



OET 65 TEST REPORT

Product Name	Wireless Lite-N USB Adapter
Model	PW-DN421/VNT9271BU0D0
FCC ID	WWMDN421V1
IC	7317A-DN421V1
Client	Proware Technologies Co., Ltd.



GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	Wireless Lite-N USB Adapter	Model	PW-DN421/ VNT9271BU0D0		
FCC ID	WWMDN421V1	IC	7317A-DN421V1		
Report No.	RZA1102-0261SAR01R1				
Client	Proware Technologies Co., Ltd				
Manufacturer	Proware Technologies Co., Ltd				
		RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)			
			for Safety Levels with Respect to lectromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300		
ReferenceSUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 EditionStandard(s)2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluationwith FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency EleFields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of MobileDevices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency					
	KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02: SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters.				
KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures Procedures for USB Dongle Transn			ongle Xmtr v02: SAR Measurement		
Conclusion		results in C tandards. (Sta	en measured in all cases requested Chapter 7 of this test report are below amp of issue: June 1*, 2011		
Comment	The test result only responds to the measured sample.				

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Shen Chen

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1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

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If the electrical report is inconsistent with the printed one, it should be subject to the latter.

1.2. Testing Laboratory

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1.3. Applicant Information

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1.4. Manufacturer Information

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City:	Shenzhen
Postal Code:	518057
Country:	P. R. China
Telephone:	86-755-26525157
Fax:	86-755-26509699

1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

Device Type:	Portable Device			
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled Environment / G	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population		
Name of EUT:	Wireless Lite-N USB Adapter			
SN:	1			
Hardware Version:	1			
Software Version:	1			
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna			
Device Operating Configurations:				
Supporting Mode(s):	802.11b; (tested) 802.11n HT40; (tested) 802.11g; 802.11n HT20;			
	Mode	Tx (MHz)		
Operating Frequency Range(s):	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462MHz		
	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452MHz		
Test Channel: (Low - Middle - High)	1-6-11 (802.11b/g/n HT20) 1-4-7 (802.11n HT40)			
Used Host Products:	IBM T61			

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is Wireless Lite-N USB Adapter. During SAR test of the EUT, it was connected to a portable computer. SAR is tested for 802.11b and 802.11n HT40 in this report. SAR is not required for 802.11g when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. The EUT has a WiFi antenna that is used for Tx/Rx.

We have done all SAR measurements of the PW-DN421; The VNT9271BU0D0 had not been tested in this report. The details declaration are described in ANNEX H.

The sample undergoing test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1g} Values and Power of each tested Mode

Body worn conniguration				
Mode	Channel	Position	Separation distance	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
802.11b	High/11	Test Position 1	5mm	1.060
802.11n HT40	High/7	Test Position 1	5mm	0.680

Body Worn Configuration

Maximum Power

Mode	Maximum AV Power (dBm)	Maximum PK Power (dBm)
802.11b	14.53	21.04
802.11g	14.23	23.19
802.11n HT20	14.05	22.90
802.11n HT40	14.40	22.42

1.7. Test Date

The test is performed on May 2, 2011.

2. Operational Conditions during Test

2.1. General Description of Test Procedures

For the 802.11b/g SAR body tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1,6 and 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. When the maximum average output channel in each frequency band is not included in the "default test channels", the maximum channel should be tested instead of an adjacent "default test channels", these are referred to as the "required test channels" and are illustrated in Table 1.

Then The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is firstly allocated to 2437 respectively in the case of 802.11b/g/n.

			Turbo	"	Default Test	t Channels"	I
Mode	GHz	Channel	Channel	15.	247		
			Gliailliei	802.11b	802.11g	IU II	
	2.412	1#		\checkmark	*		
802.11b/g	2.437	6	6	\checkmark	*		
	2.462	11#		\checkmark	*		

Table 1: "Default Test Channels"

Note: [#]=when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11to meet restricted band requirements the highest out put channels closet to each of these channels should be tested.

 $\sqrt{}$ = "default test channels"

* =possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output 0.25dB>=the "default test channels"

2.2. Position of Module in Portable Devices

The measurements were performed in combination with a host product (IBM T61). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal slot.

A test distance of 5mm or less, according to KDB 447498 D02, should be considered for the orientation that can satisfy such requirements.

For each channel, the EUT is tested at the following 4 test positions:

- Test Position 1: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with horizontal USB slot. The back side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The distance from back side of the EUT to the bottom of the flat phantom is 5mm. (ANNEX G Picture 5)
- Test Position 2: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19 cm USB cable. The front side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The distance from front side of the EUT to the bottom of the flat phantom is 5mm. (ANNEX G Picture 6)
- Test Position 3: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19 cm USB cable. The left side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The distance from left side of the EUT to the bottom of the flat phantom is 5mm. (ANNEX G Picture 7)
- Test Position 4: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with vertical USB slot. The right side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The distance from right side of the EUT to the bottom of the flat phantom is 5mm. (ANNEX G Picture 8)

2.3. Picture of Host Product

During the test, IBM T61 laptop was used as an assistant to help to setup communication. (See Picture 1)



