

TEST REPORT

Applicant:	Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp			
Address:	27-001, South side of Tianlong mobile HQ Building, Tongfa South Road, Xili Street, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, 518000, China			
Equipment Type:	onn. 8" Tablet			
Model Name:	TBVAN100135923 (refer to section 2.3)			
Brand Name:	onn.			
FCC ID:	XD6WM2308T			
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 (refer to section 3.1)			
Maximum SAR:	Body (1 g@0mm): 1.17 W/kg			
Sample Arrival Date:	Jan. 05, 2024			
Test Date:	Jan. 12, 2024 - Jan. 16, 2024			
Date of Issue:	Jan. 24, 2024			

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by: Xiong Lining

Checked by: Xu Rui

Approved by: Tolan Tu (Testing Director)

Tolan In

Liong Li Ning

Xu Rui

Page No. 1 / 51



				Rev	vision History	٦
	Ver	sion	Issue Date		Revisions Content	
	Rev	<u>v. 01</u>	<u>Jan. 24, 2024</u>		Initial Issue	
			TAE	BLE	OF CONTENTS	
1	GENER	RAL INFO	RMATION			4
	1.1	Test Lab	oratory			4
	1.2	Test Loc	ation			4
	1.3	Test Env	rironment Conditio	n		4
2	PRODL	JCT INFO	RMATION			5
	2.1	Applicant	t Information			5
	2.2	Manufac	turer Information			5
	2.3	General	Description for Eq	luipm	ent under Test (EUT)	5
	2.4	Ancillary	Equipment			5
	2.5	Technica	al Information			6
3	SUMMA	ARY OF T	EST RESULT			7
	3.1	Test Star	ndards			7
	3.2	Device C	Category and SAR	Limit	t	8
	3.3	Test Res	ult Summary			9
	3.4	Test Und	ertainty			10
4	MEASL	JREMENT	SYSTEM			11
	4.1	Specific /	Absorption Rate (SAR)	Definition	11
	4.2	DASY SA	AR System			12
5	SYSTE	M VERIFI	CATION			19
	5.1	Purpose	of System Check			19
	5.2	System (Check Setup			19
6	TEST P	OSITION	CONFIGURATIO	NS		20
	6.1	Body-wo	rn Position Condit	tions.		20
	6.2	Hotspot I	Mode Exposure P	ositio	on Conditions	21

Report No.: BL-SZ23C0902-701



7	MEASU	REMENT PROCEDURE	. 22
	7.1	Measurement Process Diagram	. 22
	7.2	SAR Scan General Requirement	.23
	7.3	Measurement Procedure	.24
	7.4	Area & Zoom Scan Procedure	.24
8	CONDU	JCTED RF OUPUT POWER	. 25
	8.1	WIFI	. 25
	8.2	Bluetooth	. 28
9	TEST E	XCLUSION CONSIDERATION	. 29
	9.1	Tablet Mode antenna location sketch	. 29
	9.2	SAR Test Consideration Table	. 30
10) TEST R	ESULT	. 33
	10.1	Bluetooth	. 33
	10.2	WIFI 2.4GHz	. 33
	10.3	WIFI 5GHz	. 34
11	SAR Me	easurement Variability	. 35
12	SIMULT	TANEOUS TRANSMISSION	. 36
	12.1	Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations	. 36
	12.2	Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission	. 37
13	B TEST E	QUIPMENTS LIST	. 38
٩N	NNEX A	SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT	. 39
٩N	NNEX B	SYSTEM CHECK RESULT	. 40
٩N	NNEX C	TEST DATA	. 45
٩	NNEX D	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS	. 50
٩N	NNEX E	SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS	. 50
٩N	NNEX F	CALIBRATION REPORT	. 50
A	NNEX G	TUNE-UP PROCEDURE	. 50



1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	me Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,		
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100		

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi		
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R.		
Location	China		
Location	1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,		
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,		
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Accreditation	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a		
Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.		

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	18℃ to 25℃
Ambient Relative	200/ to 700/
Humidity	30% to 70%

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp	
	27-001, South side of Tianlong mobile HQ Building, Tongfa South	
Address	Road, Xili Street, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,	
	518000, China	

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp	
	27-001, South side of Tianlong mobile HQ Building, Tongfa South	
Address	Road, Xili Street, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,	
	518000, China	

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	onn. 8" Tablet
Model Name Under Test	TBVAN100135923
Series Model Name	TBPPY100135923, TBLVD100135923, TBIND100135923
Description of Model name differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in model name and color. (this information provided by the applicant)
Hardware Version	V1.0
Software Version	T302AA_DVT_14.0_64B_FTM_07.00_00
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Ancillary Equipment

	Battery	
	Brand Name	N/A
	Model No.	U28100115PV
Ancillary Equipment 1	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacity	4850 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.80 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.35 V



2.5 Technical Information

	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)	
Network and Wireless	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20)	
connectivity	5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80)	
	U-NII-1/2A/2C/3, GPS	

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, 5G WLAN, Bluetooth		
	802.11b/g/n(HT20)	2412 MHz ~ 2476 MHz	
	802.11a/ n(HT20/HT40)/ ac(VHT20/VHT40/VHT80)	5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz	
Frequency Range		5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz	
Trequency Mange		5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz	
		5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz	
	Bluetooth	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
Antonno Tuno	2.4G WLAN/Bluetooth: IFA Antenna		
Antenna Type	5G WLAN: IFA Antenna		
Hotspot Function	N/A		
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure		
Product Type	Portable Device		
EUT Type	Production unit	Identical prototype	



