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CNAS L0447

Registration No.910917

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

Report No.: SRTC2011-H024-E0060

Product Name: CDMA 1X-EVDO Digital Mobile Phone with Bluetooth

Product Model: Sonim XP3400-A-R1

Type Number: C21F007AA

Applicant: Sonim Technologies Inc.

Manufacturer: BYD COMPANY LIMITED

Specification: FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)
Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

FCC ID: WYPC21F007AA

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)

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Executive Summary

Test report no.:	**SRTC2011-H024-E0060**
Product Model:	**Sonim XP3400-A-R1**
Type Number:	**C21F007AA**
Date of test:	**2011.6.30**
Date of report:	**2011.7.13**
Laboratory:	**The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center (SRTC)**
Test has been Carried out in accordance with:	**47CFR §2.1093** Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices **FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)** Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields **RSS-102** Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields **IEEE 1528 - 2003** IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique
Documentation:	**The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 5 years at SRTC**

Result summary:

Mode	CH/*f*(MHz)	Power	position	Limit (mW/g)/1g	Measured (mW/g)	Result
SO32 FCH-SCH RC3 full rate	384/836.52MHz	23.87dBm	Towards phantom	1.6	0.977	PASS

This Test Report Is Issued by: Mr. Song Qizhu Director of the test lab	Checked by: Mr. Wang Junfeng Deputy director of the test lab
Tested by: Ms. Liu Jia Test engineer	Issued date: **2011.07.13**

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1. General information

1.1 Notes of the test report

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The test results relate only to individual items of the samples which have been tested.

1.2 Information about the testing laboratory

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Email: wang.luhong@byd.com

1.5 Application details

Period of test	2011.06.30
Batteries used in testing	Li-Lon/XP3.20-0001100/Sunwoda Electronic Co., Ltd
State of sample	production unit
Headset information	ME-816B5-C/MINAMI ACOUSTICS LIMITED
Device power class DTM	23~30dBm N/A
H/W Version S/W Version	A E343B_1200B03
MEID	A100092909FE6

1.6 Maximum Results

Head Configuration

Mode	CH/*f*(MHz)	Power(dBm)	position	Limit (mW/g)/1g	Measured (mW/g)	Result
800MHz SO55 RC3 full rate	384/836.52	23.90	Left hand Cheek	1.6	**0.907**	PASS
1900MHz SO55 RC3 full rate	1715/1908.75	23.61	Left hand Cheek	1.6	**0.925**	PASS

Body Worn Configuration

Mode	CH/f(MHz)	Power(dBm)	position	Limit (mW/g)/1g	Measured (mW/g)	Result
800MHz SO32 RC3 FCH-SCH full rate	384/836.52MHz	23.87	Towards phantom	1.6	**0.977**	PASS
1900MHz SO55 RC3 full rate	600/1880.0MHz	24.10	Towards ground	1.6	**0.600**	PASS

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	production unit
Exposure enviroment	General population/uncontrolled

Mode and bands of operation	CDMA 1xEV-DO 800MHz	CDMA 1xEV-DO 1900MHz
Modulation Mode	OQPSK	OQPSK
Duty Cycle	1	1
Transmitter Frequency Range(MHz)	Tx:824~849MHz Rx:869~894MHz	TX: 850 MHz - 1910 MHz RX:1930 MHz - 1990 MHz

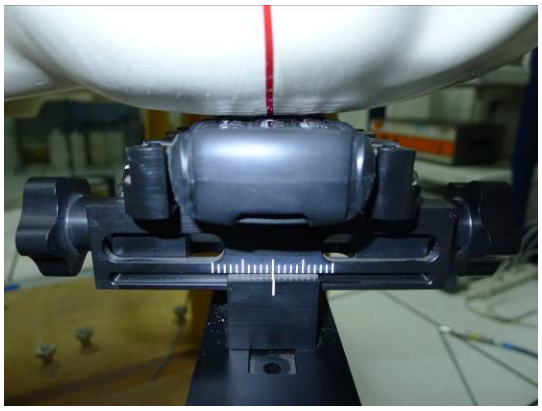
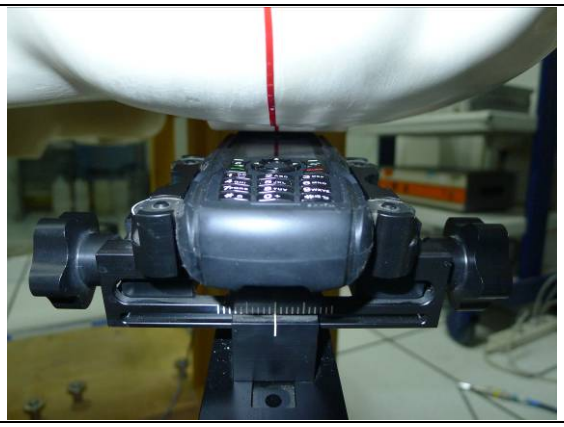
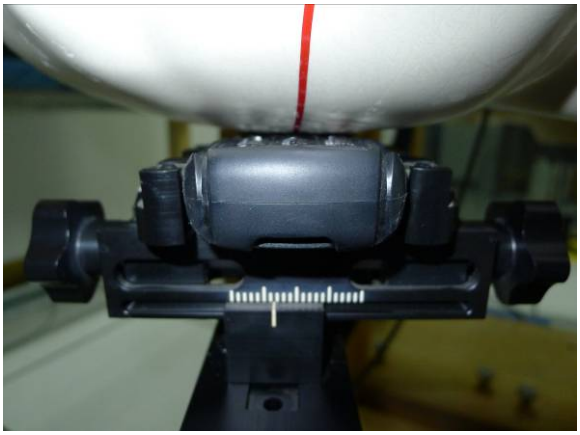
2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna.

2.2 Picture of the EUT

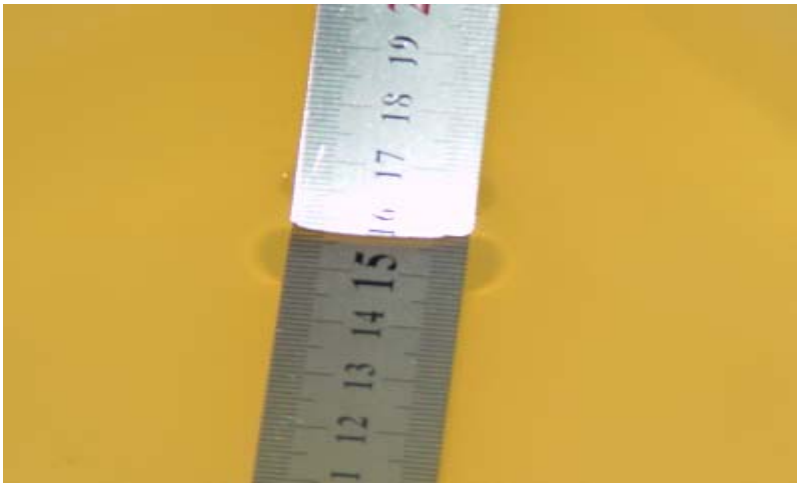
	
Front view of the device	**back view of the device**

2.3 Test Positions for the Device under test

	
Cheek position, left side	**Tilt position, left side**
	
Cheek position, Right side	**Tilt position, Right side**
	
Body position	**SPACER 15 mm**

2.4 Picture to demonstrate the required liquid depth

the liquid depth in the used SAM phantoms



Liquid depth for SAR Measurement

2.5 Reference Specification

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields .

IEC 62209-1-2005: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1:Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

[DAY4] Schmid & partner Engineering AG: DAY4 Manual. Nov.2003

2.6 The IEEE Standard C95.1 and the FCC Exposure Criteria

In the USA the FCC exposure criteria [OET 65] are based on the withdrawn IEEE Standard C95.1-1999 [IEEE C95.1-1999]. This version was replaced by the IEEE Standard C95.1-2005 [IEEE C95.1-2005] in October, 2005.

Both IEEE standards sets limits for human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields in the frequency range 3 kHz to 300 GHz. One of the major differences in the newly revised C95.1-2005 is the change in the basic

restrictions for localized exposure, from 1.6 W/kg averaged over 1 g tissue to 2.0 W/kg averaged over 10 g tissue, which is now identical to the ICNIRP guidelines [ICNIRP 1998].

2.7 Distinction Between Exposed Population, Duration of Exposure and Frequencies

The American Standard [IEEE C95.1-1999] distinguishes between controlled and uncontrolled environment. Controlled environments are locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure as a concomitant of employment or by other cognizant persons. Uncontrolled environments are locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The exposures may occur in living quarters or workplaces. For exposure in controlled environments higher field strengths are admissible. In addition the duration of exposure is considered.

Due to the influence of frequency on important parameters, as the penetration depth of the electromagnetic fields into the human body and the absorption capability of different tissues, the limits in general vary with frequency.

2.8 Distinction between Maximum Permissible Exposure and SAR Limits

The biological relevant parameter describing the effects of electromagnetic fields in the frequency range of interest is the specific absorption rate SAR (dimension: power/mass).It is a measure of the power absorbed per unit mass. The SAR may be spatially averaged over the total mass of an exposed body or its pads-The SAR is calculated from the r.m.s. electric field strength E inside the human body, the conductivity σ and the mass density p of the biological tissue:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E_i^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_i \left.\frac{dT}{dt}\right|_{t=0}$$

The specific absorption rate describes the initial rate of temperature rise dT/dt as a function of the specific heat capacity c of the tissue. A limitation of the specific absorption rate prevents an excessive heating of the human body by electromagnetic energy.

As it is sometimes difficult to determine the SAR directly by measurement (e.g. whole body averaged SAR), the standard specifies more readily measurable maximum permissible exposures in terms of external electric E and magnetic field strength H and power density S, derived from the SAR limits .The limits for E, H and
the SAR limits. The limits for E, H and S have been fixed so that even under worst case conditions, the limits for the specific absorption rate SAR are not exceeded.

For the relevant frequency range the maximum permissible exposure may be exceeded if the exposure can be shown by appropriate techniques to produce SAR values below the corresponding limits.

2.9 SAR Limit

In this report the comparison between the American exposure limits and the measured data is made using the spatial peak SAR; the power level of the device under test guarantees that the whole body averaged SAR is not exceeded. Having in mind a worst case consideration, the SAR limit is valid for uncontrolled environment and mobile respectively portable transmitters. According to Table 1 the SAR values have to be averaged over a mass of 1 g (SAR1g) with the shape of a cube.

Standards	Status	SAR limit [w/kg]
IEEE C95.1-1999	Replaced	1.6

Relevant spatial peak SAR limit averaged over a mass of 1 g.

3. The FCC Measurement Procedure

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has published a report and order on the 1st of August 1996 [FCC 96-326], which requires routine dosimetric assessment of mobile telecommunications devices, either by laboratory measurement techniques or by computational modeling, prior to equipment authorization or use. In 2001 the Commission's Office of Engineering and Technology has released Edition 01-01 of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. This revised edition, which replaces Edition 97-01, provides additional guidance and information for evaluating compliance of mobile and Portable devices with FCC limits for human exposure to radiofrequency emissions [OET 65].

3.1 General Requirements

The test shall be performed using a miniature probe that is automatically positioned to measure the internal E-field distribution in a phantom model

representing the human head exposed to the EM fields produced by mobile phones. From the measured E-field values, the SAR distribution and the maximum mass averaged SAR value shall be calculated.

The test shall be performed in a laboratory conforming to the following environmental conditions:

- the ambient temperature shall be in the range of 15 °C to 30°C and the variation shall not exceed 2 °C during the test;
- the mobile phone shall not interact with the local mobile networks;
- care shall be taken to avoid significant influence on SAR measurements by ambient EM sources;
- care shall be taken to avoid significant influence on SAR measurements by any reflection from the environment (such as floor, positioner, etc.).
- Validation of the system shall be done at least once a year according to the protocol defined in annex D of IEC 62209-1-2005 Standard.

3.2 Phantom specifications (shell and liquid)

Phantom requirements

The physical characteristics of the phantom model (size and shape) shall resemble the head and neck of a user since the shape is a dominant parameter for exposure. The phantom shall be made from material with dielectric properties similar to those of head tissues. To enable field scanning within it, the material shall be liquid contained in a head and neck shaped shell model. The shell model acts as a shaped container and shall be as unobtrusive as possible. The hand shall not be modeled.

The shell of the phantom shall be made of low loss and low permittivity material: $tan(\delta) \leq 0{,}05$ and $\varepsilon \leq 5$. The thickness of the phantom is defined in the CAD files and the tolerance shall be ± 0, 2 mm in the area defined in the CAD files (where the phone touches the head).

Reference points on the phantom:

The probe positioning shall be defined in relation to three well defined points on the phantom. These points R1, R2 and R3 shall be used to calibrate the positioning system. Three other points, M for mouth, LE for left ear and/or RE for right ear (maximum acoustic coupling), shall be defined on the phantom(s) (see Figure 2). These points shall be used to allow reproducible positioning of the mobile phone in relation to the phantom.

3.3 Specifications of the SAR measurement equipment

The measurement equipment shall be calibrated as a complete system. The probe shall be calibrated together with the amplifier, measurement device and data acquisition system.

The measurement equipment shall be calibrated in each tissue equivalent liquid at the appropriate operating frequency and temperature according to the methodology defined in IEC 62209-1-2005 .The minimum detection limit shall be lower than 0,02 W/kg and the maximum detection limit shall be higher than 100 W/kg. The linearity shall be within 0,5 dB over the SAR range from 0,02 to 100 W/kg. The isotropy shall be within 1 dB. Sensitivity, linearity and isotropy shall be determined in the tissue equivalent liquid. The response time shall be specified.

