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TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.....:: TRE18070039 R/C..... 80583

WQ81806-808BT FCC ID....::

Autel Intelligent Tech. Corp., Ltd. Applicant's name.....:

6th - 10th Floor, Bldg. B1, Zhiyuan, Xueyuan Rd., Xili, Nanshan, Address....:

Shenzhen, China.

Autel Intelligent Tech. Corp., Ltd. Manufacturer....:

6th - 10th Floor, Bldg. B1, Zhiyuan, Xueyuan Rd., Xili, Nanshan, Address....:

Shenzhen, China

Professional Scan Tool Test item description:

AUTEL Trade Mark

MaxiCOM MK808BT Model/Type reference....:

Listed Model(s):

FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 Standard::

ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample.....: Jul.06, 2018

Date of testing.....: Jul.09, 2018 - Jul.16, 2018

Date of issue....: Jul.17, 2018

Result....: **PASS**

Compiled by

(position+printedname+signature)...: File administrators: Charley Wu

Supervised by

Charley Wu (position+printedname+signature)...: Test Engineer:

Approved by

(position+printedname+signature)...: Manager: Hans Hu Charley.Wu Charley.Wu Hours HU

Testing Laboratory Name:: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Address.....:

Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Test Standards and Report version

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

<u>616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02:</u> SAR Evaluation Requirements for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers

1.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2018-07-17	Original

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2. **Summary**

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Autel Intelligent Tech. Corp., Ltd.					
Address:	6th - 10th Floor, Bldg. B1, Zhiyuan, Xueyuan Rd., Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China.					
Manufacturer:	Autel Intelligent Tech. Corp., Ltd.					
Address:	6th - 10th Floor, Bldg. B1, Zhiyuan, Xueyuan Rd., Xili, Nanshan,Shenzhen, China					

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:							
Name of EUT:	Professional Scan Tool						
Trade Mark:	AUTEL						
Model No.:	MaxiCOM MK808BT						
Listed Model(s):	-						
Power supply:	DC 3.7V						
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population / Uncontrolled						
Hardware version:	V4						
Software version:	Andriod 4.4.4						
Maximum SAR Value							
Separation Distance:	Body: 0mm						
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Body: 0.923 W/Kg						
WIFI 2.4G							
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20)						
Modulation:	DSSS for 802.11b OFDM for 802.11g/802.11n(HT20)						
Operation frequency:	2412MHz~2462MHz						
Channel number:	11						
Channel separation:	5MHz						
Antenna type:	Integral ANT						
Bluetooth							
Version:	Supported BT2.1+EDR						
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK						
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz						
Channel number:	79						
Channel separation:	1MHz						
Antenna type:	Chip ANT						
Remark: 1. The EUT battery must be	fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power						

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3. Test Environment

3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory:Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

IC-Registration No.:5377B

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No.: 5377B

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

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4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calibration			
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2018/04/25	2019/04/24		
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2018/02/26	2019/02/25		
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04		
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	2018/03/01	2019/02/28		
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	2018/03/01	2019/02/28		
Network analyzer	Agilent	N9923A	MY51491493	2017/09/05	2018/09/04		
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2017/11/27	2018/11/26		
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMB100A	175248	2017/09/02	2018/09/01		
Power meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52090010	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Power sensor	Agilent	E9304A	MY52140008	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY54470001	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	QA1202003	2017/11/27	2018/11/26		
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MY48220612	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		

Note:

The DAE ,Probe and Dipole calibration reference to the Appendix A and Appendix B.

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5. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
	ent System Probe calibration	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞
1	Axial									
2	isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	8
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	√3	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	- 80
Test Samp										
15	Test sample positioning	Α	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	8
16	Device holder uncertainty	Α	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
Phantom a				Γ	1	1	ı		Γ	-
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	Α	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	Α	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard uncertainty $u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} a_i}$		$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	/	/	/	/	9.79%	9.67%	∞	
	nded uncertainty ce interval of 95 %)	u _e	$=2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	19.57%	19.34%	80

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System Check Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
	ent System		0.00/		Ι 4	T 4	T 4	0.00/	0.00/	1
1	Probe calibration Axial	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞
2	isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	80
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
System va	lidation source-dipole									
15	Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	А	1.58%	N	1	1	1	1.58%	1.58%	∞
16	Dipole axis to liquid distance	Α	1.35%	N	1	1	1	1.35%	1.35%	∞
17	Input power and SAR drift	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
Phantom a									•	
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	Α	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	Α	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = 1$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$	/	/	/	/	8.80%	8.79%	∞
	nded uncertainty ce interval of 95 %)	u_{ϵ}	$u_c = 2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	17.59%	17.58%	∞

