

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 6.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω - 4.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω - 3.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 26.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 Ω - 3.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.4 Ω + 0.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 1.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω - 3.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Ω - 5.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω - 3.2 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.0 Ω - 2.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω - 2.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5 Ω + 0.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω - 0.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 2.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.47$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.52$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.57$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.77$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.03$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.09$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 79.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

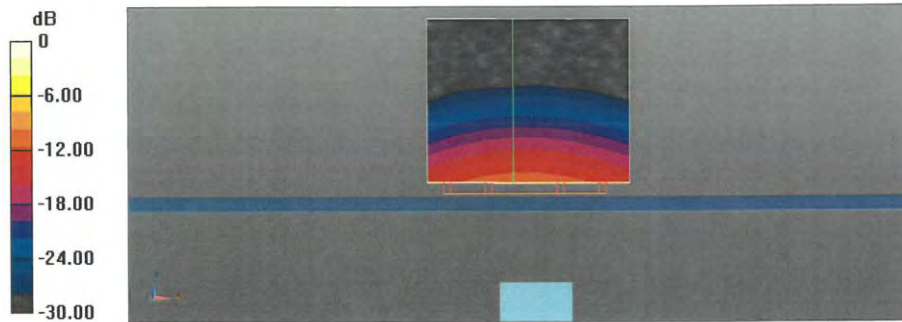
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 78.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.3%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 78.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.9%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 78.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.8%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

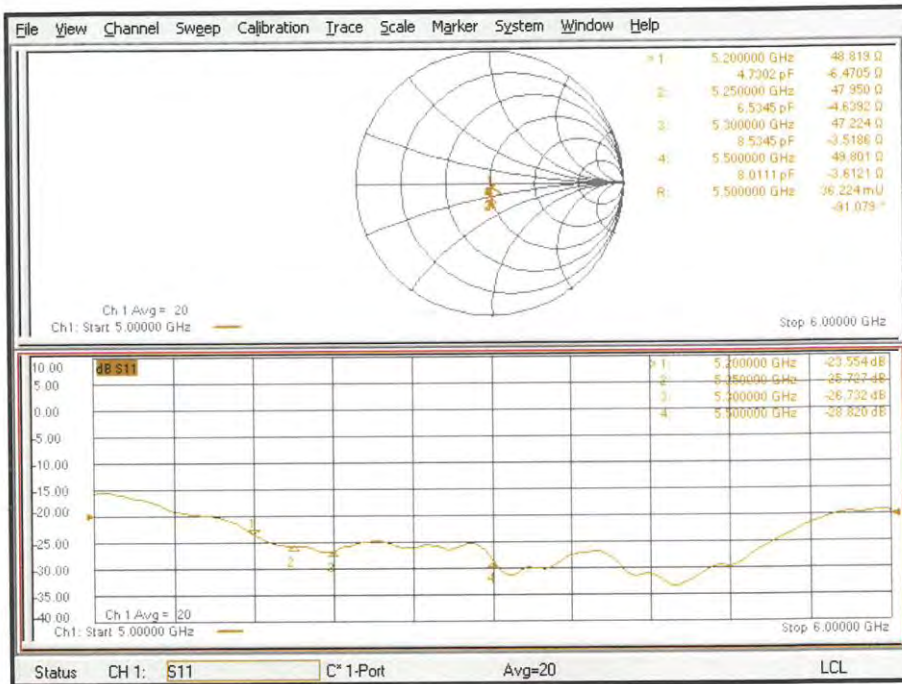
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Reference Value = 75.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 75.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.8%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

