

# FCC BT LE REPORT

## Certification

**Applicant Name:**  
Franklin Technology Inc.

**Address:**  
906 JEI Platz, 186, Gasan digital 1-ro,  
Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea, (08502)

**Date of Issue:**

April 03, 2019

**Location:**

HCT CO., LTD.,

74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon,  
Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

**Report No.:** HCT-RF-1808-FC009-R1

**FCC ID:** XHG-LT711

**APPLICANT:** Franklin Technology Inc.

**Model:** LT711

**EUT Type:** Pet Tracker

**Max. RF Output Power:** 2.301 dBm (1.699 mW)

**Frequency Range:** 2402 MHz -2480 MHz

**Modulation type** GFSK

**FCC Classification:** Digital Transmission System(DTS)

**FCC Rule Part(s):** Part 15.247

**Engineering Statement:**

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)



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**Engineer of Telecommunication testing center**



**Approved by : Jong Seok Lee**  
**Manager of Telecommunication testing center**

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# Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-1808-FC009	August 08, 2018	- First Approval Report
HCT-RF-1808-FC009-R1	April 03, 2019	- Revised the EUT Type on Page 1, 4

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

**Applicant:** Franklin Technology Inc.  
**Address:** 906 JEI Platz, 186, Gasan digital 1-ro, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea, (08502)  
**FCC ID:** XHG-LT711  
**EUT Type:** Pet Tracker  
**Model:** LT711  
**Date(s) of Tests:** July 16, 2018 ~ August 07, 2018  
**Place of Tests:** HCT Co., Ltd.  
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>Model</b>	LT711	
<b>EUT Type</b>	Pet Tracker	
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 3.80 V	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	TX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz RX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
<b>Max. RF Output Power</b>	Peak	2.301 dBm (1.699 mW)
	Average	2.036 dBm (1.598 mW)
<b>BT Operating Mode</b>	BT _Low Energy Mode	
<b>Modulation Type</b>	GFSK	
<b>Number of Channels</b>	40 Channels	
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	Antenna type: Press + Carrier Peak Gain : -0.41 dBi	

### **3. TEST METHODOLOGY**

FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04 dated April 5, 2017 entitled "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems(DTS) and the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices'.

#### **3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION**

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### **3.2 EUT EXERCISE**

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### **3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES**

##### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

##### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

##### **Conducted Antenna Terminal**

See Section from 9.1 to 9.2.(KDB 558074 v04)

#### **3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES**

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.

## 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2006).

## 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661)

### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

## 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

\* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

\*The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.71

## 8. SUMMARY TEST OF RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(2)	> 500 kHz	CONDUCTED	PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(3)	< 1 Watt		PASS
Power Spectral Density	§15.247(e)	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz Band		PASS
Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	Conducted > 20 dBc		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207	cf. Section 9.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 9.6.1	RADIATED	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 9.6.2		PASS



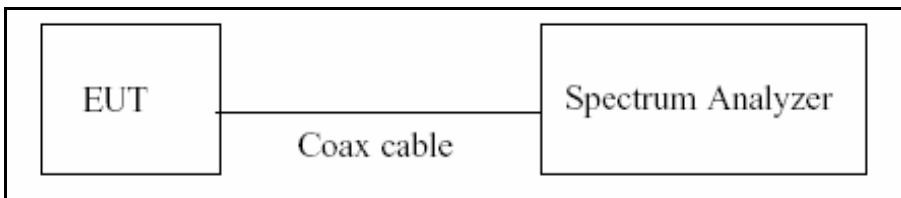
## 9. TEST RESULT

### 9.1 DUTY CYCLE

#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We tested according to the zero-span measurement method, 6.0)b) in KDB 558074 v04.

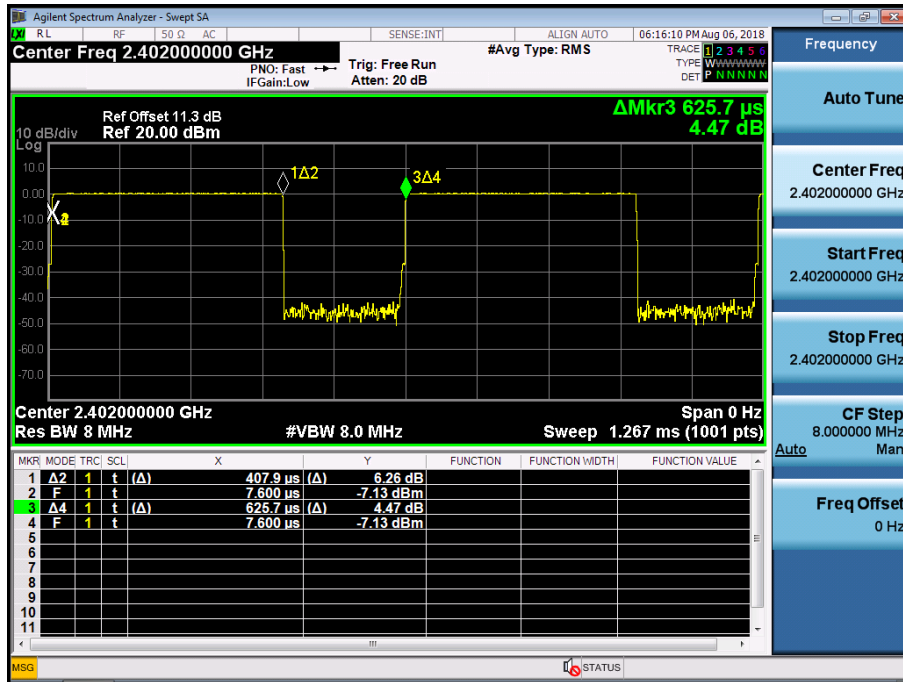
The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz. The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 6.25$  microseconds. ( $50/6.25 = 8$ )

The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are  $> 6.25$  microseconds and both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$ .

1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ( $\geq$  RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep  $> 100$
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure  $T_{total}$  and  $T_{on}$
8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{on} / T_{total}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10 \cdot \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

LE Mode	$T_{on}$ (ms)	$T_{total}$ (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
		<b>0.4079</b>	<b>0.6257</b>	<b>0.6518</b>

■ RESULT PLOTS



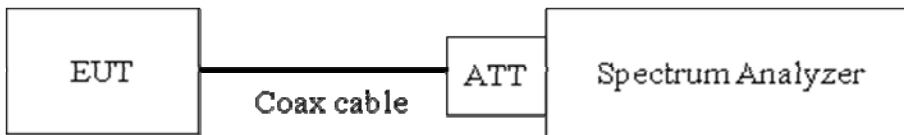
## 9.2 6 dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)(2)

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (Procedure 8.1 in KDB 558074 v04)

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW

Detector = Peak

Trace mode = max hold

Sweep = auto couple

Allow the trace to stabilize

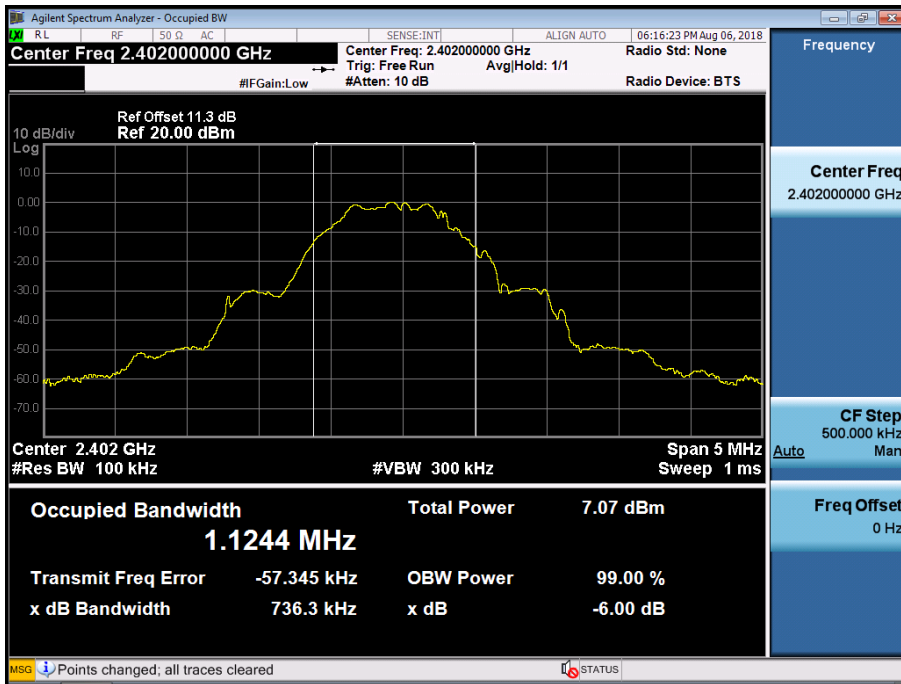
Note : We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 6 dB.