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6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

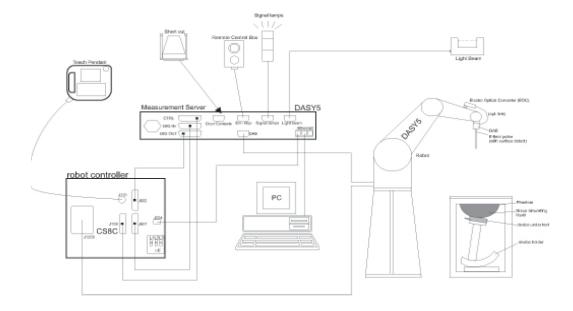
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10 μ W/g to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

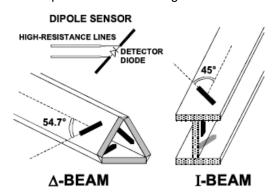
Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



• Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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6.3. Phantoms

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with standard and all known tissuesimulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



ELI4 Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

		•	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the i			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3-4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4-6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan s	patial resol	ution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \text{graded} \\ \text{grid} \\ \end{array}$		≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
			$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(\text{n-1}) \text{ mm}$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor: ConvFi Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency:

Crest factor: cf

Media parameters: Conductivity: σ

Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) cf: dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:
$$E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – field
probes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Vi: Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij:

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Report No: TRE18070039 Page: 15 of 33 Issued: 2018-07-17

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

Etot: total field strength in V/m

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

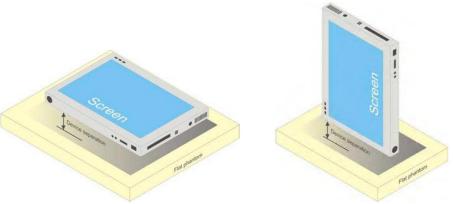
Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

8.1. Body-supported device

Other devices that fall into this category include tablet type portable computers and credit card transaction authorisation terminals, point-of-sale and/or inventory terminals. Where these devices may be torso or limb-supported, the same principles for body-supported devices are applied.



b) Tablet form factor portable computer

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9. System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Tissue dielectric parameters for body phantoms							
Target Frequency	Body						
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)					
2450	52.7 1.95						

Check Result:

Officer res	Check Result.									
Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid										
Frequency	εr		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp	5	
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)	Limit	(°C)	Date	
2450	52.70	53.03	1.95	2.00	0.63%	2.56%	±5%	22	2018-07-10	

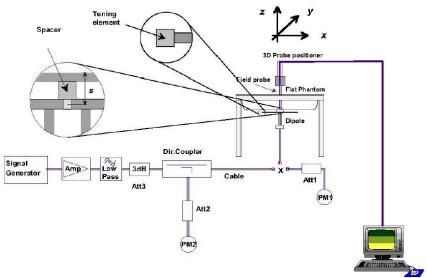
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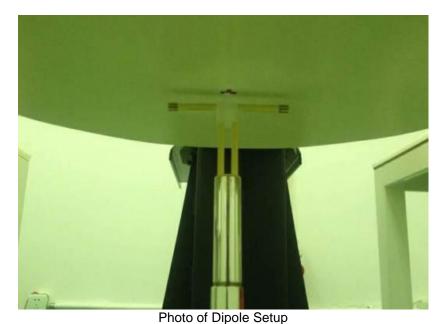
9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.





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Check Result:

Oncok Kes	Officer result.									
Body										
Frequency	1g SAR		10g SAR		Delta	Delta		Temp	_	
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date	
2450	49.40	50.00	23.30	23.32	1.21%	0.09%	±10%	22	2018-07-10	

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SystemPerformanceCheck-Body 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009

Date:2018-07-10

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.03$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018

Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

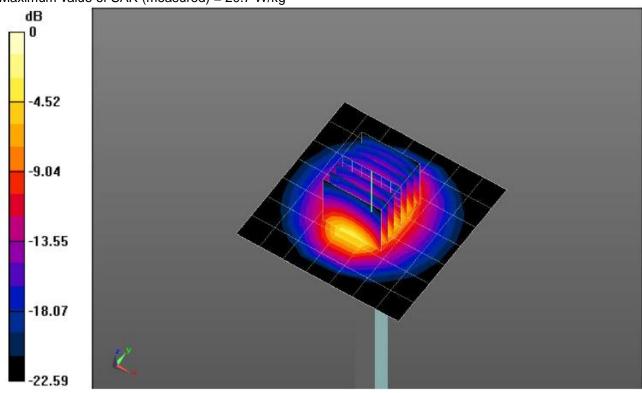
Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