3.4 Scanning system specifications

The scanning system holding the probe shall be able to scan the whole exposed volume of the phantom in order to evaluate the three-dimensional SAR distribution. The mechanical structure of the scanning system shall not interfere with the SAR measurements.

The accuracy of the probe tip positioning over the measurement area shall be less than 0,2 mm. The sampling resolution shall be 1 mm or less.

3.5 Mobile phone holder specifications

The mobile phone holder shall permit the phone to be positioned according to a tolerance of 1° in the tilt angle. It shall be made of low loss and low permittivity material(s): $tan(\delta) \leq 0,05$ and $\varepsilon \leq 5$.

4. Measurement preparation

4.1 General preparation

The dielectric properties of the tissue equivalent materials shall be measured prior to the SAR measurements and at the same temperature with a tolerance of 2° C. The measured values shall comply with the values defined at the specific frequencies in IEC 62209-1-2005 6.1.1. with a tolerance of 5 % for relative permittivity and conductivity.

The phantom shell shall be filled with the tissue equivalent liquid. The depth of the tissue equivalent liquid inside the phantom and at the vertical position of the ear canal shall be at least 15 cm. The liquid shall be carefully stirred before the measurement and it shall be free of air bubbles. The coordinate system of the scanning system shall be aligned to the coordinate system of the phantom with a tolerance of 0, 2 mm.

4.2 Simplified performance checking

The purpose of the simplified performance check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications, check is a simple test of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly during the compliance test. The check

shall be performed in order to detect possible drift over short time periods and other errors in the system,

The simplified performance check shall be carried out according to annex D of IEC 62209-1-2005. The simplified performance check shall be performed prior to compliance tests and the result shall be within ± 10 % of the target value. After the system validation check. The simplified performance check shall be performed at a central frequency of each transmitting band of the mobile phone.

4.3 Preparation of the mobile phone under test

The tested mobile phone shall use its internal transmitter. The battery shall be fully charged before each measurement .The output power and frequency (channel) shall be controlled by 8960(base station simulator). The phone transmits its highest output peak power level allowed by the system. , The BTS antenna shall be placed at least 50 cm from the phone. The signal emitted by the emulator at antenna feed point shall be lower than the output level of the phone by at least 30 dB.

4.4 Position of the mobile phone in relation to the phantom

The mobile phone shall be tested in the cheek and tilted positions on left and right sides of the phantom.

Definition of the cheek position:

a) Position the device with the vertical centre line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical centre line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the centre of the ear piece with the line RE-LE;

b) Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touches the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Definition of the tilted position:

a) Position the device in the Tilt position described above;

b) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.

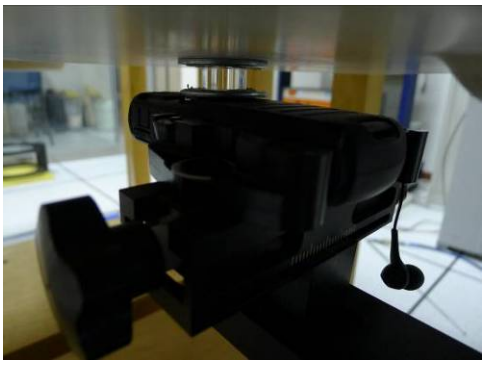
Definition of the reference lines and points, on the phone and on the phantom and initial position

Definition of the flat position:

A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device or the front of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

Position the device under the phantom.

c) Position the device under the phantom on the condition of Flat.



Face away the phantom with the distance of 15mm

4.5Tests to be performed

Tests shall be performed with both phone positions described in 4.4, on the left and right sides of the head and using the centre frequency of each operating band. The configuration giving rise to the maximum mass-averaged SAR shall be used to test the low-end and the high-end frequencies of the transmitting band. If the mobile phone has a retractable antenna, all of the tests described above shall be performed both with

The antenna extended and with it retracted. When considering multi- mode and multi-band mobile phones, all of the above tests shall be performed in

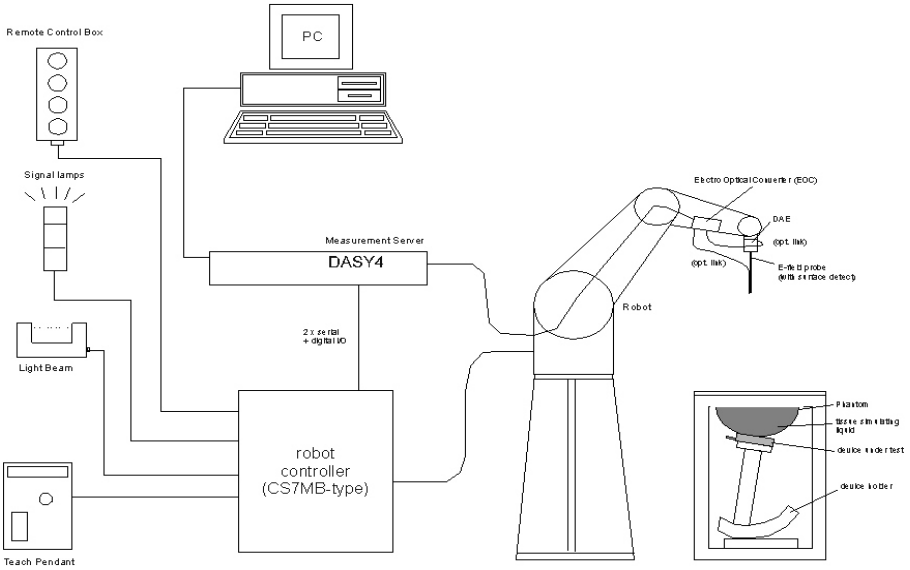
each transmitting mode/band with the corresponding maximum peak power level.

5. The Measurement system

5.1 DASY4 Information

DASY4 is an abbreviation of "Dosimetric Assessment System" and describes a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of a human being according to different standards. The DASY4 system consists of the following items as shown in Fig3. Fig4 shows the installation in the SRTC laboratory [DASY2004].

- High precision robot with controller
- Measurement server(for surveillance of the robot operation and signal filtering)
- Data acquisition electronics DAE (for signal amplification and altering)
- Field probes calibrated for use in liquids
- Electro-optical converter EOC (conversion from the optical into a digital signal)
- Light beam (improving of the absolute probe positioning accuracy)
- Two SAM phantoms filled with tissue simulating liquid
- DASY4 software
- SEMCAD



The DASY4 measurement system

The measurement set-up with two SAM phantoms containing tissue simulating liquid

5.2Test Equipments:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE4	720	1 year	2012.01
Dosimetric E-field Probe ES3DV3	3128	1 year	2012.04
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	171	2 years	2012.06
DASY4 software Version	4.7	N/A	N/A

Note: the Dipole Calibration interval is 24 months

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	E4428C	MY45280865	1year	2011.08.20
Amplifier	5S1G4	0323472	N/A	N/A
Power meter	E4417A	MY45101182	1year	2011.08.20
Power Sensor	E4412A	MY41502214	1year	2011.08.20
Power Sensor	E4412A	MY41502130	1year	2011.08.20
Call Tester	8960	GB43194054	1year	2011.08.20
Network Analyzer	8714ET	US40372083	1year	2011.08.20
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US33030365	N/A	N/A

Table 1. Test Equipments lists

5.3 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

5.4 Uncertainty Assessment

DASY4 Uncertainty Budget								
Error description	Uncertainty value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std.Unc (1g).	Std.Unc. (10g)	(v_i) V_{eff}
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	±5.9%	N	1	1	1	±5.9%	±5.9%	∞
Axial isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System detection limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF ambient noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF ambient reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid onductivity(means.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined std. Uncertainty						±10.9%	±10.7%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty						**±21.9%**	**±21.4%**	

Uncertainty assessment

6. Test Results

6.1Test Environment:

Ambient temperature (° C)	21.0 to 23.0
Ambient humidity (RH %)	30 to 45

6.2Test Method and Procedure

a) Measure the local SAR at a test point within 10 mm of the inner surface of the phantom. The test point shall also be close to the ear;

b) verify that the measured SAR at the point used in item 1 is stable after 3 minutes within ± 5 % in order to ensure that there is no drift due to the mobile phone electronics;

c) Measure the SAR distribution within the phantom. The spatial grid step shall be less than 20 mm. If surface scanning is used, then the distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be constant within ± 0,5 mm and less than 8 mm. If volume scanning is performed, then the scanning volume shall be as close as possible to the inner surface of the phantom (less than 8 mm), the grid step shall be 5 mm or less, the grid shall extend to a depth of 25 mm and then go directly to item 6;

d) From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, as well as the positions of any local maxima with SAR values of more than 50 % of the maximum value;

e) Measure SAR with a grid step less than 5 mm in a volume with a minimum size of 30 mm by 30 mm and 25 mm in depth. Separate grids shall be centred on each of the local SAR maxima;

f) Use interpolation and extrapolation procedures defined in annex C of IEC 62209-1-2005 to determine the local SAR values at the spatial resolution needed for mass averaging;

g) Repeat the SAR measurement at the initial test point used in item 1. If the two results differ by more than ± 5 % from the final value obtained in item 2, the measurements shall be repeated with a fully charged battery or the actual drift shall be included in the uncertainty evaluation.

Tests shall be performed with both phone positions of cheek and tilted, on the left and right sides of the head and using the centre frequency of each operating band. Then the configuration giving rise to the maximum mass-averaged SAR shall be used to test the low-end and the high-end frequencies of the transmitting band. If the mobile phone has a retractable antenna, all of the tests described above shall be performed both with the antenna extended and with it retracted. When considering multi- mode and multi-band mobile phones, all of the above tests shall be performed in each

transmitting mode/band with the corresponding maximum peak power level.

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations was measured in RC3 with the EUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 was not required when the maximum average output of each channel was less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR was measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations was measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCHn) was not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel was less than ¼dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR was measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCHn) with FCH at full rate and SCH0 enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels were enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts.

Body SAR in RC1 was not required when the maximum average output of each channel was less than ¼dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR was measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

Handsets with Ev-Do

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for Ev-Do is not required.Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the maximum output channel, at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.SAR for Rev. A is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots should be configured in the downlink for both Rev. 0 and Rev. A.

Note: All the procedures described above were followed according to FCC" SAR Measurement Procedure for 3G Devices, June 2007"

6.3Test Configuration

The test shall be performed in the shield room.

6.4Test Results

The average output power of BT is as following:

Channel	The output power
2402 MHz	1.31mW
2441MHz	0.91mW
2480MHz	1.91mW

BT and CDMA are simultaneous transmission, The distance of BT's antenna and CDMA's antenna is dxy, dxy>5cm, Pbt≤24mW, no stand-alone SAR, BT SAR is considered zero in the 1-g SAR summing process to determine simultaneous transmission SAR.

Mode: CDMA 835

f_L(MHz)=824.70MHz f_M(MHz)=836.52MHz f_H(MHz)= 848.31MHz

SAR Values（Head，835MHz Band SO55 RC3 FULL RATE）

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	**1 g Average**
	1.6
Test Case	**Measurement Result (mW/g)**
	1 g Average
Left hand, Touch cheek , f_L	0.821
Left hand, Touch cheek, f_M	**0.907**
Left hand, Touch cheek , f_H	0.874
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f_M	0.661
Right hand, Touch cheek , f_L	0.748
Right hand, Touch cheek, f_M	0.858
Right hand, Touch cheek f_H	0.817
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f_M	0.461

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom Configuration	Device Test Position	SAR(mW/g)		
		f_L(MHz)	f_M(MHz)	f_H(MHz)
Left Side	cheek	---	**0.907**	----

Mode: CDMA 835

f_L(MHz)=824.70MHz f_M(MHz)=836.52MHz f_H(MHz)= 848.31MHz

SAR Values（Body，835MHz Band SO55 RC3 FULL RATE & 835MHz Band SO32 FCH-SCH RC3 FULL RATE）

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	**1 g Average**
	1.6
Test Case	**Measurement Result (mW/g)**
	1 g Average
Towards ground/SO55 RC3, with headset 15mm spacer f_M	0.746
Towards phantom/SO55 RC3, with headset 15mm spacer f_M	0.684
Towards ground/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_L	0.975
Towards ground/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_M	0.880
Towards ground/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_H	0.892
Towards phantom/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_L	0.949
Towards phantom/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_M	**0.977**
Towards phantom/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_H	0.959

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom Configuration	Device Test Position	SAR(mW/g)		
		f_L(MHz)	f_M(MHz)	f_H(MHz)
Towards Phantom/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3	15mm spacer	---	**0.977**	---

Mode: CDMA 1900

f_L(MHz)=1851.25MHz f_M(MHz)=1880.00MHz f_H(MHz)= 1908.75MHz

SAR Values（Head，1900MHz Band SO55 RC3 FULL RATE）

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	**1 g Average**
	1.6
Test Case	**Measurement Result (mW/g)**
	1 g Average
Left hand, Touch cheek , f_L	0.884
Left hand, Touch cheek, f_M	0.876
Left hand, Touch cheek , f_H	**0.925**
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f_M	0.534
Right hand, Touch cheek, f_M	0.797
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, f_M	0.533

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom Configuration	Device Test Position	SAR(mW/g)		
		f_L(MHz)	f_M(MHz)	f_H(MHz)
Left Side	cheek	---	---	**0.925**

Mode: CDMA 1900

f_L(MHz)=1851.25MHz f_M(MHz)=1880.00MHz f_H(MHz)= 1908.75MHz

SAR Values（Body，1900MHz Band SO55 RC3 FULL RATE & 835MHz Band SO32 FCH-SCH RC3 FULL RATE）

