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June 9, 2010

Fortress Technologies 2 Technology Park Drive Westford, MA 01886

Dear John Pacheco,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Fortress Technologies, Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class A Digital Device, and FCC Part 15.407 and Industry Canada RSS-210, Annex 9, Issue 7, June 2007 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell

Documentation Department

Reference: (\Fortress Technologies\EMC28898-FCC407)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Fortress Technologies Model Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in

Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class A Digital Devices
&

FCC Part 15.407 & RSS-210, Annex 9
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC28898-FCC407

June 9, 2010

Prepared For:

Fortress Technologies 2 Technology Park Drive Westford, MA 01886

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave. Baltimore, MD 21230

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FCC Part 15.407 & RSS-210, Annex 9 for Intentional Radiators

Dusmantha Tennakoon, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Q. Lemakenov

Jennifer Warnell

Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules Parts 15B, Part 15.407 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210 Annex 9 under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen, Wireless Manager Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	June 9, 2010	Initial Issue.

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μН	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane

I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Fortress Technologies Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440, with the requirements of FCC Part 15, §15.407 and Industry Canada RSS-210 Annex 9. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440. Fortress Technologies should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 15, §15.407 and Industry Canada RSS-210, Annex 9, in accordance with Fortress Technologies, quote number 2381. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	Industry Canada Reference	Description	Results
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
15.203	RSS-GEN 7.1.4	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
15.207	RSS-GEN 7.2.2; RSS-210 2.2	AC Conducted Emissions 150KHz – 30MHz	Compliant
15.403 (i)	A8.2	26dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
15.407 (a)(3)	A9.2(3)	Conducted Transmitter Output Power	Compliant
15.407 (a)(3)	A9.2(3)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
15.407 (a)(6)	N/A	Peak Excursion	Compliant
15.407 (b)(4), (6)	A9.3(4)	A9.3(4) Undesirable Emissions (15.205/15.209 - General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	
15.407(f)	RSS-GEN	RF Exposure	Compliant
15.407(g)	2.1	Frequency Stability	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.407 & RSS-210 Annex 9 Compliance Testing

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Fortress Technologies to perform testing on the Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440, under Fortress Technologies' quote number 1FOR2402.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Fortress Technologies Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440			
Model(s) Covered:	Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440			
	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz			
	FCC ID: WYK-ES440 IC ID: 8190A-ES440			
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM		
EUT	Emission Designators:	D7D		
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	NII		
	Peak RF Output Power:	M25	34.35 mW	
		M5	60.39 mW	
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 5745-5805 MHz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate	e only to	the item(s) tested.	
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar			
Evaluated by:	Minh Ly			
Report Date(s):	June 9, 2010			

Table 2. EUT Summary

B. References

RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007	Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart E	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices (UNII)	
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements	
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories	
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All radio testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All digital testing was preformed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 3162 Belick Street, Santa Clara, CA 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

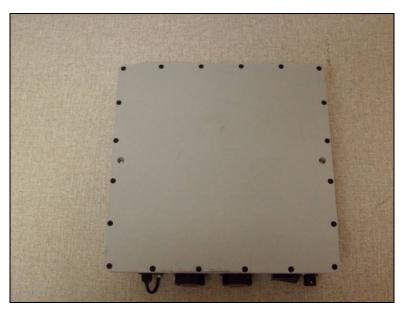
D. Description of Test Sample

The Fortress Technologies Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a quad radio access point/bridge. It embeds four COTS high power radios and two Ethernet ports in a ruggedized enclosure. The radio operates in accordance to the 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g standards.

The ES440 is intended to provided outdoor mobile connectivity in a secure manner both wired and wirelessly.



Photograph 1. Top View of EUT



Photograph 2. Rear View of EUT

E. Equipment Configuration

All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID Name / Description		Model Number	Serial Number	
1 Fortress Infrastrucure Mesh Point		ES440	109480696	

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment was not necessary for the operation and testing of the Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440.

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID Port Name on EUT		Cable Description	Qty.	Termination Point
N/A	Ant (1 & 2)	Antenna	2	Spectrum Analyzer
N/A	AC Pwr	Provides power	1	External AC Charger

Table 5. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The ES440 can operate in 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g modes. These modes may be configured using the UI of the product. Additionally, these modes may be entered by using ART, the Atheros Radio Test tool. This is a standard tool provide by Atheros for directly manipulating and configuring their chips during testing and manufacturing.

I. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

J. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Fortress Technologies upon completion of testing.

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 6, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB ₁		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

* -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).

Table 6. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions

were below applicable limits.

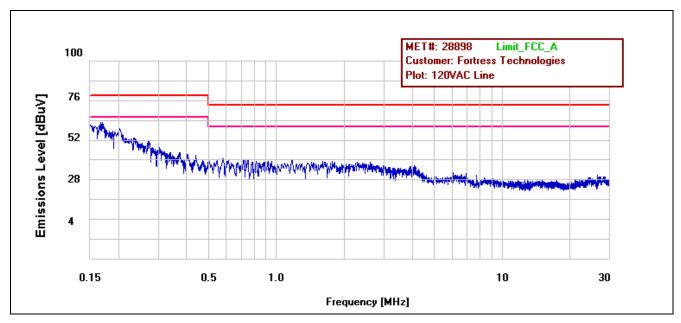
Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya and Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 05/14/10

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
120VAC Line	0.167	56.54	79	-22.46	Pass	42.13	66	-23.87	Pass
120VAC Line	2.38	33.83	73	-39.17	Pass	23.16	60	-36.84	Pass
120VAC Line	0.248	53.38	79	-25.62	Pass	44.44	66	-21.56	Pass

Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

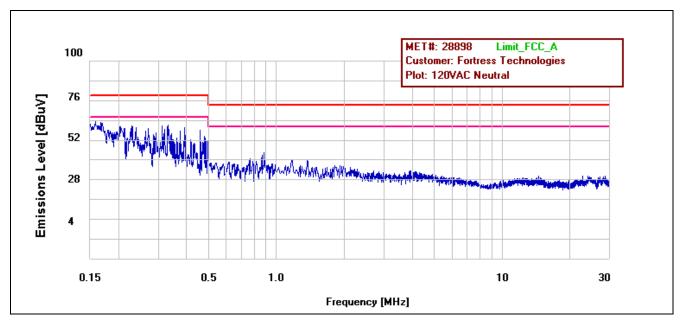


Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
120VAC Neutral	0.199	51.44	79	-27.56	Pass	40.63	66	-25.37	Pass
120VAC Neutral	0.205	53.96	79	-25.04	Pass	46.26	66	-19.74	Pass
120VAC Neutral	0.308	40.63	79	-38.37	Pass	35.11	66	-30.89	Pass

Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot

Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 9.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 9.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)					
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (а),Class В Limit (dВµV) @ 3m				
30 - 88	39.00	40.00				
88 - 216	43.50	43.50				
216 - 960	46.40	46.00				
Above 960	49.50	54.00				

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s):

Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date(s):

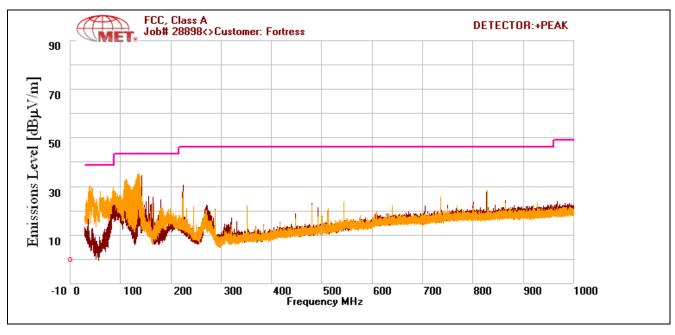
05/06/10

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

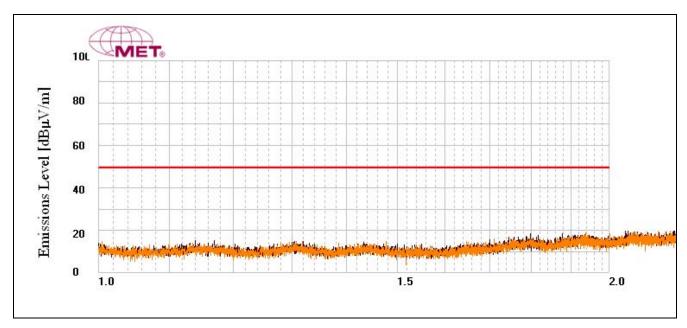
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
136.98	V	80	100	27.26	12.642	0	3.242	-10.46	32.684	43.5	-10.816
112.86	V	213	100	27.82	13.186	0	2.986	-10.46	33.532	43.5	-9.968
43.81	V	150	100	27.41	10.076	0	1.644	-10.46	28.67	39	-10.33
224	V	310	100	23.65	11.1	0	3.828	-10.46	28.118	46.4	-18.282
137.54	Н	227	231	23.99	12.148	0	3.248	-10.46	28.926	43.5	-14.574
224	Н	260	152	26.84	10.72	0	3.828	-10.46	30.928	46.4	-15.472

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, FCC Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits



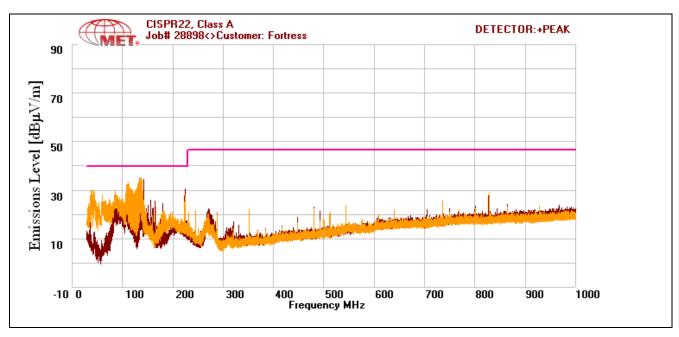
Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, Above 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
136.98	V	80	100	27.26	12.642	0	3.242	-10.46	32.684	40	-7.316
112.86	V	213	100	27.82	13.186	0	2.986	-10.46	33.532	40	-6.468
43.81	V	150	100	27.41	10.076	0	1.644	-10.46	28.67	40	-11.33
224	V	310	100	23.65	11.1	0	3.828	-10.46	28.118	40	-11.882
137.54	Н	227	231	23.99	12.148	0	3.248	-10.46	28.926	40	-11.074
224	Н	260	152	26.84	10.72	0	3.828	-10.46	30.928	40	-9.072

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 5. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits

IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators – M25

Electromagnetic Compatibility for Intentional Radiators – M25 Radio CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement – M25

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results:

The unit is professionally installed. Therefore, the EUT as tested is compliant with the criteria of §15.203.