#### ■ TEST RESULT

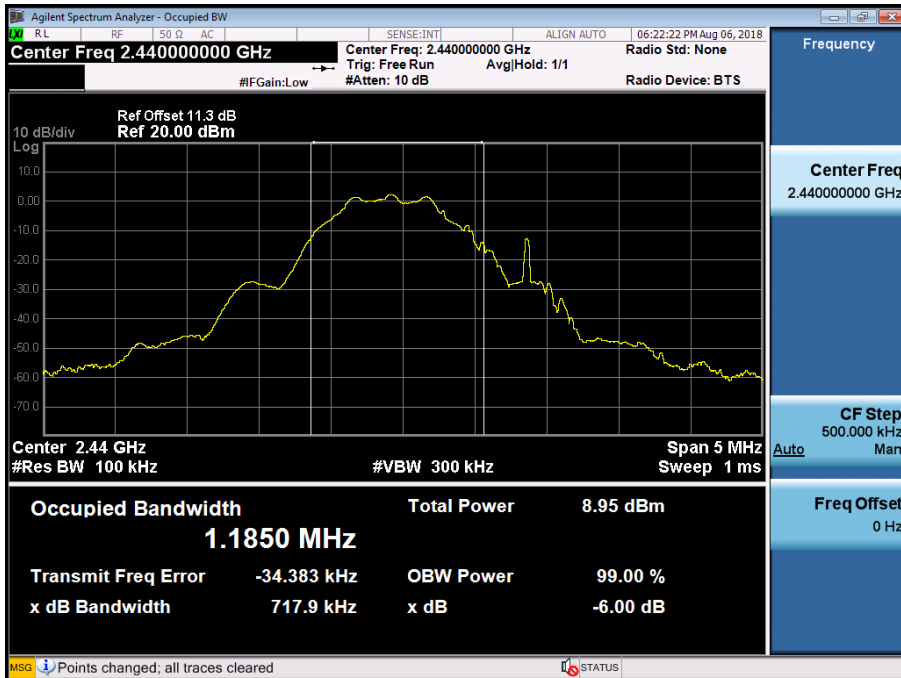
Mode	Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Pass/Fail
BT LE	0	736.3	> 500	Pass
	19	717.9		Pass
	39	730.6		Pass

■ RESULT PLOTS

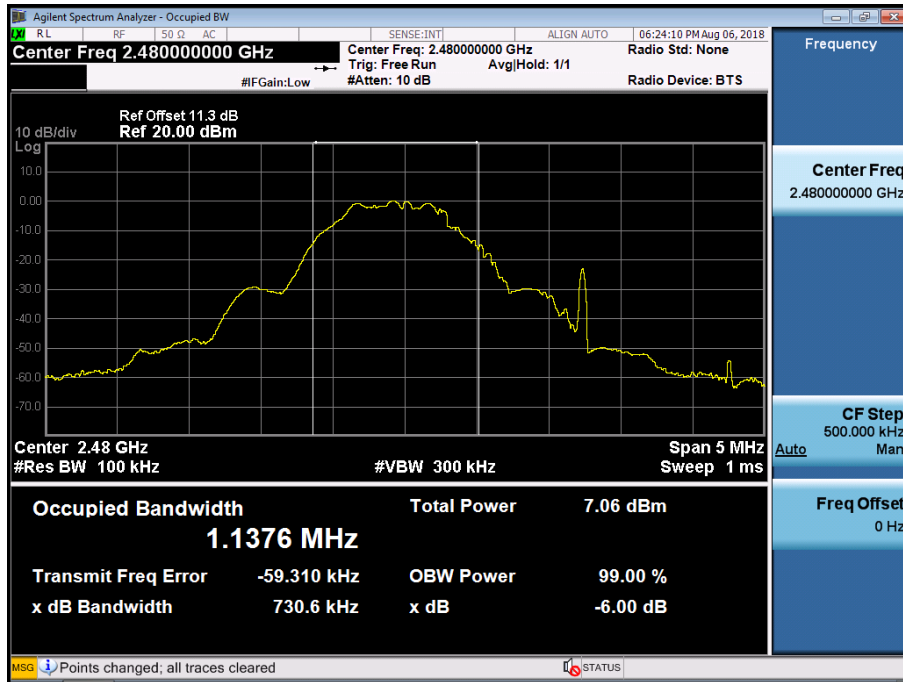
6 dB Bandwidth plot (Low-CH 0)



6 dB Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)



**6 dB Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)**



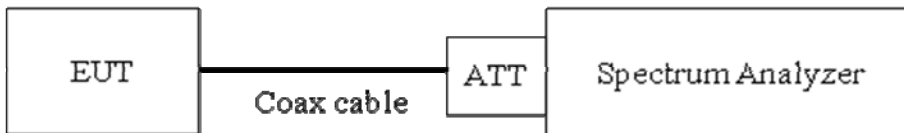
### 9.3 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)(3)

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a Spectrum Analyzer. Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

This EUT TX condition is actual operating mode by BT LE mode test program.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

- Peak Power ( Procedure 9.1.1 in KDB 558074 v04)
  - RBW  $\geq$  DTS Bandwidth
  - VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
  - SPAN  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
  - Detector Mode = Peak
  - Sweep = auto couple
  - Trace Mode = max hold
  - Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level
  
- Average Power ( Procedure 9.2.2.4 in KDB 558074 v04)
  - Measure the duty cycle
  - Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
  - RBW = 1-5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
  - VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
  - Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times$  span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
  - Sweep time = auto.
  - Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging)
  - Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
  - Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode.
  - Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band

power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.

Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

### ■ Sample Calculation

Output Power = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) + Duty Cycle Factor

Output Power = 10 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB + 0.2 dB = 21.0 dBm

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

■ TEST RESULTS-Peak

Conducted Output Power Measurements

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.		
2402	0	0.230	30
2440	19	2.301	30
2480	39	0.240	30

■ TEST RESULTS-Average

Conducted Output Power Measurements

LE Mode		Measured Power(dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.				
2402	0	-1.95	1.86	-0.092	30
2440	19	0.18	1.86	2.036	30
2480	39	-2.06	1.86	-0.203	30

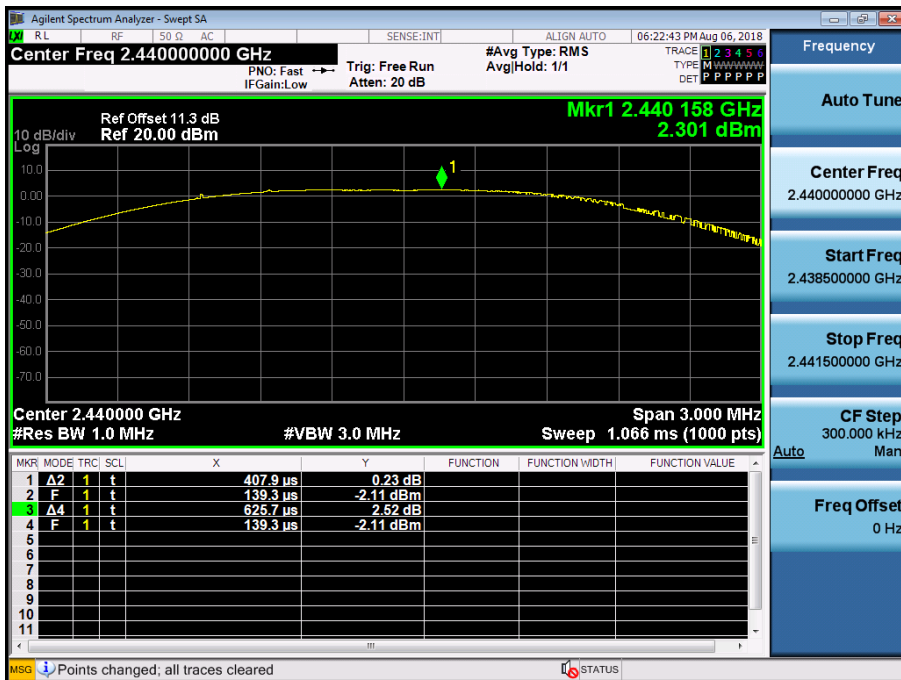


RESULT PLOTS-Peak

Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)



Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)



**Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)**



■ RESULT PLOTS-Average

**Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)**



**Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)**



**Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)**



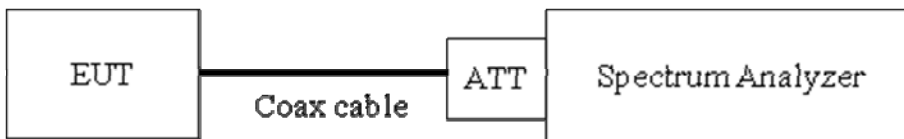
## 9.4 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(e)

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

**Minimum Standard – The transmitter power density average over 1-second interval shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz BW.**

### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

We tested according to Procedure 10.2 in KDB 558074, issued 04/05/2017

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.

RBW = 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

Sweep = auto couple

Detector = peak

Trace Mode = max hold

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### ■ Sample Calculation

PSD = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea)

Output Power = -5 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB = 5.8 dBm

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.

