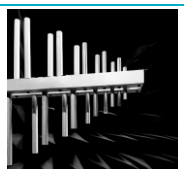
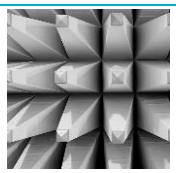




CTC advanced
member of RWTÜV group

Bundesnetzagentur

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-4711_22-01-13

Testing laboratory

CTC advanced GmbH
Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10
66117 Saarbruecken / Germany
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075
Internet: https://www.ctcadvanced.com
e-mail: mail@ctcadvanced.com

Accredited Testing Laboratory:
The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

Applicant

Ingenico
9 Avenue de la Gare Rovaltain
26958 Valence Cedex 9 / FRANCE
Phone: -/-
Contact: Nicolas Jacquemont
e-mail: nicolas.jacquemont@ingenico.com

Manufacturer

Ingenico
9 Avenue de la Gare Rovaltain
26958 Valence Cedex 9 / FRANCE

Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15	FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item:	**Payment Terminal**
Model name:	**Link/2500**
FCC ID:	**XKB–L25CLWIBTV2**
ISED certification number:	**2586D-L25CLWIBTV2**
Frequency:	5150 MHz to 5350 MHz & 5470 MHz to 5850 MHz
Technology tested:	IEEE 802.11 (W-LAN)
Antenna:	Integrated antenna
Power supply:	3.7 V DC by rechargeable Lithium Ion battery
Temperature range:	-10°C to +50°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

cn=Michael Dorongovski, o=CTC advanced GmbH, ou=DOR-210422, email=Michael.Dorongovski@ctcadvanced.com, c=DE
2022.11.24 14:16:17 +01'00'

Michael Dorongovski
Lab Manager
Radio Communications

Test performed:

cn=David Lang, o=CTC advanced GmbH, ou=LNG-211202, email=david.lang@ctcadvanced.com, c=DE
2022.11.24 14:19:59 +01'00'

David Lang
Lab Manager
Radio Communications

1 Table of contents

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.
The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of CTC advanced GmbH.
The testing service provided by CTC advanced GmbH has been rendered under the current "General Terms and Conditions for CTC advanced GmbH".
CTC advanced GmbH will not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from false, inaccurate, inappropriate or incomplete product information provided by the customer.
Under no circumstances does the CTC advanced GmbH test report include any endorsement or warranty regarding the functionality, quality or performance of any other product or service provided.
Under no circumstances does the CTC advanced GmbH test report include or imply any product or service warranties from CTC advanced GmbH, including, without limitation, any implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for purpose, or non-infringement, all of which are expressly disclaimed by CTC advanced GmbH.
All rights and remedies regarding vendor's products and services for which CTC advanced GmbH has prepared this test report shall be provided by the party offering such products or services and not by CTC advanced GmbH.
In no case this test report can be considered as a Letter of Approval.

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2022-07-04
Date of receipt of test item:	2022-09-15
Start of test:*	2022-09-15
End of test:*	2022-11-22
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

*Date of each measurement, if not shown in the plot, can be requested. Dates are stored in the measurement software.

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15		FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5 incl. Amendment 1	March 2019	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

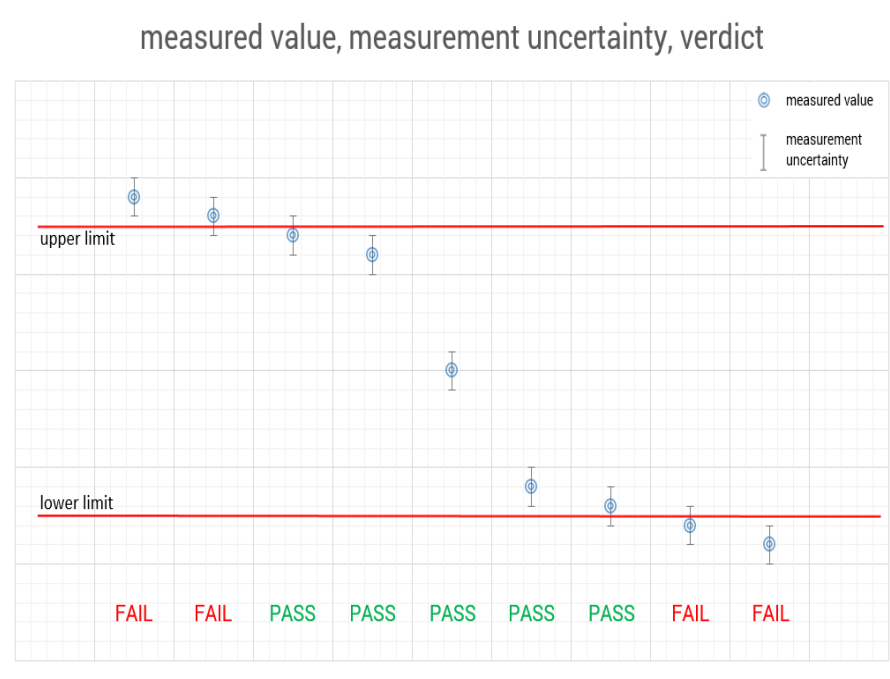
Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 789033 D02	v02r01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf

ISED Testing Laboratory Recognized Listing Number: DE0001
FCC designation number: DE0002

4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.
The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9 but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 5% that the decision might be wrong."



5 Test environment

Temperature	:	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No testing under extreme temperature conditions required No testing under extreme temperature conditions required
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	3.7 V DC by rechargeable Lithium Ion battery No testing under extreme voltage conditions required No testing under extreme voltage conditions required

6 Test item

6.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Payment Terminal
Model name	:	Link/2500
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	Link/2500
HVIN	:	Link/2500 CL/WiFi/BT V2
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	Rad. 221377303201293724913261 Cond. 221367303091293324901471
Hardware status	:	RTS
Software status	:	039303_HTB308
Firmware status	:	039303_HTB308
Frequency band	:	5150 MHz to 5350 MHz & 5470 MHz to 5850 MHz
Type of radio transmission Use of frequency spectrum	: :	OFDM
Type of modulation	:	(D)BPSK, (D)QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM
Number of channels	:	24 with 20 MHz channel bandwidth 11 with 40 MHz channel bandwidth
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	3.7 V DC by rechargeable Lithium Ion battery
Temperature range	:	-10°C to +50°C

6.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report: 1-4711/22-01-01_AnnexA
1-4711/22-01-01_AnnexB
1-4711/22-01-01_AnnexD

© CTC advanced GmbH

7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

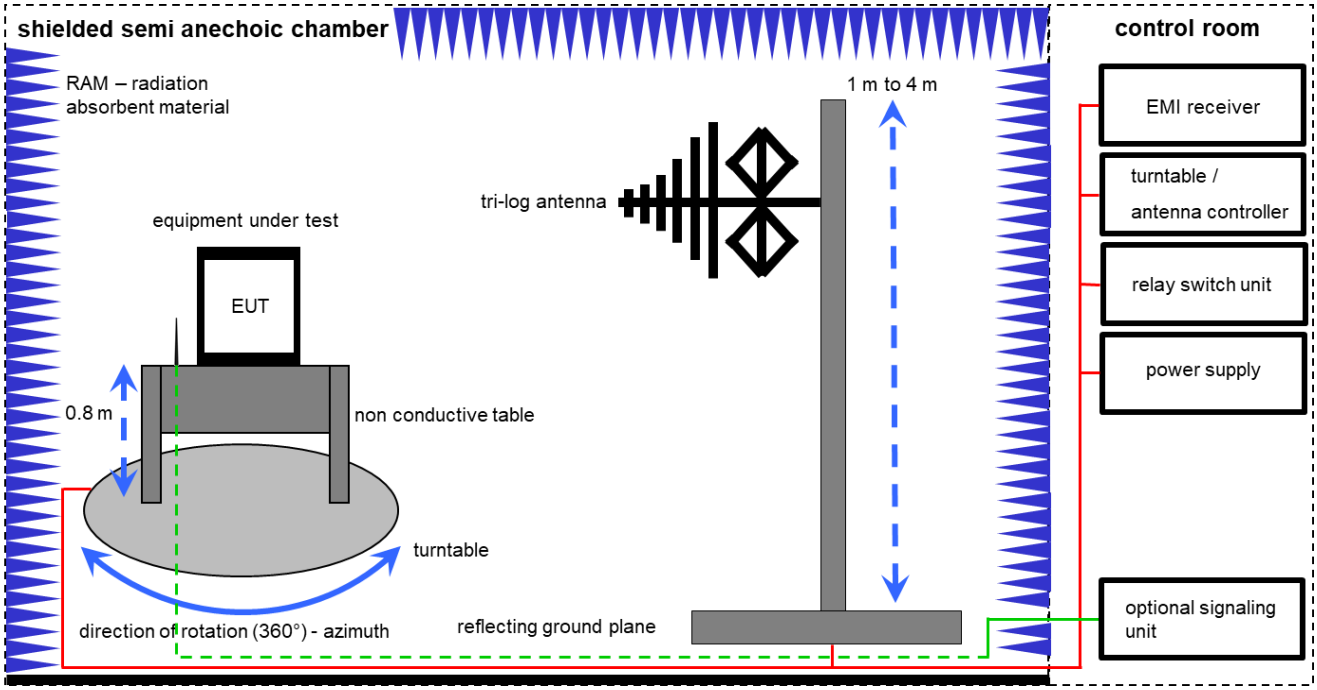
Each block diagram listed can contain several test setup configurations. All devices belonging to a test setup are identified with the same letter syntax. For example: Column Setup and all devices with an A.

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter
EMC32 software version: 10.59.00

FS = UR + CL + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

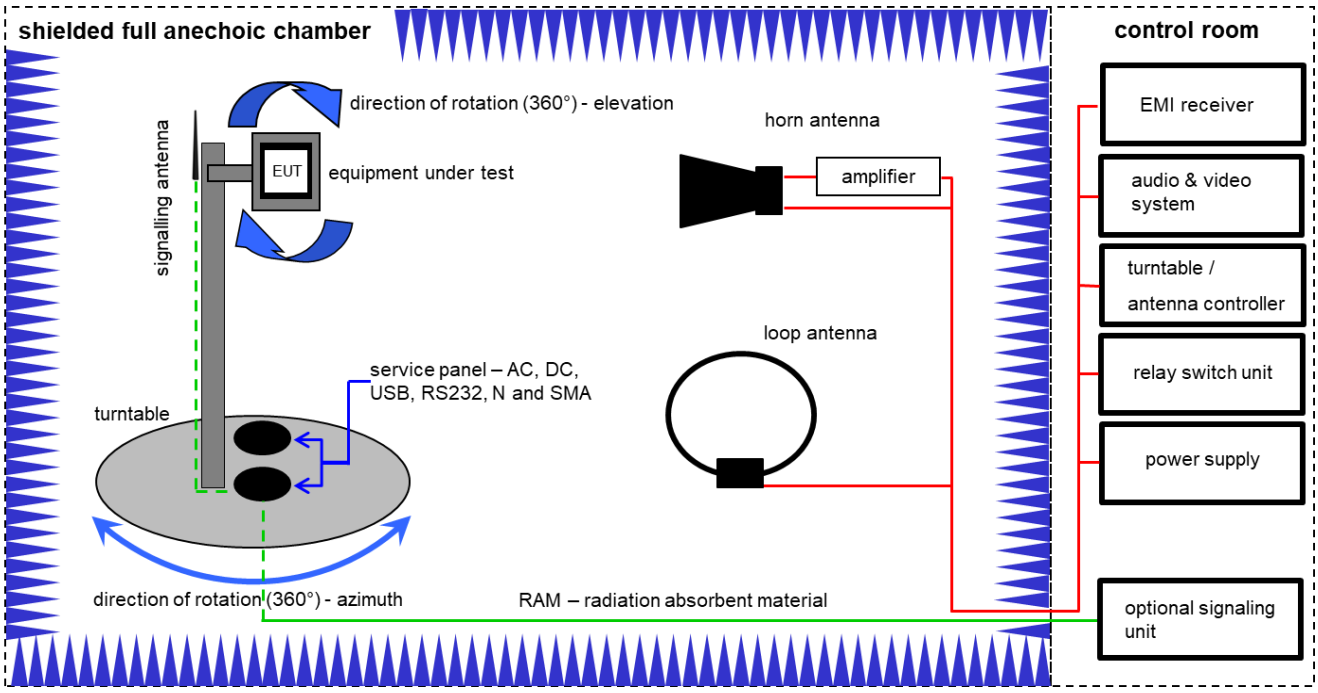
Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 12.35 [dBµV/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dBµV/m] (35.69 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	Batch no. 699714	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
4	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-

5	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	295	300003787	vIKI!	21.04.2021	20.04.2023
7	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	20.05.2022	31.05.2023

7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

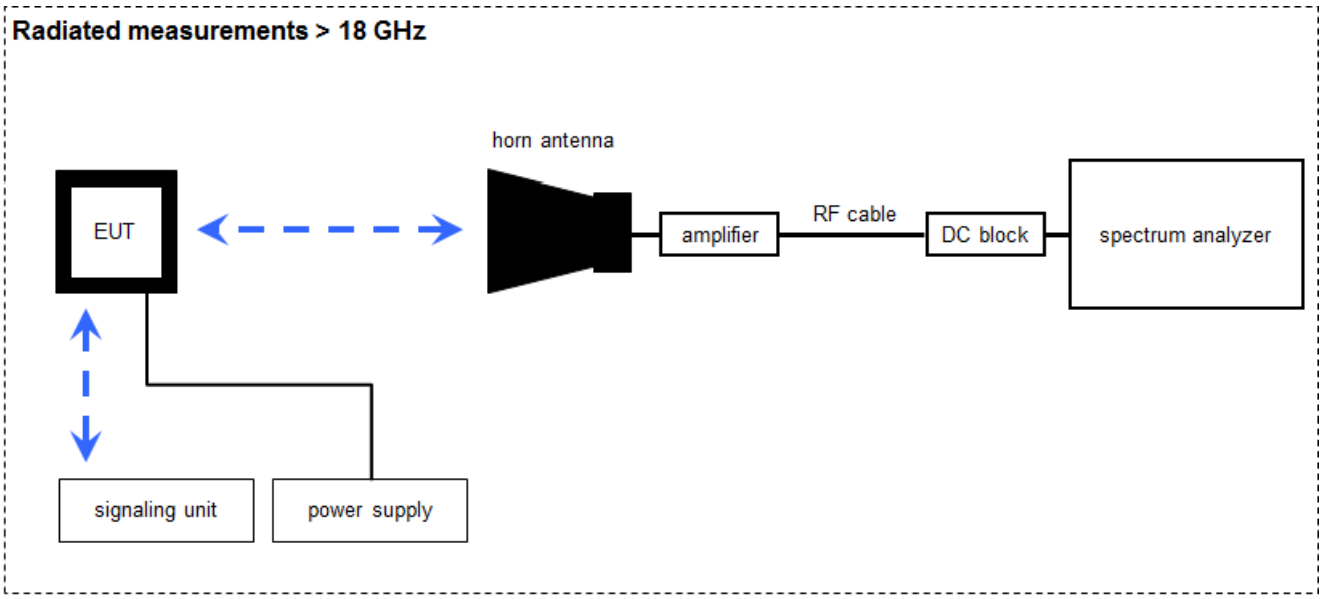
FS = UR + CA + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 40.0 [dBµV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBµV/m] (71.61 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.		Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	1	A	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vIKI!	01.07.2021	31.07.2023
2	2	B	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3696	300001604	vIKI!	12.03.2021	11.03.2023
3	3	B	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
4	4	B	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22051	300004483	ev	-/-	-/-
5	5	A,B	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
6	6	A,B	Computer	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor		2V2403033A5421	300004591	ne	-/-	-/-
7	7	A,B	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.22.0.13	Nexio		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
8	8	A,B	Anechoic chamber		TDK		300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
9	9	A,B	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	Rohde & Schwarz	101376	300005063	k	15.12.2021	31.12.2022
10	13	B	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011571	300005240	ev	-/-	-/-

7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

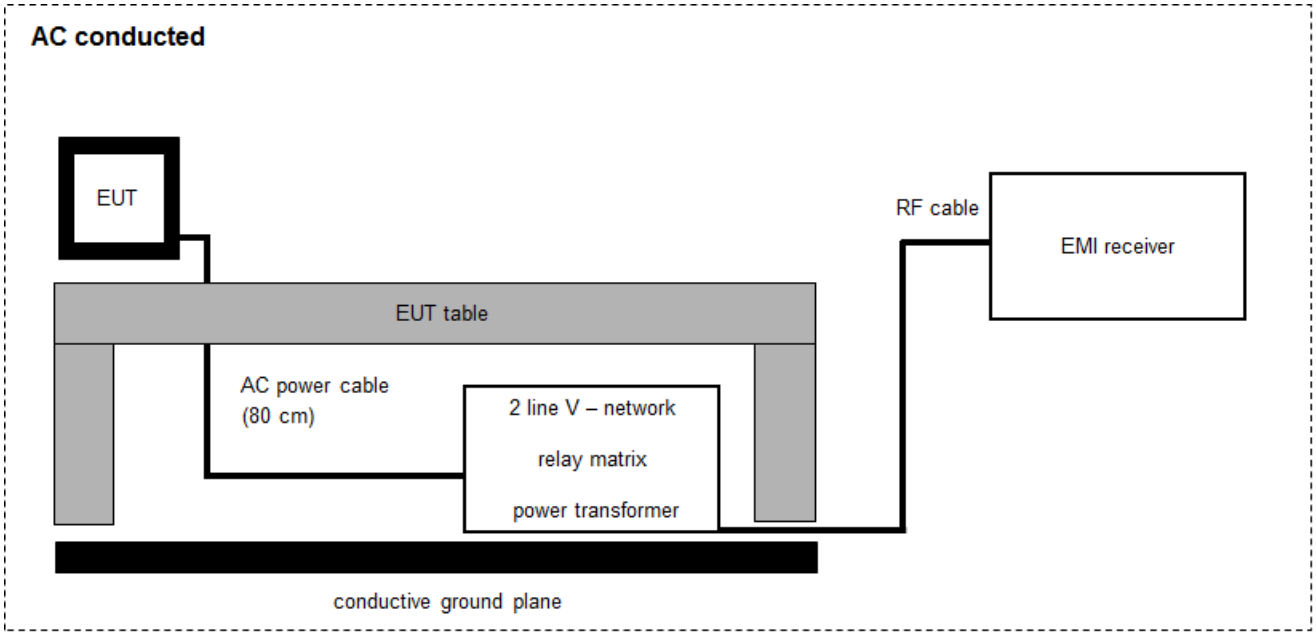
FS = UR + CA + AF
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 40.0 [dBµV/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dBµV/m] (6.79 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	01096	300000486	vlKl!	17.01.2022	31.01.2024
3	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	82-16	300000510	vlKl!	17.01.2022	31.01.2024
4	A	Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070-XX	CERNEX	19338	300004273	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A,B	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm /48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	25.01.2022	31.01.2023
7	B	Horn Antenna 18,0-40,0 GHz	LHAF180	Microw.Devel	39180-103-022	300001748	NK!	-/-	-/-
8	B	Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070-XX	CERNEX	19338	300004273	ev	-/-	-/-
9	B	Signal- and Spectrum Analyzer 2 Hz - 50 GHz	FSW50	Rohde&Schwarz	101560	300006179	k	07.03.2022	31.03.2023

7.4 AC conducted



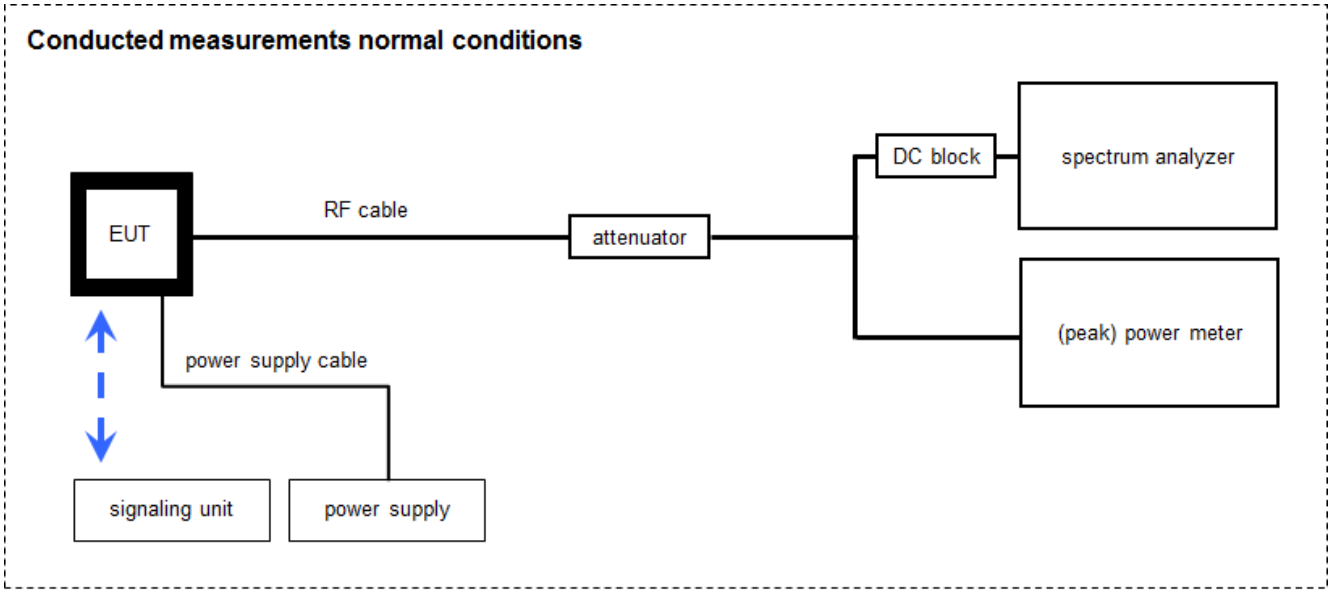
FS = UR + CF + VC
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:
FS [dBµV/m] = 37.62 [dBµV/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dBµV/m] (244.06 µV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	892475/017	300002209	vIKI!	14.12.2021	13.12.2023
2	A	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	NK!	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	09.12.2021	08.12.2022
4	A	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	vIKI!	29.12.2021	28.12.2023
5	A	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	PC	TecLine	F+W		300003532	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-

7.5 Conducted measurements with peak power meter & spectrum analyzer



WLAN tester version: 1.1.13; LabView2015

OP = AV + CA
(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:
OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Signal analyzer	FSV40	Rohde&Schwarz	101353	300004819	k	10.12.2021	31.12.2022
2	A	RF-Cable WLAN-Tester Port 1	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/36	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 601494	400001216	g	-/-	-/-
3	A	RF-Cable WLAN-Tester Analyzer	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/36	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 54876	400001220	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	Open Switch and Control Unit and Power Sensors	OSP120 incl. B157 W8 Plus	Rohde & Schwarz	101115, 100837	300006329	k	22.06.2022	30.06.2023
5	A	Rack mounted PC	Precision 3930 Rack-Workstation i5-9500 CTO	Dell	J15D873	300006115	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Switch matrix	RSM 004 TS	CTC advanced	001	400001578	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A	Tester Software RadioStar (C.BER2 for BT Conformance)	Version 1.0.0.X	CTC advanced GmbH	0001	400001380	ne	-/-	-/-

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

© CTC advanced GmbH

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

© CTC advanced GmbH

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

© CTC advanced GmbH

9 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	**Uncertainty**	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.56 dB	
DTS bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power conducted	± 1.56 dB	
Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	± 1.56 dB	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.56 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.56 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 2.31 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 2.97 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB	

© CTC advanced GmbH

10 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Title 47 Part 15 RSS 247, Issue 2	See table	2022-11-24	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
-/-	Output power verification (cond.)	-/-				Declared
-/-	Antenna gain	-/-				See section 12.2
U-NII Part 15	Duty cycle	-/-				-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Maximum output power (conducted & radiated)	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Power spectral density	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS - 247 (6.2.4.1)	Spectrum bandwidth 6dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Spectrum bandwidth 26dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 6.6	Spectrum bandwidth 99% bandwidth	-/-				-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Band edge compliance radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(b) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	TX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Spurious emissions conducted emissions< 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407 RSS - 247 (6.3)	DFS	-/-				See report 1-4711/22-01-18

Notes:

C:	Compliant	NC:	Not compliant	NA:	Not applicable	NP:	Not performed

© CTC advanced GmbH

11 Additional comments

Reference documents: DFS report: 1-4711/22-01-18
Radio Wifi agreement procedure.pdf

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: None

EUT selection:

☐ Only one device available

☐ Devices selected by the customer

☒ Devices selected by the laboratory (Randomly)

Settings used for measurements:

Test mode:	Data rate:	Power setting
a-mode	6 Mbit/s	8
nHT20-mode	MCS0	8
nHT40-mode	MCS0	8

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency								
channel	**36**	**40**	44	**48**	**52**	56	**60**	**64**
f_c / MHz	**5180**	**5200**	5220	**5240**	**5260**	5280	**5300**	**5320**

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency											
channel	**100**	104	108	112	116	**120**	124	128	132	136	**140**
f_c / MHz	**5500**	5520	5540	5560	5580	**5600**	5620	5640	5660	5680	**5700**

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	**149**	153	**157**	161	**165**
f_c / MHz	**5745**	5765	**5785**	5805	**5825**

© CTC advanced GmbH

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency				
channel	**38**	**46**	**54**	**62**
f_c / MHz	**5190**	**5230**	**5270**	**5310**

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	**102**	110	**118**	126	**134**
f_c / MHz	**5510**	5550	**5590**	5630	**5670**

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	**151**	**159**
f_c / MHz	**5755**	**5795**

Note: The channels used for the tests were marked in bold in the list.

