Test Report

Customer:

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RF test report

170353-AU01+W02

Elatec GmbH

RFID Reader

TWN4 MultiTech 3

DAkkS
Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12155-01-00

EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH

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Accreditation:

DAkkS
Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12155-01-00

FCC facility registration number: 221458
Test Firm Type “2.948 listed”: Valid until 2017-07-12
Test Firm Type “accredited”: Valid until 2019-05-06
MRA US-EU, FCC designation number: DE0010
BnetzA-CAB-02/21-02/04 Valid until 2018-11-27

Industry Canada test site numbers with registration expiry date:
3472A-1, expiring 2018-11-09
3472A-2, expiring 2018-11-12

Test Laboratory:

EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH
Gustav-Hertz-Straße 35
94315 Straubing
Germany

The technical accuracy is guaranteed through the quality management of the
EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH

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1 Test regulations

47 CFR Part 2: 10-2016	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
47 CFR Part 15: 10-2016	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
ANSI C63.10:2013-06	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
FCC KDB 174176 D01 June 3, 2015	AC power-line conducted emissions Frequently Asked Questions
ICES-003 Issue 6, January 2016	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Interference-Causing Equipment Standard Information Technology Equipment (ITE) – Limits and methods of measurement
RSS-Gen Issue 4, November 2014	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equimpment
RSS-210 Issue 9, August 2016	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment

2 Summary of test results

Standard	Test result
47 CFR Part 15, sections 15.207 and 15.209	Passed
RSS-210 Issue 9 Section 4.3 (with appropriate references to RSS-Gen Issue 4)	Passed

Straubing, June 10, 2017

Christian Kiermeier
Test engineer
EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH

Rainer Heller
Head of EMC department
EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH

3 Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product type:	RFID Reader
Model Name:	TWN4 MultiTech 3
Applicant:	Elatec GmbH
Manufacturer:	Elatec GmbH
Serial number:	#8
FCC ID:	WP5TWN4F4
IC certification number:	7948A-TWN4F4
Application frequency band:	n/a
Frequency range:	134 kHz
Operating frequency:	134 kHz
Number of RF-channels:	1
Modulation:	ASK
Antenna types:	PCB antenna
	☐ detachable ☒ not detachable
Power supply:	USB powered nominal: 5.0 VDC ± 15 %
Temperature range:	-20°C to +50°C

Remark:
The tests were performed with 120V AC / 60Hz.

3.1 Photo documentation

For external photos of the EUT see annex B, for internal ones see annex C.
For photos taken during testing and including EUT-positions see annex A.

3.2 Short description of the EUT

EUT is a RFID reader employing 3 frequencies. The other frequencies are documented within the following test reports:

170353-AU01+W01 -> 125 kHz
170353-AU01+W03 -> 13.56 MHz

3.3 Operation mode

During the pre-tests it was observed that the “continuous-tag-reading-mode” is the respective worst- case. Therefore this mode was selected for final testing. The device was configured by manufacturer to activate the RFID reader for continuous transmission via RFID card.

The EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions. This is documented in annex A.

3.4 Configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the tests:

Device	Model:	Serial or inventory no.
RFID Reader	TWN4 MultiTech 3	ET-16/2017-26
RFID tag	134 kHz	----
Test-PC	Esprimo P9900	E00351
Notebook	Lifebook A531	E00521
AC power source (120 V / 60 Hz)	Chroma 616062	E00633
DC supply	Statron 3252.1	E00541
Digital multimeter	UT61D	H150188102

3.5 Used cables

Count	Description (type / lengths / remarks)	Serial no.
1	USB cable (1.5 m, shielded)	---

4 AC power line conducted emissions

according to 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.207, and RSS-210, section 3.1 with RSS-Gen, section 8.8

4.1 Test location

Description	Manufacturer	Inventory No.
Shielded room	Siemens - Matsushita	E00107

4.2 Test instruments

	Description	Manufacturer	Inventory No.
☒	ESCS 30	Rohde & Schwarz	E00003
☐	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
☐	ESCI	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
☐	ESH3-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00028
☒	ESH2-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	E00004
☐	ESH2-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	E00005
☒	Cable set shielded room	Huber + Suhner	E00424

4.3 Limits

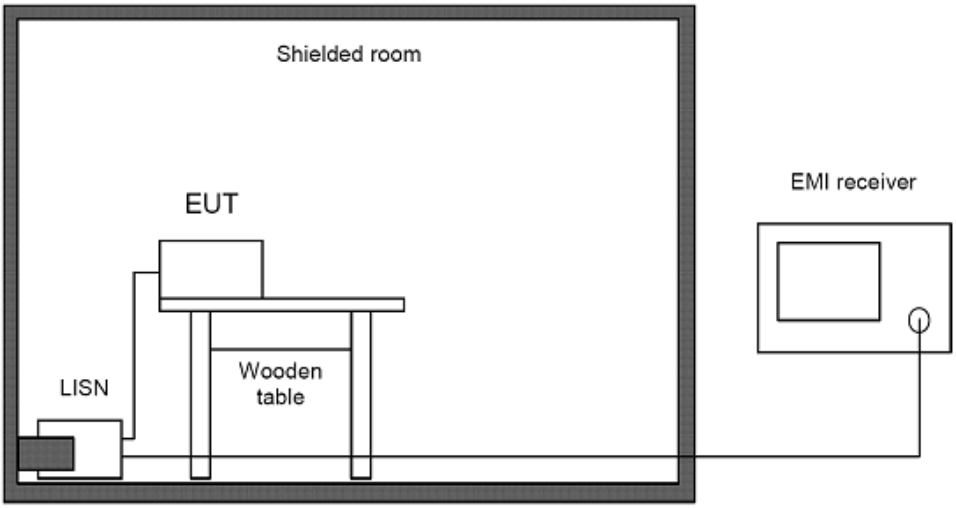
Frequency [MHz]	Quasi-peak [dBµV]	Avarage [dBµV]
0.15 – 0.5	66 – 56	56 – 46
0.5 – 5.0	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

4.4 Test procedure

1. The tests of conducted emission were carried out in a shielded room using a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) 50 µH/50 Ohms and an EMI test receiver.
2. The EMI test receiver was connected to the LISN and set to a measurement bandwidth of 9 kHz in the frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
3. The EUT was placed on a wooden table and connected to the LISN.
4. To accelerate the measurement the detector of the EMI test receiver was set to peak and the whole frequency range form 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz was scanned.
5. After that all peaks values with less margin than 10 dB to quasi-peak limit or exceeding the limit were marked and re-measured with quasi-peak detector.
6. If after that all values are under the average limit no addition measurement is necessary. In case there are still values between quasi-peak and average limit then these values were re-measured with average detector.
7. These measurements were done on all power lines.