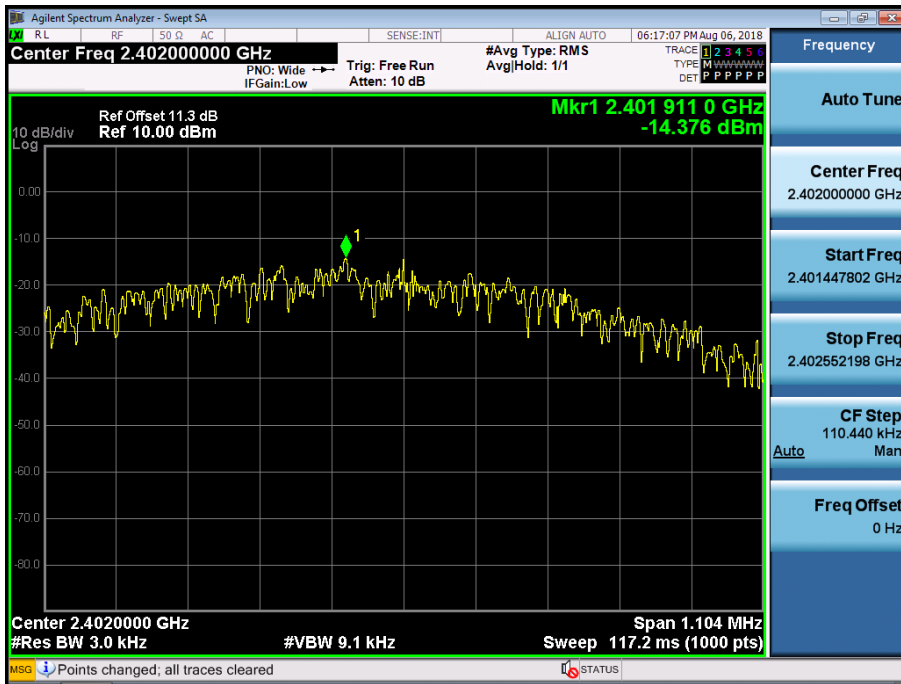
## ■ TEST RESULTS

## Conducted Power Density Measurements

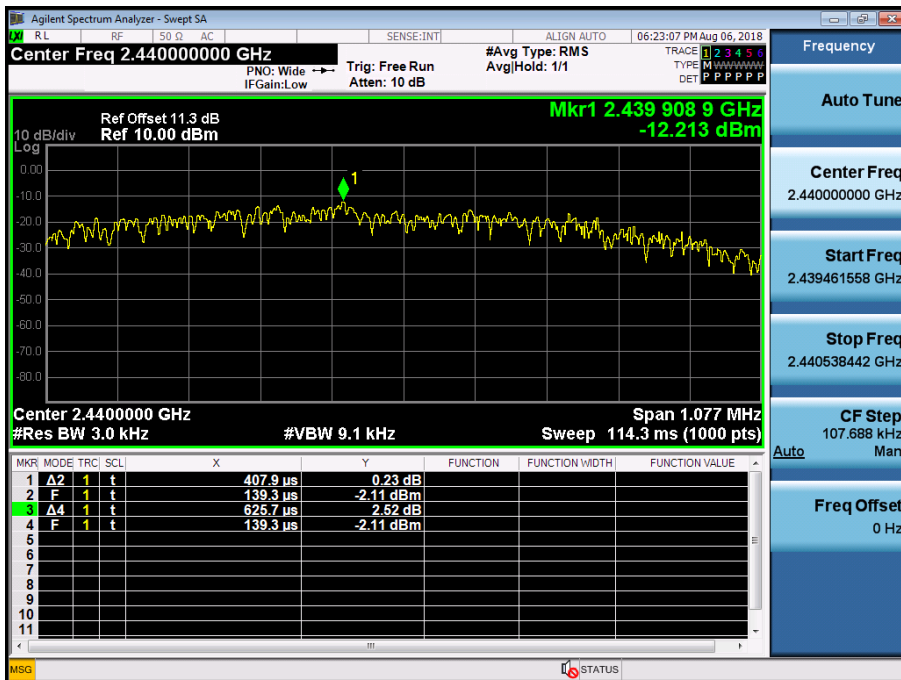
Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Mode	Test Result		
			PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Pass/ Fail
2402	0	LE	-14.376	8	Pass
2440	19		-12.213	8	Pass
2480	39		-14.405	8	Pass

RESULT PLOTS

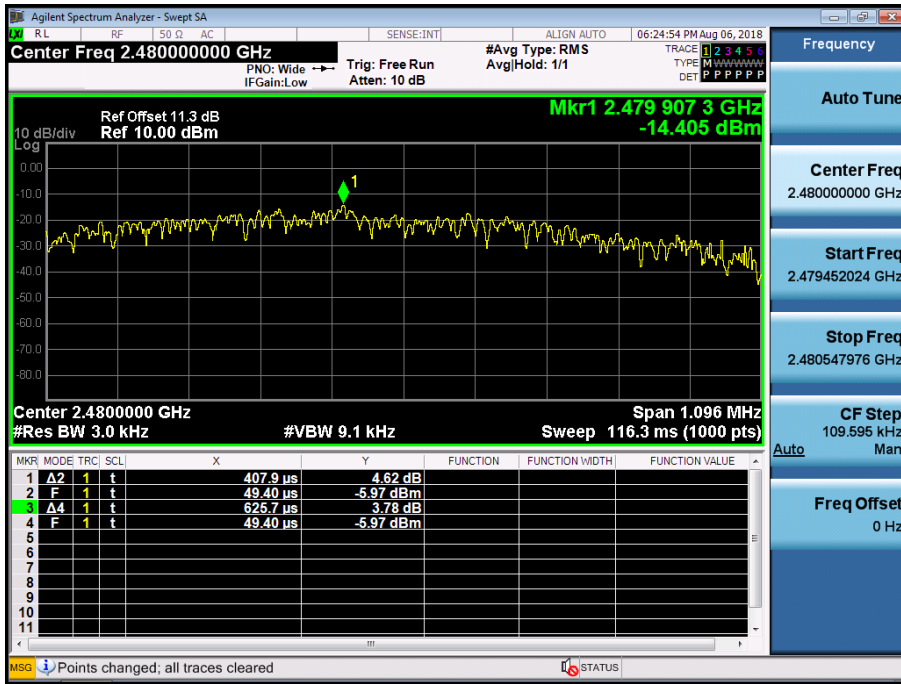
Power Spectral Density (Low-CH 0)



Power Spectral Density (Mid-CH 19)



**Power Spectral Density (High-CH 39)**





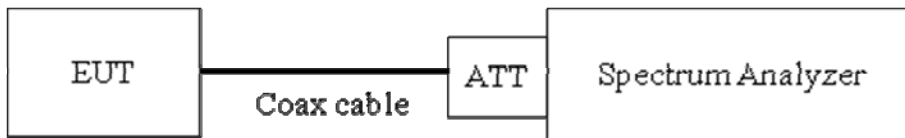
## 9.5 OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS AT THE BAND EDGE/ CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

**Limit : 20 dBc**

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. (Procedure 11.0 in KDB 558074 v04)

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW

Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined

Detector = Peak

Trace Mode = max hold

Sweep time = auto couple

Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq 2 \times$  Span/RBW

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Note :

1. The maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1(KDB558074 v04), so the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

2. The band edge results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
3. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
4. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest twentyth dB. So, 21.3 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.
5. In case of conducted spurious emissions test, please check factors blow table.
6. In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.

**■ FACTORS FOR FREQUENCY**

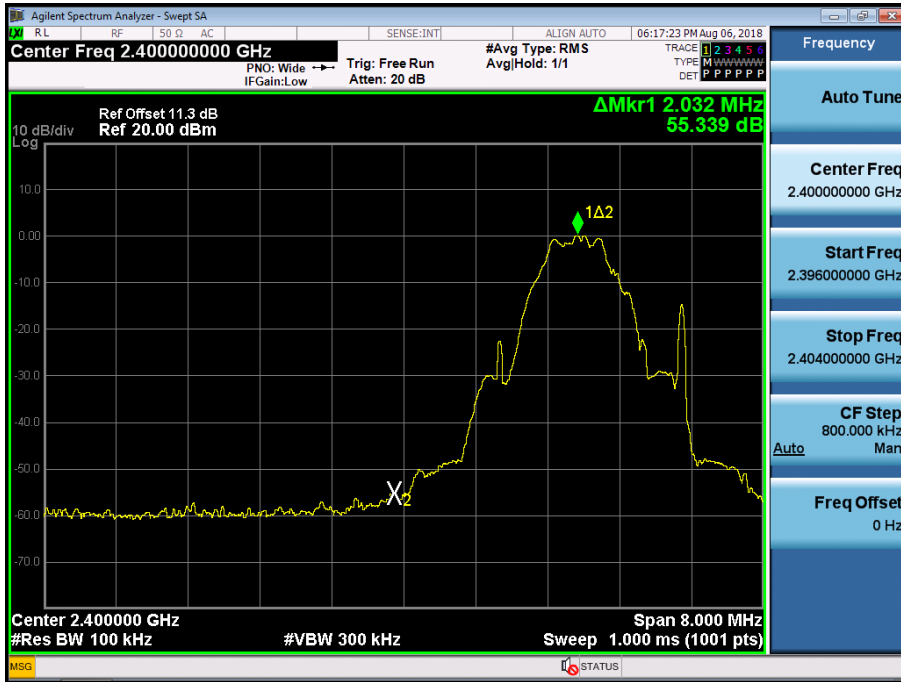
Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	11.30
100	10.83
200	11.09
300	11.03
400	11.13
500	11.15
600	11.22
700	11.25
800	11.25
900	11.24
1000	11.25
2000	11.28
2400*	11.30
2500*	11.33
3000	11.48
4000	11.59
5000	12.07
6000	12.06
7000	12.35
8000	12.32
9000	12.48
10000	12.56
11000	12.56
12000	12.68
13000	12.83
14000	12.90
15000	12.98
16000	13.04

17000	13.02
18000	13.08
19000	13.07
20000	13.14
21000	13.17
22000	13.31
23000	13.60
24000	13.34
25000	13.53

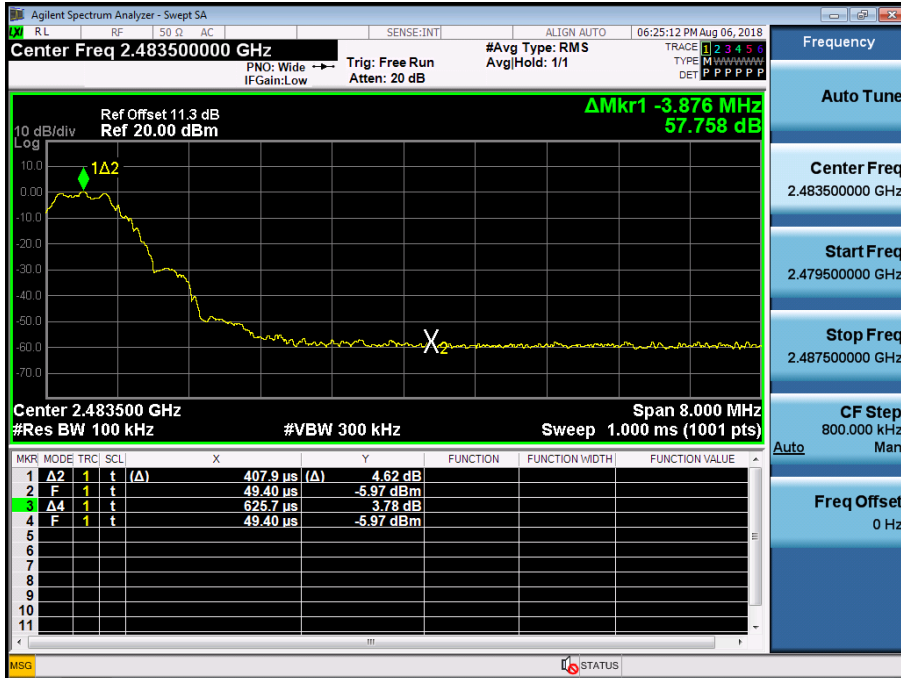
Note : 1. \*\* is fundamental frequency range.  
2. Factor = Cable loss + Attenuator loss