Frequency	Gain/Model	Manufacturer		
5 GHz	9 dBi / EC09-5500	Mobile Mark Communications		

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/03/09



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits – M25

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Cond	ucted Limit (dBµV)
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 12. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Pre-scans revealed that emissions profiles and amplitudes of emissions were similar when the EUT was transmitting on low, mid and high channels. Therefore, final measurements were taken when the EUT was transmitting on high channel (i.e. 5805 MHz)

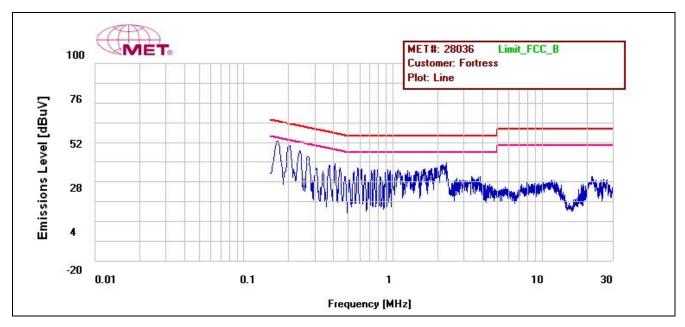
Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date(s): 11/24/09

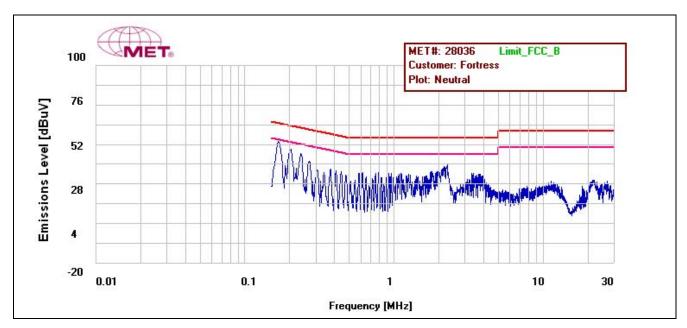
Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, (120V/60Hz)

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Line	.169	51.96	65.012	-13.052	Pass	43.66	55.012	-11.352	Pass
Line	.204	49.33	63.453	-14.123	Pass	44.43	53.453	-9.023	Pass
Line	2.24	36.64	56	-19.36	Pass	23.51	46	-22.49	Pass
Neutral	.170	52.95	64.963	-12.013	Pass	43.35	54.963	-11.613	Pass
Neutral	.203	48.34	63.494	-15.154	Pass	41.74	53.494	-11.754	Pass
Neutral	2.24	38.13	56	-17.87	Pass	30.45	46	-15.55	Pass

Table 13. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, M25 Radio



Plot 6. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot, M25 Radio



Plot 7. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot, M25 Radio



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 403(c) 26dB Bandwidth – M25 Radio

Test Requirements: § 15.403 (i): For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by

measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under

measurement.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to low, mid and high operating frequencies at the highest output power

and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 26 dB Bandwidth was

measured and recorded.

Test ResultsThe 26 dB Bandwidth was compliant with the requirements of this section and was determined

from the plots on the following pages.

Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
5745	16.7899	25.302
5785	16.7548	25.160
5805	16.8276	25.305

Table 14. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results, M25 Radio

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/03/09

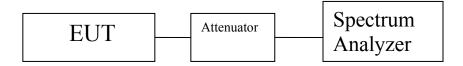
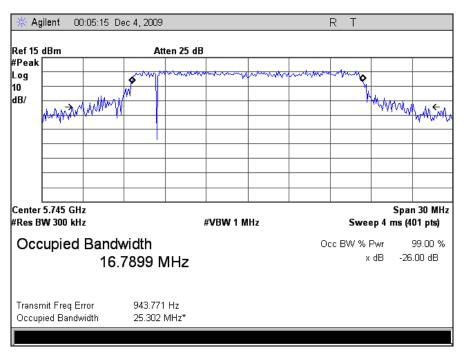
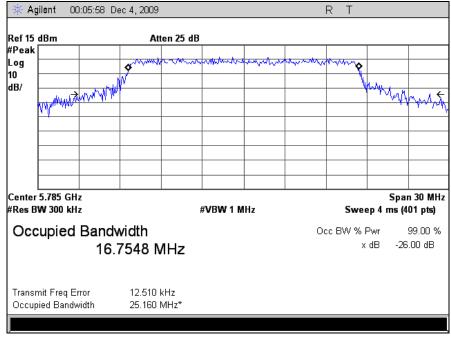


Figure 1. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Setup

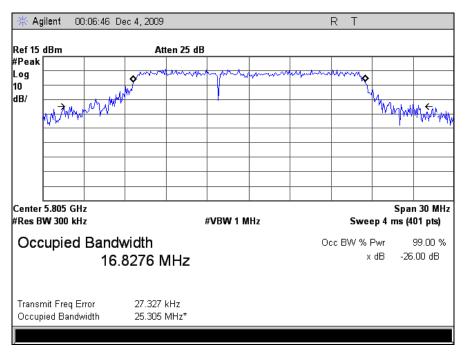
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Plot 8. Occupied Bandwidth, 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 9. Occupied Bandwidth, 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 10. Occupied Bandwidth, 5805 MHz, M25 Radio



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 407(a)(3) RF Power Output – M25

Test Requirements: §15.407(a) (3): The maximum output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit
5150-5250	50mW
5250-5350	250mW
5470–5725	250mW
5725–5825	1W

Table 15. Output Power Requirements from §15.407

§15.407(a) (3): For the band 5.725–5.825 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer. The power was measured on three channels.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.401(a)(2).

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/03/09

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (mW)	Limit (W)
5745	14.21	26.36	1
5785	15.35	34.35	1
5805	15.26	33.57	1

Table 16. RF Power Output, Test Results, M25 Radio

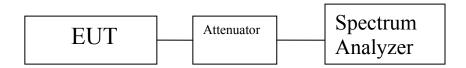
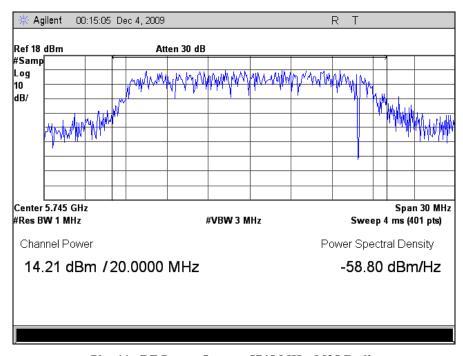
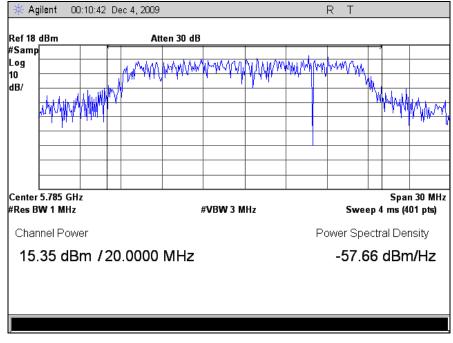


Figure 2. Power Output Test Setup

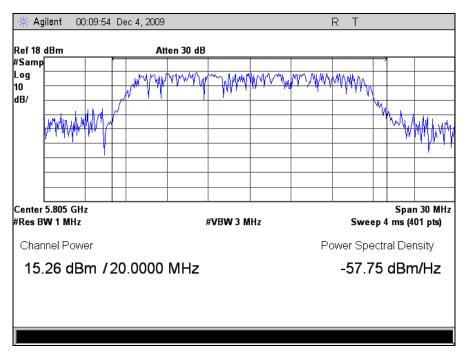
RF Output Power Test Results



Plot 11. RF Power Output, 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 12. RF Power Output, 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 13. RF Power Output, 5805 MHz, M25 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(3) Peak Power Spectral Density – M25

Test Requirements:

§ 15.407(a)(3): The peak power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain up to 23dBi without any corresponding reduction in the transmitter peak output power or peak power spectral density. For fixed, point-to-point U-NII transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in peak transmitter power and peak power spectral density for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi would be required. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni directional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level on the EUT. The RBW was set to 1MHz and the VBW was set to 3MHz. The method of measurement #2 from the FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138 was used.

Test Results:

Equipment was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.407 (a)(2). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer(s):

Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s):

12/03/09

Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm)
5745	12.40
5785	12.68
5805	12.61

Table 17. Power Spectral Density, Test Results, M25 Radio

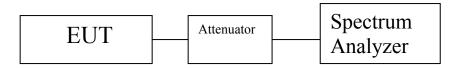
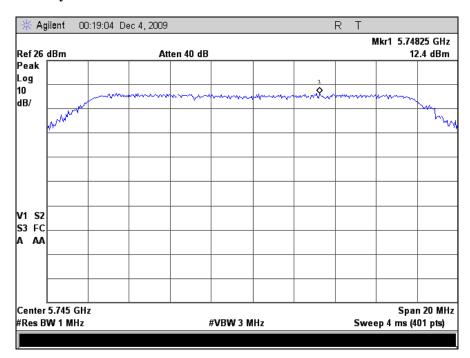
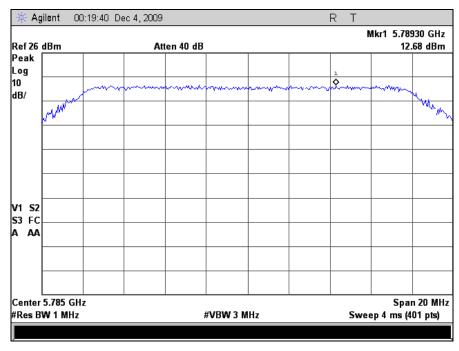


Figure 3. Power Spectral Density Test Setup

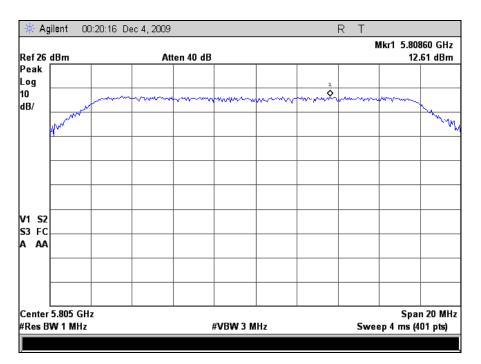
Power Spectral Density Test Results



Plot 14. Power Spectral Density, 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 15. Power Spectral Density, 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 16. Power Spectral Density, 5805 MHz, M25 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(6) Peak Excursion Ratio – M25

Test Requirements: § 15.407(a)(6): The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a

peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is

less

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected directly to the spectrum analyzer through cabling and attenuation. The

