

Test report

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RF test report

190222-AU01+W01



Industry
Canada

Elatec GmbH

RFID Reader / Writer

TWN4 Slim

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Location of Testing:

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The technical accuracy is guaranteed through the quality management of the
EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH.



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Elatec GmbH
RFID Reader / Writer
TWN4 Slim

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1 General remark

The EUT is a RFID reader / writer with a certified BLE module, so the BLE part was also active while measuring the radiated emissions from the RFID part. Furthermore, the EUT was tested until the 10th harmonic (25 GHz) of the highest BLE channel (2480 MHz) and the band-edge at the lowest channel is also in consideration in this test report. According to test report "287407-2-1" from SGS Fimko Ltd., the worst-case frequency is 2402 MHz, so only this channel was tested.

2 Summary of test results

System type: RFID Reader with certified BLE module

47 CFR part and section	Test	Equivalent to IC radio standard(s)	Page	Result	Note(s)
15.207	AC power line conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	RSS-210, section 3.1 RSS-Gen, section 8.8	23	Passed	1
---	20 dB bandwidth	---	27	Recorded	
2.202(a) ANSI C63.10	Occupied bandwidth (99 %)	RSS-Gen, section 6.7	30	For information only	
15.209	Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified 9 kHz to 10 th harmonic	RSS-Gen, section 6.13 RSS-Gen, section 8.9			
	9 kHz to 30 MHz		33	Passed	---
	30 MHz to 1 GHz		37	Passed	---
	1 GHz to 10 th harmonic		41	Passed	---
15.247(d) ANSI C63.10	Band-edge measurements	RSS-247, Section 5.5	46	Passed	---

Notes (for information about EUT see clause 4):

- Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

Straubing, September 24, 2019

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3 Referenced publications

<i>Publication</i>	<i>Title</i>
CFR 47 Part 2 October 2017	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 (Telecommunication), Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
CFR 47 Part 15 October 2017	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 (Telecommunication), Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
ANSI C63.10 June 2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB 174176 D01 June 3, 2015	AC power-line conducted emissions Frequently Asked Questions
KDB Publication no. 447498 October 23, 2015	RF exposure procedures and equipment authorization policies for mobile and portable devices
KDB Publication no. 558074 April 02, 2019	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
RSS-247, Issue 2 February 2017	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications - Radio Standards Specification - Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS-Gen, Issue 5 April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications - Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
RSS-210 Issue 9, August 2016	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment

4 Equipment under test (EUT)

All Information in this clause is declared by customer.

4.1 General information

Product type: RFID Reader / Writer
Model name: TWN4 Slim
Serial number(s): 2019103472
Applicant: Elatec GmbH
Manufacturer: Elatec GmbH
Version: Hardware: Revision B
Software: TWN4-B1.08-NKF3.22-CONT1.04
Additional modifications: None
FCC ID: WP5TWN4F9
IC registration number: 7948A-TWN4F9
FCC-ID of BLE-module: QQQ11
IC registration number of BLE-module: 5123A-11
Power supply: DC supply
Nominal voltage: 5.0 V
Minimum voltage: 4.3 V
Maximum voltage: 5.5 V
Nominal frequency: ---
Temperature range: -20 °C to +70 °C (customer defined)
Device type: Portable Mobile Fixed

4.2 Radio specifications

System type: RFID Reader with certified BLE module

Application frequency band: n/a

Operating frequencies: 125 kHz

Short description: The EUT is a RFID Reader operating on the frequency 125 kHz with a certified BLE module.

Number of RF channels 1

Modulation ASK

Antenna: Type: PCB antenna
Gain: n/a
Connector: external internal
 temporary none (integral antenna)

4.3 Photo documentation

For external photos of the EUT see annex B, for internal ones see annex C.
Photos taken during testing including EUT positions can be found in annex A.

5 Test configuration and mode of operation

5.1 Test configuration

<i>Device</i>	<i>Type designation</i>	<i>Serial or inventory no.</i>	<i>Manufacturer</i>
<i>EUT</i>			
RFID Reader / Writer	TWN4 Slim	2019103472	Elatec GmbH
<i>Support equipment</i>			
Notebook	Lifebook A557	E001053	FUJITSU
Power supply for notebook	ADP-65JH AB	E001053	FUJITSU
RFID tag	Tag 125 kHz	---	Elatec GmbH

Table 1: Devices used for testing

5.2 Mode of operation

5.2.1 Test software used for all tests

For all tests collected in this report, the software “AppBlaster” was used. The appropriate command, for example continuous tag reading on 125 kHz, is loaded on the EUT. The reading of the tag can be seen in the editor.

5.2.2 Test modes applied

During pre-tests it was observed that the “continuous-tag-reading-mode” is the respective worst-case. Therefore this mode was selected for final testing. The device was configured by manufacturer to activate the RFID reader for continuous transmission via RFID card.

During the radiated tests both technologies, RFID at 125 kHz and BLE at 2402 MHz, were active. For the relative tests, 20 dB bandwidth and occupied bandwidth, only RFID at 125 kHz was active. The AC power line conducted emissions were measured with RFID at 125 kHz and BLE activated. The information if a tag was used or not has been noted at the respective test.

6 Test procedures

6.1 General specifications

6.1.1 Test setups

Tabletop devices are placed on a non-conductive table with a height of 0.8 m. In case of AC power-line conducted emissions test, the rear of the EUT is located 40 cm to the vertical wall of the RF-shielded (screened) room which is used as vertical conducting plane. For radiated emission measurements above 1 GHz, tabletop devices are placed at a height of 1.5 m above the floor using a support made of styrene placed on top of the non-conductive table.

Floor-standing devices are placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material (see clause 6.2.3.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013 for more details).

All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs are at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface. This includes the case or cases of one or more LISNs when performing an AC power-line conducted emissions test.

Radiated emission measurements of equipment that can be used in multiple orientations (e.g. portable or handheld devices) are performed with the EUT in each of three orthogonal axis positions.

6.2 AC power line conducted emission

AC power-line conducted emissions are measured according to clause 6.2 of ANSI C63.10 over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz to determine the line-to-ground radio-noise voltage that is conducted from all of the EUT current-carrying power input terminals that are directly (or indirectly via separate transformers or power supplies) connected to a public power network. The tests are performed in a shielded room.

If the EUT normally receives power from another device that in turn connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements are made on that device with the EUT in operation to demonstrate that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power. If the EUT is operated only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines (600 VAC or less) to operate the EUT (such as an adapter), then ac power-line conducted measurements are not required.

For direct current (dc) powered devices where the ac power adapter is not supplied with the device, an “off-the-shelf” unmodified ac power adapter is used. If the device is supposed to be installed in a host (e.g., the device is a module or PC card), then it is tested in a typical compliant host.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	9 kHz	≤ 4.5 kHz	Peak, Average	Quasi-peak, Average	Quasi-peak, Average

Table 2: Bandwidth and detector type for AC power-line conducted emissions test

The AC power-line conducted emissions test is performed in the following steps:

- a) The EUT is arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable, and connected to a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) with 50 μH / 50 Ω. If required, a second LISN of the same type and terminated by 50 Ω is used for peripheral devices. The EUT is switched on.
- b) The measurement equipment is connected to the LISN for the EUT and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 2). At the LISN, the neutral line is selected to be tested.
- c) The prescan is performed with both detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescan, but not for final scan.
- d) When the prescan is completed, maximum levels with less margin than 10 dB or exceeding the limit are determined and collected in a list.
- e) With the first frequency of the list selected, a frequency zoom over a range of ten times of the measurement receiver bandwidth around this frequency is performed. If the EUT has no significant drift in frequency, the frequency zoom can be skipped.
- f) For final scan, the emission level is measured and the maximum is recorded.
- g) Steps e) to f) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded.
- h) Steps c) to g) are repeated for all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords of EUT, i.e. all phase and (if used) neutral line(s).

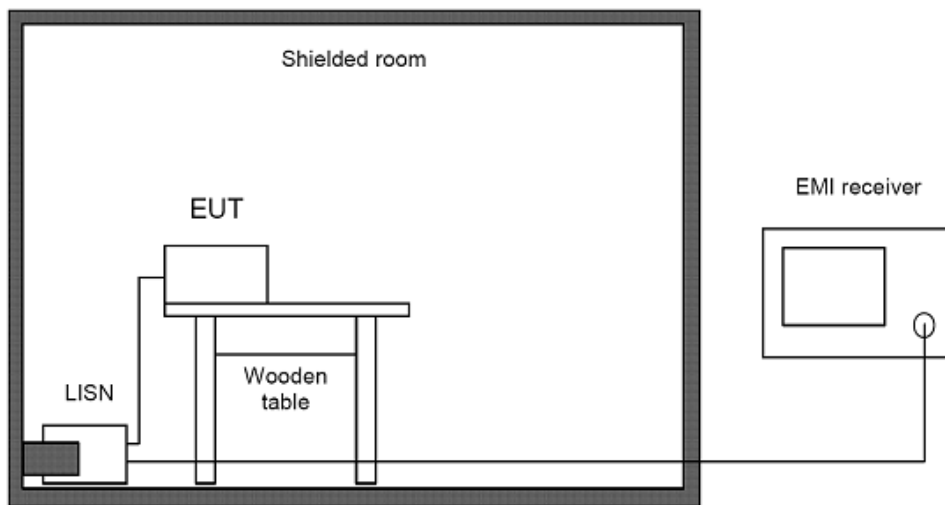


Figure 1: Setup for AC power-line conducted emissions test from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

6.3 Radiated emissions below 30 MHz

Radiated emissions below 30 MHz are measured according to clause 6.4 of ANSI C63.10 using an inductive shielded loop antenna. As this antenna measures the magnetic field only, its antenna factors are converted to electric field strength values assuming a free space impedance of 377 Ω as described in clause 4.3.1 of ANSI C63.10. This results in an additional correction of 51.53 dB.