Picture 1-a: IBM T61 Close



Picture 1-b: IBM T61 Open



Picture 1-e: IBM T61 with horizontal USB slot



Picture 1-f: IBM T61 with Vertical USB slot



Picture 1-g: a 19 cm USB cable Picture 1: Computer as a test assistant

3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

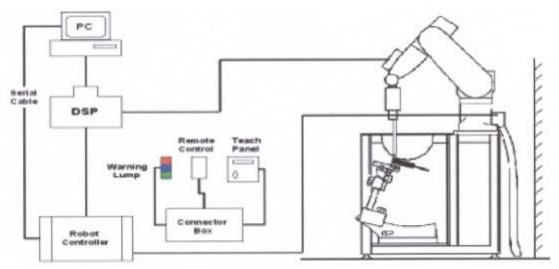


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

3.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	/
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available	
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal probe axis)	Figure 2.EX3DV4 E-field Probe
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:	
	\pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	Free
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

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3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds), C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure. Or

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

3.3. Other Test Equipment

3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness2±0.1 mmFilling VolumeApprox. 20 litersDimensions810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)AailableSpecial



Figure 4 Generic Twin Phantom

3.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 10 mm x 10 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains

unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

• Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

• A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	,	Normi, a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With	V_i = compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	\boldsymbol{U}_i = input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	<i>cf</i> = crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	<i>dcp</i> _i = diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:	$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$	
H-field probes:	$H_{i} = (V_{i})^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^{2}) / f$	
With $oldsymbol{V}_{i}$	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
Norm _i	= sensor sensitivity of channel i	(i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m) ²] for E-field Probes	

= sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

ConvF

- E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$(E_{tot}^{2} . .) / (. . 1000)$$

with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^{2} / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^{2} \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

*E*tot = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3.6. System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the Table 6.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

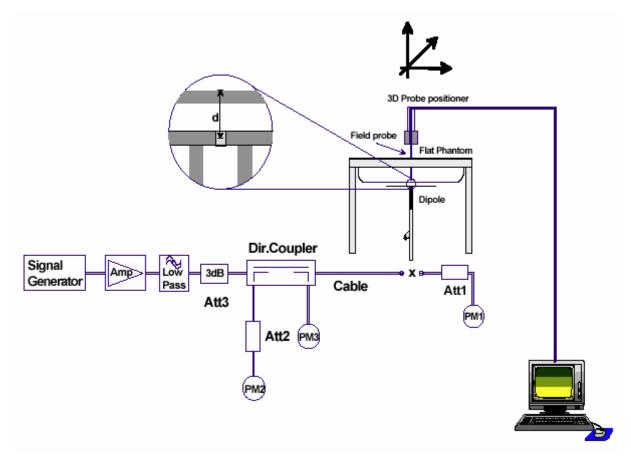


Figure 5. System Check Set-up

3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, sugar, salt, Glycol monobutyl, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 2 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by OET 65.

Table 2: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 2450MHz		
Water	73.2		
Glycol	26.7		
Salt	0.1		
Dielectric Parameters	f=2450MHz ε=52.70 σ=1.95		
Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=52.70 σ=1.95		

4. Laboratory Environment

li	Table 3: The Ambient Conditions during Test							
	Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C						
	Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%						
	Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω						
	Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standard							
	Reflection of surrounding objects is minimize	ed and in compliance with requirement of standards.						

Table 3: The Ambient Conditions during Test

5. Characteristics of the Test

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions.

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02: SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters.

KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02: SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters.

6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

6.1. Summary

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test. The client provided a special driver and program, which enable engineer to control the frequency and output power of the module.

6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 4: Conducted Power Measurement Results

Mode	Channel	AV Power (dBm)	PK Power (dBm)
	1	13.14	19.60
802.11b	6	14.05	20.60
	11	14.53	21.04
	1	12.80	21.62
802.11g	6	13.72	22.49
	11	14.23	23.19
	1	12.71	21.46
802.11n HT20	6	13.68	22.28
	11	14.05	22.90
	1	13.81	21.02
802.11n HT40	4	14.22	22.36
	7	14.40	22.42

Note: 1. SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

7. Test Results

7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Par	Temp	
Frequency	Description	٤ _r	σ(s/m)	°C
	Target value	52.70	1.95	,
2450MHz	±5% window	50.07 — 55.34	1.85 — 2.05	/
(body)	Measurement value 2011-5-2	51.73	1.97	21.5

7.2. System Check

Table 6: System Check for Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(Dielectric Parameters		Temp	
		10g	1g	٤ _r	σ(s/m)	°C
	Recommended value	5.97	13	51.8	2.01	1
2450MHz	±10% window	5.37—6.57	11.7 — 14.3	51.0		1
24001112	Measurement value 2011-5-2	6.46	14.00	51.73	1.97	21.5

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

7.3.1. 802.11b/n

Table 7: SAR Values (802.11b/n/ PW-DN421)