1st trace on the spectrum analyzer was set to RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz. The peak detector mode was used and the trace max held. The 2nd trace on the spectrum analyzer was set according to measurement method #1 from the FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138 for making

conducted power measurements.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the peak excursion ratio limits of § 15.407(a)(6). The peak

excursion ratio was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/03/09

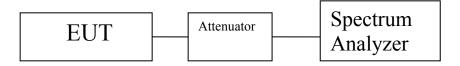
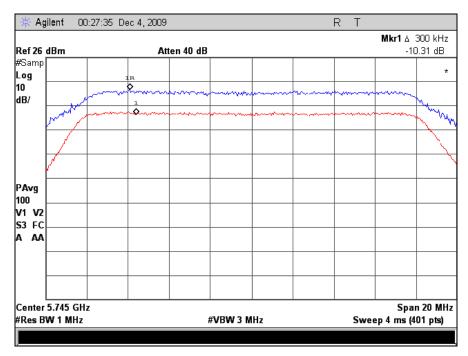
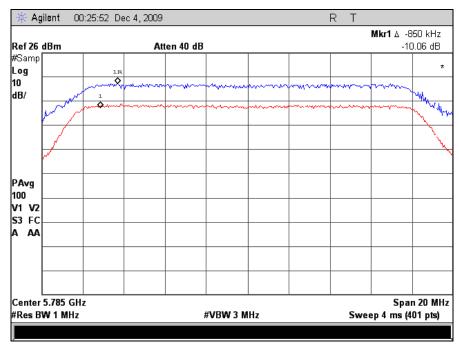


Figure 4. Peak Excursion Ration Test Setup

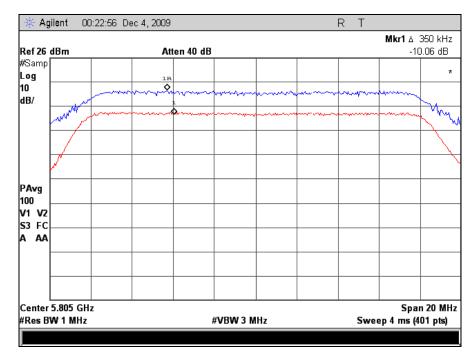
Peak Excursion Test Results



Plot 17. Peak Excursion Ratio, 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 18. Peak Excursion Ratio, 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 19. Peak Excursion Ratio, 5805 MHz, M25 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility for Intentional Radiators – M25 Radio CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407_(b) Undesirable Emissions – M25

Test Requirements: § 15.407(b)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7), §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§ 15.407(b)(4): For transmitters operating in the 5.725–5.825 GHz band: all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an EIRP of –17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an EIRP of –27 dBm/MHz.

§ 15.407(b)(6): Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in Section 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in Section 15.207.

§ 15.407(b)(7): The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was placed on an acrylic stand inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

For measurements above 1 GHz, measurements were made with a Peak detector with 1 MHz resolution bandwidth. Where the spurious emissions fell into a restricted band, measurements were also made with an average detector to make sure they complied with 15.209 limits. Emissions were explored up to 40 GHz.

The equation, EIRP= $E + 20 \log D - 104.8$ was used to convert an EIRP limit to a field strength

limit.

E = field strength (dBuV/m)

D = Reference measurement distance (m)

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Emission limits for Intentional Radiators. See

following pages for detailed test results.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/22/09

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(b)(4): Harmonic and Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated

Channel (MHz)	Frequency (GHz)	Measured value (corrected) @ 1m dBuV/m	Limit @ 1m	Margin	Remark
	5.167	77.17	77.8	-0.63	Peak
	5.3623	61.97	63.5	-1.53	Avg
5745	5.3639	75.23	83.5	-8.27	Peak
	6.5307	71.16	77.8	-6.64	Peak
	17.945	68	77.8	-9.8	Peak
	5.1575	77.4	77.8	-0.4	Peak
	5.3619	61.86	63.5	-1.64	Avg
5785	5.4536	75.94	83.5	-7.56	Peak
	6.6545	71.06	77.8	-6.74	Peak
	17.89	67.86	77.8	-9.94	Peak
	5.1575	77.03	77.8	-0.77	Peak
5805	5.3577	62.03	63.5	-1.47	Avg
	5.3639	77.38	83.5	-6.12	Peak
	5.8443	72.79	77.8	-5.01	Peak
	17.8625	67.69	77.8	-10.11	Peak

Table 18. Radiated Spurs, Test Results, M25 Radio

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

Limit Calculations:

-27 dBm/MHz

 $\overline{EIRP} = \overline{E0} + 20\log(D) - 104.8$

E0 = -27 + 104.8 (measurements made at 1m)

 $E0 = 77.8 \ dBuV/m$

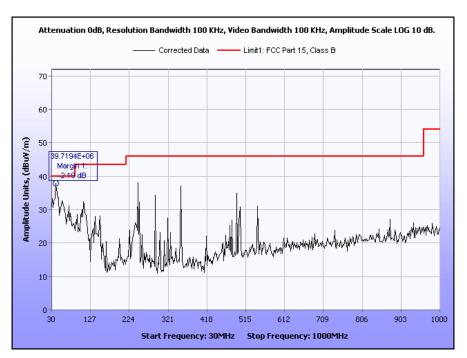
-17 dBm/MHz:

EIRP = E0 + 20log(D) - 104.8

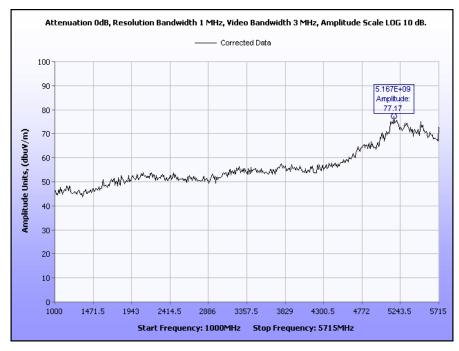
E0 = -17 + 104.8 (measurements made at 1m)

 $E0 = 87.8 \, dBuV/m$

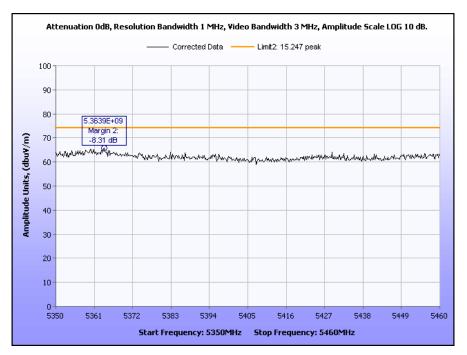
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



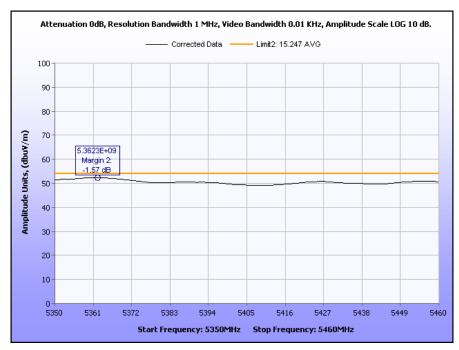
Plot 20. Radiated Spurs, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



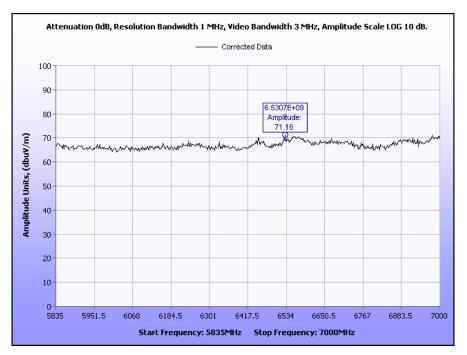
Plot 21. Radiated Spurs, 1 GHz - 5.715 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



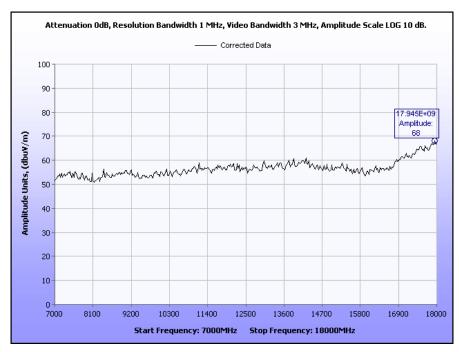
Plot 22. Radiated Spurs, 5.35 GHz - 5.46 GHz, Peak, Channel 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



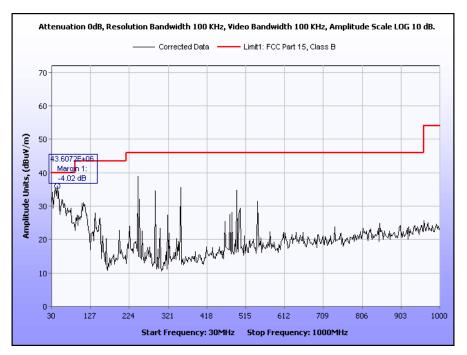
Plot 23. Radiated Spurs, 5.35 GHz - 5.46 GHz, Average, Channel 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



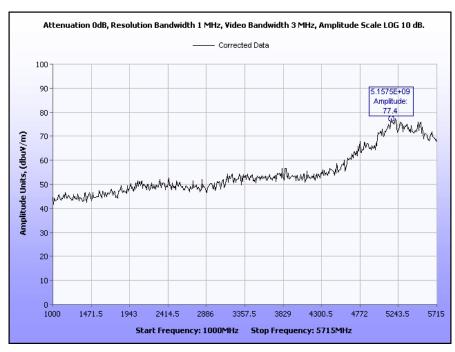
Plot 24. Radiated Spurs, 5.835 GHz - 7 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



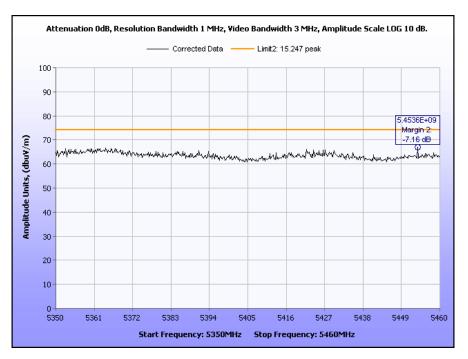
Plot 25. Radiated Spurs, 7 GHz - 18 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M25 Radio



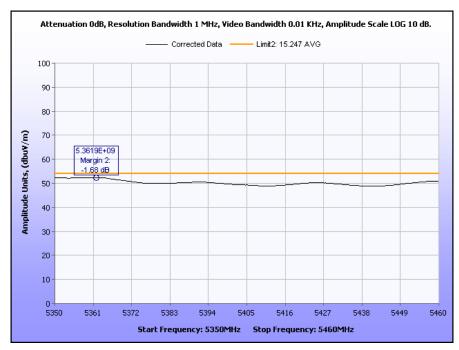
Plot 26. Radiated Spurs, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



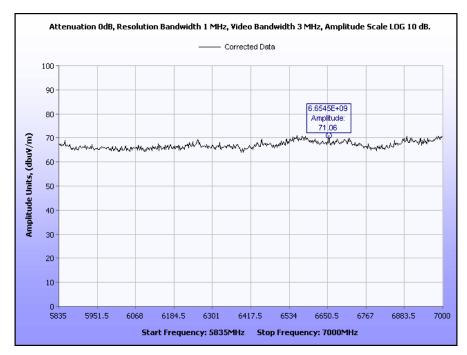
Plot 27. Radiated Spurs, 1 GHz - 5.715 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