According to clause 6.4.3 of ANSI C63.10, at frequencies below 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. In this case, the results are extrapolated to the specified distance by using a recalculation factor determined according to one of the methods described in clause 6.4.4 of ANSI C63.10, provided that the maximum dimension of the device is equal to or less than 0.625 times the wavelength at the frequency being measured. As the minimum wavelength is 10 meters corresponding to the maximum frequency of 30 MHz, this requirement is fulfilled if the maximum dimension of the device is equal to or less than 6.25 meters.

Unless otherwise stated, the recalculation factor is determined according to clause 6.4.4.2 “Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point” of ANSI C63.10:

$$d_{near\ field} = 47.77 / f_{MHz}, \text{ or}$$

$$f_{MHz} = 47.77 / d_{near\ field}$$

The frequency f_{MHz} at which the near field distance is equal to the limit and/or test distance is important for selection of the right formula to determine the recalculation factor:

$$f_{MHz}(300\ m) \approx 0.159\ MHz$$

$$f_{MHz}(30\ m) \approx 1.592\ MHz$$

$$f_{MHz}(3\ m) \approx 15.923\ MHz$$

Based on the test distances for the general radiated emission limits as specified in §15.209 of 47 CFR Part 15, the following formulas are used to determine the recalculation factor:

Frequency (f)	d_{limit}	$d_{measure}$	Formula for recalculation factor
9 kHz ≤ f ≤ 159 kHz 490 kHz < f ≤ 1.592 MHz	300 m 30 m	3 m	-40 log($d_{limit} / d_{measure}$)
159 kHz < f ≤ 490 kHz 1.592 MHz < f ≤ 15.923 MHz	300 m 30 m	3 m	-40 log($d_{near\ field} / d_{measure}$) - 20 log($d_{limit} / d_{near\ field}$)
f > 15.923 MHz	30 m	3 m	-20 log($d_{limit} / d_{measure}$)

Table 3: Recalculation factors for extrapolation

Prescans for radiated measurements below 30 MHz are performed in a fully anechoic room (called “CDC”). The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 4.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	200 Hz	≤ 100 Hz	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	9 kHz	≤ 4.5 kHz	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average

Table 4: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz

Prescans are performed with all detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans. If no limit is specified for certain detectors, final scan measurement with these detectors may be omitted.

The radiated emissions test below 30 MHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The loop antenna is positioned with its plane perpendicular to the ground with the lowest height of the antenna 1 m above the ground.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the loop antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 4).
- d) The EUT is turned to a position likely to get the maximum and the test antenna is rotated to detect the maximum of the fundamental in this EUT position.
- e) Then the EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 45°. Starting at 0°, at each table position the spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the current table position is noted as the maximum position.
- f) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions and their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- g) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the EUT is rotated by ±45° around the table position found during prescans while measuring the emission level continuously. For final scan, the worst-case table position is set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- h) Step g) is repeated for all other frequencies in the list.
- i) Finally, for frequencies with critical emissions the loop antenna is rotated again to find the maximum of emission. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to i) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions. If the EUT may be used in one position only, steps a) to i) are repeated in one orthogonal position.

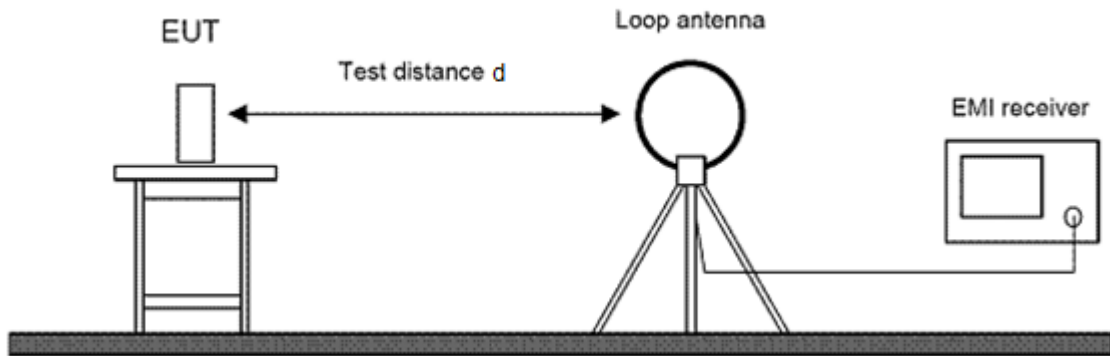


Figure 2: Setup for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz

6.4 Radiated emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Radiated emissions in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz are measured according to clause 6.5 of ANSI C63.10 using a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with a ground plane on the floor. The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 5.

Frequency (<i>f</i>)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
30 MHz $\leq f \leq$ 1 GHz	120 kHz	\leq 60 kHz	Peak	Quasi-peak	Quasi-peak

Table 5: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

The measurement antenna is a combination of a biconical antenna and a logarithmic-periodic dipole array antenna. It is mounted on a support capable of allowing the antenna to be used in either horizontal or vertical polarization and in a height between 1 m and 4 m above the ground plane.

If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans.

The radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz is performed in the following steps:

- The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 5).
- The table position is set to 0°.
- The antenna height is set to 1 m.

- f) The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
- g) The antenna height is increased to 4 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- h) The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- i) The antenna height is decreased from 4 m to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- j) The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 60°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- k) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- l) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during prescans.
- m) The antenna is moved by ± 50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by $\pm 60^\circ$ around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.
- n) For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- o) Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.

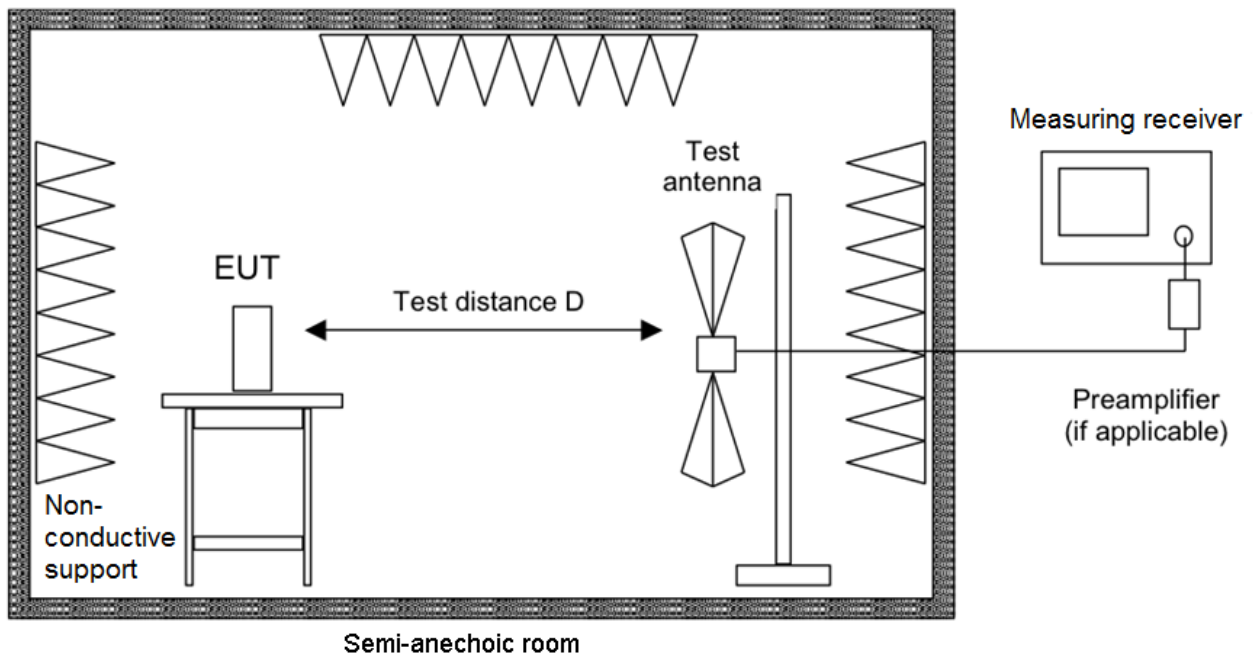


Figure 3: Setup for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

6.5 Radiated emissions above 1 GHz

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured according to clause 6.6 of ANSI C63.10 by conducting exploratory and final radiated emission tests. According to clause 6.6.4.1 of ANSI C63.10, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. However, an attempt shall be made to avoid making final measurements in the near field of both the measurement antenna and the EUT.

For measurement of radiated emissions above 1 GHz, horn antennas are used.

6.5.1 Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber with RF absorbing material on the floor or a fully anechoic room. They are performed by moving the receiving antenna over all sides of the EUT at a closer distance (e.g. 0.5 or 1 m) while observing the display of the test receiver to find the emissions to be re-tested during final radiated emission measurements.

According to clause 5.3.3 of ANSI C63.10, when performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements). To simplify testing and documentation, the limits are increased accordingly instead of decreasing the results.

The emissions of the EUT are displayed and recorded with an EMI test receiver operating in the spectrum analyzer mode using the settings as described in table 6.

