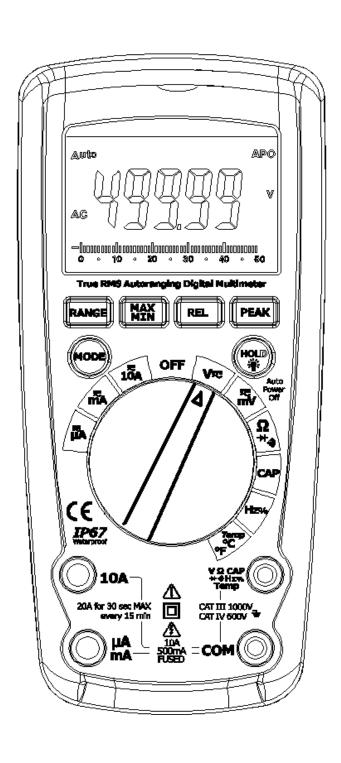
User's Guide True RMS Industrial Multimeter



Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase the True RMS Autoranging Multimeter. This meter measures AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC Current, Resistance, Capacitance, Frequency, Duty Cycle, Diode Test, and Continuity plus Thermocouple Temperature. It features a waterproof, rugged design for heavy duty use. Proper use and care of this meter will provide many years of reliable service.

Safety



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.



This **WARNING** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



This **CAUTION** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.



This symbol advises the user that the terminal(s) so marked must not be connected to a circuit point at which the voltage with respect to earth ground exceeds (in this case) 1000 VAC or VDC.



This symbol adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.



This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

2.1 FCC Complicance

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This meter includes a Bluetooth module, it can easily transfer the data in display to your smartphone.

How to Setup

- 1. Press "REL" button for 2 seconds, you will hear "DiDi", the bluetooth icon will appear in the display.
- 2. Pair the meter to the smartphone by following the another manual.
- 3. Once paired, the data from the meter will be continuously displayed and updated on the smarphone.

PER IEC1010 OVERVOLTAGE INSTALLATION CATEGORY

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I is equipment for connection to circuits in which measures are taken to limit the transient overvoltages to an appropriate low level.

Note – Examples include protected electronic circuits.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II is energy-consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation.

Note – Examples include household, office, and laboratory appliances.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III is equipment in fixed installations.

Note – Examples include switches in the fixed installation and some equipment for industrial use with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV is for use at the origin of the installation.

Note – Examples include electricity meters and primary over-current protection equipment

CAUTIONS

- Improper use of this meter can cause damage, shock, injury or death. Read and understand this user manual before operating the meter.
- Always remove the test leads before replacing the battery or fuses.
- Inspect the condition of the test leads and the meter itself for any damage before operating the meter.
- Use great care when making measurements if the voltages are greater than 25 VAC rms or 35 VDC. These voltages are considered a shock hazard.
- Warning! This is a class A equipment. This equipment can cause interferences in the living quarters; in this case the operator can be required to carry out adequate measures.
- Always discharge capacitors and remove power from the device under test before performing Diode, Resistance or Continuity tests.
- Voltage checks on electrical outlets can be difficult and misleading because of the
 uncertainty of connection to the recessed electrical contacts. Other means should be used to
 ensure that the terminals are not "live".
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- This device is not a toy and must not reach children's hands. It contains hazardous
 objects as well as small parts that the children could swallow. In case a child swallows any of
 them, please contact a physician immediately
- Do not leave batteries and packing material lying around unattended; they can be dangerous for children if they use them as toys
- In case the device is going to be unused for an extended period of time, remove the batteries to prevent them from draining
- Expired or damaged batteries can cause cauterization on contact with the skin. Always, therefore, use suitable hand gloves in such cases
- See that the batteries are not short-circuited. Do not throw batteries into the fire.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This meter has been designed for safe use, but must be operated with caution. The rules listed below must be carefully followed for safe operation.

1. **NEVER** apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum:

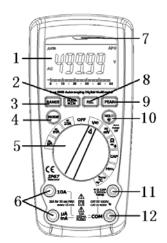
Input Protection Limits				
Function	Maximum Input			
V DC or V AC	1000 VDC/AC rms			
mA AC/DC	500 mA 1000V fast acting fuse			
A AC/DC	10A 1000V fast acting fuse (20A for 30 seconds max every 15			
A AC/DC	minutes)			
Frequency, Resistance, Capacitance,	1000 VDC/AC rms			
Duty Cycle, Diode Test, Continuity				
Temperature	1000 VDC/AC rms			

- 2. **USE EXTREME CAUTION** when working with high voltages.
- 3. **DO NOT** measure voltage if the voltage on the "COM" input jack exceeds 600V above earth ground.
- 4. **NEVER** connect the meter leads across a voltage source while the function switch is in the current, resistance, or diode mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
- 5. **ALWAYS** discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
- 6. **ALWAYS** turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the covers to replace the fuse or hatteries
- NEVER operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.
- 8. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Controls and Jacks

- 1. 50,000 count LCD
- 2. MAX/MIN button
- 3. RANGE button
- 4. MODE button
- 5. Function switch
- 6. mA, µA and 10A input jacks
- 7. Bluetooth LED indicator
- 8. RELATIVE and Bluetooth Power button
- 9. PEAK button
- 10. HOLD and (Backlight) button
- 11. Positive input jack
- 12. COM input jack

Note: Tilt stand and battery compartment are on rear of unit.



