0.063	0.005	0.367
	top	0.059	0.005	0.000	0.064
	bottom	0.225	0.011	0.008	0.244
WCDMA FDD V	front	0.340	0.080	0.037	0.457
	back	0.257	0.017	0.024	0.298
	left	1.184	0.005	0.110	1.299
	right	0.068	0.063	0.005	0.136
	top	0.047	0.005	0.000	0.052
	bottom	0.022	0.011	0.008	0.041
LTE FDD 2	front	0.122	0.080	0.037	0.239
	back	0.663	0.017	0.024	0.704
	left	0.813	0.005	0.110	0.928
	right	0.082	0.063	0.005	0.150
	top	0.018	0.005	0.000	0.023
	bottom	0.098	0.011	0.008	0.117
LTE FDD 4	front	0.332	0.080	0.037	0.449
	back	0.591	0.017	0.024	0.632
	left	1.313	0.005	0.110	1.428
	right	0.212	0.063	0.005	0.280
	top	0.040	0.005	0.000	0.045
	bottom	0.217	0.011	0.008	0.236
LTE FDD 5	front	0.308	0.080	0.037	0.425
	back	0.303	0.017	0.024	0.344
	left	1.255	0.005	0.110	1.370
	right	0.066	0.063	0.005	0.134
	top	0.054	0.005	0.000	0.059
	bottom	0.030	0.011	0.008	0.049



reported SAR <b>WWAN</b> and <b>WLAN</b> , <b>ΣSAR</b> evaluation						
Frequency	Docition	S	ΣSAR			
band	Position	WWAN	BT	WLAN	<4W/kg	
LTE FDD 12	front	0.257	0.080	0.037	0.374	
	back	0.463	0.017	0.024	0.504	
	left	0.824	0.005	0.110	0.939	
	right	0.341	0.063	0.005	0.409	
	top	0.048	0.005	0.000	0.053	
	bottom	0.060	0.011	0.008	0.079	
LTE FDD 13	front	0.260	0.080	0.037	0.377	
	back	0.367	0.017	0.024	0.408	
	left	0.965	0.005	0.110	1.080	
	right	0.071	0.063	0.005	0.139	
	top	0.045	0.005	0.000	0.050	
	bottom	0.017	0.011	0.008	0.036	
LTE FDD 25	front	0.141	0.080	0.037	0.258	
	back	0.566	0.017	0.024	0.607	
	left	0.883	0.005	0.110	0.998	
	right	0.042	0.063	0.005	0.110	
	top	0.016	0.005	0.000	0.021	
	bottom	0.106	0.011	0.008	0.125	
LTE FDD 26	front	0.363	0.080	0.037	0.480	
	back	0.320	0.017	0.024	0.361	
	left	1.091	0.005	0.110	1.206	
	right	0.097	0.063	0.005	0.165	
	top	0.055	0.005	0.000	0.060	
	bottom	0.028	0.011	0.008	0.047	

Table 41: SAR $_{max}$  WWAN, WLAN and Bluetooth,  $\Sigma$ SAR evaluation

### **Conclusion:**

 $\Sigma$ SAR < 4 W/kg, therefore simultaneous transmissions SAR measurement with the enlarged zoom scan measurement and volume scan post-processing procedures is **not** required.



### 8.2.4 SAR correction for deviations of complex permittivity from targets

The max reported SAR values are once more corrected wherever the deviation of the liquid parameters is larger than ± 5%.

### According IEC / IEEE 62209-1528 chapter 7.8.2 SAR correction formula

there is a linear relationship between the percentage change in SAR (denoted  $\Delta$ SAR) and the percentage change in the permittivity and conductivity from the target values (denoted  $\Delta\epsilon_r$  and  $\Delta\sigma$ , respectively). The relationship is given by:

$$\Delta SAR = C \epsilon \Delta \epsilon r + C \sigma \Delta \sigma$$

#### where

 $c_{\epsilon} = \partial \left(\Delta SAR\right) \partial \left(\Delta \epsilon\right)$  is the coefficient representing the sensitivity of SAR to permittivity where SAR is normalized to output power;

 $c\sigma = \partial \left(\Delta SAR\right) \partial \left(\Delta \sigma\right)$  is the coefficient representing the sensitivity of SAR to conductivity, where SAR is normalized to output power.

The values of  $c_{\epsilon}$  and  $c_{\sigma}$  have a simple relationship with frequency that can be described using polynomial equations. For dipole antennas at frequencies from 4 MHz to 6 GHz, the **1 g averaged SAR**  $c_{\epsilon}$  and  $c_{\sigma}$  are given by

$$c_{\varepsilon} = -7.854 \times 10^{-4} \times f^3 + 9.402 \times 10^{-3} \times f^2 - 2.742 \times 10^{-2} \times f - 0.2026$$
  
 $c_{\sigma} = 9.804 \times 10^{-3} \times f^3 - 8.661 \times 10^{-2} \times f^2 + 2.981 \times 10^{-2} \times f + 0.7829$ 

where f is the frequency in GHz. Above 6 GHz, the sensitivity is non-varying with frequency due to the small penetration depth; the values of  $c_{\epsilon} = -0.198$  and  $c_{\sigma} = 0$  shall be used.

For frequencies from 4 MHz to 6 GHz, the 10 g averaged SAR cε and cσ are given by:

$$ce = 3.456 \times 10^{-3} \times f^3 - 3.531 \times 10^{-2} \times f^2 + 7.675 \times 10^{-2} \times f - 0.1860$$
  
 $co = 4.479 \times 10^{-3} \times f^3 - 1.586 \times 10^{-2} \times f^2 - 0.1972 \times f + 0.7717$ 

where f is the frequency in GHz. Above 6 GHz, the sensitivity is non-varying with frequency due to the small penetration depth; the values of  $c_{\epsilon} = -0.250$  and  $c_{\sigma} = 0$  shall be used.