<i>Frequency (f)</i>	<i>Resolution bandwidth</i>	<i>Video bandwidth</i>	<i>Sweep time</i>	<i>Trace detector(s)</i>	<i>Trace mode(s)</i>	<i>Test</i>
f ≥ 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	AUTO	Max Peak, Average	Clear Write	Searching
					Max Hold	Recording

Table 6: Bandwidth and trace settings for exploratory radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

If during exploratory radiated emissions measurements no levels to be re-tested are found, the final radiated emissions measurement may be omitted. In this case, the chart of the exploratory radiated emissions measurements has to be reported.

6.5.2 Final radiated emissions measurements

Final radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with RF absorbing material on the floor between measurement antenna and EUT. The measurement

distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 7.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type	
			Prescan	Final scan
f ≥ 1 GHz	1 MHz	≤ 500 kHz	Peak, Average	Peak, Average

Table 7: Bandwidth and detector type for final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

Prescans are performed with both detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans.

The horn antenna is mounted on a support capable of allowing the antenna to be used in either horizontal or vertical polarization and to be moved in a scan height range between 1 m and the scan height upper range defined in clause 6.6.3.3 of ANSI C63.10. When the EUT is manipulated through three different orientations, the scan height upper range for the measurement antenna is limited to 2.5 m above the ground plane or 0.5 m above the top of the EUT, whichever is higher. Otherwise, the scan height upper range is 4 m above the ground plane.

To keep the emission signal within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna, the automatic tilt function of the antenna support device is used to point the antenna at an angle toward the source of the emission.

The final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 7).
- d) The table position is set to 0°.
- e) The antenna height is set to 1 m.
- f) The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
 - g) The antenna height is increased to the scan height upper range in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- h) The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- i) The antenna height is decreased from the scan height upper range to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- j) The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 30°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- k) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- l) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during prescans.
- m) The antenna is moved by ±50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by ±30° around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.
- n) For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.

o) Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.

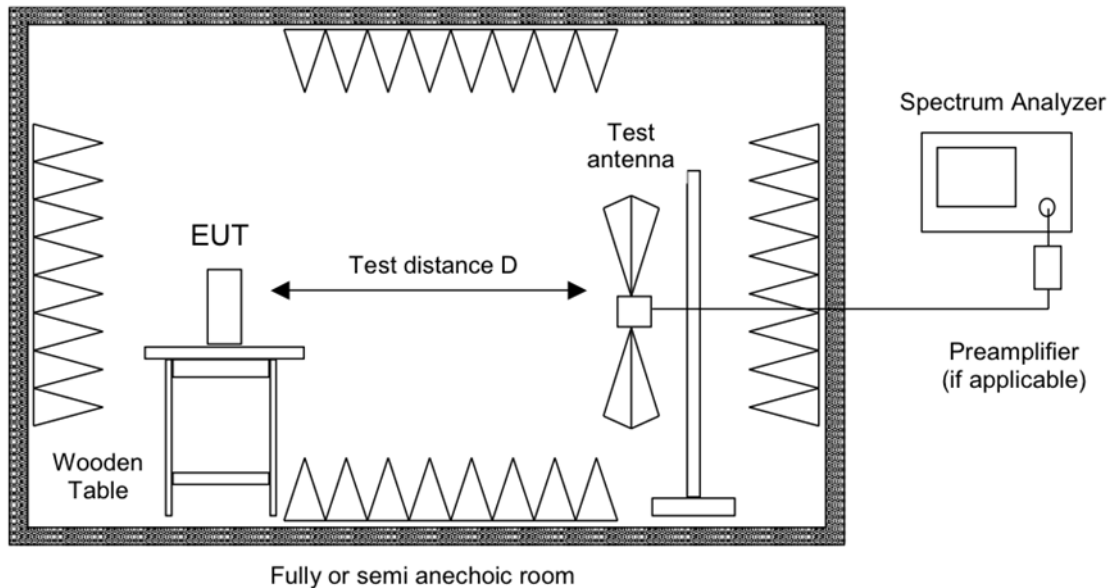


Figure 4: Setup for radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

6.6 Bandwidth measurements

6.6.1 20 dB bandwidth of the emission

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured according to clause 6.9.2 of ANSI C63.10 as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced by a ratio of 20 dB down from the reference value.

The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer is between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW.

The reference level of the instrument is set as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (20 \text{ dB bandwidth/RBW})]$ below the reference level.

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is not required for digital transmission systems (DTS). For these systems, the 6 dB bandwidth applies.

for frequency hopping systems (FHSS). For these systems the 20 dB bandwidth applies.

6.6.2 99 % occupied bandwidth

According to section 6.7 of RSS-Gen, the occupied bandwidth (OBW) is defined as the 99 % emission bandwidth.

The span of the spectrum analyzer is set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

The resolution bandwidth is in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth and the video bandwidth is not smaller than three times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted.

If possible, the detector of the spectrum analyzer is set to "Sample". However, if the device is not transmitting continuously, a peak, or peak hold is used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement).

To measure the 99 % emission bandwidth, the OBW function of the test receiver is used with the power bandwidth set to 99 %. This function indicates the lowest frequency (starting from the left side of the span) and the highest frequency (starting from the right side of the span) where 0.5% of the total sum is reached. The difference between the two frequencies is the 99 % occupied bandwidth.

6.7 Restricted bands of operation

The EUT was placed in a fully anechoic chamber and the testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10 and 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.35. The measurement distance was 3 m. To find the closest margin of the spectrum to the limit mask adapted to the test distance the EUT was rotated by 360 degrees with detector of the test receiver set to peak. The loop antenna placed in a fixed height of 1 meter was rotated by 360 degrees to get the maximum of emission. In case of exceeding the limits the detector is switched to quasi peak for final testing in position of maximum emission.

7 Test results

This clause gives details about the test results as collected in the Summary of test results on page 6.

The climatic conditions are recorded during the tests. It is ensured that the climatic conditions are within the following ranges:

<i>Ambient temperature</i>	<i>Ambient humidity</i>	<i>Ambient pressure</i>
15°C to 35°C	30 % to 75 %	86 kPa to 106 kPa

7.1 AC power line conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15: Requirement(s): 15.207
 Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.2

Section(s) in RSS: Requirement(s): RSS-Gen, section 8.8
 Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.2

Result¹ Test passed Test not passed

7.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shielded room	P92007	Siemens Matsushita	E00107
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESCS 30	Rohde & Schwarz	E00003
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Artificial mains network	ESH2-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	E00004
<input type="checkbox"/> Artificial mains network	ESH2-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	E00005
<input type="checkbox"/> Attenuator (10 dB)	50FHB-010-10	JFW Industries	E00471
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00741 E00804
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

¹ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.1.2 Limits

As specified in section 15.207 of 47 CFR Part 15, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the conducted limits as specified in table 8.

<i>Frequency of emission [MHz]</i>	<i>Conducted limit</i>	
	<i>Quasi-peak [dBμV]</i>	<i>Average [dBμV]</i>
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5.0	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Table 8: AC power-line conducted limits

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

7.1.3 Test procedure

AC power line conducted emissions are measured using the test procedure as described in clause 6.2.

7.1.4 Test results

Performed by: Jennifer Riedel Date(s) of test: August 19, 2019

Note: During testing the tag was on top of the EUT. The notebook was powered by 120 V and 60 Hz.

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
150 kHz – 30 MHz	≤ 4.5 kHz	9 kHz	PK, AV	QP, AV	10 ms	1 s	Off

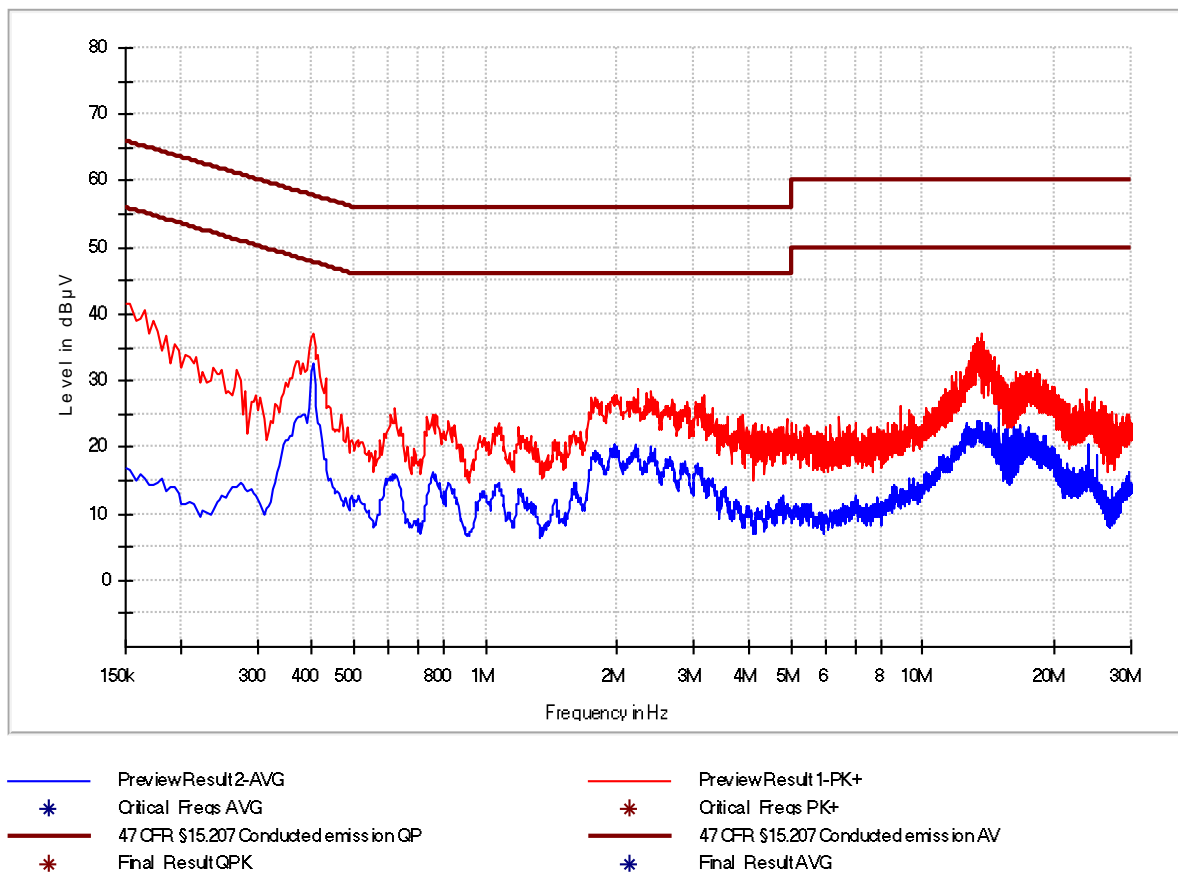


Figure 5: Chart of AC power-line conducted emissions test – phase L1

Note: No assessable emissions were detected.