Symbols and Enunciators

•))) Continuity

Diode test

Low Battery

n nano (10⁻⁹) (capacitance)

 μ micro (10⁻⁶) (amps, cap)

m milli (10⁻³) (volts, amps)

A Amps

k kilo (10³) (ohms)

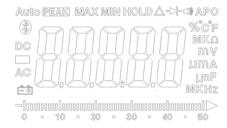
F Farads (capacitance)

M mega (10⁶) (ohms) APO Auto Power Off

Ω Ohms PEAK Peak Hz Hertz (frequency) Volts % Percent (duty ratio) REL Relative AC Alternating current **AUTO** Autoranging DC Direct current HOLD Display hold

°F Degrees Fahrenheit °C Degrees Centigrade

MAX Maximum MIN Minimum



Operating Instructions

WARNING: Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and

should be measured with great care.

- 1. ALWAYS turn the function switch to the OFF position when the meter is not in use.
- 2. If "OL" appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

AC/DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 1. Rotate the function switch to the **V** position.
- 2. Press the MODE button to display "DC" or "AC" on the LCD
- 3. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
- 4. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit.
 Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 5. Read the voltage in the display.



DC/AC MILLIVOLT MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not measure DC/AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

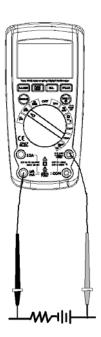
- 1. Rotate the function switch to the **mV DC-AC** position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
 Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 3. Press the **MODE** button to select "**DC**" or "**AC**" millivolts.
- Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit.
 Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 5. Read the voltage in the display.



AC/DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

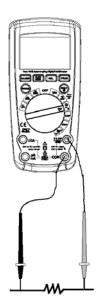
- 1. Insert black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
- 2. For current measurements up to 5000μA DC, set the function switch to the μA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the μA/mA jack.
- 3. For current measurements up to 500 mA DC, set the function switch to the mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the μA/mA jack.
- 4. For current measurements up to 10A DC, set the function switch to the 10A/HZ/% position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the 10A jack.
- 5. Press the MODE button to indicate "DC" or "AC" on the display.
- 6. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- 7. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 8. Apply power to the circuit.
- 9. Read the current in the display.



RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

- 1. Rotate the function switch to the Ω position.
- 2.Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative ${\bf COM}$ jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive ${\bf \Omega}$ jack.
- 3. Press the **MODE** button to indicate " Ω " on the display.
- 4. Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or part under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the part under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
- 5. Read the resistance in the display.



CONTINUITY CHECK

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

- 1. Rotate the function switch to the $\Omega \rightarrow 0$ position.
- 2. Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative ${\bf COM}$ jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive ${\bf \Omega}$ jack.
- 3.Press the **MODE** button to indicate "•) " on the display
- 4. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
- 5. If the resistance is less than approximately 35Ω , the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "**OL**".



DIODE TEST

- 1. Rotate the function switch to the green $\Omega \rightarrow 0$ position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 3.Press the **MODE** button to indicate "♣ " and "**V**" on the display.
- 4. Touch the test probes to the diode under test. Forward voltage will typically indicate 0.400 to 0.700V. Reverse voltage will indicate "OL". Shorted devices will indicate near 0V and an open device will indicate "OL" in both polarities.



THERMOCOUPLE TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS

- 1. Rotate the function switch to the **TYPE K** position.
- 2. Insert the Temperature Probe into the input jacks, making sure to observe the correct polarity.
- 3. Press the MODE button to indicate "oF" or "oC"
- 4. Touch the Temperature Probe head to the part whose temperature you wish to measure. Keep the probe touching the part under test until the reading stabilizes.
- 5. Read the temperature in the display.

Note: The temperature probe is fitted with a type K mini connector.

A mini connector to banana connector adaptor is supplied for connection to the input banana jacks.