RESULT PLOTS

BandEdge (Low-CH 0)

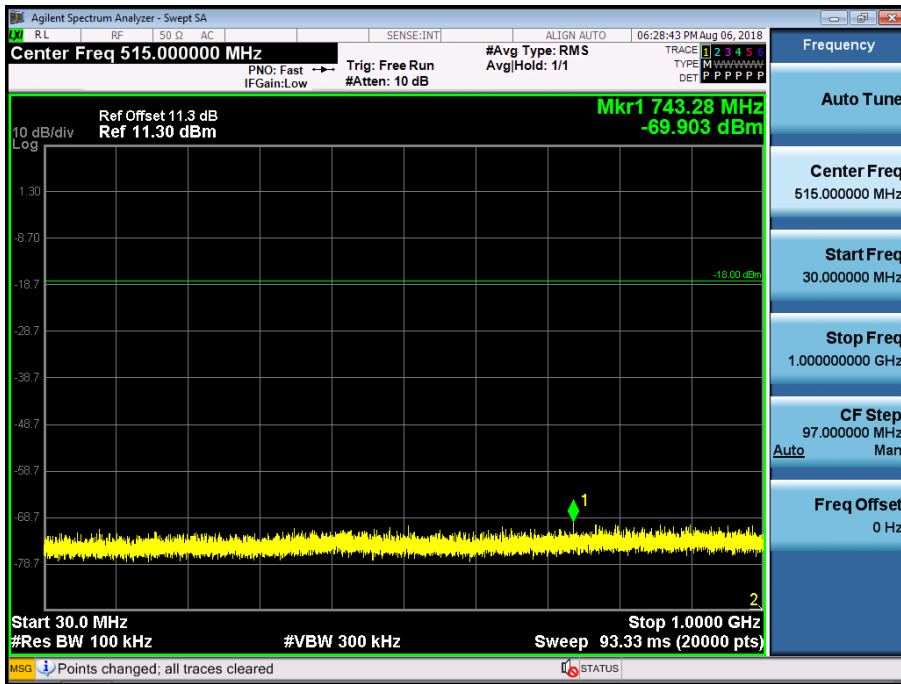


BandEdge (High-CH 39)



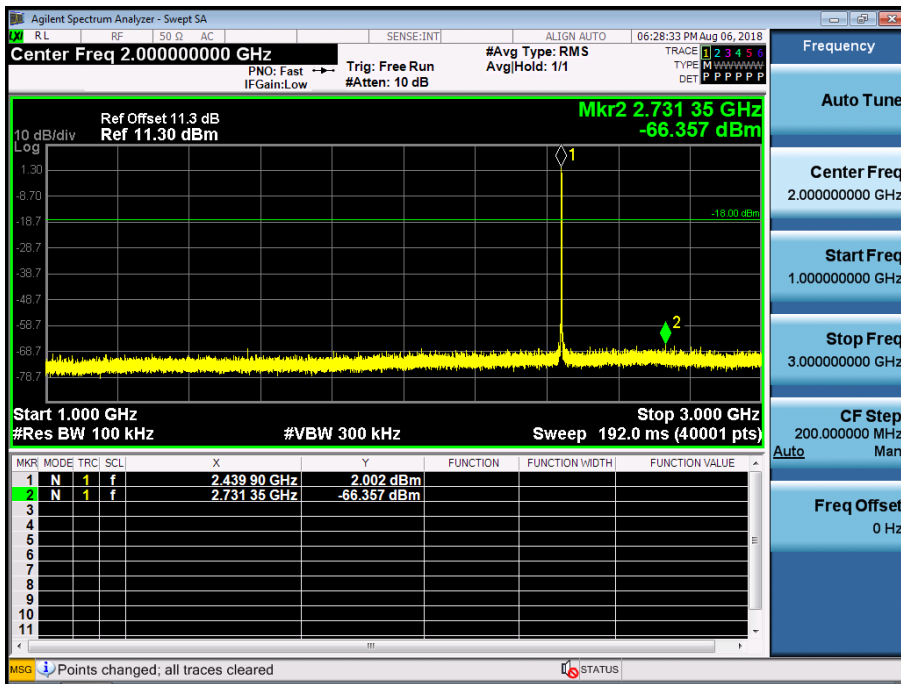
30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



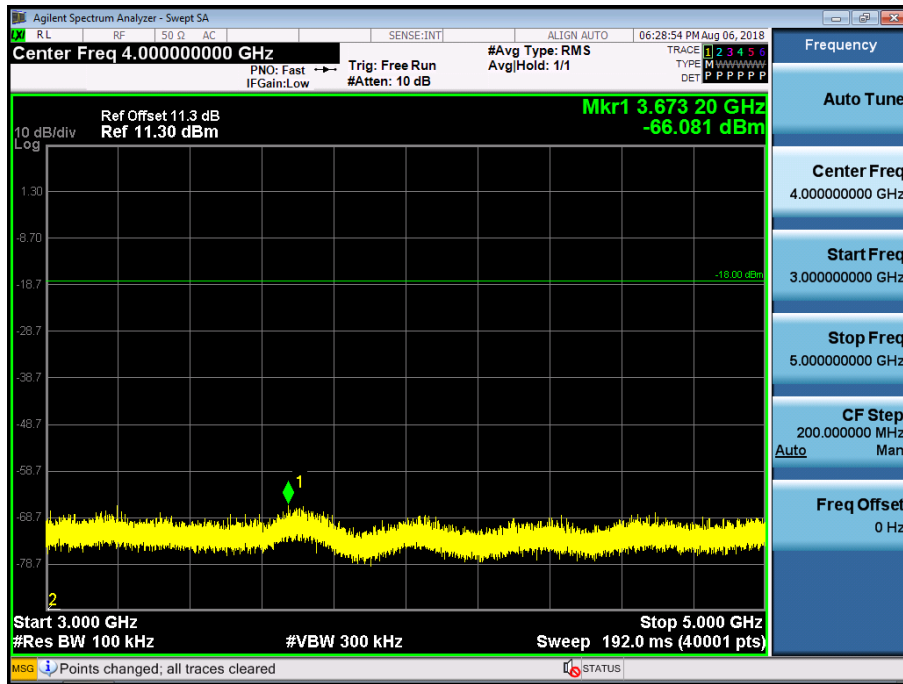
1 GHz ~ 3 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