#### NOTE:

The Tables in the uncertainties of this report are updated accordingly with the values from table 6 – Root-mean-squared error SAR correction formula as a function of the maximum change in permittivity or conductivity:

Max. change in $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ or $\sigma$	RMS uncertainty for SAR1g %	RMS uncertainty for SAR10g %		
±5 %	1,2	0,97		
±10 %	1,9	1,6		

#### NOTE:

The DASY software is capable of directly correcting the measured values according to the above-described procedure, fully compliant to IEC / IEEE 62209-1528, so that no further evaluation is necessary.



## 9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Frequency (months)
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	3944	May 17, 2022	12
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	7566	August 16, 2021	12
750 MHz System Validation Dipole	D750V3	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1041	May 7, 2020	36
	D835V2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	4d153	May 7, 2020	36
1750 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1750V2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1093	May 14, 2021	36
1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1900V2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	5d009	May 8, 2020	36
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	710	May 11, 2022	36
5 GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1055	May 11, 2021	36
	DAE3V1	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	477	May 16, 2022	12
Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1387	August 06, 2021	12
Software	DASY52 52.10.4.1527	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG		N/A	
Software	DASY6	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG		N/A	
SAM Twin Phantom V8.0	QD 000 P40 C	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1977/ 1043	N/A	
Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	Rohde & Schwarz	170616	September 16, 2021	24
Network Analyser 300 kHz to 6 GHz	8753ES	Agilent Technologies)*	US39174 436	December 14, 2021	24
Dielectric Probe Kit	85033D	Hewlett Packard	3423A060 60	January 04, 2021	12
Dielectric Assessment Kit (DAK)	DAK 200MHz – 20GHz Package	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1127	N/A	
Signal Generator	8671B	Hewlett Packard	2823A006 56	December 14, 2021	12
Signal Generator	SML03	Rohde & Schwarz	102519	December 06, 2021	12
RF Power Amplifier	BLMA 0760-6 (6 Watt)	BONN Elektronik	1510273	N/A	
Power Meter	NRP	Rohde & Schwarz	101367	December 07, 2021	12
Power Meter Sensor	NRP Z22	Rohde & Schwarz	100227	December 06, 2021	12
Power Meter Sensor	NRP Z22	Rohde & Schwarz	100234	December 06, 2021	12
Directional Coupler	778D	Hewlett Packard	19171	December 06, 2021	12

<sup>)\*:</sup> Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

### 10 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.



## Annex A: System performance check

Date/Time: 17.01.2023 07:14:30

## SystemPerformanceCheck-D750 HSL 2023-01-17

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1041** 

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D750 (750.0 MHz); Frequency: 750

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.878 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_f = 40.888$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7566; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022

- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

## MSL750/d=15mm, Pin=1000 mW, dist=1.4mm/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

## MSL750/d=15mm, Pin=1000 mW, dist=1.4mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

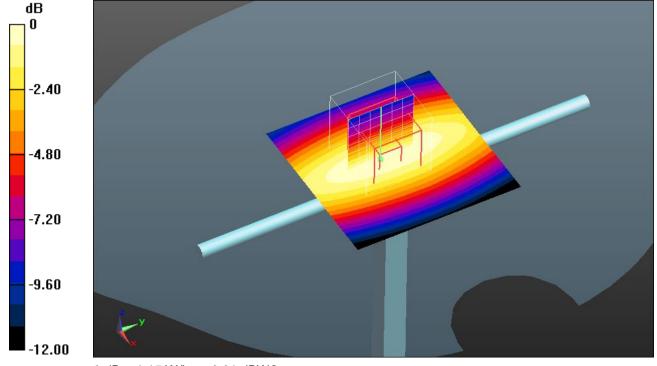
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.861 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



0 dB = 1.15 W/kg = 0.61 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm

ambient temperature: 22.9°C; liquid temperature: 21.4°C



Date/Time: 18.01.2023 12:54:15

## SystemPerformanceCheck-D835 HSL 2023-01-18

**DUT: Dipole 850 MHz; Type: D850V2; Serial: 4d153** 

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.907$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.67$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.02, 10.02, 10.02) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 26.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

## HSL900/d=15mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=1.4mm/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 W/kg

## HSL900/d=15mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=1.4mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 40.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

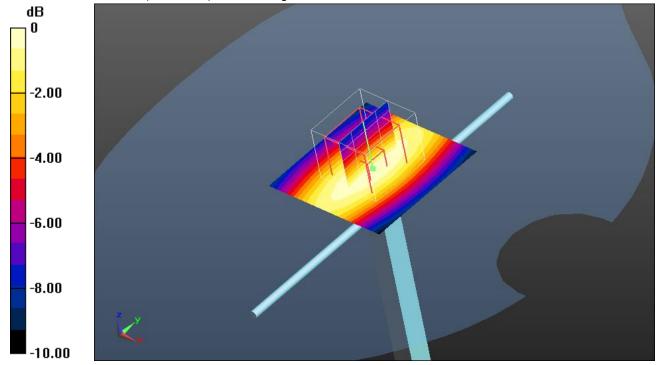
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.658 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 17.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg = 1.30 dBW/kg

### **Additional information:**

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm

ambient temperature: 22.9°C; liquid temperature: 21.4°C



Date/Time: 12.01.2023 10:02:11

## SystemPerformanceCheck-D1750 HSL 2023-01-12

DUT: D1750; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1093

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D1750 (1750.0 MHz); Frequency: 1750