According to ANSI C63.10, section 6.2.2 testing of intentional radiators with detachable antennas shall be done with a dummy load otherwise the tests should be done with connected antenna and if adjustable fully extended.

4.5 Test setup

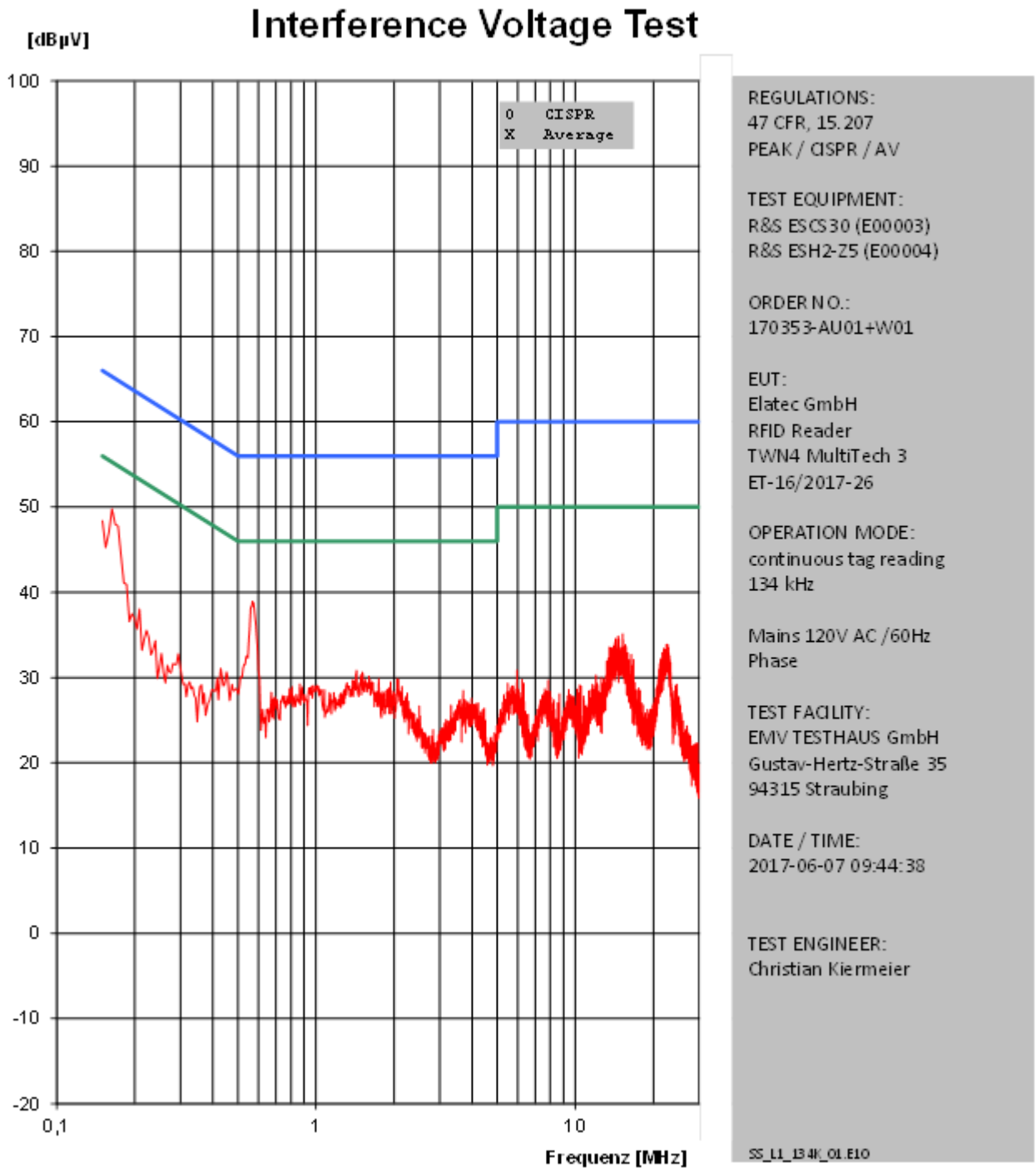


Picture 1: Outline of conducted emission test setup

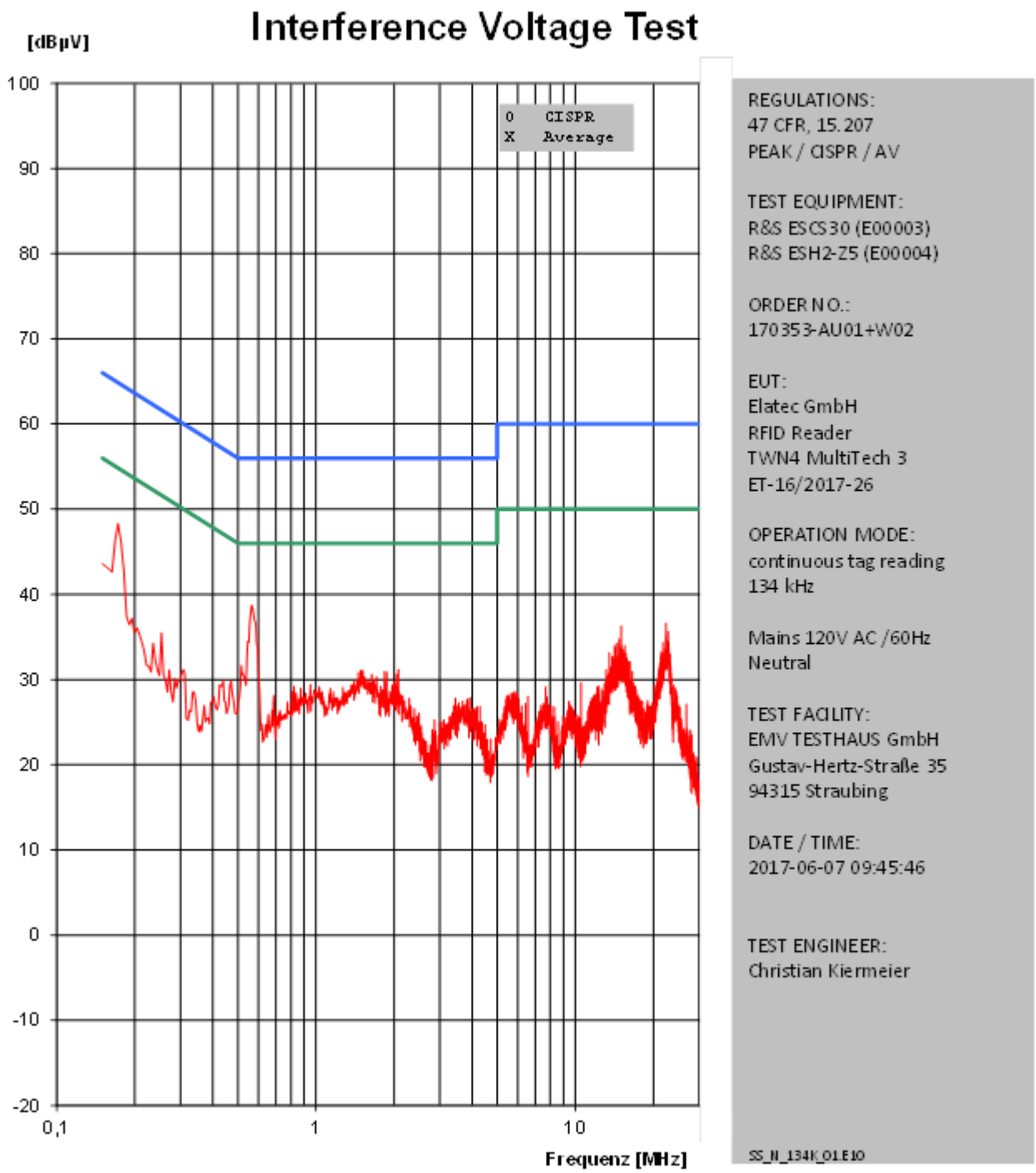
Comments: All peripheral devices were additionally decoupled by means of a line stabilization network.

4.6 Test results

Temperature:	22°C	Humidity:	41%
Tested by:	Christian Kiermeier	Test date:	2017-06-07



Picture 2: Graphic - Conducted emission on mains, phase 1 (without termination)



Picture 3: Graphic - Conducted emission on mains, neutral (without termination)

5 Radiated emission measurement (<1 GHz)

according to 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.205(a), 15.209(a) and RSS-210, section 4.3 with RSS-Gen, sections 8.10 and 8.9

5.1 Test Location

☒ Scan with peak detector in 3 m CDC.

☒ Final CISPR measurement with quasi peak detector on 3 m open area test site.

Description	Manufacturer	Inventory No.
CDC	Albatross Projects	E00026
Open area test site (OATS)	EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH	E00354