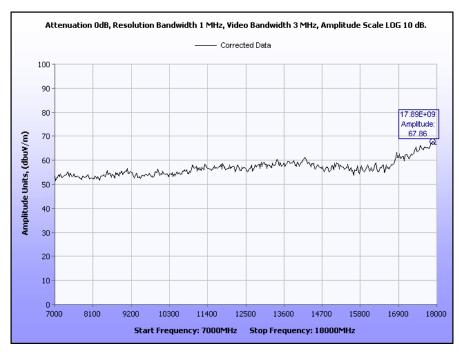
Plot 28. Radiated Spurs, 5.35 GHz - 5.46 GHz, Peak, Channel 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



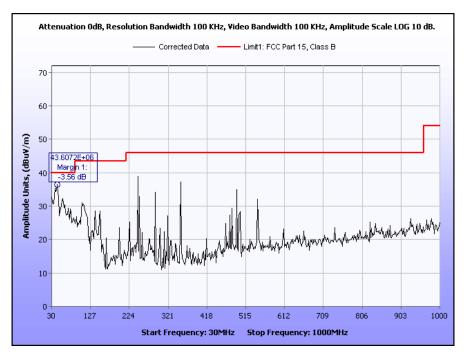
Plot 29. Radiated Spurs, 5.35 GHz - 5.46 GHz, Avg, Channel 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



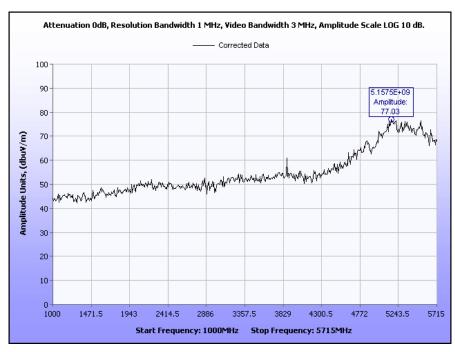
Plot 30. Radiated Spurs, 5.835 GHz - 7 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



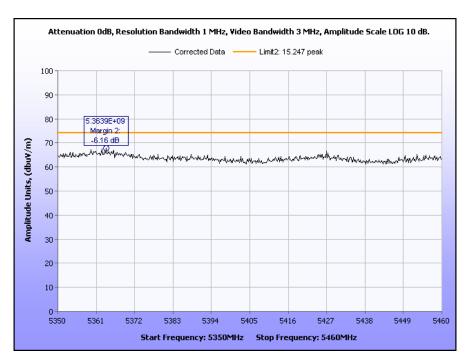
Plot 31. Radiated Spurs, 7 GHz - 18 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M25 Radio



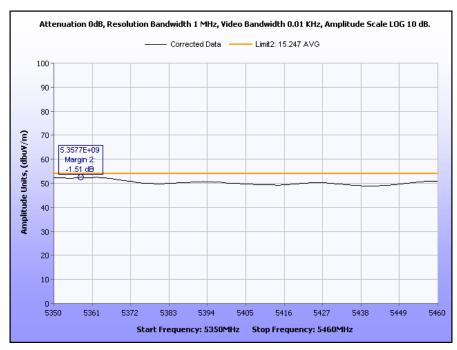
Plot 32. Radiated Spurs, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M25 Radio



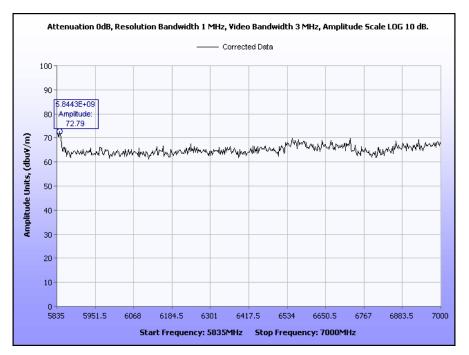
Plot 33. Radiated Spurs, 1 GHz - 5.715 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M25 Radio



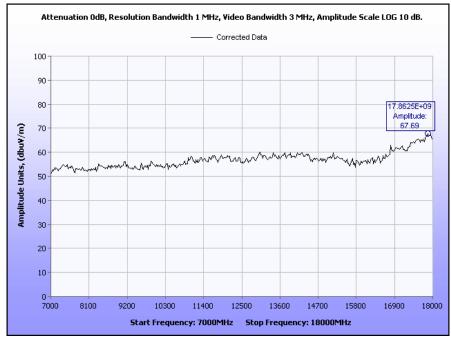
Plot 34. Radiated Spurs, 5.35 GHz - 5.46 GHz, Peak, Channel 5805 MHz, M25 Radio



Plot 35. Radiated Spurs, 5.35 GHz - 5.46 GHz, Avg, Channel 5805 MHz, M25 Radio

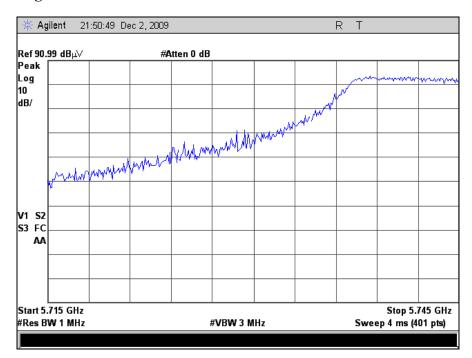


Plot 36. Radiated Spurs, 5.835 GHz - 7 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M25 Radio

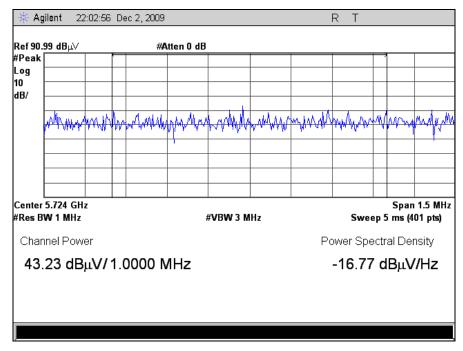


Plot 37. Radiated Spurs, 7 GHz - 18 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M25 Radio

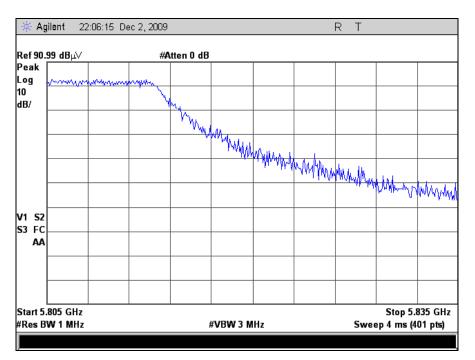
Radiated Band Edge Test Results



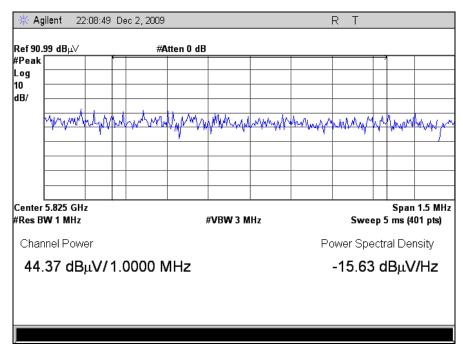
Plot 38. Radiated Band Edge, Lower Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band, M25 Radio



Plot 39. Radiated Band Edge, Lower Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band Integration, M25 Radio



Plot 40. Radiated Band Edge, Upper Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band, M25 Radio



Plot 41. Radiated Band Edge, Upper Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band Integration, M25 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(g) Frequency Stability – M25

Test Requirements: § 15.407(g): Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability

such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal

operation as specified in the users manual.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer through a attenuator. The resolution

band width of the spectrum analyzer was set to 10 KHz. The 1^{st} trace of the Spectrum Analyzer was used as a reference at 20° C. A 2^{nd} trace was used to show the drift of the carrier at extreme

conditions. A delta marker was used to find the drift at a given extreme condition.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of §15.407(g).

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/22/09

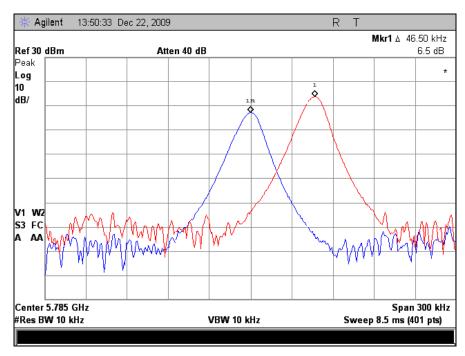
Temperature (centigrade)	Drift (kHz)	Drift (ppm)
55	32.3	5.6
50	27.0	4.7
40	10.5	1.8
30	0.0	0
20	ref	ref
10	3.0	0.5
0	15.0	2.6
-10	24.8	4.3
-20	46.5	8

Table 19. Frequency Stability, Reference 5785 MHz at 20°C, Test Results, M25 Radio

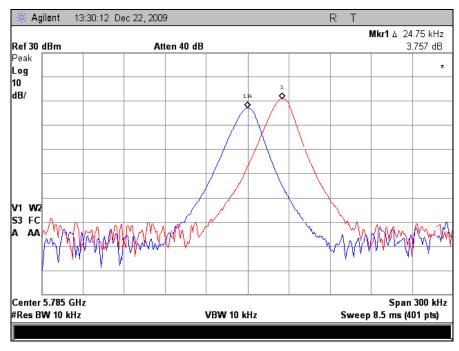
Voltage variation					
Voltage (VAC) Drift (kHz) Drift (ppm)					
102	0	0			
138	-1	-0.2			

Table 20. Frequency Stability, Reference 5785 MHz at 120 VAC and 20°C, Test Results, M25 Radio

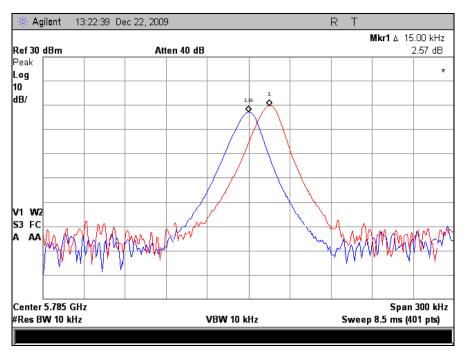
Frequency Stability Test Results



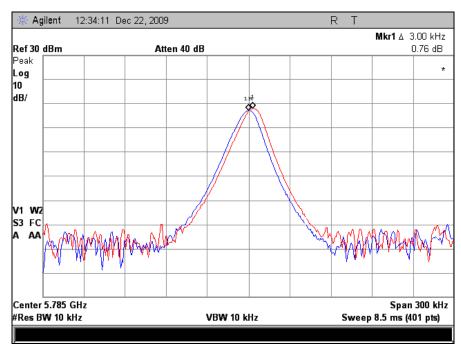
Plot 42. Frequency Stability, -20°C, M25 Radio



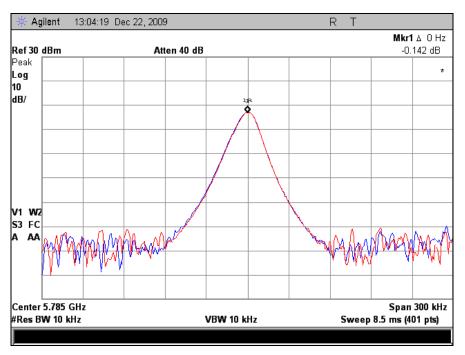
Plot 43. Frequency Stability, -10°C, M25 Radio