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.347$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.176$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.65, 8.65, 8.65) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

## HSL1750/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=1.4mm/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.43 W/kg

## HSL1750/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=1.4mm/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

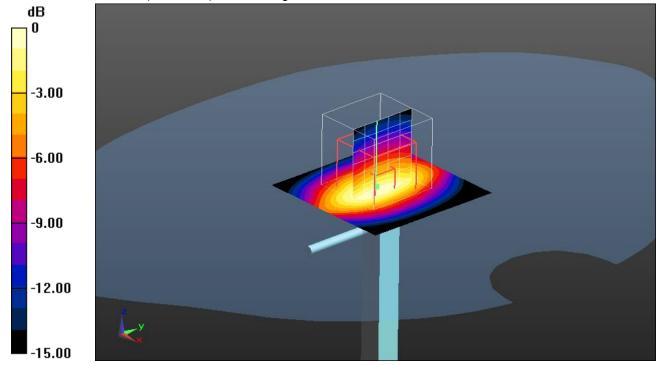
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.83 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.27 W/kg



0 dB = 5.27 W/kg = 7.22 dBW/kg

### **Additional information:**

ambient temperature: 22.1°C; liquid temperature: 20.2°C



Date/Time: 13.01.2023 09:50:04

## SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 HSL 2023-01-13

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009** 

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.979$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

## HSL1900/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=1.4mm/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.29 W/kg

## HSL1900/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=1.4mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

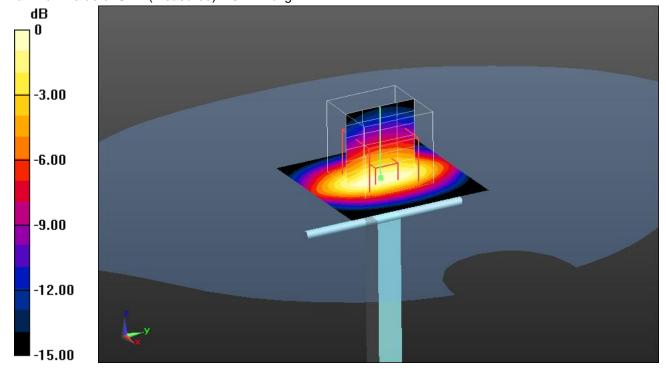
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.24 W/kg



0 dB = 5.24 W/kg = 7.19 dBW/kg

#### **Additional information:**

ambient temperature: 22.1°C; liquid temperature: 20.5°C



Date/Time: 2022-12-21, 08:29 2022-12-21, 08:37

# SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450

DUT: Dipole; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN710

Communication System: CW; Communication System Frequency: 2450.0 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

# HBBL-600-10000/2450.0MHz/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 40.0 x 80.0

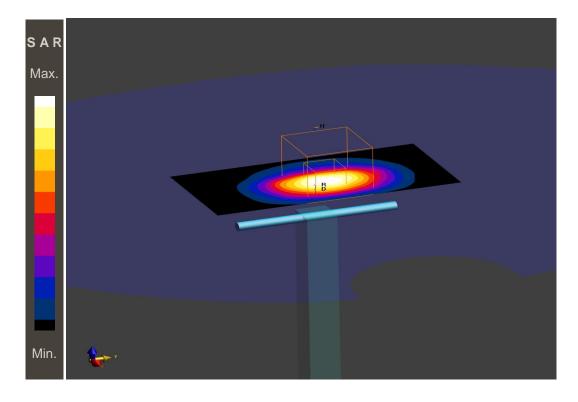
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 5.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.73 W/kg

## HBBL-600-10000/2450.0MHz/Zoom Scan (5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0

Power Drift = -0.00 dB

SAR(1 g) = 5.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 W/kg



#### **Additional information:**



Date/Time: 2022-12-22, 07:22 2022-12-22, 07:30

# SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450

DUT: Dipole; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN710

Communication System: CW; Communication System Frequency: 2450.0 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 1.72 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

# HBBL-600-10000/2450.0MHz/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 40.0 x 80.0

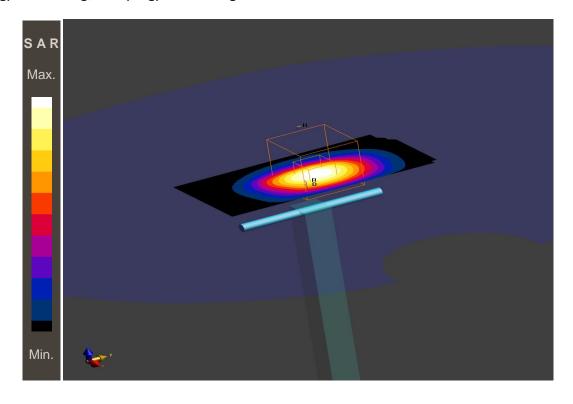
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 5.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kg

## HBBL-600-10000/2450.0MHz/Zoom Scan (5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0

Power Drift = -0.01 dB

SAR(1 g) = 5.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg



#### **Additional information:**



Date/Time: 2022-12-21, 10:04 2022-12-21, 10:13

# SystemPerformanceCheck-D5200

DUT: Dipole; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN1055

Communication System: CW; Communication System Frequency: 5200.0 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 4.39 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

