

# IT-0801B Manual

## Features

- Portable FM transmitter, 3\*AAA Battery, beautiful appearance ;
- A kind of radio audio transmitter, we can enjoy the music from FM transmitter;
- 3.5 Audio Jack, external sound through FM stereophonic transmit;
- Four channels is suit for different frequency requirement and avoid strong signal from local broadcasting station.

## Electronic Parameters

- Working voltage: DC 4.5V
- Output frequency: 88.1/88.3/88.5/88.7MHz
- The sound channel is separated degree: 42dB
- Frequency Response: 25~15000Hz
- THD:  $\leq 0.1\%$  (F=75KHz, f=1KHz)
- S/N:  $\geq 60$ dB (1KHz 100%)
- Audio IN: 3.5 Audio Jack
- Working temperature: -15°C-50°C

## Operation instructions

1. Put 3PCS AAA batteries inside the battery holder correctly
2. Slide the Power switch to the “ON” position ;
3. Set the FM frequency (4 position: 88.1MHz/88.3/88.5/88.7MHz) by the frequency setting slide switch ;
4. Insert the Audio jack into your audio device ;
5. Turn on your radio (or other FM receiver) , and set to the same frequency ;
6. Then the music is coming and start to enjoy;
7. Please slide the power switch to “OFF” position after using ;

FCC Warning:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.