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title			
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices			
2	ANSI/IEEE	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure			
2	Std.C95.1-1992	to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz			
3	FCC KDB 447498	447409 D04 Interim Constal RE Exposure Cuidence v01			
D04 v01		447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01			
4	FCC KDB 865664	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz			
4	D01 v01r04				
5	FCC KDB 865664	DE Expequire Deporting			
Э	D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting			
6	KDB 248227 D01	SAD Cuidenes for IEEE 902 11 (M/i Ei) Tronomittore			
0	v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters			
7	KDB 616217	SAD for lenter and tableta			
	D04v01r02	SAR for laptop and tablets			



3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

	SAR Value (W/Kg)					
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/				
	Uncontrolled Exposure	ControlledExposure				
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4				
(averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4				
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	8.0				
(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.00	8:0				
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and						
ankles	4.0	20.0				
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)						

Table of Exposure Limits:

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Equipment Class			Maximum Scaled SAR	Maximum Report SAR
	Band	Antenna	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Body (0mm)	Body (0mm)
DTS	2.4G WLAN	1	0.85	
U-NII-2A	5.3G WLAN	2	1.07	
U-NII-2C	U-NII-2C 5.6G WLAN		1.17	1.17
U-NII-3	5.8G WLAN	2	1.09	
DSS	Bluetooth	1	0.28	
	Limit (W/kg)	1.	60	
	Verdict	Pa	ass	

3.3.2 Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR Values (1 g Value)

Emission (Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)		
Equipment Class	Body(0mm)		
Class	1g SAR		
NII	1.45		
DSS	1.45		
Limit (W/Kg)	1.60		
Verdict	Pass		

Note: The simultaneous transmission SAR detail please refer to section 12.



3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 1.17 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.



4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

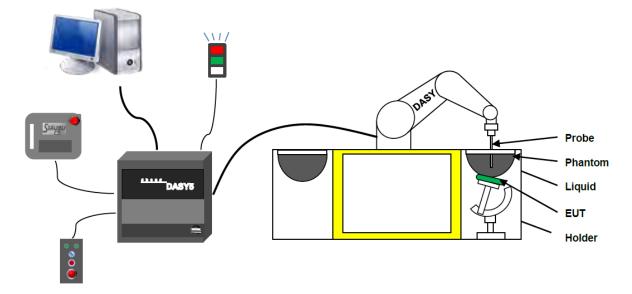
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

pis the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
 (brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4-SN: 7607 with following specifications is used.

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system
	Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., glycolether)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	\pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ; \pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe
	axis)
Dynamic range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from
	probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic
	scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)



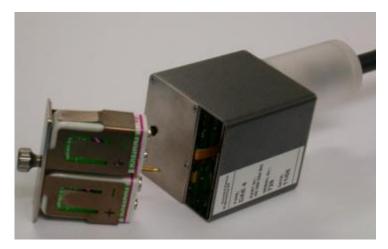
E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200MOhm
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB



4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Left head
Right head
Flat phantom

Photo of Phantom SN1576



Serial Number	Material	Length	Height
SN 1576 SAM	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced	1000	500



4.2.6 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



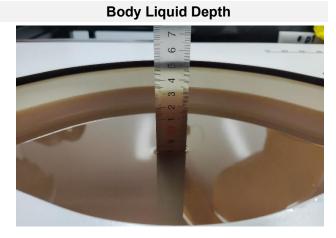
The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.





The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients	
Head WideBand	SPEAG HBBL600- 10000V6	600-10000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol	



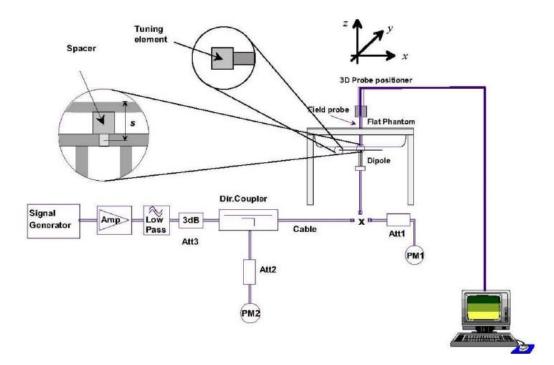
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:





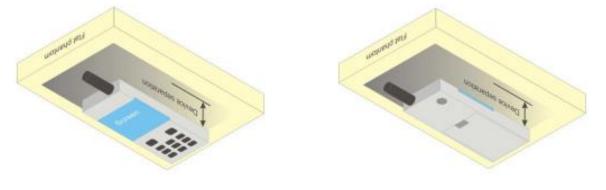
6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

6.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

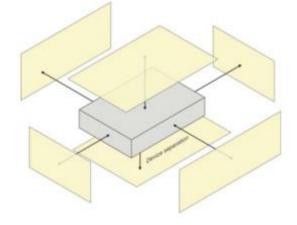
Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.





