Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Sporton Client

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d118_Mar22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN:5d118			
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Sources	s between 0.7-3 GHz	
Calibration date:	March 30, 2022			
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°(d are part of the certificate.	
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)			
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22	
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22	
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21)	Apr-22 Dec-22	
DAE4	SN: 601	01-Nov-21 (No. DAE4-601_Nov21)	Nov-22	
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22	
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22	
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22	
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22	
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22	
85 1708 A 4163	Name	Function	Signature	
Calibrated by:	Joanna Lleshaj	Laboratory Technician	Alfallistoj	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	55	
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory.	Issued: March 31, 2022	

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled . phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna . connector.
- . SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 6.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.03.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

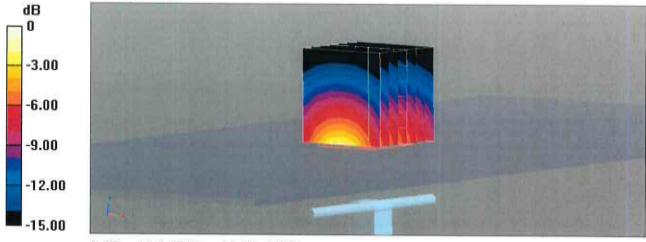
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.40 S/m; ϵ _r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 01.11.2021
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

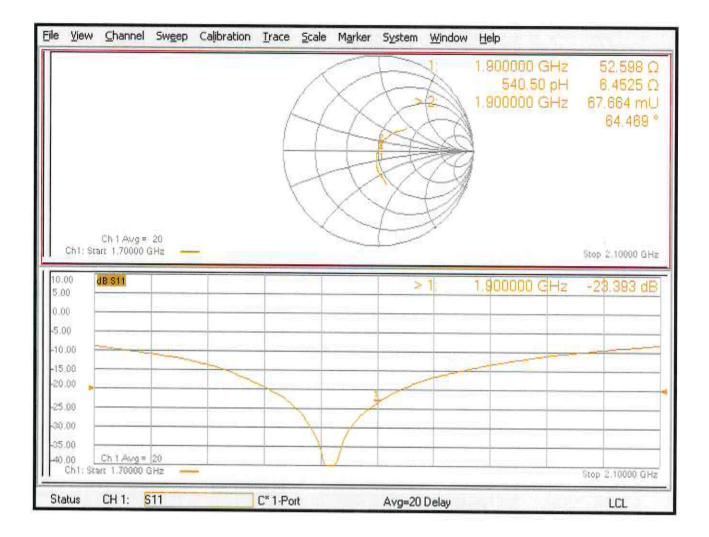
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 109.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 9.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg



0 dB = 15.4 W/kg = 11.88 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



D1900V2, Serial No. 5d118 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

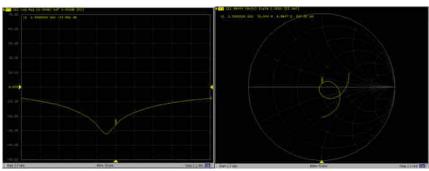
		D1900V2	– serial no. 5d	118		
	1900 Head					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2022.3.30	-23.393		52.598		6.4525	
2023.3.29	-25.861	10.55	50.443	2.155	4.8447	1.6078

<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data> D1900V2, serial no. 5d118

1900MHz - Head - 2023-3-29



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Client Sporton

Certificate No: D2300V2-1055_Sep20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2300V2 - SN:10	055	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Sources	between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	September 15, 2	020	
Galibration date.	September 15, 2	020	
	9 W		
This calibration certificate document	its the traceability to nati	onal standards, which realize the physical un	its of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages an	d are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conducted	ed in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
	n - Taran - Enanda Geologia (1940 - 1940) M		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7405	29-Jun-20 (No. EX3-7405_Jun20)	Jun-21
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20
	· PANONAEN 4		2323-03-030-030-030-030-030-030-030-030-
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20
	8		
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	1/10/1
		casoratory recrimiciali	MUGGET
			M.N.Keser Selle
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Managar	1-111
Approved by:	Naga POROVIC	Technical Manager	delles
			U-TY
			Issued: September 17, 2020

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Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. . No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. .
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna . connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2300 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.5	1.67 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.8 ± 6 %	1.68 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	47.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 a) of Head TSI		0 (1)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.75 W/kg

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.2 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	
Electrical Bolay (one direction)	1.168 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
	SFEAG

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.09.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2300 MHz; Type: D2300V2; Serial: D2300V2 - SN:1055