Limit of SAR		10 g Average1g Average2.0 W/kg1.6 W/kg		Power Drift	Graph	
				\pm 0.21 dB		
Test Case Of Body		Measurement	Result (W/kg)	Power Drift	Results	
Different Test Position Channel		10 g Average	10 g Average 1 g Average			
		IBM T	61			
	High/11	0.495	1.060	-0.187	Figure 7	
Test Position 1	Middle/6	0.271	0.545	-0.160	Figure 8	
	Low/1	0.227	0.449	-0.023	Figure 9	
Test Position 2	Middle/6	0.231	0.485	0.046	Figure 10	
Test Position 3	Middle/6	0.034	0.051	0.165	Figure 11	
Test Position 4	ition 4 Middle/6 0.098		0.173	0.125	Figure 12	
Worst Case Position of 802.11b with 802.11n HT40						
	High/7	0.326	0.680	0.014	Figure 13	
Test Position 1	Middle/4	0.247	0.495	-0.144	Figure 14	
	Low/1	0.224	0.447	0.043	Figure 15	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.</p>

3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.

7.3.2. 802.11g

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

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8. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	Туре	Uncertaint y Value (%)	Probabilit y Distributi on	k	Ci	Standar d ncertain ty u' _i (%)	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or v _i
1	System repetivity	А	0.5	N	1	1	0.5	9
		Meas	surement sys	tem				
2	-probe calibration	В	5.9	Ν	1	1	5.9	∞
3	-axial isotropy of the probe	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	1.9	∞
4	- Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	В	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	3.9	∞
6	-boundary effect	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.1	∞
7	-probe linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
8	- System detection limits	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
9	-readout Electronics	В	1.0	Ν	1	1	1.0	∞
10	-response time	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
11	-integration time	В	4.32	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.5	∞
12	-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
13	-RF Ambient Conditions	В	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
14	-Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
15	-Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
16	-Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	В	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Test sample Related								
17	-Test Sample Positioning	А	2.9	N	1	1	4.92	71
18	-Device Holder Uncertainty	А	4.1	N	1	1	4.1	5
19	-Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞

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Physical parameter									
20	-phantom	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞	
21	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.8	œ	
22	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	В	0.77	N	1	0.64	0.493	9	
23	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	8	
24	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	В	0.29	Ν	1	0.6	0.174	9	
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_{c}^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$					11.36		
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	k=2		22.72		

9. Main Test Instruments

Table 8: List of Main Instruments

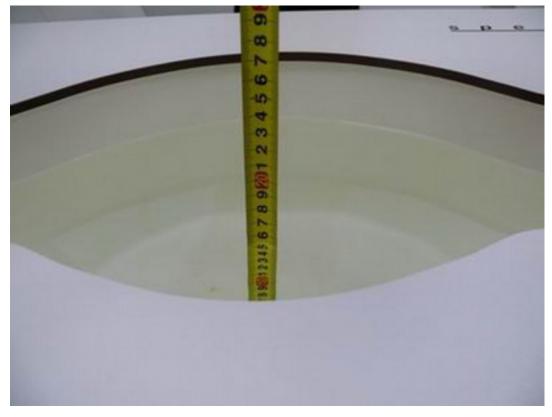
No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period	
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 13, 2010	One year	
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Requested		
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 12, 2011	One year	
04	Power sensor	Agilent N8481H	MY50350004	September 26, 2010	One year	
05	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 13, 2010	One year	
06	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Requested		
07	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3677	November 24, 2010	One year	
08	DAE	DAE4	871	November 18, 2010	One year	
09	Validation Kit 2450MHz	D2450V2	712	February 19, 2010	Two years	

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A: Test Layout



Picture 2: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.2cm depth)

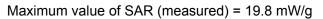
ANNEX B: System Check Results

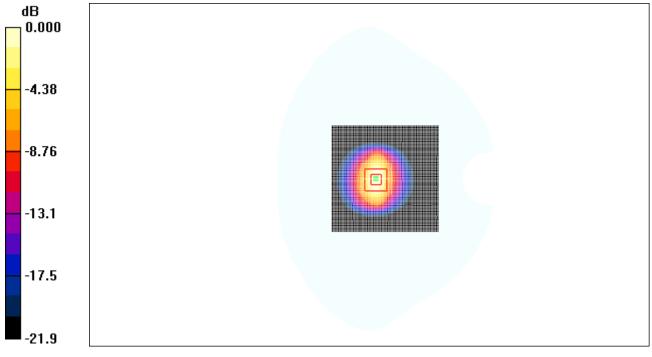
System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712 Date/Time: 5/2/2011 11:29:36 AM Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.97 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.73; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

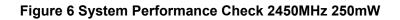
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 71.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.0 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.46 mW/g