5.2 Test instruments

	Description	Manufacturer	Inventory No.
☒	ESCS 30 (OATS)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00551
☐	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
☒	ESCI (CDC)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
☒	VULB 9163 (OATS)	Schwarzbeck	E00013
☒	VULB 9160 (CDC)	Schwarzbeck	E00011
☒	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00060
☒	Cable set CDC	Huber + Suhner	E00060
☒	Cable set OATS 3 m	Huber + Suhner	E00453, E00456, E00458
☐	Cable set OATS 10 m	Huber + Suhner	E00453, E00455, E00458

5.3 Limits

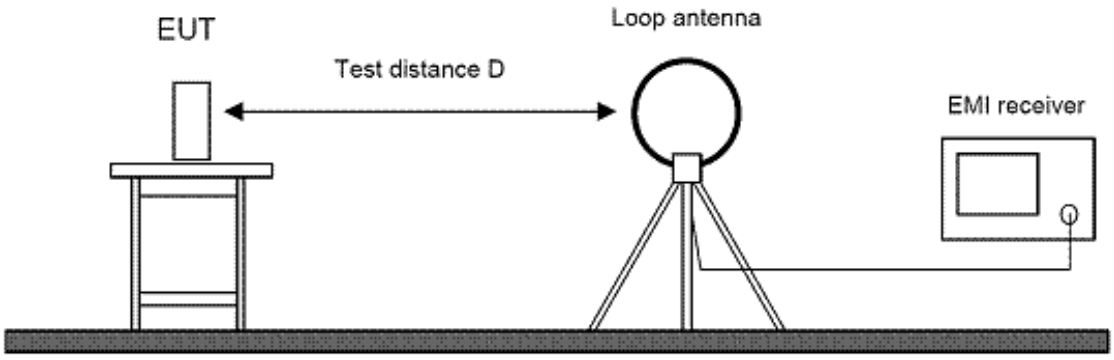
The field strength of any emissions including spurious emissions falling into restricted bands as specified in 15.205(a) shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits as specified in 15.209.

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength Fs [µV/m]	Field strength [dBµV/m]	Measurement distance d [m]
0.009 – 0.490	266.6 – 4.9	48.5 – 13.8	300
0.490 – 1.705	48.98 – 14.08	33.8 – 22.97	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	29.54	30
30 – 88	100	40	3
88 – 216	150	43.5	3
216 - 960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