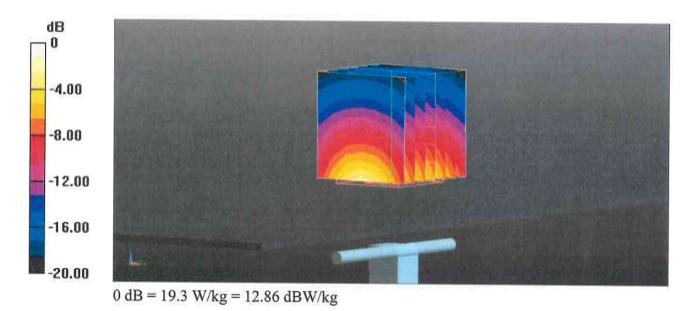
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2300 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz; $\sigma = 1.68$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

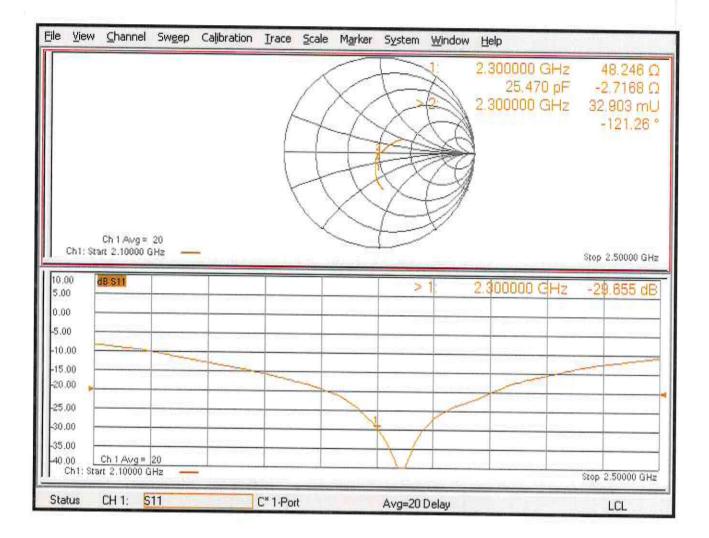
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7405; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03) @ 2300 MHz; Calibrated: 29.06.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.75 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg







D2300V2, Serial No. 1055 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

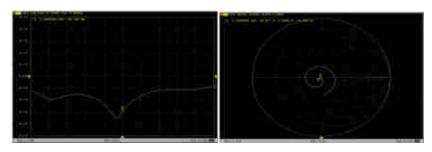
D2300V2 – serial no. 1055						
		2300 Head				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2020.9.15	-29.66		48.25		-2.72	
2021.9.14	-29.19	0.02	48.88	-0.63	-1.28	-1.44
2022.9.14	-28.02	-5.53	46.91	1.34	-2.95	0.23

<Justification of the extended calibration>

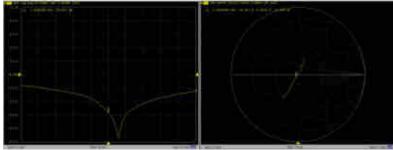
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data> D2300V2, serial no. 1055

2300MHz - Head - 2021.9.14



2300MHz – Head – 2022.9.14



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Sporton Client

Certificate No: D	3500V2-1	037 N	lov20
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CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D3500V2 - SN:10	037	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v5 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	s between 3-10 GHz
Calibration date:	November 25, 20	20	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical ur robability are given on the following pages ar y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19)	Dec-20
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	J. Hits
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	dellas
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: November 26, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664. "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. •
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3500 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.9	2.91 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.6 ± 6 %	2.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	68.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
그것 것 같은 것	V050101/P0-01040422-0142	A Construction of the Construction of the second
	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.53 W/kg

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.8 Ω - 2.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.141 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.11.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3500 MHz; Type: D3500V2; Serial: D3500V2 - SN:1037

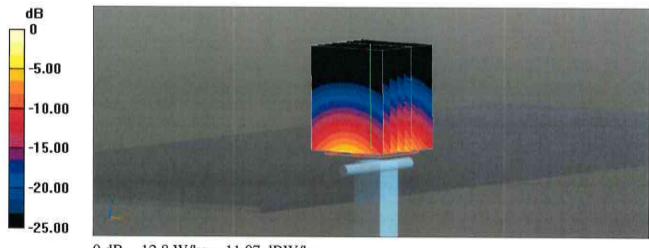
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3500 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3500 MHz; σ = 2.93 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.91, 7.91, 7.91) @ 3500 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