 $0 \, dB = 19.8 \, mW/g$



ANNEX C: Graph Results

802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High

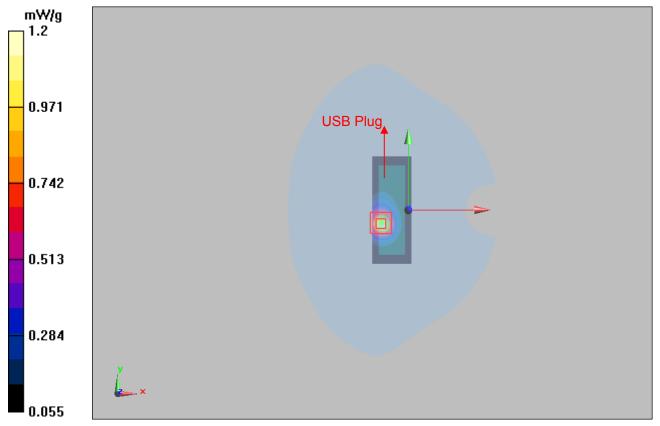
Date/Time: 5/2/2011 3:24:10 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 mW/g

Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.187 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.2 mW/g



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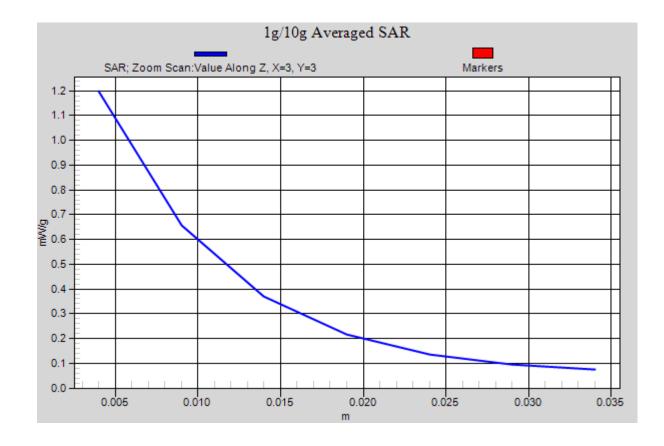


Figure 7 802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 11

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802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle

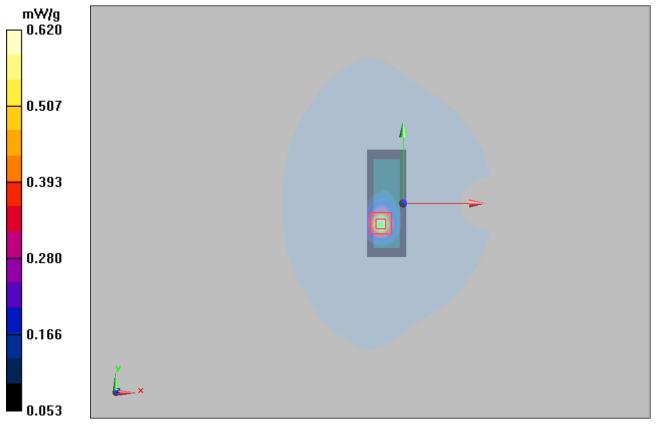
Date/Time: 5/2/2011 12:49:13 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2436 MHz; σ = 1.95 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.720 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.160 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.545 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.271 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.620 mW/g



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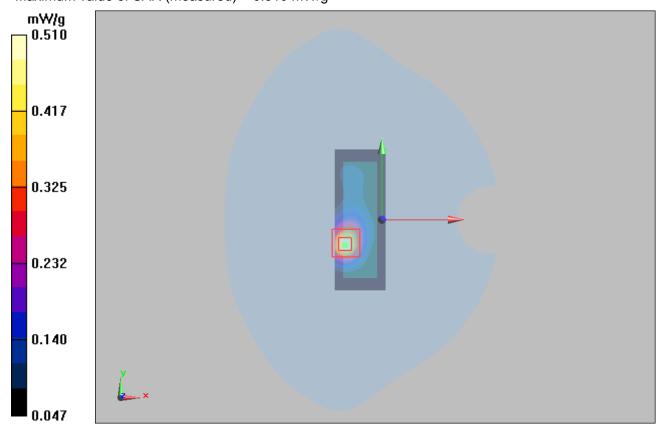
802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low

Date/Time: 5/2/2011 4:05:36 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.525 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.854 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.449 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 mW/g



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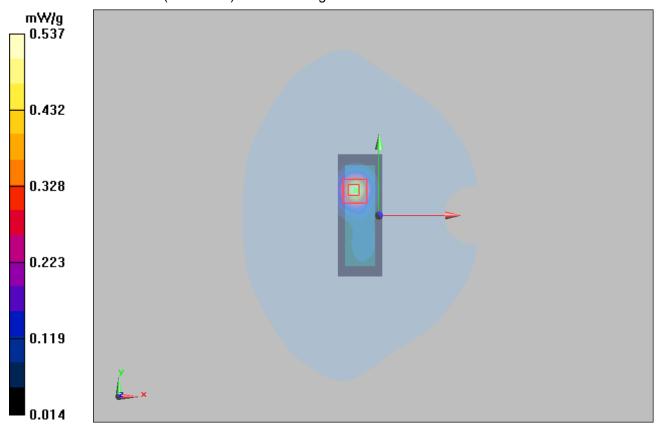
802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle

Date/Time: 5/2/2011 1:19:21 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2436 MHz; σ = 1.95 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.554 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.951 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 mW/g



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802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 3 Middle