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	**1 g Average**
	1.6
Test Case	**Measurement Result (mW/g)**
	1 g Average
Towards ground/SO55 RC3, with headset 15mm spacer f_M	**0.600**
Towards phantom/SO55 RC3, with headset 15mm spacer f_M	0.375
Towards ground/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_M	0.531
Towards phantom/ SO32 FCH-SCH RC3, 15mm spacer f_M	0.308

So, the maximum SAR is

Phantom Configuration	Device Test Position	SAR(mW/g)		
		f_L(MHz)	f_M(MHz)	f_H(MHz)
Towards Ground/ SO55 RC3	15mm spacer	---	**0.600**	---

7. Conducted output power measurement

7.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (8960) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power and ERP for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

7.2 Conducted power

7.2.1Measurement Methods

The EUT was set up for the maximum output power.
Duty cycle: 1:1(100%)
Test communication setup meet as followings:

Communication standard between mobile station and base station simulator	3GPP2 C.S0011-B
Radio configuration	RC3(supporting CDMA 1X)
Date Rate	9600bps
Service Options	SO55(Loop back mode)
Service Options	SO32(Test Date mode)
Multiplex Options	The mobile station does not support this service

Base station Simulator: 8960
Test Parameter setup for maximum RF output power according to section 4.4.5 of 3GPP2 C.S0011-B:

Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{\text{Traffic } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{\text{Traffic } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

7.2.2 Measurement result

CDMA835:
Mode: SO55 RC1 Full rate

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
824.70	1013	23.95
836.52	384	23.92
848.31	777	24.07

Mode: SO55 RC3 Full rate

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
824.70	1013	24.02
836.52	384	23.90
848.31	777	23.95

Mode: SO32 RC3 FCH-SCH

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
824.70	1013	23.93
836.52	384	23.87
848.31	777	23.95

Mode: SO32 RC3 FCH+SCH

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
824.70	1013	23.97
836.52	384	23.86
848.31	777	23.91

Mode: 1XEV-DO Rev.0 153.6Kbps

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
824.70	1013	24.05
836.52	384	24.09
848.31	777	24.06

Mode: 1XEV-DO Rev.A 307.2Kbps

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
824.70	1013	24.18
836.52	384	23.88
848.31	777	24.15

CDMA1900:

Mode: SO55 RC1 Full rate

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
1851.25	25	24.28
1880.00	600	23.94
1908.75	1175	23.72

Mode: SO55 RC3 Full rate

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
1851.25	25	24.25
1880.00	600	24.10
1908.75	1175	23.61

Mode: SO32 RC3 FCH-SCH

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
1851.25	25	24.47
1880.00	600	24.10
1908.75	1175	23.78

Mode: SO32 RC3 FCH+SCH

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
1851.25	25	24.44
1880.00	600	23.91
1908.75	1175	23.77

Mode: 1XEV-DO Rev.0 153.6Kbps

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
1851.25	25	24.46
1880.00	600	24.18
1908.75	1175	23.80

Mode: 1XEV-DO Rev.A 307.2Kbps

Carrier frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	RF Power Output (dBm)
1851.25	25	24.45
1880.00	600	24.25
1908.75	1175	23.77

*RC Configuration tested at “all up” power control bit.

Table5. Frequency and Measured power of EUT’s Tx channels

For SAR test, the maximum power output is very important and essential; it is identical under the measurement uncertainty. It is proper to use typical Test Mode 3 (FW RC3, RVS RC3, SO55) as the worst case for SAR test.
Under the loop back mode between mobile station and 8960, the transmitter continuously emits with maximum power more strong than voice mode, so the SAR test was done with loop back mode.

8. System validation

8.1 Tissue Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue stimulant(s):

835MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Water	40.29	50.75
Sugar	57.90	48.21
Nacl	1.38	0.94
Cellulose	0.24	0
Preventol	0.18	0.10

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Water	44,45	70.17
DGBE	55.24	29.44
Nacl	0.31	0.39

8.2 Material Parameters

For the measurement of the following parameters the HP 85070D dielectric probe kit is used, representing the open-ended coaxial probe measurement procedure. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3° C。

Head		**εr**	**σ[S/m]**	**Temperature**	
				Ambient [℃]	**Liquid [℃]**
835MHz	Recommended Value	41.5±2.1	0.9±0.045	15-30	-
	Measured Value	41.5	0.89	24.0	22.3
1900MHz	Recommended Value	40±1.9	1.40±0.07	15-30	-
	Measured Value	39.0	1.44	24.0	22.3

Body		εr	σ[S/m]	Temperature	
				Ambient [℃]	Liquid [℃]
835MHz	Recommended Value	55.2±2.76	0.97±0.0485	15-30	---
	Measured Value	53.7	0.99	24.0	22.3
1900MHz	Recommended Value	53.3±2.7	1.52±0.08	15-30	-
	Measured Value	54.6	1.49	24.0	22.3

Parameters of the head tissue simulating liquids

8.3 Setup for System Performance Check

(see also Chapter 15 System Performance Check of DAY 4 System handbook)

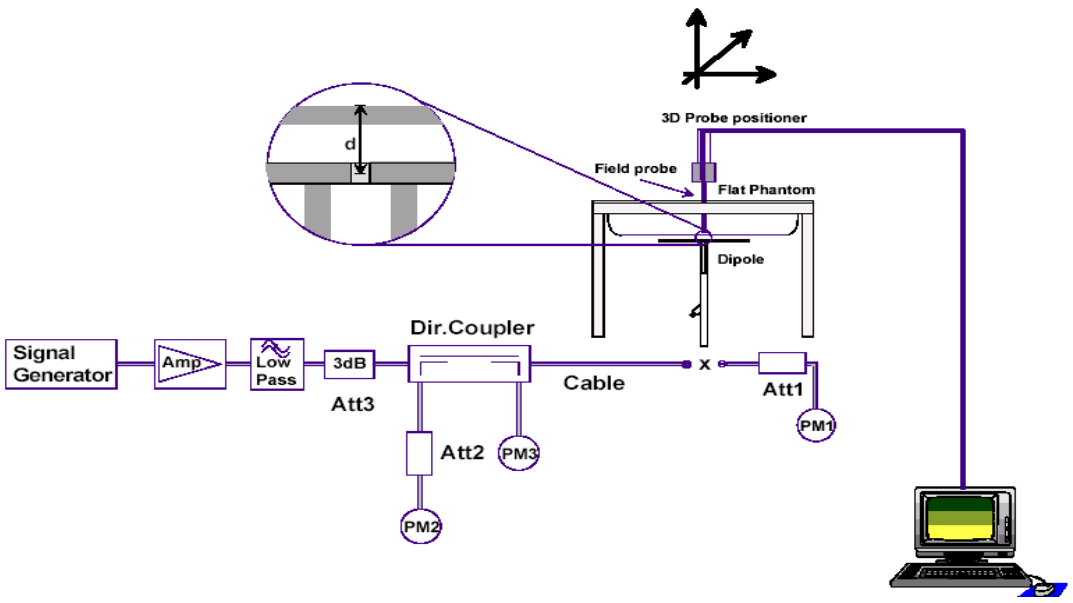


Fig5.Setup for system performance Check

First the power meter PM1 is connected to the cable and it measures the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into

account the (Att1) value) and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. Then after connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at the power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow a setting in 0,01 dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole and ensures that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20 dB below the forwarded power.

8.4 Simplified Performance Checking

The simplified performance check was realized using the dipole validation kits. The input power of the dipole antennas were 250mW (cw signal) and they were placed under the flat part of the SAM phantom. The results are listed in the Table 8 .The target values were adopted from the IEEE1528. Table 7 includes the uncertainty assessment for the system performance checking which was suggested by the IEC 62209-1-2005 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The expanded uncertainty is assessed to be ± 21.9%. Measurement is made at temperature 24 ° C, relative humidity 34.5%, Liquid temperature during the test: 22.3° C. System validation date: 2011.07.01

System checking,head tissue simulant

		SAR_{1g} [w/kg]	ε_r	σ[S/m]	Temperature	
					Ambient[℃]	Liquid[℃]
900MHz	Target Value	10.8	42±2.1	0.99±0.05	15-30	---
	Measured Value	10.9	40.7	0.95	24.0	22.3

All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power

Validation results, 900 MHz

		SAR_{1g} [w/kg]	ε_r	σ[S/m]	Temperature	
					Ambient[℃]	Liquid[℃]
1800MHz	Target Value	38.1	40±1.9	1.40±0.07	15-30	-
	Measured Value	38.8	39.4	1.35	24.0	22.3

All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power

Validation results, 1800 MHz

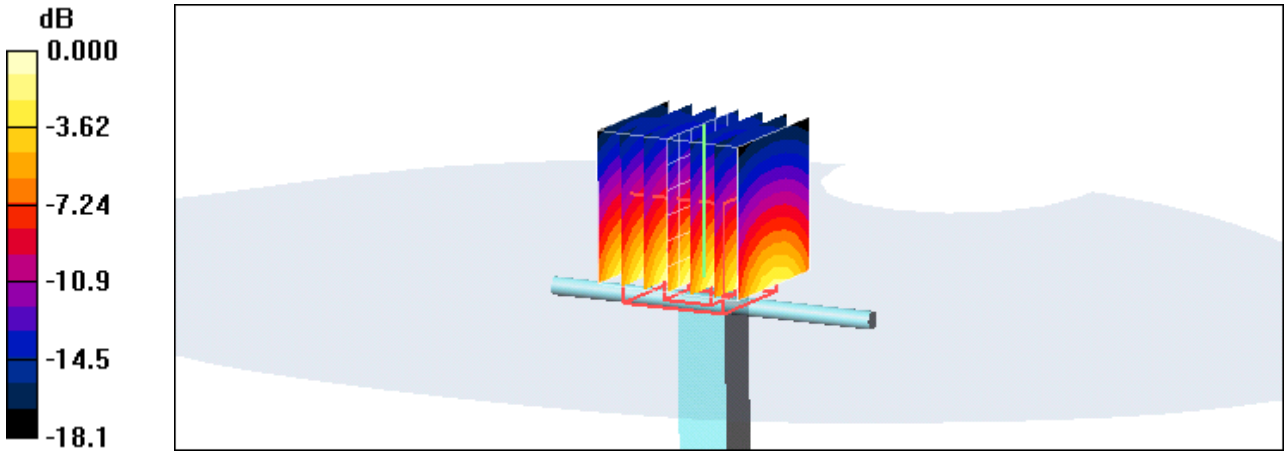
APPENDIX A:SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS	900MHz

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:171
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 900 MHz; σ = 0.95 mho/m; ε_r = 40.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(9.03, 9.53, 9.2); Calibrated: 4/21/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.3V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.08 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.9 mW/g



0 dB =2.9 mW/g

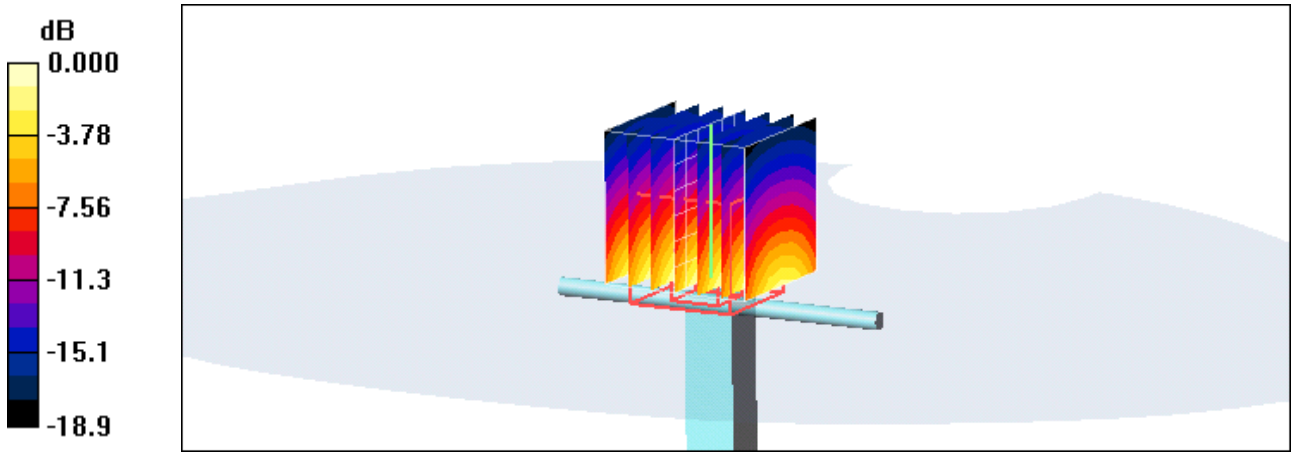
SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS	1800 MHz

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d084
Program Name: System Performance Check at 1800 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; εr = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.15, 6.5, 6.27); Calibrated: 4/21/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB =10.9 mW/g

APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

835MHz head

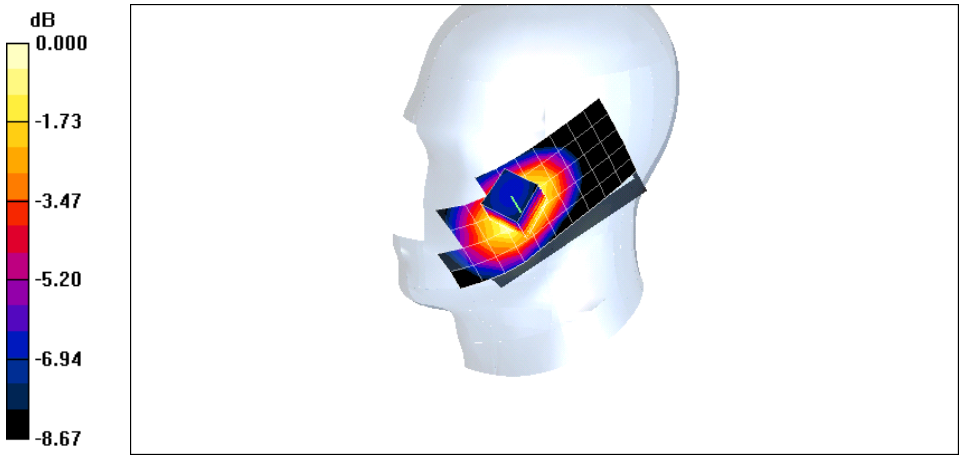
Right Side	Cheek	**824.7MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.887 mho/m; ε_r = 41.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Low/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.745 mW/g

Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.190 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.924 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.748 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.556 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.790 mW/g



0 dB = 0.790mW/g

Right Side	Cheek	836.52MHz

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.897 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

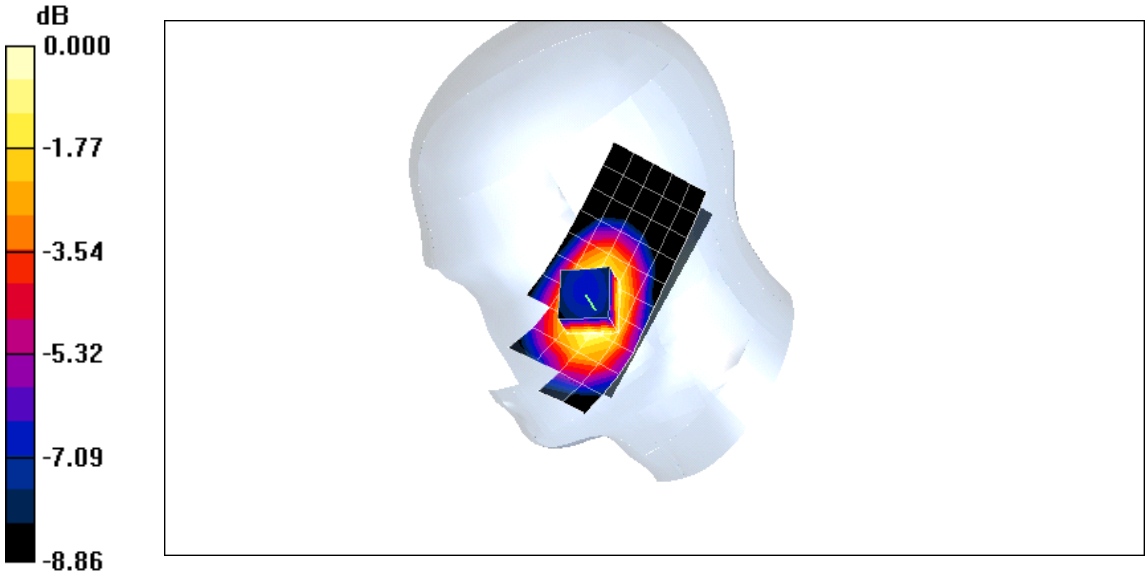
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.850 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.858 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.632 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.905 mW/g



0 dB = 0.905mW/g

Right Side	Cheek	**848.31MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 848.3 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.3 MHz; σ = 0.906 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

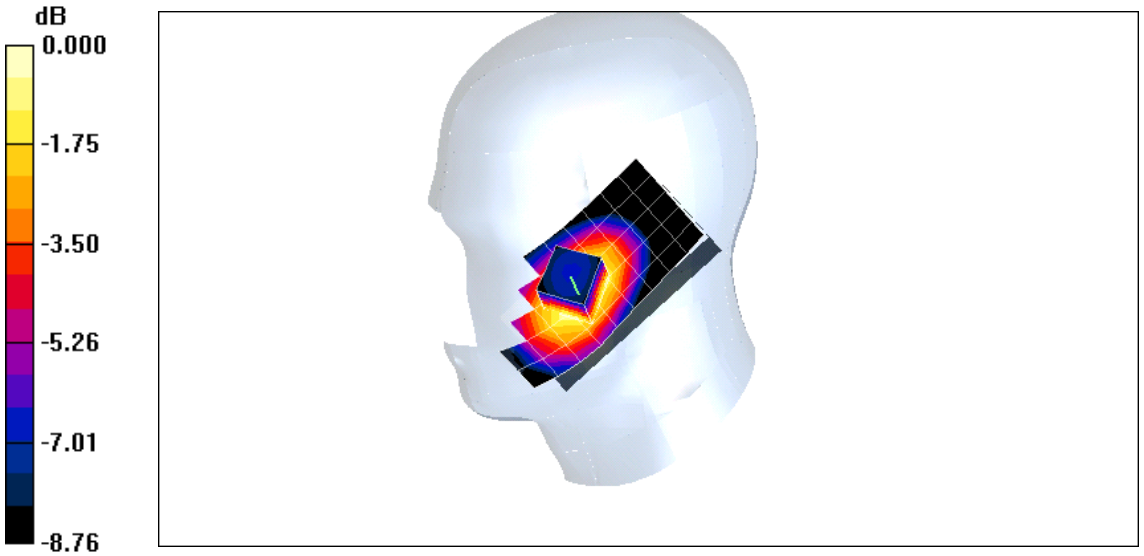
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - High/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.806 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.817 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.600 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.873 mW/g



0 dB =0.873mW/g

Right Side	Tilt	**836.52MHz**

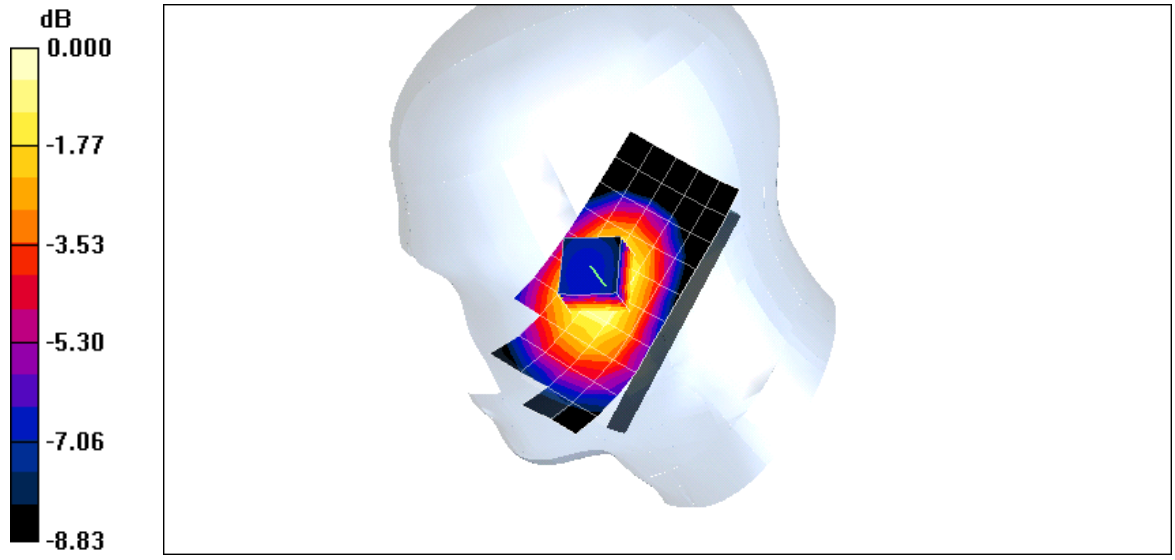
Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.897 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.197 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.588 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.461 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 mW/g



0 dB = 0.490mW/g

Left Side	Cheek	824.7 MHz

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.887 mho/m; ε_r = 41.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

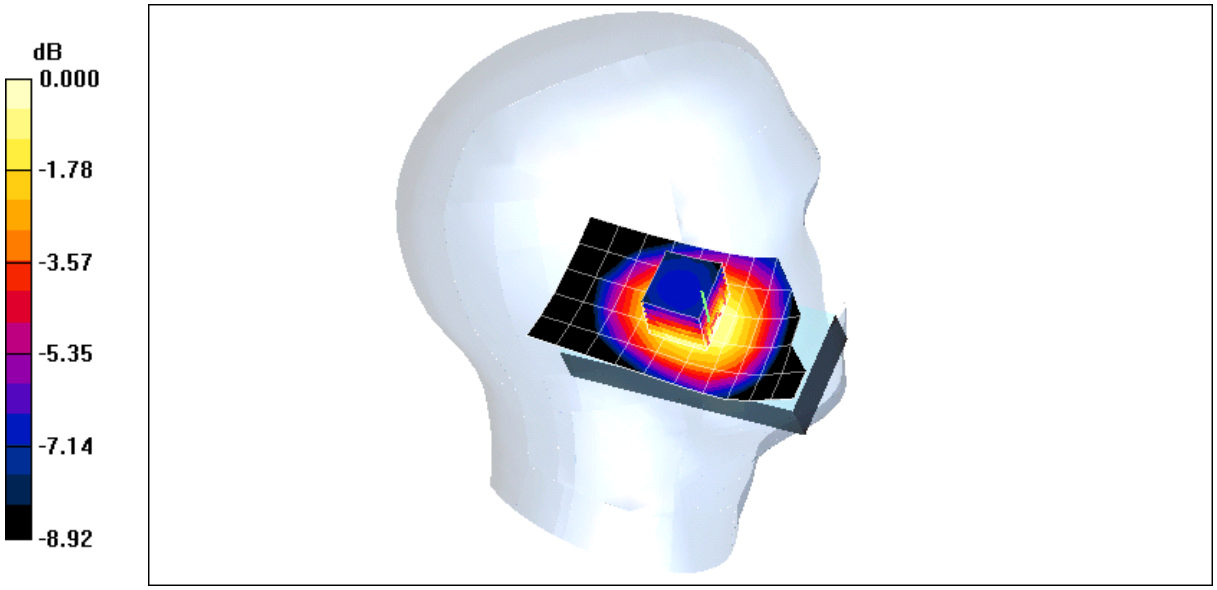
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Low/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.816 mW/g

Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.821 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.616 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.865 mW/g



0 dB = 0.865mW/g

Left Side	Cheek	836.52MHz

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.897 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

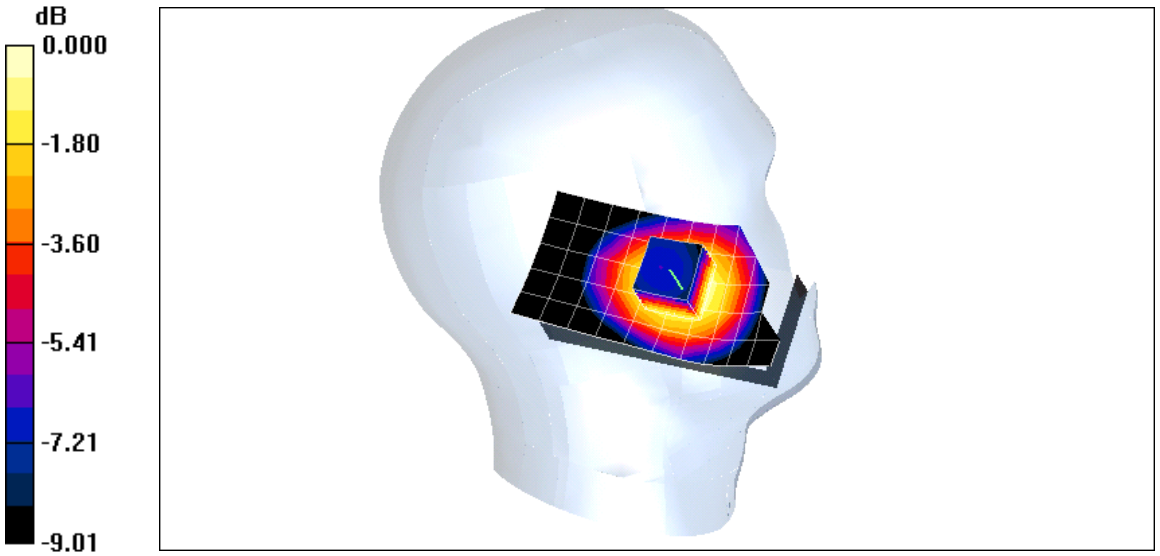
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.938 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.174 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.907 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.678 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.959 mW/g