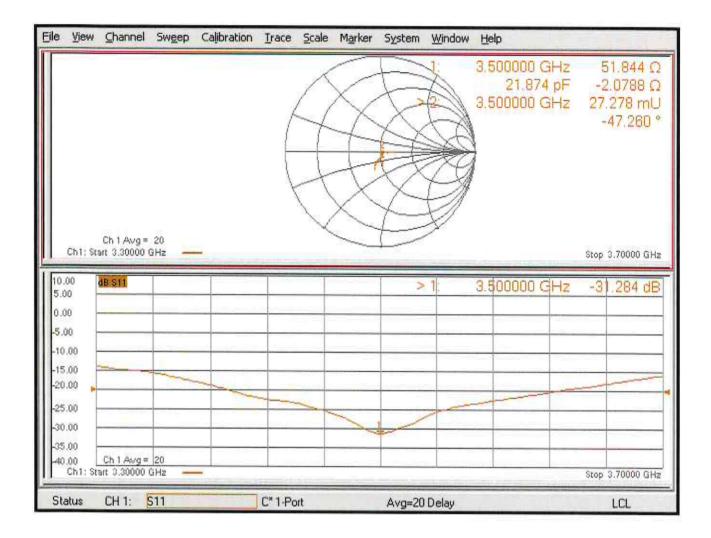
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3500MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 71.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 75.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



D3500V2, Serial No. 1037 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

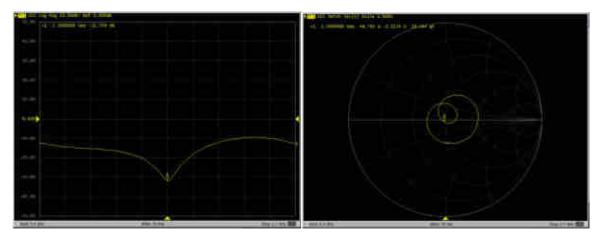
3500V2 – serial no. 1037						
		3500 Head				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2020.11.25	-31.28		51.84		-2.08	
2021.11.24	-31.71	-1.36	48.71	3.14	-2.21	0.13
2022.11.24	-31.32	-0.13	52.75	-0.91	-3.67	1.59

<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

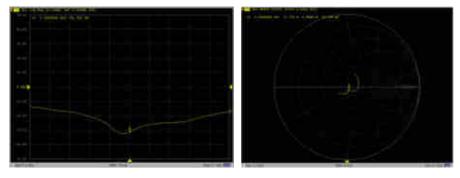
Dipole Verification Data> D3500V2, serial no. 1037





Dipole Verification Data> D3500V2, serial no. 1037

3500MHz – Head-2022.11.24



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- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton

Certificate No: D3700V2-1008_Nov20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D3700V2 - SN:10	008	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v5 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	s between 3-10 GHz
Calibration date:	November 25, 20	20	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical ur robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	승규가 잘 가려서 전 같은 것 같아요. 그는 것이 가지 것이 것이 것이 가지 않는 것이 같아. 것이 같아.	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 601	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19) 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Dec-20 Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	J. H.Am.
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	day
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: November 26, 2020

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary: TSL tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z ConvF not applicable or not measured N/A

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. . No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3700 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.7	3.12 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	3.09 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	2225	2000

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.72 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	67.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2 Ω - 7.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.9 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.138 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.11.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

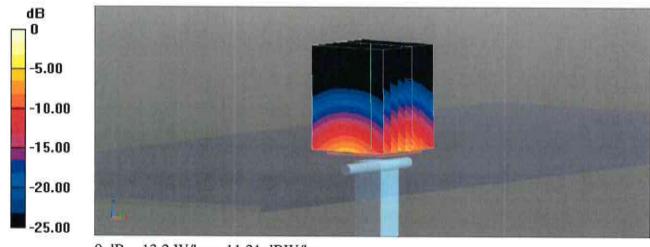
DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN:1008

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; σ = 3.09 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