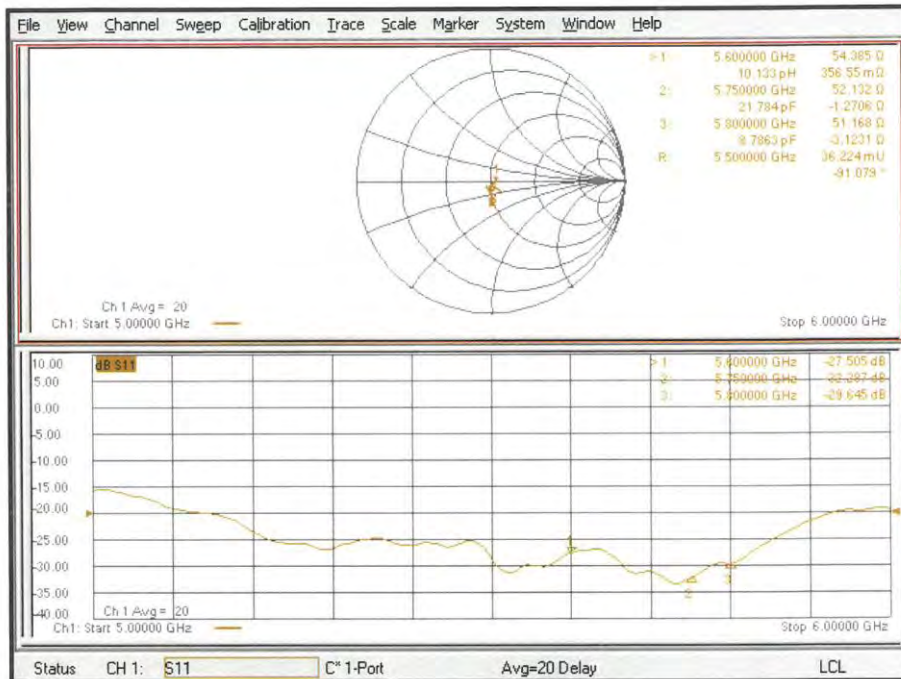


0 dB = 20.7 W/kg = 13.16 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5200, 5250, 5300, 5500 MHz)



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5600, 5750, 5800 MHz)



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.07.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.46$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.53$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.6$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.22$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.29$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg

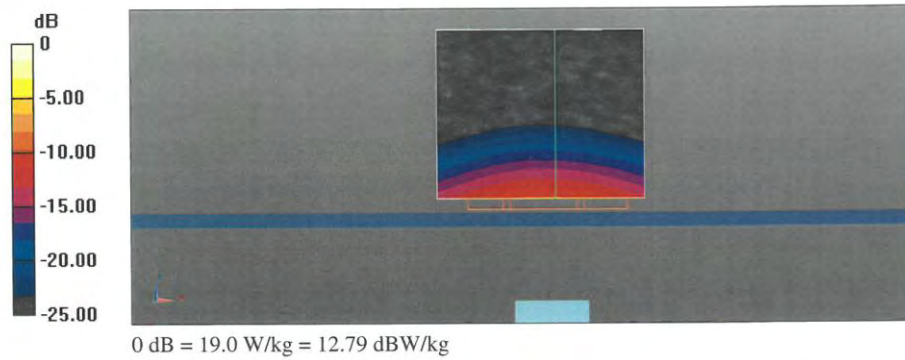
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 67.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.1%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 68.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.2%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

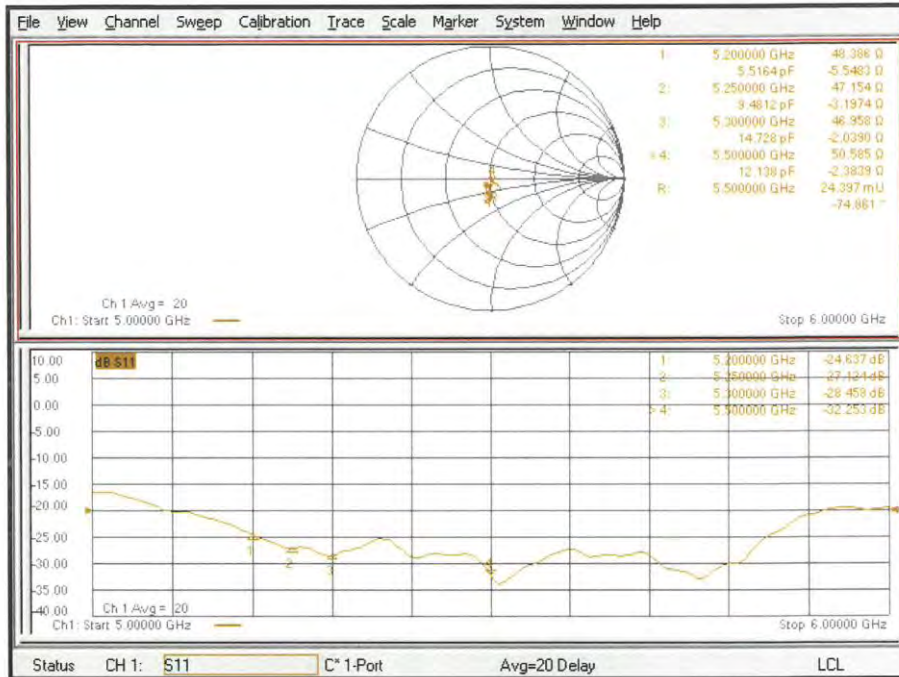
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 67.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.4%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 65.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

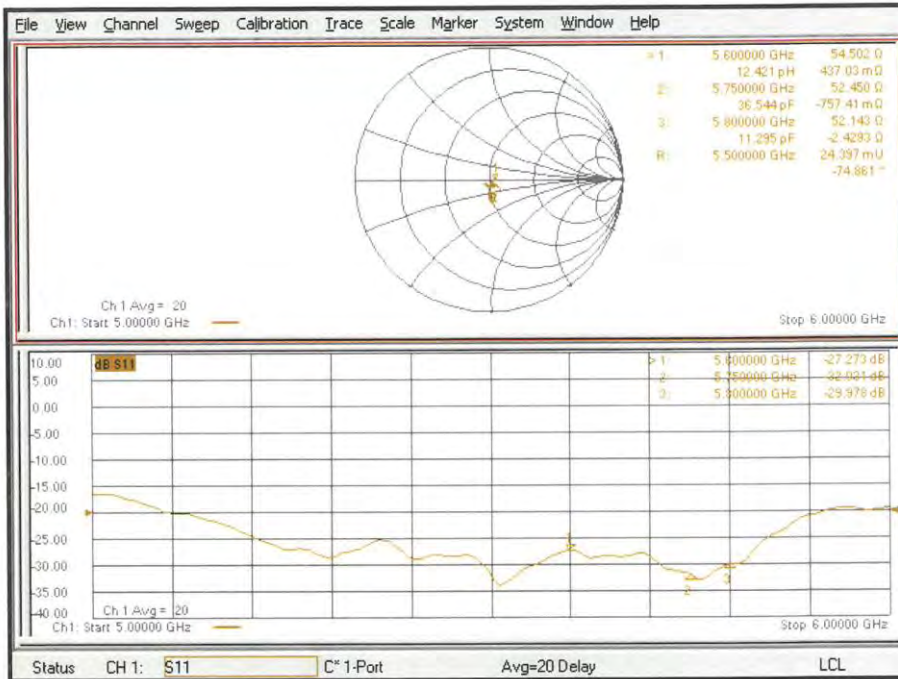
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 65.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.5%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5200, 5250, 5300, 5500 MHz)



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5600, 5750, 5800 MHz)



ANNEX I SPOT CHECK

I.1 Tissue and Verification

Table I.1-1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2022-2-25	Head	2450MHz	41.73	6.45%	1.959	8.83%
2022-2-25	Head	5600MHz	34.99	-1.52%	5.263	3.81%

Table I.1-2: System Validation of Head

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value(W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2022-2-25	2450MHz	24.9	53.3	25.9	55.2	4.10%	3.56%
2022-2-25	5600MHz	23.7	83.8	24.9	89.4	5.06%	6.68%

I.2 Measurement results

Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Test setup	EUT Measured Power (dBm)	Tune up (dBm)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 10g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 1g (W/kg)	Power Drift
LTE Band30	27710	2310	1RB-middle Rear 15mm	22.30	23.50	0.342	0.45	0.644	0.85	0.12
WLAN	118	5590	11n-40M	14.10	15.00	0.12	0.15	0.441	0.54	0.08

I.3 Reported SAR Comparison

Table: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/kg)	Reported SAR spot check
Head (Separation Distance 0mm)	UMTS FDD 2	0.37	\
	UMTS FDD 4	0.44	\
	UMTS FDD 5	0.35	\
	LTE Band 2	0.42	\
	LTE Band 4	0.33	\
	LTE Band 5	0.38	\
	LTE Band 12	0.35	\
	LTE Band 14	0.28	\
	LTE Band 30	0.26	\
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.63	\
WLAN 5 GHz	0.76	0.54	
Hotspot (Separation Distance 10mm)	UMTS FDD 2	0.91	\
	UMTS FDD 4	1.16	\
	UMTS FDD 5	0.65	\
	LTE Band 2	1.25	\
	LTE Band 4	1.15	\
	LTE Band 5	0.69	\
	LTE Band 12	0.46	\
	LTE Band 14	0.50	\
LTE Band 30	1.08	\	

	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.44	\
	WLAN 5 GHz	0.44	\
Body-worn (Separation Distance 15mm)	UMTS FDD 2	1.10	\
	UMTS FDD 4	0.48	\
	LTE Band 2	0.87	\
	LTE Band 4	0.52	\
	LTE Band 30	1.31	0.85

I.4 List of Main Instruments

Table I.4-1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	N5239A	MY55491241	May 31, 2021	One year
02	Power meter	NRP2	106277	September 23, 2021	One year
03	Power sensor	NRP8S	104291		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070393	May 14, 2021	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	CMW500	166370	June 25, 2021	One year
07	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	7517	January 19,2022	One year
08	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1525	September 1, 2021	One year
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 26,2021	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D5GHzV2	1060	June 22,2021	One year

I.5 Graph Results

LTE Band30 Body

Date/Time: 2/25/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: $f = 2310$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.115$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band30 (0) Frequency: 2310 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.44, 7.44, 7.44); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (101x171x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

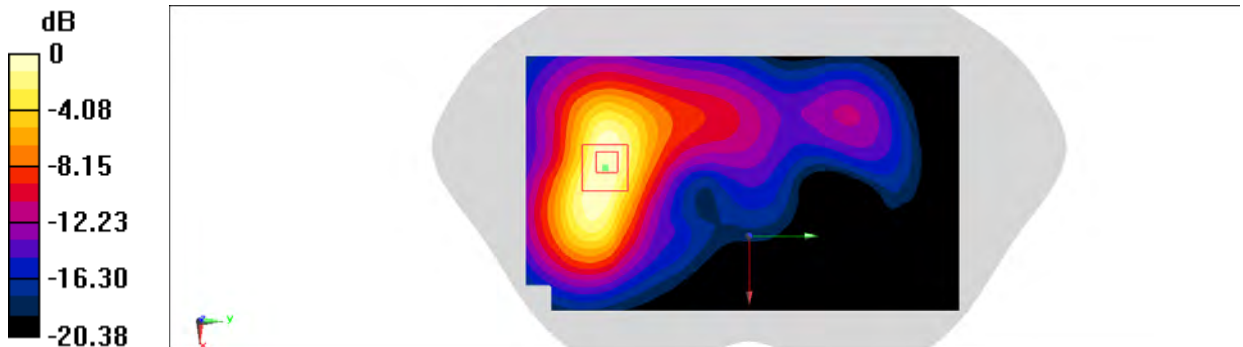
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.911 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.644 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.997 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 1.01 \text{ W/kg} = 0.04 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

WIFI5G Head

Date/Time: 2/25/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: $f = 5590$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.249$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.019$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 11a (0) Frequency: 5590 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

Area Scan (111x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg

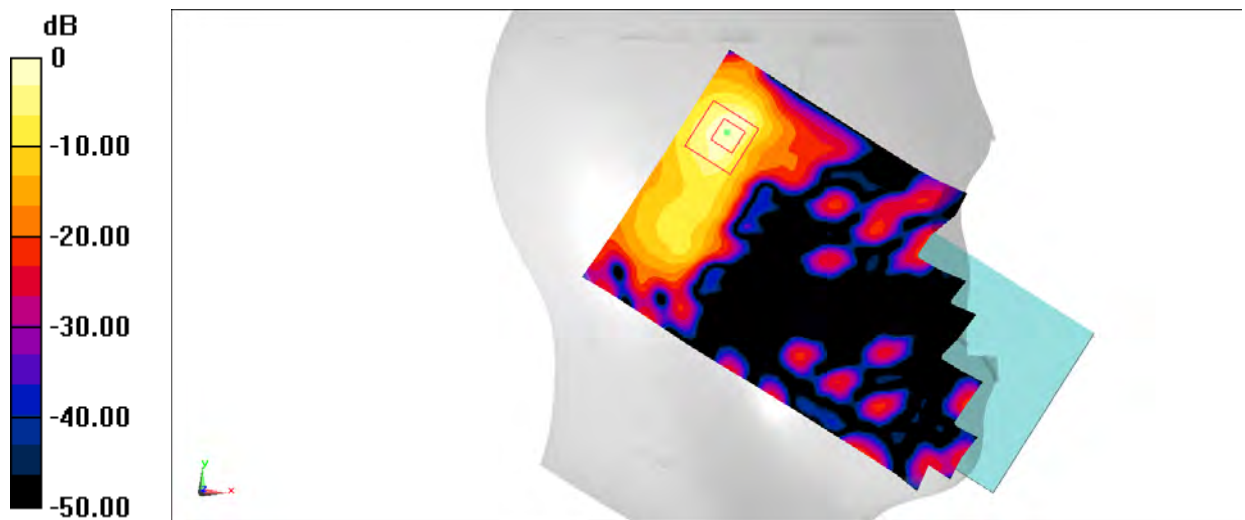
Zoom Scan (9x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.830 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.19 W/kg = 0.76 dBW/kg

I.6 System Verification Results

SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450_853

Date/Time: 2/25/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.959$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.731$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

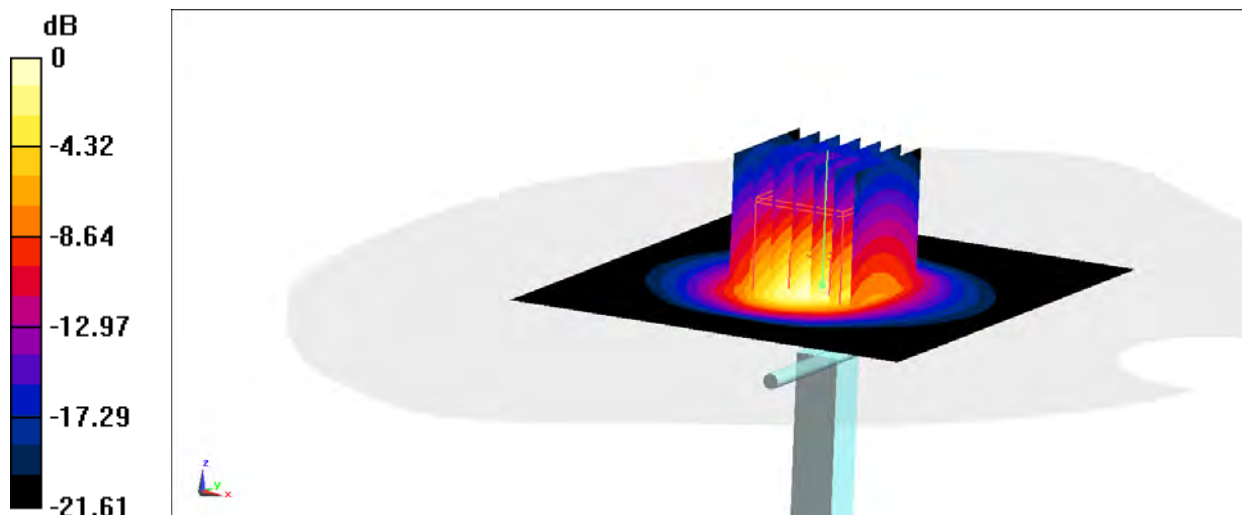
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.48 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 21.6 \text{ W/kg} = 13.34 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz-graded

Date/Time: 2/25/2022

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: H700-6000M

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.263$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.986$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517 ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 1/19/2022

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.4 W/kg

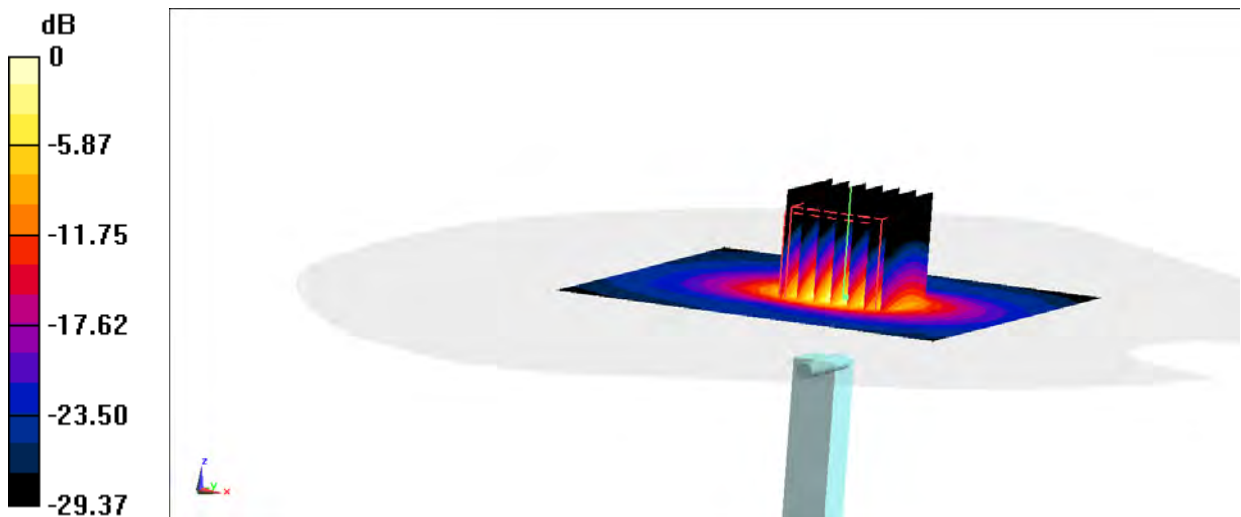
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 40.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.49 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.0 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 23.4 \text{ W/kg} = 13.69 \text{ dBW/kg}$$



No.I22Z60274-SEM01

I.7 PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 7517



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中国认可
国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client **CTTL**

Certificate No: **Z21-60558**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN : 7517**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-004-02
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes**

Calibration date: **January 19, 2022**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan21)	Jan-22
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug21/2)	Aug-22
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	Jun-22
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jan -23

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: January 21, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60558

Page 1 of 10



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.49	0.51	0.55	$\pm 10.0\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	101.9	101.5	100.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB· μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	168.0	$\pm 3.0\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		172.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		178.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4 and Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.70	9.70	9.70	0.15	1.32	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.21	1.19	±12.1%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.18	1.06	±12.1%
1640	40.3	1.29	8.20	8.20	8.20	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.25	0.93	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.24	1.09	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.43	0.91	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.57	0.77	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.85	6.85	6.85	0.45	0.92	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.40	1.03	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.41	1.03	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.50	1.13	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.01	6.01	6.01	0.50	1.13	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.74	5.74	5.74	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.50	1.25	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.55	1.20	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.55	1.20	±13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.65	9.65	9.65	0.40	0.85	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.20	9.20	9.20	0.24	1.18	±12.1%
1450	54.0	1.30	8.20	8.20	8.20	0.14	1.34	±12.1%
1640	53.8	1.40	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.25	1.08	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.32	0.98	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.24	1.13	±12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	7.47	7.47	7.47	0.25	1.19	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.35	7.35	7.35	0.44	0.93	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.50	0.84	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.68	0.70	±12.1%
3300	51.6	3.08	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.43	1.11	±13.3%
3500	51.3	3.31	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.40	1.25	±13.3%
3700	51.0	3.55	5.99	5.99	5.99	0.40	1.25	±13.3%
3900	51.2	3.78	5.95	5.95	5.95	0.40	1.30	±13.3%
4100	50.5	4.01	5.90	5.90	5.90	0.40	1.30	±13.3%
4200	50.4	4.13	5.80	5.80	5.80	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
4400	50.1	4.37	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
4600	49.8	4.60	5.58	5.58	5.58	0.50	1.25	±13.3%
4800	49.6	4.83	5.41	5.41	5.41	0.50	1.45	±13.3%
4950	49.4	5.01	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.50	1.55	±13.3%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.50	1.55	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.55	1.50	±13.3%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.50	1.60	±13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