© CTC advanced GmbH

Test mode:

☐ No test mode available.
Iperf is used to transmit data to a companion device

☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit operating modes:

☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
- Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
- Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)

☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.

☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
  In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

© CTC advanced GmbH

12 Measurement results

12.1 Identify worst case data rate

Worst case data rates for testing are declared by the manufacturer (see section 11).

12.2 Antenna gain

Description:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf Peak OP 3MHz/3MHz
Test setup:	See chapter 7.2 – A (radiated) See chapter 7.5 – A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Antenna Gain
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required

Results: a-mode, Power Setting 12

U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	15.7	-/-	15.1
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	13.6	-/-	14.8
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	-2.1	-/-	-0.3

U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	15.2	-/-	15.1
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	14.0	-/-	13.5
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	-1.2	-/-	-1.6

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	14.3	14.1	12.9
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	13.3	12.9	12.3
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	-1.0	-1.2	-0.6

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	16.1	16.3	16.1
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	16.4	13.6	12.5
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	0.3	-2.7	-3.6

© CTC advanced GmbH

12.3 Duty cycle

Description:

The duty cycle is necessary to compute the maximum power during an actual transmission. The shown plots and values are to show an example of the measurement procedure. The real value is measured direct during the power measurement or power density measurement. The correction value is shown in each plot of these measurements.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, B.	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Results:

Duty cycle and correction factor:

Duty cycle is higher than 99%. therefore 0 dB correction factor is used.

12.4 Maximum output power

12.4.1 Maximum output power according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, E.2.e.	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9
Standard parts:	FCC: § 15.407 (a)

Limits:

Limits	
Radiated output power	Conducted output power
Band 5150 MHz – 5250 MHz	
For client devices Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (If the Antenna gain is greater than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit)	**For client devices** output power ≤ 250 mW/24dBm
Band 5250MHz – 5350 MHz	
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (Antenna gain higher than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit)	Output power ≤ lesser of 250mW or 11dBm +10logB (B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz)
Band 5470MHz – 5725 MHz	
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (Antenna gain higher than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit)	Output power ≤ lesser of 250mW or 11dBm +10logB (B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz)

Band 5725MHz – 5850 MHz	
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (Antenna gain higher than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit Exception: fixed point-to-point U-NII devices, no corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power)	output power ≤ 1W/30dBm

Results:

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	10.0	10.2	5.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.0	6.1	5.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.4	5.9	6.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	8.1	7.8	7.6

Results:

n HT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.8	7.9	7.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.6	7.6	7.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.8	7.1	6.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	9.9	9.6	9.5

Results:

n HT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	8.2	7.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	8.1	7.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.3	7.7	7.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	9.9	9.9

12.4.2 Maximum output power according to ISED requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conduced + radiated

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf ISED Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9
Standard parts:	RSS-248 4.6 RSS-248i 4.6.2 / 4.6.3

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
The lesser one of 200 mW or 10 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.150-5.250 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) Conducted power + 6dBi antenna gain 5.725-5.825 GHz **Devices other than client devices** 5925-7125 MHz: ≤ 30dBm **Client devices** 5925-7125 MHz: ≤ 24dBm	The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.825 GHz

Results:

a	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	10.0	10.1	5.8
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	7.9	9.8	5.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	5.9	6.0	5.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	4.7	4.8	4.1
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.3	5.8	6.1
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	6.3	4.6	5.5
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	8.0	7.7	7.5
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.3	5.0	3.9

Results:

nHT20	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.7	7.8	7.3
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	5.6	7.5	7.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.5	7.5	7.3
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	6.3	6.3	5.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	6.8	7.0	6.6
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	5.8	5.8	6.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	9.9	9.6	9.4
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	9.6	6.9	5.8

Results:

n HT40	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Highest channel	
	Conducted		
	8.2	7.9	
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	6.1	7.6	
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Highest channel	
	Conducted		
	8.1	7.7	
	6.9	6.1	
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.2	7.6	7.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	6.2	6.4	7.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Highest channel	
	Conducted		
	9.9	9.9	
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	9.6	6.3	

12.5 Power spectral density

12.5.1 Power spectral density according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, F.	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9
Standard parts:	FCC: § 15.407 (a)

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
Band 5150 MHz – 5250 MHz
For an outdoor access point power spectral density conducted ≤ 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band* For an indoor access point power spectral density conducted ≤ 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band* For fixed point-to-point access points power spectral density conducted ≤ 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band** For client devices point power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band* *If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi **Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
Band 5250MHz – 5350 MHz
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band* *If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi
Band 5470MHz – 5725 MHz
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band* *If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi

© CTC advanced GmbH

Band 5725MHz – 5850 MHz
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-1.4	-1.4	-5.7
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.4	-5.5	-5.6
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.1	-5.6	-5.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.1	-6.5	-6.7

Results:

n HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.5	-3.4	-3.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.7	-3.7	-3.9
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.4	-4.2	-4.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.1	-4.5	-4.7

© CTC advanced GmbH

Results:

n HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-6.1		-6.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-6.3		-6.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.0	-6.7	-6.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-7.0		-7.6

12.5.2 Power spectral density according to ISED requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf ISED Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9
Standard parts:	RSS-248i 4.6.2 / 4.6.3

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density e.i.r.p. ≤ 10 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz) power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz) power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz) power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz) for devices other than client devices power spectral density e.i.r.p. ≤ 5 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5925 – 7125 MHz) Ffor client devices power spectral density e.i.r.p. ≤ 1 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5925 – 7125 MHz)

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-1.4	-1.4	-5.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-3.5	-1.7	-6.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.4	-5.5	-5.6
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.1	-5.6	-5.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.2	-6.5	-6.7

Results:

n HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-3.5	-3.4	-3.9
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-5.6	-3.7	-4.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.7	-3.7	-3.9
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.4	-4.2	-4.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.1	-4.4	-4.4

© CTC advanced GmbH

Results:

n HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-6.1		-6.3
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-8.2		-6.6
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-6.3		-6.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.0	-6.7	-6.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-7.0		-7.6

12.6 Minimum emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.2.	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Minimum Emission BW
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

FCC	ISED
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

a	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.7	17.8	17.8

Results:

n HT20	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.6	16.6	16.6

Results:

n HT40	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)	
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	36.4	36.5

12.7 Spectrum bandwidth / 26 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 26 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.1.	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Bandwidths
Used test setup:	see chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Spectrum Bandwidth – 26 dB Bandwidth
IC: Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band. **FCC:** Radar Detection Function of Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). U-NII devices operating with any part of its 26 dB emission bandwidth in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

Results:

a	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	33.7	33.5	20.4
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5170.9		5248.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.5	20.4	20.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	23.3	20.7	20.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.2	20.3	20.3
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5736.2		5833.9

Results:

n HT20	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	22.7	22.7	22.6
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5171.6		5248.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	22.7	22.7	22.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.3	20.3	20.5
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.2	20.1	20.2
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5735.0		5835.2

Results:

n HT40	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	42.0		41.3
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.4		5250.7*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	41.8		42.0
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	41.3	41.2	41.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	41.1		41.1
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.6		5815.7

* Acc. KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth is used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth to comply with standard DFS requirements for UNII-1 band.

12.8 Occupied bandwidth / 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-4711/22-01-13_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Bandwidths
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.5 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Usage:

-/-	ISED
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results:

a	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	18331.7	18331.7	17732.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17782.2	17732.3	17782.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17882.1	17782.2	17732.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17732.3	17732.3	17732.3

Results:

n HT20	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17033.0	17033.0	17033.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17033.0	17033.0	17033.0
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16933.1	16933.1	16933.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16933.1	16883.1	16933.1

© CTC advanced GmbH

Results:

n HT40	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36563.4		36563.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36563.4		36663.3
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	36363.6	36363.6	36363.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36563.4		36363.6

12.9 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to the lowest channel for the lower restricted band and to the highest channel for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3 x RBW
Span:	See plots!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Band Edge Compliance Radiated
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).
74 dBµV/m (peak) 54 dBµV/m (average)

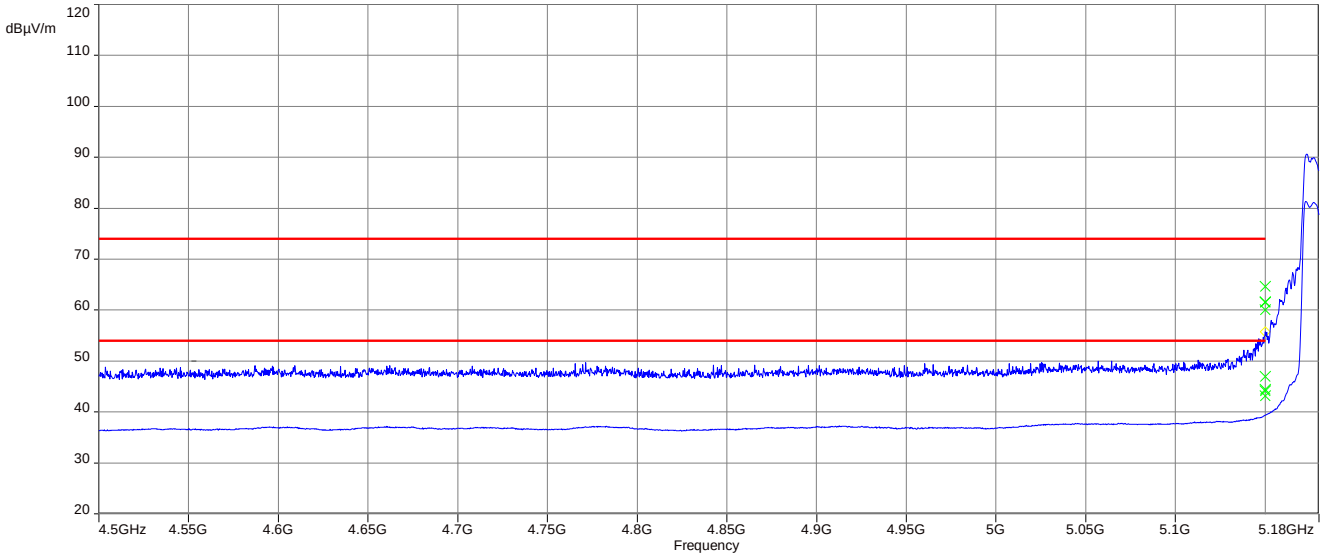
Result:

	OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)	OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)
Lower band edge UNII-1	64.6 Peak 47.0 RMS	61.2 Peak 49.3 RMS
Upper band edge UNII-2A	68.3 Peak 50.1 RMS	66.0 Peak 53.5 RMS
Lower band edge UNII-2C	67.5 Peak 50.6 RMS	51.6 Peak 48.3 RMS

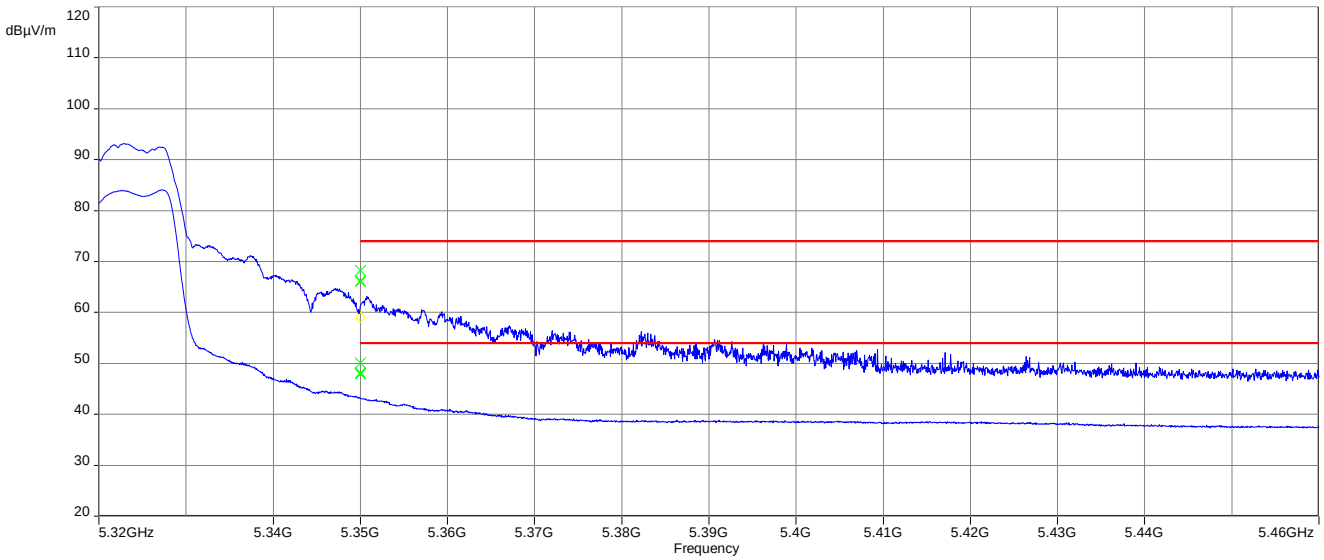
© CTC advanced GmbH

Plots:

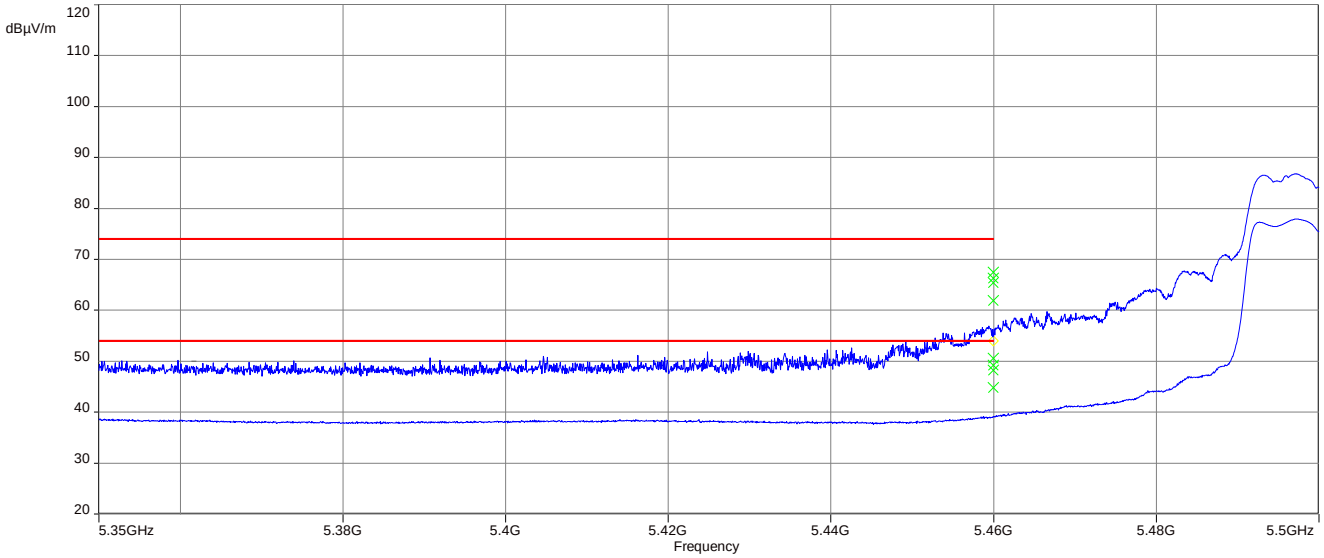
Plot 1: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth



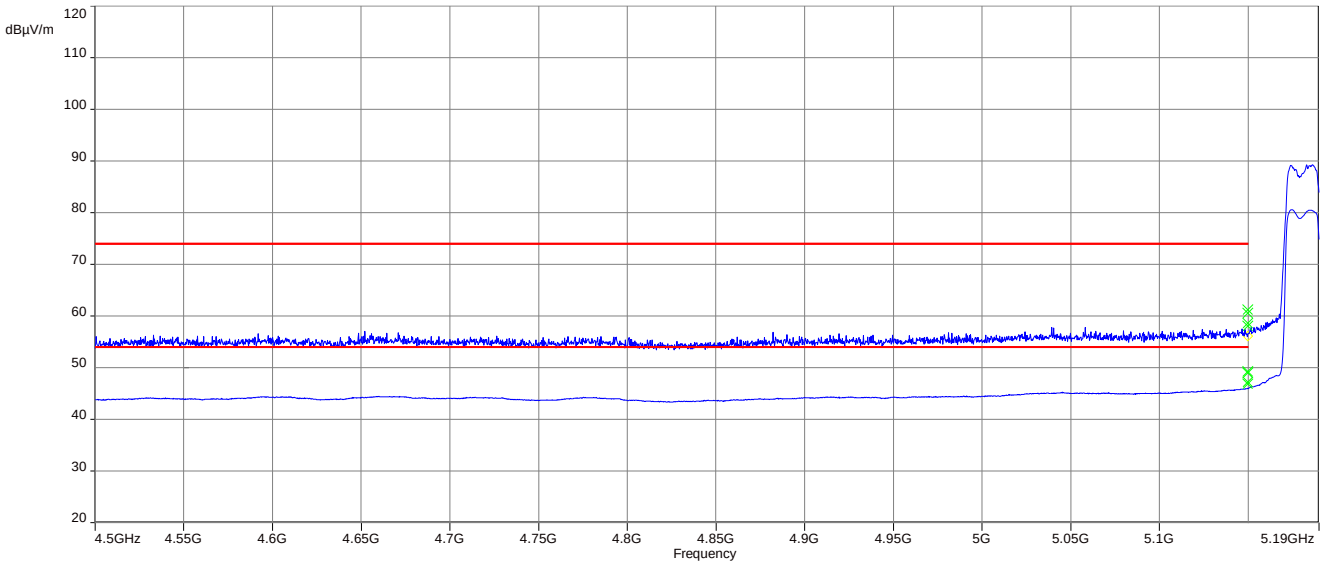
Plot 2: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth



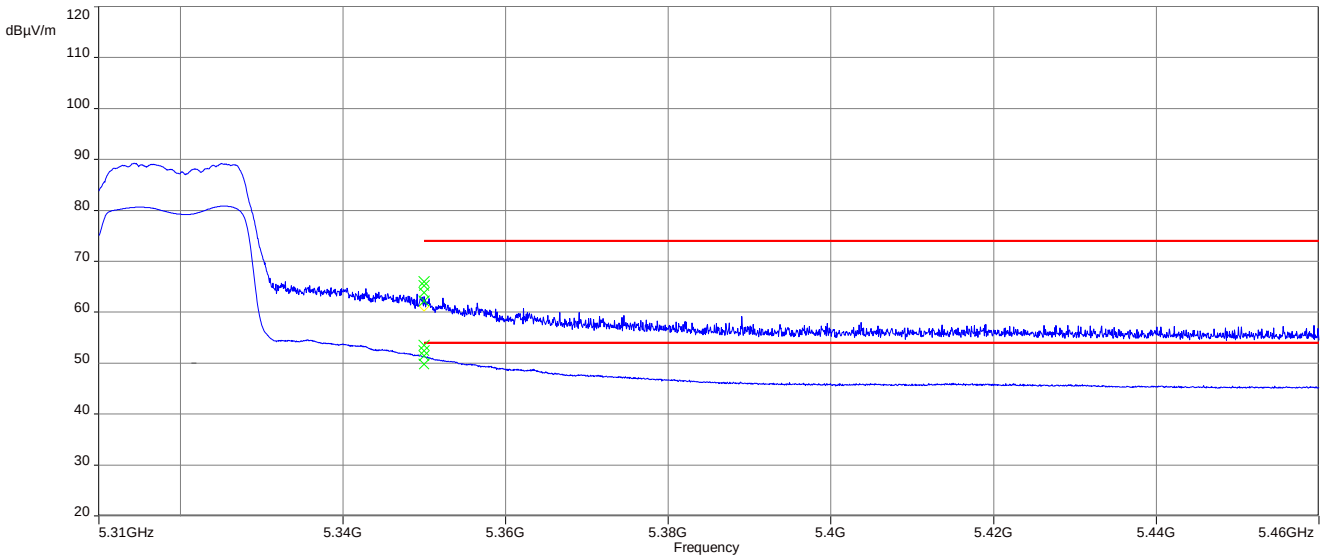
Plot 3: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth



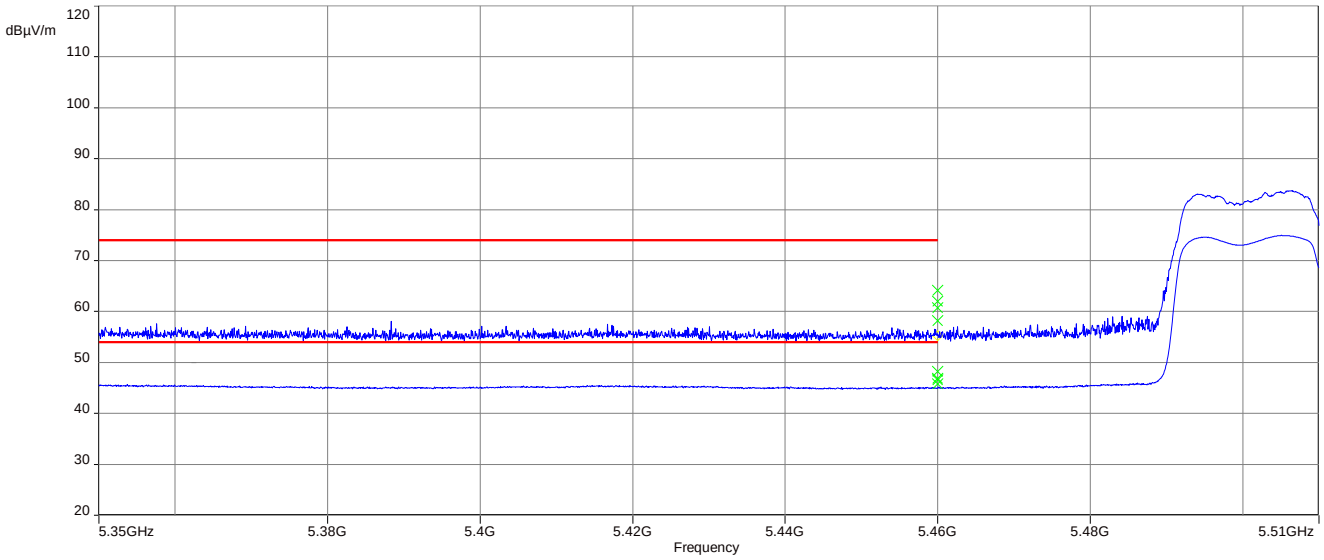
Plot 4: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth



Plot 5: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth



Plot 6: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth



12.10 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are re-calculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

