

## RF Exposure / MPE Calculation

No. : 13973200H  
Applicant : SHIMANO INC.  
Type of Equipment : Rear Derailleur  
Model No. : 3HY1  
FCC ID : WY7-3HY1

SHIMANO INC. declares that Model: 3HY1 complies with FCC radiation exposure requirement specified in the FCC Rule 2.1091 (for mobile).

### **RF Exposure Calculations:**

The following information provides the minimum separation distance for the highest gain antenna provided with the "3HY1" as calculated from (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure of TABLE 1- LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) of §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

### **[SHIMANO ORIGINAL]**

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

- $P =$  5.48 mW (Maximum average output power)  
 Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging  
 Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.  
 $G =$  0.537 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to -2.7dBi  
 $r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

***Power Density Result***  $S =$  **0.00059 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>**

---

**UL Japan, Inc.**

**Ise EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone : +81 596 24 8999

Facsimile : +81 596 24 8124

### [Bluetooth Low Energy]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  2.12 mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  0.427 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to -3.7dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

$$\text{Power Density Result } S = 0.00018 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

### [ANT+]

This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> uncontrolled exposure limit. The Friis formula used was:

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

Where

$P =$  2.12 mW (Maximum average output power)

Time average was used for the above value in consideration of 6-minutes time-averaging

Burst power average was used for the above value in consideration of worst condition.

$G =$  0.427 Numerical Antenna gain; equal to -3.7dBi

$r =$  20 cm (Separation distance)

$$\text{Power Density Result } S = 0.00018 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Therefore, if SHIMANO ORIGINAL and Bluetooth Low Energy transmit simultaneously,

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.00059 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.00018 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \\ &= 0.00077 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, if SHIMANO ORIGINAL and ANT+ transmit simultaneously,

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 0.00059 \text{ mW/cm}^2 + 0.00018 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \\ &= 0.00077 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Even taking into account the tolerance, this device can be satisfied with the limits.

---

**UL Japan, Inc.**

**Ise EMC Lab.**

4383-326 Asama-cho, Ise-shi, Mie-ken 516-0021 JAPAN

Telephone : +81 596 24 8999

Facsimile : +81 596 24 8124