6.2 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

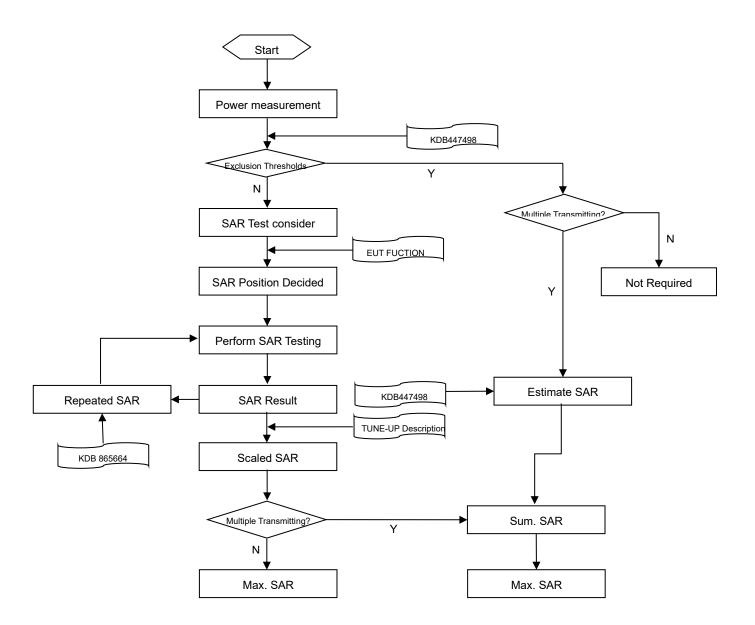
For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for bodyworn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).





7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram





7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz		
Maximum distance from c	losest mea	surement point	5±1 mm	1/ 5 ln(2) 0 5 mm		
(geometric center of probe	e sensors) t	o phantom surface	5±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle from	m probe ax	is to phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°		
normal at the measurement location			30 ±1	20 11		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm		
			2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
			When the x or y dimension of t	he test device, in the		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area			measurement plane orientation	n, is smaller than the above,		
			the measurement resolution m	ust be \leq the corresponding x or		
			y dimension of the test device	with at least one measurement		
			point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*		
Maximum 200m scan spa		л. дх 200m , ду 200m	2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)			3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm		
			≤ 5 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution,		Δz Zoom (1): between		3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
normal to phantom		1st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm		
surface	graded	to phantom surface		5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz Zoom (n>1):				
		between subsequent	≤ 1.5·Δz 2	Zoom (n-1)		
		points				
Minimum Took				3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm		
Minimum zoom scan volume		x, y, z	≥30 mm	4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm		
			1	5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 2. 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 *32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 WIFI

8.1.1 2.4G WIFI

Mada	Channel	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up	SAR Test
wode	Channel	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
	1	2412	15.12	16.00	Yes
802.11b	6	2437	15.18	16.00	Yes
	11	2462	15.15	16.00	Yes
802.11g	1	2412	15.11	16.00	No
	6	2437	15.13	16.00	No
	11	2462	15.02	16.00	No
802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	15.06	16.00	No
	6	2437	15.15	16.00	No
	11	2462	15.09	16.00	No
	802.11g	1 802.11b 6 11 1 802.11g 6 11 1 802.11g 6 11 1 802.11g 6 11 1 802.11g 6 11 6 11 1 802.11n(HT20) 6	Mode Channel (MHz) 802.11b 1 2412 802.11b 6 2437 11 2462 802.11g 6 2437 802.11g 6 2437 11 2462 1 802.11g 6 2437 11 2462 1 802.11n(HT20) 6 2437	Mode Channel (MHz) Power (dBm) 802.11b 1 2412 15.12 802.11b 6 2437 15.18 11 2462 15.15 802.11g 6 2437 15.11 802.11g 6 2437 15.13 802.11g 6 2437 15.13 802.11g 6 2437 15.02 802.11n(HT20) 6 2437 15.15	Mode Channel (MHz) Power (dBm) Limit (dBm) 802.11b 1 2412 15.12 16.00 802.11b 6 2437 15.18 16.00 11 2462 15.15 16.00 802.11g 1 2412 15.15 16.00 802.11g 6 2437 15.13 16.00 802.11g 1 2462 15.13 16.00 802.11g 6 2437 15.13 16.00 802.11g 6 2437 15.15 16.00 802.11n(HT20) 6 2437 15.15 16.00

Note: According KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

Adjusted SAR = Report SAR * (max power (OFDM)/ max power (DSSS)) = 0.850 * (39.81mW/39.81mW) = 0.850 W/Kg, so the 2.4G OFDM SAR test is not required.