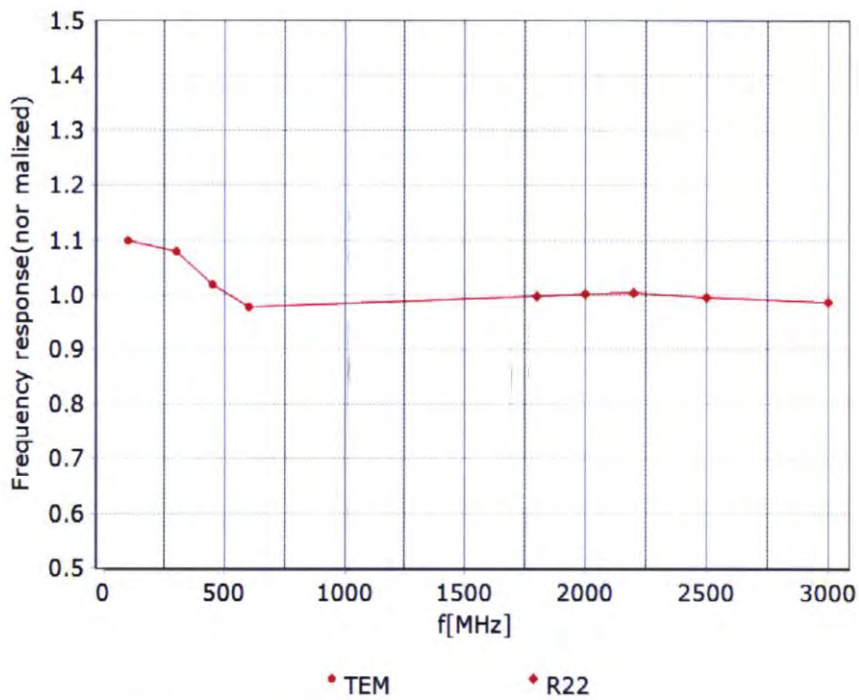


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



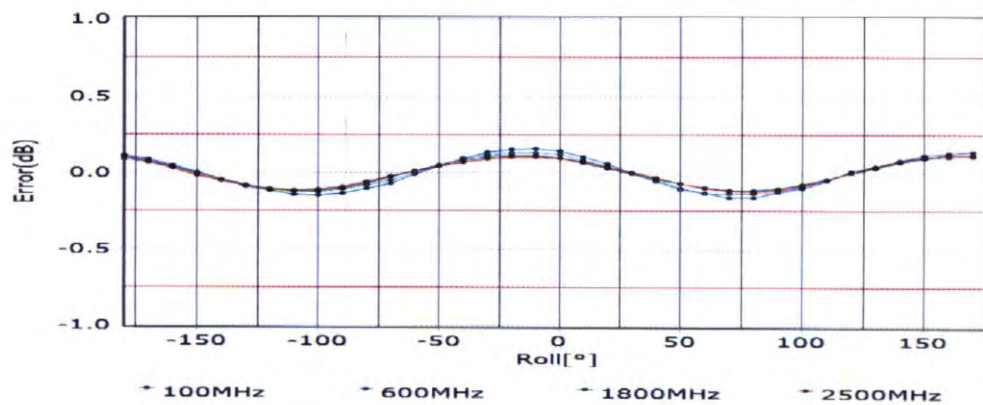
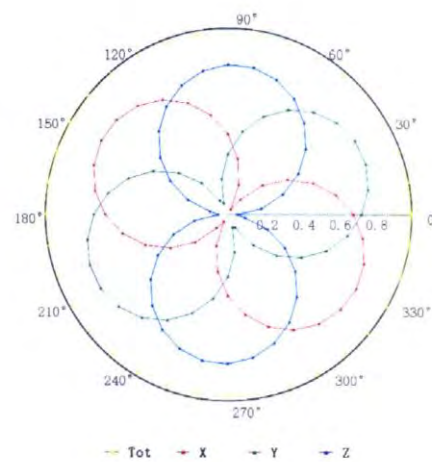
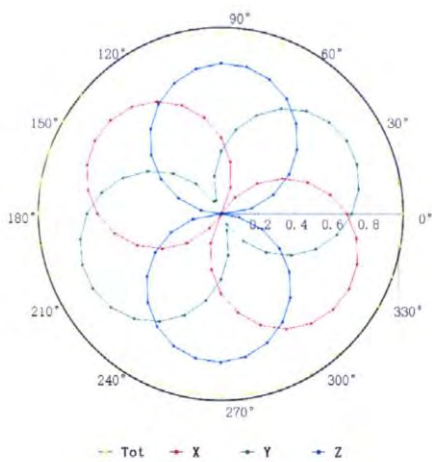
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)

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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