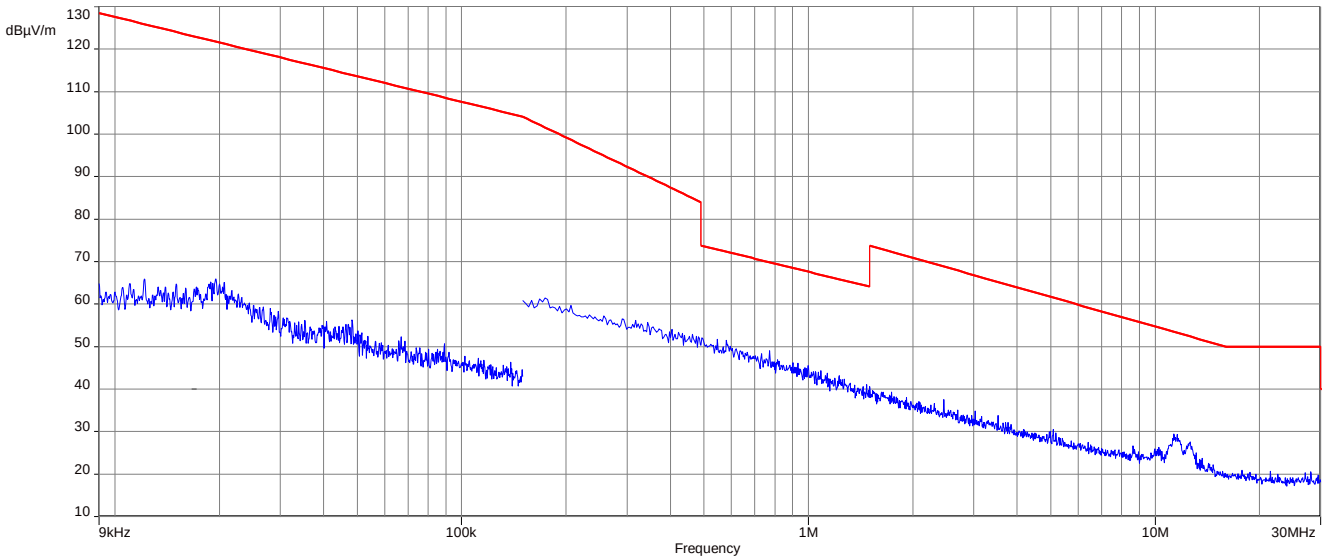
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

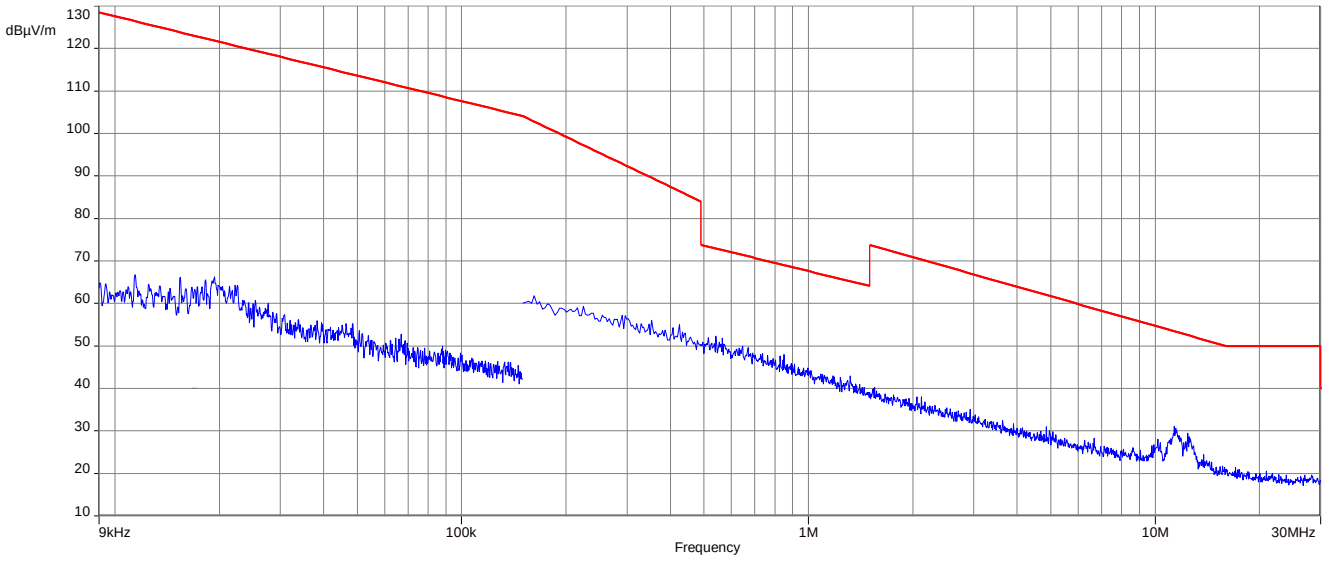
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

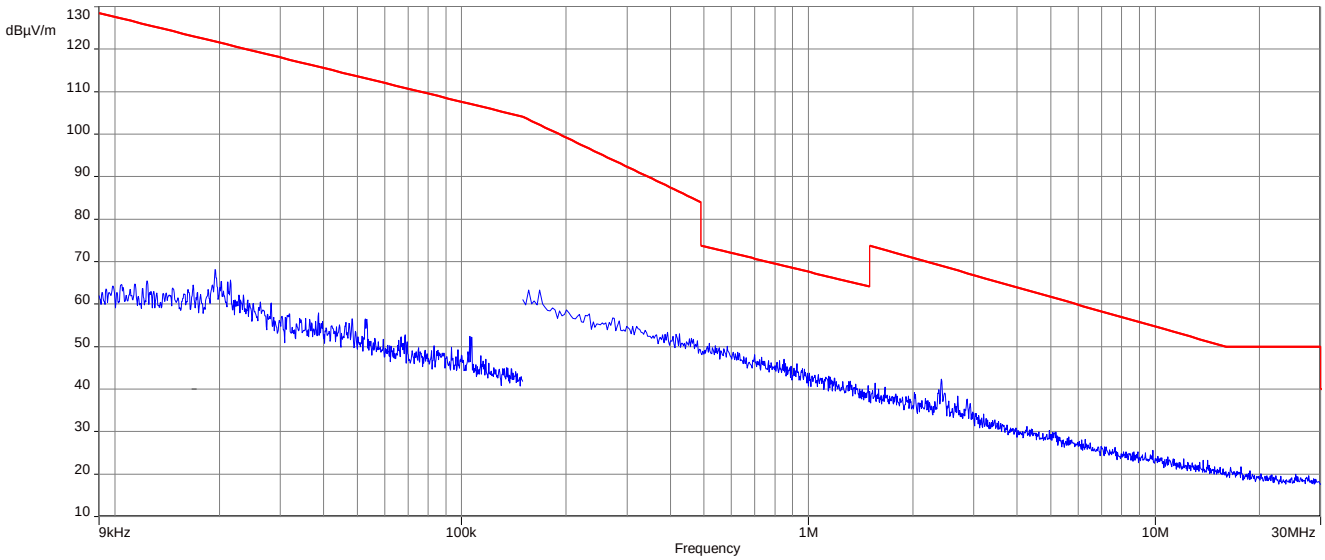
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



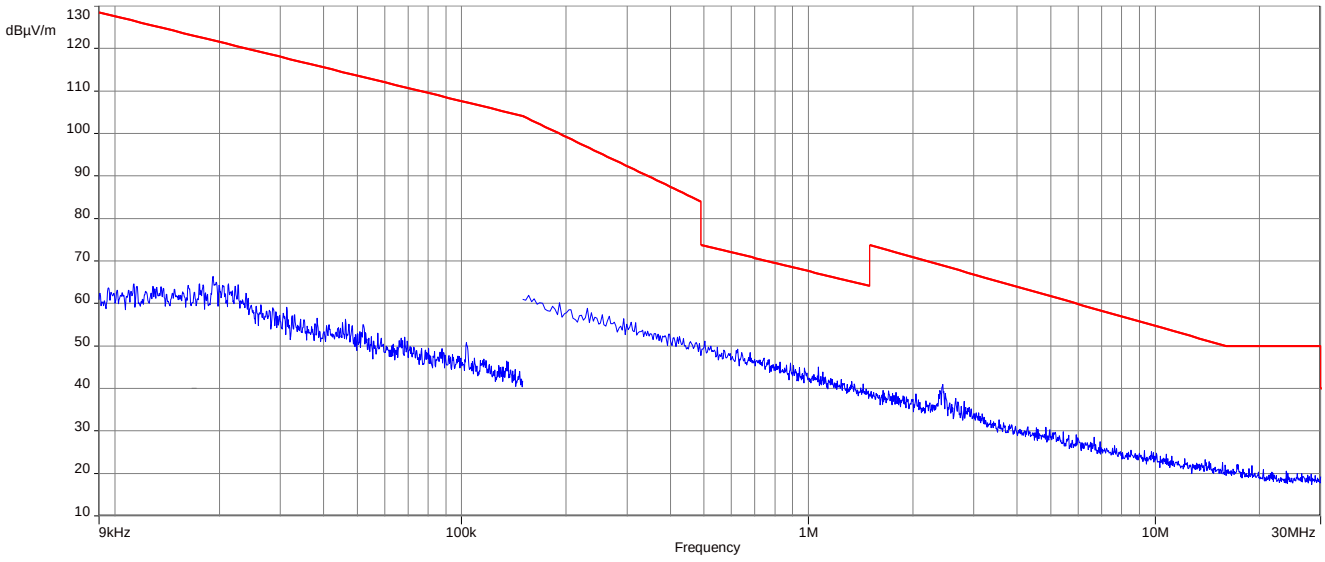
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; middle channel



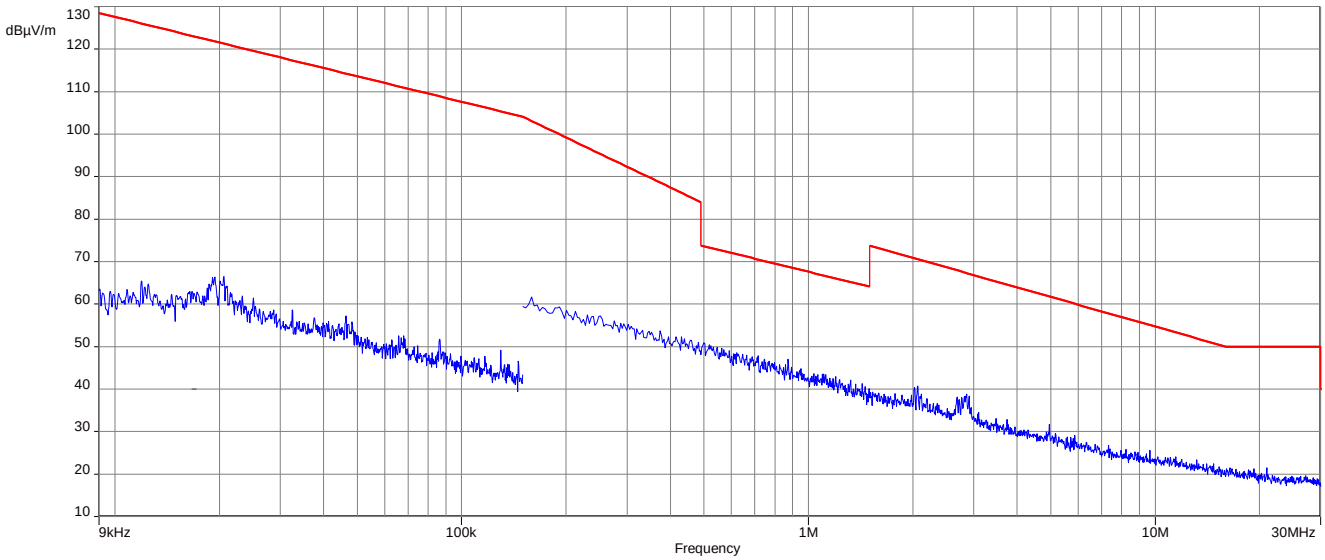
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



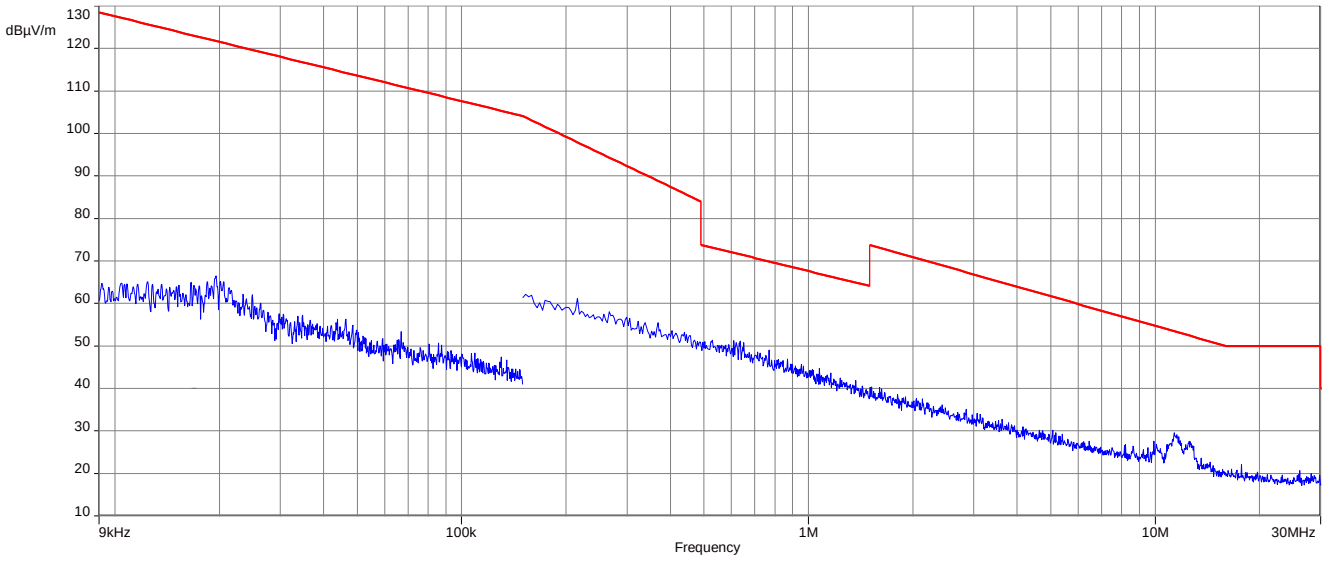
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel



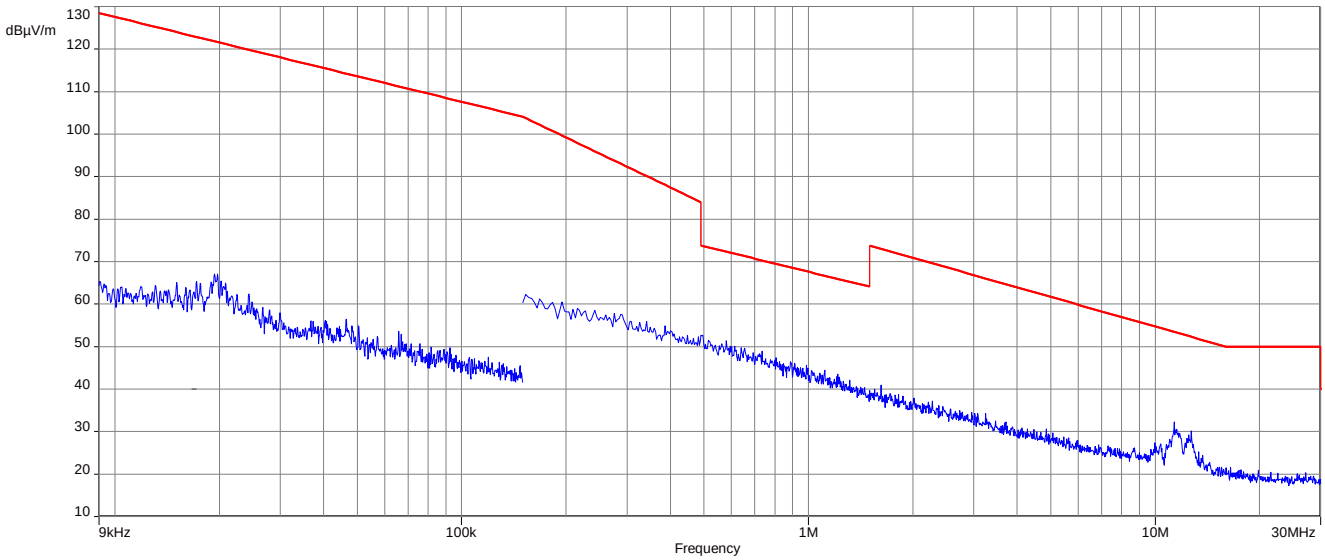
Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; middle channel



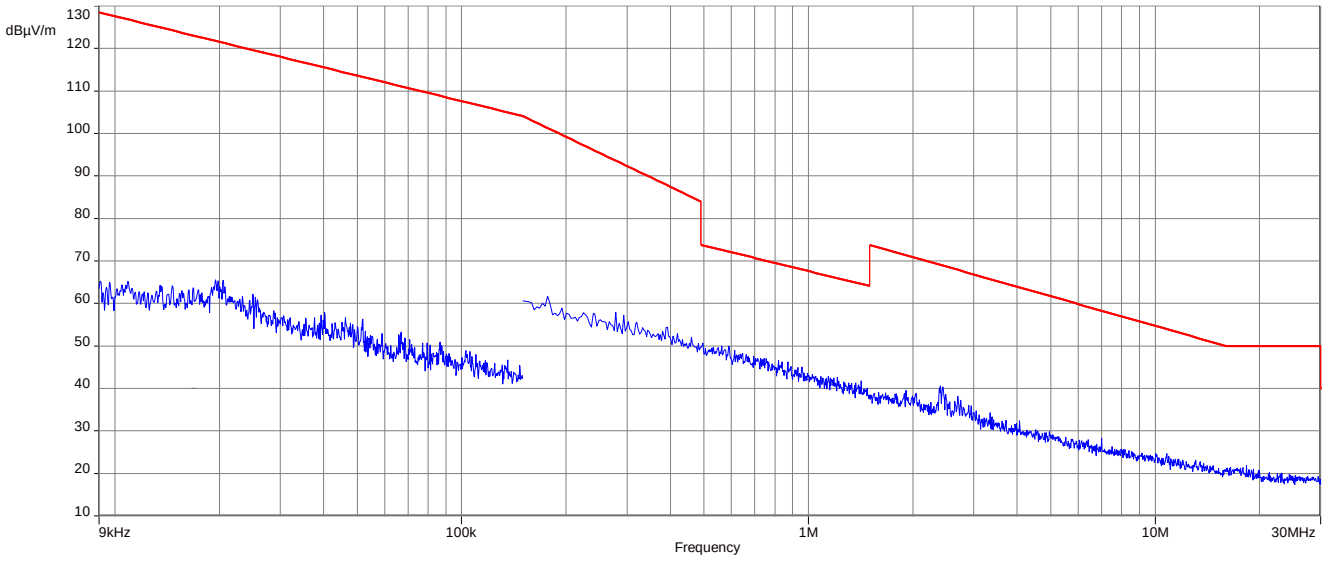
Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel



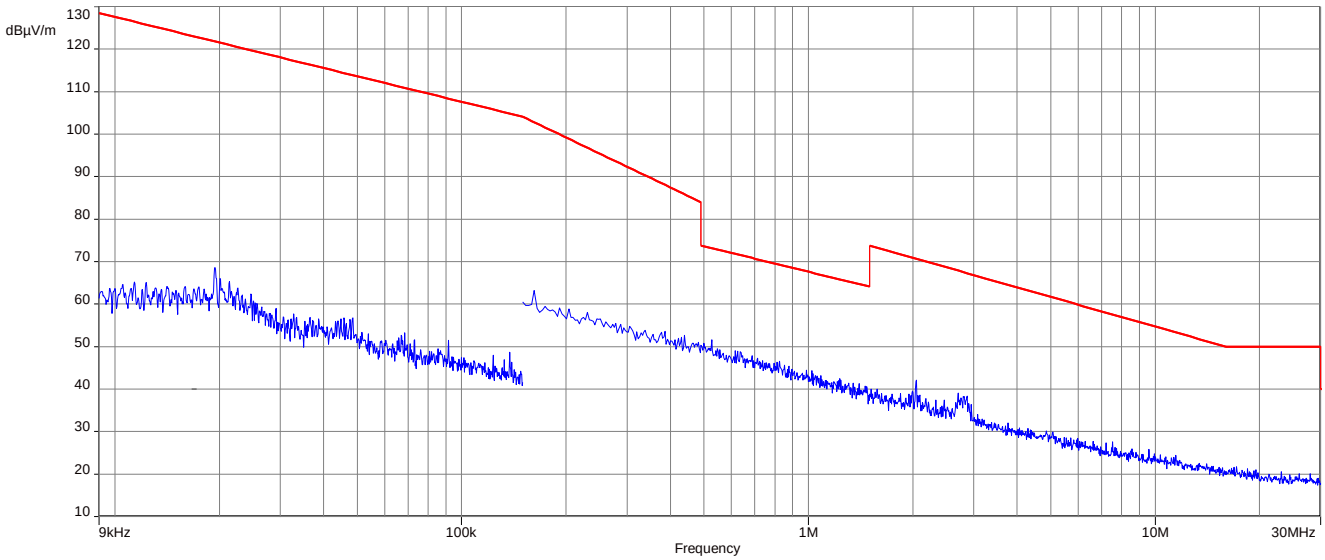
Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



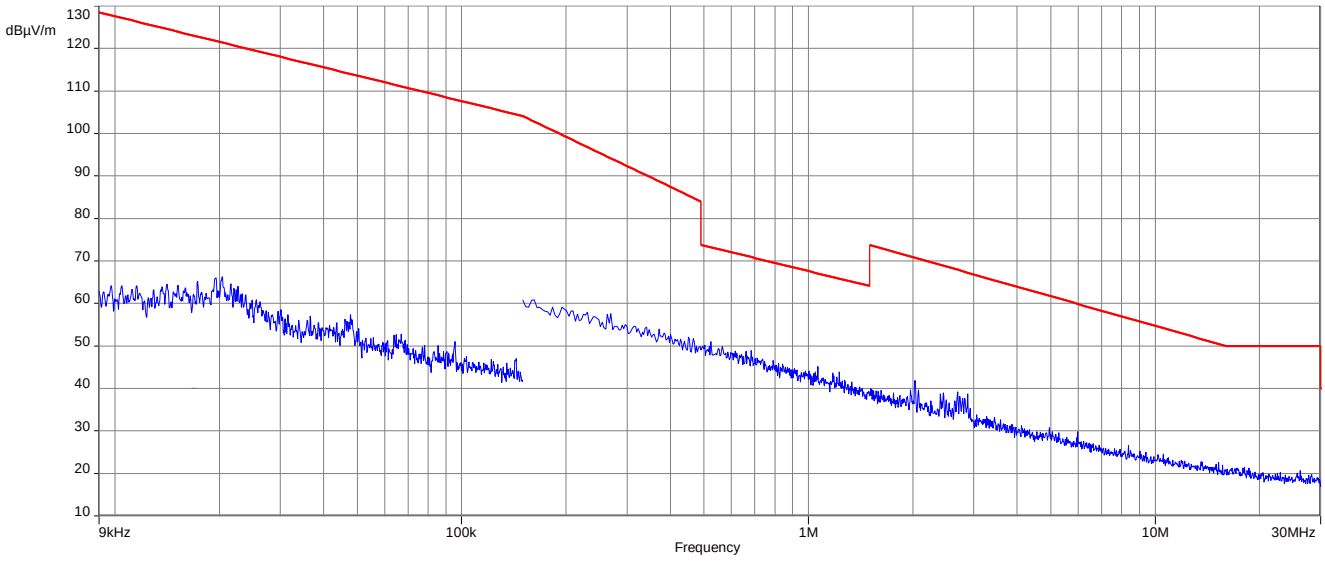
Plot 8: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; middle channel