8.1.2 5G WIFI

Band	Mode	Channel	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		36	5180	11.44	12.50	No
5.2	802.11a	44	5220	11.59	12.50	No
		48	5240	11.44	12.50	No
		36	5180	11.59	12.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	44	5220	11.55	12.50	No
		48	5240	11.46	12.50	No
	802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	11.68	12.50	No
(5.15~5.25)	802.TH(H140)	46	5230	11.61	12.50	No
		36	5180	11.45	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	44	5220	11.47	12.50	No
		48	5240	11.62	12.50	No
		38	5190	11.46	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	46	5230	11.60	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	42	5210	11.11	12.00	No
		52	5260	11.59	12.50	No
	802.11a	60	5300	11.46	12.50	No
		64	5320	11.54	12.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	11.53	12.50	No
		60	5300	11.40	12.50	No
		64	5320	11.51	12.50	No
5.3	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	11.35	12.50	Yes
(5.25~5.35)		62	5310	11.44	12.50	Yes
		52	5260	11.58	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	60	5300	11.49	12.50	No
		64	5320	11.49	12.50	No
		54	5270	11.42	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	62	5310	11.60	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	58	5290	11.08	12.00	No
		100	5500	9.82	11.50	No
	802.11a	116	5580	10.00	11.50	No
		140	5700	9.93	11.50	No
		100	5500	9.94	11.50	No
5.0	802.11n(HT20)	116	5580	9.87	11.50	No
5.6		140	5700	10.03	11.50	No
(5.47~5.725)		102	5510	10.09	11.50	No
	802.11n(HT40)	118	5590	9.93	11.50	No
	F	134	5670	9.97	11.50	No
		100	5500	9.97	11.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	116	5580	9.82	11.50	No



		140	5700	9.92	11.50	No
		102	5510	10.10	11.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	118	5590	9.98	11.50	No
		134	5670	9.81	11.50	No
		106	5530	9.93	11.50	Yes
	802.11ac(VHT80) -	122	5610	9.78	11.50	Yes
		149	5745	11.56	12.50	No
	802.11a	157	5785	11.60	12.50	No
		165	5825	11.32	12.50	No
		149	5745	11.43	12.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	157	5785	11.55	12.50	No
		165	5825	11.43	12.50	No
5.8	802.11n(HT40)	151	5755	11.52	12.50	Yes
(5.725~5.85)		159	5795	11.49	12.50	Yes
		149	5745	11.61	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	157	5785	11.28	12.50	No
	-	165	5825	11.36	12.50	No
		151	5755	11.60	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40) -	159	5795	11.37	12.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	155	5775	11.02	12.00	No
Note: When the	same maximum output	power is specif	fied for both band	ls, begin SAR mea	surement in U-NII	-2A band by
applying the OFE	OM SAR requirements.	If the highest re	eported SAR for	a test configuratior	n is \leq 1.2 W/kg, S	SAR is not
required for U-NI	I-1 band for that config	uration (802.11	mode and expos	sure condition); oth	erwise, each band	l is tested
independently for	r SAR.					

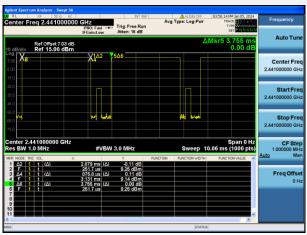


8.2 Bluetooth

Mode		GFSK			π/4-DQPSK	
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Conducted Power (dBm)	8.70	9.17	9.15	5.57	5.39	6.19
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	10.00	10.00	10.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
SAR Test Require	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Mode		8-DPSK			/	
Channel	0	39	78	/	/	/
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	/	1	/
Conducted Power (dBm)	5.81	5.44	6.21	/	1	/
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	7.00	7.00	7.00	/	/	/
SAR Test Require	No	No	No	/	/	/
Mode		BLE-1Mbps			BLE-2Mbps	
Channel	0	19	39	0	19	39
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2440	2480	2402	2440	2480
Conducted Power (dBm)	-2.53	-1.96	-2.15	-2.40	-1.89	-1.98
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	-1.50	-1.50	-1.50	-1.50	-1.50	-1.50
SAR Test Require	No	No	No	No	No	No
Note: Since Bluetooth BR mode is the	maximum outp	ut power mode	, SAR measu	rements were	performed with	test software
using DH5 modulation, and SAR meas	urement is not	required for the	e EDR and LE.	When the sec	ondary mode i	$s~\leqslant$ 1/4 dB
higher than the primary mode.						

Duty Cycle

The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.67 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

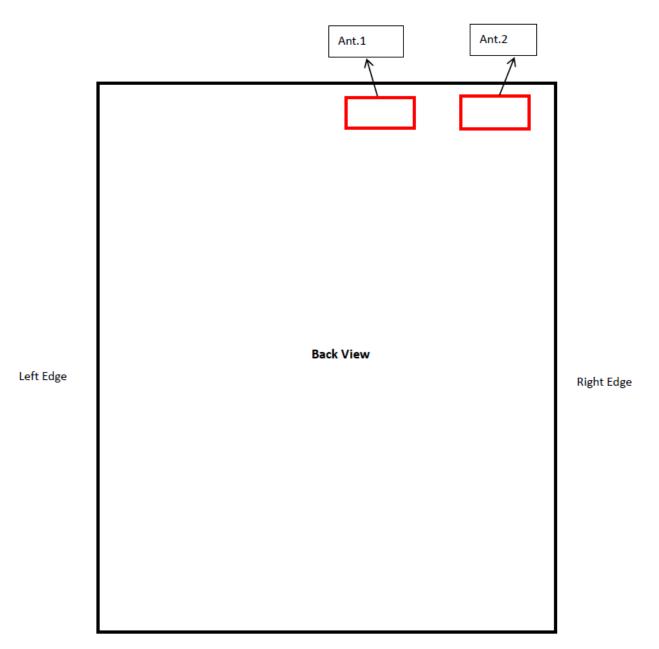


GFSK



9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

9.1 Tablet Mode antenna location sketch



Bottom Edge

Antenna	Support Bands				
Antenna.1	WIFI 2.4G; Bluetooth				
Antenna.2	WIFI 5G				



9.2 SAR Test Consideration Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D04, Appendix B, The SAR-based exemption formula applies for single fixed, mobile, and portable RF sources with available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, of less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW).