# HBBL-600-10000/5200.0MHz/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 40.0 x 80.0

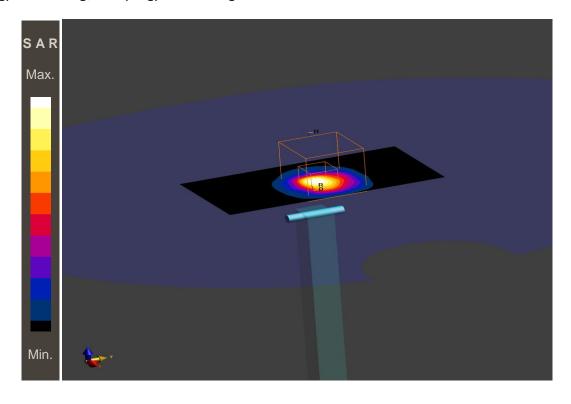
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 7.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

## HBBL-600-10000/5200.0MHz/Zoom Scan (4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0

Power Drift = -0.07 dB

SAR(1 g) = 7.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg



#### **Additional information:**



Date/Time: 2022-12-21, 11:11 2022-12-21, 11:20

# SystemPerformanceCheck-D5500

DUT: Dipole; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN1055

Communication System: CW; Communication System Frequency: 5500.0 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5500.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 4.70 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

# HBBL-600-10000/5500.0MHz/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 40.0 x 80.0

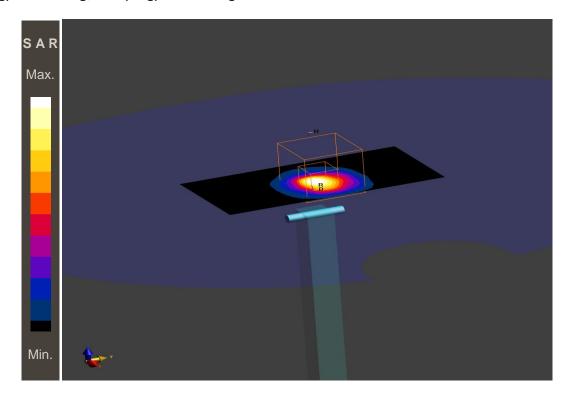
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kg

## HBBL-600-10000/5500.0MHz/Zoom Scan (4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0

Power Drift = 0.00 dB

SAR(1 g) = 8.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg



#### **Additional information:**



Date/Time: 2022-12-21, 11:38 2022-12-21, 11:48

# SystemPerformanceCheck-D5800

DUT: Dipole; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN1055

Communication System: CW; Communication System Frequency: 5800.0 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5800.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 5.03 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4 mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

# HBBL-600-10000/5800.0MHz/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 40.0 x 80.0

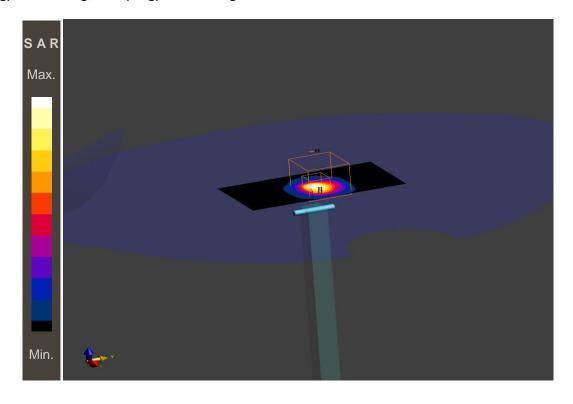
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

## HBBL-600-10000/5800.0MHz/Zoom Scan (4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0

Power Drift = -0.03 dB

SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg



#### **Additional information:**



#### Annex B: DASY measurement results

SAR plots for **the highest measured SAR** in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02

#### Annex B.1: SAR results UMTS & LTE

Date/Time: 13.01.2023 12:11:45

# **IEC IEEE 62209-1528 UMTS FDD II**

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS FDD (0); Communication System Band: UMTS FDD II; Frequency:

1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.409$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.043$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7566; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29) @ 1852.4 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022

- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**Left position - low/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.22 W/kg

# **Left position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

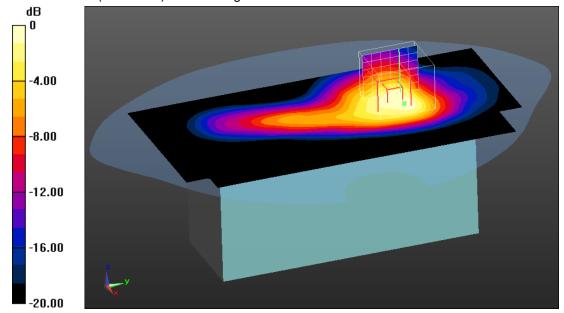
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.809 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 45.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 W/kg



0 dB = 2.19 W/kg = 3.40 dBW/kg

## **Additional information:**

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 12.01.2023 16:39:01

## **IEC IEEE 62209-1528 UMTS FDD IV**

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS FDD (0); Communication System Band: UMTS FDD IV; Frequency:

1732.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.337$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.198$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

dz=5mm

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.65, 8.65, 8.65) @ 1732.4 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

**Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.65 W/kg

# Left position - middle/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm,

Reference Value = 42.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

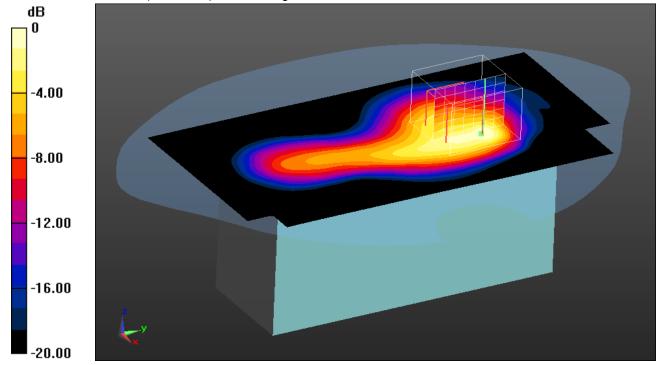
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.22 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 41.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.40 W/kg