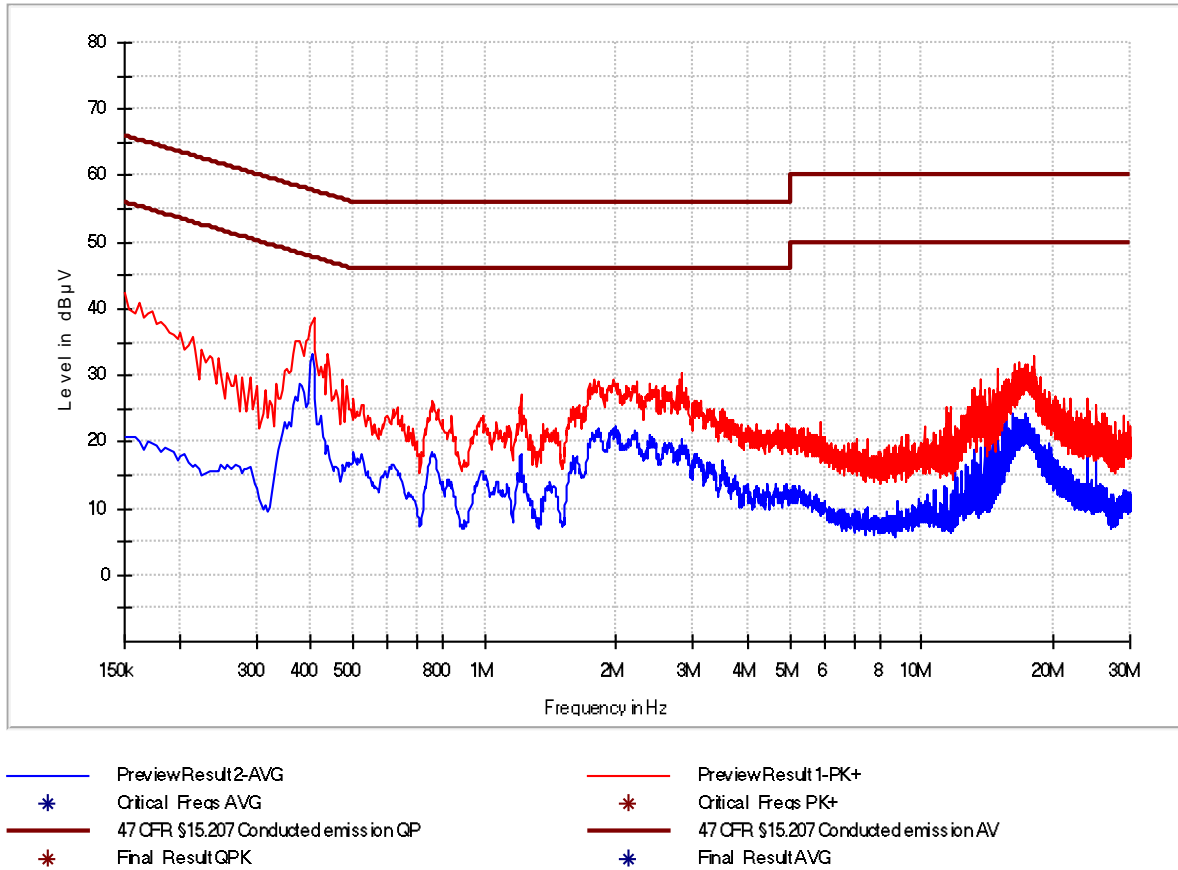


Figure 6: Chart of AC power-line conducted emissions test – phase N

Note: No assessable emissions were detected.

7.2 20 dB bandwidth

Result²: Test passed Test not passed

7.2.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> Free space semi-anechoic chamber (FS-SAC)	FS-SAC	EMV TESTHAUS	E00100
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	ALS05749	Aldetec	W01007
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (CDC)	VULB 9160	Schwarzbeck	E00011
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (OATS)	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	E00013
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC)	VULB 9162	Schwarzbeck	E00643
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	W00052
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	Schwarzbeck	W00054
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set SAC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00755 E01033 E01034
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set FS-SAC	RF cable(s)	Teledyne Reynolds Huber + Suhner Teledyne Reynolds	E00435 E00307 E00433
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

² For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.2.1 Limits

None → results only recorded for information

7.2.2 Test procedure

The 20 dB bandwidth is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 6.6.1 and referring to the

- test method for radiated measurements as described in clause 6.3.

7.2.3 Test results

Performed by: Jennifer Riedel Date(s) of test: August 12, 2019

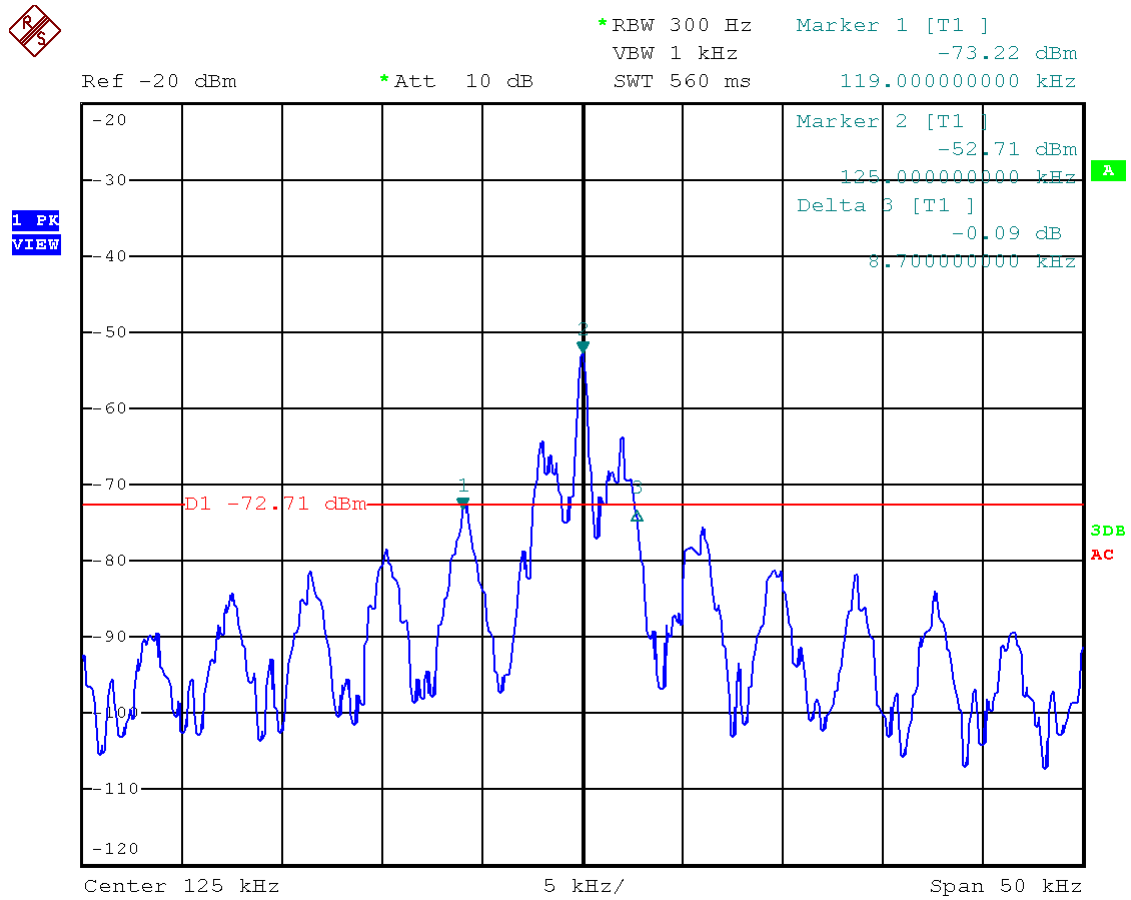


Figure 7: Chart of 20 dB bandwidth

20 dB bandwidth [kHz]	Frequency low [kHz]	Frequency high [kHz]	Result
8.700	119.000	127.700	Recorded

Table 9: Results of 20 dB bandwidth tests

7.3 Occupied bandwidth

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15: Requirement(s): 2.202(a), KDB 558074 D01, section 5.2
Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9

Section(s) in RSS: Requirement(s): RSS-Gen, section 6.7
Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9

Result³: Test passed Test not passed

7.3.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> Free space semi-anechoic chamber (FS-SAC)	FS-SAC	EMV TESTHAUS	E00100
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	ALS05749	Aldetec	W01007
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (CDC)	VULB 9160	Schwarzbeck	E00011
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (OATS)	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	E00013
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC)	VULB 9162	Schwarzbeck	E00643
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	W00052
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	Schwarzbeck	W00054
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set SAC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00755 E01033 E01034
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set FS-SAC	RF cable(s)	Teledyne Reynolds Huber + Suhner Teledyne Reynolds	E00435 E00307 E00433
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

³ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.3.2 Limits

According to section 5.2 of KDB Publication 558074, document D01, the 99 % occupied bandwidth is necessary for setting the proper reference level and input attenuation.