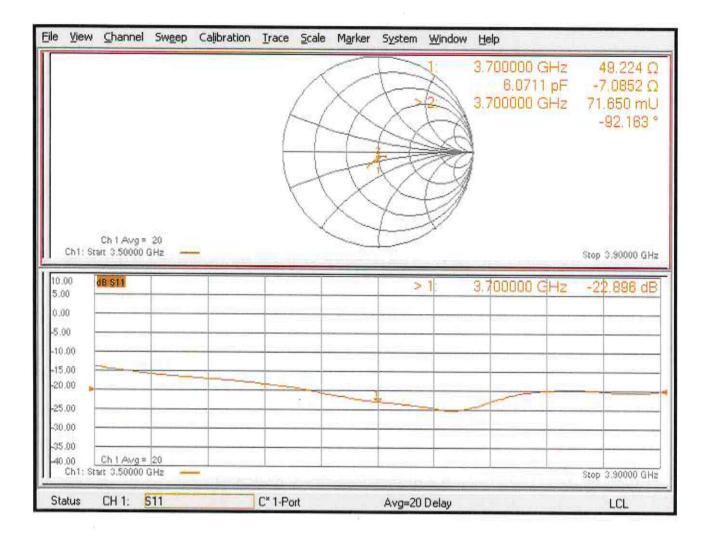
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.73, 7.73, 7.73) @ 3700 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3700MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 70.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 73.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg



0 dB = 13.2 W/kg = 11.21 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



D3700V2, Serial No. 1008 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

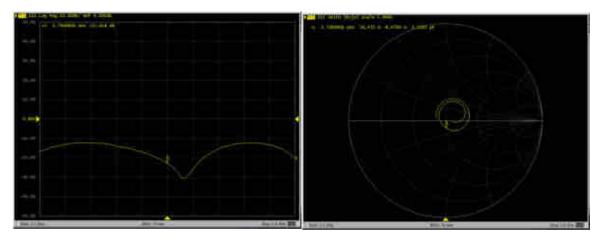
D3700V2 – serial no. 1008						
	3700 Head					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2020.11.25	-22.90		49.22		-7.09	
2021.11.24	-22.62	1.22	50.44	-1.22	-8.08	0.99
2022.11.24	-23.43	2.31	46.75	2.47	-5.47	-1.62

<Justification of the extended calibration>

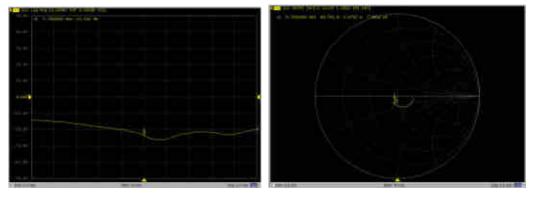
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data> D3700V2, serial no. 1008

3700MHz - Head - 2021.11.24



Dipole Verification Data> D3700V2, serial no. 1008 3700MHz – Head – 2022.11.24



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Client Sporton

0	DECH-V0 1110	C00
Certificate No:	D5GHzV2-1113	Sep22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

	D5GHzV2 - SN:1	1113	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v6 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Sources	s between 3-10 GHz
Calibration date:	September 23, 2	022	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical ur probability are given on the following pages ar ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	D #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
reference 20 ub Attenuator	그 그는 물건에 들었다. 여러 집에 집에 있는 것 같아요. 가슴 가슴 가슴 다 나는 것	- [전상] [^ 일)에 전성에 관련했다는 것과 같아요. ~ 다시는 것이라고 한 번 것이라 있어요. 것이다.	
	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3503	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528) 08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22)	Apr-23 Mar-23
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4		04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528) 08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22)	Apr-23 Mar-23 Aug-23
Гуре-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 3503	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22)	Mar-23
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 3503 SN: 601	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22)	Mar-23 Aug-23
Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) Check Date (in house)	Mar-23 Aug-23 Scheduled Check
Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Mar-23 Aug-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	Mar-23 Aug-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: WY41093315	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	Mar-23 Aug-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Function	Mar-23 Aug-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) 31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Mar-23 Aug-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22

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Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. .
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.60 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	cereo:	

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) *C	34.7 ± 6 %	5.11 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	1222	12220

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 6.2 jΩ	٦
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB	7

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2 Ω - 2.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.1 Ω - 1.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.8 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.194 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.09.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.6$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.95$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

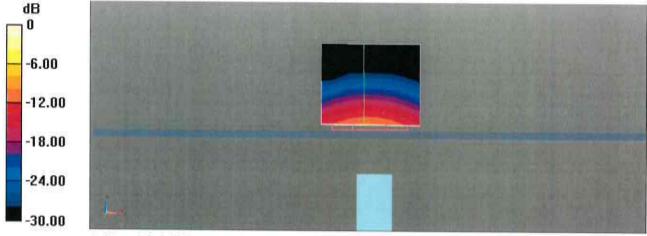
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 08.03.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 31.08.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.30 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