This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). The following table shows the power threshold from 5mm to 50mm.

	Power Thresholds (mW)											
Frequency	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation							
Frequency	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of							
(MHz)	≪5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm							
300	39 mW	65 mW	88 mW	110 mW	129 mW							
450	22 mW	44 mW	67 mW	89 mW	112 mW							
835	9 mW	25 mW	44 mW	66 mW	90 mW							
1900	3 mW	12 mW	26 mW	44 mW	66 mW							
2450	3 mW	10 mW	22 mW	38 mW	59 mW							
3600	2 mW	8 mW	18 mW	32 mW	49 mW							
5800	1 mW	6 mW	14 mW	25 mW	40 mW							
	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation							
Frequency	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of							
(MHz)	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	50 mm							
300	148 mW	166 mW	184 mW	201 mW	217 mW							
450	135 mW	158 mW	180 mW	203 mW	226 mW							
835	116 mW	145 mW	175 mW	207 mW	240 mW							
1900	92 mW	122 mW	157 mW	195 mW	236 mW							
2450	83 mW	111 mW	143 mW	179 mW	219 mW							
3600	71 mW	96 mW	125 mW	158 mW	195 mW							
5800	58 mW	80 mW	106 mW	136 mW	169 mW							



9.2.1 Tablet mode SAR Test Consideration

This host is a notebook computer, under normal use the RF exposure scenarios are shown in the table below:

RF exposure Position	RF exposure scenarios
Back Side	Body
Left Edge	Body
Right Edge	Body
Top Edge	Body
Bottom Edge	Body

Body RF exposure scenarios

Test Position Configurations	Mode	Bluetooth	WLAN 2.4GHz	UNII-2A	UNII-2C	UNII-3
Calcula	2480	2462	5320	5710	5825	
	Distance to User (mm)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	10.00	16.00	12.50	11.50	12.50
Back Side	Max. Peak Power (mW)	10.00	39.81	17.78	14.13	17.78
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2.72	2.73	1.47	1.39	1.37
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Distance to User (mm)	83.00	83.00	105.00	105.00	105.00
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	10.00	16.00	12.50	11.50	12.50
Left Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	10.00	39.81	17.78	14.13	17.78
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	573.03	573.83	805.94	798.00	795.78
	SAR Test Required	No	No	No	No	No
	Distance to User (mm)	20.00	20.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	10.00	16.00	12.50	11.50	12.50
Right Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	10.00	39.81	17.78	14.13	17.78
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	38.10	38.24	1.47	1.39	1.37
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Distance to User (mm)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	10.00	16.00	12.50	11.50	12.50
Top Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	10.00	39.81	17.78	14.13	17.78
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2.72	2.73	1.47	1.39	1.37
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Distance to User (mm)	195.00	195.00	195.00	195.00	195.00
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	10.00	16.00	12.50	11.50	12.50
Bottom Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	10.00	39.81	17.78	14.13	17.78
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2915.93	2916.05	2903.72	2902.59	2902.28
	SAR Test Required	No	No	No	No	No



Note:

- 1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power including tuneup tolerance among production units
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D04, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D04, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D04, for separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive), the threshold Pth (mW) is given by Following:

$$P_{ti}(mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20cm}(d/20cm)^x & d \le 20cm \\ ERP_{20cm} & 20cm \le 40cm \end{cases}$$

where

$$x = -log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20cm} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

- a. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- b. d is the separation distance (cm), The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- c. *ERP*_{20cm} are determined by:

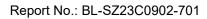
$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = f(x) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3GHz \le f < 1.5GHz \\ 3060 & 1.5GHz \le f \le 6GHz \end{cases}$$

- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a. When KDB Publication 447498 D04 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\,\leq\,$ 1.2 W/kg.

- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands conditions.
 - a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
 - b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 8. For Limb SAR, SAR test exemption considered by applying a factor of 2.5 to the applicable power level thresholds.





10 TEST RESULT

10.1 Bluetooth

Mode Body	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
		Back Side	0	39	2441	0.09	0.034	9.17	10.00	1.211	76.67	1.304	0.054	/
DH5	Antenna.1	Right Edge	0	39	2441	-0.12	0.015	9.17	10.00	1.211	76.67	1.304	0.024	/
		Top Edge	0	39	2441	0.06	0.176	9.17	10.00	1.211	76.67	1.304	0.278	1#
Note: Refer t	Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.													

10.2WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.								
Body																						
		Back Side	0	6	2437	0.18	0.087	15.18	16.00	1.208	98.10	1.019	0.107	/								
		Right Edge	0	6	2437	0.02	0.036	15.18	16.00	1.208	98.10	1.019	0.044	/								
802.11b	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	Antenna.1	enna.1	0	6	2437	-0.08	0.672	15.18	16.00	1.208	98.10	1.019	0.827	/
		Top Edge	0	1	2412	0.06	0.681	15.12	16.00	1.225	98.10	1.019	0.850	2#								
			0	11	2462	0.10	0.655	15.15	16.00	1.216	98.10	1.019	0.812	/								
Note: Refer t	Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.																					