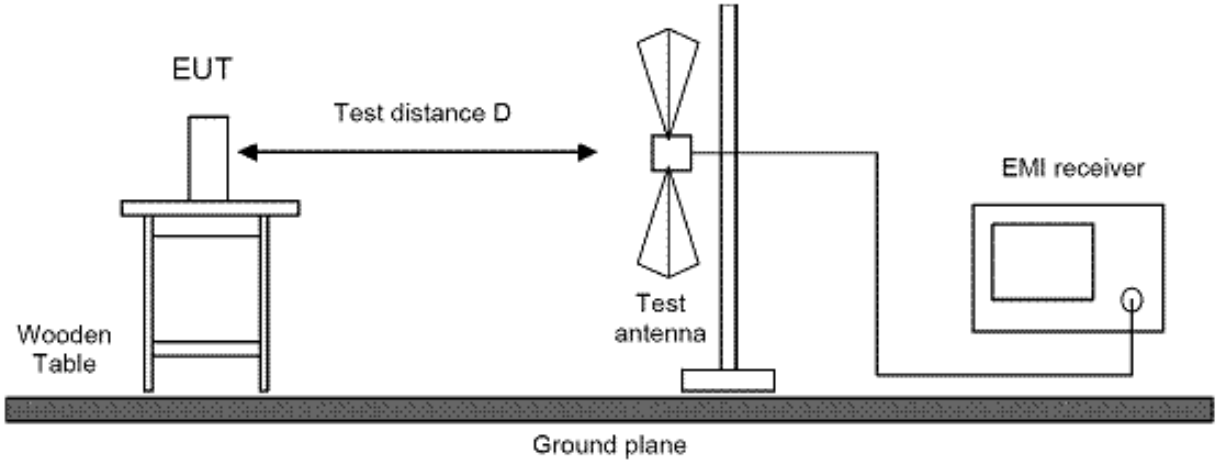
5.4 Test procedure

1. EUT was configured according to ANSI C63.10. It was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 meter above ground. The receiving antenna was placed 3 meters from the turntable. The test setup was placed inside a compact diagnostic chamber.
2. EUT and all peripherals were powered on.
3. The broadband antenna was set to vertical polarization.
4. The EMI receiver performed a scan from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz with peak detector peak and measurement bandwidth set to 120 kHz.
5. The turn table was rotated to 6 different positions (360° / 6) and the antenna polarization was changed to horizontal.
6. Test procedure at step 4 and 5 was repeated.
7. The test setup was then placed in an OATS at 3 m distance and all peak values over or with less margin to the limit than 6dB were marked and re-measured with a quasi-peak detector.
8. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
9. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emission field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization. The highest value was recorded.
10. For emissions below 30 MHz measurements were done using a loop antenna. Prescan was performed with peak detector and final measurements with quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 k Hz where average detector applies. Antenna height was not changed during this test. Appropriate CISPR bandwidths of 200 Hz for frequencies up to 150 kHz and 9 or 10 kHz for frequencies above were used.

5.5 Test setup



Picture 4: Test setup for radiated emission measurement (< 30 MHz)



Picture 5: Test setup for radiated emission measurement (< 1 GHz)

5.6 Test deviation

There is no deviation from the standards referred to.

5.7 Test results

Temperature:	20°C	Humidity:	41%
Tested by:	Christian Kiermeier	Test date:	2017-06-08

Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz - 30 MHz

Recalculation factor is determined according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.4.4.2 “Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point”:

$d_{near\ field}$ = 47.77 / f_{MHz}, or

f_{MHz} = 47.77 / $d_{near\ field}$

The frequency f_{MHz} at which the near field distance is equal to the limit and/or test distance is important for selection of the right formula for determining the recalculation factor:

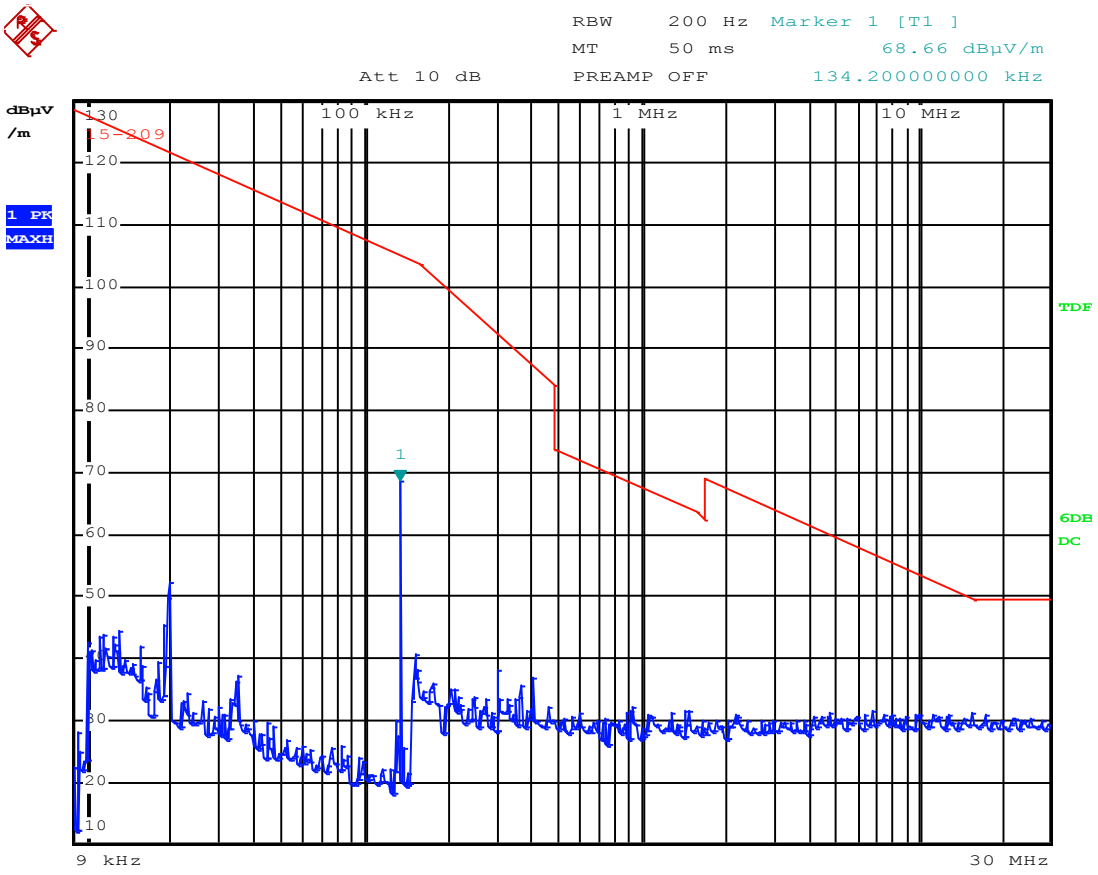
f_{MHz}(300 m) ≈ 0.159 MHz
f_{MHz}(30 m) ≈ 1.592 MHz
f_{MHz}(3 m) ≈ 15.923 MHz