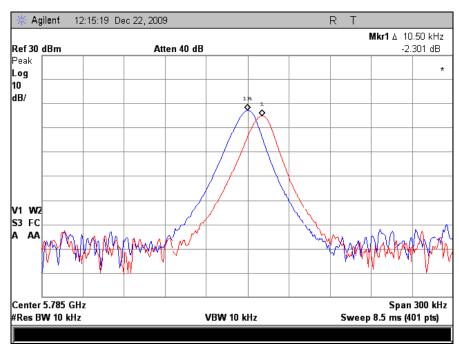
Plot 44. Frequency Stability, 0°C, M25 Radio



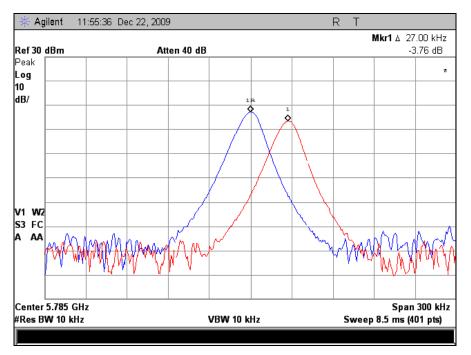
Plot 45. Frequency Stability, 10°C, M25 Radio



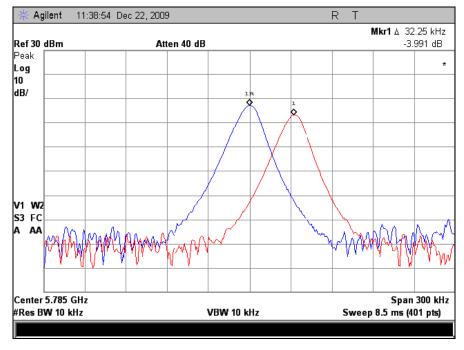
Plot 46. Frequency Stability, 30°C, M25 Radio



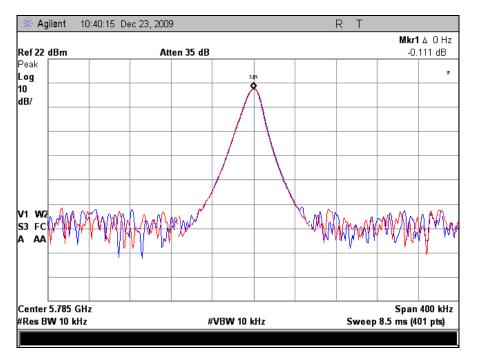
Plot 47. Frequency Stability, 40°C, M25 Radio



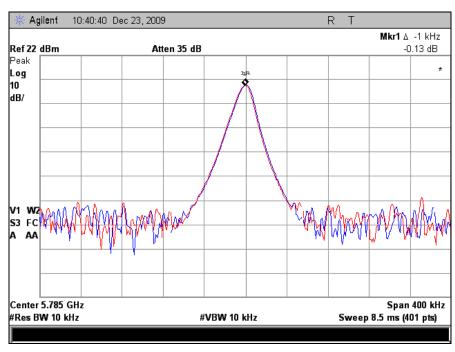
Plot 48. Frequency Stability, 50°C, M25 Radio



Plot 49. Frequency Stability, 55°C, M25 Radio



Plot 50. Frequency Stability, 102VAC, M25 Radio



Plot 51. Frequency Stability, 138VAC, M25 Radio

Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440

Electromagnetic Compatibility for Intentional Radiators – M25 Radio CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious – M25

Test Requirement: If the device has a detachable antenna of known antenna impedance, then the antenna conducted

method is permitted in lieu of a radiated measurement.

If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna

terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30 - 1000

MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Procedure: The EUT was directly connected to a spectrum analyzer. Testing was performed when the EUT

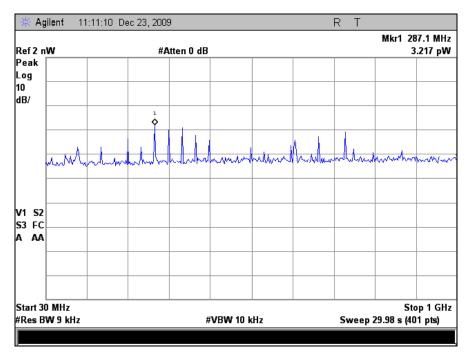
was receiving on channel 5785 MHz. Testing was performed conducted.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of RSS-GEN.

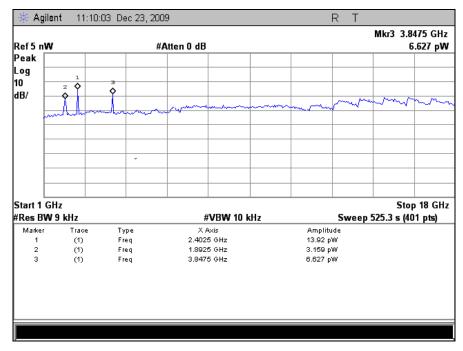
Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/23/09

Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Results



Plot 52. Receiver Spurious Emission, 3 0MHz - 1 GHz, M25 Radio



Plot 53. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, M25 Radio

V.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
	for Intentional Radiators – M5

Fortress Infrastructure Mesh Point ES440

Electromagnetic Compatibility for Intentional Radiators – M25 and M5 Radios CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement – M5

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results:

The unit is professionally installed. Therefore, the EUT as tested is compliant with the criteria of \$15,203.

Frequency	Gain/Model	Manufacturer	
5 GHz	9 dBi / EC09-5500	Mobile Mark Communications	

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/09



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits – M5

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)			
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average		
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46		
0.45 - 0.5	56	46		
0.5 - 30	60	50		

Table 21. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Pre-scans revealed that emissions profiles and amplitudes of emissions were similar when the EUT was transmitting on low, mid and high channels. Therefore, final measurements were taken when the EUT was transmitting on high channel (i.e. 5805 MHz)

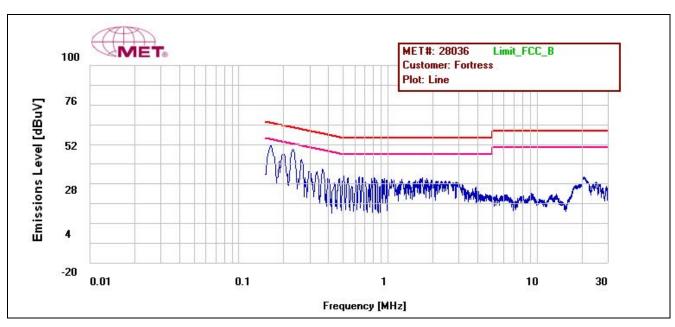
Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date(s): 11/24/09

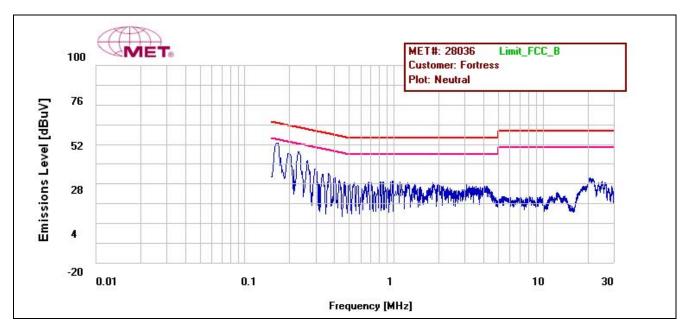
Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, (120V/60Hz)

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Line	0.169	50.65	65.012	-14.37	Pass	42.36	55.01	-12.65	Pass
Line	0.204	48.02	63.453	-15.44	Pass	43.13	53.45	-10.32	Pass
Line	2.24	35.33	56	-20.67	Pass	22.21	46.00	-23.78	Pass
Neutral	0.17	51.64	64.963	-13.33	Pass	42.05	54.96	-12.91	Pass
Neutral	0.203	47.03	63.494	-16.47	Pass	40.44	53.49	-13.05	Pass
Neutral	2.24	36.82	56	-19.18	Pass	29.15	46.00	-16.84	Pass

Table 22. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, M5 Radio



Plot 54. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot, M5 Radio



Plot 55. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot, M5 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 403(c) 26dB Bandwidth – M5 Radio

Test Requirements: § 15.403 (i): For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by

measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under

measurement.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to low, mid and high operating frequencies at the highest output power

and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 26 dB Bandwidth was

measured and recorded.

Test ResultsThe 26 dB Bandwidth was compliant with the requirements of this section and was determined

from the plots on the following pages.

Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
5745	16.6827	24.316
5785	16.8397	24.324
5805	16.9131	25.897

Table 23. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results, M5 Radio

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/09

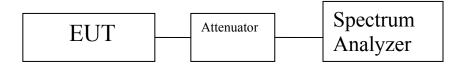
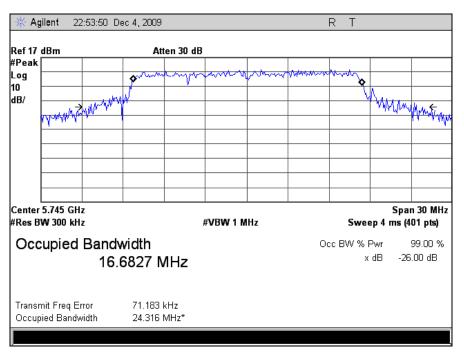
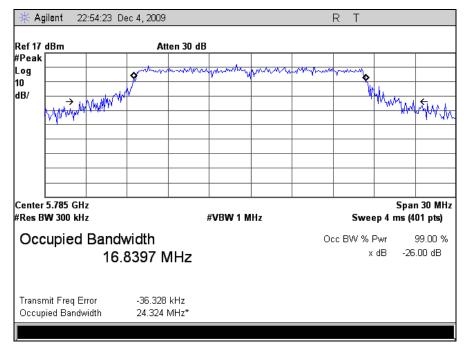


Figure 5. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Setup

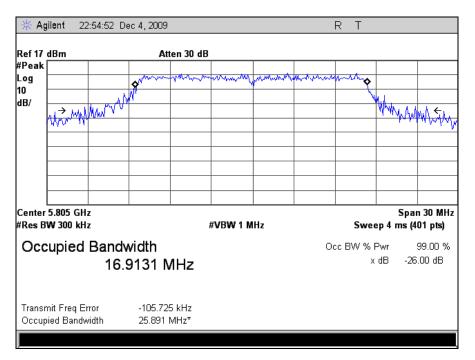
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Plot 56. Occupied Bandwidth, 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 57. Occupied Bandwidth, 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 58. Occupied Bandwidth, 5805 MHz, M5 Radio



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 407(a)(3) RF Power Output – M5

Test Requirements: §15.407(a) (3): The maximum output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit
5150-5250	50mW
5250-5350	250mW
5470–5725	250mW
5725–5825	1W

Table 24. Output Power Requirements from §15.407

§15.407(a) (3): For the band 5.725–5.825 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer. The power was measured on three channels.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.401(a)(2).