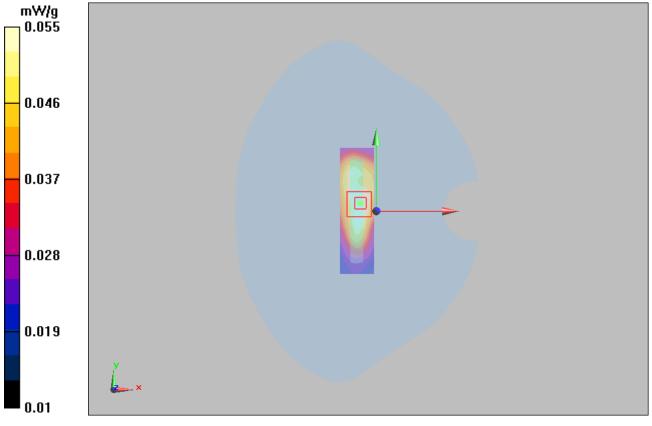
Date/Time: 5/2/2011 2:57:37 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2436 MHz; σ = 1.95 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (31x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.055 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.165 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.093 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.051 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g

Maximum value of SAP (measured) = 0.055 m/M/c

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.055 mW/g



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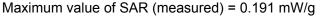
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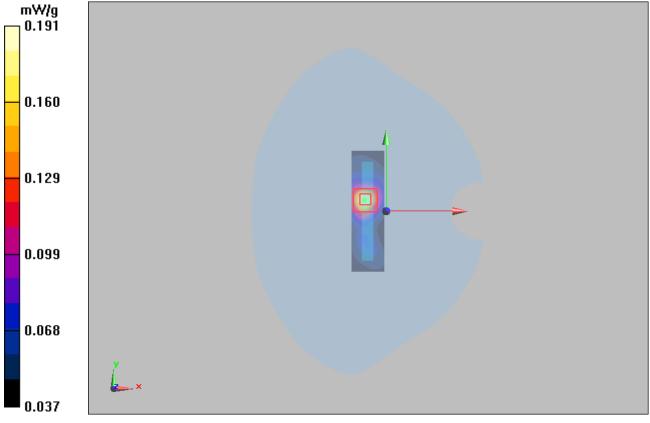
802.11b with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Middle

Date/Time: 5/2/2011 2:30:41 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2436 MHz; σ = 1.95 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (31x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.199 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.125 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.337 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g





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802.11n HT40 with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High

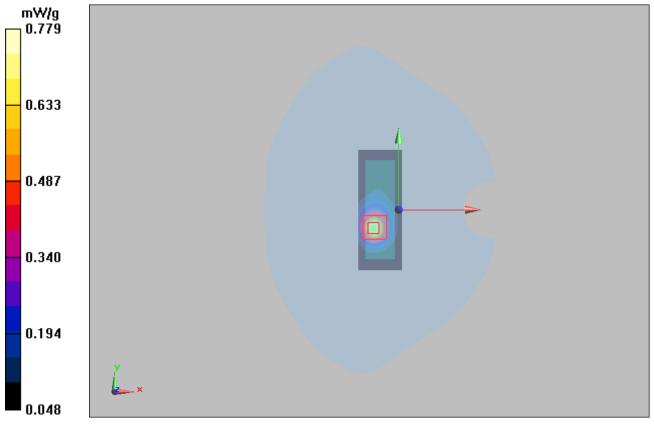
Date/Time: 5/2/2011 10:09:05 PM Communication System: 802.11n HT40; Frequency: 2442 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; σ = 1.96 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.857 mW/g

Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.680 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.779 mW/g





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802.11n HT40 with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle

Date/Time: 5/2/2011 11:02:27 PM Communication System: 802.11n HT40; Frequency: 2427 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2426 MHz; σ = 1.94 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.625 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.144 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.948 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.495 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 mW/g

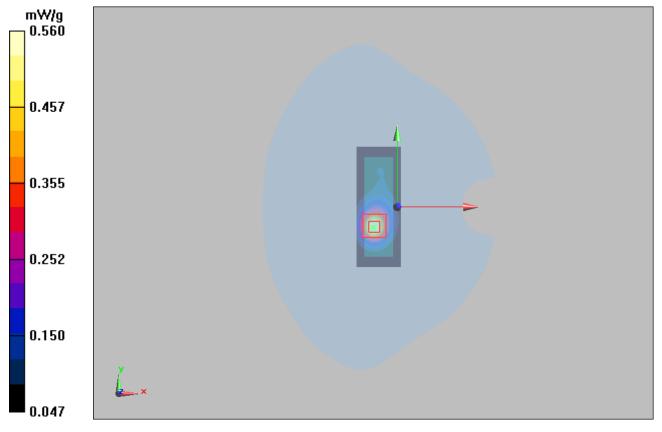


Figure 14 802.11n HT40 with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 4

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802.11n HT40 with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low