According to RSS-Gen, section 6.7, the occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” has to be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in RSS-247.

Although there is no limit specified, the occupied bandwidth has to be recorded and reported.

7.3.3 Test procedure

The occupied bandwidth is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 6.6.2 and referring to the

- test method for radiated measurements as described in clause 6.3.

7.3.4 Test results

Performed by: Jennifer Riedel Date(s) of test: August 12, 2019

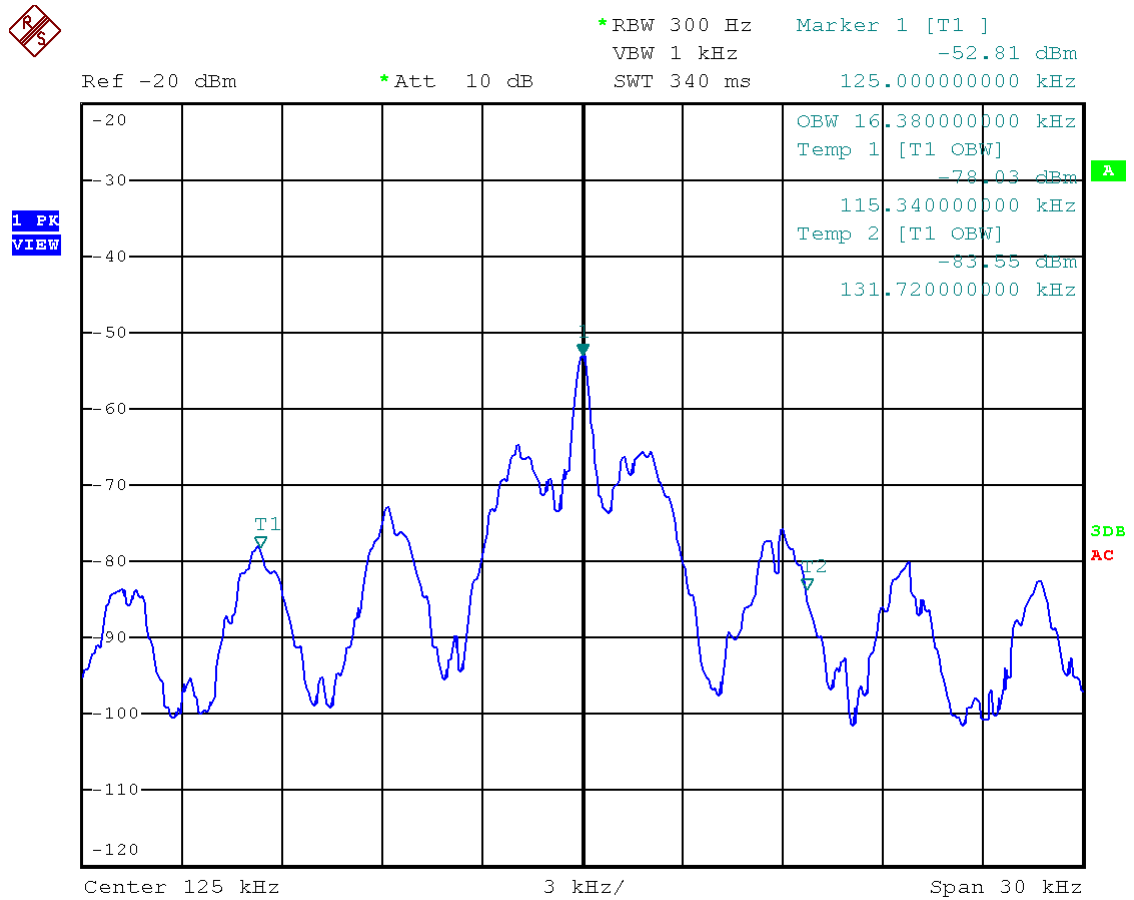


Figure 8: Chart of occupied bandwidth test

99% bandwidth [kHz]	Frequency low [kHz]	Frequency high [kHz]	Result
16.380	115.340	131.720	Recorded

Table 10: Results of occupied bandwidth test

7.4 Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified

7.4.1 Emissions below 30 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15: Requirement(s): 15.209
Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4

Section(s) in RSS: Requirement(s): RSS-Gen, section 6.13
Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4

Result⁴: Test passed Test not passed

7.4.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Compact Diagnostic Chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	Albatross Projects	E00026
<input type="checkbox"/> Open area test site (OATS)	---	EMV TESTHAUS	E00354
<input type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00060
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner AME HF-Technik AME HF-Technik Stabo	E00446 E00920 E00921 E01215
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

⁴ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.4.1.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength		Measurement distance [m]
	[μ V/m]	[dB μ V/m]	
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz) (266.67 – 4.90)	48.52 – 13.80	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz) (48.98 – 14.08)	33.80 – 22.97	30
1.705 – 30	30	29.54	30

Table 11: General radiated emission limits up to 30 MHz according to §15.209

In case of measurements are performed at other distances than that specified in the requirements, the limits in the charts and tables reported with the test results are derived from the general radiated emission limits as listed in table 11 using the recalculation factor as described in clause 6.3.

7.4.1.3 Test procedure

The emissions below 30 MHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 6.3.

7.4.1.4 Test results

Performed by:	Jennifer Riedel	Date(s) of test:	August 2, 2019
Test distance:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 m	<input type="checkbox"/> m
Antenna alignment:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in parallel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in line	<input type="checkbox"/> angle °
EUT position ⁵ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position X	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Z

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
9 kHz – 150 kHz	50 Hz	200 Hz	QP, PK, CAV	QP, PK, AV	2 s	1 s	Off
150 kHz – 30 MHz	2.25 kHz	9 kHz	QP, PK, CAV	QP, PK, AV	2 s	1 s	Off

Note: Premeasurements have shown that the position Z, the antenna alignment parallel and without tag is the worst case.

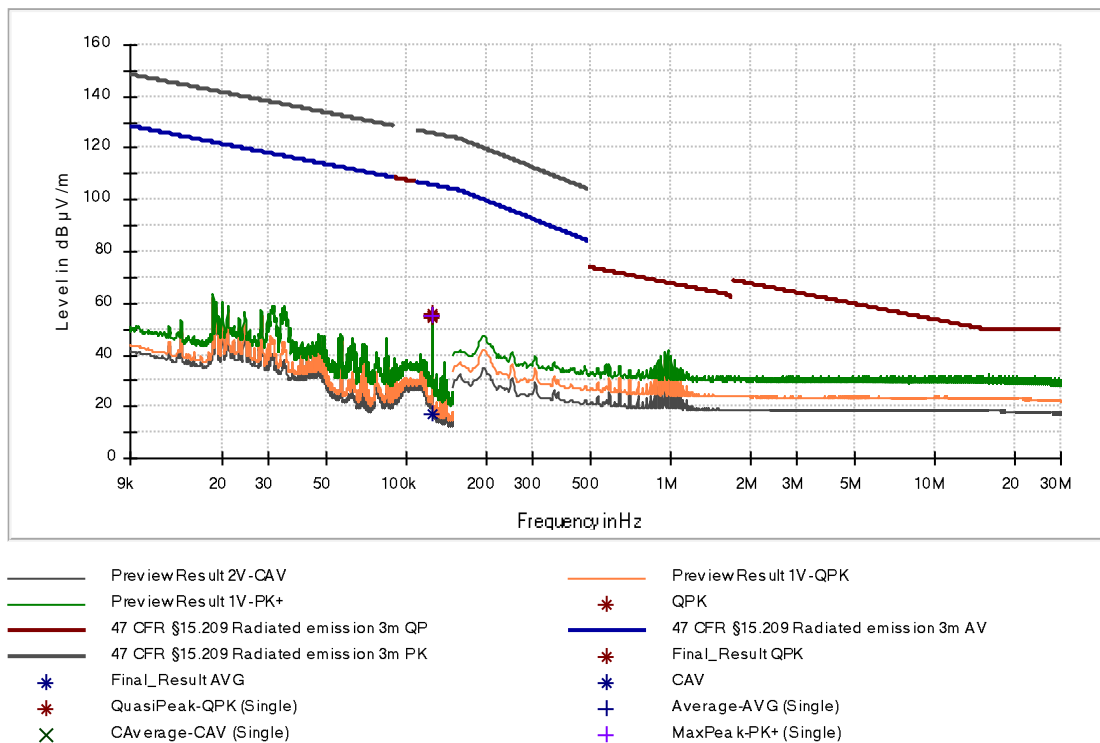


Figure 9: Chart of emissions test below 30 MHz without tag in position Z

⁵ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

<i>Frequency (MHz)</i>	<i>Detector</i>	<i>Level (dBµV/m)</i>	<i>Limit (dBµV/m)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>	<i>Meas. Time (ms)</i>	<i>Bandwidth (kHz)</i>	<i>Pol</i>	<i>Azimuth (deg)</i>	<i>Corr. (dB/m)</i>
0.125000	PK	55.67	125.69	70.02	100.0	0.200	V	179.0	19.9
0.125000	AV	17.11	105.69	88.58	100.0	0.200	V	179.0	19.9

Table 12: Final result of emissions test below 30 MHz

Note: No assessable emissions were detected except the carrier frequency of 125 kHz.