10.3WIFI 5GHz

Band Body	Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.				
			Back Side	0	62	5310	0.17	0.059	11.44	12.50	1.276	88.40	1.131	0.085	/				
5.3G	802.11n40	Antonno 2	Right Edge	0	62	5310	-0.03	0.123	11.44	12.50	1.276	88.40	1.131	0.178	/				
5.3G	802.11140	Antenna.2	Top Edge	0	62	5310	0.11	0.712	11.44	12.50	1.276	88.40	1.131	1.028	/				
						Top Eage	0	54	5270	0.02	0.729	11.35	12.50	1.303	88.40	1.131	1.074	3#	
		Antenna.2	Back Side	0	106	5530	-0.04	0.063	9.93	11.50	1.435	87.26	1.146	0.104	/				
5.6G	802.11ac80		Antenna.2	Right Edge	0	106	5530	-0.08	0.106	9.93	11.50	1.435	87.26	1.146	0.174	/			
5.00	2021110000			/ incrina.z	, anonna.z		/ monna.z	Antonia.z	Top Edge	0	106	5530	0.00	0.712	9.93	11.50	1.435	87.26	1.146
			TOP Edge	0	122	5610	0.19	0.654	9.78	11.50	1.486	87.26	1.146	1.114	/				
			Back Side	0	151	5755	0.07	0.075	11.52	12.50	1.253	88.40	1.131	0.106	/				
5.8G	802.11n40 Antenna	Antenna 2	Right Edge	0	151	5755	0.06	0.157	11.52	12.50	1.253	88.40	1.131	0.222	/				
5.00		Antenna.2	Top Edge	0	151	5755	0.00	0.768	11.52	12.50	1.253	88.40	1.131	1.088	5#				
				rop Euge	0	159	5795	-0.12	0.692	11.49	12.50	1.262	88.40	1.131	0.988	/			



11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent media are \leq 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is \leq 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is >

 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated
 measurement.

Note: For 1g SAR, the highest measured 1g SAR is 0.768 < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.



12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR). According KDB 447498 D04, simultaneous transmission:

- a) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{A1.5} / R_i (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)² + (y1-y2)² + (z1-z2)²], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 SAR1 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.
 SAR2 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.
- b) If SPLSR $\,\leqslant\,$ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- c) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

No.	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Body							
1	Bluetooth + WLAN 5GHz	Yes							
Note:									
1. When stand-alone SAR is not required for a side of antenna, its SAR is considered zero in the SAR									
summing process to assess Multi-band transmission SAR compliance.									
2. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.									



12.2Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

12.2.1 Body Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation for WLAN Antenna with Bluetooth

Position	Stand al	- SUM SAR	
	1 2		
	Max.5GWIFI	Bluetooth	Sum SAR
	Wax.5GWIFT	Diueloolii	(1+2)
Back Side 0mm	0.106	0.054	0.160
Right Edge 0mm	0.222	0.024	0.246
Top Edge 0mm	1.171	0.278	1.449

Note:

1: The simultaneous transmission combinations of the three antennas contain combinations of two antennas, so only the worst simultaneous transmission combinations was shown in this table.

2: The highest Summed 10g SAR is 1.449 W/Kg < 1.6 W/kg, so Simultaneous Transmission SAR test is not required.



13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Speag	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2021/05/19	2024/05/19
5GHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	SN: 1200	2021/05/18	2024/05/18
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7607	2023/07/04	2024/07/04
Data Acquisition Electronicsr	Speag	DAE4	SN: 878	2023/03/23	2024/03/23
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	177746	2023/05/10	2024/05/10
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD-B2	835843/014	2023/09/05	2024/09/05
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z4	100381	2023/09/05	2024/09/05
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z2	100211	2023/09/05	2024/09/05
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103472	2023/11/14	2024/11/14
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4	EF5238001628	2023/10/09	2024/10/09
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF7239002652	2023/11/17	2024/11/17
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	Speag	DAK3.5	SN: 1312	N/A	N/A
Phantom	Speag	SAM	SN: 1576	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement

dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;

2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;

3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.

4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.



ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a DAK3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (℃)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2024.01.12	Head	2450	21.3	1.80	39.35	1.80	39.20	-0.11	0.39
2024.01.15	Head	5250	21.5	4.70	35.83	4.71	35.93	-0.21	-0.28
2024.01.16	Head	5600	21.5	5.06	35.27	5.07	35.53	-0.26	-0.73
2024.01.15	Head	5750	21.5	5.18	35.47	5.22	35.36	-0.75	0.31
Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.									



ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within itsspecification of 10 %(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid	Freq.	Power	Measured	Normalized	Dipole SAR	Tolerance
	Туре	(MHz)	(mW)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
2024.01.12	Head	2450	100	5.45	54.50	53.00	2.83
2024.01.15	Head	5250	100	7.95	79.50	77.80	2.19
2024.01.16	Head	5600	100	8.26	82.60	81.20	1.72
2024.01.15	Head	5750	100	7.84	78.40	77.20	1.55
Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.							