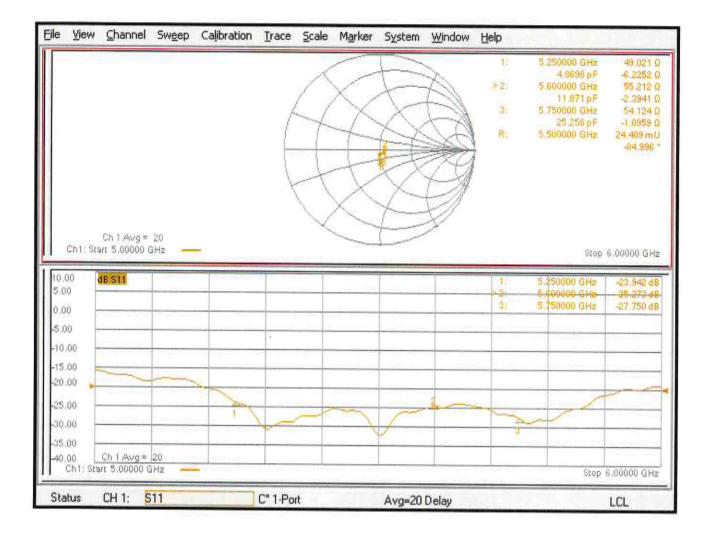
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 72.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.87 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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speag

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client Sporton

Kunshan City

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jun23

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BM - SN: 1279	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration proces	dure for the data acquisition ele	ctronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	June 07, 2023		
All calibrations have been condu	ritainties with confidence pro cted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	nal standards, which realize the physical un obability are given on the following pages ar facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*6	od are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
() a subset () per east	Torr. dorozro	29-Aug-22 (No:34389)	Aug-23
SCIENCE CHARGE CONTRACTORS IN A SHORE	Low 11		0.0000000
the second se	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	Check Date (in house) 27-Jan-23 (in house check) 27-Jan-23 (in house check)	1.520.00
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	27-Jan-23 (in house check) 27-Jan-23 (in house check)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-24 In house check: Jan-24
Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-24
Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 Name	27-Jan-23 (in house check) 27-Jan-23 (in house check) Function	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-24 In house check: Jan-24 Signature
Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1 Calibrated by:	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 Name	27-Jan-23 (in house check) 27-Jan-23 (in house check) Function	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-24 In house check: Jan-24 Signature
Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1 Calibrated by:	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 Name Adrian Gehring	27-Jan-23 (in house check) 27-Jan-23 (in house check) Function Laboratory Technician	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-24 In house check: Jan-24

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	403.961 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.889 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.622 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97482 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98010 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99107 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	133.5 °±1 °
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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200036.02	0.29	0.00
Channel X + Input	20007.84	1.27	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20004,57	1.22	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200036.54	-2.76	-0.00
Channel Y + input	20005.64	-0.84	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20008.18	-2.31	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200035.82	-0.65	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20006.09	-0.33	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20009.04	-3.09	0.02

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2002.24	0.32	0.02
Channel X + Input	201.68	0.01	0.01
Channel X - Input	-197.78	0.41	-0.21
Channel Y + Input	2001.82	0.03	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.63	-1.00	-0.50
Channel Y - Input	-198.99	-0.66	0.33
Channel Z + Input	2001.63	-0.14	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	200.94	-0.73	-0.36
Channel Z - Input	-198.44	-0.13	0.07

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-18.14	-19.90
	- 200	21.13	19.85
Channel Y	200	4.83	4.59
	- 200	-6.49	-6.84
Channel Z	200	7.97	7.38
	- 200	-8.07	-8.33

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	1 (A)	2.70	-3.05
Channel Y	200	8.25	200	5.09
Channel Z	200	10.02	5.76	

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jun23

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15987	16658
Channel Y	15941	15569
Channel Z	15697	15886

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10M Ω

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.56	-1.08	1.64	0.45
Channel Y	-1.87	-3.09	-0.62	0.44
Channel Z	-0.02	-1.29	1.04	0.46

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	-
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	_

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No

ES-3293_Nov22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3293
Calibration procedura(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date	November 22, 2022
The measurements and the u	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been con	ducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) $^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M	M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22)	Oct-23
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22)	Oct-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
DAE4	SN: 660	10-Oct-22 (No. DAE4-660 Oct22)	Oct-23
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013 Dec21)	Dec-22

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	96-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	J.KA
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	S.h
This calibration certificat	e shall not be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the lab	Issued: November 22, 2022 oratory,

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Glossary

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 8	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)*, October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NOBM(f)x,y,z = NOBMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- · Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A. B. C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \le 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).