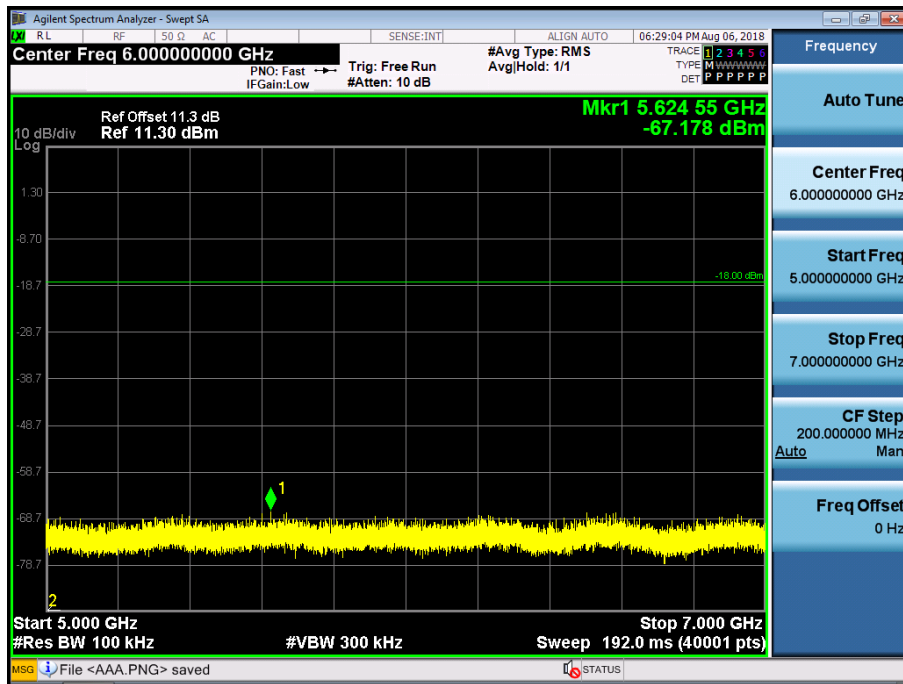
**3 GHz ~ 5 GHz**

**Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)**



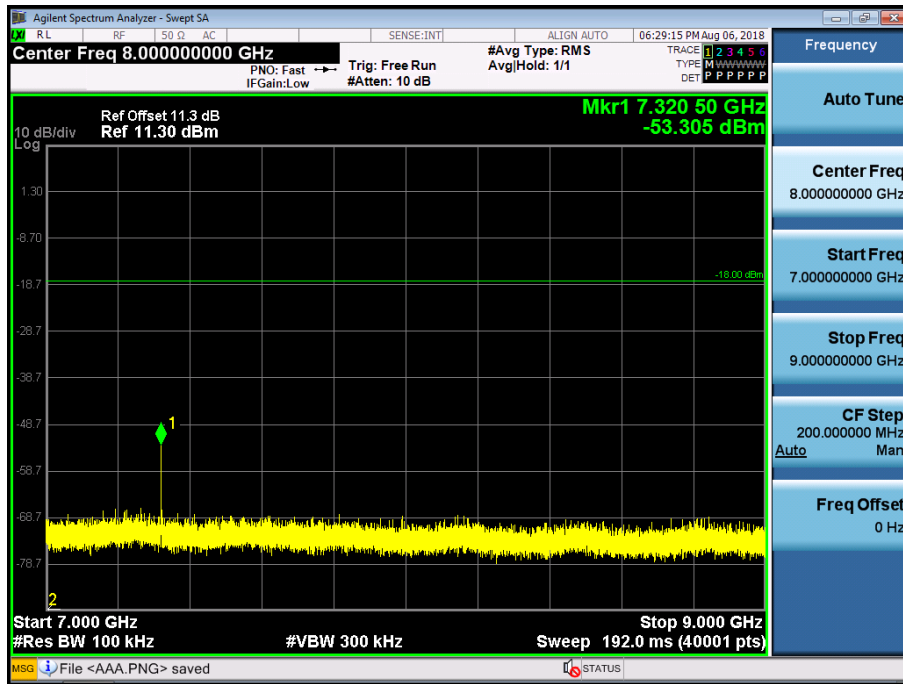
**5 GHz ~ 7 GHz**

**Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)**



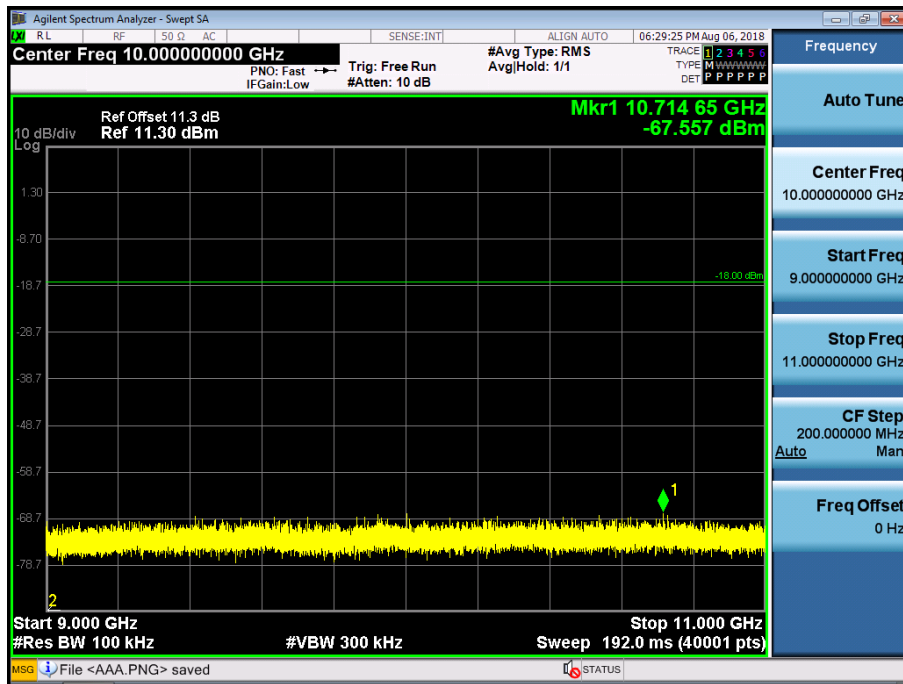
7 GHz ~ 9 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



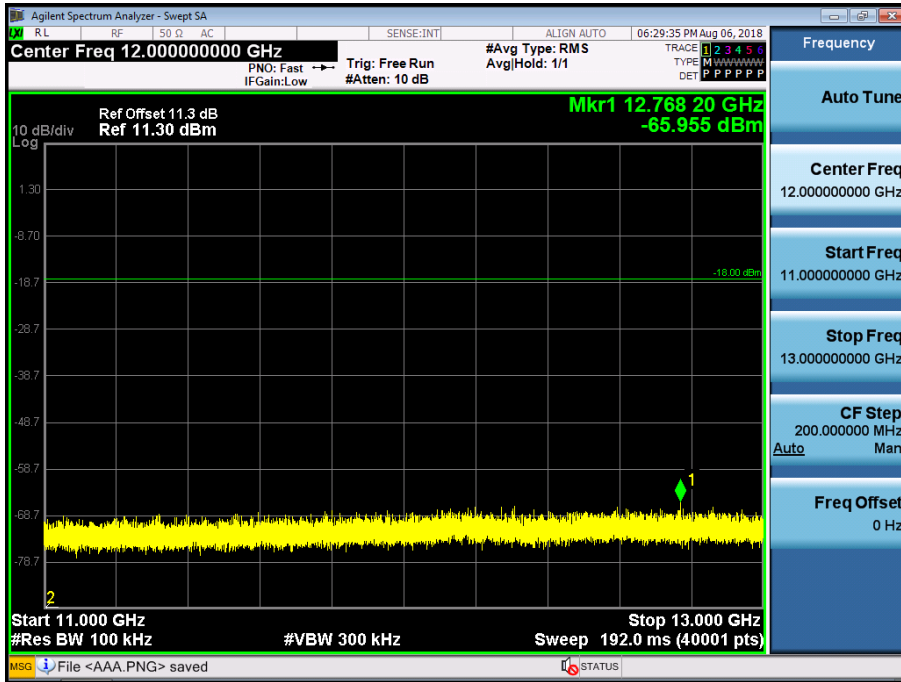
9 GHz ~ 11 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



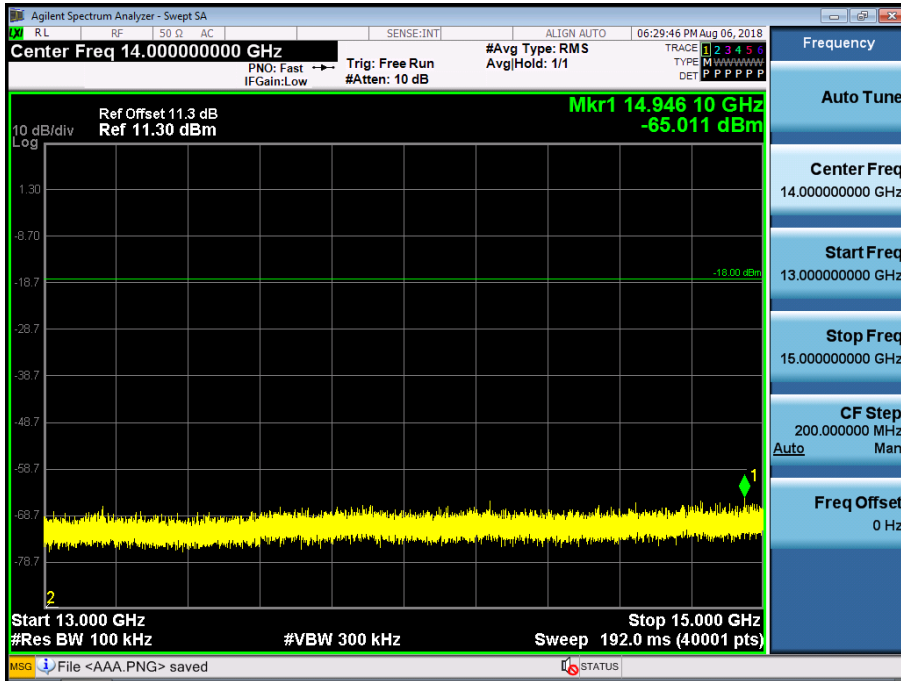
**11 GHz ~ 13 GHz**

**Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)**



**13 GHz ~ 15 GHz**

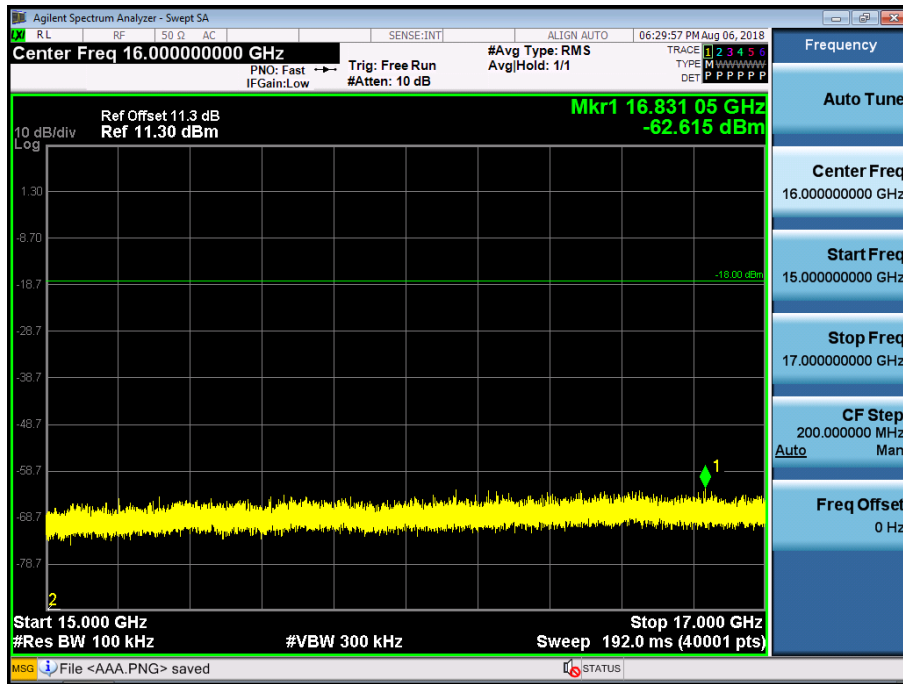
**Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)**