For 9 kHz ≤ f ≤ 159 kHz and 490 kHz < f ≤ 1.592 MHz:
Recalculation factor = -40 log(d_{limit} / $d_{measure}$)
For 159 kHz < f ≤ 490 kHz and 1.592 MHz < f ≤ 15.923 MHz:
Recalculation factor = -40 log($d_{near\ field}$ / $d_{measure}$) - 20 log(d_{limit} / $d_{near\ field}$)
For f > 15.923 MHz:
Recalculation factor = -20 log(d_{limit} / $d_{near\ field}$)

The limits in the graphics and value lists are derived from the general radiated emission limits as specified in 15.209 using the recalculation factor as described above.

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
9 kHz – 90 kHz	80 Hz	200 Hz	PK	AV	1 ms	1 s	off
90 kHz – 110 kHz	80 Hz	200 Hz	PK	QPK	1 ms	1 s	off
110 kHz – 150 kHz	80 Hz	200 Hz	PK	AV	1 ms	1 s	off
150 kHz – 490 kHz	4 kHz	9 kHz	PK	AV	1 ms	1 s	off
490 kHz – 30 MHz	4 kHz	9 kHz	PK	QPK	1 ms	1 s	off

The following picture shows the worst-case-emissions for the spurious emissions at EUT-position 1, antenna parallel.



Picture 6: Radiated emission 9 kHz – 30 MHz @ 3m distance

Frequency [MHz]	Measured value [dBµV/m]	Detector	Recalculation factor [dB]	Field strength [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin	Result
0.13420	68,66	PK	-80.0	-12.95	---	---	---
0.13420	68,51	AV	-80.0	-11.49	25.05	-36,54	Pass

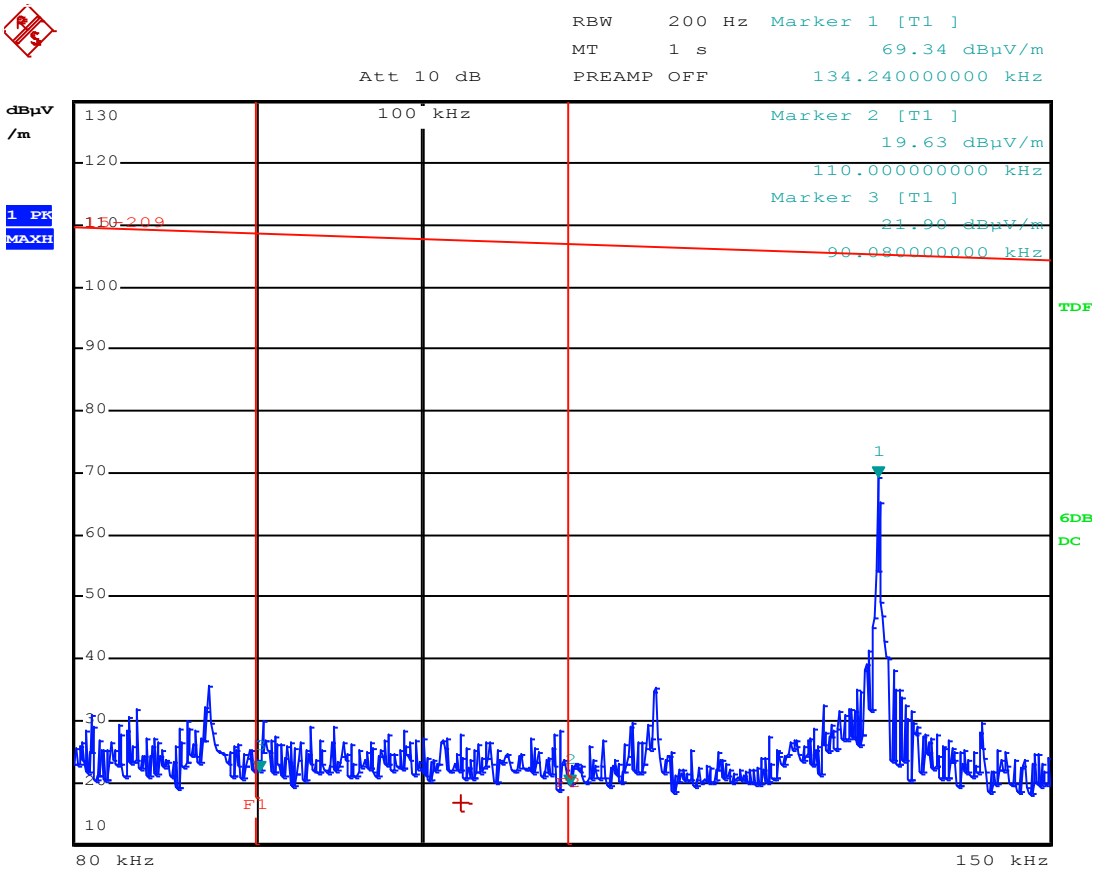
Recalculation factor is determined according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.4.4.2 “Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point”:

$d_{near\ field}$ = 47.77 / f_{MHz}

Recalculation factor = -40 log(d_{limit} / $d_{measure}$)