0 dB = 0.959mW/g

Left Side	Cheek	848.31 MHz

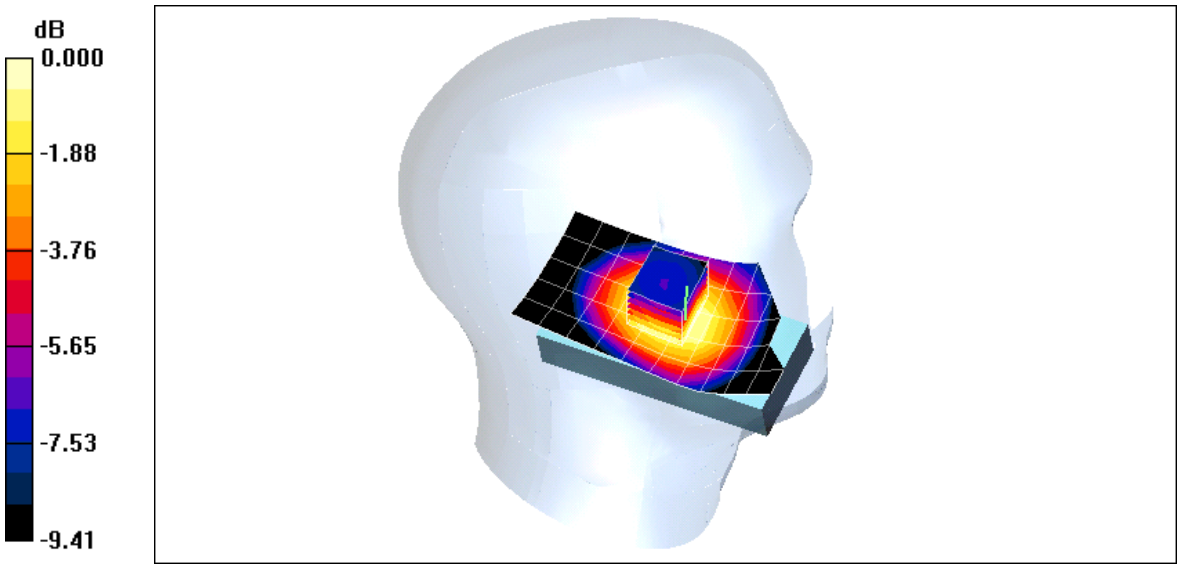
Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 848.3 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.3 MHz; σ = 0.906 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.851 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.121 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.874 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.655 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.923 mW/g



0 dB = 0.923mW/g

Left Side	Tilt	836.52 MHz

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.897 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

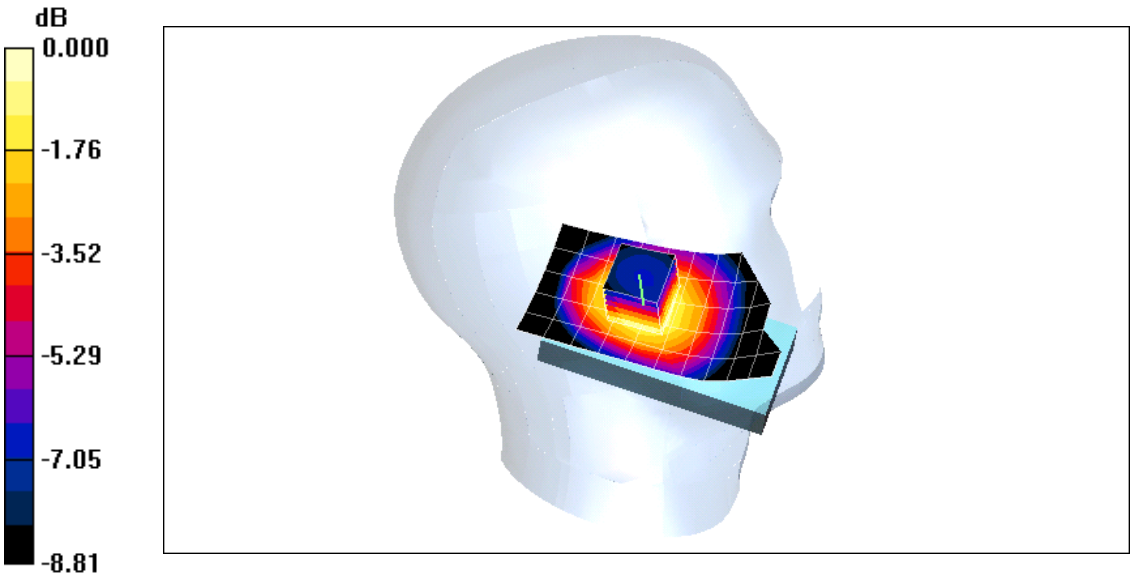
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(7.88, 8.3, 8.05); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.846 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.661 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.481 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.706 mW/g



0 dB = 0.706mW/g

Right Side	Cheek	**1880.00MHz**

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

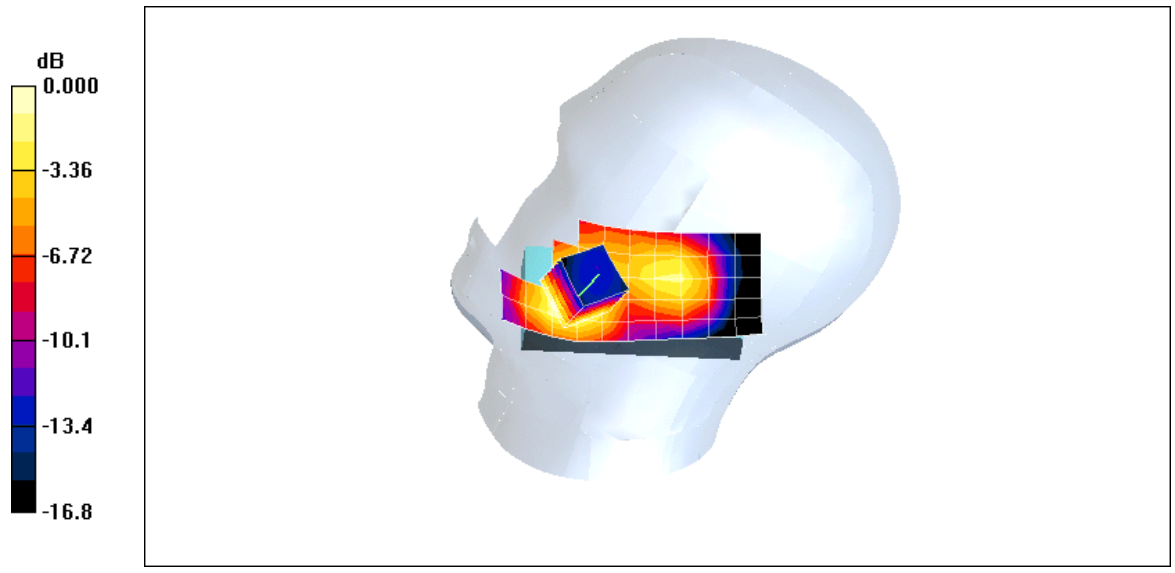
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.95, 5.22, 5.06); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Middle /Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 mW/g

Touch position - Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.177 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.797 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.486 mW/g



0 dB =0.855mW/g

Right Side	Tilt	**1880.00MHz**

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

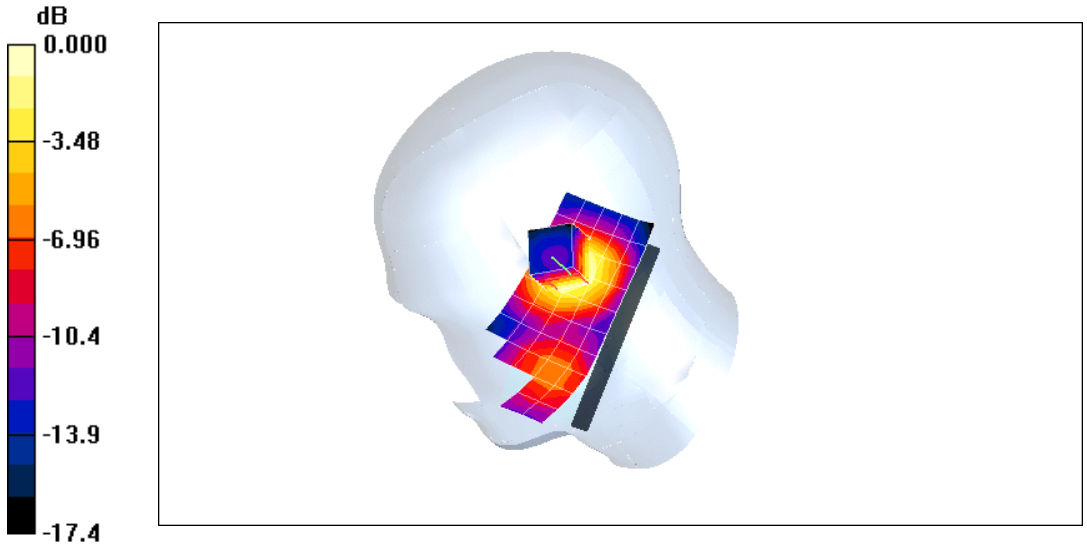
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.95, 5.22, 5.06); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt position - Middle /Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.811 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.533 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 mW/g



0 dB = 0.582mW/g

Left Side	Cheek	1851.25 MHz

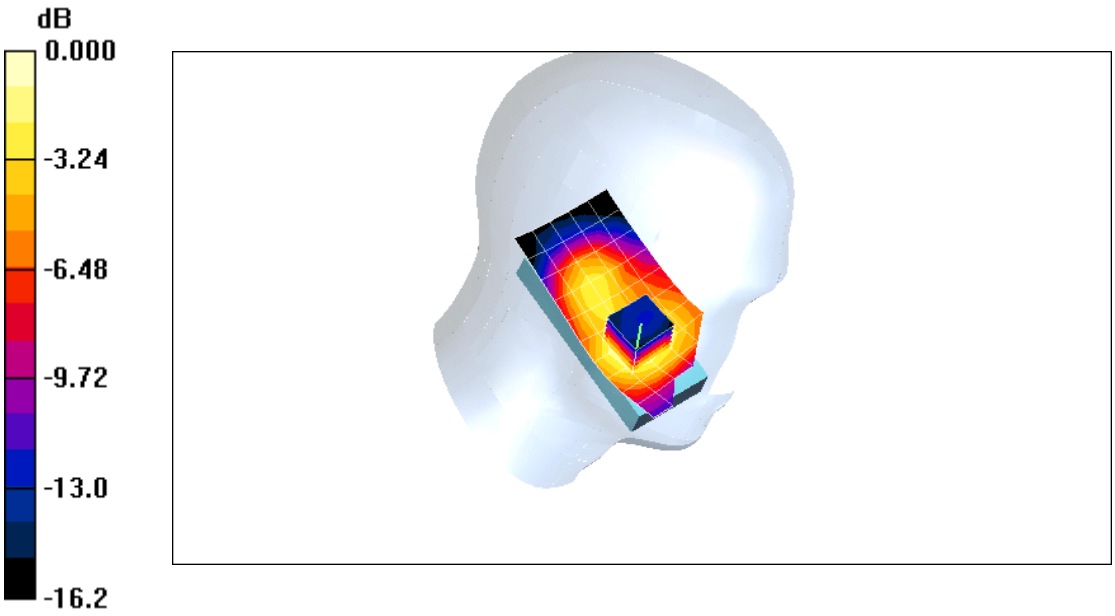
Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; ε_r = 39.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.95, 5.22, 5.06); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Low/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.880 mW/g

Touch position - Low 2 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.884 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.527 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.967 mW/g



0 dB = 0.967mW/g

Left Side	Cheek	1880.00MHz

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

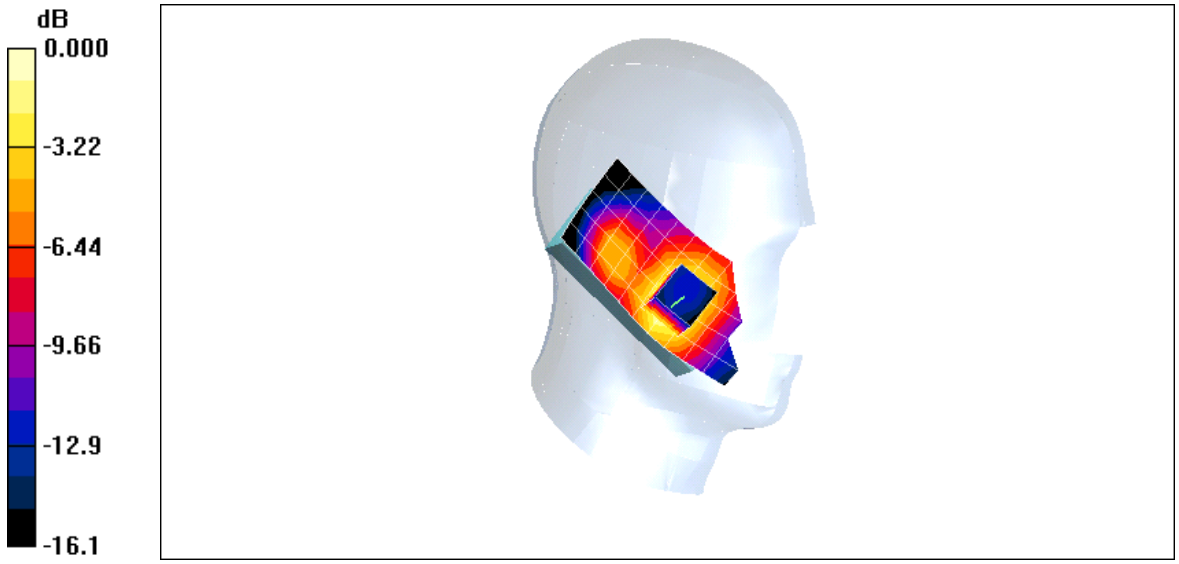
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.95, 5.22, 5.06); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.928 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.876 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.538 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.962 mW/g



0 dB = 0.962mW/g

Left Side	Cheek	1908.75 MHz

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.46 mho/m; ε_r = 38.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

