HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID	**: WYPP14010**
Equipment	**: Smart phone**
Brand Name	**: Sonim**
Model Name	**: XP9900 (P14001)**
T-Rating	**: T4**
Applicant	**: Sonim Technologies, Inc. 4445 Eastgate Mall, Suite 200, San Diego, CA 92121, USA**
Manufacturer	**: Sonim Technologies, Inc. 4445 Eastgate Mall, Suite 200, San Diego, CA 92121, USA**
Standard	**: FCC 47 CFR §20.19 ANSI C63.19-2011**

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Si Zhang

Approved by: Si Zhang

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300
People's Republic of China

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA371405B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 02, 2023

1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity
VoLTE	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 48	T4	Pass	Pass
VoNR	n25	T4	Pass	Pass
	n30	T4	Pass	Pass
	n66	T4	Pass	Pass
	n48	T4	Pass	Pass
Date Tested	2023/9/5			

Remark:

1. The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.
2. This is a variant report for XP9900 (P14001), the difference between previous and current project please refer to the XP9900 (P14001)_ Class II Permissive Change letter which is exhibit separately. According to the difference, only LTE B25/30/66/48 performed full testing, and 5GNR n25/n30/n48/n66 was performed according to KDB 285076 D03 v01r06, Q&A 9, and all other Bands test results can be referred to original test report (CTTL report No.I22Z60589-SEM02).

2. General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Sonim Technologies, Inc.
Equipment Name	Smart phone
Brand Name	Sonim
Model Name	XP9900 (P14001)
IMEI Code	016188000787494
FCC ID	WYPP14010
HW	V1.0
SW	10.0.0-01-12.0.0-10.60.10
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Frequency Band	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550MHz, 3550 MHz ~ 3600MHz LTE Band 43: 3600 MHz ~ 3700MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz 5G NR n2 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n14 : 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz 5G NR n25 : 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz 5G NR n30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz 5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz 5G NR n41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz 5G NR n77: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC: ASK

3. Testing Location

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158		
Test Site No.	**Sporton Site No.**	**FCC Designation No.**	**FCC Test Firm Registration No.**
	SAR01-KS	CN1257	314309

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2011
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r03
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T-Coil testing v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
UMTS	Band II	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT		No
	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet(1)	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Meet(1)	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 14			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 38	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Meet(1)	No
	Band 41			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 42			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 43			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 48			WLAN, BT		No
5G NR (FDD)	n2	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoNR / Google Meet(1)	No
	n5			WLAN, BT		No
	n14			WLAN, BT		No
	n25			WLAN, BT		No
	n30			WLAN, BT		No
	n66			WLAN, BT		No
	n71			WLAN, BT		No
5G NR (TDD)	n41	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoNR / Google Meet(1)	No
	n48			WLAN, BT		No
	n77			WLAN, BT		No
	n78			WLAN, BT		No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR	VoWiFi(1) / Google Meet(1)	No
	5200					No
	5300					No
	5500					No
	5800					No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR	NA	No

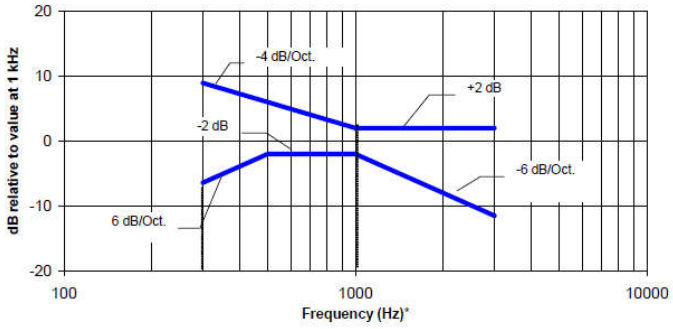
Type Transport:
VO= Voice only
DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)
VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:
1. For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of −20 dBm0 should be used.
2. The device have similar frequency in some LTE Bands: LTE B5/26, 4/66, 2/25, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

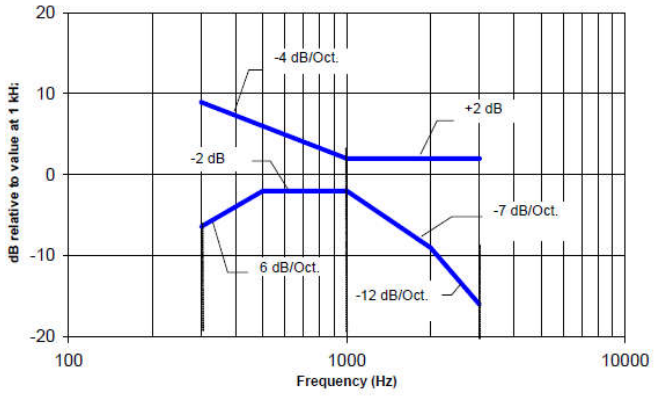
6.1 Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.
Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.
The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