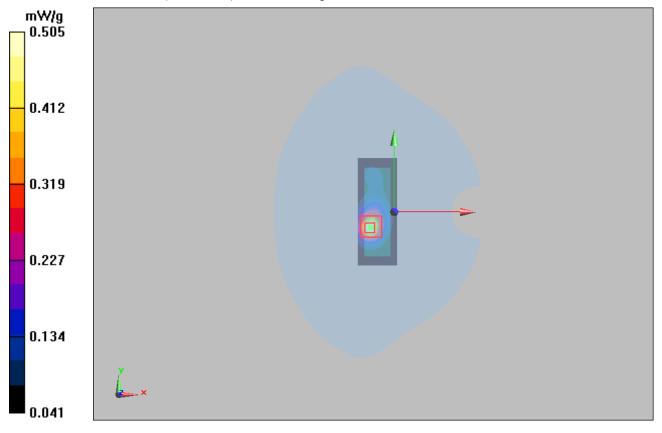
Date/Time: 5/2/2011 10:33:56 PM Communication System: 802.11n HT40; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524 Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.538 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.860 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.447 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.505 mW/g



ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate Calibration Laboratory of SNISS Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst s Schmid & Partner Service suisse d'étalonnage Ð C ac-MR/ REAR Engineering AG Servizio svizzero di taratura s Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Swiss Calibration Service Accreditation No.: SCS 108 Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates TA-SH (Auden) Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10 Client CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 - SN:3677 Object QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes November 24, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor F4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) Mar-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: \$5086 (20b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) Mar-11 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) Mar-11 SN: 3013 Reference Probe ES3DV2 30-Dec-09 (No ES3-3013 Dec09) Dec-10 DAE4 SN: 660 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Apr-11 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) In house check: Oct-11 Name Function Signature Calibrated by Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** Niels Kuster Quality Manag Approved by: issued: November 25, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



GNISS

ARP.

S

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

olossuly.	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A. B. C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization o	orotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- Techniques", December 2003
 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z; A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3677

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated: September 9, 2008 September 23, 2009 November 24, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.47	0.39	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ⁸	96.8	98.9	98.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	с	VR mV	Unc ^e (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	х	0.00	0.00	1.00	143.2	± 2.4 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	140.9	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	135.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

* The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^b Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	10.04	10.04	10.04	0.09	1.00 ± 13.3%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	9.50	9.50	9.50	0.72	0.64 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.72	0.59 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.81	0.57 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.32	7.32	7.32	0.47	0.75 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	10.62	10.62	10.62	0.02	1.00 ± 13.3%
750	± 50 / ± 100	$55.5\pm5\%$	0.96 ± 5%	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.59	0.72 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	10.33	10.33	10.33	0.20	2.06 ± 11.0%
1450	± 50 / ± 100	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	8.47	8.47	8.47	0.99	0.53 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49±5%	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.63	0.67 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3\pm5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.69	0.67 ±11.0%
2100	± 50 / ± 100	$53.2\pm5\%$	1.62 ± 5%	8.04	8.04	8.04	0.16	1.44 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	$52.7\pm5\%$	1.95 ± 5%	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.99	0.49 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.28	1.40 ± 13.1%

[©] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the CorwF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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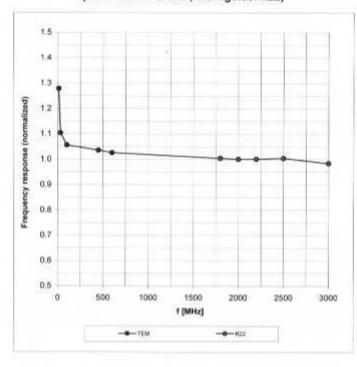
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November 24, 2010

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



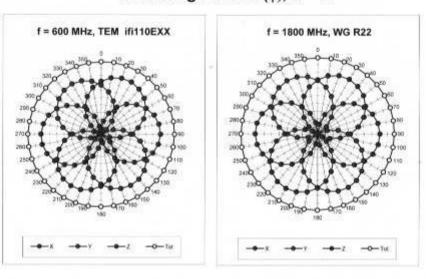
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

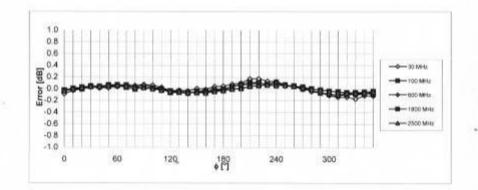
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

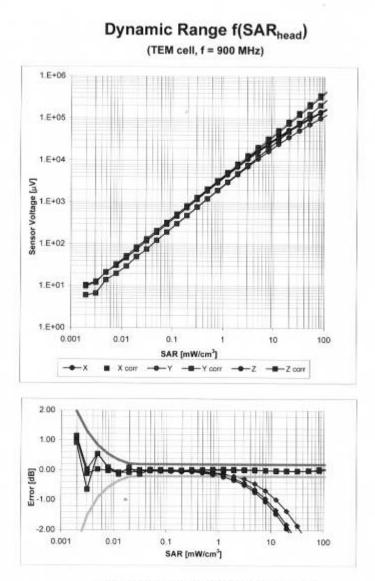
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Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

