

# **FCC ID: XGB-STEALTHPT**

#### Test Standards and Limits

- 1. According to KDB 447498 D01 v06, Section 4.3.1
- 2. FCC Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤50 mm are determined by:

[(max power of channel)/(min test separation distance)]\*[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation

distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For 2.4G band device, the limit of worse case is  $P_{max} \le 3.0^* D_{min}$ / f = 3.0\*5/ 2.480 = 9.525mW

## Measurement and Calculation

## 1. Maximum transmit power

Antenna Gain: 1.8 dBi

	TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Powert[dBm]
	BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	-0.16
			2440	-0.37
			2480	-0.68
	BLE_2M	Ant1	2402	-0.31
			2440	-0.58
			2480	-0.88

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Powert[dBm]
	Ant1	2402	0.31
SRD		2441	0.68
		2480	0.93

#### 2. MPE Calculation

The Max Conducted Peak Output Power is 0.93 dBm. The Max Antenna Gain is 1.8 dBi.

According to the formula. calculate the EIRP test result: EIRP=  $P \times G = 1.24 \text{ mW} \times 1.51 = 1.87 \text{mW} < 9.525 \text{mW}$ 

So the SAR report is not required.

-End of the Report-