7.4.2 Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15: Requirement(s): 15.205(a) and 15.209(a)
Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5

Section(s) in RSS: Requirement(s): RSS-210, section 4.3
RSS-Gen, section 8.13
Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5

Result⁶: Test passed Test not passed

7.4.2.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> Free space semi-anechoic chamber (FS-SAC)	FS-SAC	EMV TESTHAUS	E00100
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	ALS05749	Aldetec	W01007
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (CDC)	VULB 9160	Schwarzbeck	E00011
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (OATS)	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	E00013
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC)	VULB 9162	Schwarzbeck	E00643
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	W00052
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	Schwarzbeck	W00054
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cable set SAC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00755 E01033 E01034
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set FS-SAC	RF cable(s)	Teledyne Reynolds Huber + Suhner Teledyne Reynolds	E00435 E00307 E00433
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

⁶ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.4.2.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength		Measurement distance [m]
	[μ V/m]	[dB μ V/m]	
30 – 88	100	40.00	3
88 – 216	150	43.52	3
216 - 960	200	46.02	3
Above 960	500	53.98	3

Table 13: General radiated emission limits \geq 30 MHz according to §15.209

7.4.2.3 Test procedure

The emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 6.4.

7.4.2.4 Test results

Performed by:	Jennifer Riedel	Date(s) of test:	August 5, 2019
Test distance:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 m	<input type="checkbox"/> m
EUT position ⁷ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position X	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Z

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
30 MHz – 1 GHz	30 kHz	120 kHz	QP	QP	1 s	1 s	20 dB

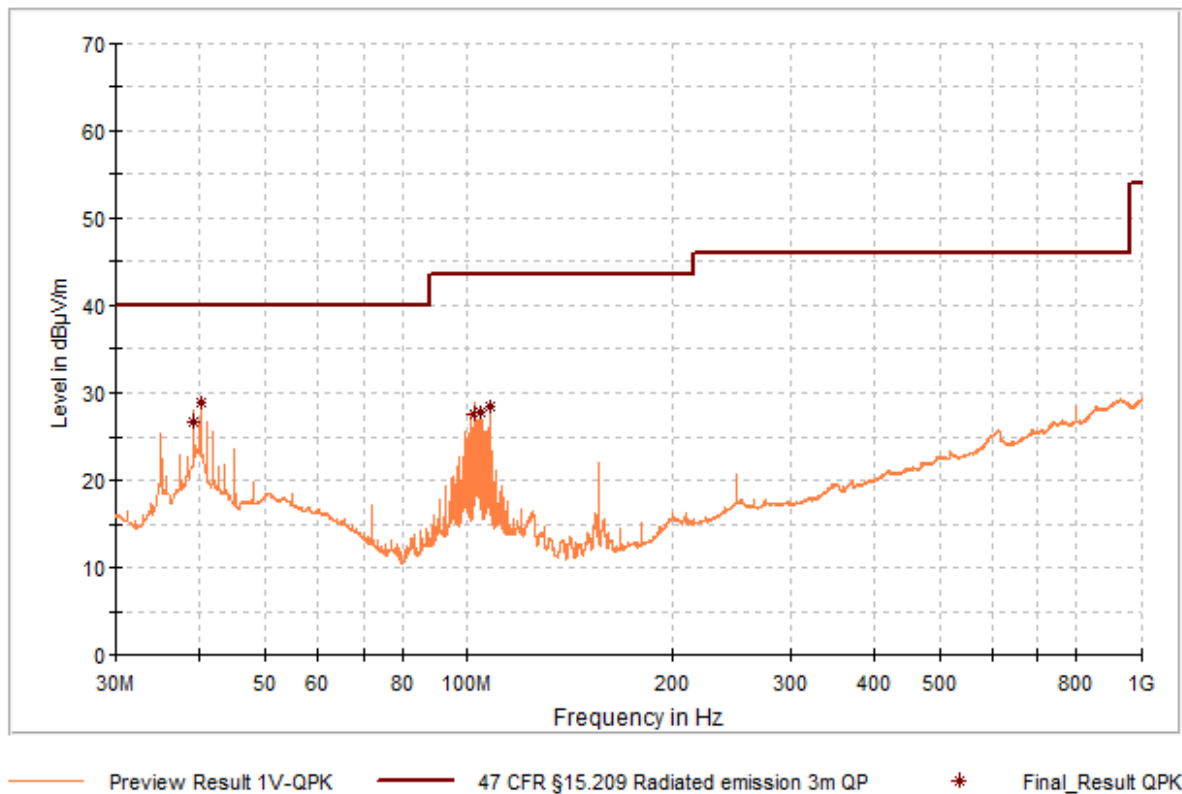


Figure 10: Chart of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz with tag in position X

⁷ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

<i>Frequency</i> [MHz]	<i>QuasiPeak</i> [dB μ V/m]	<i>Limit</i> [dB μ V/m]	<i>Margin</i> [dB]	<i>Meas.</i> <i>Time</i> (ms)	<i>Bandwidth</i> (kHz)	<i>Height</i> (cm)	<i>Pol</i>	<i>Azimuth</i> (deg)	<i>Corr.</i> (dB/m)
39.210	26.77	40.00	13.23	1000.0	120.000	106.0	V	39.0	13.1
40.080	28.25	40.00	11.75	1000.0	120.000	102.0	V	2.0	13.4
102.630	27.54	43.50	15.96	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	168.0	12.9
103.500	27.77	43.50	15.73	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	180.0	12.7
104.400	28.05	43.50	15.45	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	180.0	12.7
108.000	28.30	43.50	15.20	1000.0	120.0	100.0	V	180.0	12.7

Table 14: Results of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

7.4.1 Emissions from 1 GHz to 25 GHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15: Requirement(s): 15.209
 Reference(s): ANSI C63.10., clause 6.6

Section(s) in RSS: Requirement(s): RSS-247, section 5.5
 RSS-Gen, section 6.13
 Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.6

Result⁸: Test passed Test not passed

7.4.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Free space semi-anechoic chamber (FS-SAC)	FS-SAC	EMV TESTHAUS	E00100
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	BBV 9718 B	Schwarzbeck	W01325
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	W00052
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	Schwarzbeck	W00054
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cable set FS-SAC	RF cable(s)	Teledyne Reynolds Huber + Suhner Teledyne Reynolds	E00435 E00307 E00433
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778

⁸ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.4.1.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength		Measurement distance [m]
	[μ V/m]	[dB μ V/m]	
Above 960	500	53.98	3

Table 15: General radiated emission limits above 960 MHz according to §15.209

7.4.1.3 Test procedure

The emissions from 1 GHz to 25 GHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 6.5.

7.4.1.4 Test results

Performed by:	Jennifer Riedel	Date(s) of test:	August 6, 2019 ; August 19, 2019
Test distance:	Final tests:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 m
EUT position ⁹ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position X	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Z

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Pre-amplifier	Distance
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan		
1 GHz – 18 GHz	250 kHz	1 MHz	PK + AV	PK + AV	1.5 s	0.1 s	External	3.0 m

Note 1: The measurements from 1 GHz to 17 GHz are made at a measurement distance of 3.0 m.

Frequency range	Resolution bandwidth	Video bandwidth	Sweep time	Trace detector(s)	Trace mode(s)	Test	Pre-amplifier	Distance
18 GHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	AUTO	Max Peak	Clear Write	Searching	20 dB	0.5 m

Note 2: The exploratory measurements from 18 GHz to 25 GHz are made at a measurement distance of 0.5 m. The limit lines for these tests are converted and calculated from the limit lines at a measurement distance of 3 m.

Note 3: Premeasurements have shown that the position Z, antenna polarization H and without tag is the worst case.

⁹ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

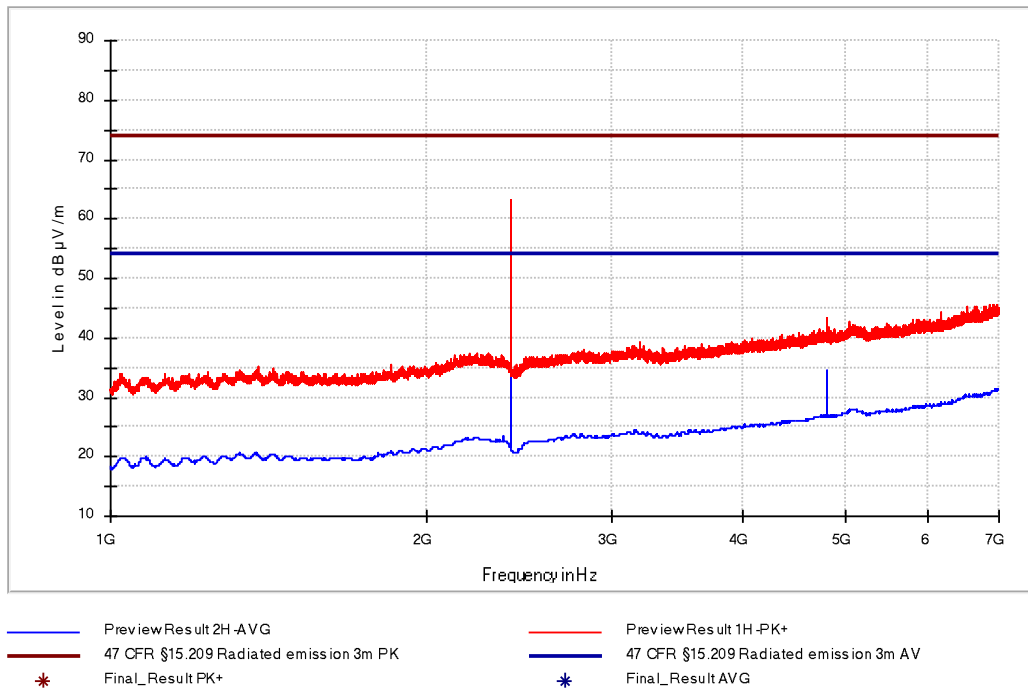


Figure 11: Chart of emissions test from 1 GHz to 7 GHz without tag in position Z and antenna polarization H (with 2.4 GHz notch filter)