Note: The temperature range of the supplied thermocouple probe is -20 to 250°C (-4 to 482°F)



WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any capacitance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

- 1. Rotate the function switch to the CAP position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
 Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 3. Touch the test leads to the capacitor to be tested.
- 4. Read the capacitance value in the display



FREQUENCY (DUTY CYCLE) MEASUREMENTS

- 1. Rotate t the function switch to the Hz/% position.
- 2.Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive **Hz** jack.
- 3. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit under test.
- 4. Read the frequency on the display.
- 5. Press the **MODE** button to indicate "%".
- 6. Read the % duty cycle in the display.



AUTORANGING/MANUAL RANGE SELECTION

When the meter is first turned on, it automatically goes into AutoRanging. This automatically selects the best range for the measurements being made and is generally the best mode for most measurements. For measurement situations requiring that a range be manually selected, perform the following:

- 1. Press the RANGE key. The "AUTO" display indicator will turn off.
- 2. Press the RANGE key to step through the available ranges until you select the range you want.
- 3. To exit the Manual Ranging mode and return to Autoranging, press and hold the RANGE key for 2 seconds.

Note: Manual ranging does not apply for the Temperature functions.

MAX/MIN

- 1. Press the **MAX/MIN** key to activate the MAX/MIN recording mode. The display icon "**MAX**" will appear. The meter will display and hold the maximum reading and will update only when a new "max" occurs.
- 2. Press the **MAX/MIN** key again and the display icon "**MIN**" will appear. The meter will display and hold the minimum reading and will update only when a new "min" occurs.
- 3. To exit MAX/MIN mode press and hold the **MAX/MIN** key for 2 seconds.

Relative mode

The relative measurement feature allows you to make measurements relative to a stored reference value. A reference voltage, current, etc. can be stored and measurements made in comparison to that value. The displayed value is the difference between the reference value and the measured value.

- 1. Perform the measurement as described in the operating instructions.
- 2. Press and Hold the REL button to store the reading in the display and the "REL" indicator will appear on the display.
- 3. The display will now indicate the difference between the stored value and the measured value.
- 4. Press and Hold the REL button to exit the relative mode.

PEAK HOLD

The Peak Hold function captures the peak AC voltage or current. The meter can capture negative or positive peaks as fast as 1 millisecond in duration. Press the PEAK button. "PEAK MAX" will appear in the display, Press the PEAK key again and the display icon "PEAK MIN" will appear. The meter will update the display each time a higher positive and nagetive peak occurs. Press and hold the PEAK button for 2 seconds to exit the mode.

DISPLAY BACKLIGHT

Press the **HOLD**/* key for >2 second to turn the backlight on. The backlight will automatically turn off after 10 seconds.

HOLD

The hold function freezes the reading in the display. Press the **HOLD** key momentarily to activate or to exit the **HOLD** function.

LOW BATTERY INDICATION

When the low battery icon appears in the display, the battery should be replaced.

AUTO POWER OFF

The auto off feature will turn the meter off after 15 minutes. To disable the auto power off feature, hold down the **MODE** button and turn the meter on. "**APO d**" will appear in the display. Turn the meter off and then on again to re-enable the auto power off feature.

Maintenance

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the back cover or the battery or fuse covers.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.

This MultiMeter is designed to provide years of dependable service, if the following care instructions are performed:

- 1. KEEP THE METER DRY. If it gets wet, wipe it off.
- 2. **USE AND STORE THE METER IN NORMAL TEMPERATURES.** Temperature extremes can shorten the life of the electronic parts and distort or melt plastic parts.
- 3. HANDLE THE METER GENTLY AND CAREFULLY. Dropping it can damage the electronic parts or the case.
- 4. KEEP THE METER CLEAN. Wipe the case occasionally with a damp cloth. DO NOT use chemicals, cleaning solvents, or detergents.
- 5. USE ONLY FRESH BATTERIES OF THE RECOMMENDED SIZE AND TYPE. Remove old or weak batteries so they do not leak and damage the unit.
- 6. **IF THE METER IS TO BE STORED FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME**, the batteries should be removed to prevent damage to the unit.

BATTERY INSTALLATION

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover.

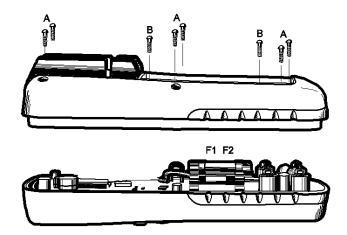
- 1. Turn power off and disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- 2. Open the rear battery cover by removing two screws (B) using a Phillips head screwdriver.
- 3. Insert the battery into battery holder, observing the correct polarity.
- 4. Put the battery cover back in place. Secure with the screws.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

NOTE: If your meter does not work properly, check the fuses and batteries to make sure that they are still good and that they are properly inserted.

REPLACING THE FUSES

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the meter cover.