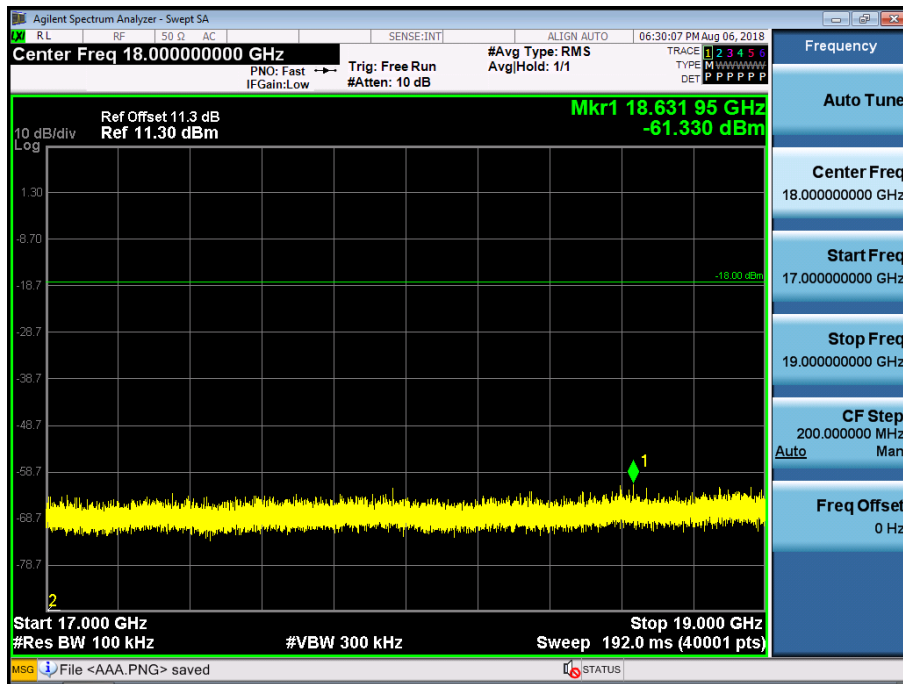
15 GHz ~ 17 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



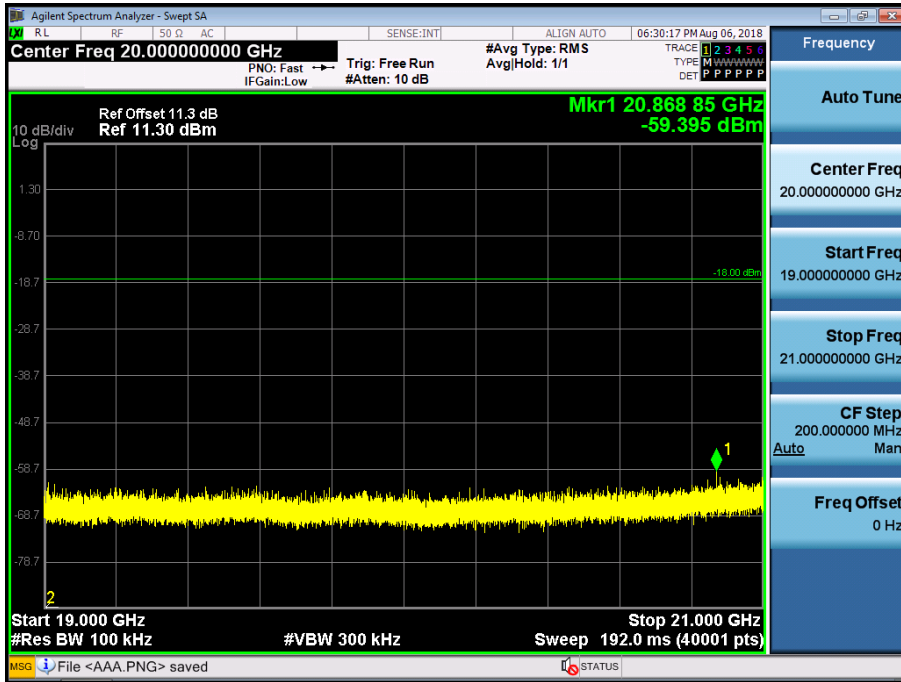
17 GHz ~ 19 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



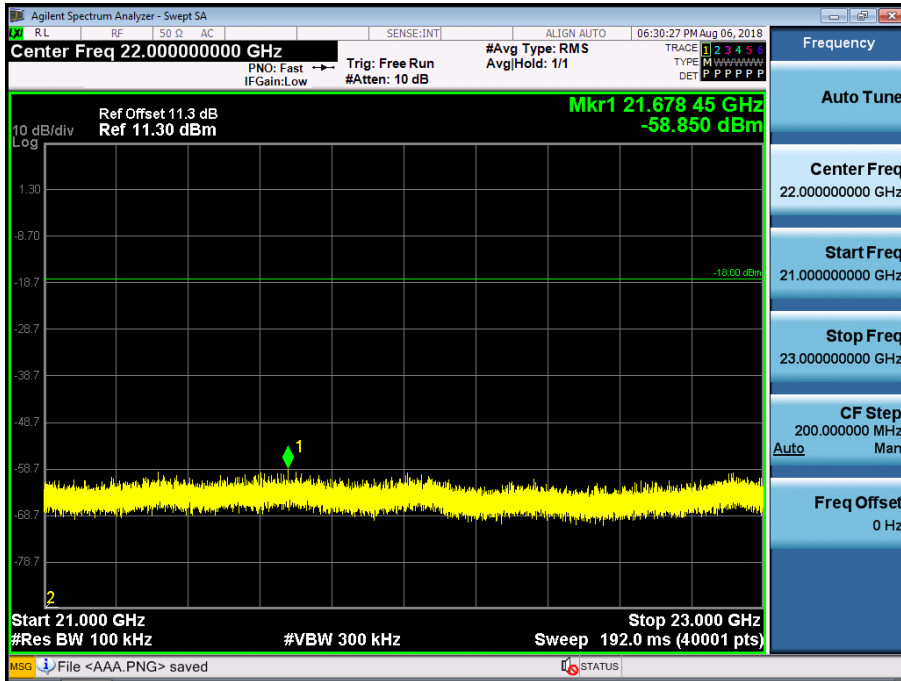
**19 GHz ~ 21 GHz**

**Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)**



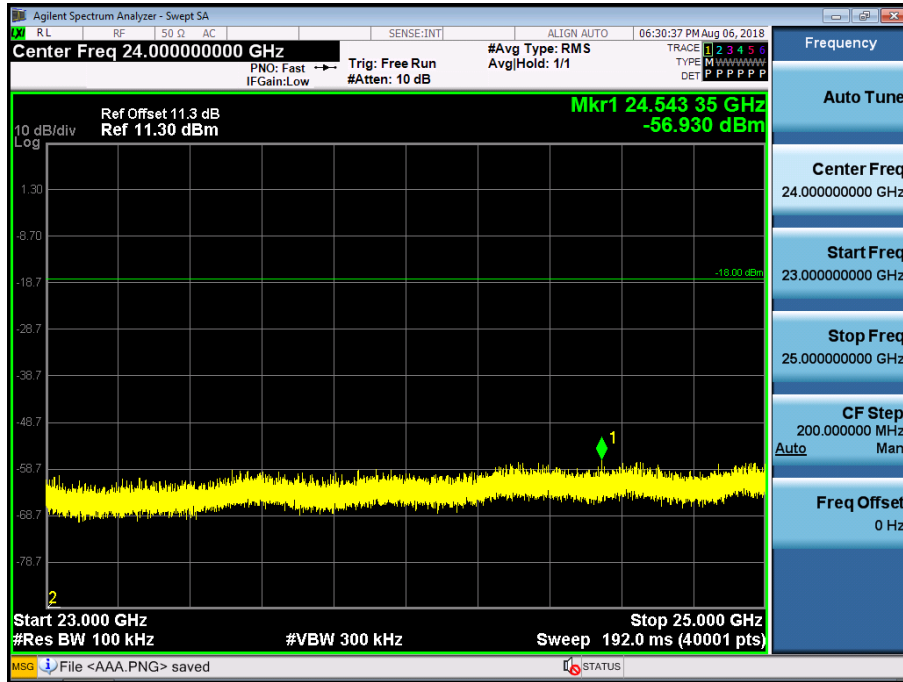
**21 GHz ~ 23 GHz**

**Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)**



23 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emission (Low-CH 0)



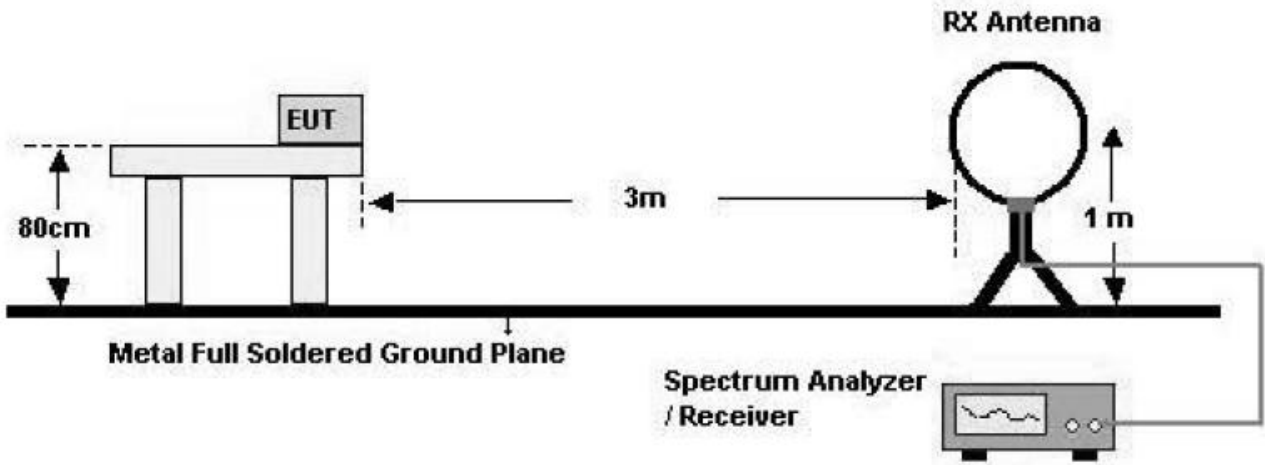
**9.6 RADIATED MEASUREMENT.****9.6.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.**