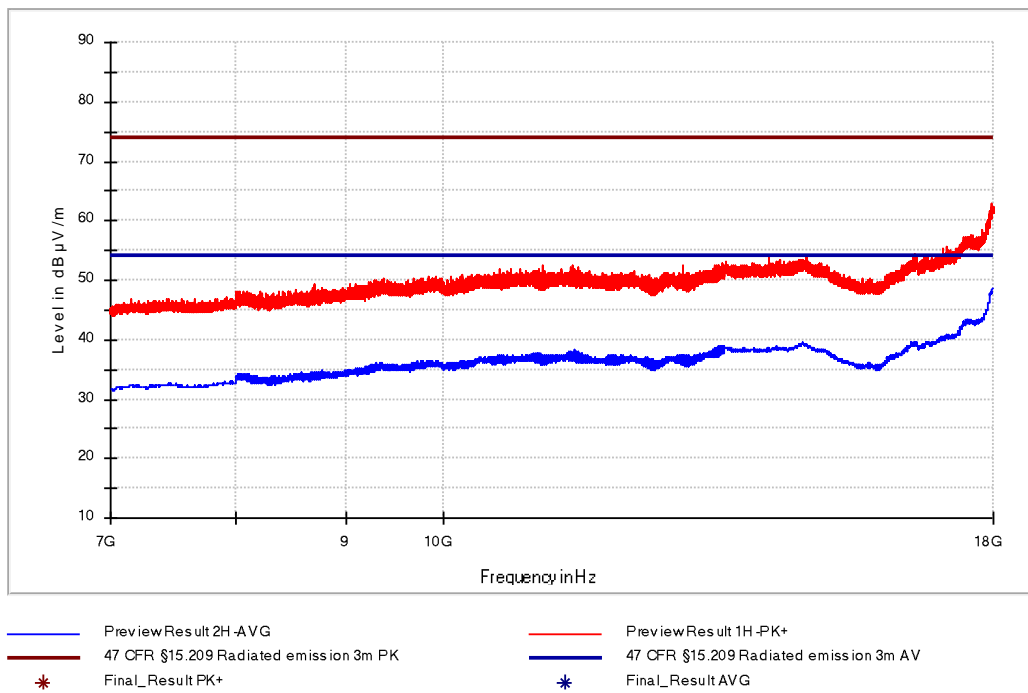


Figure 12: Chart of emissions test from 7 GHz to 18 GHz without tag in position Z and antenna polarization H



Ref 107 dBµV/m * Att 0 dB * RBW 1 MHz
VBW 3 MHz
SWT 60 ms

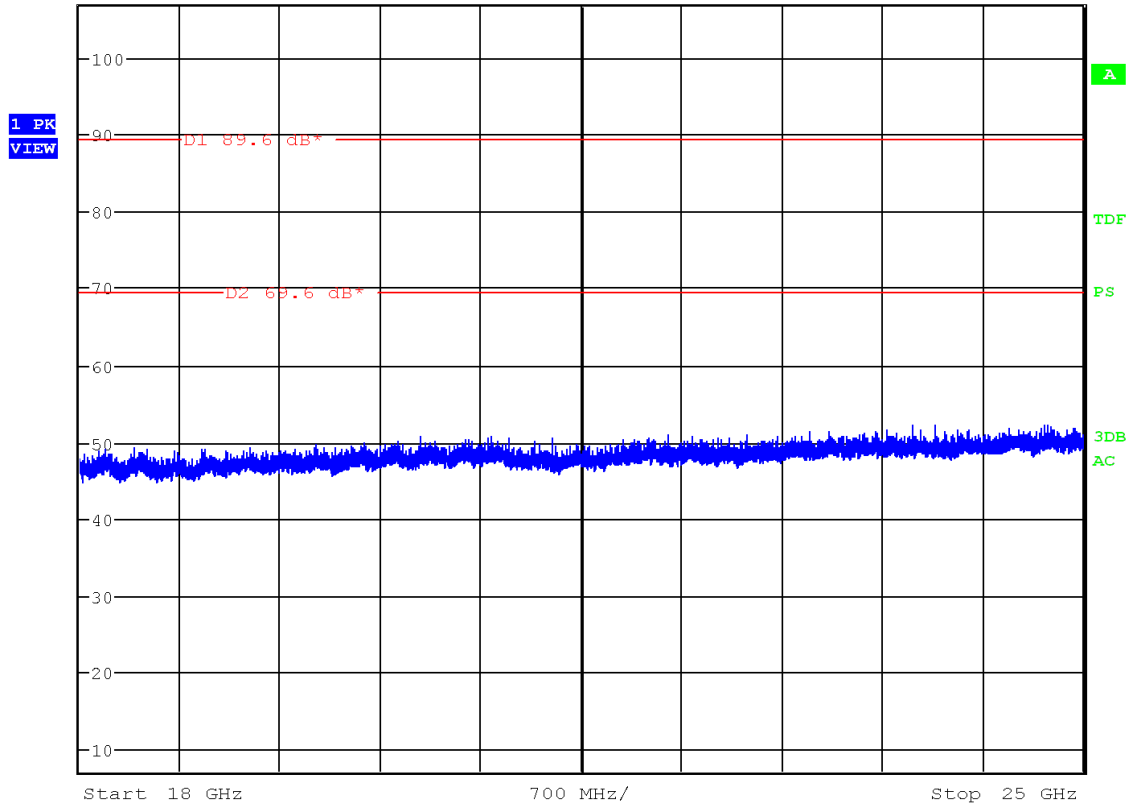


Figure 13: Chart of emissions test from 18 GHz to 25 GHz without tag

Note: No assessable emissions were detected.

Note: In Figure 11 the emission at 2402 MHz is the carrier signal of the BLE part and is in consideration in clause 7.5.

7.5 Band-edge measurements

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15: Requirement(s): 15.247(d)
 Reference(s): KDB 558074 D01, section 13

Section(s) in RSS: Requirement(s): RSS-247, section 5.5
 Reference(s): ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10

Result¹⁰: Test passed Test not passed

7.5.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> Free space semi-anechoic chamber (FS-SAC)	FS-SAC	EMV TESTHAUS	E00100
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	ALS05749	Aldetec	W01007
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (CDC)	VULB 9160	Schwarzbeck	E00011
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (OATS)	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	E00013
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC)	VULB 9162	Schwarzbeck	E00643
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	W00052
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	Schwarzbeck	W00054
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cable set SAC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00755 E01033 E01034
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set FS-SAC	RF cable(s)	Teledyne Reynolds Huber + Suhner Teledyne Reynolds	E00435 E00307 E00433
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

¹⁰ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 51.

7.5.2 Limits

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

Table 16: Restricted bands of operation according to §15.205

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands (see table 16) must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

7.5.3 Test procedure

The band-edge measurements are performed using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 6.5.

7.5.4 Test results

Performed by: Jennifer Riedel Date(s) of test: August 6, 2019

Note: BLE was set in continuous modulated transmit mode at 2402 MHz. According to customers information in the original test report "287407-2-1" from SGS Fimko Ltd., the worst-case frequency is 2402 MHz, so only this channel was tested.