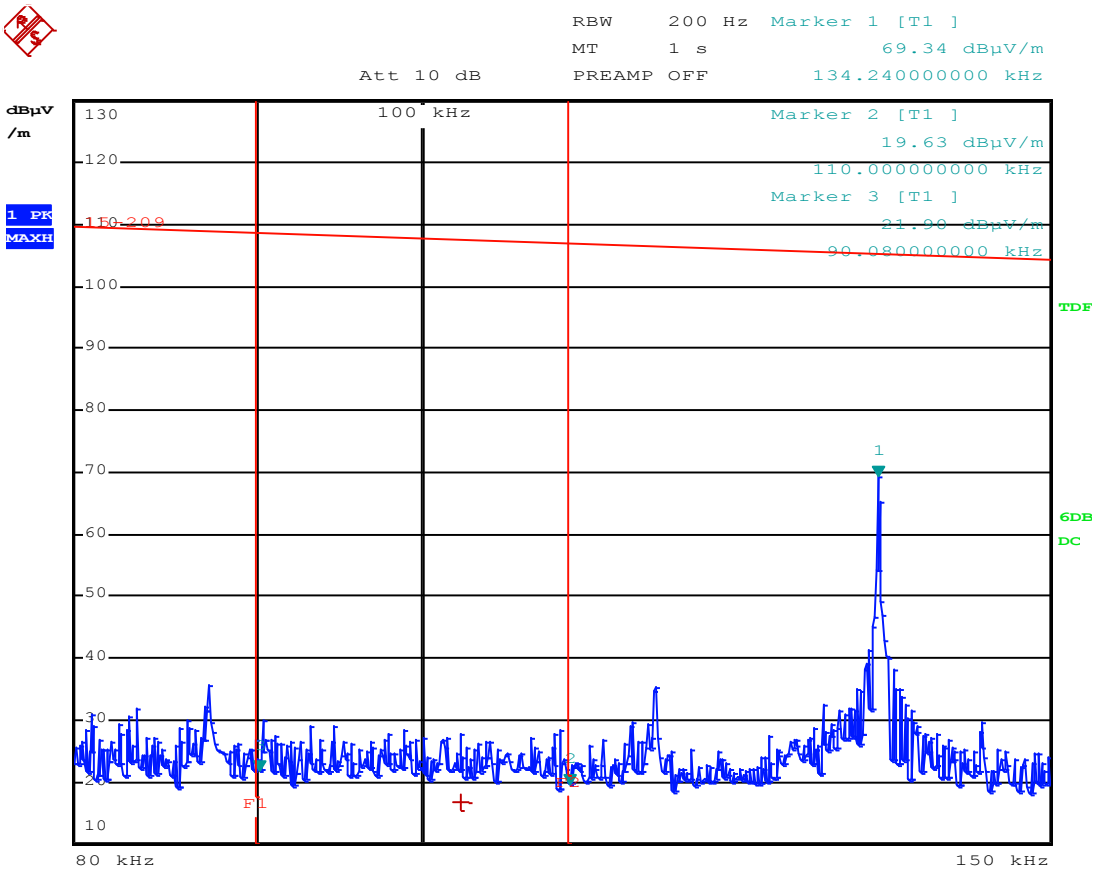
f_{MHz} [MHz]	$d_{near\ field}$ [m]	$d_{measure}$ [m]	d_{limit} [m]	Recalculation factor [dB]
0.13424	355.855	3.0	300.0	-80.0

Restricted band of operation from 0.090 MHz to 0.110 MHz



Picture 7: Restricted band of operation, QP @ 3m distance

Frequency [MHz]	Measured value [dBµV/m]	Detector	Recalculation factor [dB]	Field strength [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin	Result
0.10256	16,65	QP	-80.0	-63,35	27.38	-90,73	Pass



Picture 8: Restricted band of operation, AV @ 3m distance

Frequency [MHz]	Measured value [dBµV/m]	Detector	Recalculation factor [dB]	Field strength [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin	Result
0.13424	69,34	PK	-80.0	-10,66	---	---	---
0.13424	68,67	AV	-80.0	-11.33	25.05	-36,38	Pass

Note 1:
Recalculation factor is determined according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.4.4.2 “Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point”:

$d_{near\ field}$ = 47.77 / f_{MHz}

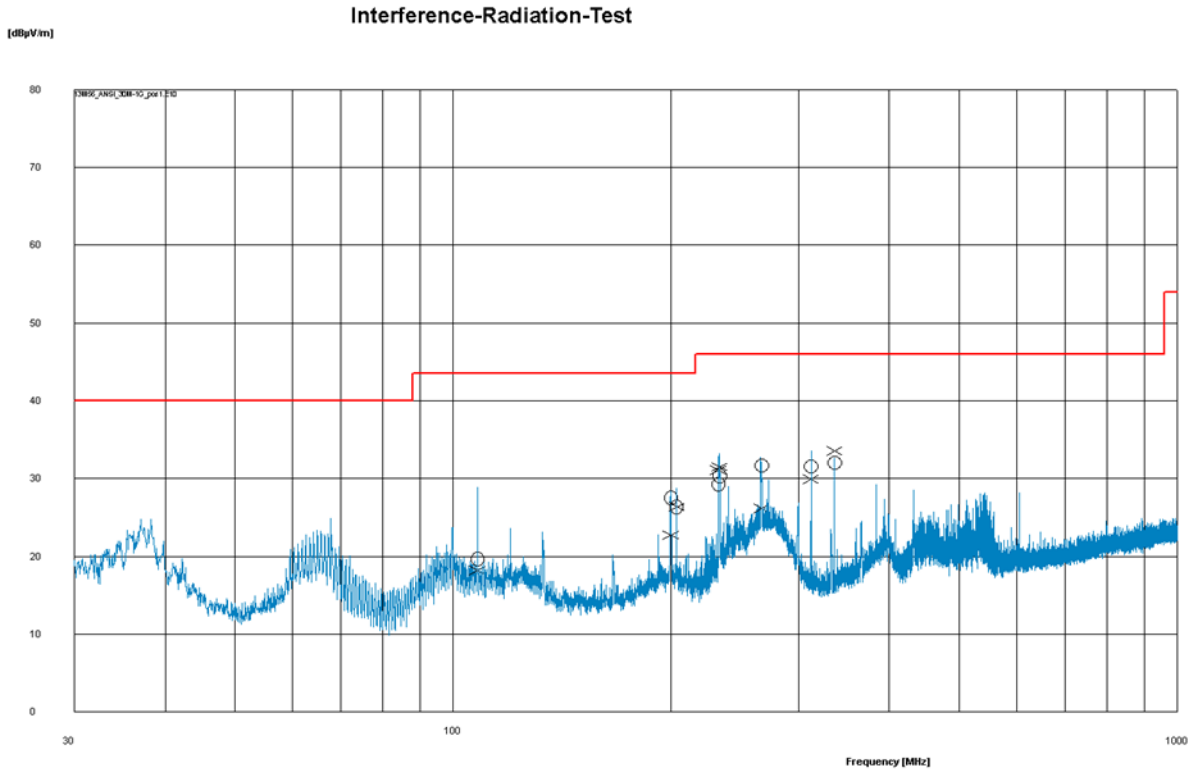
Recalculation factor = -40 log(d_{limit} / $d_{measure}$)

f_{MHz} [MHz]	$d_{near\ field}$ [m]	$d_{measure}$ [m]	d_{limit} [m]	Recalculation factor [dB]
0.10488	455.473	3.0	300.0	-80.0
0.13424	355.855	3.0	300.0	-80.0

Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz - 1000 MHz

Frequency range	*Polari-sation*	*Step size*	*IF Band-width*	*Detector*		*Measurement Time*		*Pre-amplifier*
				Prescan	*Final scan*	*Prescan*	*Final scan*	
30 MHz – 1 GHz	H / V	60 kHz	120 kHz	PK	QPK	1 ms	1 s	20 dB

The following pictures show the worst-case-emissions at EUT-position 1.



f [MHz]	E_{final} [dBV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Height [cm]	TT [°]	Polarisation	Result
108,06	18,2	43,5	100	286.8	V	Pass
108,06	19,6	43,5	247	232.9	H	Pass
199,80	22,7	43,5	100	127.2	V	Pass
199,80	27,6	43,5	115	87.5	V	Pass
203,40	26,4	43,5	126	98	V	Pass
203,40	26,3	43,5	267	252.8	H	Pass
232,38	29,3	46,0	250	10.2	H	Pass
232,38	31,1	46,0	250	253.2	H	Pass
233,16	30,3	46,0	253	78.5	H	Pass
233,16	31,5	46,0	100	213.3	V	Pass
266,52	26,1	46,0	127	233.6	V	Pass
266,52	31,7	46,0	100	117.2	V	Pass
311,88	29,9	46,0	100	126.9	V	Pass
311,88	31,5	46,0	100	117.1	V	Pass
336,00	32,1	46,0	111	272.6	V	Pass
336,00	33,6	46,0	100	1.8	V	Pass

Picture 9: Radiated emission 30 MHz - 1000MHz @ 3m distance

6 Radiated emission measurement (>1 GHz)

according to 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.209(a), RSS-210, section 4.3 with RSS-Gen, section 8.9

Remark:

This measurement needs not to be applied for the RFID part because

- the intentional radiator operates below 10 GHz and tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency is lower than 1 GHz (see 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.33(a)(1), and RSS-Gen, section 6.13), and
- the digital part of the device does not generate or use internal frequencies higher than 108 MHz (see 47 CFR Part 15 section 15.33(b)(1), and RSS-Gen, section 2.3.3 with ICES-003, section 6.2).

7 Bandwidths

according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), and RSS-Gen, section 6.6

7.1 Test Location

See clause 5.1 on page 14.

7.2 Test instruments

See clause 5.2 on page 14.

7.3 Limits

The bandwidths are recorded only.

7.4 Test setup

See clause 5.5 on page 17.

7.5 Test deviation

There is no deviation from the standards referred to.

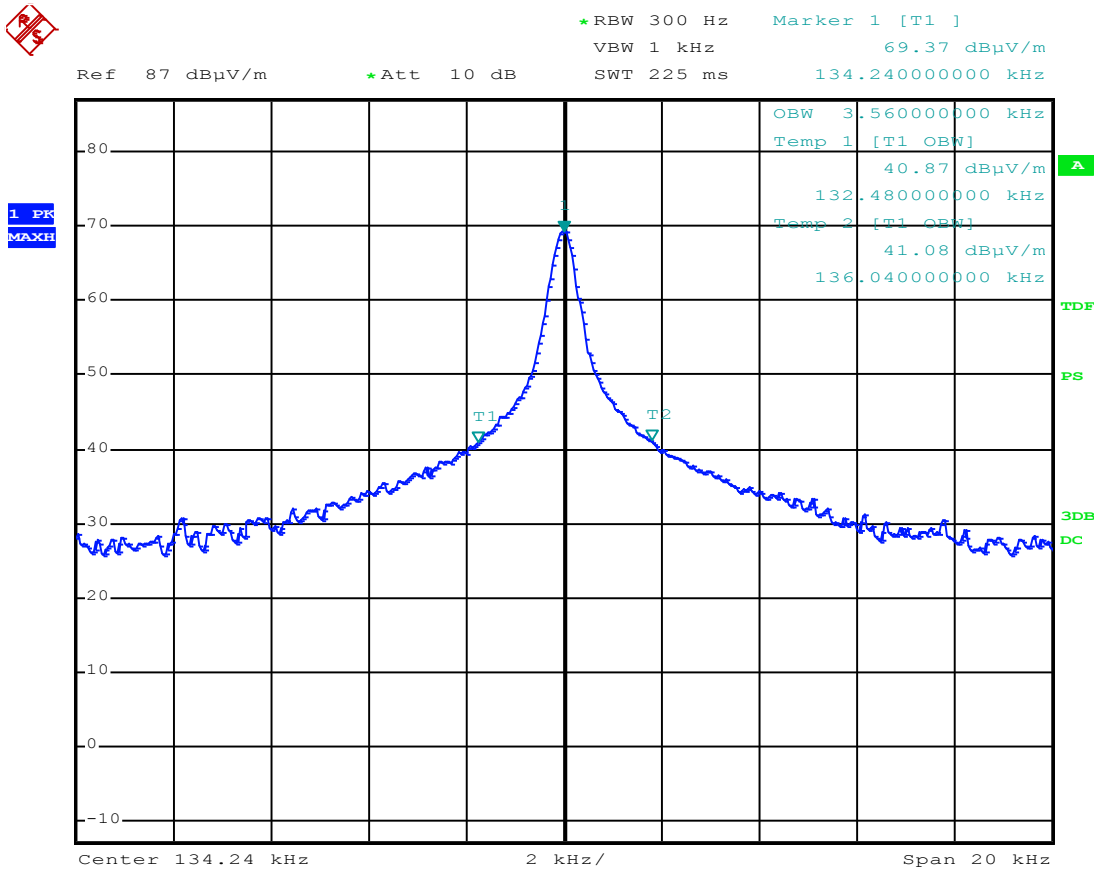
7.6 Test results

Temperature:	20°C	Humidity:	41%
Tested by:	Martin Müller	Test date:	2016-12-01

Occupied bandwidth (99 %)

Test procedure

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured. The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used given that a peak or peak hold may produce a wider bandwidth than actual.
The trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth. For this purpose the appropriate measurement function of the spectrum analyzer is used.