System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Date: 2024.01.12

Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.798 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.353; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C Liquid Temperature:21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(7.47, 7.76, 7.61); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 2450/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.15 W/kg

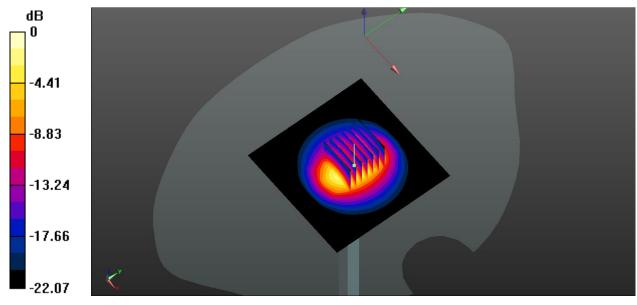
CW 2450/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.47 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.18 W/kg



0 dB = 6.18 W/kg



System Performance Check Data (5250MHz)

Date: 2024.01.15

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.7 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.83; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 °C Liquid Temperature:21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(5.41, 5.73, 5.58); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 5250/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.47 W/kg

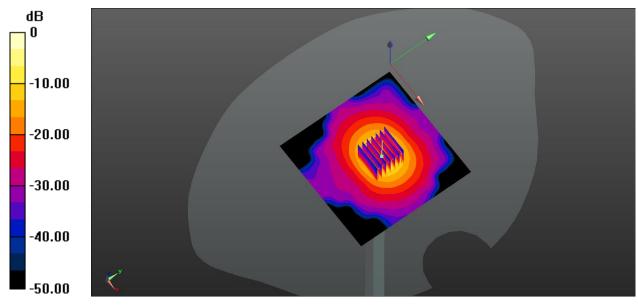
CW 5250/Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 37.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.98 W/kg



0 dB = 19.98 W/kg



System Performance Check Data (5600MHz)

Date: 2024.01.16

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.057 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.27; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 °C Liquid Temperature:21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(4.58, 4.95, 4.75); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 5600/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.39 W/kg

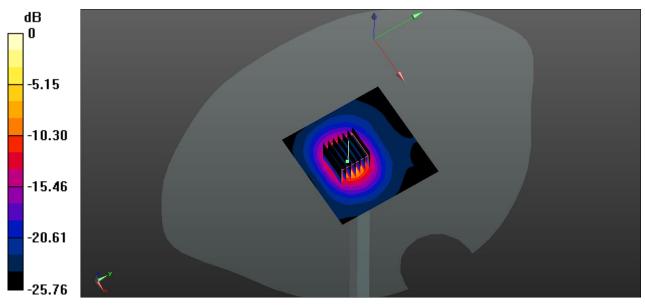
CW 5600/Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 34.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.54 W/kg



0 dB = 21.54 W/kg



System Performance Check Data (5750MHz)

Date: 2024.01.15

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.181 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.469; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 °C Liquid Temperature:21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(4.78, 5.08, 4.93); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 5750/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.79 W/kg

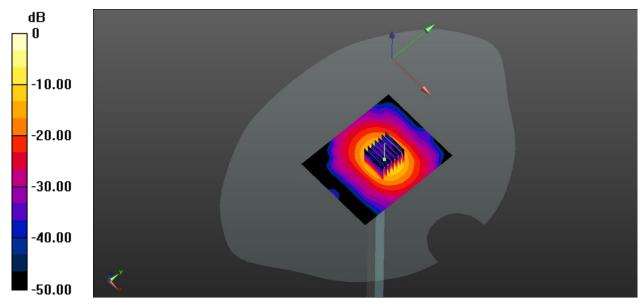
CW 5750/Zoom Scan (7x7x15)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 40.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.29 W/kg



0 dB = 15.29 W/kg



ANNEX C TEST DATA

Meas.1 Body Plane with Top Edge 0mm on 39 Channel in Bluetooth mode with Antenna 1

Date: 2024.01.12

Communication System Band: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.304

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.788 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.435; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C Liquid Temperature:21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(7.47, 7.76, 7.61); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch39/Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.209 W/kg

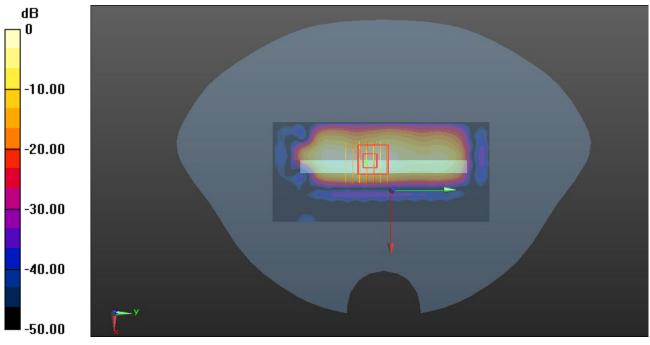
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.233 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.551 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.176 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 W/kg



0 dB = 0.208 W/kg



Meas.2 Body Plane with Top Edge 0mm on 1 Channel in IEEE802.11b mode with Antenna 1

Date: 2024.01.12 Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.019 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.753 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.701; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C Liquid Temperature:21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(7.47, 7.76, 7.61); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