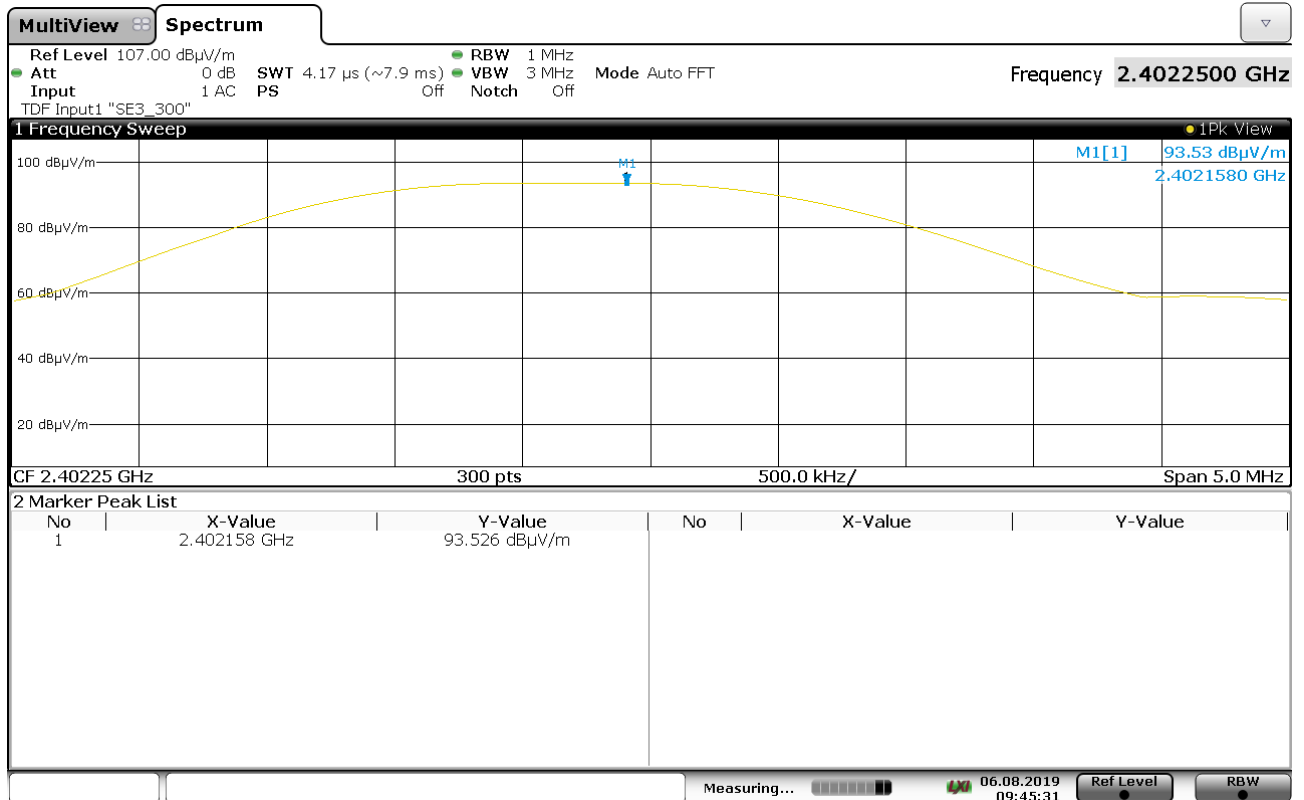


Figure 14: Chart of field strength of channel low

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength [dBµV/m] at 3 m	Calculated conducted output power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Result
2402.158	93.53	-3.67	30.00	30.67	Passed

Table 17: Result of field strength measurement

Note: The calculated conducted output power was calculated from the field strength at 3 m and the antenna gain of 2 dBi:

$$\text{Calculated conducted output power [dBm]} = \text{field strength} \left[\frac{\text{dB}\mu\text{V}}{\text{m}} \right] \text{ at } 3 \text{ m} - 95.2 - 2 \text{ dBi}$$

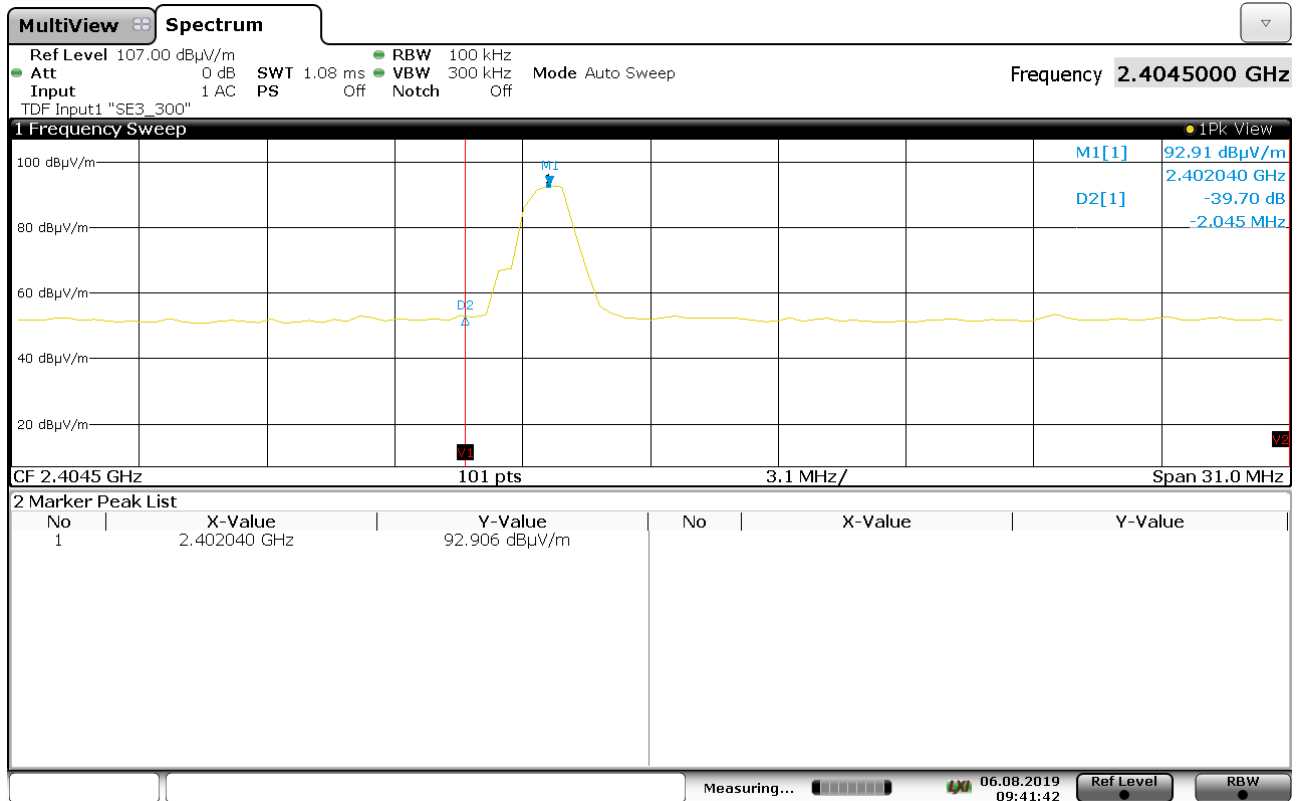


Figure 15: Chart of band-edge measurement on channel low

Carrier frequency: 2402.040 MHz
 Field strength of carrier frequency: 92.91 dBµV/m at 3 m
 Band-edge: 2400 MHz
 Field strength of band-edge: 53.21 dBµV/m at 3 m

Frequency [MHz]	Measured Margin [dB]	Limit Margin [dB]	Result
2400.00	39.70	≥ 20	Passed

Table 18: Result of band-edge measurement

8 Equipment calibration status

Description	Modell number	Serial number	Inventory number(s)	Last calibration	Next calibration
EMI test receiver	ESW44	101538	E00895	2019--07	2020-07
EMI test receiver	ESU26	100026	W00002	2018-06	2020-06
EMI test receiver	ESR7	101059	E00739	2019-08	2020-08
EMI test receiver	ESCI3	100013	E00001	2018-05	2020-05
EMI test receiver	ESCI3	100328	E00552	2018-10	2020-10
Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	ALS05749	001	W01007	2018-10	2019-10
Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	871398/0050	E00060	2018-10	2020-10
TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC3)	VULB 9162	9162-041	E00643	2018-03	2021-03
Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	9120D-592	W00052	2017-04	2020-04
Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	9170-332	W00054	2017-04	2020-04
Shielded room	P92007	B 83117 C 1109 T 211	E00107	N/A	
Compact diagnostic chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	D62128-A502- A69-2-0006	E00026	N/A	
Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with floor absorbers	FS-SAC	---	E00100	2018-03	2021-03
Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	C62128-A520- A643-x-0006	E00716	2018-03	2021-03
Cable set CDC	RG214/U	---	E00446	2019-04	2020-04
	LCF12-50J	---	E01215	2019-04	2020-04
	LMR400	1718020006	E00920	2019-01	2020-01
	RG214 Hiflex	171802007	E00921	2019-01	2020-01
Cable set anechoic chamber	262-0942-1500	005	E00435	2018-10	2019-10
	SF104EA/2x11PC 35-42/5m	11144/4EA	E00307	2018-12	2019-12
	262-0942-1500	003	E00433	2018-12	2019-12
Cable set of semi-anechoic chamber SAC3	SF104EA/11PC35 /11PC35/10000M M	501347/4EA	E00755	2018-12	2019-12
	SF104E/11PC35/1 1PC35/2000MM	507410/4E	E01033	2018-12	2019-12
	SF104E/11PC35/1 1PC35/2000MM	507411/4E	E01034	2018-09	2019-09

9 Measurement uncertainties

Description	Uncertainty	k=
AC power line conducted emission	± 4.1 dB	2
Carrier frequency separation Number of hopping frequencies Time of occupancy (dwell time)	± 5.0 %	2
Bandwidth tests	± 2.0 %	
Maximum conducted output power (conducted)	± 1.5 dB	
Power spectral density (conducted)	± 2.9 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	± 2.9 dB	
Radiated emissions in semi-anechoic chamber		
9 kHz to 30 MHz	± 4.8 dB	2
30 MHz to 300 MHz	± 5.4 dB	2
300MHz to 1 GHz	± 4.7 dB	2
Radiated emissions in semi-anechoic chamber with RF absorbing material on the floor or fully anechoic room		
1 GHz to 25 GHz	± 4.5 dB	2

Comment: The uncertainty stated is the expanded uncertainty obtained by multiplying the standard uncertainty by the coverage factor k. For a confidence level of 95 % the coverage factor k is 2.

Test related measurement uncertainties have to be taken into consideration when evaluating the test results. All used test instrument as well as the test accessories are calibrated at regular intervals.

10 Revision history

<i>Revision</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Description of modifications</i>
0	2019-09-24	Jennifer Riedel	First edition