0 dB = 3.40 W/kg = 5.31 dBW/kg

## **Additional information:**

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 18.01.2023 11:21:29

# IEC IEEE 62209-1528 UMTS FDD V

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band 5, UTRA/FDD (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 2.91 dB; PMF: 1.00231 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.904$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.692$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.02, 10.02, 10.02) @ 826.4 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# RMC/Left position - low/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.16 W/kg

# RMC/Left position - low/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=6mm,

dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

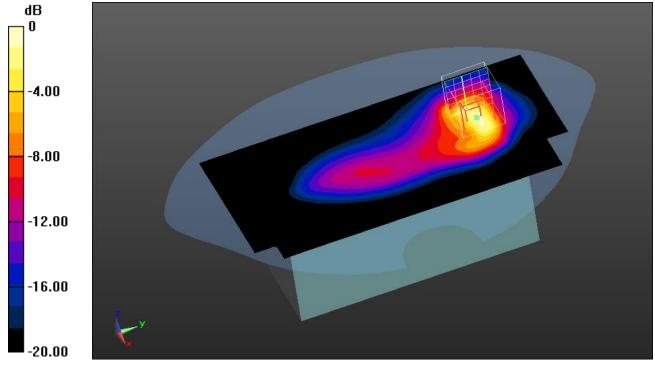
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.985 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 39.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.85 W/kg



0 dB = 3.85 W/kg = 5.85 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 13.01.2023 15:21:42

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 2

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 2 (1900MHz); Frequency:

1855 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1855 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.411$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.04$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29) @ 1855 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - low/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.39 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

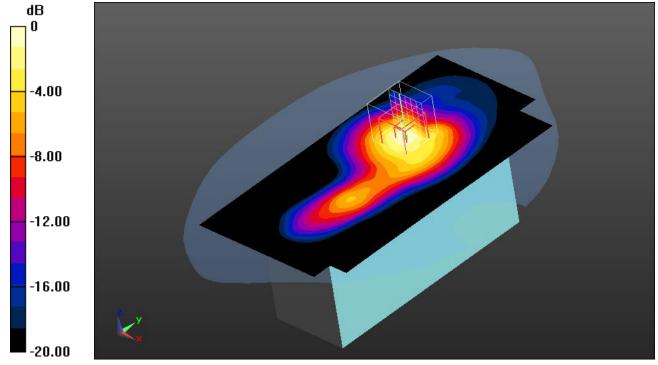
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.715 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 44.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.16 W/kg



0 dB = 2.16 W/kg = 3.34 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 13.01.2023 15:03:22

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 2

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 2 (1900MHz); Frequency:

1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.427$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.006$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.33 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube

**0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 39.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

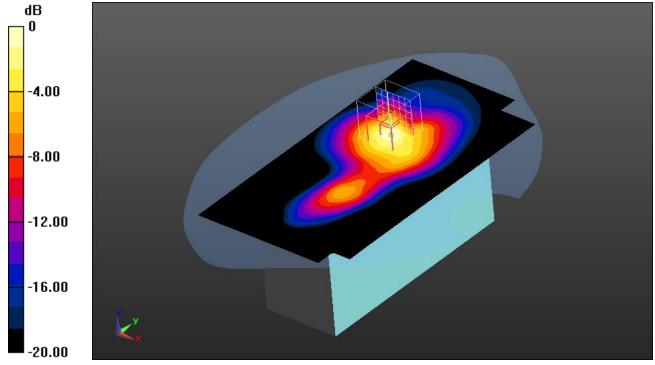
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.708 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 42.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.32 W/kg



0 dB = 2.32 W/kg = 3.65 dBW/kg

#### **Additional information:**

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 12.01.2023 13:10:54

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 4

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 4 (1700MHz); Frequency:

1732.5 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.337 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.198$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.65, 8.65, 8.65) @ 1732.5 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.88 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - middle/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube

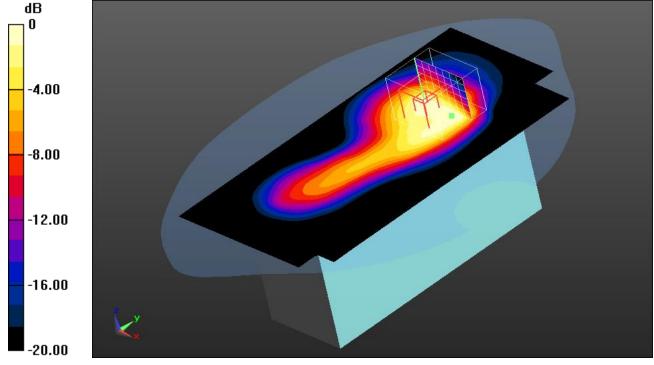
**0:** Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 47.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.17 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 39.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



0 dB = 2.86 W/kg = 4.56 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 18.01.2023 14:41:18

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 5

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 5 (850MHz); Frequency: 829

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 829 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.905 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.685$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.02, 10.02, 10.02) @ 829 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - low/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.17 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - low/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

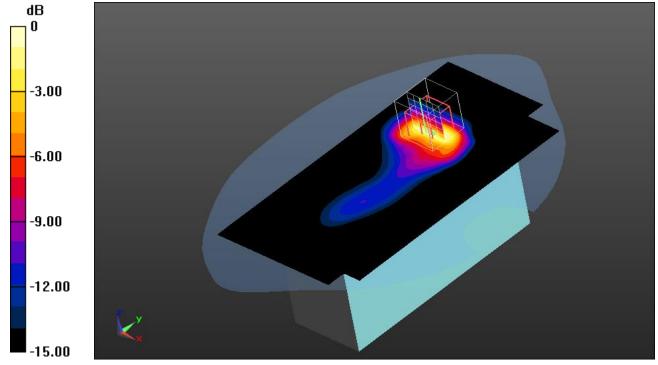
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.02 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.52 W/kg