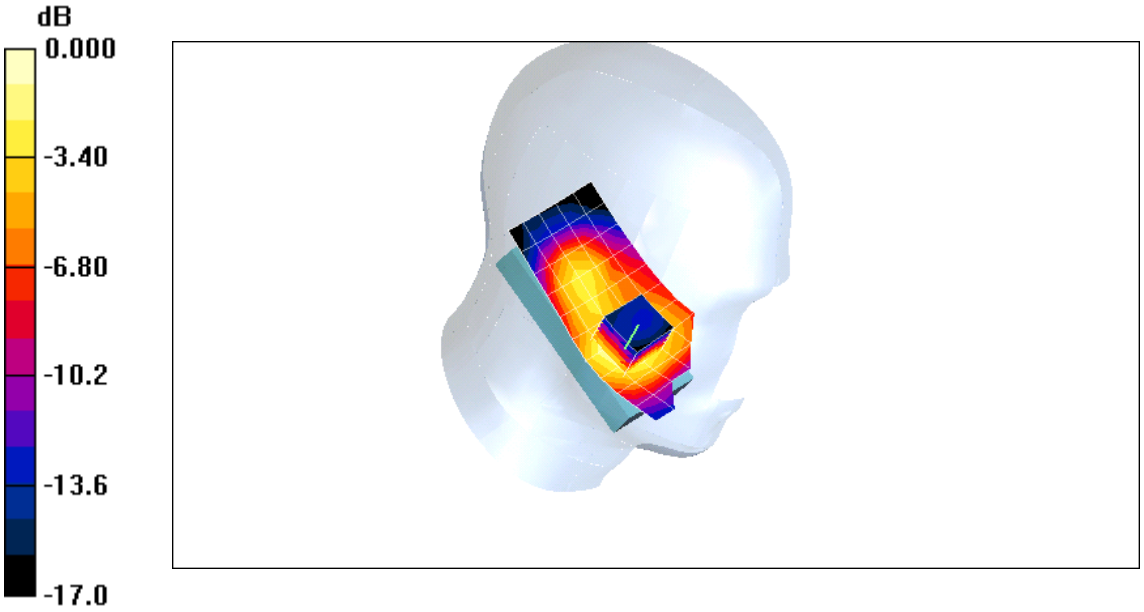
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.95, 5.22, 5.06); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Touch position - High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.938 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.135 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.925 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



0 dB = 1.01mW/g

Left Side	Tilt	1908.75 MHz

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

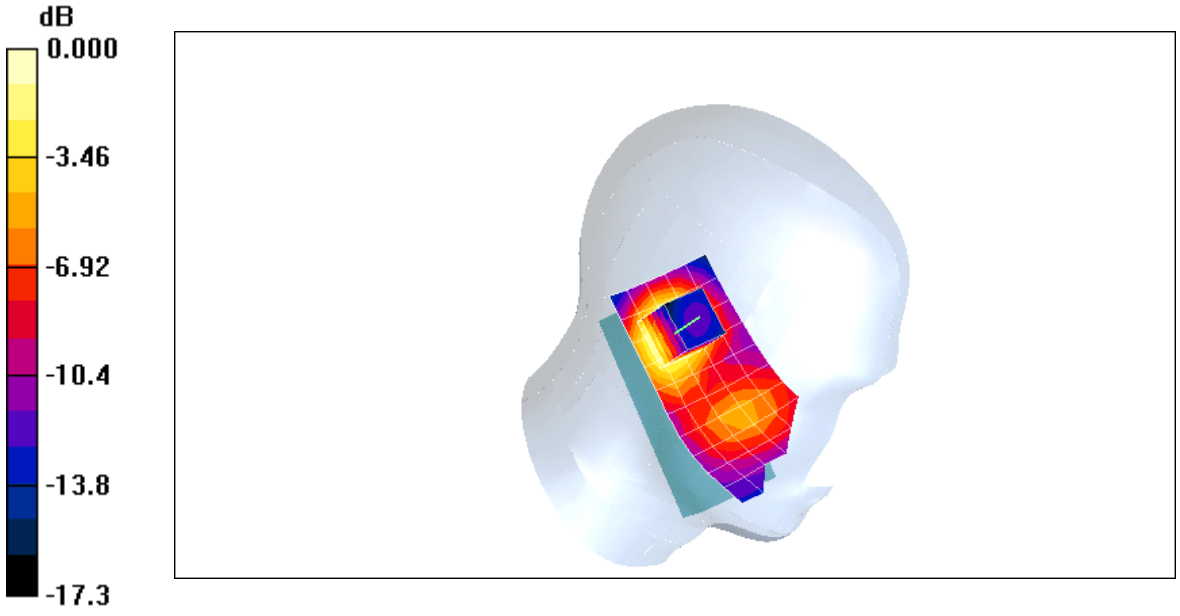
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.95, 5.22, 5.06); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/26/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.570 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.090 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.804 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.534 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 mW/g



0 dB = 0.582mW/g

CDMA-RC3 SO55 with headset (835MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	**824.70MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 55.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

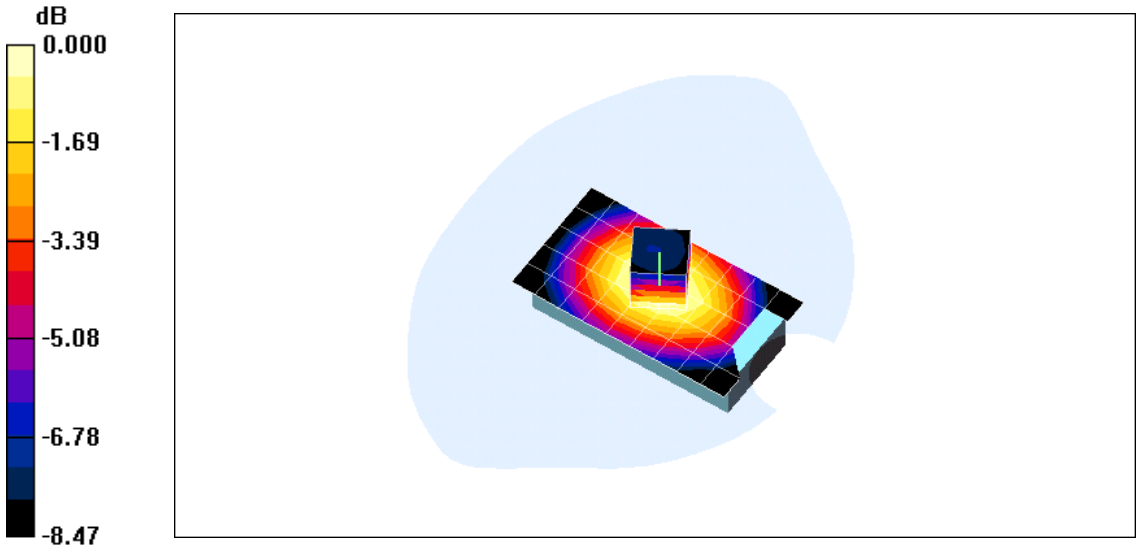
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards ground-middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.802 mW/g

Towards ground-middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.989 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.764 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.559 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.807 mW/g



0 dB =0.807mW/g

FLAT	Towards phantom	**824.70 MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 55.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

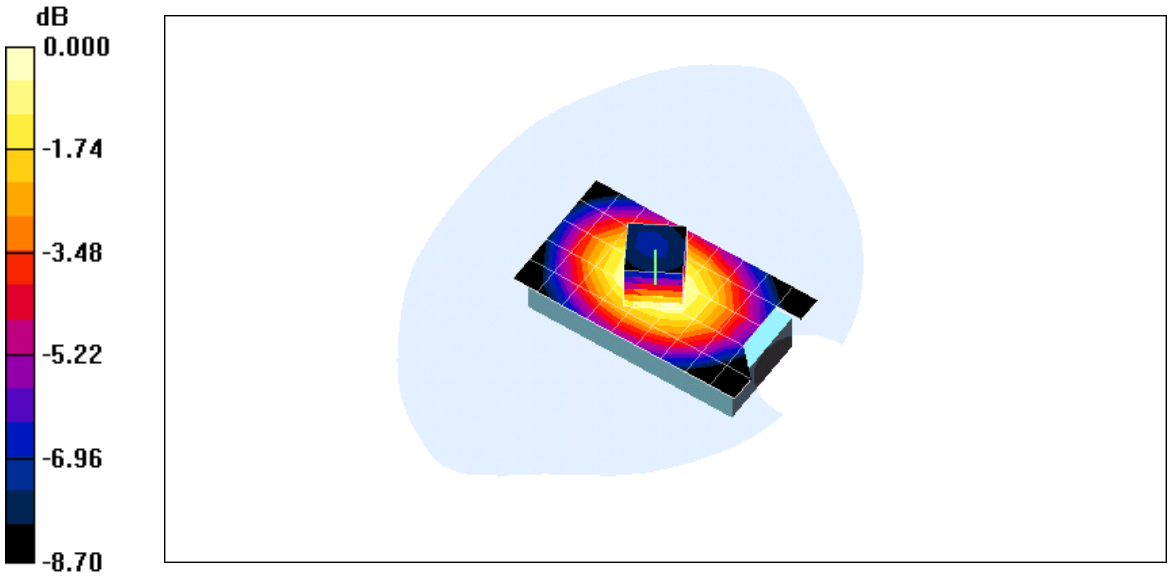
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards plantom-middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 mW/g

Towards plantom-middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.885 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.684 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.500 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.721 mW/g



0 dB =0.721mW/g

CDMA-RC3 SO32(FCH-SCH) (835MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	**824.70 MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.951 mho/m; ε_r = 56; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

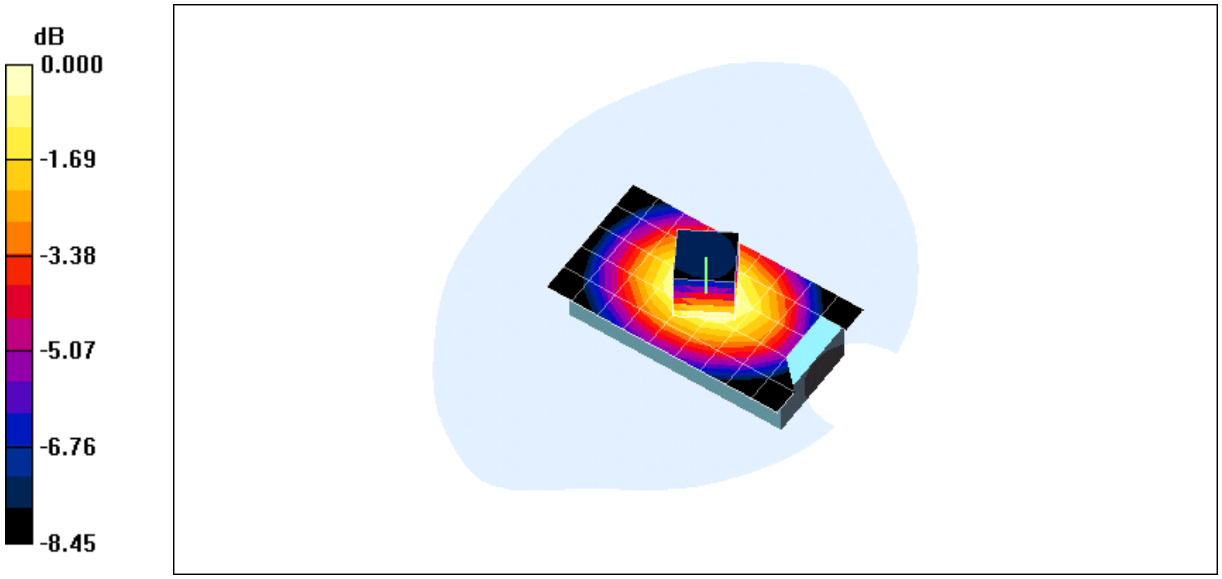
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

towards ground- Low-data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.990 mW/g

towards ground- Low-data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 32.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.957 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.700 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



0 dB = 1.01mW/g

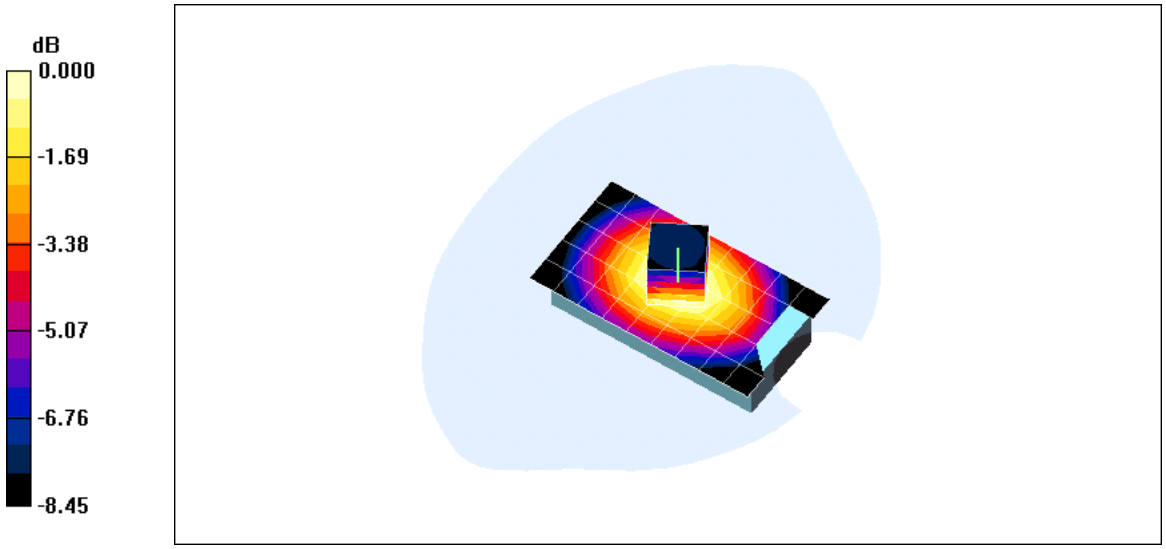
FLAT	Towards ground	**836.52 MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 55.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

towards ground- middle data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.930 mW/g

towards ground- middle data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.880 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.643 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.929 mW/g



