

### **7.3. SAR & MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE**

For portable devices (47 CFR §2.1093), RF evaluation must be based on specific absorption rate (SAR) limits. Human exposure to RF emissions from mobile devices (47 CFR §2.1091) can be evaluated with respect to Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for field strength or power density or with respect to SAR limits, whichever is most appropriate.

The EUT, WHD-310(V)2 is a portable product, SAR is required not MPE. However, since the power is  $76.6 \text{ mWatts} \times 0.197 < 60/f(\text{in GHz})$ . The SAR is exempted per FCC and IC requirements.

**LIMITS & RSS-102**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30 .....	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30–300 .....	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30 .....	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 .....	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

**CALCULATIONS**

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d}$$

and

$$S = E^2 / 3770$$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using: P

$$(mW) = P (W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d (cm) = 100 * d (m)$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power Density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using: P

$$(mW) = 10^{(P (dBm) / 10)} \text{ and}$$

$$G (\text{numeric}) = 10^{(G (dBi) / 10)}$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)} / \sqrt{S} \tag{Equation (1)}$$

$$S = 0.0795 * 10^{((P + G) / 10)} / d^2 \tag{Equation (2)}$$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.  
Equation (2) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the Power density.

**LIMITS**

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B),  
for Public  $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$   
for Professional,  $S = 5.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

**RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

For this EUT, Max. P (pk)= 18.84 dBm, Max G= 2.0 dBi, and d=20cm

Plug all three items into equation (2), and yields,

<b>Power Density Limit (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Output Power (dBm)</b>	<b>Antenna Gain (dBi)</b>	<b>Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>
1.0/5.0	18.84	2.0	0.02

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.