0 dB = 3.52 W/kg = 5.47 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 18.01.2023 14:55:54

# IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 5

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 5 (850MHz); Frequency:

836.5 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.666$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.02, 10.02, 10.02) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.00 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 0RB offset/Left position - middle/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube

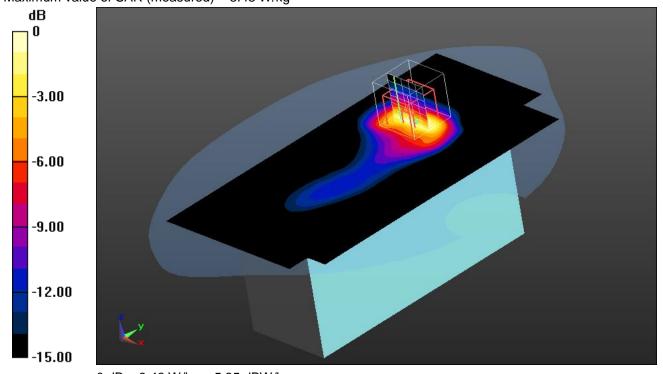
**0:** Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 60.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.952 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 41.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.43 W/kg



0 dB = 3.43 W/kg = 5.35 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 17.01.2023 09:21:40

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 12

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 12 (700MHz); Frequency:

707.5 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.863 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.004$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.21 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - middle/Zoom Scan

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

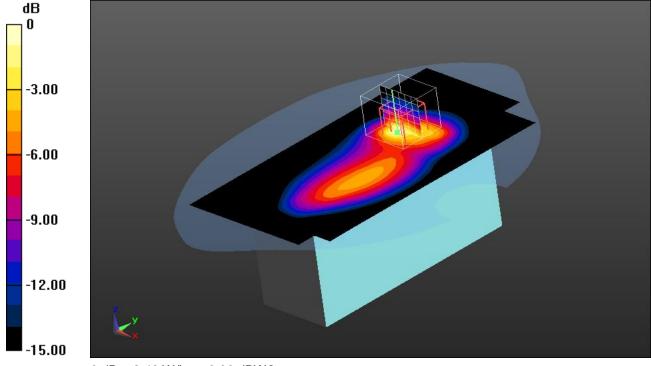
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.640 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 37.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 W/kg



0 dB = 2.49 W/kg = 3.96 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 17.01.2023 09:02:45

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 12

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 12 (700MHz); Frequency: 711

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.864$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.995$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 711 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-

Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - high/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.34 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube

**0:** Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

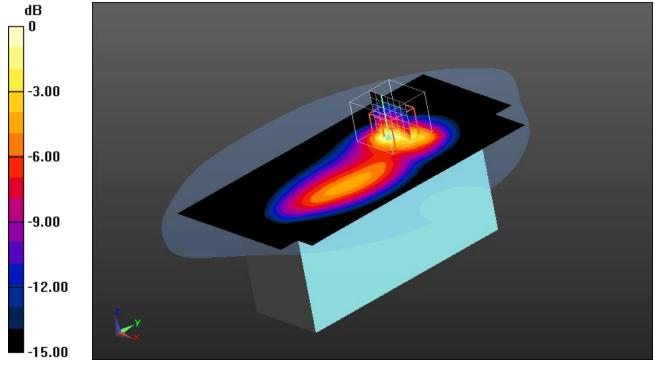
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.683 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 37.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 W/kg



0 dB = 2.56 W/kg = 4.08 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 17.01.2023 12:12:08

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 13

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 13 (700MHz); Frequency: 782

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.889$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.806$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 782 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-

Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 5MHz BW - 1RB - 13RB offset/Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.10 W/kg

# 5MHz BW - 1RB - 13RB offset/Left position - middle/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube

**0:** Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 49.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

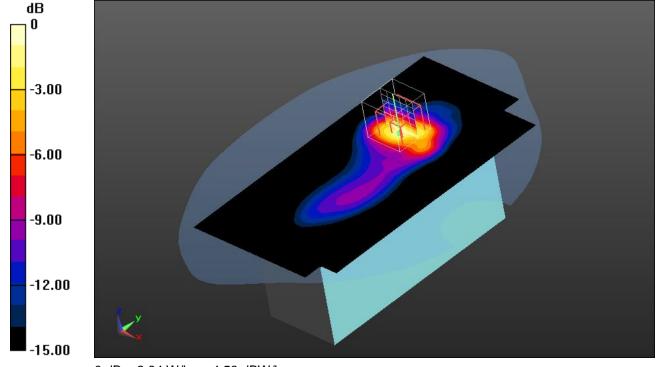
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.762 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 43.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 W/kg



0 dB = 2.84 W/kg = 4.53 dBW/kg

#### **Additional information:**

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 17.01.2023 12:39:46

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 13

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 13 (700MHz); Frequency:

784.5 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 784.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.889 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.799$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 784.5 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 5MHz BW - 1RB - 13RB offset/Left position - high/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.02 W/kg