0 dB = 0.929mW/g

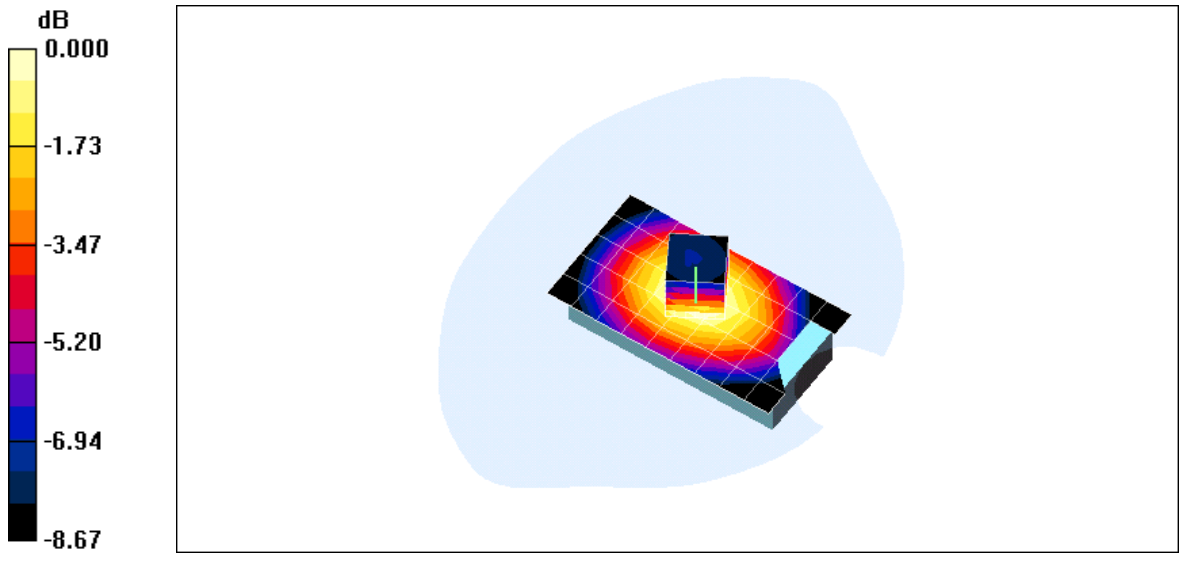
FLAT	Towards ground	**848.31MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 848.3 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.3 MHz; σ = 0.969 mho/m; ε_r = 55.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

towards ground-high- data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.932 mW/g

towards ground-high- data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.892 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.648 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.941 mW/g



0 dB =0.941 mW/g

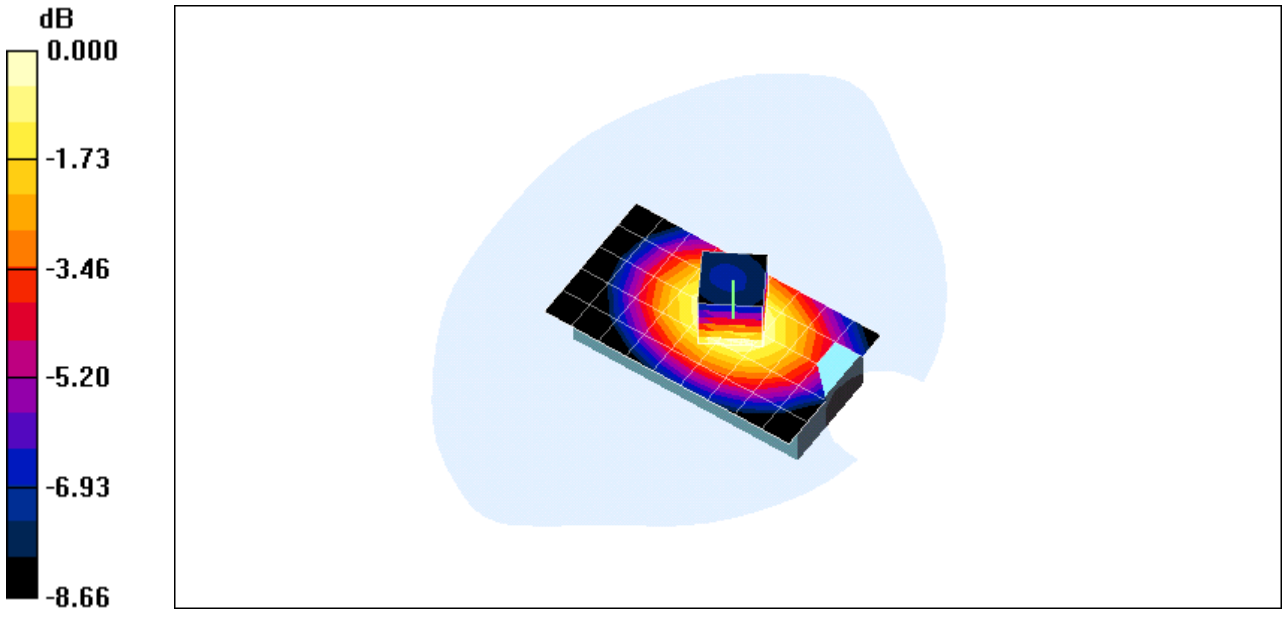
FLAT	Towards phantom	**824.70 MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.951 mho/m; ε_r = 56; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards plantom - low data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g

Towards plantom - low data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.067 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.949 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.693 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 mW/g



0 dB = 1.00mW/g

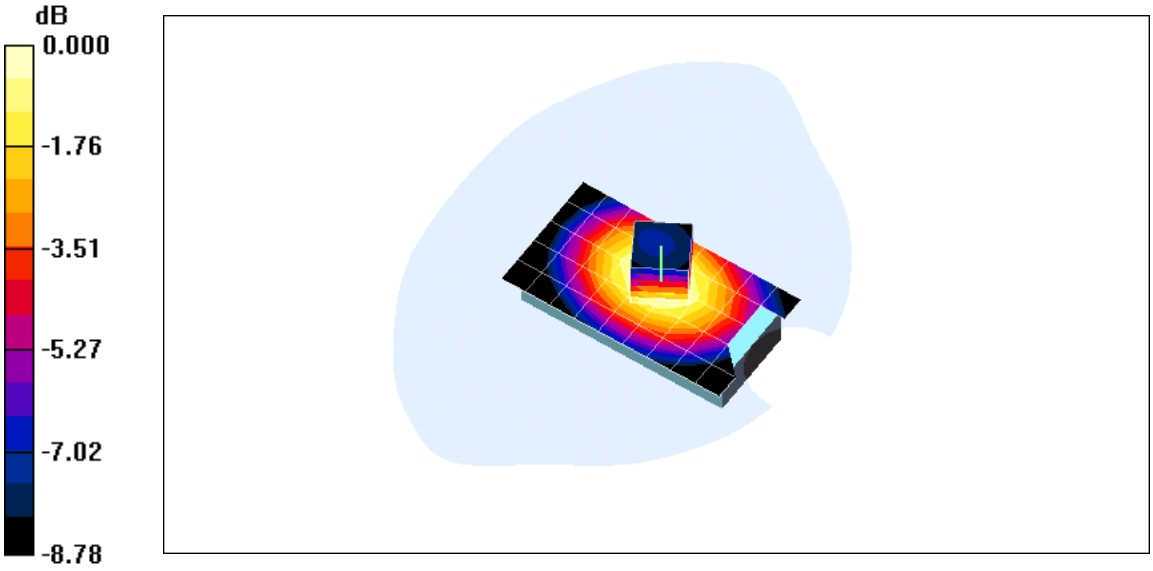
FLAT	Towards phantom	**836.52 MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 55.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

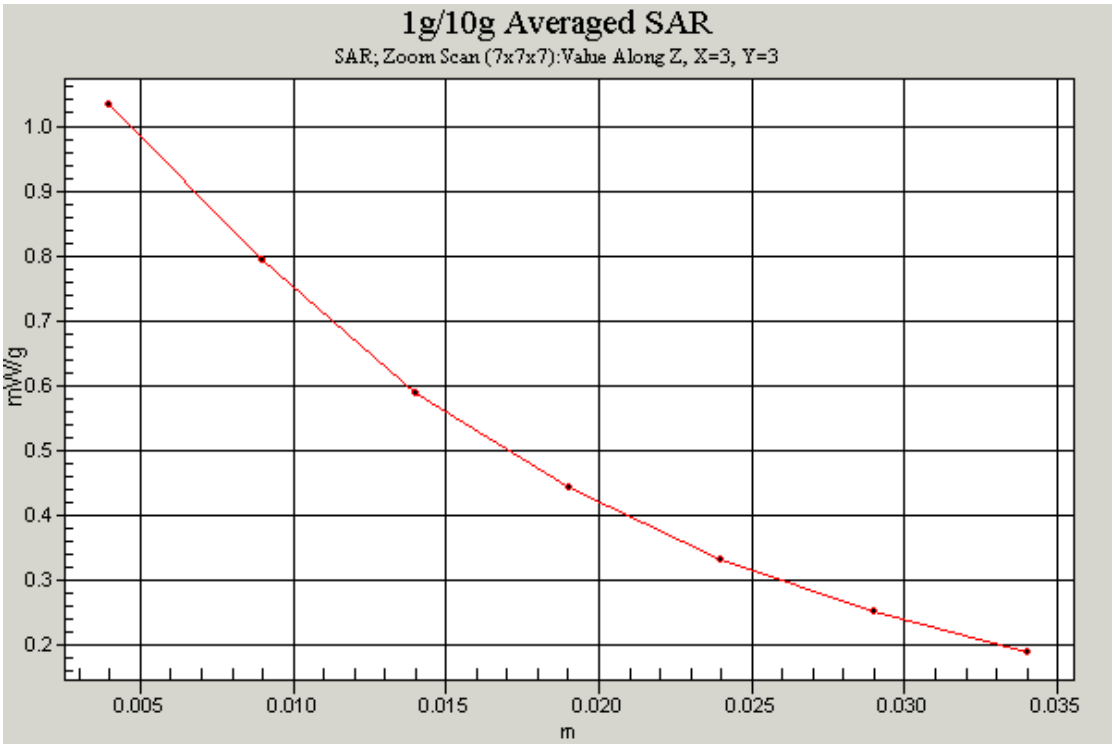
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards plantom - middle data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g

Towards plantom - middle data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.977 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.712 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g



0 dB =1.03 mW/g



Z-Scan at power reference point (835 MHz CH777)

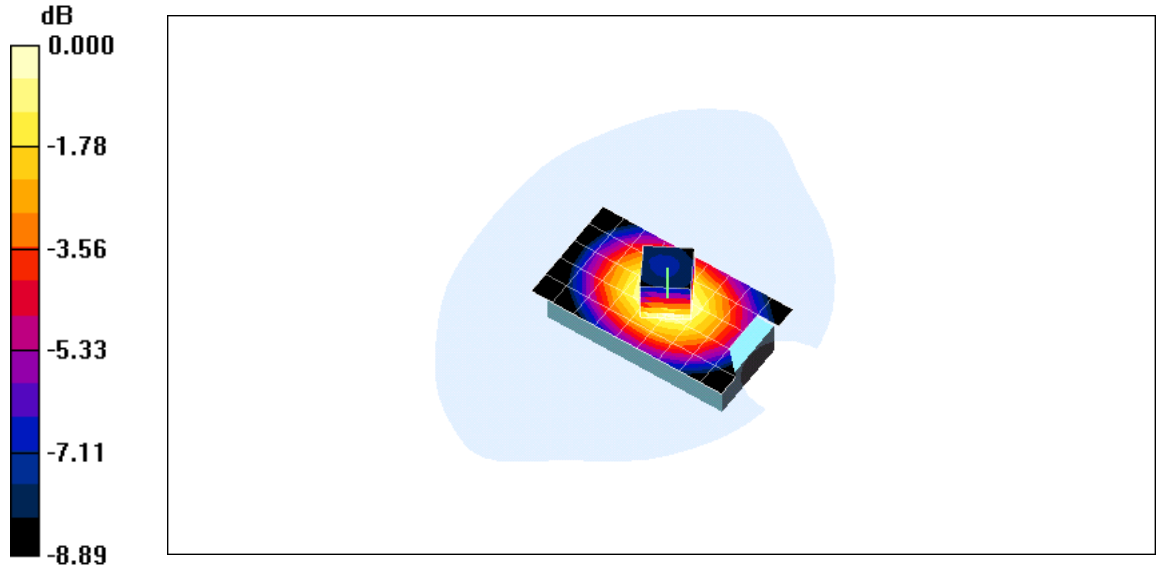
FLAT	Towards phantom	**848.31MHz**

Communication System: cdma 835; Frequency: 848.3 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.3 MHz; σ = 0.969 mho/m; ε_r = 55.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(6.78, 7.02, 6.8); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1560; Type: SAM; Serial: 1560
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards plantom -high data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.973 mW/g

Towards plantom -high data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.959 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.697 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



0 dB =1.02 mW/g

CDMA-RC3 SO55 with headset (835MHz/Flat)