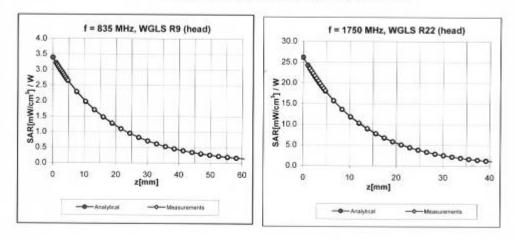
Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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Report No. RZA1102-0261SAR01R1

EX3DV4 SN:3677

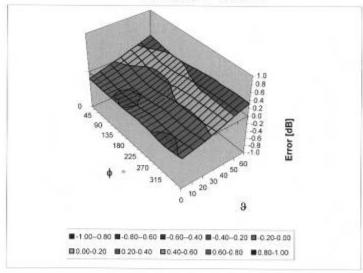
November 24, 2010



Conversion Factor Assessment

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (\, 8), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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ANNEX E: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurio	ry of	ilac-MRA (g V z)	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdie Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredit The Swiss Accreditation Servic Multilateral Agreement for the r	e is one of the signatorie	s to the EA	on No.: SCS 108
Client ATL (Auden)			No: D2450V2-712_Feb10
CALIBRATION (CERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 7	'12	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
	February 19, 201	0	
The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to nati stainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages :	and are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to nati artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical	and are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration)	ional standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3	and are part of the certificate. №C and humidity < 70%.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu	ents the traceability to nati artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages :	and are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration)	ional standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 Cal Date (Certificate No.)	and are part of the certificate. IPC and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	ional standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ents the traceability to nat atainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5087.2 / 06327	ional standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages : ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	and are part of the certificate. VC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
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This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ents the traceability to nat artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # ID # MY41092317 100005 US37380585 S4206	ional standards, which realize the physical or robability are given on the following pages : ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. 217-01029) 31-Mar-09 (No.	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

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Report No. RZA1102-0261SAR01R1

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
	250 mW input power	6.24 mW / g
SAR measured SAR normalized	250 mW input power normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g 25.0 mW / g

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 mW / g
SAR measured	noo uurr nipar porror	
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 1.9 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω + 5.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.144 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG		
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002		

Report No. RZA1102-0261SAR01R1

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2010 13:12:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

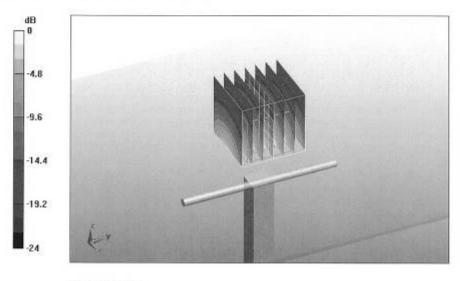
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U11 BB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.77 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g

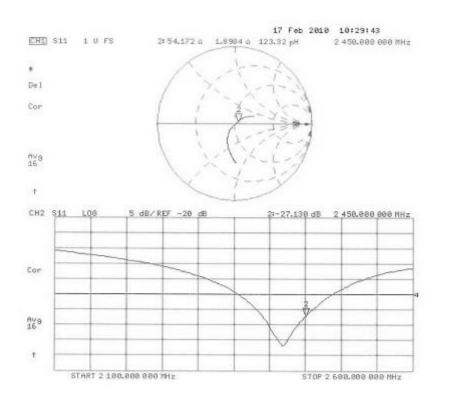


0 dB = 17.1mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 19.02.2010 13:05:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

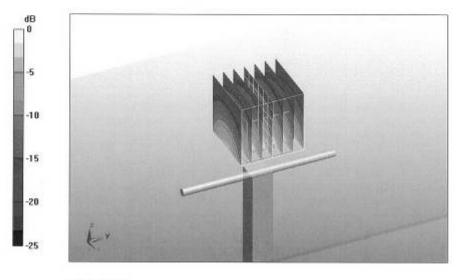
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U10 BB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17 mW/g



0 dB = 17mW/g

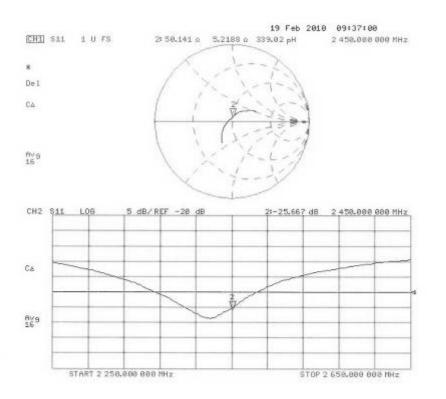
Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEX F: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	h, Switzerland	Rac MRA	S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditat The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the re	e is one of the signatories	to the EA	ditation No.: SCS 108
Client TA - SH (Aude	n)	Certif	cate No: DAE4-871_Nov10
CALIBRATION C	CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 871	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration process	fure for the data acquisitio	n electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 18, 20	10	
The measurements and the uncer	rtainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the phy bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2	ages and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncer	rtainties with confidence pro	sbability are given on the following p	ages and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T	rtainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laboratory ITE critical for calibration)	sbability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory I'E critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	rtainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laboratory I'E critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laboratory IE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 005 AB 1004	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) <u>Check Date (in house)</u> 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro- cted in the closed laboratory I'E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1	Itainties with confidence protected in the closed laboratory IE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 Name	sbability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) <u>Check Date (in house)</u> 07-Jun-10 (in house check) Function	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates



SHISS C. D. Z.