6.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

- The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

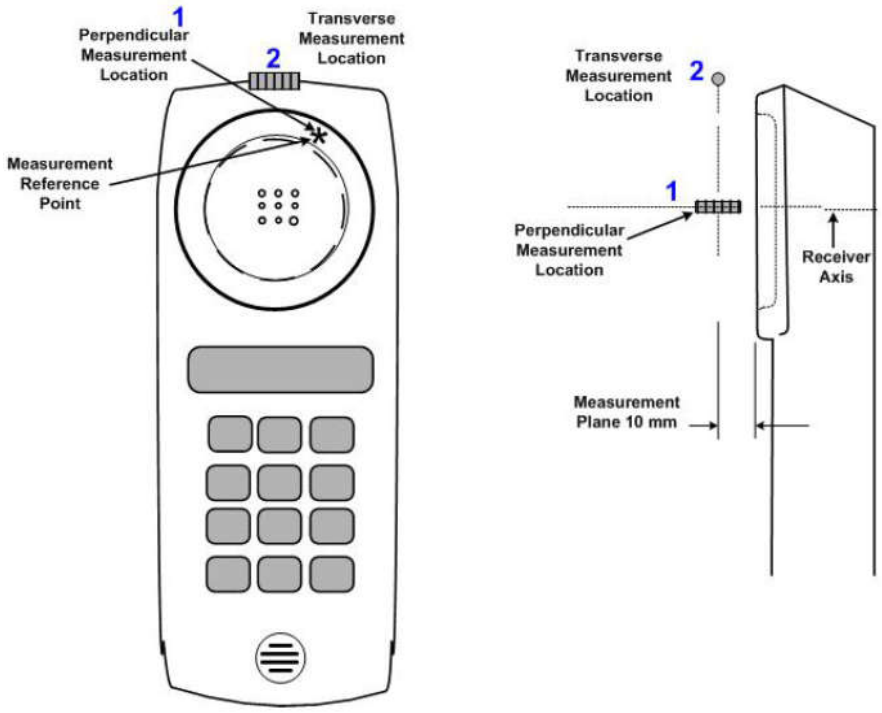


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

7.1 Test Flow Chart

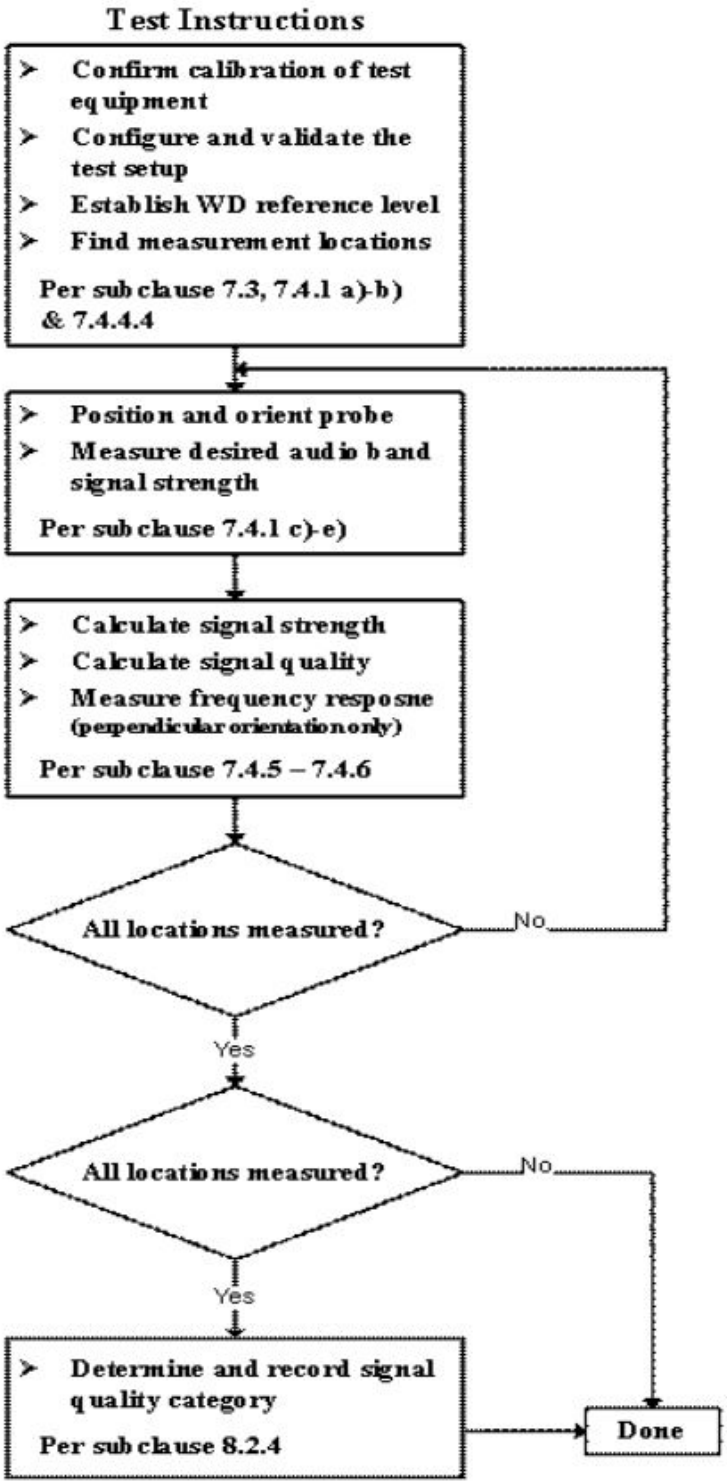
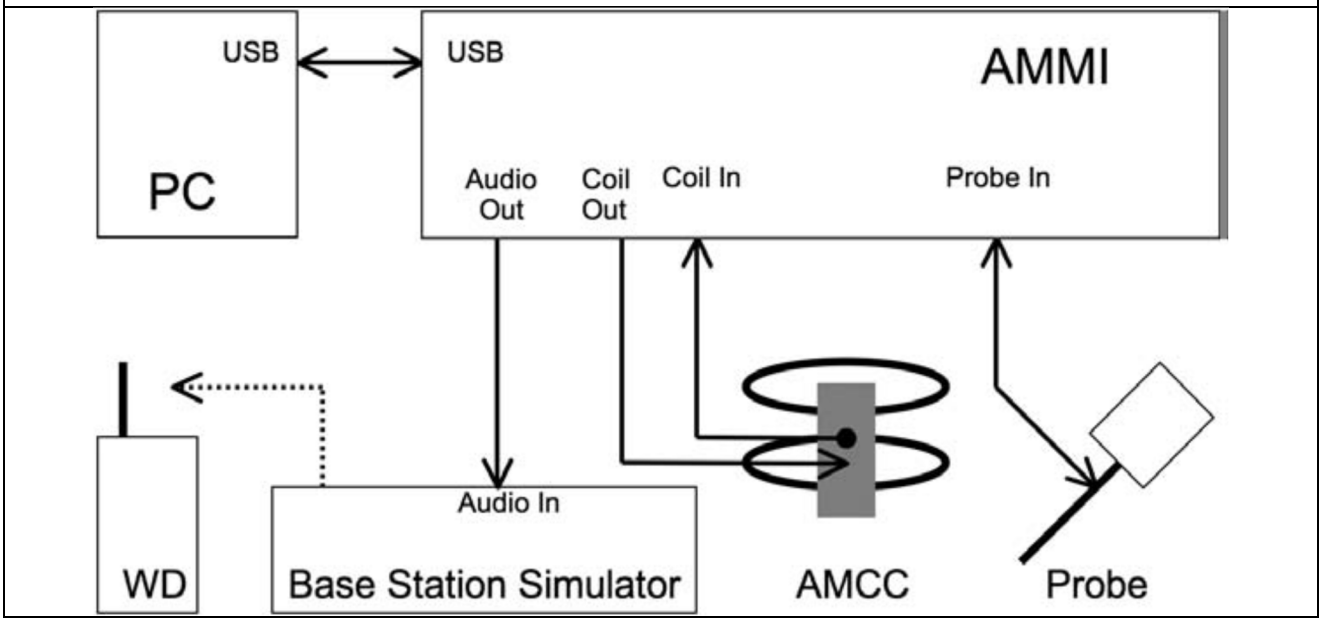


Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/VoLTE/VoWiFi

Test Setup for GSM / UMTS/ VoLTE/VoWiFi



General Note:

1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v04:
   - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
   - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
   - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
2. For GSM / UMTS test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals — including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
5. The test setup used for VoLTE and VoWiFI over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
6. According to KDB 285076 D02, T-Coil testing for VoLTE and VoWiFi requires test instrumentation that can (1) for the system to be able to establish an IP call from/to the handset under test, (2) through an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem) and SIP/IP server, (3) to an analog audio adapter containing the permissible set of codecs used by the device under test, and (4) inject the necessary C63.19 test tones at the average speech level for the measurement The test setup is illustrated in Figure 3.9. The R&S CMW500 was used as system simulator for VoLTE and VoWiFi T-Coil testing. The DAU (Data Application Unit) in CMW500 integrates IMS and SIP/IP server that can establish VoLTE and Wi-Fi calling, and transport the test tones from AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument) to EUT.
7. T-coil performance assessment for 5G FR1 was performed according to KDB 285076 D03 v01r06, Q&A 9, details are illustrated in section 7.3.