# 5MHz BW - 1RB - 13RB offset/Left position - high/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

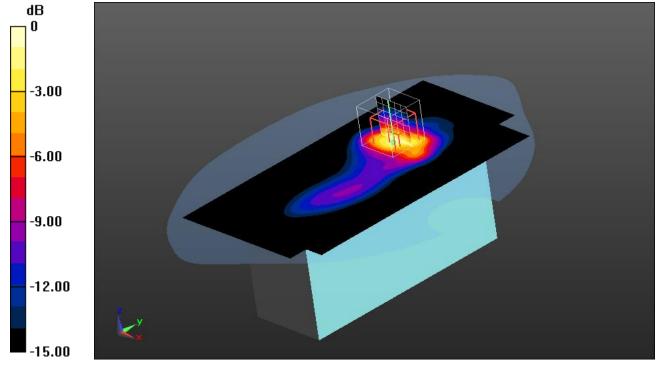
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.732 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 42.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg



0 dB = 2.81 W/kg = 4.49 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 13.01.2023 17:42:54

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 25

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Communication System Band: LTE 25 (1900MHz); Frequency:

1882.5 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1882.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.429 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.003$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29) @ 1882.5 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - middle/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.81 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 25RB offset/Left position - middle/Zoom Scan

(9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

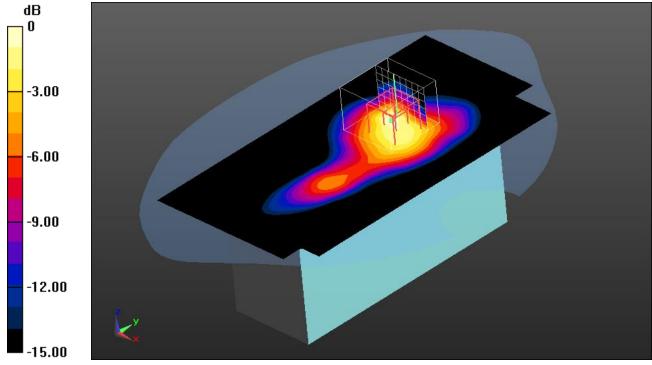
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.670 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 5.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 43.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.93 W/kg



0 dB = 1.93 W/kg = 2.86 dBW/kg

#### Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 18.01.2023 09:19:33

## IEC IEEE 62209-1528 LTE FDD 26

DUT: Ingenico; Type: Move/5000 CL/4G/WiFi/BT; Serial: 22097730320129762445396

Communication System: UID 10175 - CAG, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Communication System Band: Band 26 E-UTRA/FDD (814.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 819 MHz; Communication System PAR:

5.724 dB; PMF: 1.13894

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 819 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.902 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.711$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7566; ConvF(10.02, 10.02, 10.02) @ 819 MHz; Calibrated: 23.08.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1387; Calibrated: 17.08.2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

## 10MHz BW - 1RB - 49RB offset/Left position - low/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.12 W/kg

# 10MHz BW - 1RB - 49RB offset/Left position - low/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=6mm, dy=6mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.91 V/m: Power Drift = -0.03 dB

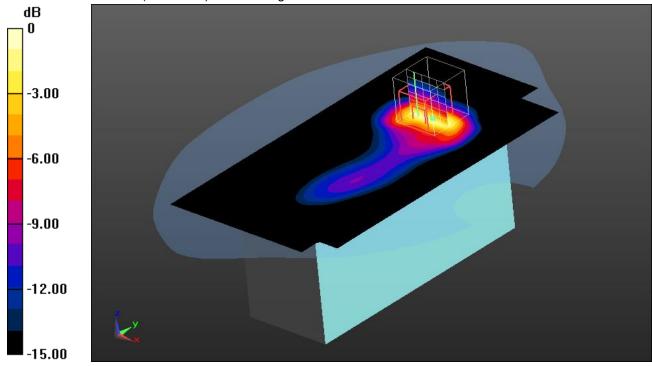
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.929 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 41.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.52 W/kg



0 dB = 3.52 W/kg = 5.47 dBW/kg

## Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



### Annex B.2: SAR results BT & WLAN

Date/Time: 2022-12-21, 16:25 2022-12-21, 16:33

## **IEC-IEEE 62209-1528 BT**

DUT: Ingenico; Type: MOVE/5000; Serial: 221367303091293324901456

Communication System: IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4 GHz

Band; Communication System Frequency: 2402.0 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2402.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 1.74 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

## HBBL-600-10000/FRONT, 0 mm - Channel 0/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 60.0 x 60.0

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 0.126 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg

## HBBL-600-10000/FRONT, 0 mm - Channel 0/Zoom Scan (5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0

Graded Grid: Ratio 1.5 - Distance Sensor to Surface 1.4 mm

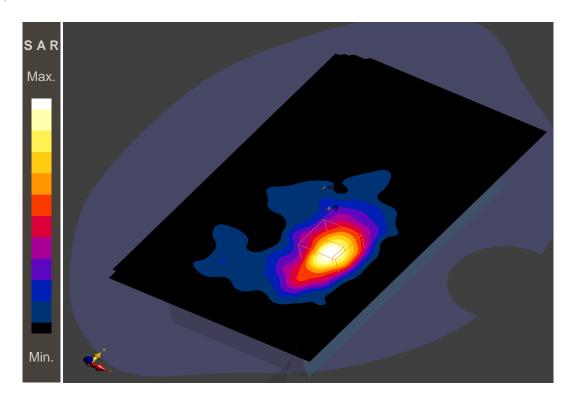
Power Drift = 0.05 dB

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Additional Info for IEC 62209-2 AMD1:

TDist 3dB Peak [mm]: 9.1

M1/M2%: 77.1



## Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 2022-12-22, 14:08 2022-12-22, 14:18