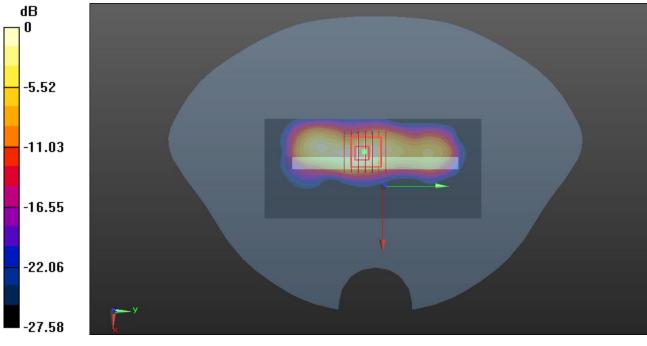
Ch1/Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.837 W/kg
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.681 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.821 W/kg



0 dB = 0.821 W/kg



Meas.3 Body Plane with Top Edge 0mm on 54 Channel in IEEE802.11n40 mode with Antenna 2

Date: 2024.01.15

Communication System Band: WLAN(n)40MHZ; Frequency: 5270 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.131 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5270 MHz; σ = 4.743 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.569; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Liquid Temperature:21.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(5.41, 5.73, 5.58); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch54/Area Scan (81x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg

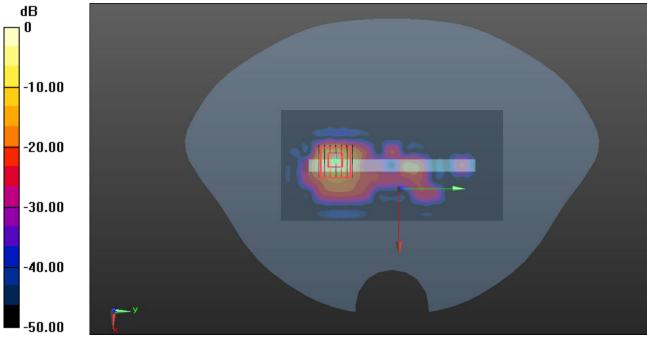
Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.729 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg



0 dB = 1.80 W/kg



Meas.4 Body Plane with Top Edge 0mm on 106 Channel in IEEE802.11ac80 mode with Antenna 2

Date: 2024.01.16

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac)80MHZ; Frequency: 5530 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.146 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5530 MHz; σ = 4.947 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.047; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Liquid Temperature:21.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(4.58, 4.95, 4.75); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch106/Area Scan (81x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

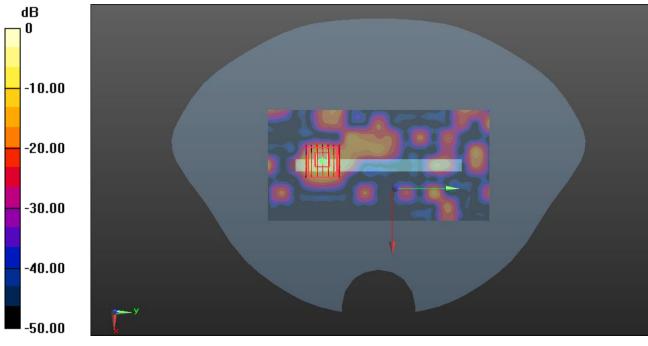
Ch106/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.712 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.82 W/kg



0 dB = 1.82 W/kg



Meas.5 Body Plane with Top Edge 0mm on 151 Channel in IEEE802.11n40 mode with Antenna 2

Date: 2024.01.15

Communication System Band: WLAN(n)40MHZ; Frequency: 5755 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.131 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5755 MHz; σ = 5.192 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.398; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Liquid Temperature:21.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(4.78, 5.08, 4.93); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch151/Area Scan (81x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.99 W/kg

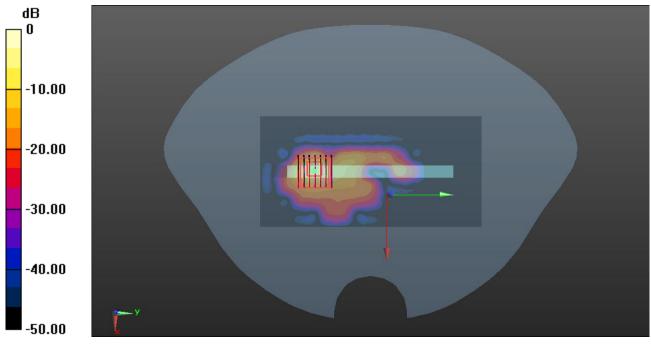
Ch151/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.768 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.85 W/kg



0 dB = 1.85 W/kg



ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ23C0902-AW.pdf".

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ23C0902-AS.pdf".

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document "BL-SZ23C0902-AC.pdf".

ANNEX G TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Please refer the document "BL-SZ23C0902-AT.pdf".



Statement

1. The laboratory guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.

2. The report without China inspection body and laboratory Mandatory Approval (CMA) mark has no effect of proving to the society.

3. For the report with CNAS mark or A2LA mark, the items marked with "☆" are not within the accredited scope.

4. This report is invalid if it is altered, without the signature of the testing and approval personnel, or without the "inspection and testing dedicated stamp" or test report stamp.

5. The test data and results are only valid for the tested samples provided by the customer.

6. This report shall not be partially reproduced without the written permission of the laboratory.

7. Any objection shall be raised to the laboratory within 30 days after receiving the report.

--END OF REPORT--