Test Requirements and limit, §15.205, §15.209

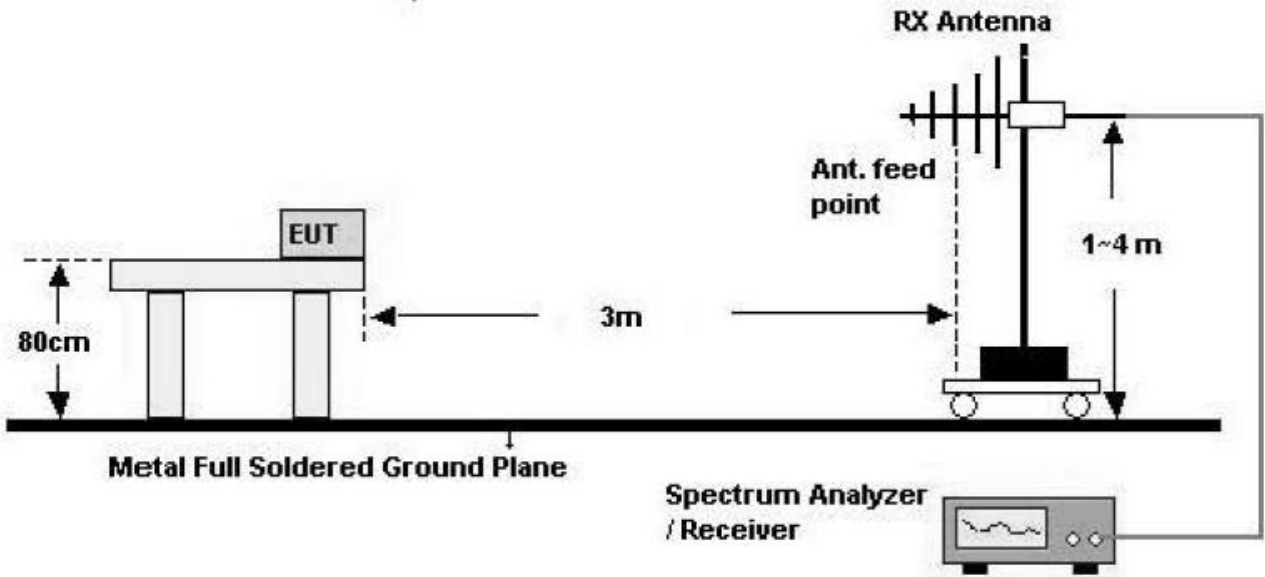
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Test Configuration**

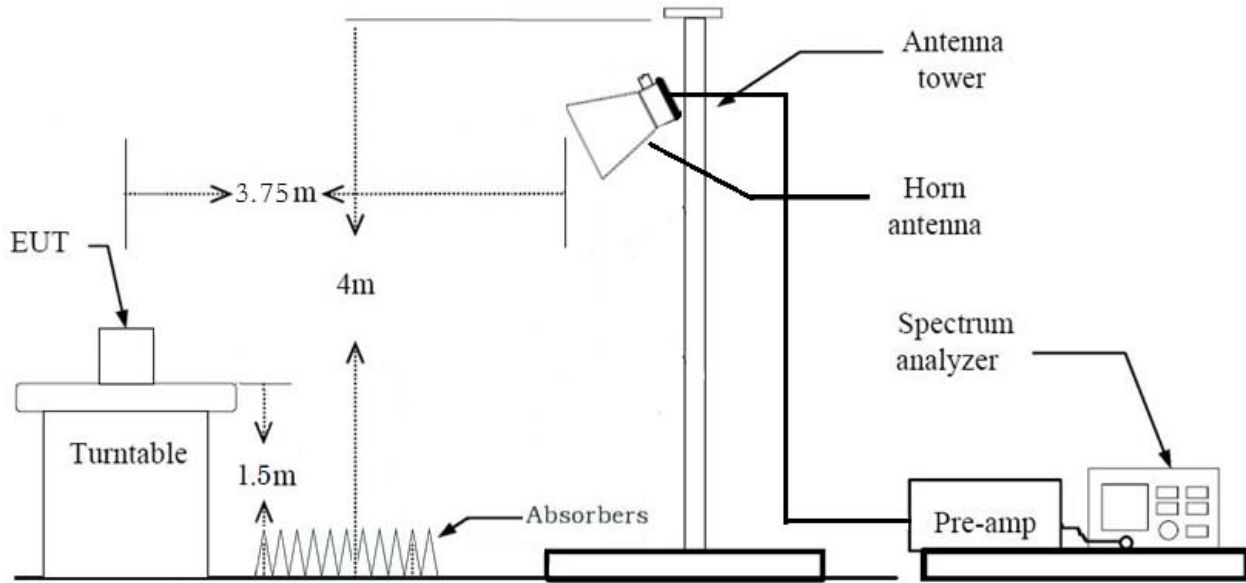
**Below 30 MHz**



**30 MHz - 1 GHz**



**Above 1 GHz**



**TEST PROCEDURE USED**

Method 12.1 in KDB 558074 v04

**Spectrum Setting**

- Peak

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

RBW = cf. Table 1.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

(Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

**Table 1 —RBW as a function of frequency**

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

- Average (duty cycle < 98%, duty cycle variations are less than ±2%)

Set RBW = 1 MHz

Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Detector = RMS.

Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle.

**Note :**

1. We are performed the RSE and radiated band edge using standard radiated method(RMS).
2. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)

LE Mode	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>total</sub> (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
	<b>0.4079</b>	<b>0.6257</b>	<b>0.6518</b>	<b>1.86</b>

**TEST RESULTS**

**9 kHz – 30MHz**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 9 kHz to the 30MHz.
2. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB)
4. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
5. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
6. The test results for below 30 MHz is correlated to an open site.  
The result on OATS is about 2 dB higher than semi-anechoic chamber(10 m chamber)



**TEST RESULTS****Below 1 GHz****Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1 GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

**Above 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: CH.0

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.-A.G.+D.F. [dBm]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	51.42	0.00	-0.42	V	51.00	73.98	22.98	PK
4804	39.95	1.86	-0.42	V	41.39	53.98	12.59	AV
7206	51.43	0.00	5.40	V	56.825	73.98	17.16	PK
7206	39.27	1.86	5.40	V	46.525	53.98	7.45	AV
4804	51.99	0.00	-0.42	H	51.57	73.98	22.41	PK
4804	40.15	1.86	-0.42	H	41.59	53.98	12.39	AV
7206	52.11	0.00	5.40	H	57.505	73.98	16.48	PK
7206	39.71	1.86	5.40	H	46.965	53.98	7.01	AV

\*A.F. : Antenna Factor / C.L. : Cable Loss / A.G. : Amplifier Gain / D.F. : Distance Factor

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + Distance Factor + Duty Cycle Factor
5. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
7. 4.2 LE: 37 Byte

Operation Mode: CH.19

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.-A.G.+D.F. [dBm]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4880	51.46	0.00	-0.27	V	51.195	73.98	22.79	PK
4880	39.50	1.86	-0.27	V	41.095	53.98	12.89	AV
7320	51.13	0.00	5.42	V	56.55	73.98	17.43	PK
7320	38.92	1.86	5.42	V	46.2	53.98	7.78	AV
4880	52.29	0.00	-0.27	H	52.025	73.98	21.96	PK
4880	40.13	1.86	-0.27	H	41.725	53.98	12.26	AV
7320	51.35	0.00	5.42	H	56.77	73.98	17.21	PK
7320	39.06	1.86	5.42	H	46.34	53.98	7.64	AV

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + Distance Factor + Duty Cycle Factor
5. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
7. 4.2 LE: 37 Byte

Operation Mode: CH.39

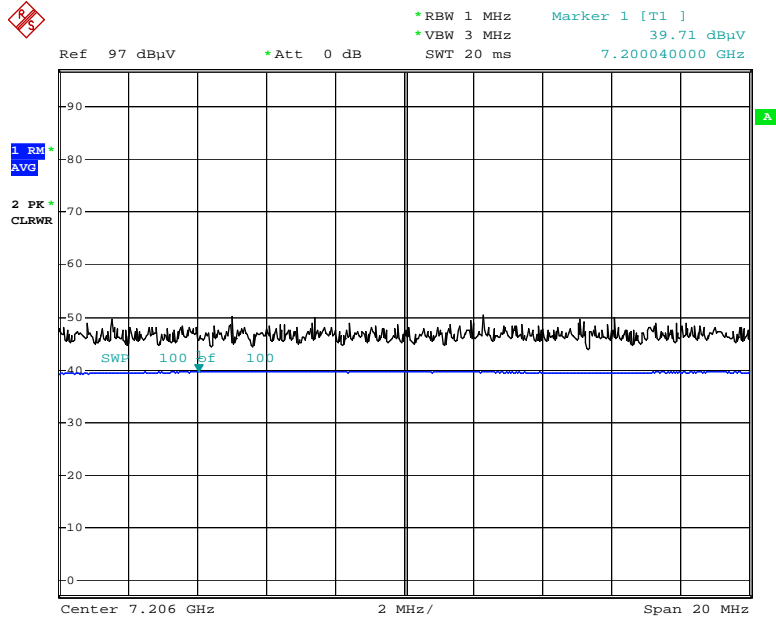
Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.-A.G.+D.F. [dBm]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	51.48	0.00	-0.67	V	50.81	73.98	23.17	PK
4960	39.66	1.86	-0.67	V	40.85	53.98	13.13	AV
7440	51.37	0.00	5.70	V	57.07	73.98	16.91	PK
7440	38.25	1.86	5.70	V	45.81	53.98	8.17	AV
4960	51.86	0.00	-0.67	H	51.19	73.98	22.79	PK
4960	40.04	1.86	-0.67	H	41.23	53.98	12.75	AV
7440	51.84	0.00	5.70	H	57.54	73.98	16.44	PK
7440	38.74	1.86	5.70	H	46.3	53.98	7.68	AV

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + Distance Factor + Duty Cycle Factor
5. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
7. 4.2 LE: 37 Byte

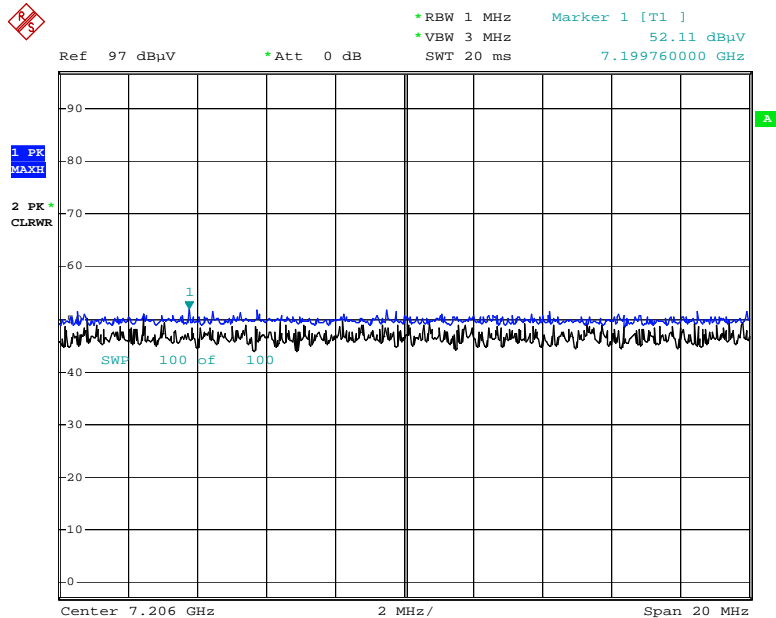
■ RESULT PLOTS (Worst case : X-H)

**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading (Ch.0 3rd Harmonic)**



Date: 6.AUG.2018 04:38:28

**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (Ch.0 3rd Harmonic)**



Date: 6.AUG.2018 04:39:08

**Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Spurious Emissions.**

### 9.6.2 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Operation Mode	BT_LE
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz
Channel No.	0

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.+D.F. [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	53.67	1.86	1.34	H	56.87	73.98	17.12	PK
2390.0	42.39	1.86	1.34	H	45.59	53.98	8.39	AV
2390.0	53.11	1.86	1.34	V	56.31	73.98	17.67	PK
2390.0	41.58	1.86	1.34	V	44.78	53.98	9.20	AV

**Notes:**

1. Frequency range of measurement = 2310 MHz ~ 2390 MHz
2. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Duty Cycle Factor + Distance Factor
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. 4.2 LE: 37 Byte

Operation Mode	BT_LE
Operating Frequency	2480 MHz
Channel No.	39

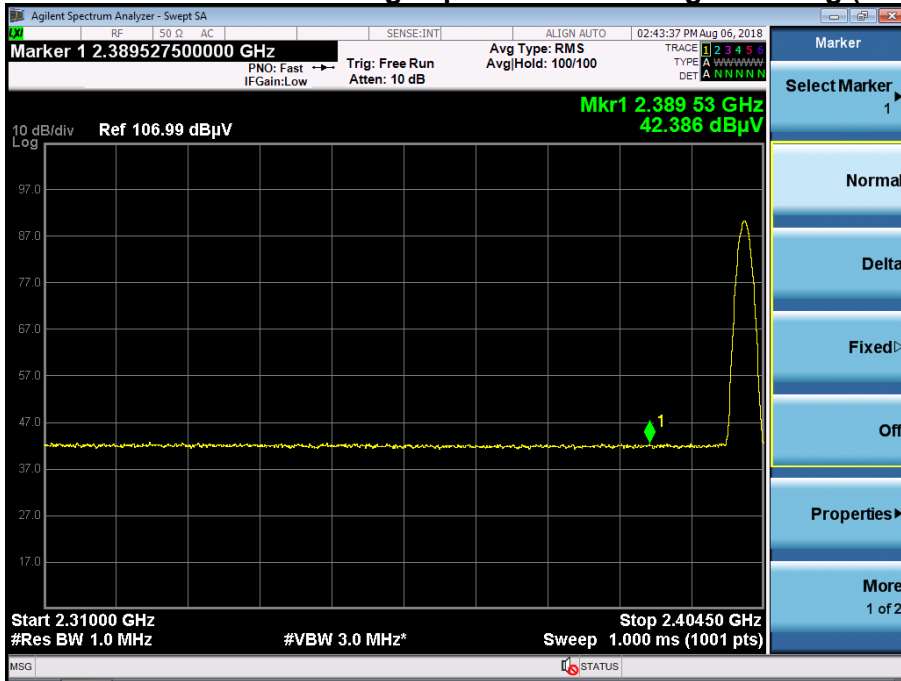
Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV/m]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	A.F.+C.L.+D.F. [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2483.5	57.60	1.86	0.37	H	59.83	73.98	14.15	PK
2483.5	41.86	1.86	0.37	H	44.09	53.98	9.89	AV
2483.5	56.55	1.86	0.37	V	58.78	73.98	15.20	PK
2483.5	41.27	1.86	0.37	V	43.50	53.98	10.48	AV

**Notes:**

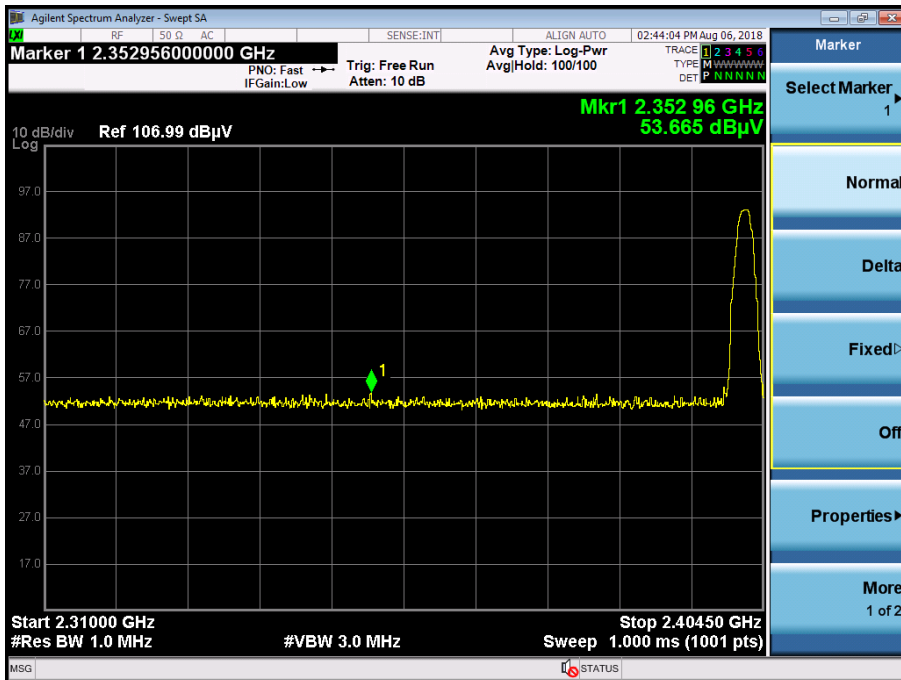
1. Frequency range of measurement = 2483.5 MHz ~ 2500 MHz
2. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Duty Cycle Factor + Distance Factor
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. 4.2 LE: 37 Byte

■ RESULT PLOTS (Worst case : X-H)

**Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – RMS Average Reading (Ch.0)**



**Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – MAX Peak Reading (Ch.0)**



Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Restricted Band Edges.



## 10. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

### 10.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Conducted Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216 / LISN	12/20/2017	Annual	102245
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / Test Receiver	06/27/2018	Annual	100033
ESPAC	SU-642 /Temperature Chamber	03/30/2018	Annual	0093008124
Agilent	N9020A / Signal Analyzer	06/08/2018	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9030A / Signal Analyzer	11/22/2017	Annual	MY49431210
Agilent	N1911A / Power Meter	04/16/2018	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A / Power Sensor	04/16/2018	Annual	MY52260025
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/20/2017	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	06/07/2018	Annual	05001
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC Power Supply	06/26/2018	Annual	KR75303960
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/10/2018	Annual	07560
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 / Software	N/A	N/A	N/A
HCT CO., LTD.	FCC WLAN&BT&BLE Conducted Test Software v3.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CBT / Bluetooth Tester	05/17/2018	Annual	100422

## 10.2 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Radiated Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
Innco system	MA4640/800-XP-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Emco	2090 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Ets	Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	Loop Antenna	04/19/2017	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168 / Hybrid Antenna	04/06/2017	Biennial	760
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	11/21/2017	Biennial	9120D-1191
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	12/04/2017	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP(9 kHz ~ 30 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	09/21/2017	Annual	836650/016
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N / Spectrum Analyzer	09/27/2017	Annual	101068-SZ
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2700-3000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	07/16/2018	Annual	4
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX8-6090-7000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	07/10/2018	Annual	5
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/12SS / Band Reject Filter	01/03/2018	Annual	2
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV5100/5850-40/50-8EEK / Band Reject Filter	01/03/2018	Annual	2
Api tech.	18B-03 / Attenuator (3 dB)	06/07/2018	Annual	2
WEINSCHHEL	56-10 / Attenuator(10 dB)	10/13/2017	Annual	72316
CERNEX	CBLU1183540 / Broadband Low Noise Amplifier	01/03/2018	Annual	24613
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / Broadband Low Noise Amplifier	01/03/2018	Annual	24615
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	01/10/2018	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	06/29/2018	Annual	25956
TESCOM	TC-3000C / Bluetooth Tester	03/27/2018	Annual	3000C000276

## 11. ANNEX A\_ TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-1808-FC009-P