## IEC-IEEE 62209-1528 WLAN 2450MHz FCC

DUT: Ingenico; Type: MOVE/5000; Serial: 221367303091293324901456

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle); Communication System

Band: WLAN 2.4GHz; Communication System Frequency: 2412.0 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2412.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 1.69 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3944; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 2022-05-17
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm
- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;
- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

## HBBL-600-10000/EDGE LEFT, 0 mm - Channel 1/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 100.0 x 200.0

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 0.034 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg

#### HBBL-600-10000/EDGE LEFT, 0 mm - Channel 1/Zoom Scan (5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0

Graded Grid: Ratio 1.5 - Distance Sensor to Surface 1.4 mm

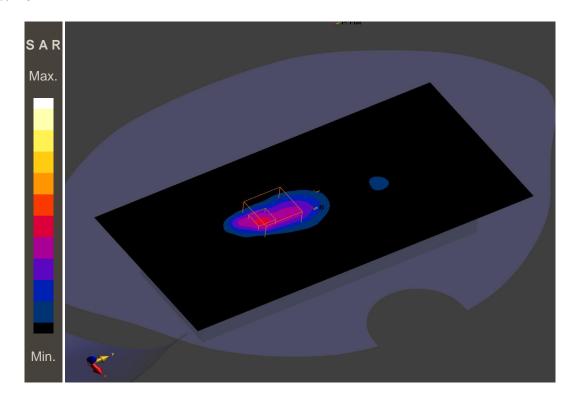
Power Drift = -0.06 dB

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg

Additional Info for IEC 62209-2 AMD1:

TDist 3dB Peak [mm]: 6.1

M1/M2%: 78.7



## Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



Date/Time: 2022-12-21, 21:03 2022-12-21, 21:15

## **IEC-IEEE 62209-1528 WLAN 5GHz**

DUT: Ingenico; Type: MOVE/5000; Serial: 221367303091293324901456

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle); Communication

System Band: WLAN 5GHz; Communication System Frequency: 5220.0 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5220.0 MHz,  $\sigma = 4.41 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom Section: Flat

Measurement Standard: DASY 6

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2022-05-17

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm

- DAE: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2022-05-16

- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt); Serial: 1977;

- Software: cDASY6 (16.2.2.1588)

## HBBL-600-10000/EDGE LEFT, 0 mm - Channel 44/Area Scan (10.0 x 10.0 x 1.0) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 60.0 x 60.0

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg

#### HBBL-600-10000/EDGE LEFT, 0 mm - Channel 44/Zoom Scan (4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4) :

Grid Extents [mm]: 24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0

Graded Grid: Ratio 1.4 - Distance Sensor to Surface 1.4 mm

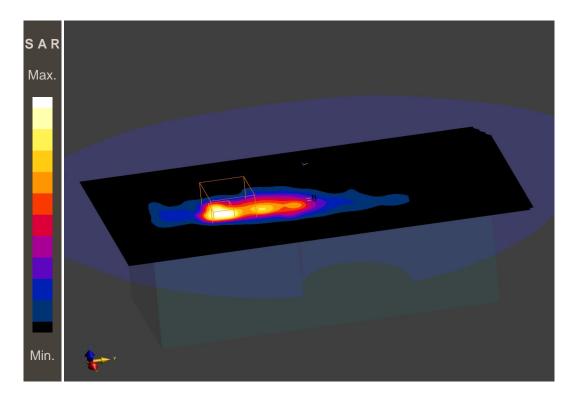
Power Drift = -0.02 dB

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 W/kg

Additional Info for IEC 62209-2 AMD1:

TDist 3dB Peak [mm]: 5.8

M1/M2%: 65.2

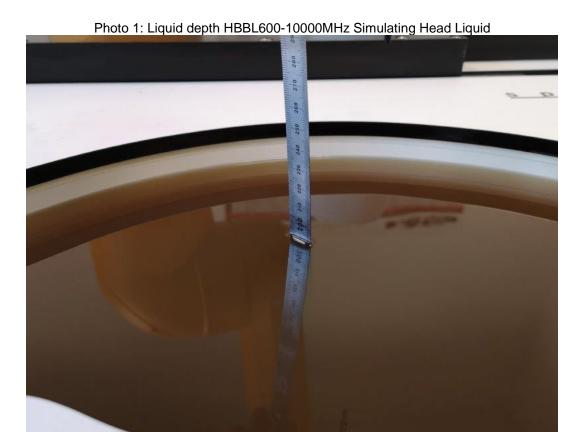


## Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm



# Annex B.3: Liquid depth





## Annex C: Photo documentation

Photo documentation is described in the additional document:

# Appendix to test report no. 1-4835/22-02-06 Photo documentation

## Annex D: Calibration parameters

Calibration parameters are described in the additional document:

Appendix to test report no. 1-4835/22-02-06 Calibration data, Phantom certificate and detail information of the DASY System

## Annex E: RSS-102 Annex A1

ISEDRF documents are described in the additional document:

Appendix to test report no. 1-4835/22-02-06
RF Technical Brief Cover Sheet acc. To RSS-102 Annex A1.



# **Annex F: Document History**

Version	Applied Changes	Date of Release
	Initial Release	2023-01-19

## Annex G: Further Information

#### **Glossary**

BW - Bandwidth

DTS - Distributed Transmission System

DUT - Device under Test EUT - Equipment under Test

FCC - Federal Communication Commission

FCC ID - Company Identifier at FCC

HW - Hardware

Inv. No. - Inventory number

ISED - Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada

LTE - Long Term Evolution

N/A - not applicable

PCE - Personal Consumption Expenditure
OET - Office of Engineering and Technology

RB - resource block(s)
SAR - Specific Absorption Rate

S/N - Serial Number SW - Software

UNII - Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure