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April 1, 2015

LINAK A/S Smedevænget 8 DK6430 Nordborg

Dear Puk Nielsen,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the LINAK A/S, HC2x Handset as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), FCC Part 15 Subpart B and ICES-003 Issue 5, August 2012 for a Class B Digital Device, and FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-210 Issue 8, December 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Reference: (\LINAK A/S\EMC39726-FCC231 Rev. 1)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

LINAK A/S HC2x Handset

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B and ICES-003 for Class B Digital Devices & 15.231 Subpart C and RSS-210 for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC39726-FCC231 Rev. 1

April 1, 2015

Prepared For:

LINAK A/S Smedevænget 8 DK6430 Nordborg

Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave Baltimore, MD 21230



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Benjonin C. Taylor

Benjamin Taylor, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Juife Warl

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules Parts 15B and 15.231 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003 Issue 5, August 2012 and RSS-210 Issue 8, December 2010 under normal use and maintenance.

a Bajira.

Asad Bajwa Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	March 23, 2015	Initial Issue.
1	April 1, 2015	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.



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	,	
AC	Alternating Current	
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor	
Cal	Calibration	
d	Measurement Distance	
dB	Decibels	
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp	
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt	
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter	
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter	
DC	Direct Current	
Е	Electric Field	
EUT	Equipment Under Test	
f	Frequency	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
GRP	Ground Reference Plane	
Н	Magnetic Field	
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane	
Hz	Hertz	
kHz	kilohertz	
kPa	kilopascal	
kV	kilovolt	
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	
MHz	Megahertz	
μΗ	microhenry	
μ	microfarad	
μs	microseconds	
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RMS	Root-Mean-Square	
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube	
V/m	Volts per m eter	
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane	

List of Terms and Abbreviations



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the LINAK A/S HC2x Handset, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.231. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the HC2x Handset. LINAK A/S should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the HC2x Handset, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.231, in accordance with LINAK A/S, purchase order number 141274. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	IC Reference	Description	Results	
		Unintentional Digital		
§15.107	ICES-003 Issue 5, August 2012	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable - EUT is battery powered.	
§15.109	ICES-003 Issue 5, August 2012	Radiated Emissions	Compliant	
	Transmitter Mode (TX)			
§15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	
§15.207	RSS-GEN (7.2.4)	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable - EUT is battery powered.	
§15.231(e)	N/A	Periodic Operation Requirements	Compliant	
§15.231(e)	RSS-210 (2.5)	Field Strength of Fundamentals and Harmonics	Compliant	
§15.231(c)	RSS-210 (A6.1.3)	20dB Bandwidth Compliant		

 Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.231 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by LINAK A/S to perform testing on the HC2x Handset, under LINAK A/S's purchase order number 152851.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the LINAK A/S, HC2x Handset.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	HC2x Handset		
	Primary Power: 18 VDC		
EUT	FCC ID: XBE-HC2XRF IC: 12338A-HC2XRF		
Specifications:			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
	Temperature: 15-35° C		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Benjamin Taylor		
Report Date(s):	April 1, 2015		

 Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15, Subpart CGeneral Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
RSS-GEN, Issue 3, Dec. 2010	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus
ICES-003, Issue 5 August 2012	Information Technology Equipment (ITE) — Limits and methods of measurement
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

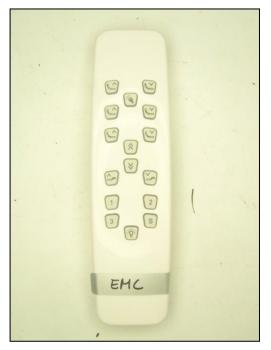
All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The EUT is an RF remote control for elevation.



Photograph 1. LINAK HC2x

E. Equipment Configuration

Name / Description	Model Number	Rev. #
HC2x Handset	HC23RF1000	А

Table 4. Equipment Configuration



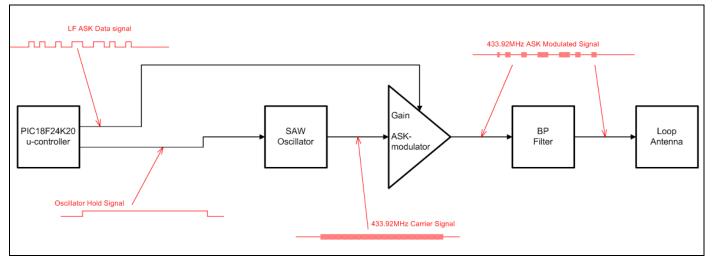


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Equipment Configuration

F. Mode of Operation

Two modes of normal operation:

- 1) Standby when no buttons are pressed.
- 2) Transmitting when one or more buttons is being pressed.

The packet length is 20mS. The space between each packet is 160mS. The duty cycle of a packet is 50%. Thus the total duty cycle is less the 20% during normal transmission. After 5 minutes the transmission will stop in order to save power.

During EMC test however the EUT is put in a special mode of operation. Where it is transmitting constantly with a duty cycle of 50%. The measured values must accordingly be reduced by 80%.

G. Monitoring Method

The EUT will transmit on 433.92MHz and use approximately 9mA of current when transmitting in test mode.

H. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

I. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to LINAK A/S upon completion of testing.





Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range	Class A Conducted Limits (dBµV)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies				

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

 Table 5. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15

Subsections 15.107(a) (b)

Test Results: The EUT was not applicable with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. The EUT is battery operated.



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 6.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 6.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)		
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV/m) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBµV/m) @ 3m	
30 - 88	39.00	40.00	
88 - 216	43.50	43.50	
216 - 960	46.40	46.00	
Above 960	49.50	54.00	

Table 6. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane on the turntable inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

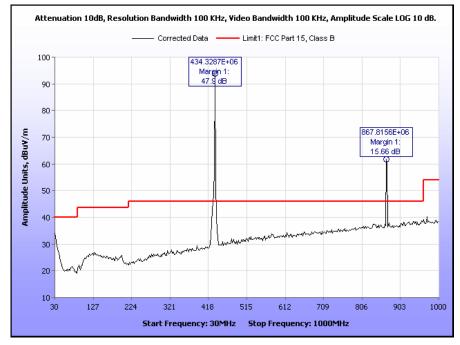
- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.
- Test Engineer(s): Benjamin Taylor
- **Test Date(s):** 09/11/13



Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
37.314629	59	Н	1.85	5.57	16.29	0.41	0.00	22.27	40.00	-17.73
37.314629	71	V	1.82	5.65	16.29	0.41	0.00	22.35	40.00	-17.65
106.81363	75	Н	1.67	6.23	12.14	0.80	0.00	19.17	43.50	-24.33
106.81363	90	V	1.75	6.16	12.14	0.80	0.00	19.10	43.50	-24.40

Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

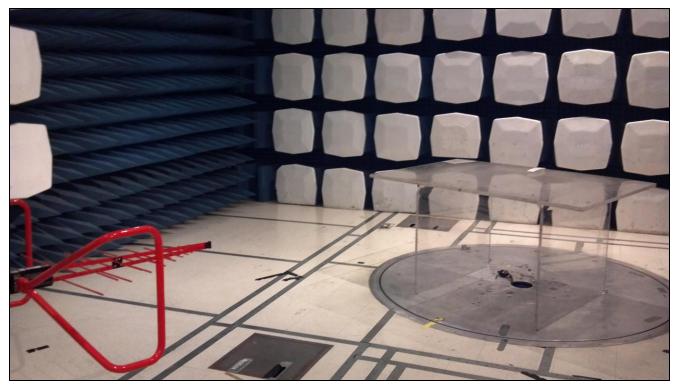
Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m. This EUT contained a 433MHz transmitter which could not be disabled for 15.109.



Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

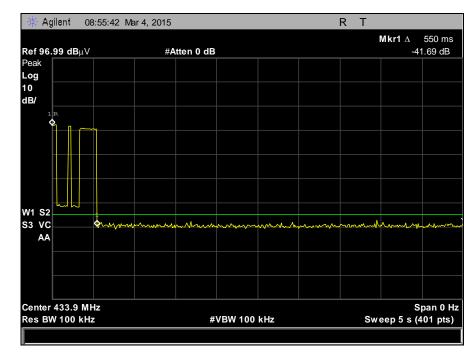
- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.
- **Results:** The EUT is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.
- **Test Engineer(s):** Benjamin Taylor
- **Test Date(s):** 09/11/13



§ 15.231 (a) Periodic Operation Requirements

Test Requirement(s):	 § 15.231 (a): The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation: (1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released. (2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation. (3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour for each transmisten time does not exceed two seconds per hour. (4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety of life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate duration limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, provided such transmissions are under the control of a professional installer and do not exceed ten seconds after a manually operated switch is released or a transmitter is activated automatically. Such set-up information may include data. § 15.231 (e): Intentional radiators may operate at a periodic rate exceeding that specified in 			
	paragraph (a) of this section and may be employed for any type of operation, inclu prohibited in paragraph (a) of this section.			
	In addition, devices operated under the provisions of this paragraph shall be provided with a means for automatically limiting operation so that the duration of each transmission shall not be greater than one second and the silent period between transmissions shall be at least 30 times the duration of the transmission but in no case less than 10 seconds.			
Test Procedure:	The EUT transmitter was activated. The spectrum analyzer single sweep was triggered while a command on the EUT was activated and plots were captured.			
Test Results:	The spectrum analyzer plots below shows the transmitter on time and silent period meet the requirements of 15.231(e).			
Test Engineer(s):	Benjamin Taylor			
Test Date(s):	12/30/13			





Plot 2. Period Operation Requirement, 433MHz, 5 Second



§ 15.231(b)(e) Field Strength of Fundamental and Harmonics

Test Requirements: §15.231(a)(b): The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal.

(b) In addition to the provisions of \$15.205, the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following:

Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength of Fundamental (microvolts/meter)	Field Strength of Spurious Emission (microvolts/meter)
40.66-40.70	2,250	225
70-130	1,250	125
130-174	¹ 1,250 to 3,750	¹ 125 to 375
174-260	3,750	375
260-470	¹ 3,750 to 12,500	¹ 375 to 1,250
Above 470	12,500	1,250

¹Linear interpolations.

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed in a 3m semi anechoic chamber. A log periodic antenna was placed 3m from the EUT and used to measure the field strength of the fundamental. The EUT was rotated about all three orthogonal axis. The average field strength was measured and recorded.

A Duty Cycle Correction Factor was removed from the average field strength to produce a corrected average field strength. The limit was determined through linear interpolation of the limits described in 15.231(e). The maximum allowable field strength was determined to be 10,996.66 uV/m, or 80.82 dBuV/m. The measured field strength was compared to this limit.

Peak emissions measured above 1GHz were passing under the average limit.

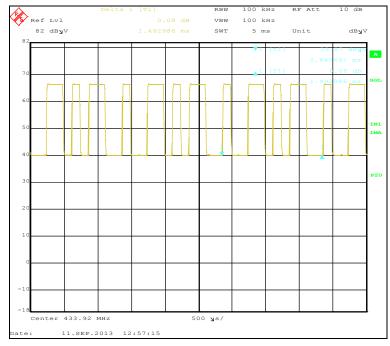
Test Results: Equipment complies with § 15.231 (e).

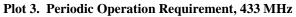
Test Engineer: Benjamin Taylor

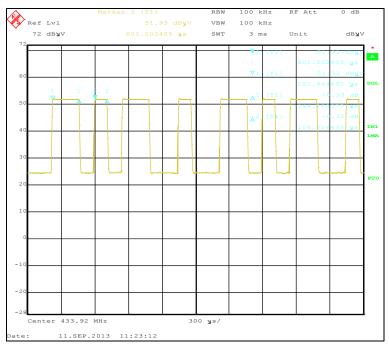
Test Date: 09/27/13

The following Duty Cycle Correction Factor was used in creating the emission seen below: =20log (on/period) =20log (661.32uS/2.85mS) = -12.69dB



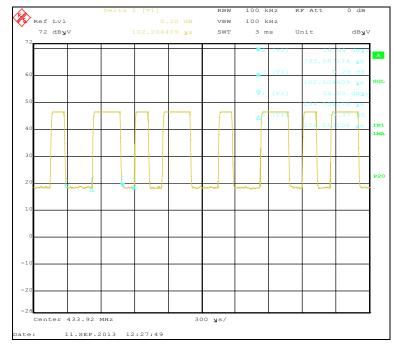




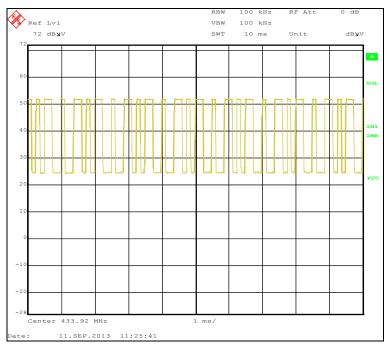


Plot 4. Periodic Operation Requirement, 433 MHz, 3ms



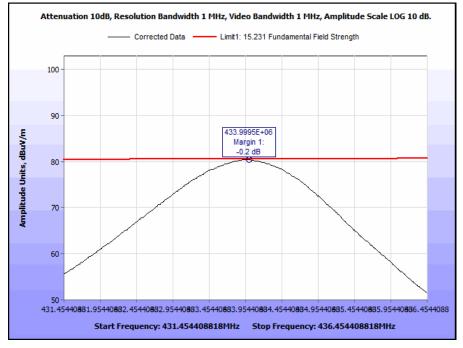


Plot 5. Periodic Operation Requirement, 433 MHz, 3ms, Off Times

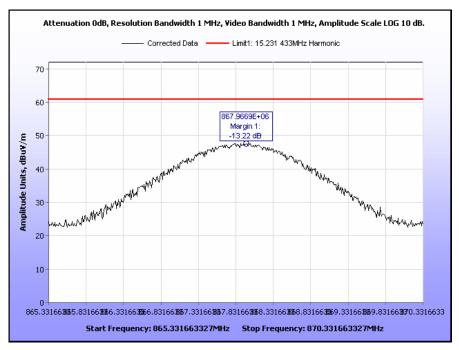


Plot 6. Periodic Operation Requirement, 433 MHz, 10ms



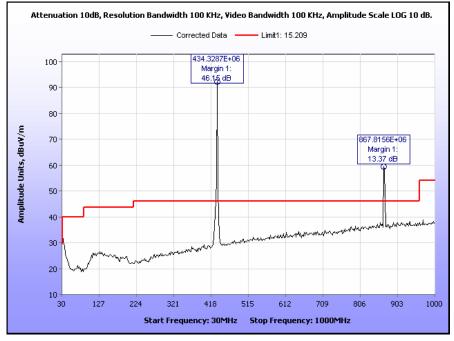


Plot 2. Fundamental, DCCF

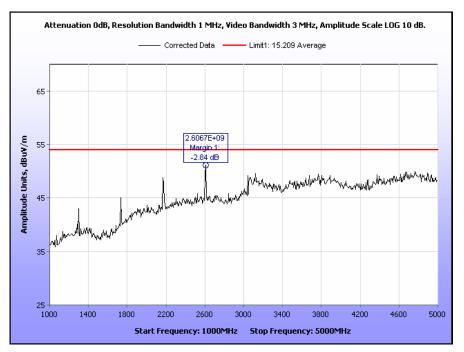


Plot 3. Harmonic, DCCF



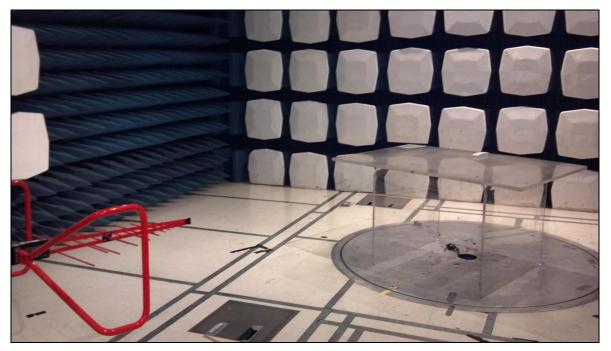


Plot 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

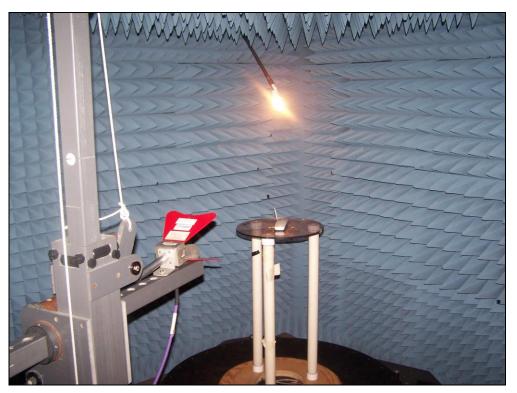


Plot 5. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1 GHz – 5 GHz





Photograph 3. Fundamental Field Strength & Harmonic Emission, Test Setup



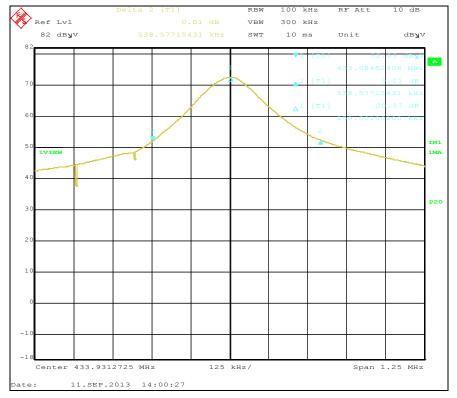
Photograph 5. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, 1 GHz - 5 GHz



§ 15.231(c) 20dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: §15.231(c): The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70MHz and below 900MHz. For devices operating above 900MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20dB down from the modulated carrier. For a center frequency of 433.92MHz, the maximum allowable 20dB bandwidth was determined to be 1084.8kHz.

- **Test Results:** Equipment complies with § 15.231(c).
- Test Engineer: Benjamin Taylor
- **Test Date:** 09/11/13



Plot 6. 20 dB Bandwidth



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

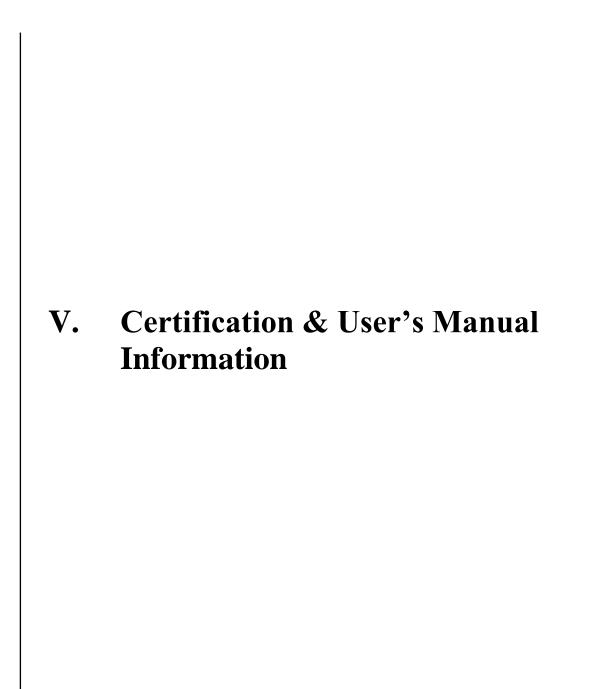
Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model#	Cal Date	Cal Due
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	7/16/2012	7/16/2014
1T4818	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGO-520	SEE NOTE	
1T4787	HYGROMETER / THERMOMETER / BAROMETER / DEW POINT PEN	CONTROL COMPANY	15-078-198, FB70423, 245CD	2/15/2012	2/15/2014
1T4800	ANTENNA, LOOP	EMCO	6512	8/6/2012	2/6/2014
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	1/8/2013	7/8/2014
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	9/5/2012	3/5/2014

Table 8. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally verified test equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.







A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

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¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

- (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report