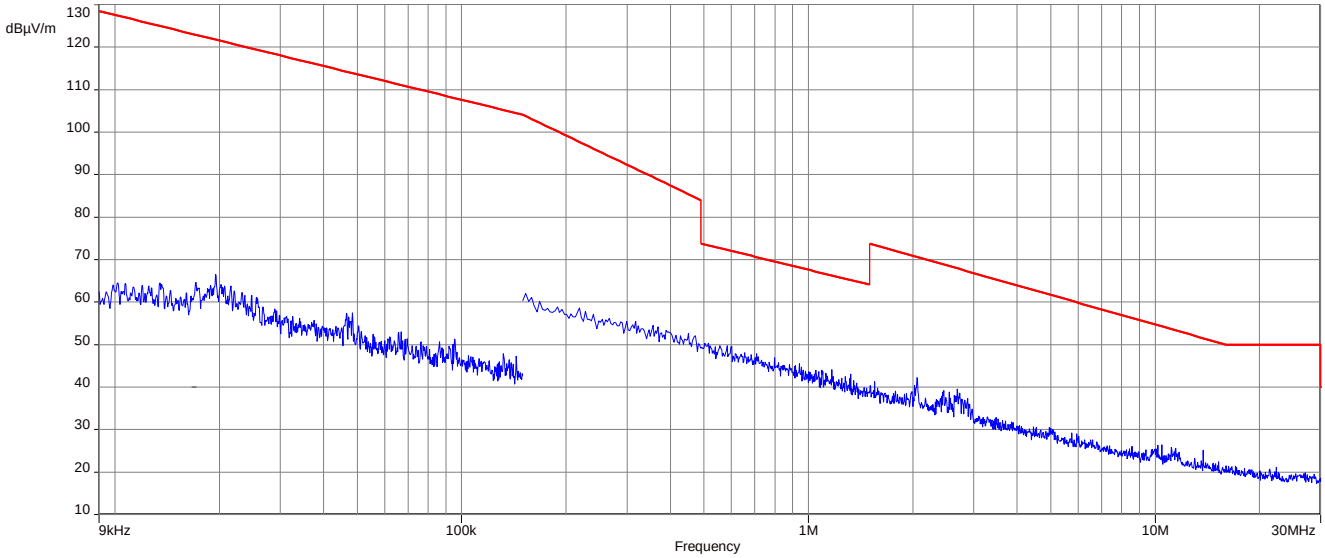
Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



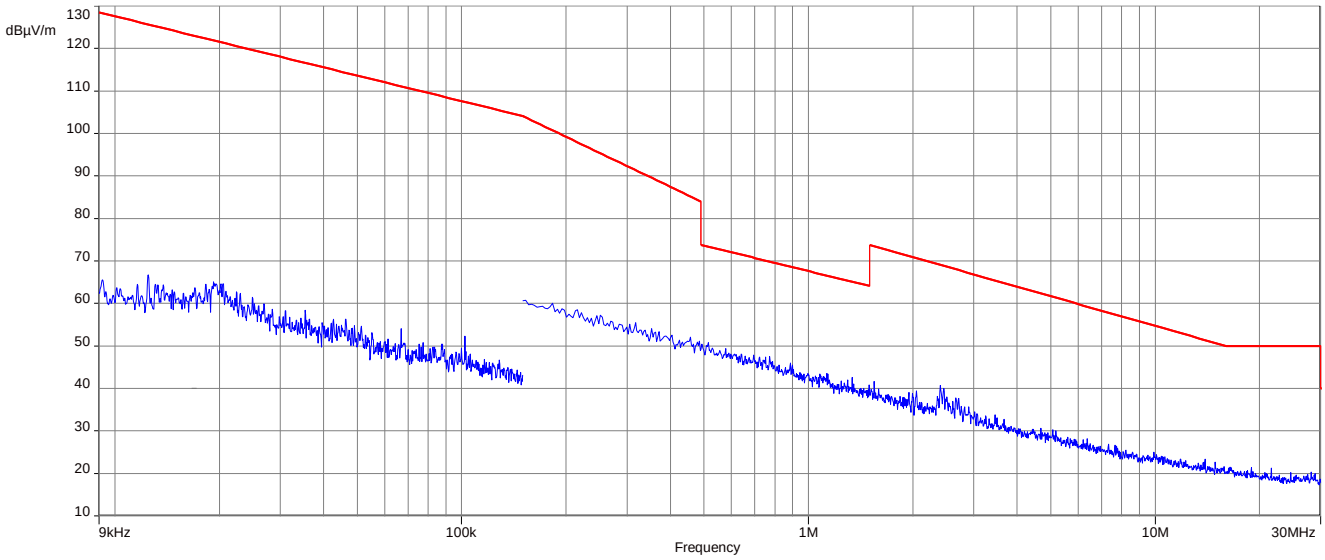
Plot 10: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 11: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel

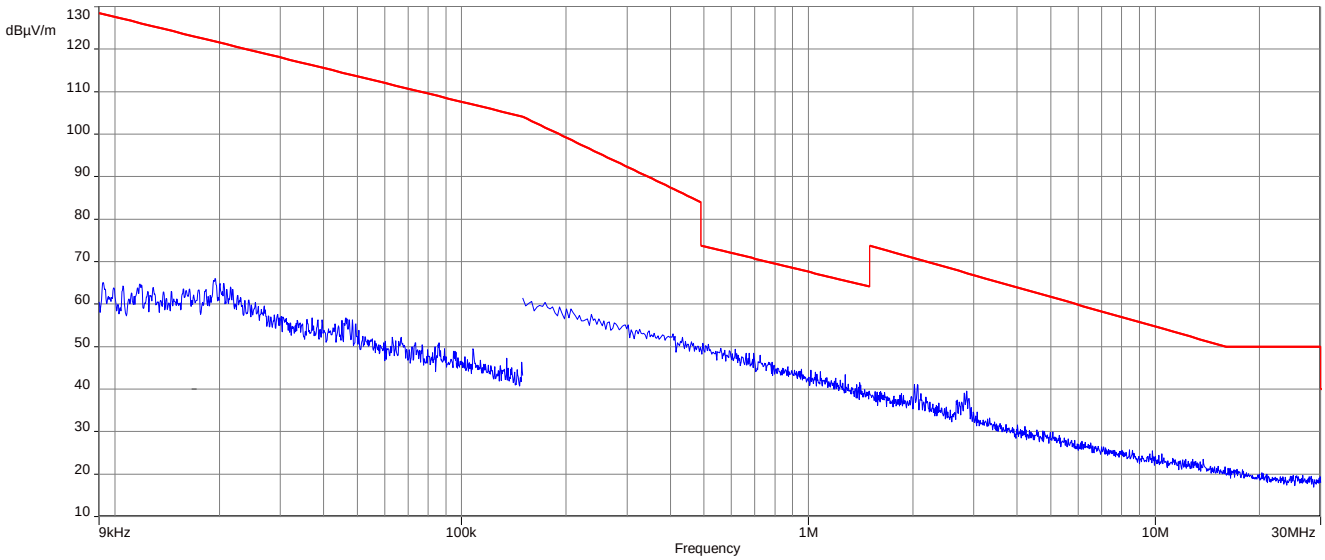


Plot 12: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

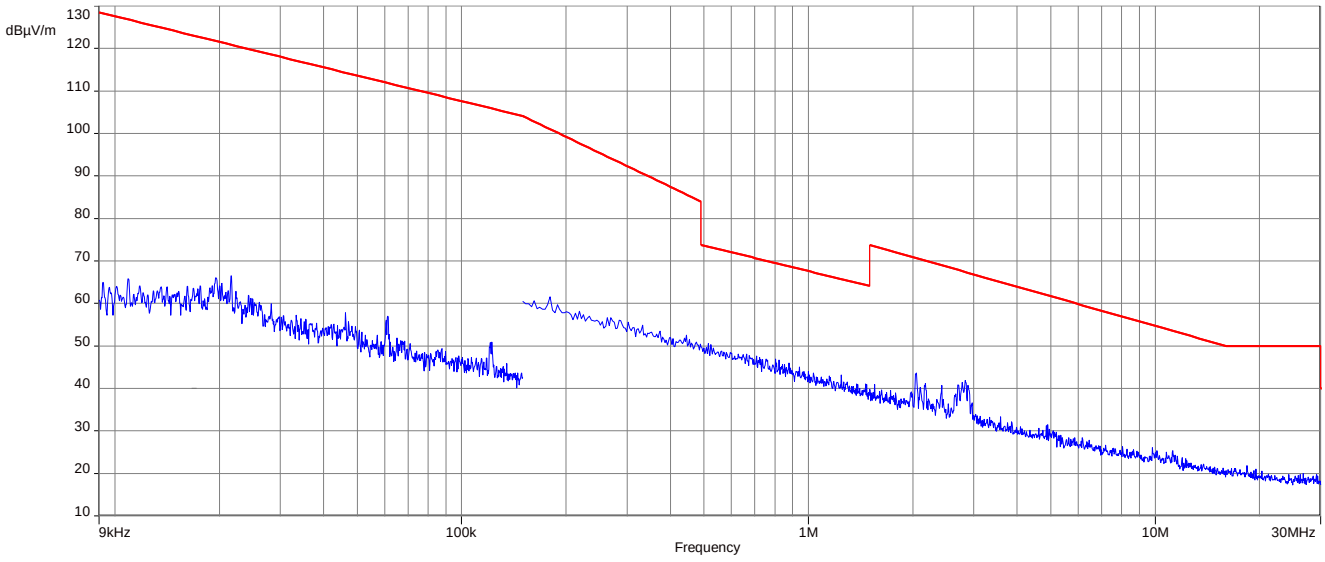


Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

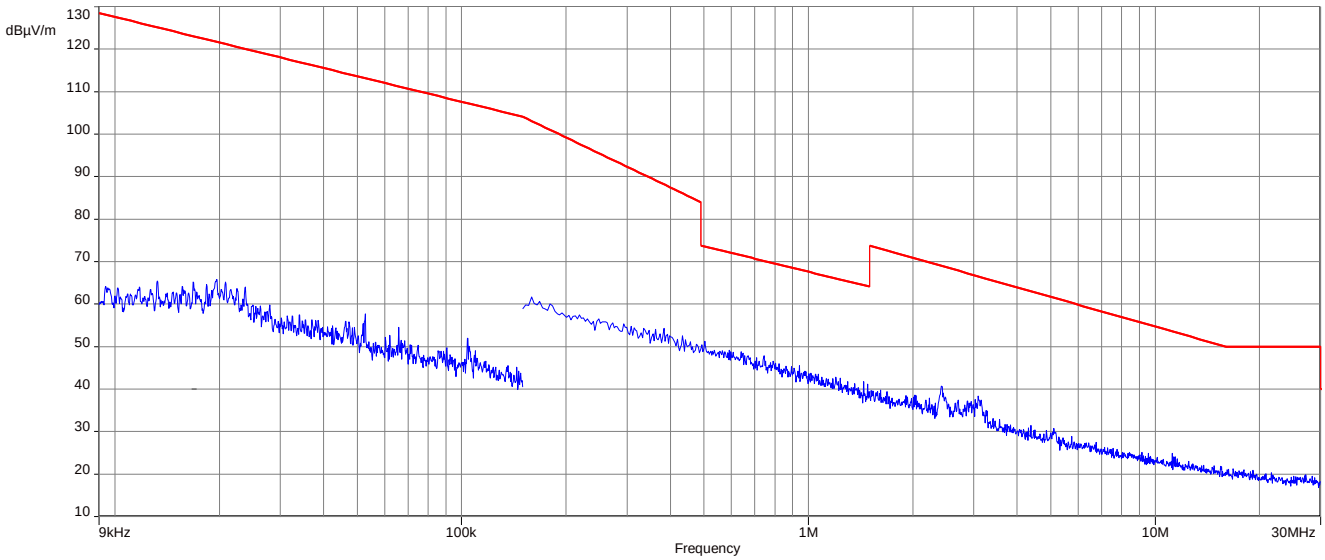
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



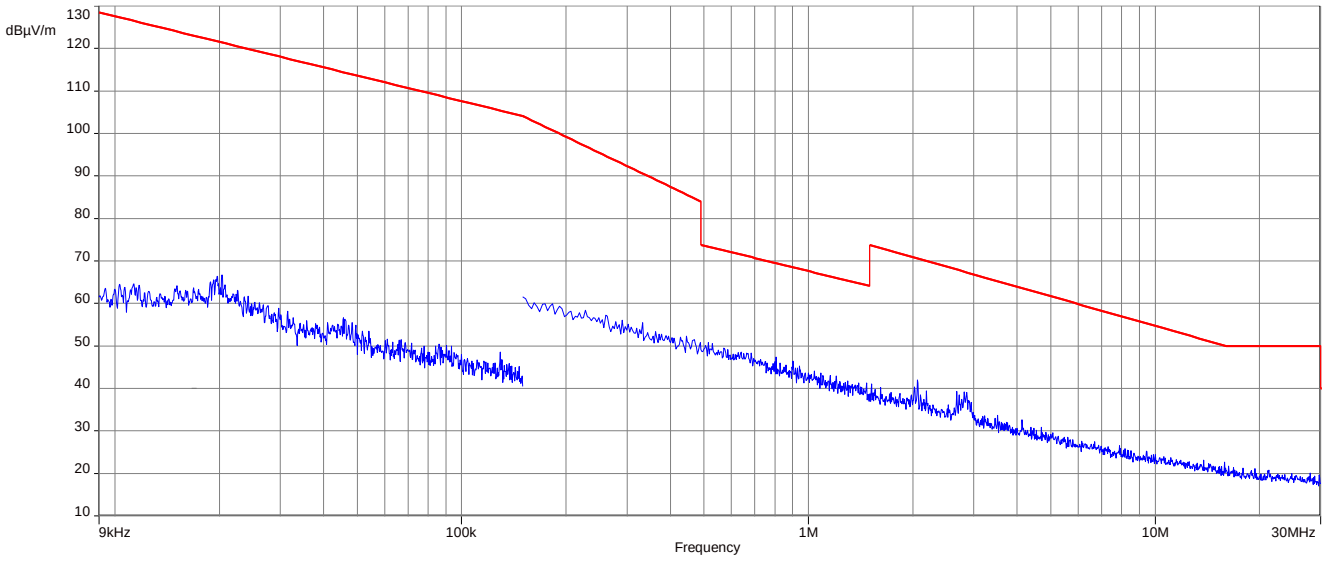
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



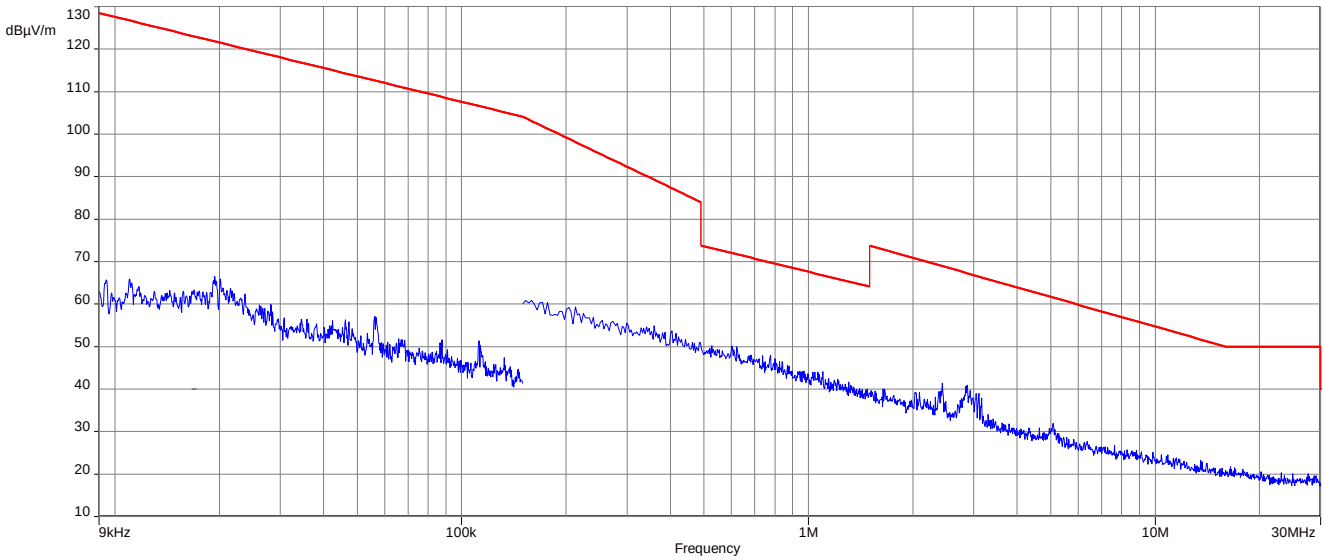
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel



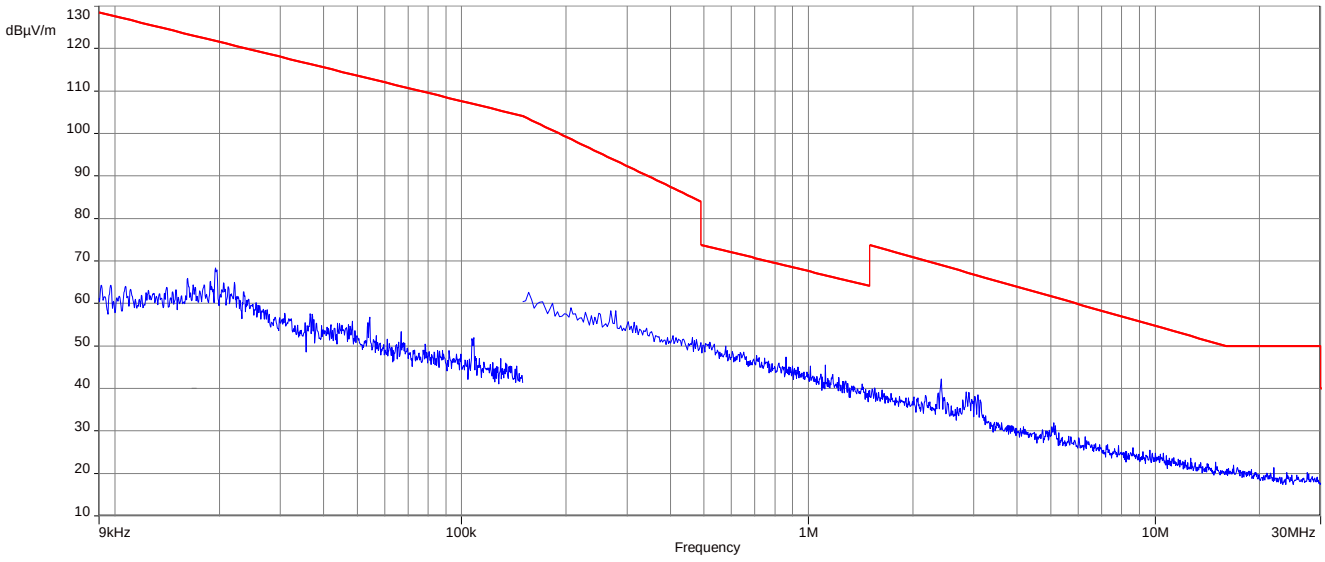
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel



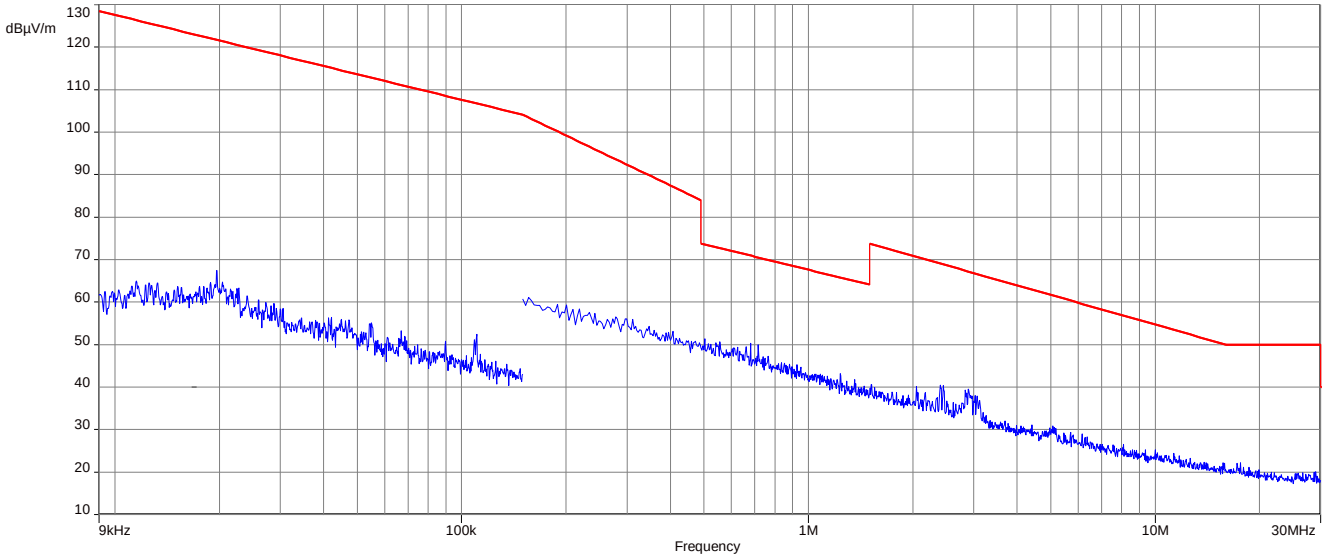
Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



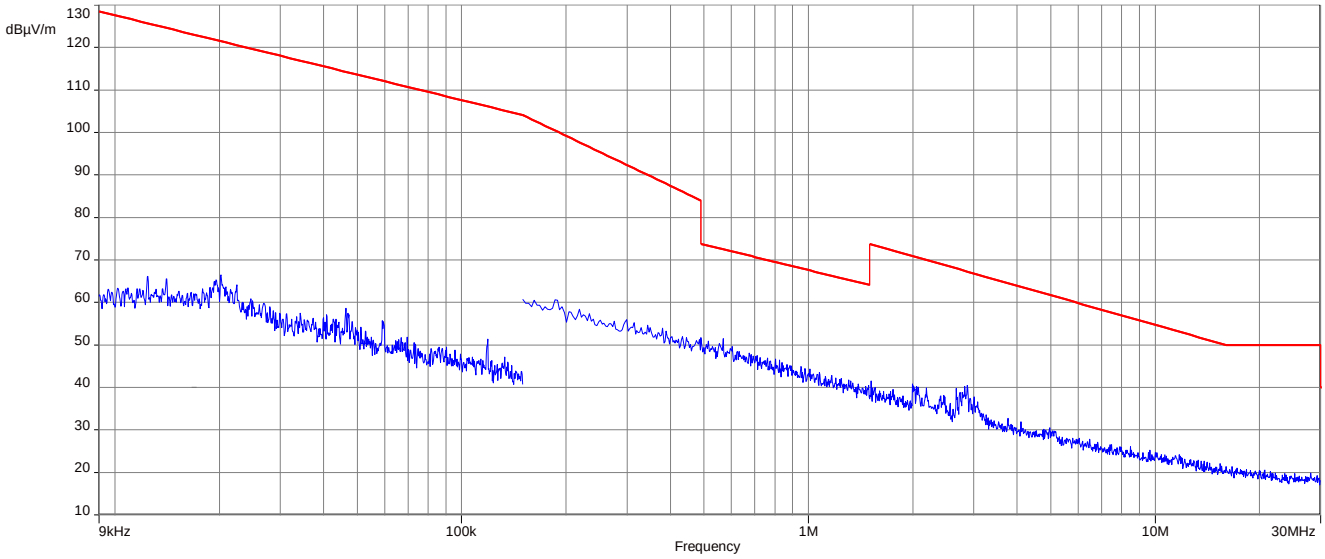
Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; middle channel



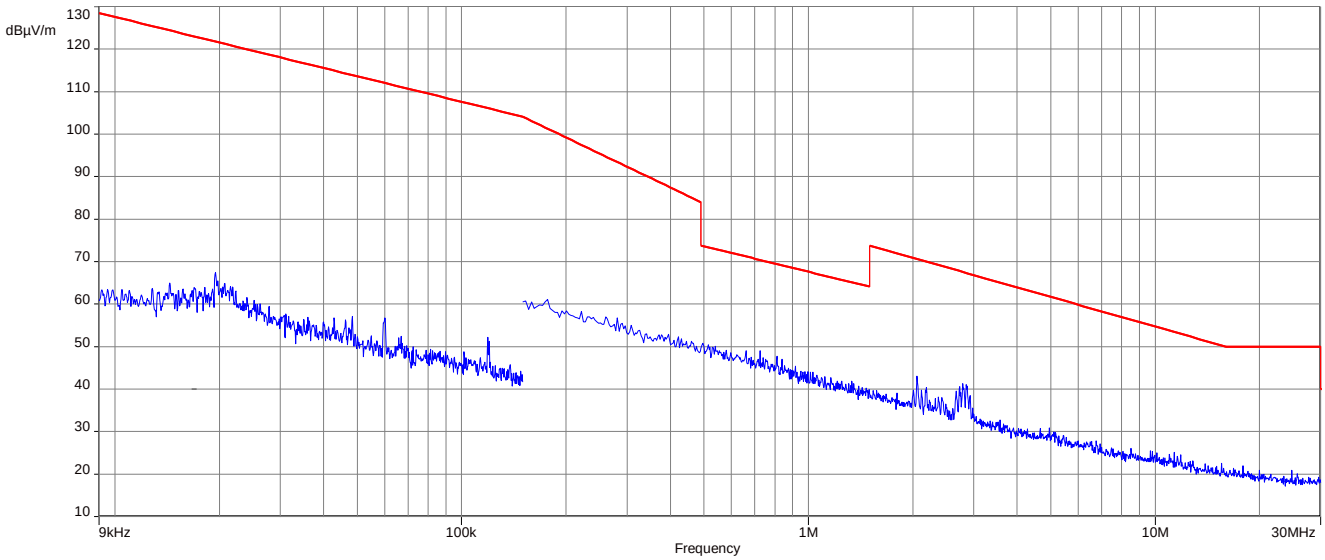
Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



