APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

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EUT Specification

EUT	IG300BT C1/C2 Area image Barcode Scanner
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz ∑ Others: Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation)☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)☐ Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	 Single antenna Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	16.17 dBm (41.40mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	3 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.99)
Evaluation applied	
Remark:	
1. The maximum output power is 16.17dBm (41.40mW) at 2480MHz (with 1.99 numeric	
 antenna gain.) DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance. 	
3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm ² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.	

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

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Calculation

Given
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{}}{}$$

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 41.40mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.99

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$

$$\rightarrow$$
 Power density = 0.0164 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is $1.0 \, \text{mW/cm}^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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