



Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
1401RSU00402	Rev. 01	Initial report	01-21-2014

1. RF Exposure Evaluation

1.1. Limits

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (Minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/ Control Exposures				
300-1500	--	--	F/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposures				
300-1500	--	--	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	--	--	1	30

f= Frequency in MHz

Calculation Formula: $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

Where

P_d = power density in mW/cm²

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

r = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm (The minimum distance is 20cm)

P_d is the limit of MPE, 1mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

1.2. Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

The temperature and related humidity: 18°C and 78% RH.

1.3. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

Product	MediaBeam
Test Item	RF Exposure Evaluation

Antenna Gain: The maximum Gain measured in fully anechoic chamber is 2.0dBi for 2.4GHz in logarithm scale.

Output Power into Antenna:

Test Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Maximum output power to antenna (mW)	Limit of Power Density S(mW/cm ²)
802.11b/g/n(20MHz)	2412~2462	9.25	10
802.11n(40MHz)	2422~2452	8.24	10

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Wi-Fi and the antenna to use separation distance, Wi-Fi SAR was not required;

$$[(9.25\text{mW}/5) * \sqrt{2.412}] = 2.87 < 3.0.$$

Note: When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

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