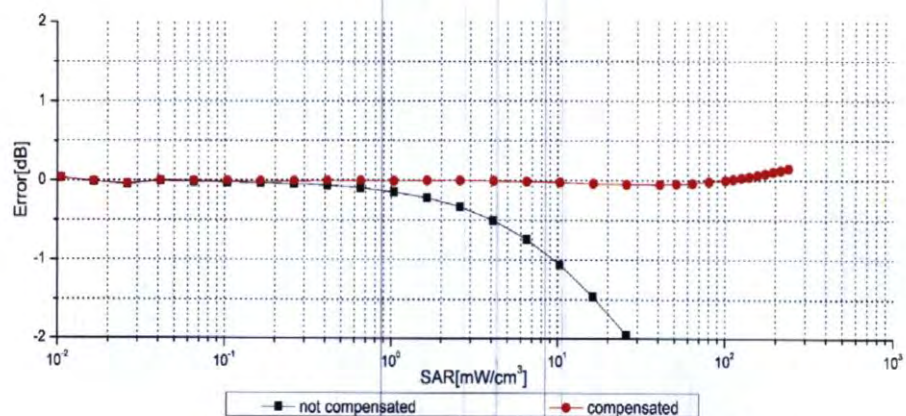
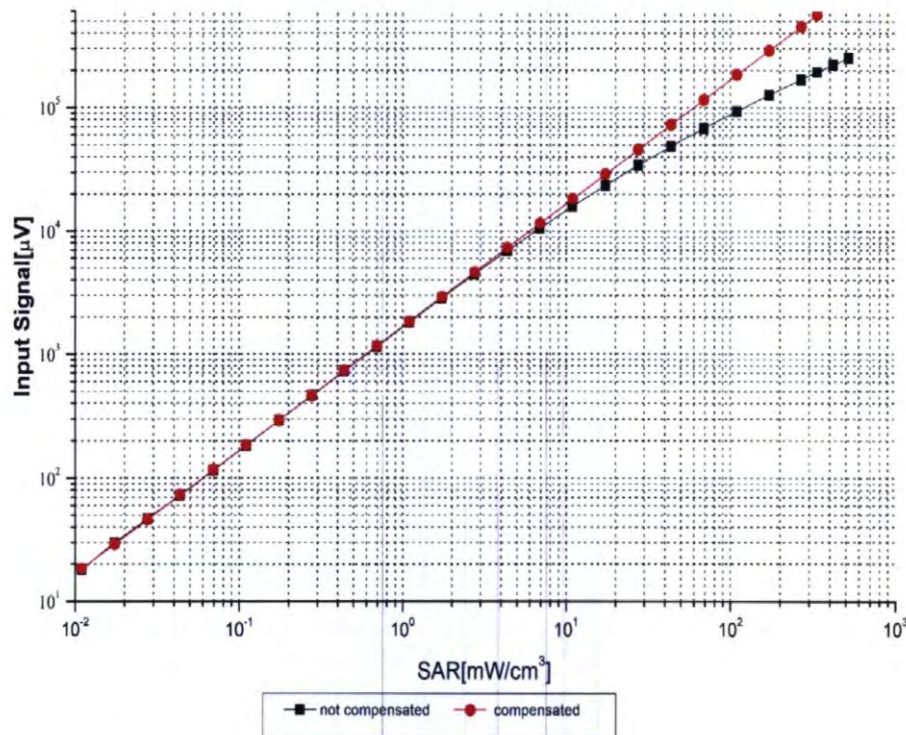
f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

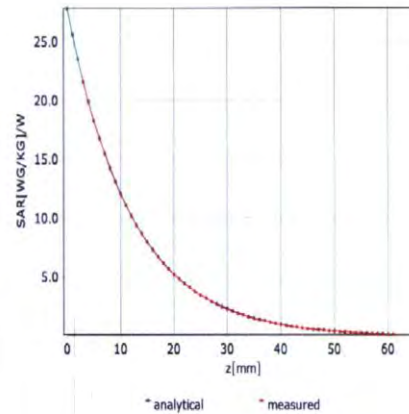
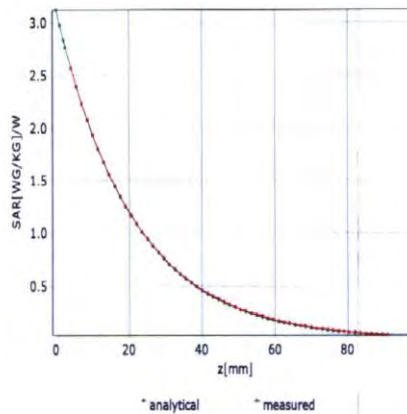


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

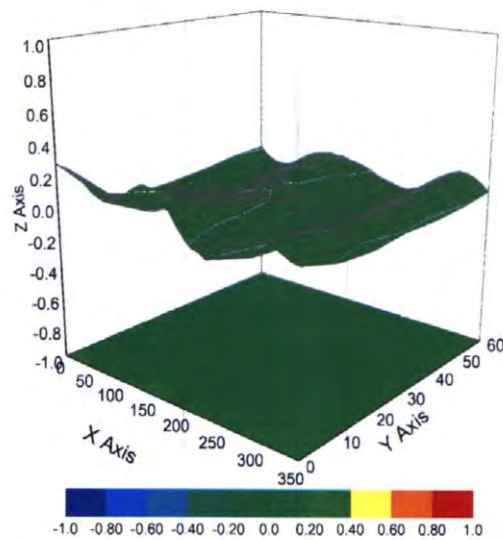
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7517

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	15.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm



No.I22Z60274-SEM01

ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate

United States Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology




Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT
Beijing
China

*is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services,
listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:*

Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications

*This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017.
This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality
management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).*

2021-09-29 through 2022-09-30

Effective Dates





For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program