7.3 PAG section: HAC T-coil measurement procedures for 5G NR

5G VoNR test procedure:

1. According to KDB 285076 D03 Q&A 9 , for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as VoLTE over LTE (i.e. -16 dBm0).
2. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
3. For VoNR, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
4. Also note the actual ABM2LTE value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
5. Document in the test report matrix:
   a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
   b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
      i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
      ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
      iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
   c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3093	2023/1/31	2024/1/30
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1649	2023/4/24	2024/4/23
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1113	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1128	NCR	NCR
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2023/1/5	2024/1/4
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	143030	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

Note:
1. NCR: “No-Calibration Required”

8.1 VoNR evaluation

General Notes:

1. According to KDB 285076 D03, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as VoLTE over LTE (i.e. -16 dBm0).
2. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
3. For VoNR, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
4. Also note the actual ABM2LTE value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
5. Document in the test report matrix:
   a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
   b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
      i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
      ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
      iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
   c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	Signal Quality -3dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
1	LTE Band 25	20	16QAM	1RB	0	26365	Axial (Z)	12.63	-44.89	57.52	-	T4	-55.59	2.00	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	4.38	-50.11	54.49	-	T4	-55.61		
	FR1 n25	20	QPSK	1	1	376500	Axial (Z)	12.63	-34.15	46.78	43.78	T4	-55.58	NA	NA
							Transversal (Y)	4.38	-39.92	44.3	41.30	T4	-55.59		
2	LTE Band 30	10	16QAM	1RB	0	27710	Axial (Z)	-4.74	-50.29	45.55	-	T4	-56.61	0.62	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-14.11	-50.98	36.87	-	T4	-56.31		
	FR1 n30	10	QPSK	1	1	462000	Axial (Z)	-4.74	-47.46	42.72	39.72	T4	-55.61	NA	NA
							Transversal (Y)	-14.11	-49.76	35.65	32.65	T4	-55.68		
3	LTE Band 66	20	16QAM	1RB	0	132322	Axial (Z)	-4.93	-47.70	42.77	-	T4	-55.59	1.16	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-13.90	-51.21	37.31	-	T4	-55.58		
	FR1 n66	20	QPSK	1	1	349000	Axial (Z)	-4.93	-58.90	53.97	50.97	T4	-55.69	NA	NA
							Transversal (Y)	-13.90	-50.87	36.97	33.97	T4	-55.67		
4	LTE Band 48	20	16QAM	1RB	0	55990	Axial (Z)	3.88	-39.43	43.31	-	T4	-55.59	1.85	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	2.16	-42.16	44.32	-	T4	-55.55		
	FR1 n48	40	QPSK	1	1	641666	Axial (Z)	3.88	-45.61	49.49	46.49	T4	-55.71	NA	NA
							Transversal (Y)	2.16	-47.29	49.45	46.45	T4	-55.76		

Remark:

1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.

Test Engineer : Martin Li, Varus Wang, Light Wang

9. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.
The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) ABM1	(Ci) ABM2	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2) (±%)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
AMCC Geometry	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
AMCC Current	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe Positioning during Calibr.	0.1	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Noise Contribution	0.7	R	1.732	0.014	1	0.0	0.4
Frequency Slope	5.9	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.3	3.4
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	R	1.732	1	1	0.3	0.3
Acoustic Noise	1.0	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
Probe Angle	2.3	R	1.732	1	1	1.3	1.3
Spectral Processing	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	0.6	N	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
Field Distribution	0.2	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal							
Ref. Signal Spectral Response	0.6	R	1.732	0	1	0.0	0.3
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
Phantom Thickness	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
DUT Positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
Test Signal Variation	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combined Std. Uncertainty						4.0%	6.1%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						8.1%	12.2%

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

10. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, “American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids”, 27 May 2011.

[2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r03, “Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility”, April 24, 2023

[3] FCC KDB 285076 D02 v04, “Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services”, Feb. 23, 2022

[4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, “Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions”, July 20, 2022

[5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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