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/09

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (mW)	Limit (W)
5745	17.47	55.84	1
5785	17.81	60.39	1
5805	17.04	50.58	1

Table 25. RF Power Output, Test Results, M5 Radio

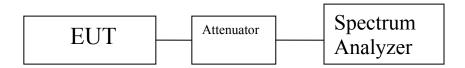
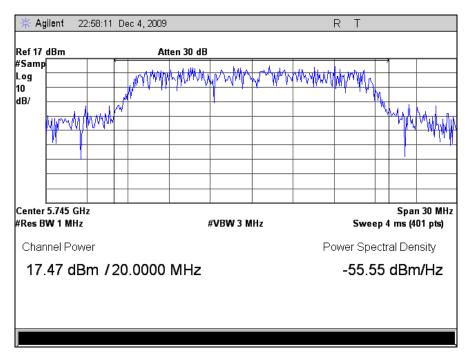
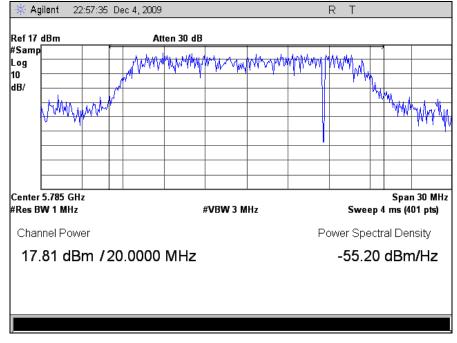


Figure 6. Power Output Test Setup

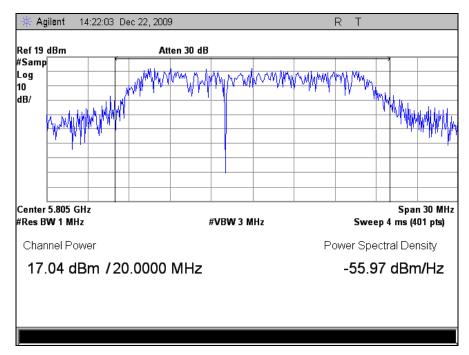
RF Output Power Test Results



Plot 59. RF Power Output, 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 60. RF Power Output, 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 61. RF Power Output, 5805 MHz, M5 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(3) Peak Power Spectral Density – M5

Test Requirements:

§ 15.407(a)(3): The peak power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain up to 23dBi without any corresponding reduction in the transmitter peak output power or peak power spectral density. For fixed, point-to-point U-NII transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in peak transmitter power and peak power spectral density for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi would be required. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni directional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level on the EUT. The RBW was set to 1MHz and the VBW was set to 3MHz. The method of measurement #2 from the FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138 was used.

Test Results:

Equipment was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.407 (a)(2). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer(s):

Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s):

12/04/09

Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm)
5745	6.822
5785	6.779
5805	8.685

Table 26. Power Spectral Density, Test Results, M5 Radio

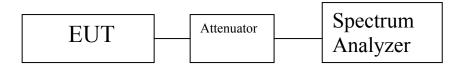
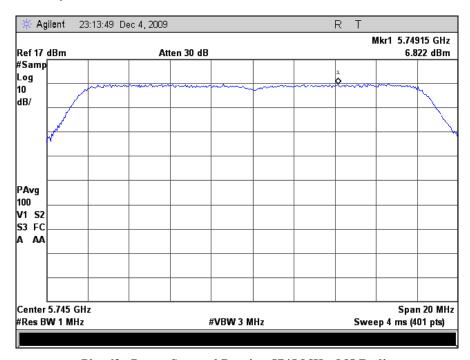
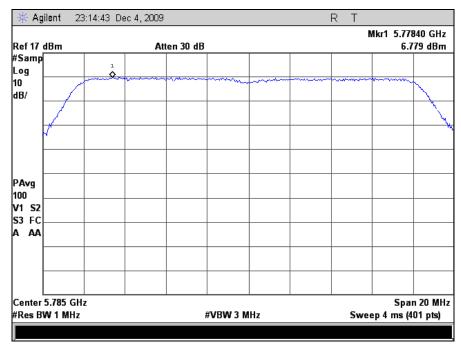


Figure 7. Power Spectral Density Test Setup

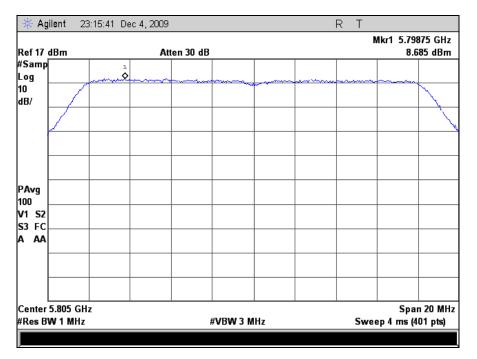
Power Spectral Density Test Results



Plot 62. Power Spectral Density, 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 63. Power Spectral Density, 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 64. Power Spectral Density, 5805 MHz, M5 Radio



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(6) Peak Excursion Ratio – M5

Test Requirements: § 15.407(a)(6): The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a

peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is

less.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected directly to the spectrum analyzer through cabling and attenuation. The

1st trace on the spectrum analyzer was set to RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz. The peak detector mode was used and the trace max held. The 2nd trace on the spectrum analyzer was set according to measurement method #1 from the FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138 for making

conducted power measurements.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the peak excursion ratio limits of § 15.407(a)(6). The peak

excursion ratio was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/09

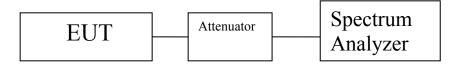
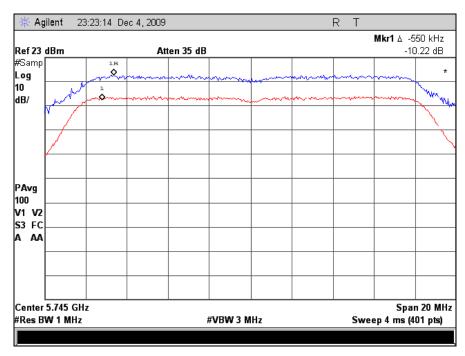
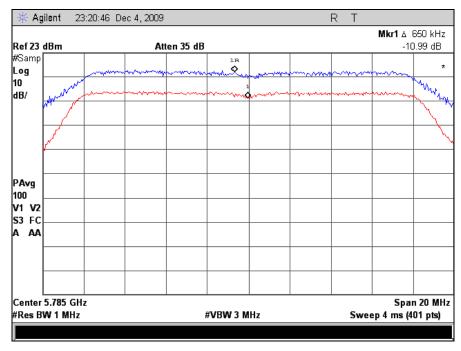


Figure 8. Peak Excursion Ration Test Setup

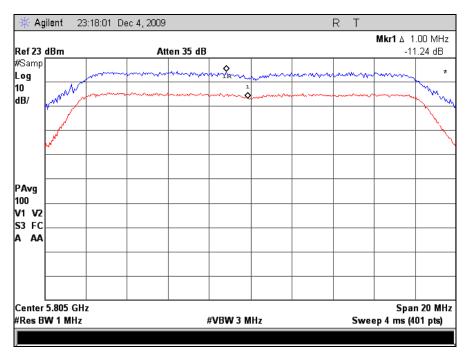
Peak Excursion Test Results



Plot 65. Peak Excursion Ratio, 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 66. Peak Excursion Ratio, 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 67. Peak Excursion Ratio, 5805 MHz, M5 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility for Intentional Radiators – M25 and M5 Radios CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407_(b) Undesirable Emissions – M5

Test Requirements: § 15.407(b)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7), §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§ 15.407(b)(4): For transmitters operating in the 5.725–5.825 GHz band: all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an EIRP of –17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an EIRP of –27 dBm/MHz.

§ 15.407(b)(6): Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in Section 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in Section 15.207.

§ 15.407(b)(7): The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was placed on an acrylic stand inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

For measurements above 1 GHz, measurements were made with a Peak detector with 1 MHz resolution bandwidth. Where the spurious emissions fell into a restricted band, measurements were also made with an average detector to make sure they complied with 15.209 limits. Emissions were explored up to 40 GHz.

The equation, EIRP= $E + 20 \log D - 104.8$ was used to convert an EIRP limit to a field strength limit

limit.

E = field strength (dBuV/m)

D = Reference measurement distance (m)

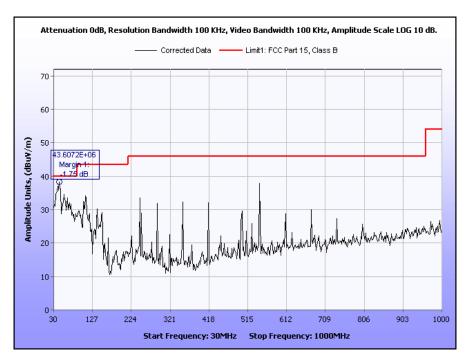
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Emission limits for Intentional Radiators. See

following pages for detailed test results.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/29/09

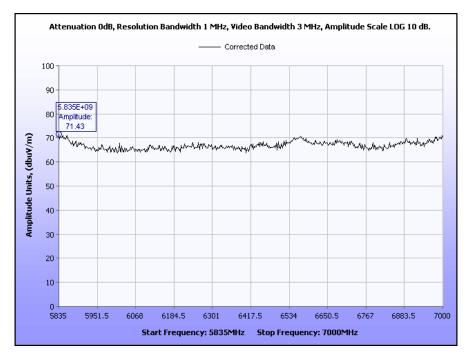
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



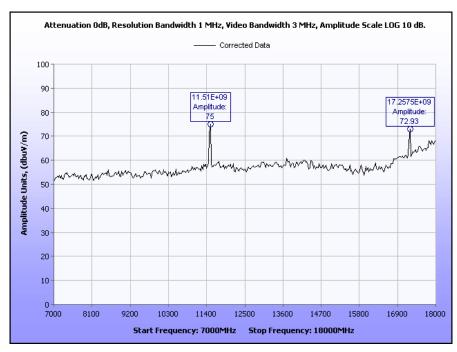
Plot 68. Radiated Spurs, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



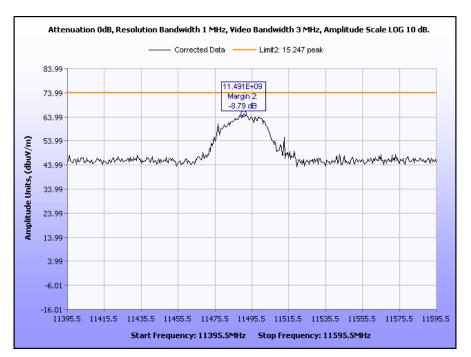
Plot 69. Radiated Spurs, 1 GHz - 5.715 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