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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
 result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV,
 full range =
 -1.....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time:
 3 sec; Measuring time:
 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X ·	Y	Z
High Range	404.757 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.740 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.181 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98219 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93489 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96831 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.0 ° ± 1 °
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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200001.2	-1.56	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20000.71	0.71	0.00
Channel X - Input	-19997.87	1.63	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199994.3	1.99	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19998.92	-1.08	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20000.26	-0.78	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200009.2	-1.04	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.70	-1.10	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20000.16	-0.76	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.1	0.16	0.01
Channel X + Input	199.58	-0.52	-0.26
Channel X - Input	-200.79	-0.89	0.45
Channel Y + Input	1999.9	-0.03	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	199.45	-0.55	-0.27
Channel Y - Input	-200.31	-0.41	0.21
Channel Z + Input	2000.1	0.33	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.13	-0.77	-0.38
Channel Z - Input	-201.47	-1.37	0.69

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	14.25	12.86
	- 200	-12.68	-14.21
Channel Y	200	-10.04	-10.39
	- 200	9.20	9.17
Channel Z	200	-0.85	-1.40
	- 200	-0.34	-0.31

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		2.85	0.69
Channel Y	200	2.41		2.73
Channel Z	200	2.54	0.73	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15920	15517
Channel Y	. 16171	16732
Channel Z	15803	16474

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.03	-2.35	0.86	0.43
Channel Y	-0.50	-1.49	-0.49	0.38
Channel Z	-0.92	-2.21	0.14	0.44

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

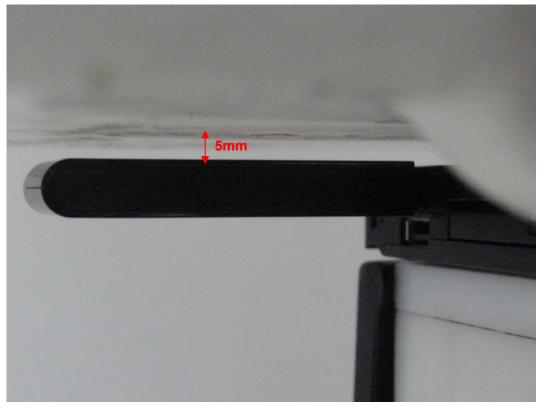
Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

ANNEX G: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration

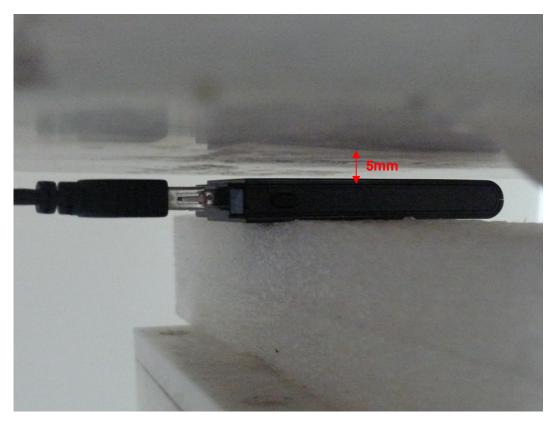


VNT9271BU0D0 Picture 4: Constituents of the EUT

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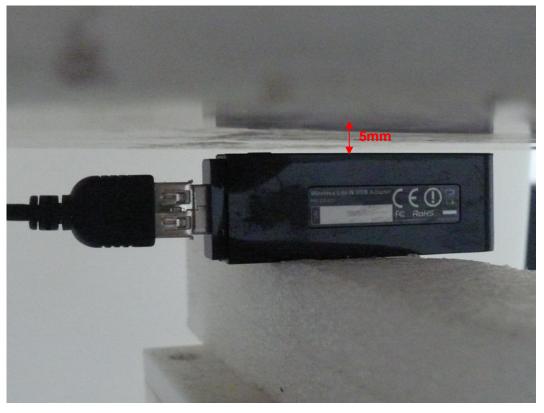


Picture 5: Test position 1



Picture 6: Test position 2

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Picture 7: Test Position 3



Picture 8: Test Position 4

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ANNEX H: Product Change Description

PROWARE®

PROWARE TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

Declaration

Date: May 6, 2011

We, Proware Technologies Co., Ltd. declare that PW-DN421 and VNT9271BU0D0 are exactly the same except for the following three aspects:

1. Model No. changing from PW-DN421 to VNT9271BU0D0

2. Housing Printing

Back Label

The above three aspects will not affect any test results.

Sincerely,

Kaijun Yang 2011.05.06

Name of authorized signer: Kaijun Yang Title of authorized signer: Product Manager Company Name: Proware Technologies Co., Ltd. Tel: 86-755-26525157 Fax: 86-755-26636921 Web site: www.proware.com.cn