Plot 8: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel



12.11 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

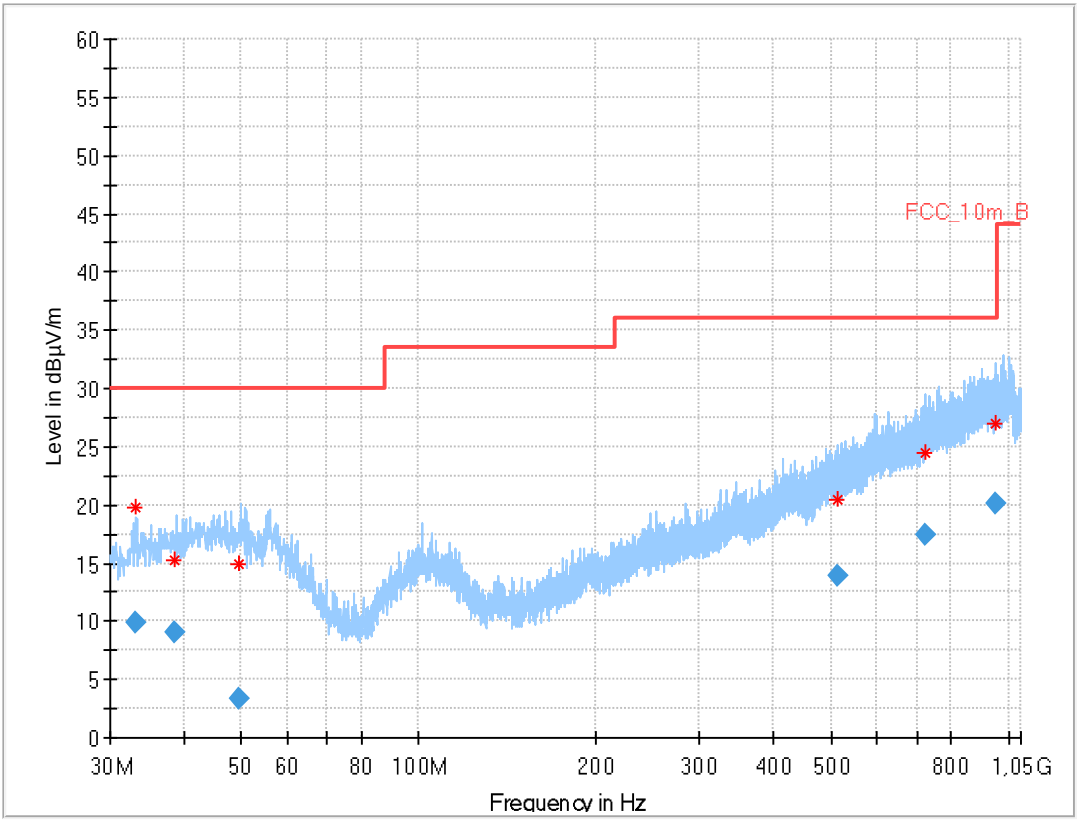
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	120 kHz
Video bandwidth:	500 kHz
Span:	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.1 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209 / RSS-247		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1 (worst case)

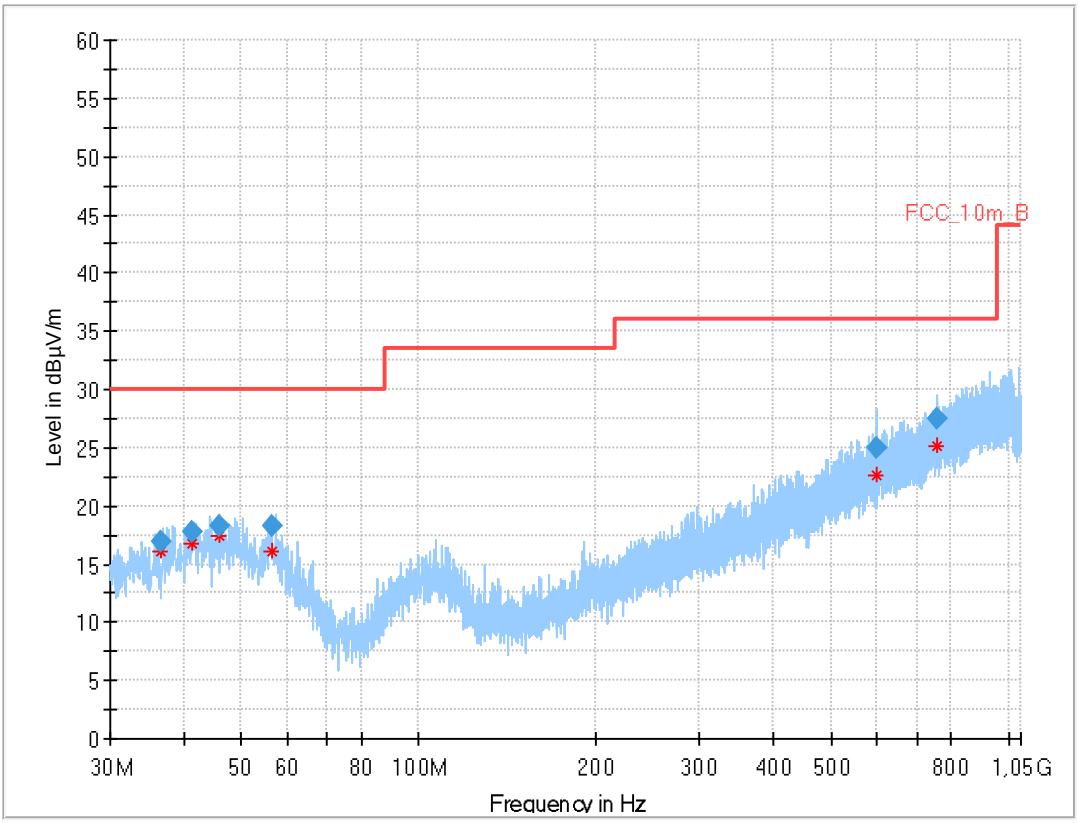


Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
33.024	9.83	30.0	20.2	1000	120.0	368.0	H	45	14
38.476	9.07	30.0	20.9	1000	120.0	400.0	V	212	15
49.508	3.30	30.0	26.7	1000	120.0	117.0	V	51	16
513.918	13.87	36.0	22.1	1000	120.0	200.0	H	77	20
723.744	17.45	36.0	18.6	1000	120.0	200.0	H	262	23
947.912	20.06	36.0	15.9	1000	120.0	288.0	H	0	25

© CTC advanced GmbH

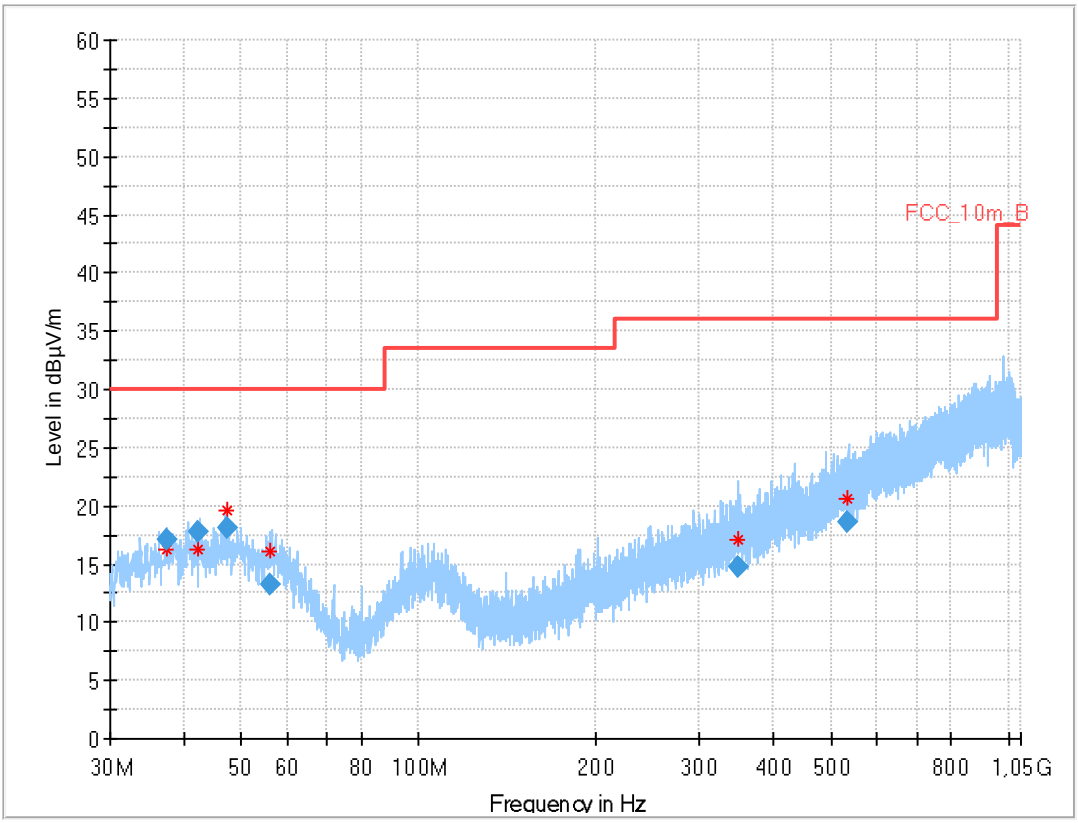
Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A (worst case)



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
36.548	16.98	30.0	13.0	1000	120.0	104.0	H	52	15
41.397	17.70	30.0	12.3	1000	120.0	158.0	H	52	16
45.978	18.24	30.0	11.8	1000	120.0	176.0	H	-37	16
56.289	18.24	30.0	11.8	1000	120.0	195.0	V	236	16
596.085	24.91	36.0	11.1	1000	120.0	195.0	V	119	22
756.275	27.46	36.0	8.5	1000	120.0	171.0	V	-37	24

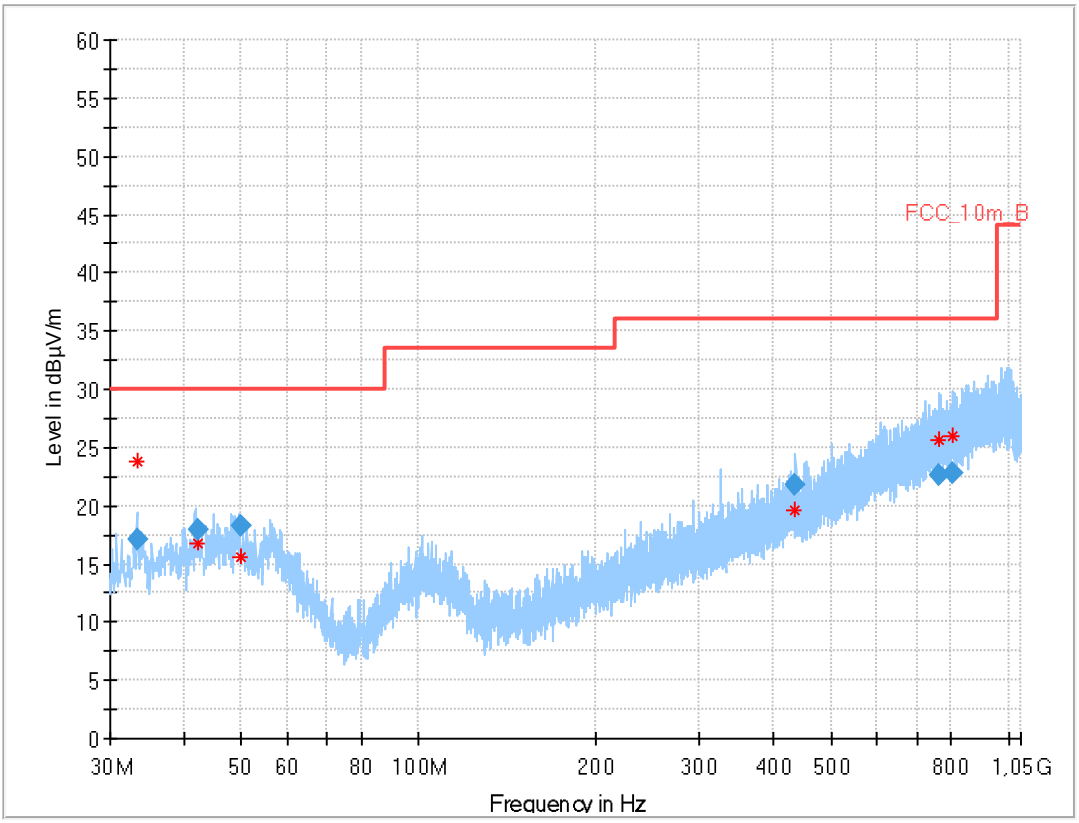
Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C (worst case)



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
37.406	17.10	30.0	12.9	1000	120.0	195.0	V	162	15
42.195	17.83	30.0	12.2	1000	120.0	167.0	V	241	16
47.212	18.08	30.0	11.9	1000	120.0	141.0	V	10	16
55.975	13.26	30.0	16.7	1000	120.0	118.0	V	142	16
348.639	14.75	36.0	21.3	1000	120.0	195.0	V	142	17
534.788	18.66	36.0	17.3	1000	120.0	195.0	H	105	20

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3 (worst case)



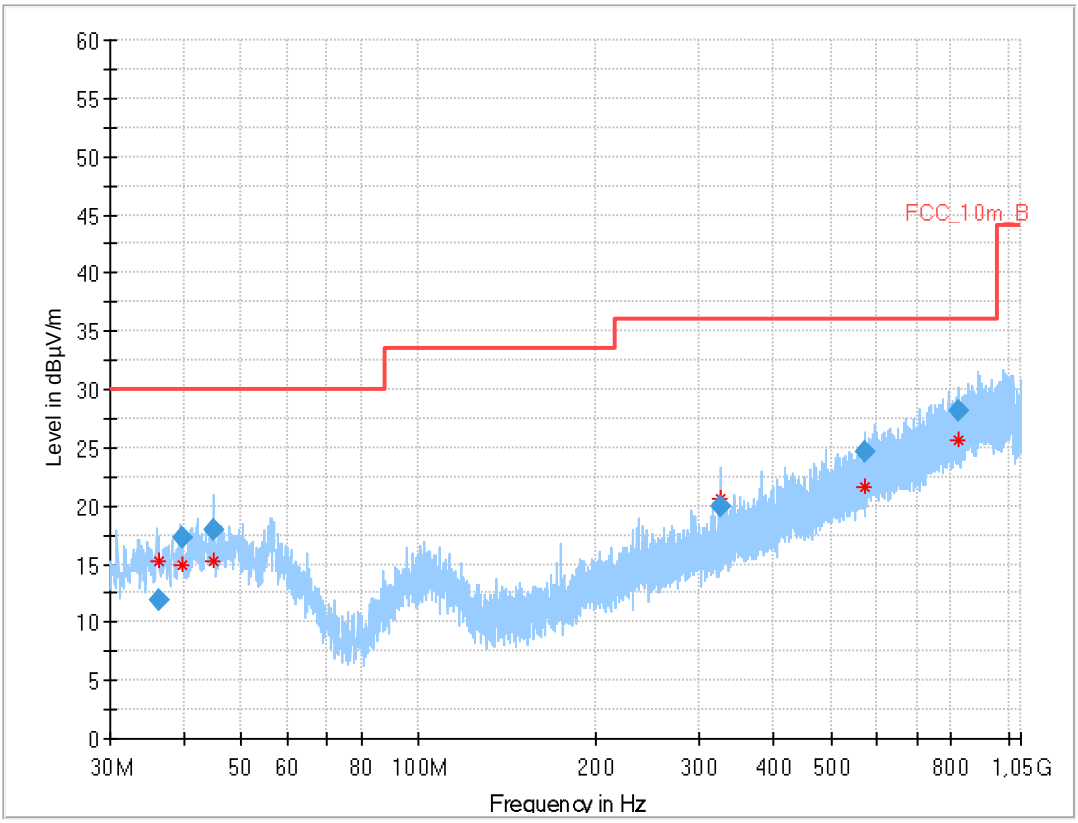
Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
33.255	17.02	30.0	13.0	1000	120.0	121.0	V	148	14
42.122	17.88	30.0	12.1	1000	120.0	195.0	H	142	16
49.912	18.33	30.0	11.7	1000	120.0	195.0	H	190	16
435.435	21.82	36.0	14.2	1000	120.0	173.0	V	283	19
763.562	22.58	36.0	13.4	1000	120.0	195.0	H	142	24
804.744	22.84	36.0	13.2	1000	120.0	180.0	V	232	24

© CTC advanced GmbH

Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

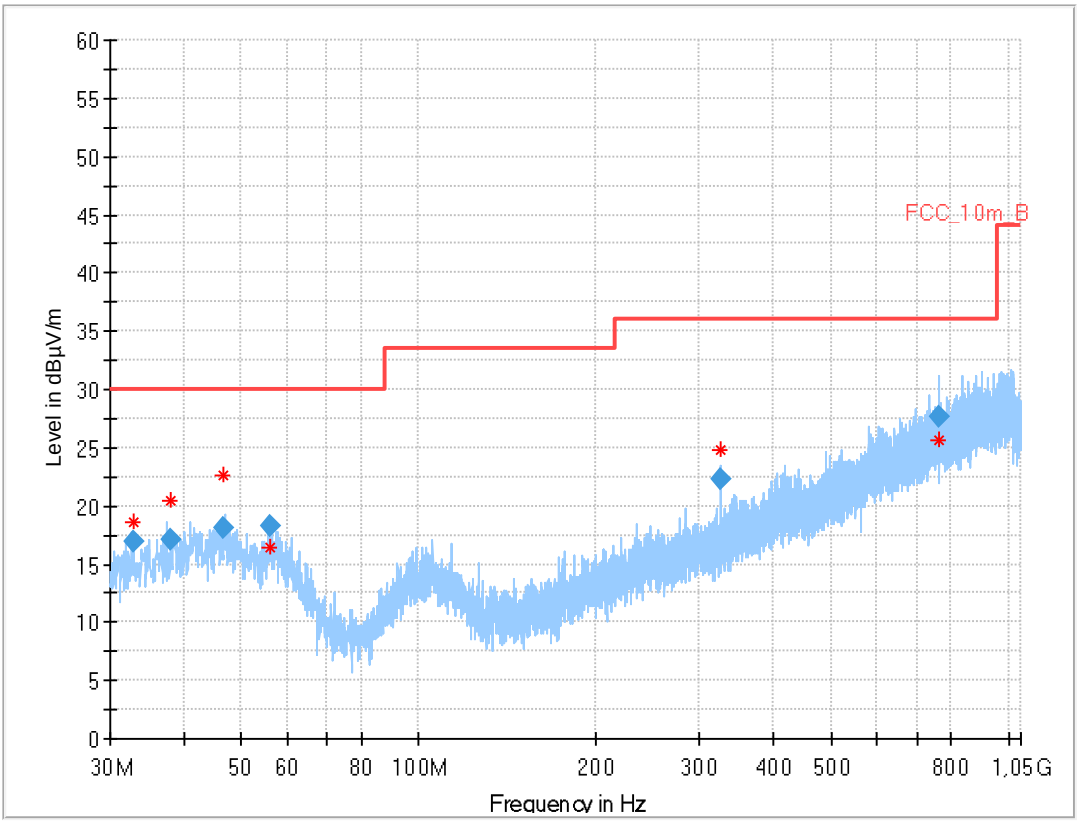
Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1 (worst case)



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
36.233	11.89	30.0	18.1	1000	120.0	175.0	H	-37	14
39.905	17.33	30.0	12.7	1000	120.0	195.0	V	237	15
44.779	17.88	30.0	12.1	1000	120.0	195.0	H	-37	16
325.002	20.01	36.0	16.0	1000	120.0	104.0	V	52	16
571.057	24.57	36.0	11.4	1000	120.0	154.0	H	232	20
823.532	28.13	36.0	7.9	1000	120.0	189.0	V	232	24

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A (worst case)

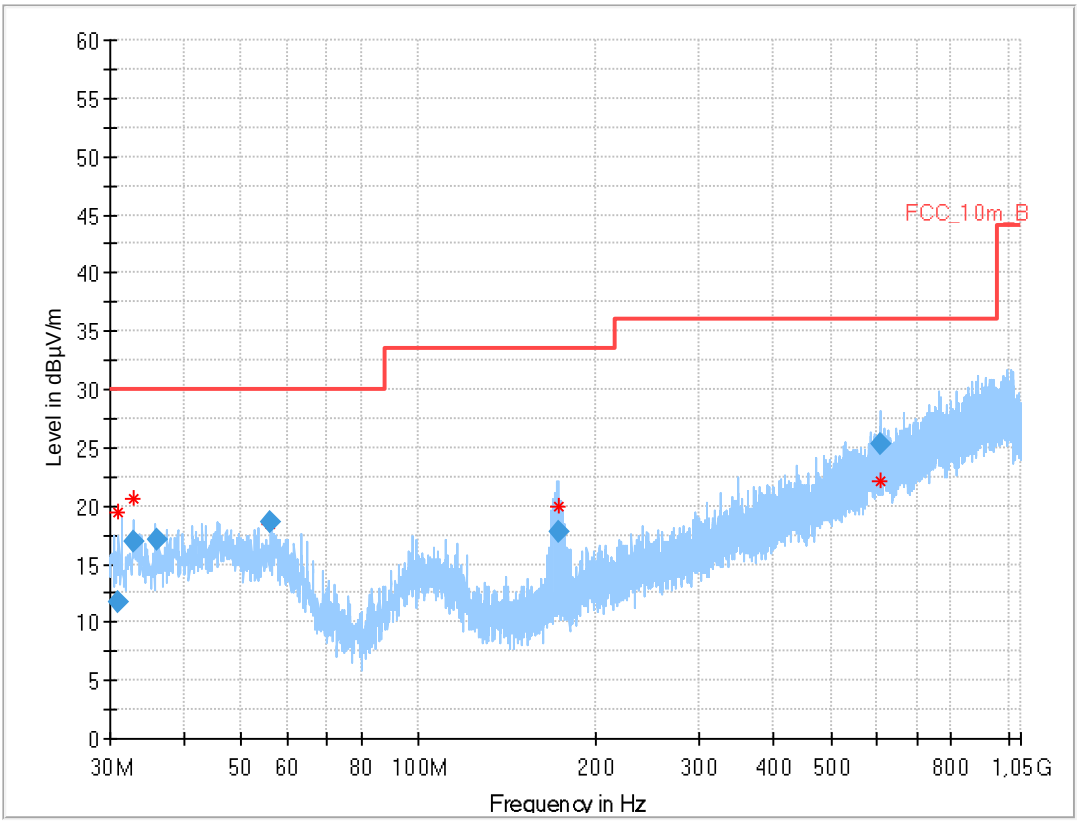


Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
32.899	16.93	30.0	13.1	1000	120.0	98.0	V	152	14
37.843	17.13	30.0	12.9	1000	120.0	136.0	H	232	15
46.565	18.11	30.0	11.9	1000	120.0	106.0	V	238	16
56.032	18.20	30.0	11.8	1000	120.0	195.0	H	142	16
324.993	22.28	36.0	13.7	1000	120.0	195.0	H	142	16
761.028	27.62	36.0	8.4	1000	120.0	195.0	H	232	24