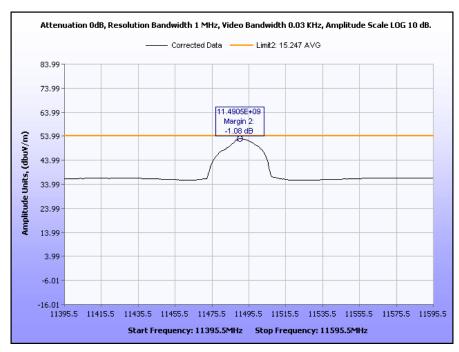
Plot 70. Radiated Spurs, 5.825 GHz - 7 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



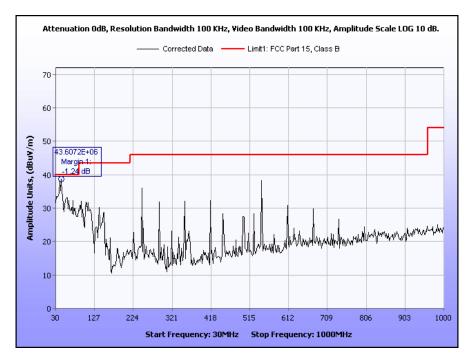
Plot 71. Radiated Spurs, 7 GHz - 18 GHz, Channel 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 72. Radiated Spurs, 2nd Harmonic, Peak, Channel 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



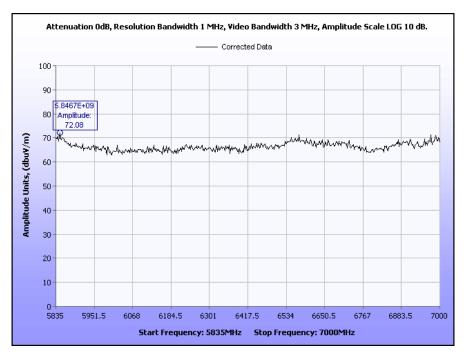
Plot 73. Radiated Spurs, 2nd Harmonic, Average, Channel 5745 MHz, M5 Radio



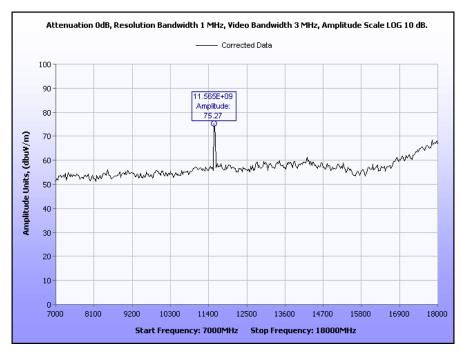
Plot 74. Radiated Spurs, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



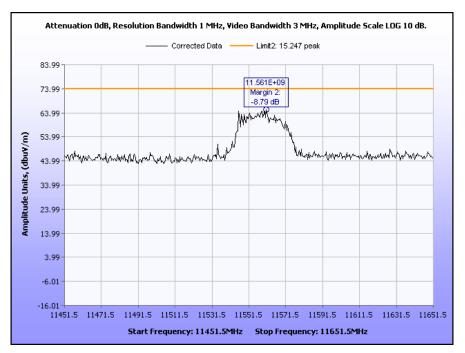
Plot 75. Radiated Spurs, 1 GHz - 5.715 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



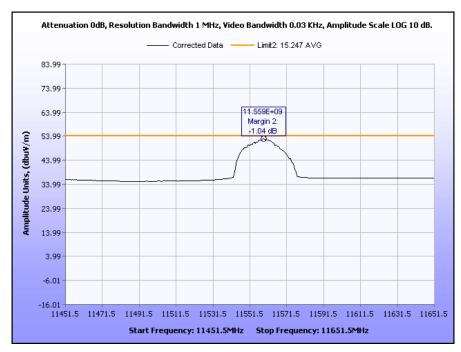
Plot 76. Radiated Spurs, 5.835 GHz - 7 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



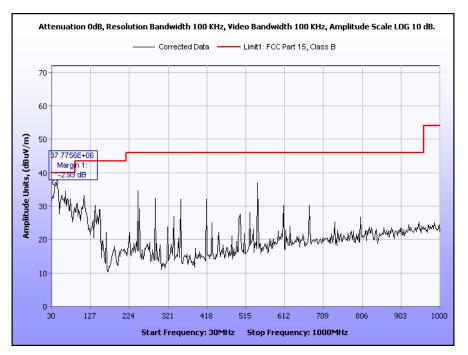
Plot 77. Radiated Spurs, 7 GHz - 18 GHz, Channel 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 78. Radiated Spurs, 2nd Harmonic, Peak, Channel 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



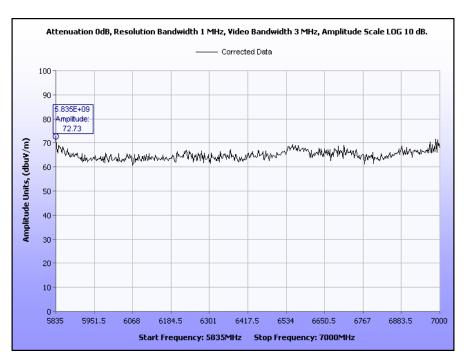
Plot 79. Radiated Spurs, 2nd Harmonic, Average, Channel 5785 MHz, M5 Radio



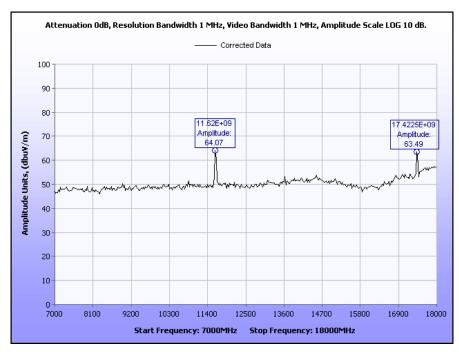
Plot 80. Radiated Spurs, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M5 Radio



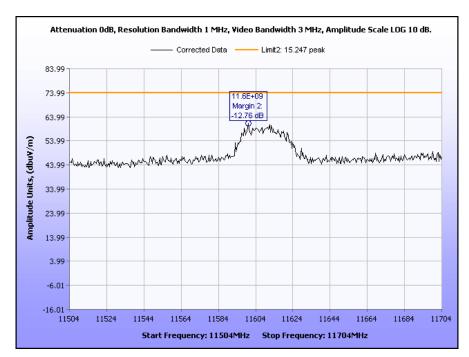
Plot 81. Radiated Spurs, 1 GHz - 5.715 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M5 Radio



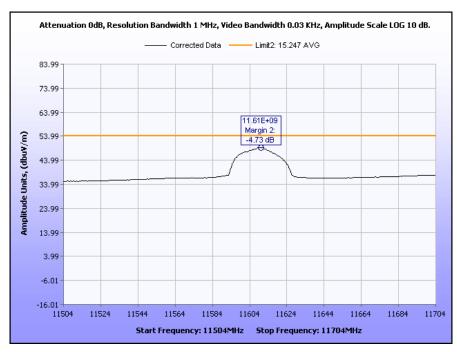
Plot 82. Radiated Spurs, 5.835 GHz - 7 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M5 Radio



Plot 83. Radiated Spurs, 7 GHz - 18 GHz, Channel 5805 MHz, M5 Radio

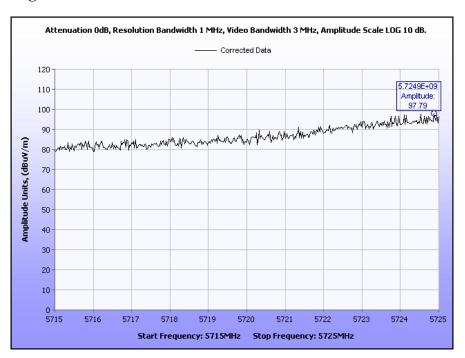


Plot 84. Radiated Spurs, 2nd Harmonic, Peak, Channel 5805 MHz, M5 Radio

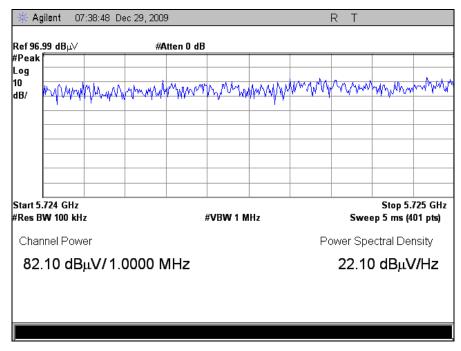


Plot 85. Radiated Spurs, 2nd Harmonic, Average, Channel 5805 MHz, M5 Radio

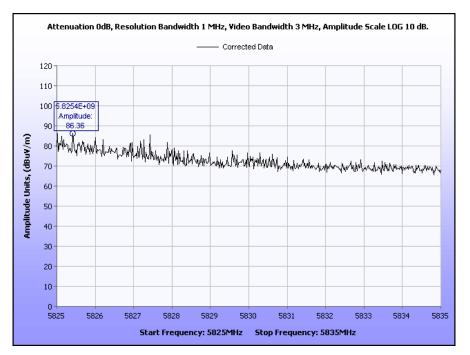
Radiated Band Edge Test Results



Plot 86. Radiated Band Edge, Lower Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band, M5 Radio



Plot 87. Radiated Band Edge, Lower Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band Integration, M5 Radio



Plot 88. Radiated Band Edge, Upper Channel, 10 MHz Outside Band, M5 Radio

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(g) Frequency Stability – M5

Test Requirements: § 15.407(g): Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability

such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal

operation as specified in the users manual.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer through a attenuator. The resolution

band width of the spectrum analyzer was set to 10 KHz. The 1^{st} trace of the Spectrum Analyzer was used as a reference at 20° C. A 2^{nd} trace was used to show the drift of the carrier at extreme

conditions. A delta marker was used to find the drift at a given extreme condition.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of §15.407(g).

