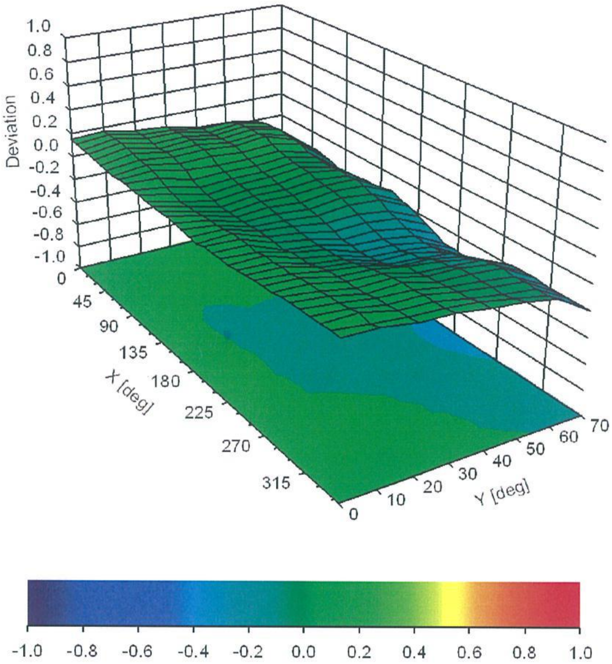
Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

ANNEX E DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Dipole 835 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client: CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD835V3 - SN: 1023
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air
Calibration date:	August 26, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Leif Klysner
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 27, 2019

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Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug19 Page 1 of 5

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections.
  It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	106.7 V/m = 40.56 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	106.6 V/m = 40.56 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	**106.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

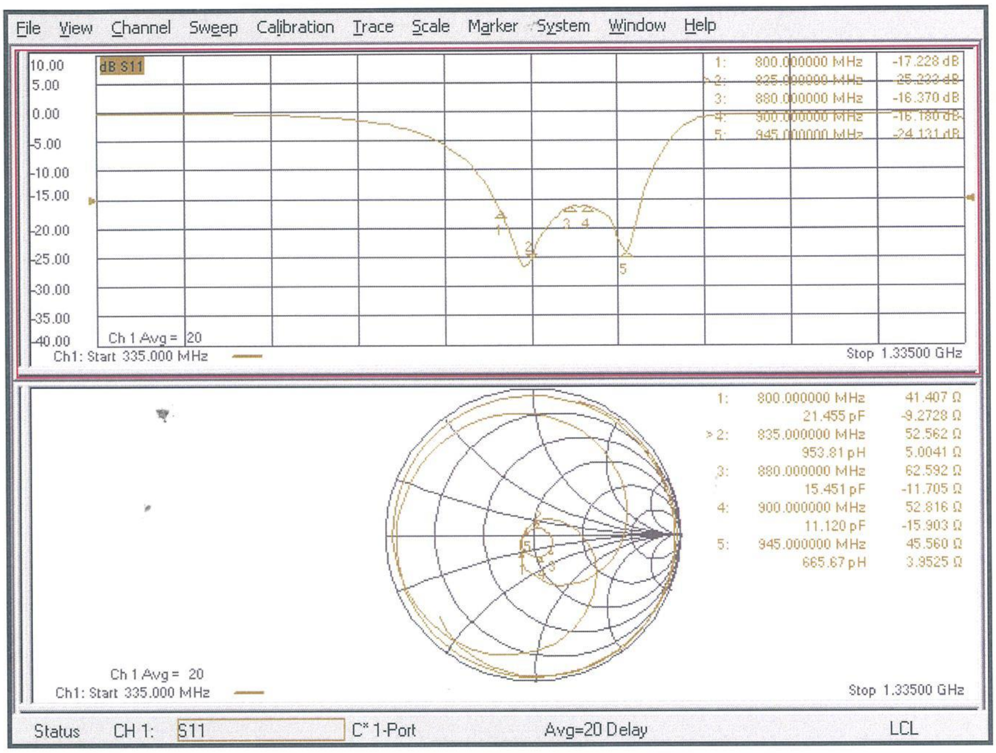
Frequency	**Return Loss**	**Impedance**
800 MHz	17.2 dB	41.4 Ω - 9.3 jΩ
835 MHz	25.2 dB	52.6 Ω + 5.0 jΩ
880 MHz	16.4 dB	62.6 Ω - 11.7 jΩ
900 MHz	16.2 dB	52.8 Ω - 15.9 jΩ
945 MHz	24.1 dB	45.6 Ω + 4.0 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug19 Page 4 of 5

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 26.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1023

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

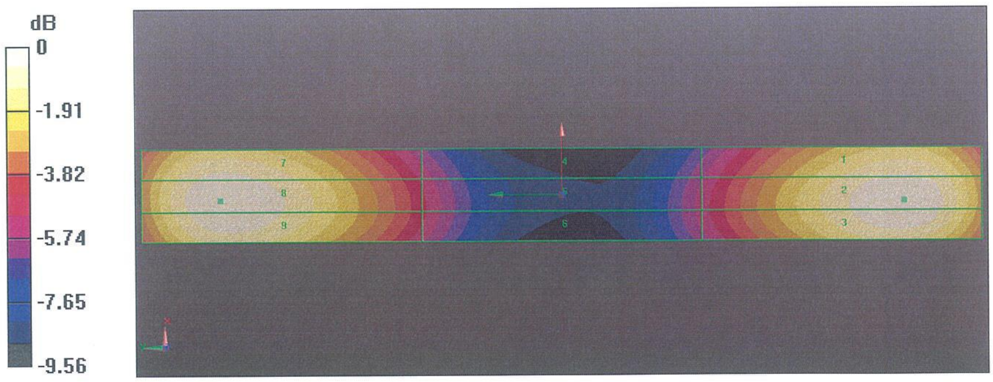
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 127.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 40.56 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **40.08 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **40.56 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **40.51 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **35.34 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **35.68 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **35.67 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **40.23 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **40.56 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **40.49 dBV/m**



0 dB = 106.7 V/m = 40.56 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug19 Page 5 of 5

Dipole 1880 MHz

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD1880V3 - SN: 1018
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air
Calibration date:	August 26, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Leif Klysner
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 27, 2019

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug19 Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections.
  It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	88.0 V/m = 38.89 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.5 V/m = 38.74 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	**87.3 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

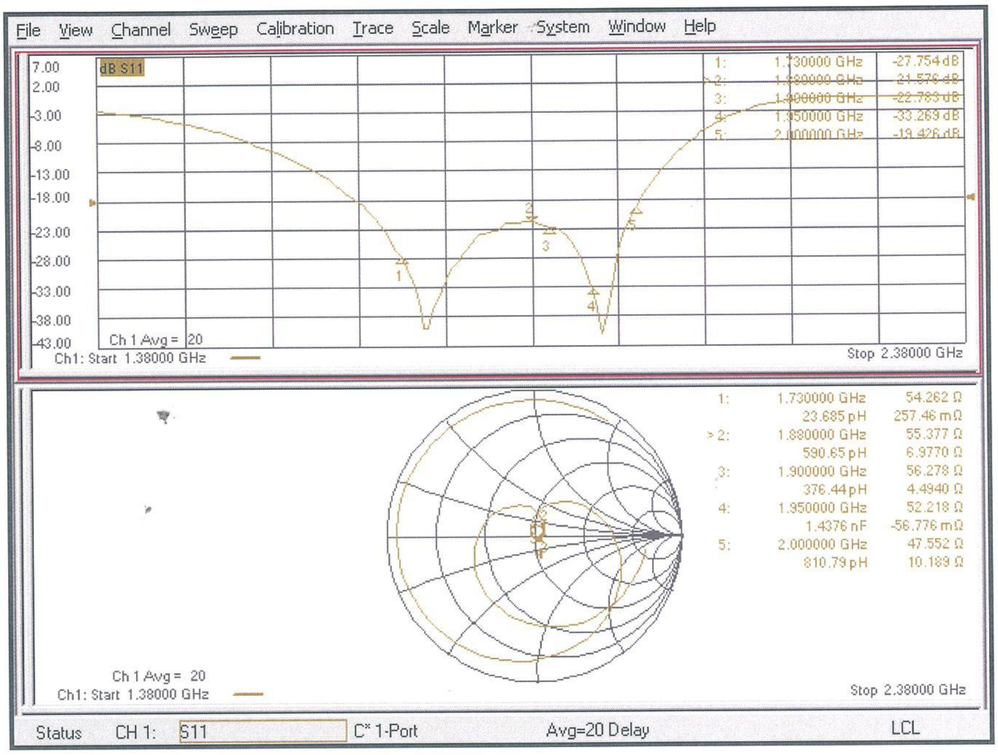
Frequency	**Return Loss**	**Impedance**
1730 MHz	27.8 dB	54.3 Ω + 0.3 jΩ
1880 MHz	21.6 dB	55.4 Ω + 7.0 jΩ
1900 MHz	22.8 dB	56.3 Ω + 4.5 jΩ
1950 MHz	33.3 dB	52.2 Ω - 0.1 jΩ
2000 MHz	19.4 dB	47.6 Ω + 10.2 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug19 Page 4 of 5

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 26.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1018

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

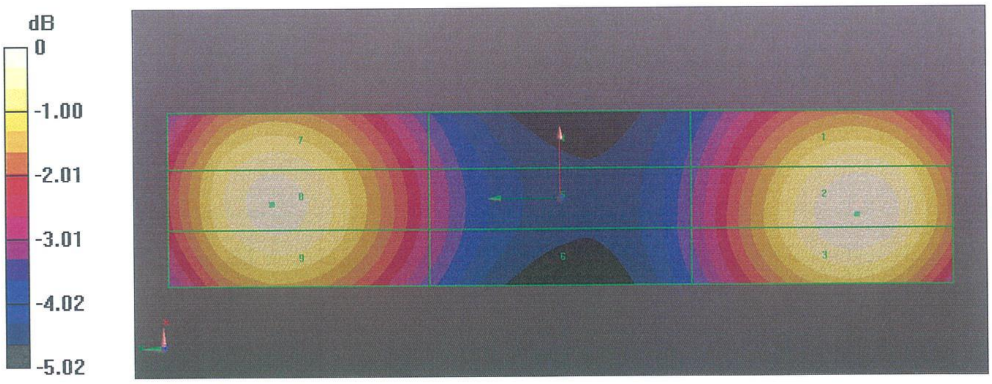
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 151.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 38.89 dBV/m
Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M2** **38.47 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M2** **38.89 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M2** **38.86 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M2** **35.88 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M2** **36.02 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M2** **35.97 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M2** **38.51 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M2** **38.74 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M2** **38.6 dBV/m**



0 dB = 88.04 V/m = 38.89 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1018_Aug19 Page 5 of 5

ANNEX F THE EVALUATION OF SPOTCHECK

F.1 Spot check MIF results

Measured MIF levels		
Band	Channel	Modulation interference factor
W850	4357	-25.28
W1900	9800	-24.14
W1700	1637	-24.11

QPSK

Measured MIF levels		
Band	Channel	Modulation interference factor
Band2	19100	-15.55
	18900	-15.67
	18700	-15.49
Band4	20300	-15.59
	20175	-15.62
	20050	-14.73
Band5	20600	-15.77
	20525	-15.69
	20450	-14.54
Band12	23130	-15.82
	23095	-15.62
	23060	-16.49
Band14	23330	-15.88

16QAM

Measured MIF levels		
Band	Channel	Modulation interference factor
Band2	19100	-8.37
	18900	-9.42
	18700	-8.51
Band4	20300	-9.36
	20175	-8.27
	20050	-8.33
Band5	20600	-8.52
	20525	-8.36
	20450	-8.47
Band12	23130	-8.52
	23095	-9.29
	23060	-8.47
Band14	23330	-8.36

F.2 Evaluation for low-power exemption

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)	C63.19 Tested
WCDMA 850 - RMC	24	-25.28	-1.28	No
WCDMA 1700 - RMC	24	-24.11	-0.11	No
WCDMA 1900 - RMC	24	-24.14	-0.14	No
LTE Band 2 QPSK	23.5	-15.49	8.01	No
LTE Band 4 QPSK	24	-14.73	9.27	No
LTE Band 5 QPSK	24	-14.54	9.46	No
LTE Band 12 QPSK	24	-15.62	8.38	No
LTE Band 14 QPSK	24	-15.88	8.12	No
LTE Band 2 16QAM	22.5	-8.37	14.13	No
LTE Band 4 16QAM	23	-8.27	14.73	No
LTE Band 5 16QAM	23	-8.36	14.64	No
LTE Band 12 16QAM	23	-8.47	14.53	No
LTE Band 14 16QAM	23	-8.36	14.64	No

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for WCDMA and LTE FDD are less than 17dBm. So the WCDMA and LTE FDD are exempt from testing and rated as M4.

F.3 Main test instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	February 25, 2020	One Year
02	Power meter	NRP2	106276	May 12, 2020	One year
03	Power sensor	NRP6A	101368		
04	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
05	E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4060	May 29, 2020	One year
06	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	777	January 8, 2020	One year
07	BTS	CMW500	166370	June 28, 2020	One year
08	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	No Calibration Requested	

The photos of HAC test are presented in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No.I20Z61629-SEM01/02

The photos of HAC test