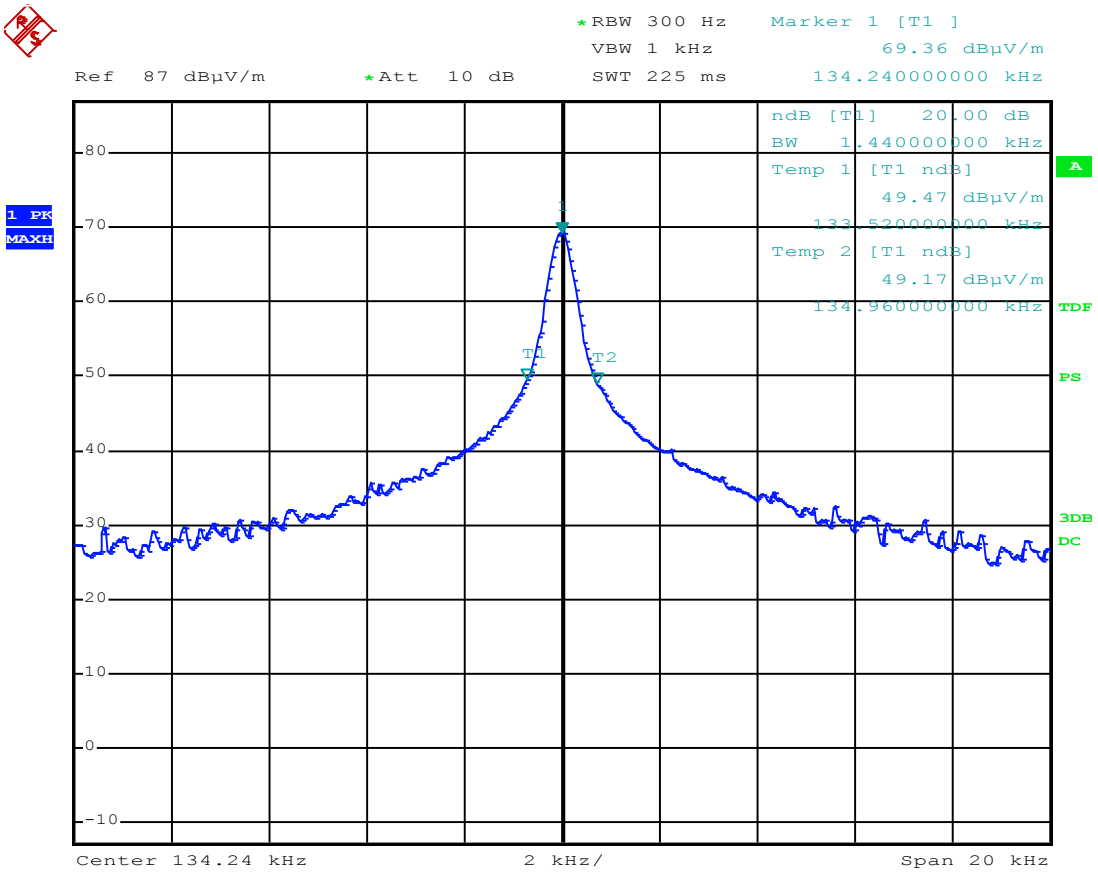
Picture 10: Occupied bandwidth (99 %)

Measured occupied bandwidth (99 %): 3,560 kHz

-20 dB emission bandwidth

Test procedure

Where indicated, the -20 dB emission bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 20 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.



Picture 11: -20 dB emission bandwidth

Measured -20 dB emission bandwidth: 1.440 kHz

8 Equipment calibration status

Description	Modell number	Serial number	Inventory number(s)	Last calibration	Next calibration
Test receiver	ESCI 3	100013	E00001	2016-02	2018-02
Test receiver	ESCI 3	100328	E00552	2016-09	2018-09
Test receiver	ESCS 30	825442/0002	E00003	2016-04	2018-04
LISN	ESH2-Z5	893406/009	E00005	2016-02	2018-02
Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	871398/0050	E00060	2016-09	2018-09
Broadband antenna	VULB 9160	9160-3050	E00011	2015-09	2017-09
Broadband antenna	VULB 9163	9163-114	E00013	2015-09	2017-09
Shielded room	P92007	B83117C1109T211	E00107	N/A	
Compact diagnostic chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	D62128-A502-A69-2-0006	E00026	N/A	
Open area test site (OATS)	---	---	E00354	2015-10	2017-10
Climatic chamber 340 l	VC³ 4034	58566123250010	C00015	2016-10	2018-10
Cable set shielded room	Cable no. 30	---	E00424	2016-07	2018-07
Cable set CDC	Cables no. 37 and 38	---	E00459 E00460	2017-05	2019-05
Cable set OATS 3 m	Cables no. 19, 34 and 36	---	E00453 E00456 E00458	2015-11	2017-11

Table 1: Equipment calibration status

Note 1: Expiration date of measurement facility registration (OATS) by
- FCC (registration number 221458): 2017-07
- Industry Canada (test sites number 3472A-1 and 3472A-2): 2018-11

Note 2: Expiration date of test firm accreditation for OATS and SAC:
FCC test firm type “accredited”: 2019-05

9 Measurement uncertainty

Description	Max. deviation	k=
Conducted emission AMN (9kHz to 30 MHz)	± 3.8 dB	2
Radiated emission open field (3 m) (30 MHz to 300 MHz) (300MHz to 1 GHz)	 ± 5.4 dB ± 5.9 dB	2
Radiated emission absorber chamber (> 1000 MHz)	± 4.5 dB	2

Table 2: Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty stated is the expanded uncertainty obtained by multiplying the standard uncertainty by the coverage factor k. For a confidence level of 95 % the coverage factor k is 2.

10 Revision History

Date	Description	Person	Revision
2017-06-10	First edition	Ch. Kiermeier	0