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10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	Limit (\	N/kg)		
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment		
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0		
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures

	WIFI 2.4G								
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)						
	01	2412	18.21						
802.11b	06	2437	18.13						
	11	2462	18.25						
	01	2412	17.32						
802.11g	06	2437	17.45						
	11	2462	17.39						
	01	2412	16.84						
802.11n(HT20)	06	2437	16.79						
	11	2462	16.71						

	Bluetooth								
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)						
	0	2402	11.32						
GFSK	39	2441	11.14						
	78	2480	10.64						
	0	2402	10.69						
π/4QPSK	39	2441	10.06						
	78	2480	10.39						
	0	2402	10.74						
8DPSK	39	2441	10.72						
	78	2480	10.19						

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12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

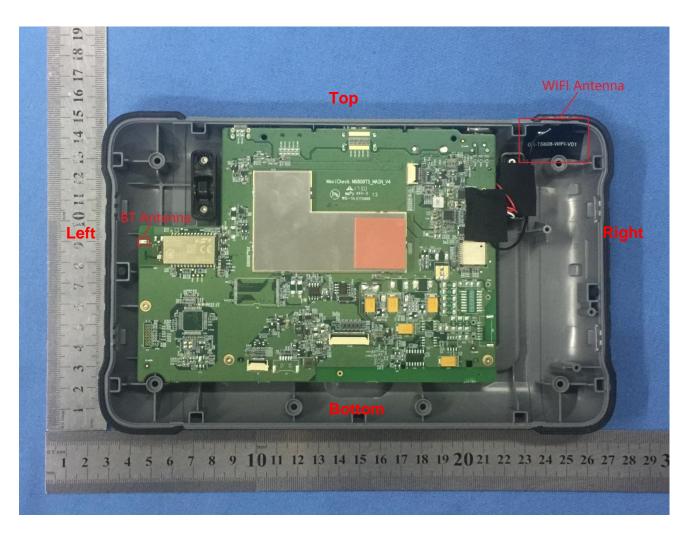
WLAN 2.4G						
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)					
Wode	Burst Average Power					
802.11b	18.50					
802.11g	17.50					
802.11n(HT20)	17.00					

Bluetooth								
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)						
	0	2402						
GFSK	39	2441	11.50					
	78	2480						
	0	2402						
π/4QPSK	39	2441	11.00					
	78	2480						
	0	2402						
8DPSK	39	2441	11.00					
	78	2480						

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13. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

13.1. Antenna Location



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13.2. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

KDB 447498 with KDB 616217:

a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- b) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:
- 1) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)]} mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- 2) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance 50 mm)·10]} mW, for > 1500 MHz and ≤6 GHz

Antennas < 50mm to adjacent edges

_		, and made a definition adjuster a degree															
ĺ					Sepa	ration Distances	(mm)		Calculated Threshold Value								
	Tx Interface	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Output Power		Output Power	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
			dBm	mW					Side					Side			
	WIFI 2.4G	2462	18.5	71	5	200	10	5	125	22 MEASURE	> 50 mm	11 MEASURE	22 MEASURE	> 50 mm			
	Bluetooth	2402	11.5	14	20	15	220	60	90	1 EXEMPT	1 EXEMPT	> 50 mm	> 50 mm	> 50 mm			

Antennas > 50mm to adjacent edges

Outrus		Dower		Sepa	ration Distances	(mm)	Calculated Threshold Value														
Tx Interface	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Output Power		Output Power		Output Power		Output Power		Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom
		dBm mW Rear Face Left Side Right Side Top Side	Side	iteal i ace	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Side													
WIFI 2.4G	2462	18.5	71	5	200	10	5	125	< 50 mm	1596mW EXEMPT	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	846mW EXEMPT								
Bluetooth	2402	11.5	14	20	15	220	60	90	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	1797mW EXEMPT	197mW EXEMPT	497mW EXEMPT								

Positions for SAR tests								
Test Configurations Rear Face Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom S								
WIFI 2.4G	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			
Bluetooth	No	No	No	No	No			

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13.3. Estimated SAR

Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below:

- a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
- c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Estimated SAR(W/kg)								
Test Configurations Rear Face Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side								
WIFI 2.4G	-	0.400	-	-	0.400			
Bluetooth	0.148	0.198	0.400	0.400	0.400			