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/22/09

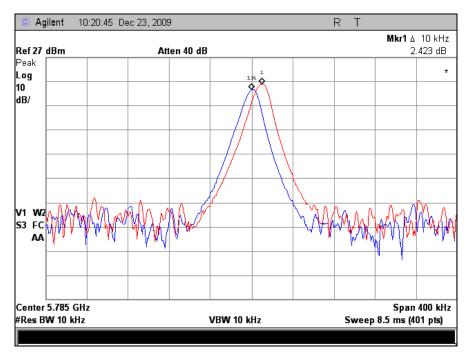
Temperature (centigrade)	Drift (kHz)	Drift (ppm)
55	130.0	22.5
50	124.0	21.4
40	84.0	14.5
30	45.0	7.8
20	ref	ref
10	6.0	1
0	-3.0	-0.5
-10	5.0	0.9
-20	10.0	1.7

Table 27. Frequency Stability, Reference 5785 MHz at 20°C, Test Results, M5 Radio

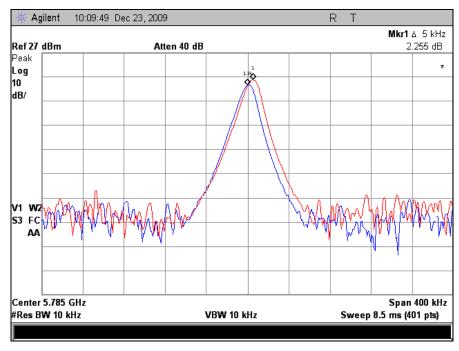
Voltage variation			
Voltage (VAC)	Drift (kHz)	Drift (ppm)	
102	1	0.2	
138	2	0.4	

Table 28. Frequency Stability, Reference 5785 MHz at 120 VAC and 20°C, Test Results, M5 Radio

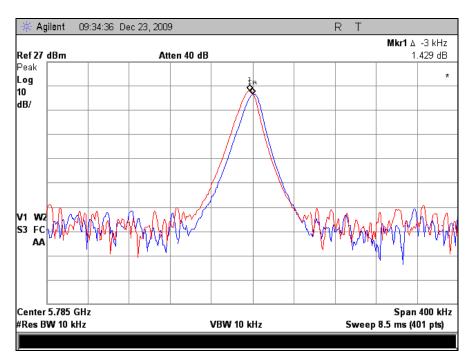
Frequency Stability Test Results



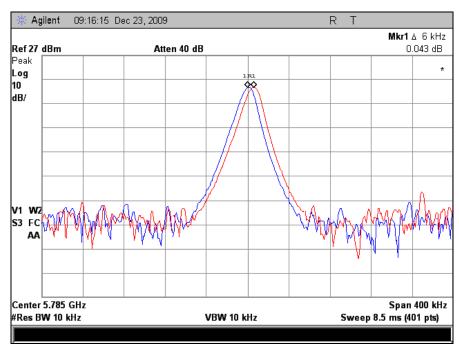
Plot 89. Frequency Stability, -20°C, M5 Radio



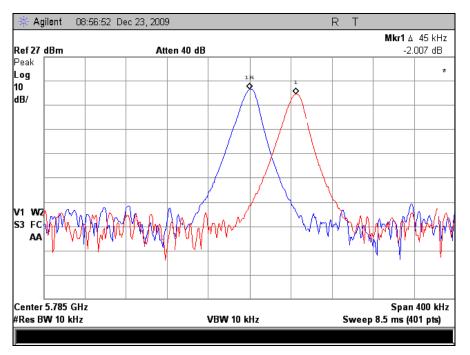
Plot 90. Frequency Stability, -10°C, M5 Radio



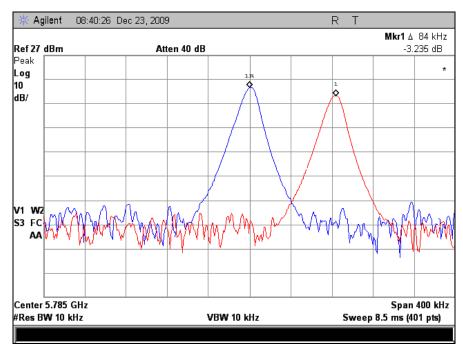
Plot 91. Frequency Stability, 0°C, M5 Radio



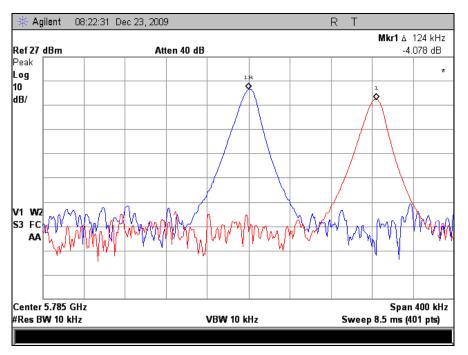
Plot 92. Frequency Stability, 10°C, M5 Radio



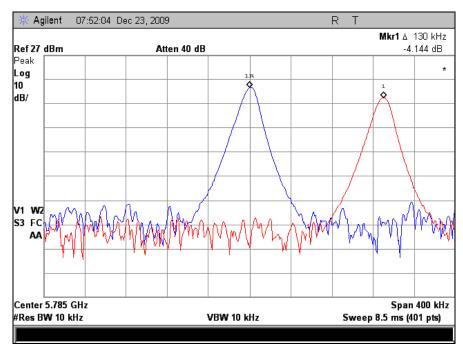
Plot 93. Frequency Stability, 30°C, M5 Radio



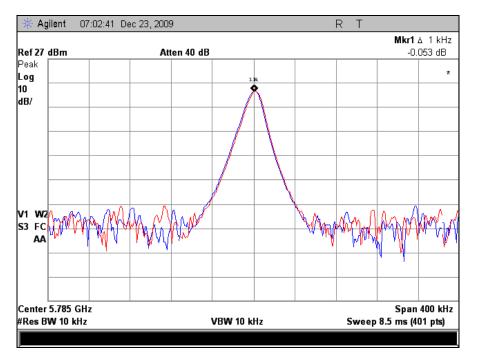
Plot 94. Frequency Stability, 40°C, M5 Radio



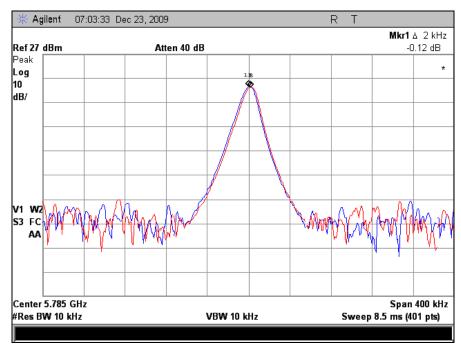
Plot 95. Frequency Stability, 50°C, M5 Radio



Plot 96. Frequency Stability, 55°C, M5 Radio



Plot 97. Frequency Stability, 102VAC, M5 Radio



Plot 98. Frequency Stability, 138VAC, M5 Radio



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious – M5

Test Requirement: If the device has a detachable antenna of known antenna impedance, then the antenna conducted

method is permitted in lieu of a radiated measurement.

If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna

terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30 – 1000

MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Procedure: The EUT was directly connected to a spectrum analyzer. Testing was performed when the EUT

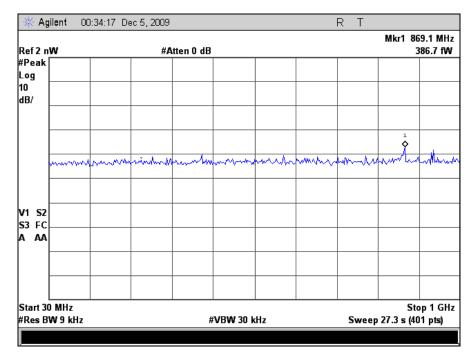
was receiving on channel 5785 MHz. Testing was performed conducted.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of RSS-GEN.

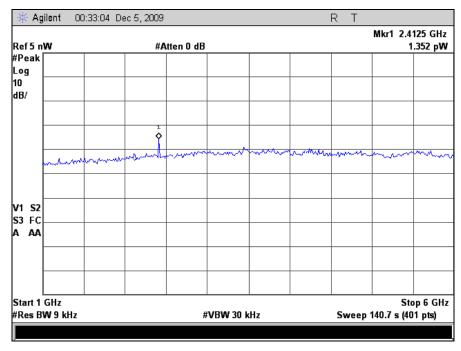
Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/22/09

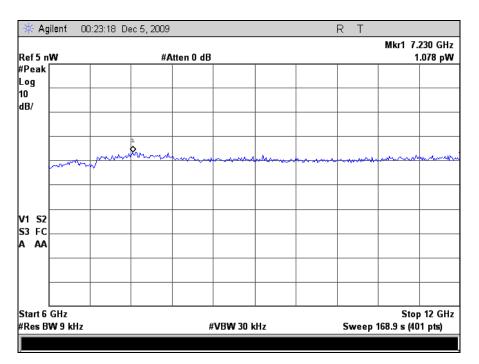
Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Results



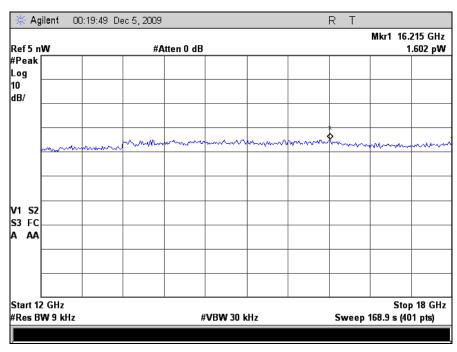
Plot 99. Receiver Spurious Emission, 3 0MHz - 1 GHz, M5 Radio



Plot 100. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz - 6 GHz, M5 Radio



Plot 101. Receiver Spurious Emission, 6 GHz - 12 GHz, M5 Radio



Plot 102. Receiver Spurious Emission, 12 GHz - 18 GHz, M5 Radio

IV. M	PE Ca	lculation	-M25	and	M5
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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(f) RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = P G / 4\pi R^2$

where, $S = Power Density mW/m^2$

P = Power (mW)

R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

G = Maximum antenna gain

Maximum antenna gain for EUT = 9 dBi = 7.9

M25 Radio:

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequency is <u>5745 - 5805 MHz</u>;. Highest conducted power = 34.3 mW (i.e. 15.35 dBm). Therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm².**

P = 34.3 mWR = 20 cm

G = 7.9

 $S1 = 34.3*7.9 / 4(3.1416)(20)^2$

 $S1 = 0.054 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Therefore, EUT meets the Uncontrolled Exposure limit at 20cm.



M5 Radio:

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequency is <u>5745 - 5805 MHz</u>;. Highest conducted power = 60.4 mW (i.e. 17.81 dBm). Therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm².**

P = 60.4 mW

R = 20 cm

G = 7.9

 $S2 = 60.4*7.9 / 4(3.1416)(20)^2$

 $S = 0.095 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Therefore, EUT meets the Uncontrolled Exposure limit at 20cm.

Co-location:

S	Power density (mW/cm²)	General Population Limit (mW/cm²)	S as a fraction of the limit (%)	
S1	0.054	1	5.4	
S2	0.095	1	9.5	

The total percentages do not exceed 100 % per OET 65 requirements when the spectral power density is calculated at least 20cm away from the unit.

V. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4303	ANTENNA; BILOG	SCHAFNER - CHASE EMC	CBL6140A	07/29/2009	07/29/2010
1T4414	MICROWAVE PRE-AMPLIFIER	AH SYSTEMS	PAM-0118	SEE NOTE	
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	08/24/2007	08/24/2010
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	05/07/2009	05/07/2010
1T4548	AC POWER SOURCE	CALIFORNIA INSTRUMENTS	1251P	SEE NOTE	
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	08/21/2009	08/21/2010
1T4592	RF FILTER KIT	VARIOUS	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1T4505	TEMPERATURE CHAMBER	TEST EQUITY	115	10/01/2009	11/01/2010
1T4612	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	09/09/2009	09/09/2010
1T2665	HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	07/06/2009	07/06/2010

Table 29. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

VI. Certification & User's Manual Information



Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:
 - This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.
 - (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:
 - This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.
 - (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:
 - This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
 - (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
 - (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

End of Report