FLAT	Towards ground	**1880.00MHz**

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

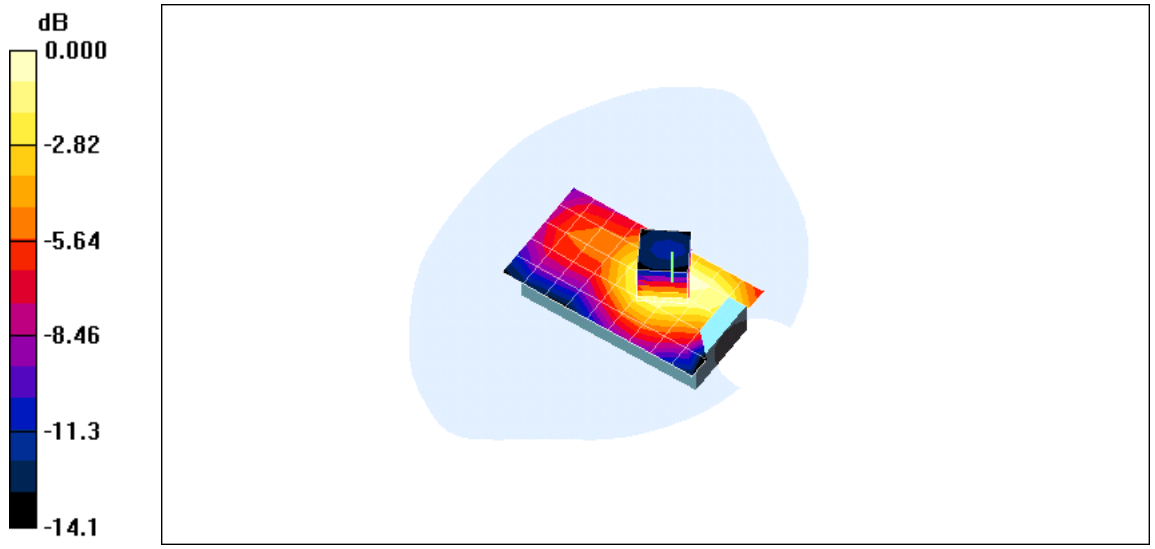
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.53, 4.79, 4.63); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards ground-middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.629 mW/g

Towards ground-middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.189 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.600 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 mW/g



0 dB =0.646mW/g

FLAT	Towards phantom	**1880.00 MHz**

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

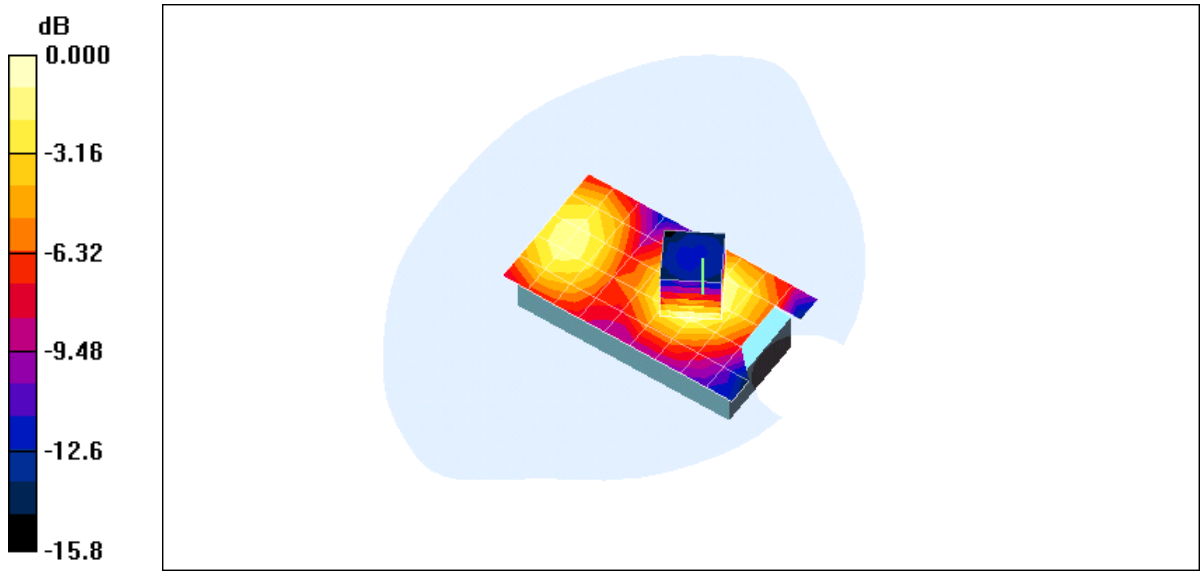
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.53, 4.79, 4.63); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards plantom-middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 mW/g

Towards plantom-middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.134 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.572 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.407 mW/g



0 dB =0.407mW/g

CDMA-RC3 SO32(FCH-SCH) (1900MHz/Flat)

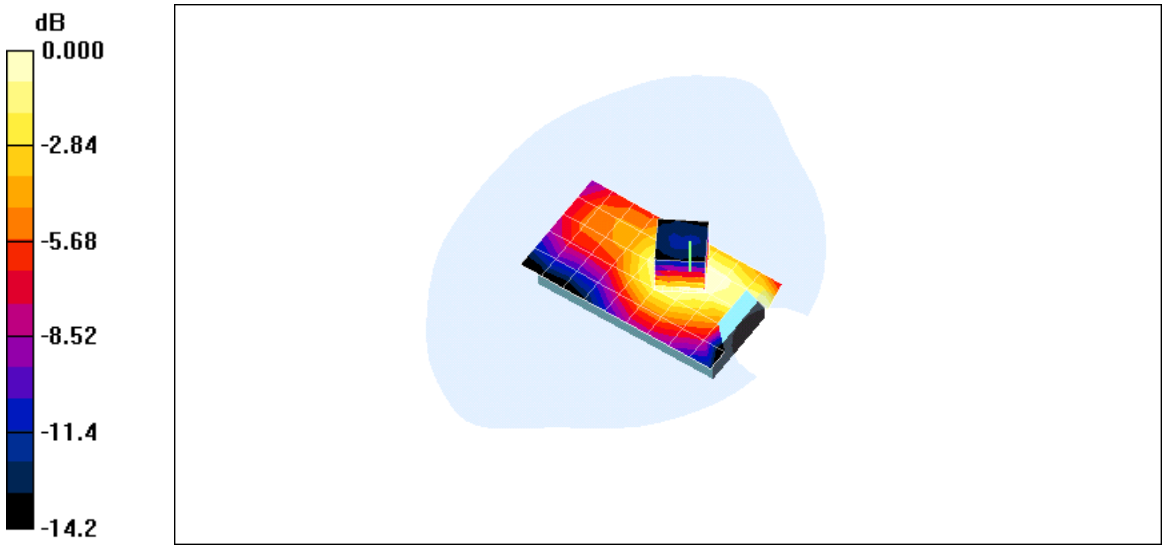
FLAT	Towards ground	**1880.00 MHz**

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.53, 4.79, 4.63); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards ground - middle data/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.568 mW/g

Towards ground - middle data/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.169 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.531 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 mW/g



0 dB = 0.580mW/g

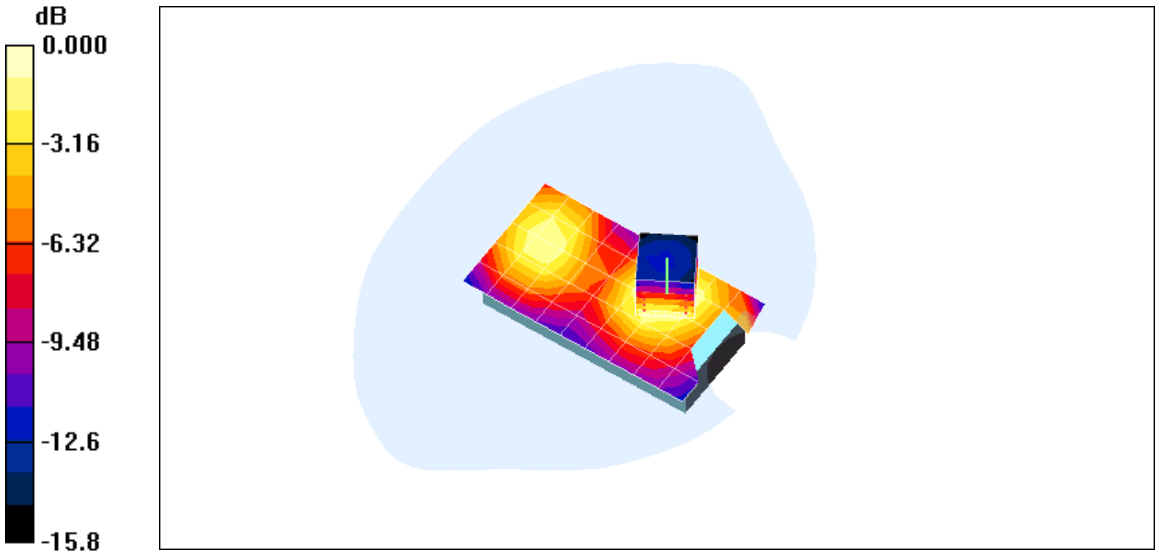
FLAT	Towards phantom	**1880.00 MHz**

Communication System: cdma PCS (2000 ,1900); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3128; ConvF(4.53, 4.79, 4.63); Calibrated: 4/21/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE - SN720; Calibrated: 1/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM 1559; Type: SAM; Serial: 1559
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards plantom - middle data /Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g

Towards plantom - middle data /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.469 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.308 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 mW/g



0 dB =0.333mW/g

APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center

Calibration Certificate

Instrument	Dosimetric E-field Probe
Type/Model	ES3DV3
Manufacturer	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
Serial No	SN:3128
Name of Client	The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center
Address of Client	No.98 Bei Lishi Road XiCheng District
Calibration Date	2011.4.21

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity<70%

Approved by

国家无线电监测中心检测中心 设备检测专用章

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Add: No.80 Bei Lishi Road, Xi Cheng District Beijing 100037, P .R .China

Page 1 of 6 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-003

The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center

Reference documents of the measurement(Code, Name)
SRTC3003-V1.0.0 Working procedure for calibration——SAR testing system
Place and environmental condition of the measurement
Temperature 23.1℃ Humidity 28.6% Location SRTC226 room

Primary Calibration Equipment used	Model/Type	ID#	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter	E4417A	SN: MY45101004	2010.8	2011.8
Power sensor	E9300B	SN: MY41496001	2010.8	2011.8
Power sensor	E9300B	SN: MY41496003	2010.8	2011.8
Reference DAE	DAE4	SN: 720	2011.1	2012.1
Signal generator	SML03	SN:103514	2010.8	2011.8
Network analyzer	8714ET	SN:US40372083	2010.8	2011.8
Secondary Calibration Equipment use	Model/Type	ID#		
Waveguide	WGLS R9	SN:1006		
Waveguide	WGLS R14	SN:1003		
Waveguide	WGLS R22	SN:1006		

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Note:

1. This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

   The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

2. This calibration certificate is not permitted to be reproduced except in full without written the approval of the only laboratory.

3. SRTC is responsible for the whole of certificate only with stamp of SRTC.

4. The calibration results would be valid only for the items calibration.

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Glossary

TSL	Tissue Simulating Liquid
NORMx, y, z	The sensitivity in free space
ConvF	The sensitivity of the TSL/The sensitivity in free space
DCP	Diode Compression Point
Angle φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Angle θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis i.e. θ=0，means that is normal to probe axis

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- NORMx, y, z：Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 for XY sensors and θ=90 for Z sensor
- NORM(f)x, y, z= NORMx, y, z * frequency_response. And this linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the states uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z：DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep(no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency and medium.
- ConvF and boundary effect：Assessed in flat phantom using E-field and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800MHz.The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation(alpha,depth)of which typical uncertainty values are given. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50MHz to ±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy：in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.

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The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center

Measurement Conditions

DASY versions	DSAY 5	V52.2.0.163
Model	Flat phantom	———

Probe Sensitivity Parameters

	Value	Unit
Axis X	1.00	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
Axis Y	1.00	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
Axis Z	1.00	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$

1. Diode Compression Point

	Value	Unit	Uncertainty (k=2)
Axis X	97.40	mV	10.82%
Axis Y	101.40	mV	10.82%
Axis Z	100.70	mV	10.82%

2. Probe Conversion Factors: Head Tissue Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Validity (MHz)	Permittivity	Conductivity (mho/m)	Alpha	Depth (mm)	ConvFx/ ConvFy / ConvFz $\mu V/(V/m)^2$			Uncertainty ($k=2$)
835	±100	41.93	0.916	0.448	1.499	7.880	8.301	8.050	13.02%
900	±100	42.72	0.968	0.607	1.271	9.029	9.525	9.201	13.02%
1800	±100	39.61	1.354	0.312	2.126	6.154	6.495	6.273	13.02%
1900	±100	39.11	1.463	0.381	1.832	4.947	5.220	5.055	13.02%
2450	±100	38.30	1.890	0.394	1.808	3.308	3.487	3.402	13.02%

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3. Probe Conversion Factors: Body Tissue Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Validity (MHz)	Permittivity	Conductivity (mho/m)	Alpha	Depth (mm)	ConvFx/ ConvFy/ConvFz $\mu V/(V/m)^2$			Uncertainty ($k=2$)
835	±100	54.05	0.983	0.508	1.412	6.776	7.019	6.804	13.02%
900	±100	54.48	1.055	0.672	1.244	8.755	9.243	8.919	13.02%
1800	±100	53.74	1.567	0.316	2.446	5.702	6.018	5.816	13.02%
1900	±100	53.40	1.679	0.330	2.414	4.532	4.785	4.632	13.02%
2450	±100	52.70	1.950	0.623	1.368	4.580	4.859	4.673	13.02%

4. Probe Isotropy

	Value	Unit	Uncertainty(k=2)
Axial Isotropy	-0.071	dB	10.18%
Spherical Isotropy	-0.171	dB	10.18%

Calibrated by 张明远 Checked by 倪正

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