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14. SAR Measurement Results

	WLAN 2.4G										
	+ .	Fred	luency	Conducted	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune		Measured	Report	Test Plot	
I Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)		up scaling factor	scaling Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)		
		1	2412	18.21	18.50	1.07				1	
	Back	6	2437	18.13	18.50	1.09				-	
		11	2462	18.25	18.50	1.06	0.17	0.222	0.235	-	
000 441		1	2412	18.21	18.50	1.07				-	
802.11b 1Mbps	Right	6	2437	18.13	18.50	1.09					
TWIDPS		11	2462	18.25	18.50	1.06	0.00	0.161	0.171		
		1	2412	18.21	18.50	1.07					
	Тор	6	2437	18.13	18.50	1.09					
		11	2462	18.25	18.50	1.06	0.18	0.485	0.514	B1	

Note:

- According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg.
 Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the
 reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤
 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.
- 2. When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. the 802.11g/n is not required

	WLAN 2.4G- Scaled Reported SAR									
Mada	Test Position	Fre	equency	A studied the factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled			
Mode	rest Position	CH	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)			
000 441	Back	11	2462	98.23%	100%	0.235	0.239			
802.11b 1Mbps	Right	11	2462	98.23%	100%	0.171	0.174			
TWOPS	Тор	11	2462	98.23%	100%	0.514	0.523			

Note:

1. According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 98.23% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

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SAR Test Data Plots

Test mode: WLAN 802.11b Test Position: Top Side Test Plot: B1

Date:2018-07-10

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.012 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.998$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2/26/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Top/Procedure/Area Scan (51x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Top/Procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

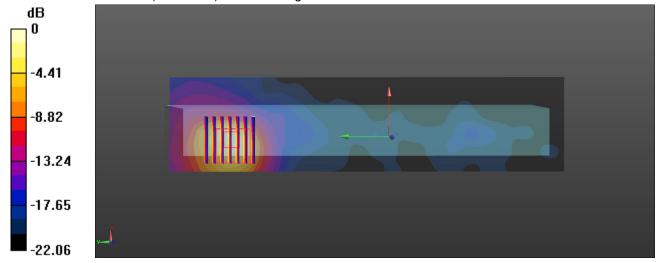
Reference Value = 1.564 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.860 W/kg



0 dB = 0.860 W/kg = -0.66 dBW/kg

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15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body	Note
5	Bluetooth (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	-

General note:

- 2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 3. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
 - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth Max power	Exposure position	Test separation (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	
	Rear Face	20	0.148	
	Left Side	15	0.198	
11.5 dBm	Right Side	>50	0.400	
	Top Side	>50	0.400	
	Bottom Side	>50	0.400	

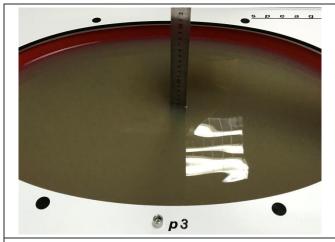
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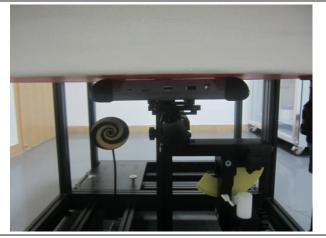
Maximum reported SAR value for Body

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth				
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
		WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
WiFi 802.11b	Rear Face	0.239	0.148	0.387
	Left Side	0.400	0.198	0.598
	Right Side	0.174	0.400	0.574
	Top Side	0.523	0.400	0.923
	Bottom Side	0.400	0.400	0.800

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16. TestSetup Photos



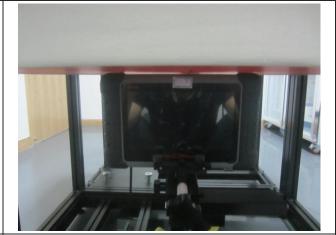


Liquid depth in the Body Phantom

Rear side(0mm)







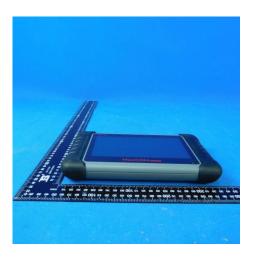
Top side(0mm)

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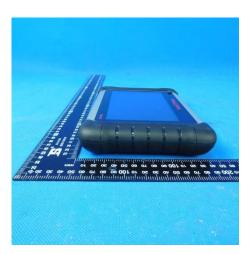
17. External and Photos of the EUT



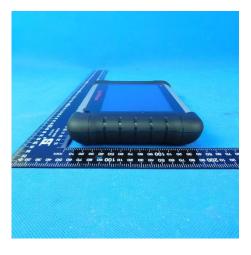




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----End of Report-----