© CTC advanced GmbH

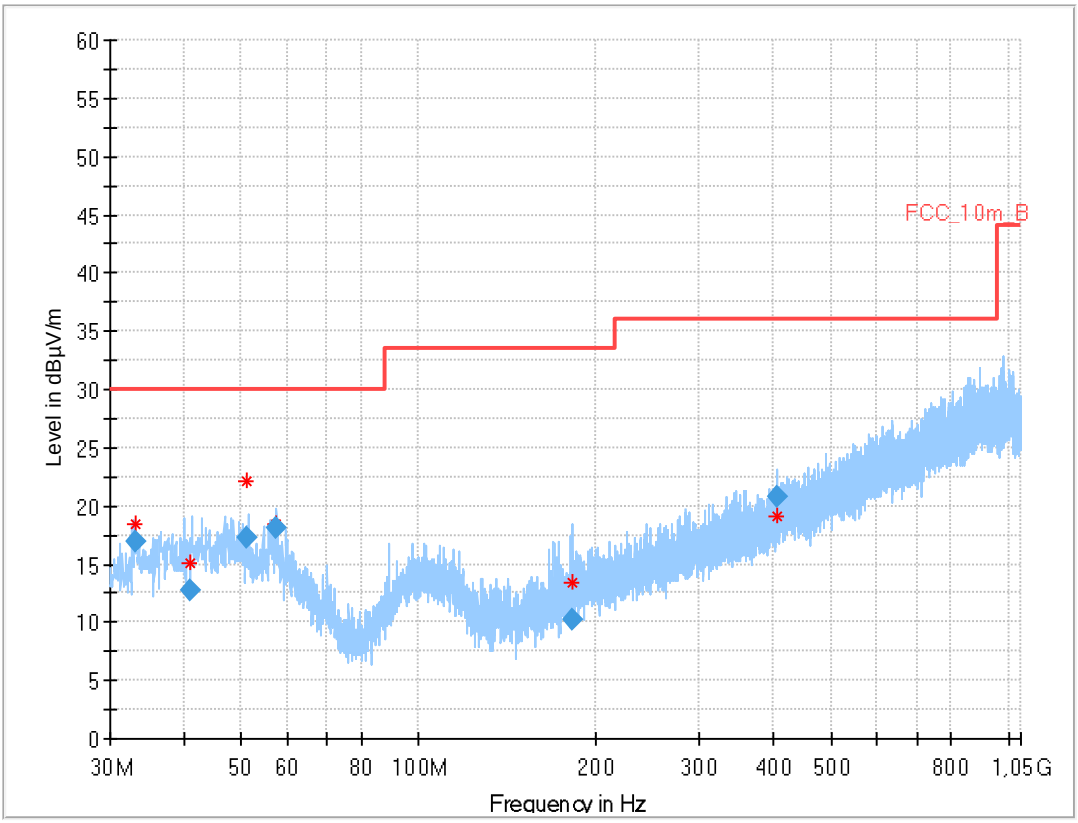
Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C (worst case)



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
30.968	11.77	30.0	18.2	1000	120.0	114.0	V	127	13
32.978	16.93	30.0	13.1	1000	120.0	177.0	H	26	14
36.055	17.02	30.0	13.0	1000	120.0	195.0	H	265	14
56.038	18.54	30.0	11.5	1000	120.0	195.0	V	209	16
172.496	17.82	33.5	15.7	1000	120.0	101.0	V	62	11
605.076	25.28	36.0	10.7	1000	120.0	195.0	H	52	22

Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3 (worst case)



Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
33.243	17.00	30.0	13.0	1000	120.0	113.0	V	240	14
41.016	12.66	30.0	17.3	1000	120.0	195.0	V	142	15
51.249	17.32	30.0	12.7	1000	120.0	195.0	V	247	15
57.494	18.02	30.0	12.0	1000	120.0	153.0	V	127	15
182.598	10.26	33.5	23.2	1000	120.0	195.0	V	-37	11
405.474	20.75	36.0	15.3	1000	120.0	195.0	H	142	18

12.12 Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 40 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations from 1 GHz to 40 GHz.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak below 1 GHz (alternative Peak) Peak above 1 GHz / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	1 GHz to 40 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold / Average with 100 counts + 20 log (1 / X) for duty cycle lower than 100 %
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – B See sub clause 7.3 – A (26GHz), B (40GHz)
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209 / RSS-247		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
15540	Peak	59.5	15601	Peak	60.8	15720	Peak	62.8
	AVG	52.0		AVG	52.7		AVG	53.4
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
15780	Peak	61.9	15840	Peak	60.6	10640	Peak	58.2
	AVG	52.4		AVG	53.0		AVG	49.0
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	15954	Peak	64.8
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	53.5
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
11004	Peak	59.1	11200	Peak	61.5	11404	Peak	61.0
	AVG	51.3		AVG	53.5		AVG	52.4
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
11490	Peak	57.6	11574	Peak	59.8	11651	Peak	57.6
	AVG	49.9		AVG	51.1		AVG	48.8
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-		Peak	
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

Results: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-			15682	Peak	57.8
	AVG	-/-					AVG	49.8
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.						For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

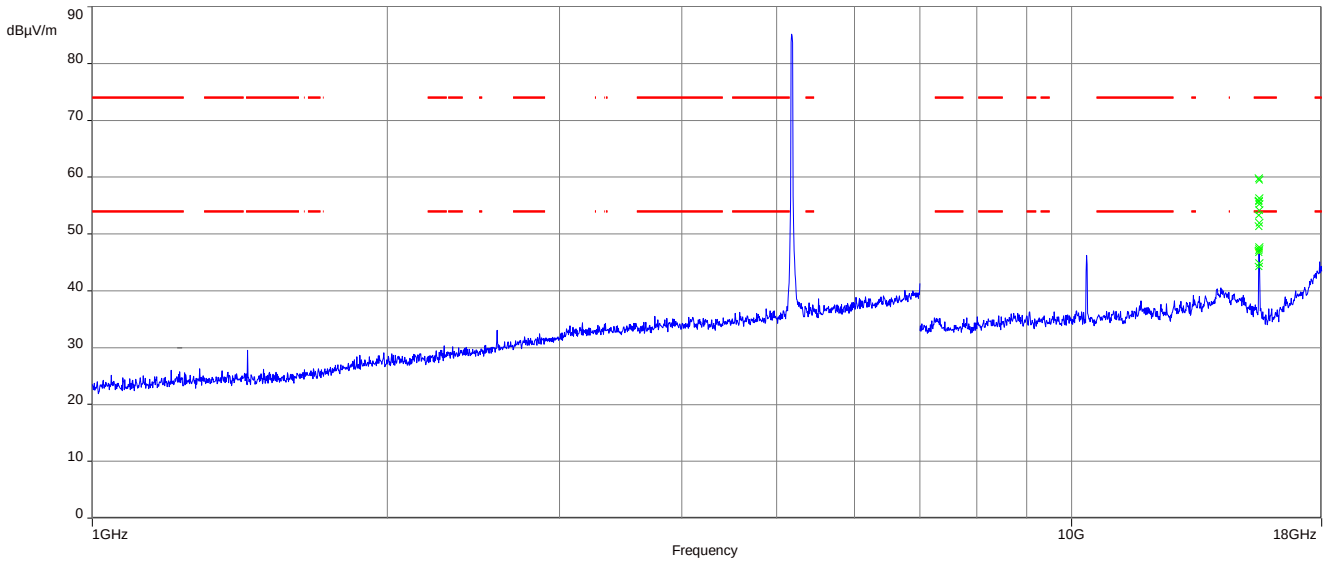
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
15826	Peak	60.5	-/-			15934	Peak	60.2
	AVG	51.9					AVG	52.6
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.						For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
2755	Peak	42.6	11180	Peak	58.9	2835	Peak	42.2
	AVG	37.2		AVG	51.6		AVG	36.2
11019	Peak	61.0	-/-	Peak	-/-	11340	Peak	58.9
	AVG	53.6		AVG	-/-		AVG	51.0
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

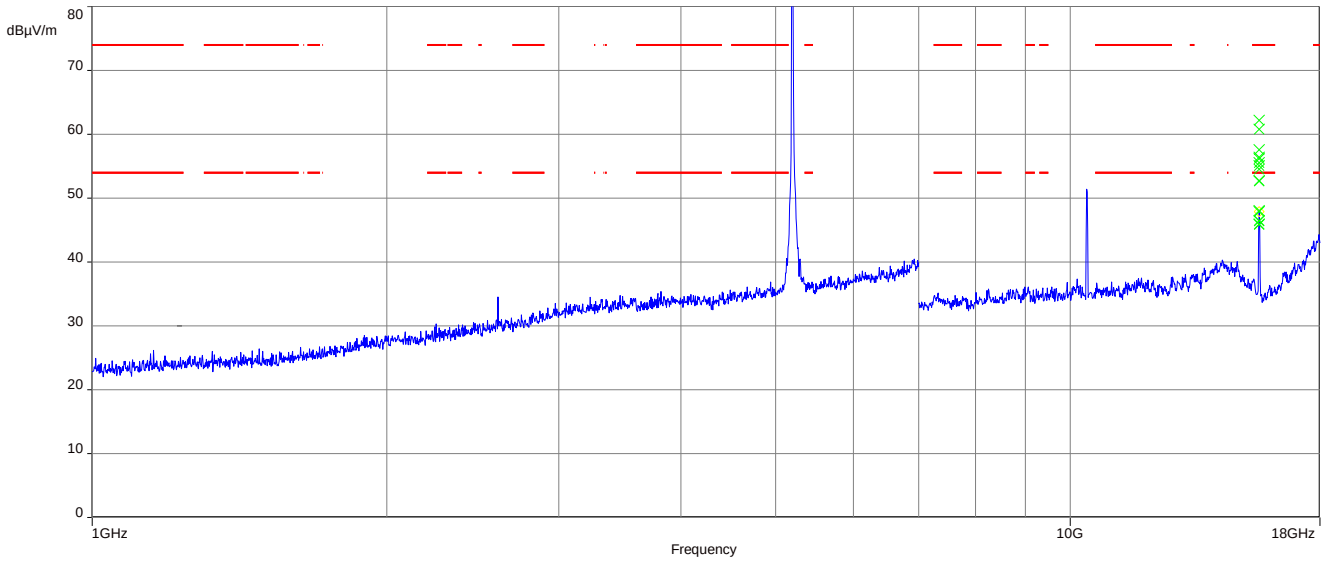
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
3837	Peak	47.0	-/-			11586	Peak	53.6
	AVG	37.9					AVG	44.8
11510	Peak	55.0				-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	46.9					AVG	-/-
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.						For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

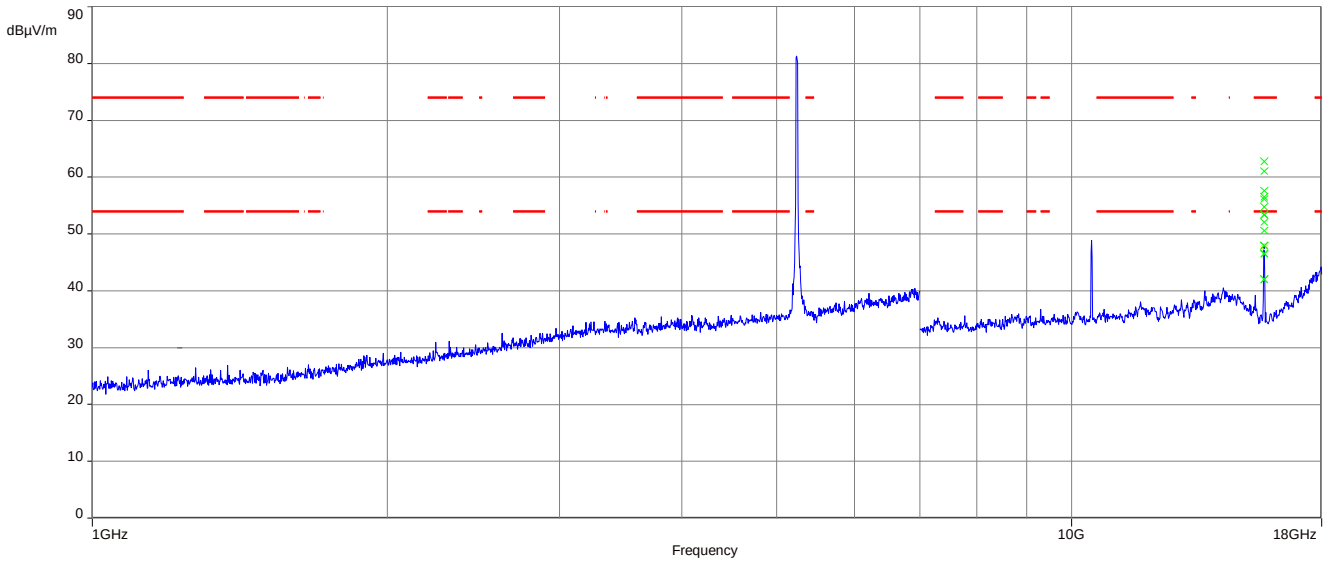
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



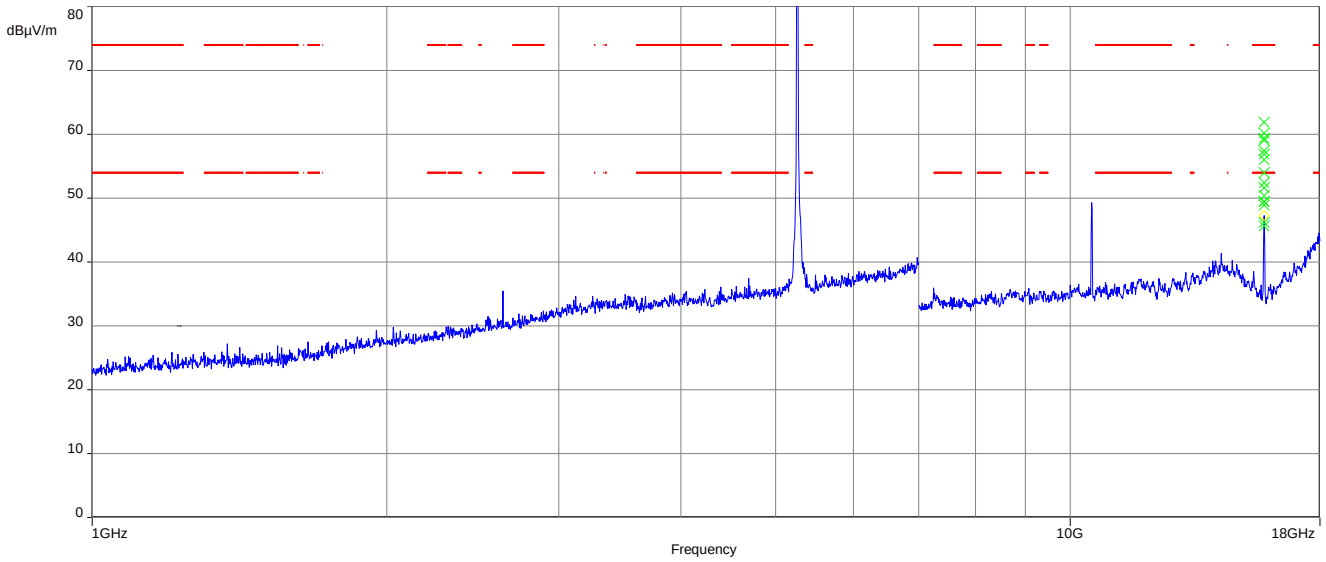
Plot 2: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel



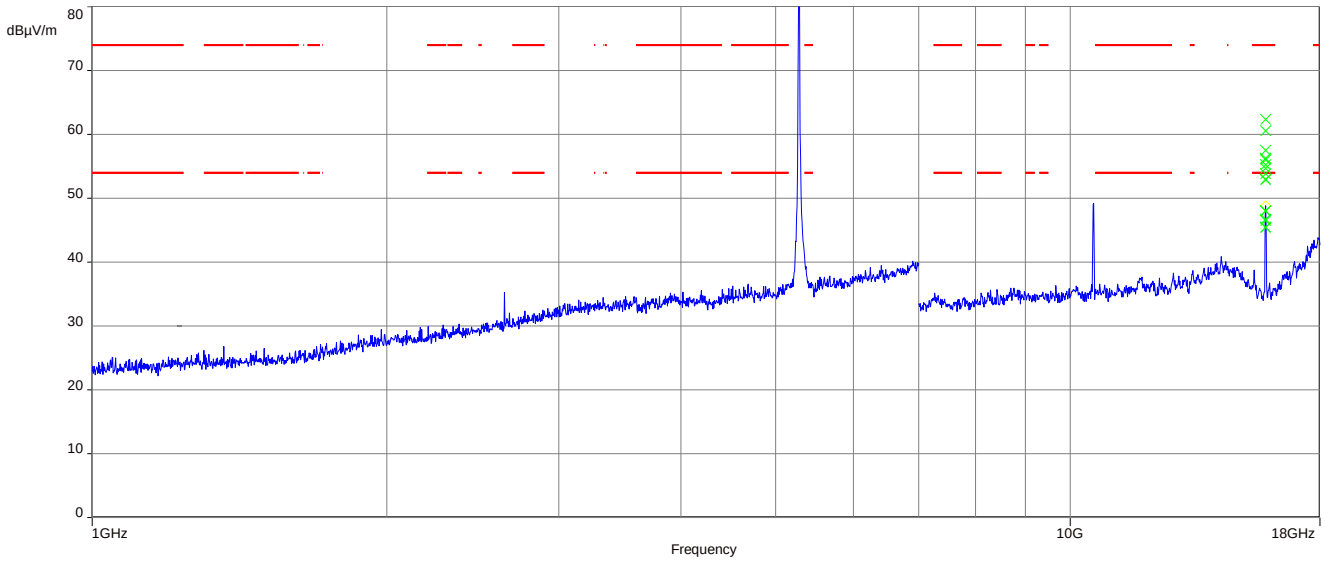
Plot 3: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



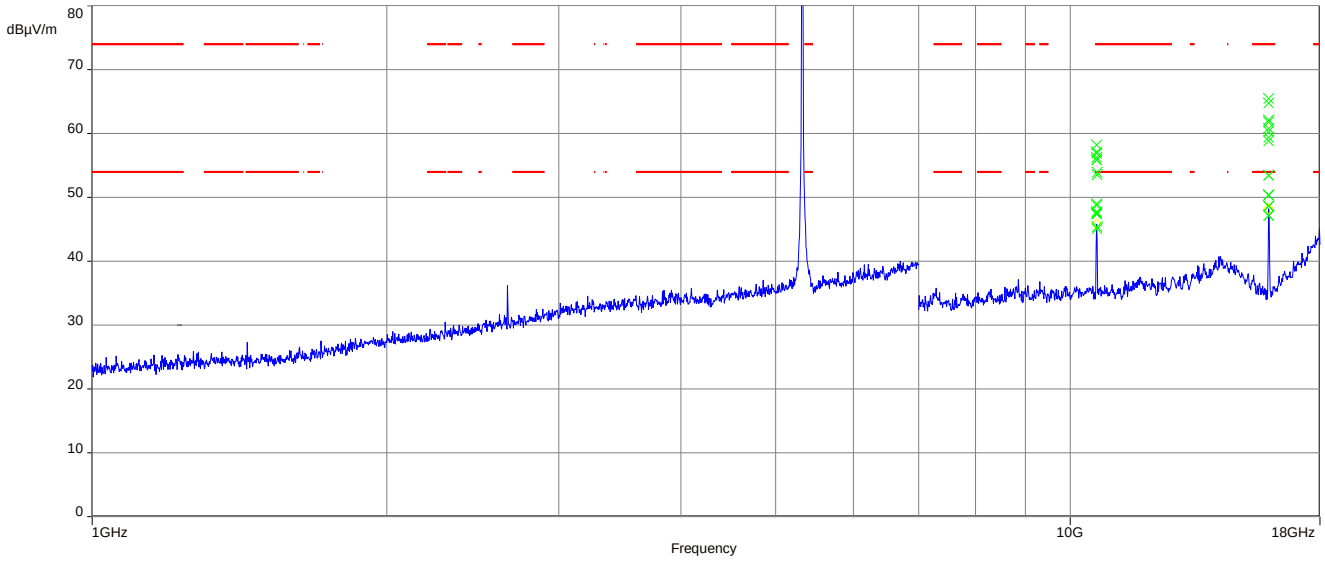
Plot 4: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel



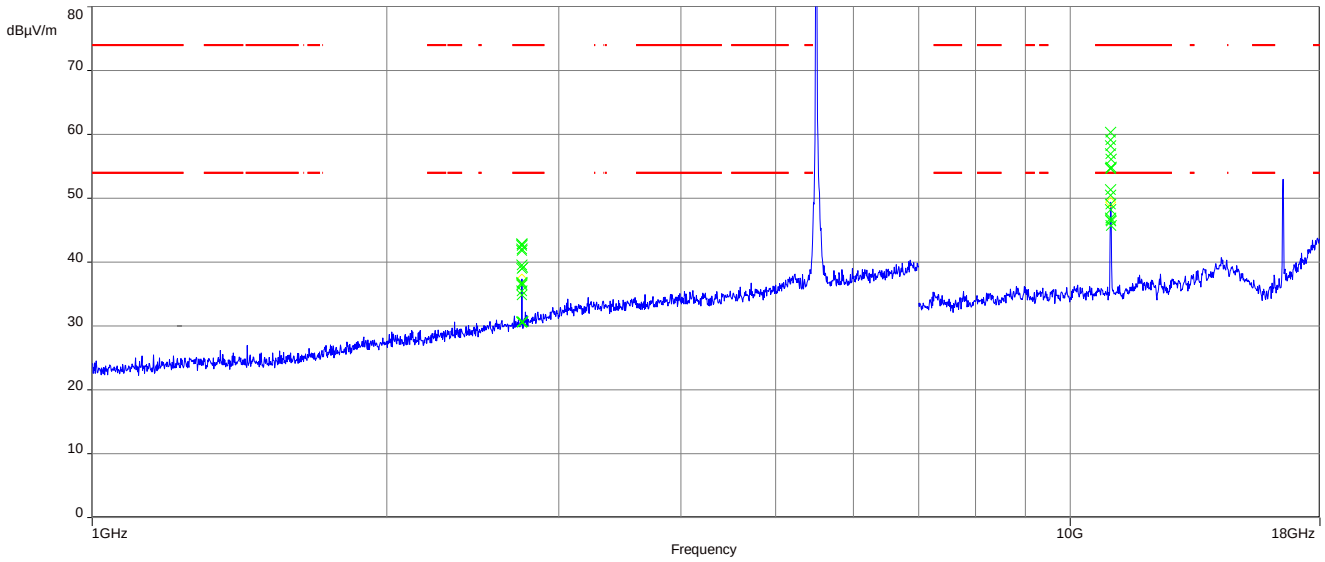
Plot 5: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel



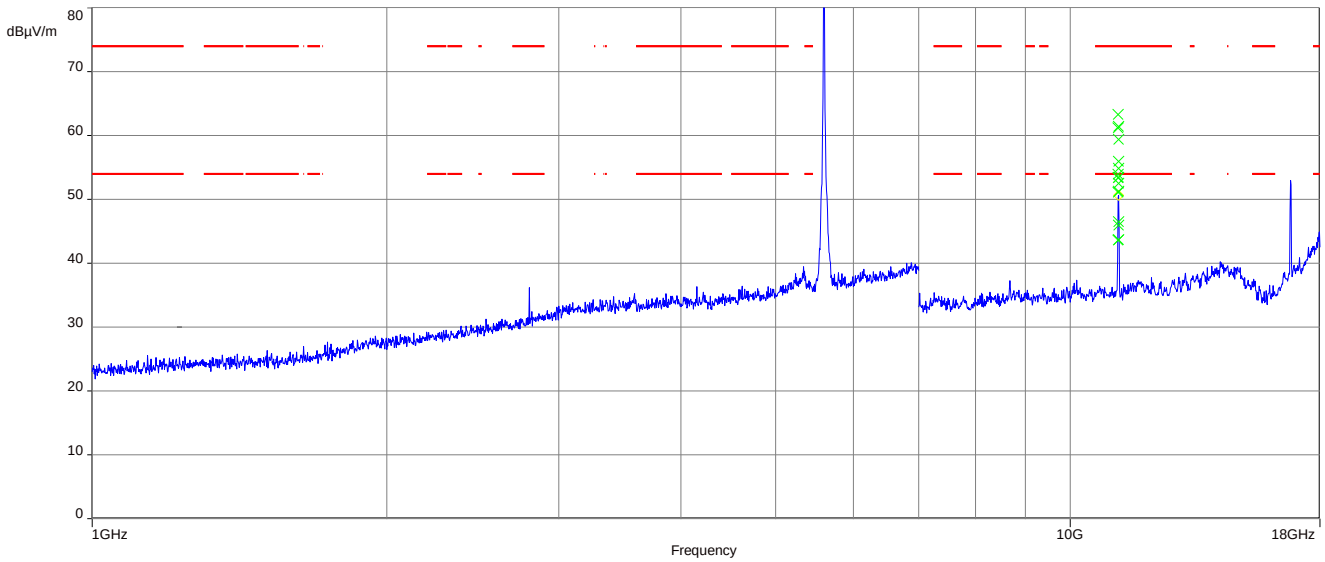
Plot 6: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel



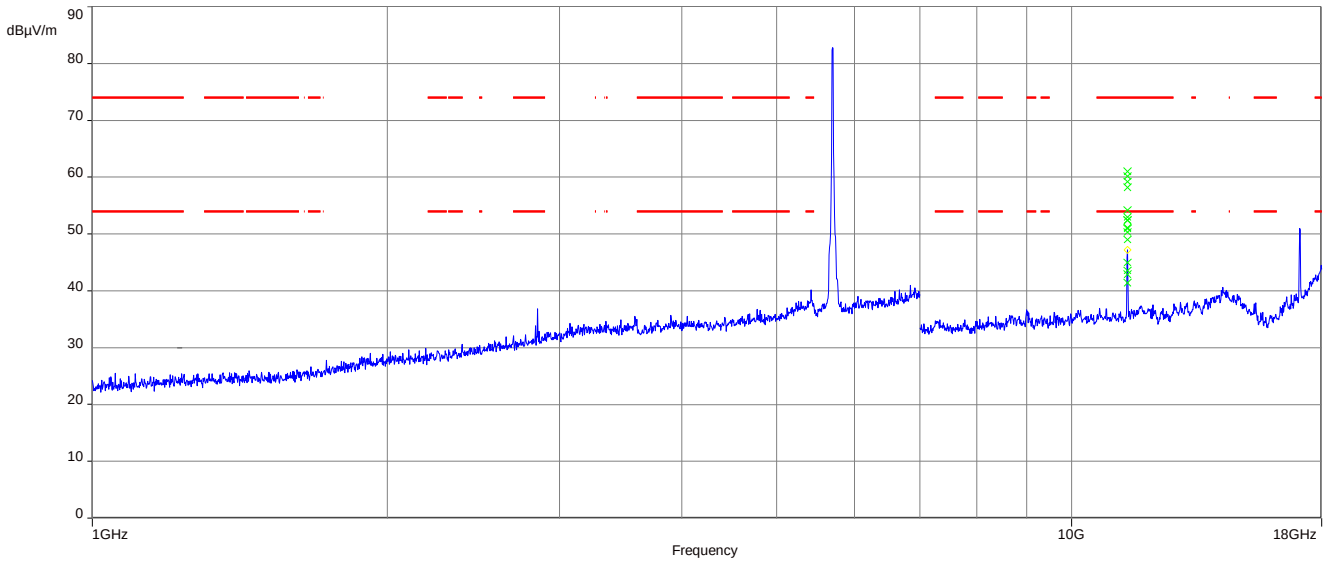
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel



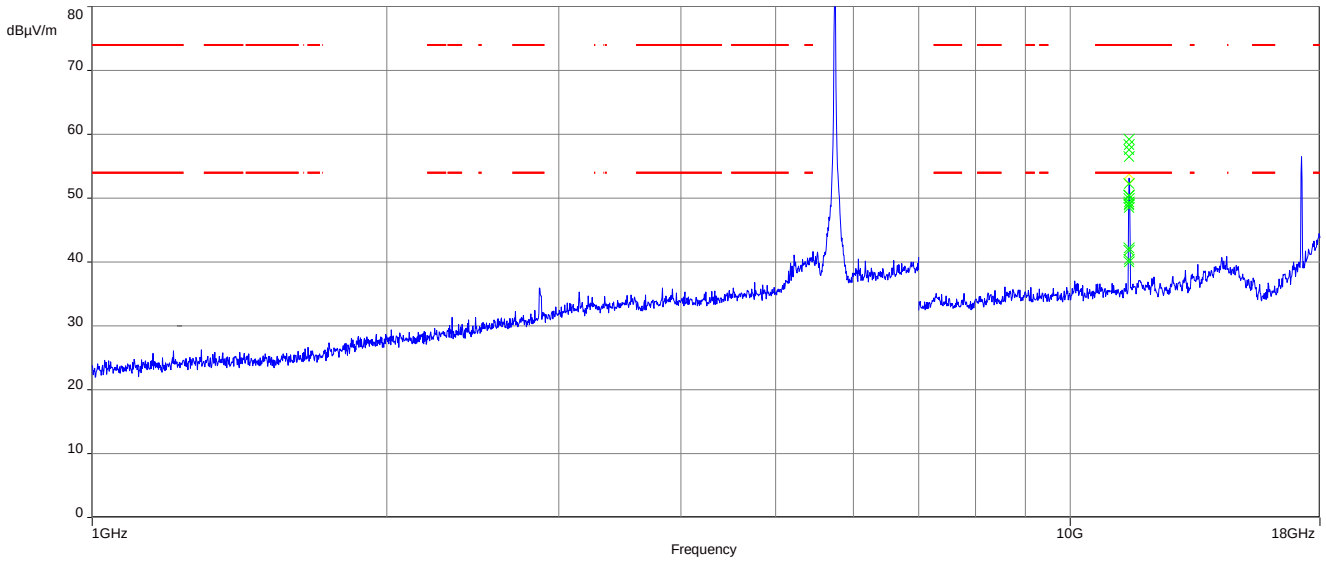
Plot 8: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel



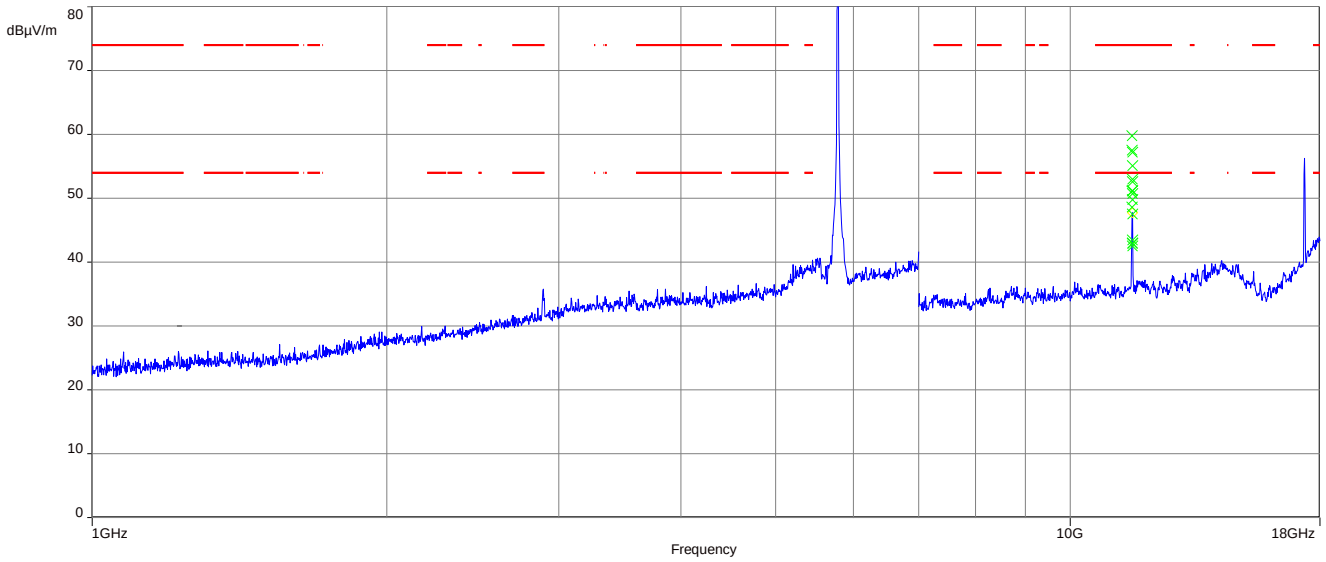
Plot 9: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel



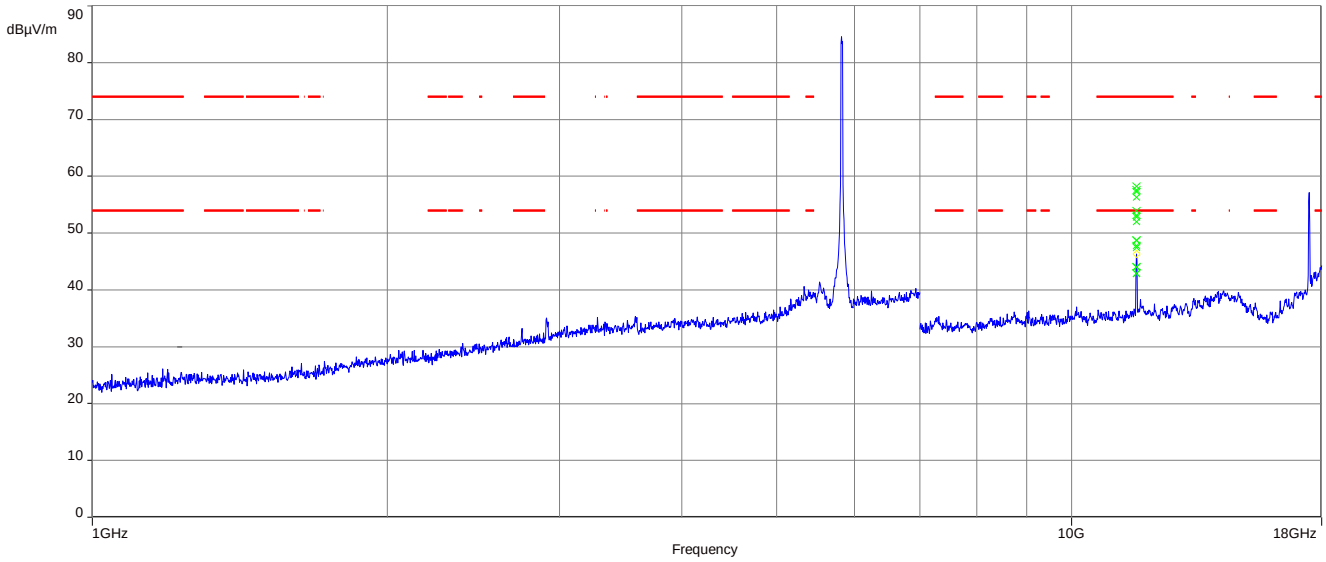
Plot 10: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



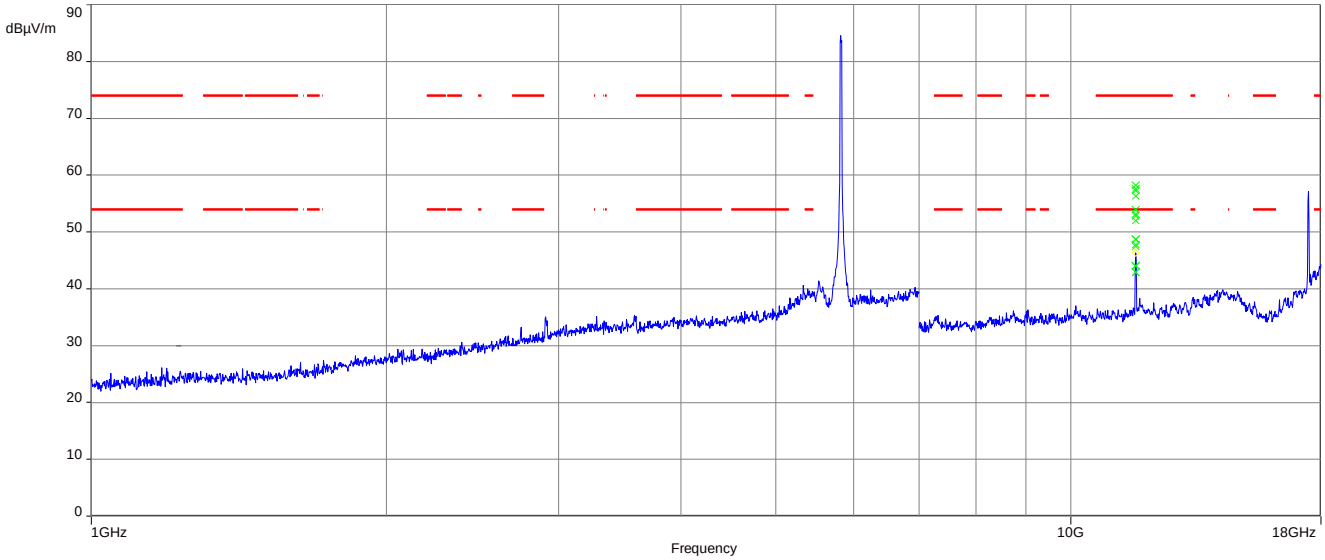
Plot 11: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel



Plot 12: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

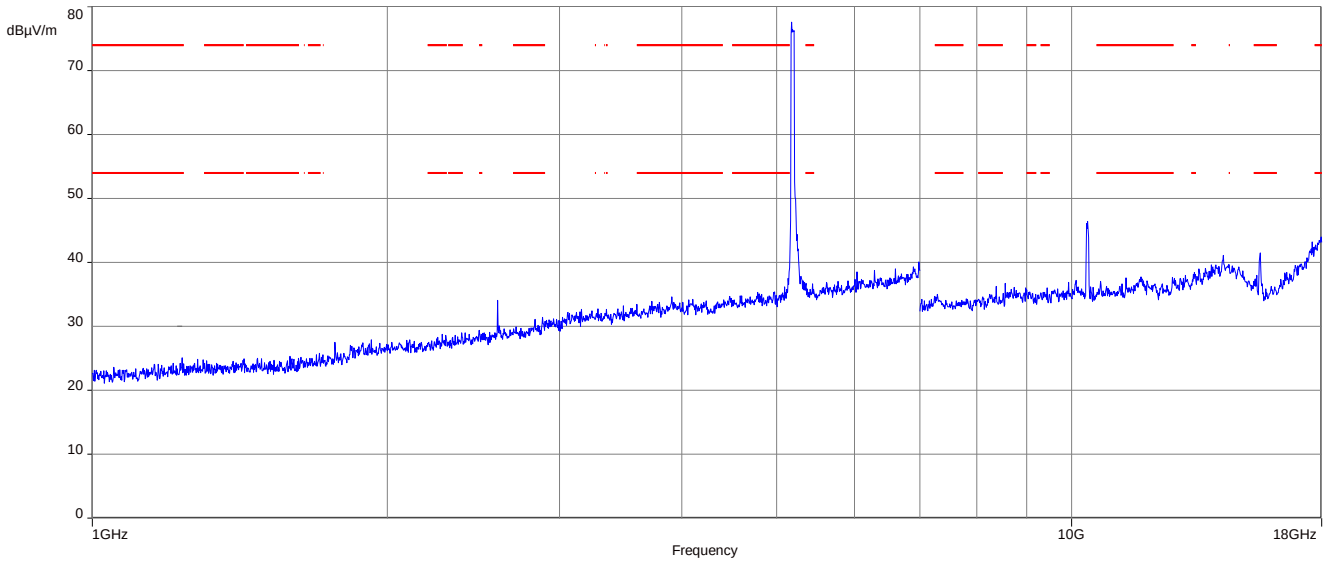


Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, 5825 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, cabinet radiation

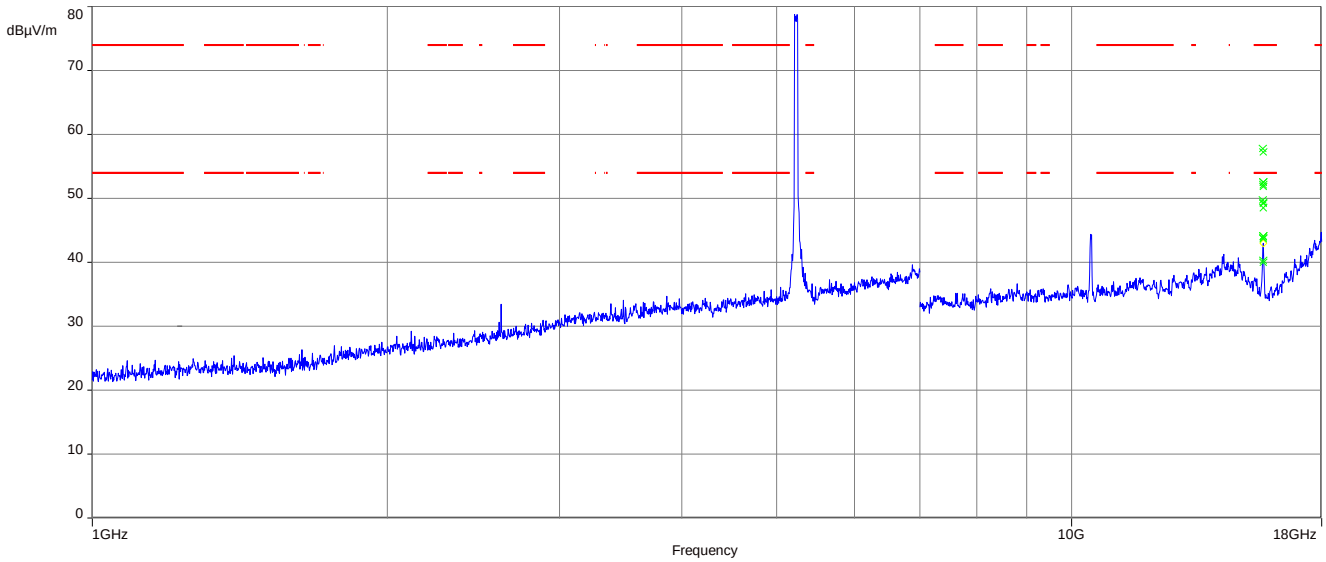


Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

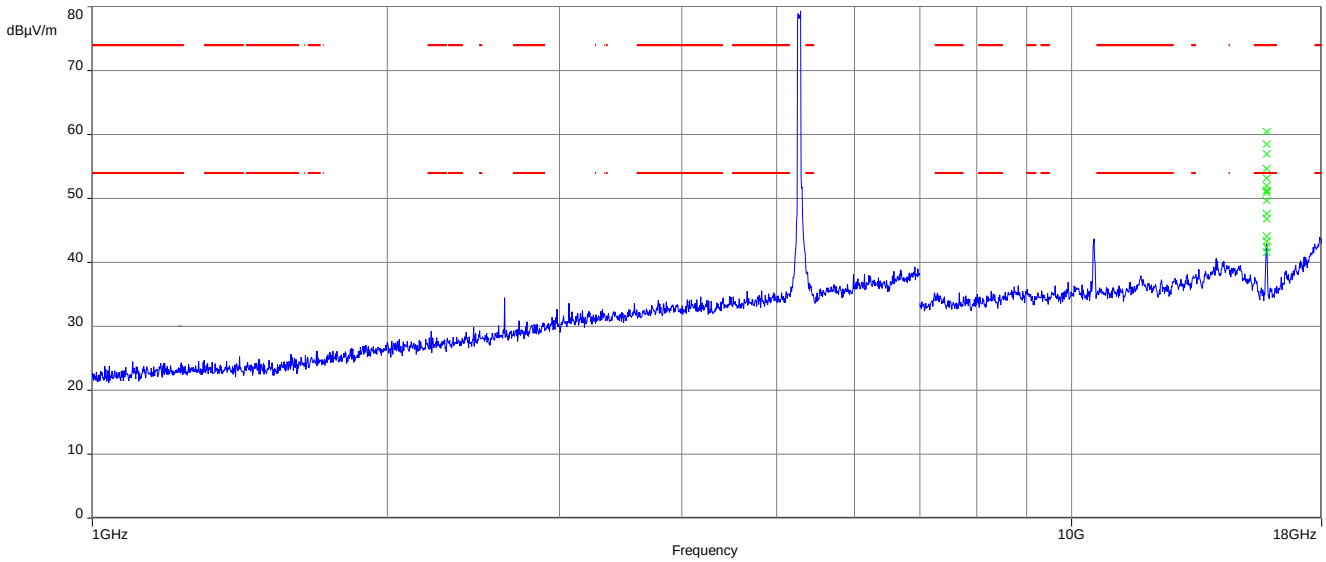
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



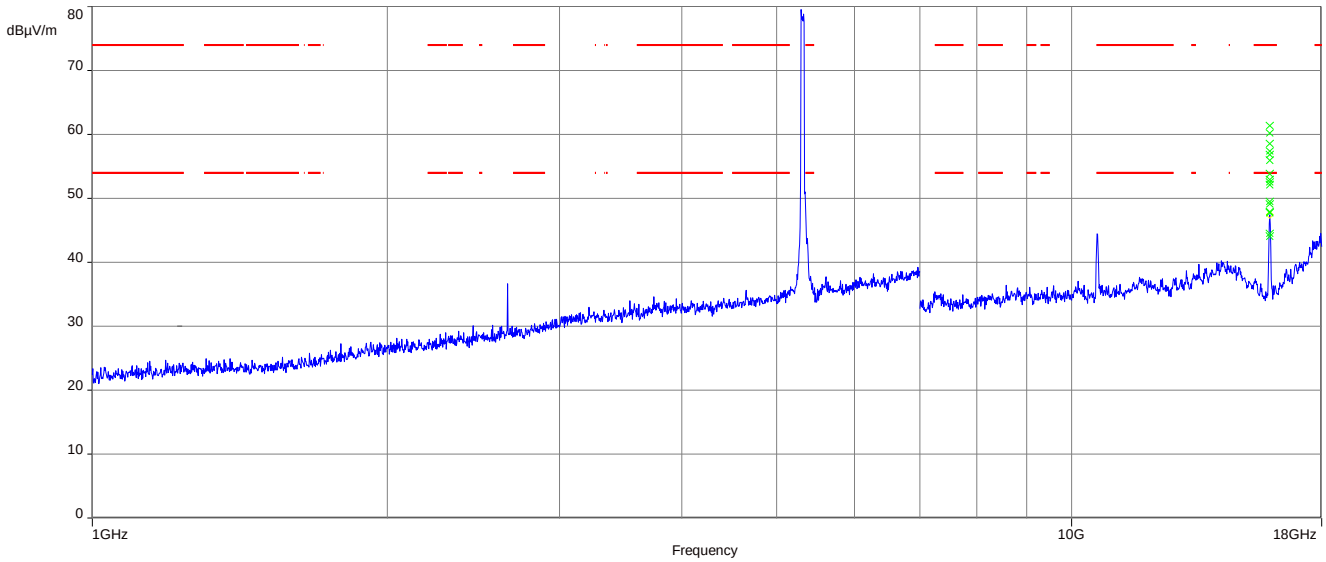
Plot 2: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel



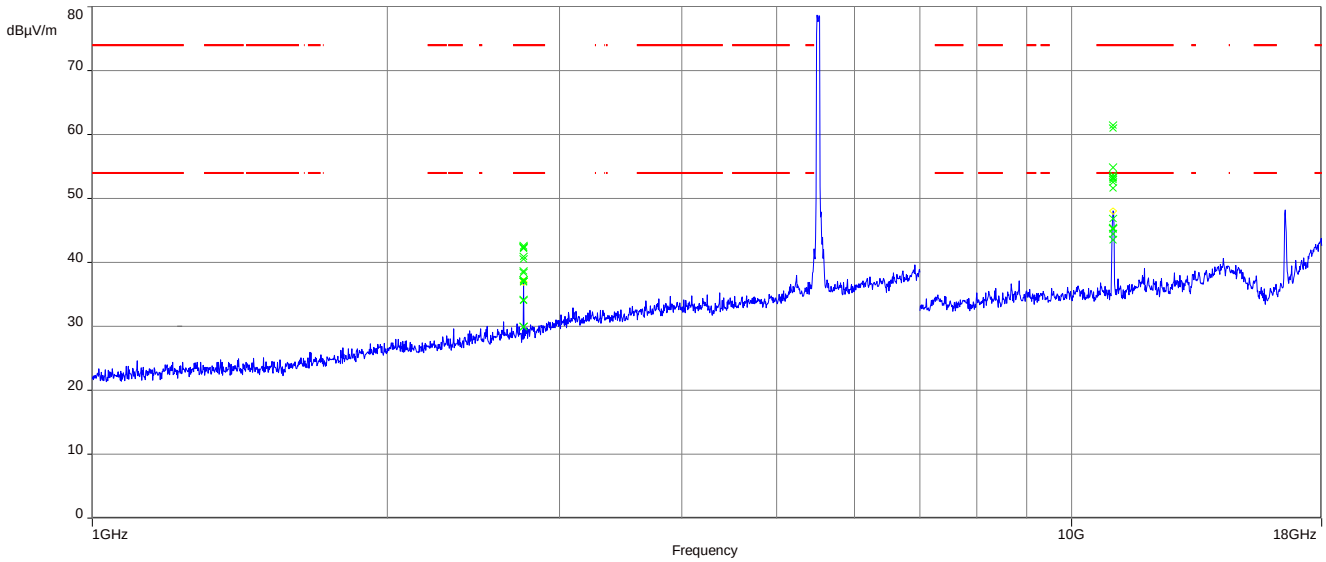
Plot 3: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel



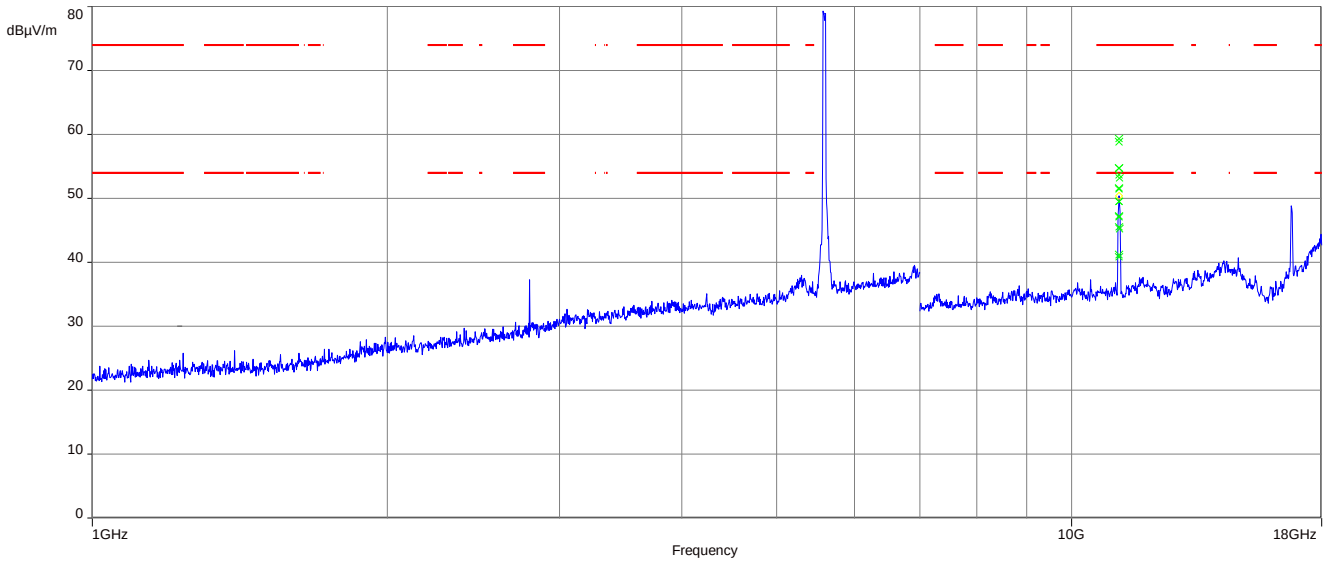
Plot 4: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel



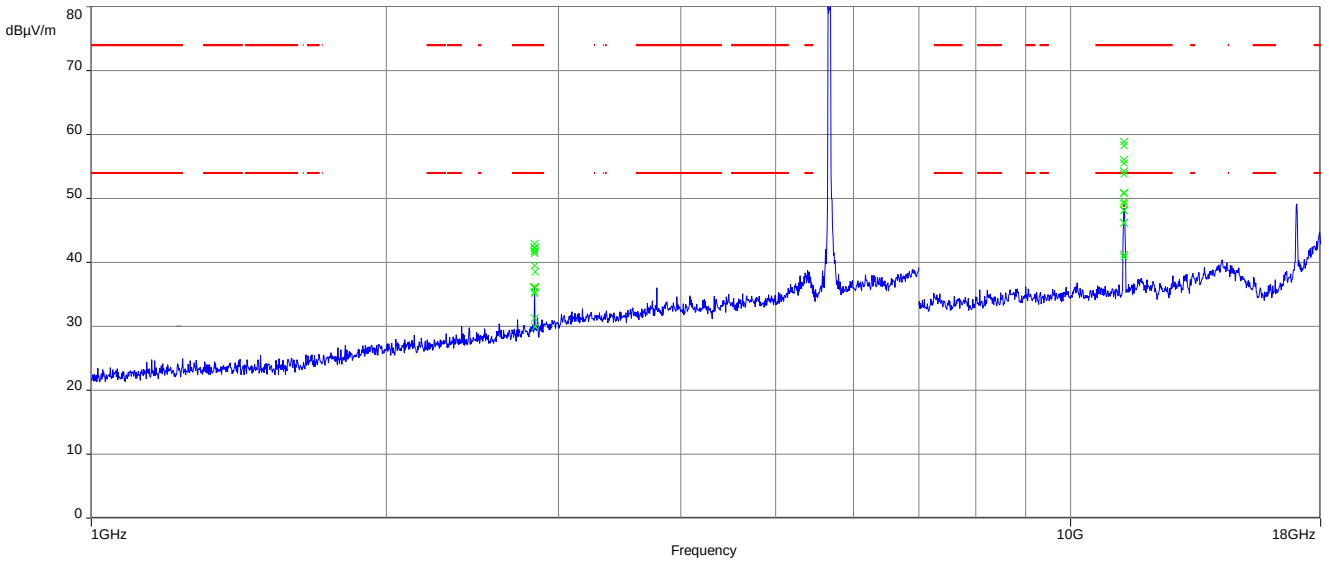
Plot 5: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel



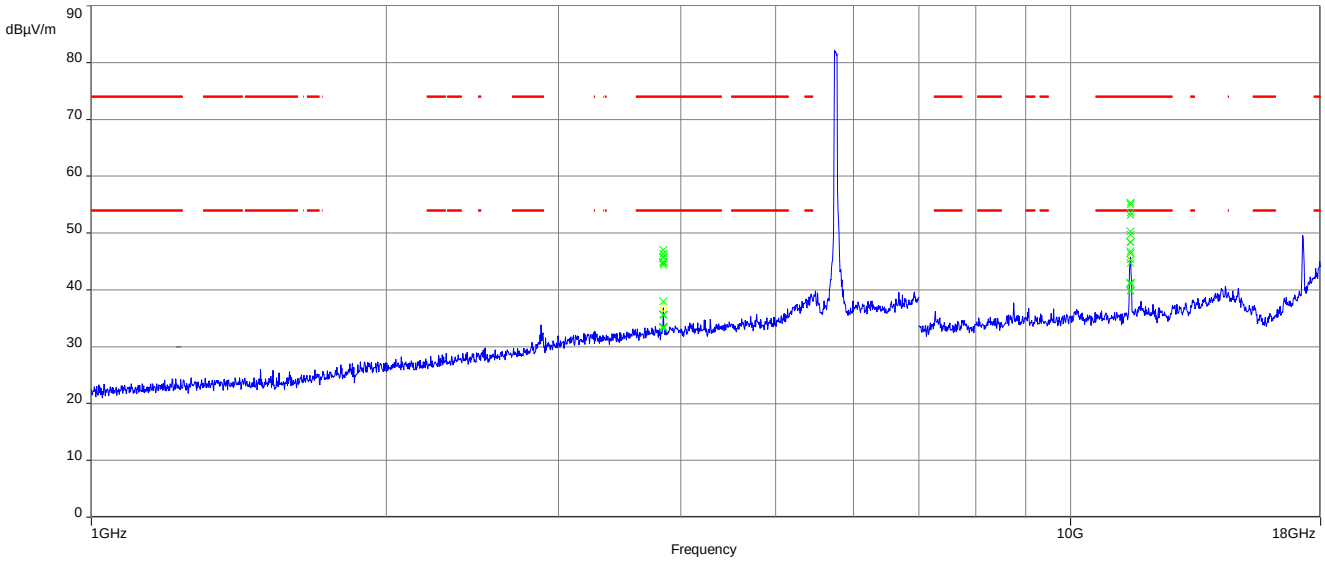
Plot 6: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel



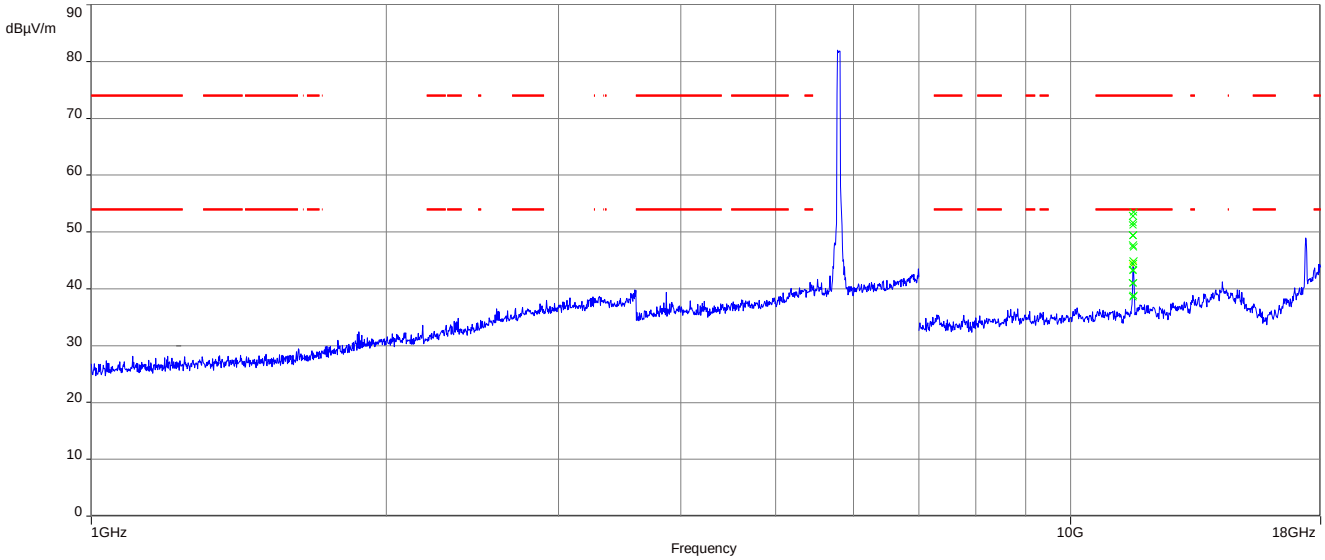
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel



Plot 8: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

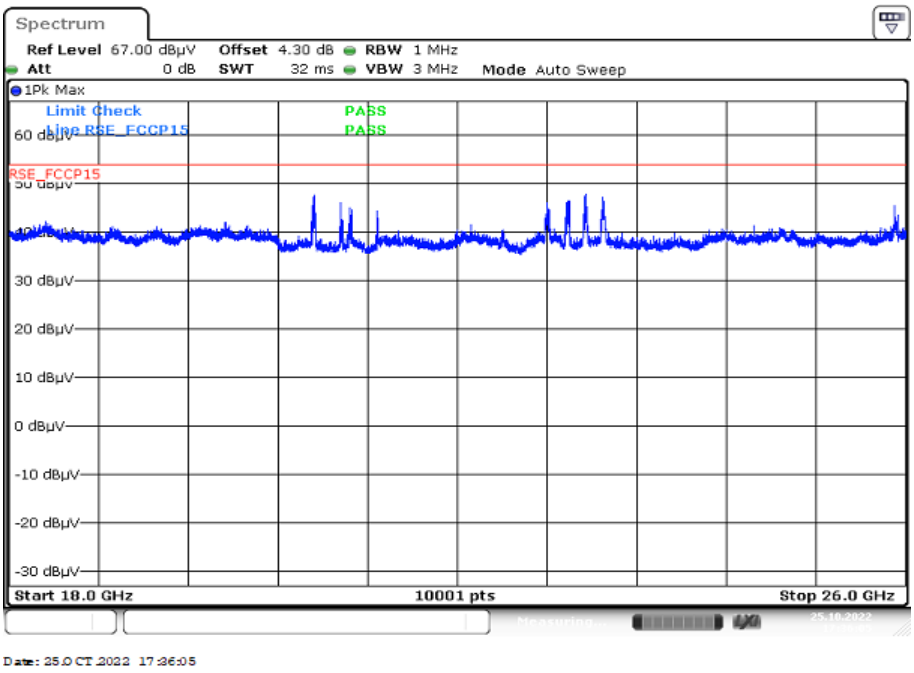


Plot 9: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

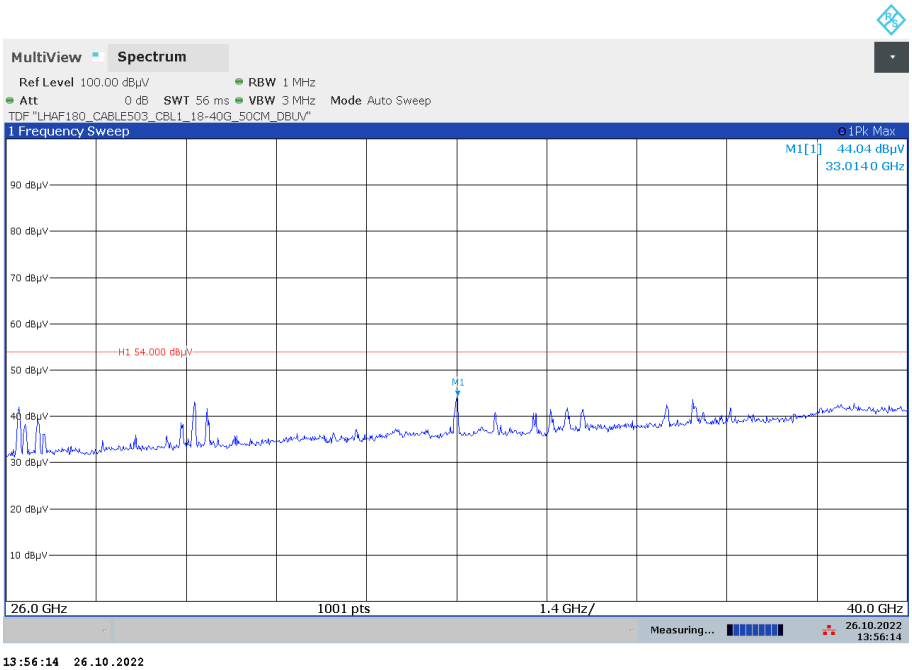


Plots: 18GHz to 40GHz

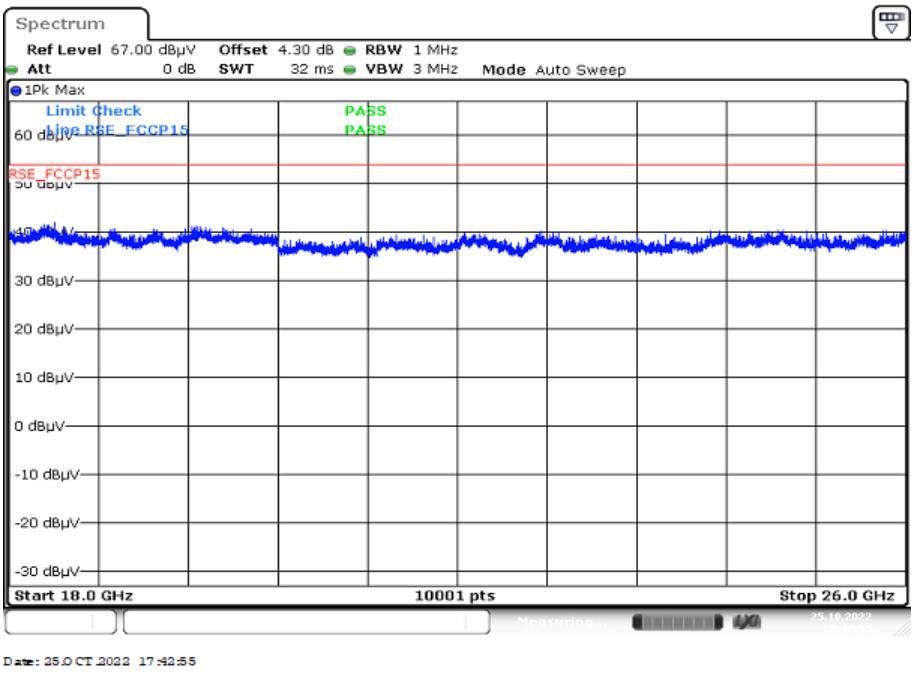
Plot 1: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, valid for all bands, channels and 20MHz modes



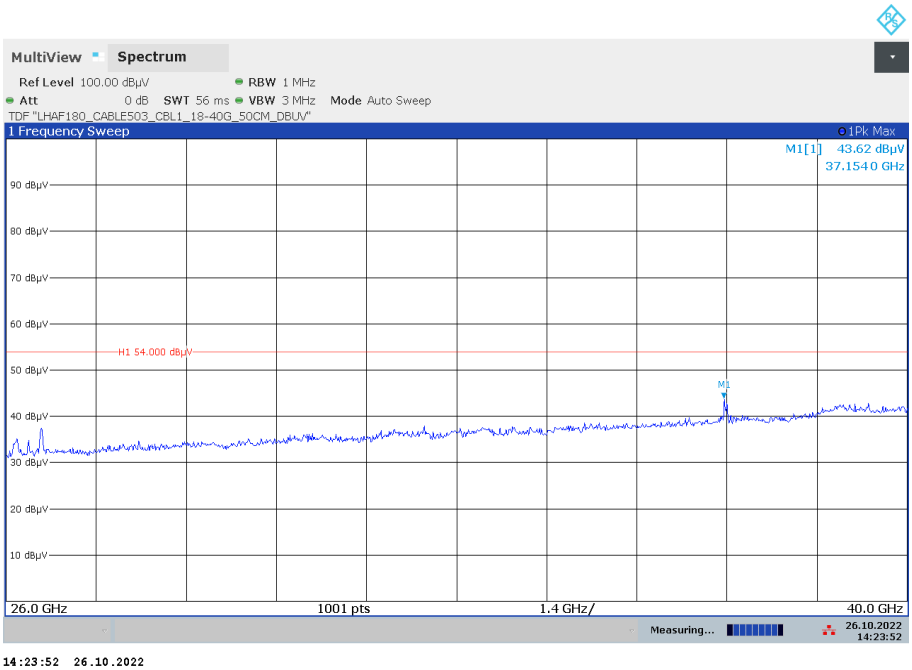
Plot 2: 26 GHz to 40 GHz, valid for all bands, channels and 20MHz modes



Plot 3: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, valid for all bands, channels and 40MHz modes



Plot 4: 26 GHz to 40 GHz, valid for all bands, channels and 40MHz modes



12.13 Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to middle channel. If critical peaks are found the lowest channel and the highest channel will be measured too. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV/m)	Average (dBµV/m)
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30.0	60	50

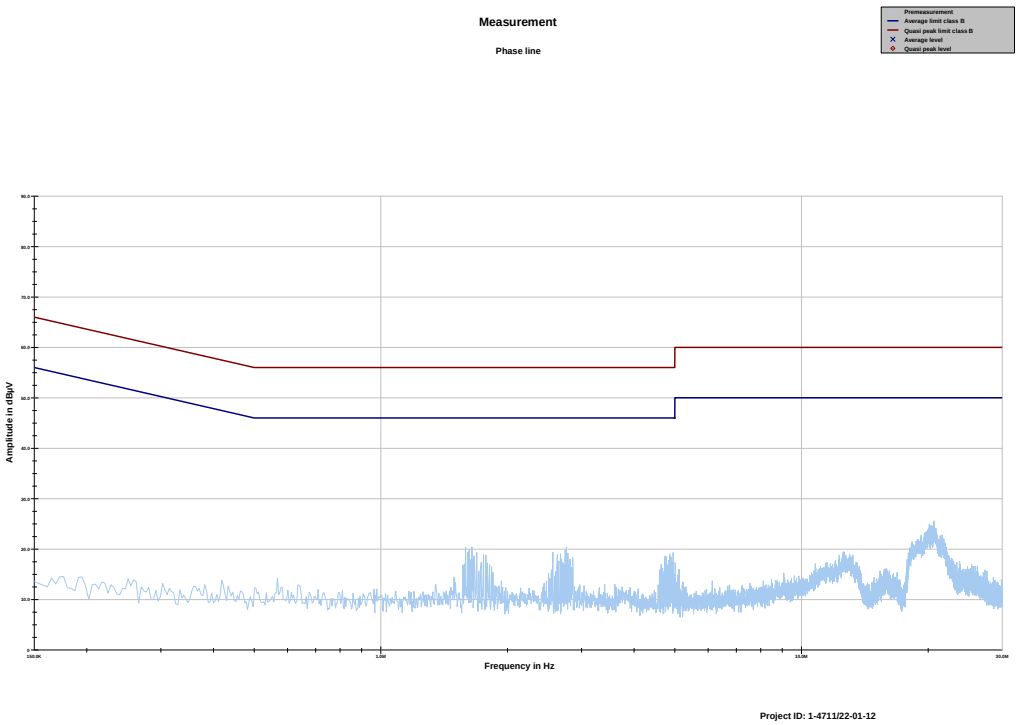
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Results:

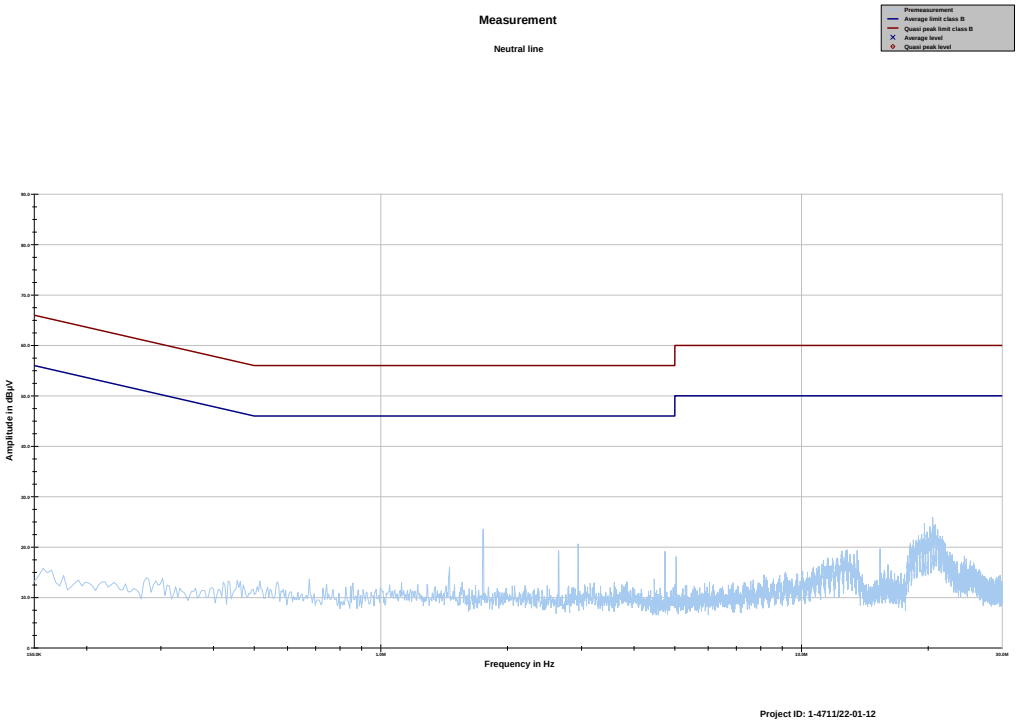
Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:

Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line



Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line



13 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

14 Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum

15 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2022-11-24

16 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
	

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the websites (link see below).

https://www.dakks.de/files/data/as/pdf/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf

or
https://ctcadvanced.com/app/uploads/2020/06/D-PL-12076-01-04_Canada_TCEMC.pdf

17 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

first page	last page
	

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the websites (link see below).

https://www.dakks.de/files/data/as/pdf/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf

or

https://ctcadvanced.com/app/uploads/2020/06/D-PL-12076-01-05_TCB_USA.pdf

################################ END OF TEST REPORT ################################