- 1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- 2. Remove the battery cover (two "B" screws) and the battery.
- 3. Remove the six "A" screws securing the rear cover.
- 4. Gently remove the old fuse and install the new fuse into the holder.
- 5. Always use a fuse of the proper size and value (0.5A/1000V fast blow for the 600 mA range 10A/1000V fast blow for the 10A range
- 6. Replace and secure the rear cover, battery and battery cover.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse cover is in place and fastened securely.

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
DC Voltage	50mV	0.001mV	±(0.06% reading + 9digits)	
	500mV	0.01mV		
	5V	0.0001V	±(0.06% reading + 4 digits)	
	50V	0.001V		
	500V	0.01V		
	1000V	0.1V	±(0.1% reading + 5 digits)	
AC Voltage			50 to 1000Hz	
	50mV	0.001mV		
	500mV	0.01mV	±(1.0% reading + 9 digits)	
	5V	0.0001V		
	50V	0.001V		
	500V	0.01V		
	1000V	0.1V		
	All AC voltage ra	inges are specified from 59	% of range to 100% of range	
DC Current	500μΑ	0.01μΑ	±(1.0% reading + 3 digits)	
	5000μΑ	0.1μΑ		
	50mA	0.001mA		
	500mA	0.01mA		
	10A	0.001A		
	(20A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)			
AC Current			50 to 1000Hz	
	500μΑ	0.01μΑ		
	5000μΑ	0.1μΑ		
	50mA	0.001mA	\pm (1.5% reading + 9 digits)	
	500mA	0.01mA		
	10A	0.001A		
	(20A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)			
	All AC voltage ranges are specified from 5% of range to 100% of range			

NOTE: Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 75% RH.

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy		
Resistance	50Ω	0.001Ω			
	500Ω	0.01Ω	±(0.3% reading + 9 digits)		
	5kΩ	0.0001kΩ			
	50kΩ	0.001kΩ	. (0.00)		
	500kΩ	0.01kΩ	±(0.3% reading + 4 digits)		
	5ΜΩ	0.0001ΜΩ			
	50ΜΩ	$0.001 \mathrm{M}\Omega$	±(2.0% reading + 10 digits)		
Capacitance					
	500nF	0.01nF	±(3.5% reading + 40 digits)		
	5μF	0.0001μF			
	50μF	0.001μF	±(3.5% reading + 10 digits)		
	500μF	0.01μF			
	5000μF	0.1µF	L/E0/ reading 1.40 digits)		
	50mF	0.001mF	±(5% reading + 10 digits)		
Frequency	50Hz	0.001Hz			
	500Hz	0.01Hz			
	5kHz	0.0001kHz	±(0.1% reading + 1 digits)		
	50kHz	0.001kHz			
	500kHz	0.01kHz			
	5MHz	0.0001MHz			
	50MHz	0.001MHz			
	Sensitivity: 0.8V rms min. @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and <100kHz; 5Vrms min @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and > 100kHz.				
Duty Cycle	0.1 to 99.90%	0.01%	±(1.2% reading + 2 digits)		
	Pulse width: 100µs	Pulse width: 100µs - 100ms, Frequency: 5Hz to 150kHz			
Temp	-58.0 to 2192.0°F	0.1°F	±(1.0% reading + 4.5°F)		
(type-K)			(probe accuracy not included)		
	-50.0 to 1200.0°C	0.1°C	±(1.0% reading + 2.5°C)		
			(probe accuracy not included)		

Enclosure Double molded, Waterproof (IP67)

Diode TestTest current of 0.9mA maximum, open circuit voltage 2.8V DC typical

Continuity Check Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than 35Ω (approx.), test current <0.35mA

PEAK Captures peaks >1ms

Temperature SensorRequires type K thermocoupleInput Impedance> $10M\Omega$ VDC & > $3M\Omega$ VAC

AC Response True rms

ACV Bandwidth 40Hz to 1000Hz

Crest Factor ≤3 at full scale up to 500V, decreasing linearly to ≤1.5 at 1000V

Display 40,000 count backlit liquid crystal display with bargraph

Overrange indication "OL" is displayed

Auto Power Off 15 minutes (approximately) with disable feature

Polarity Automatic (no indication for positive); Minus (-) sign for negative

Measurement Rate 8 times per second, nominal

Low Battery Indication " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage

Battery One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery

Fuses mA, μA ranges; 0.5A/1000V ceramic fast blow

A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow

Operating Temperature 41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C) Storage Temperature -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)

Operating Humidity Max 80% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at 104°F (40°C)

Storage Humidity <80%

Operating Altitude 7000 ft. (2000 meters) maximum

Weight 0.806 lb (365.9g) (includes holster)

Size 6.69" x 3.2" x 2.0" (170 x 81 x 50 mm) (includes holster)

Safety This meter is intended for origin of installation use and protected, against the users, by double

insulation per EN61010-1 and IEC61010-1 2nd Edition (2001) to Category IV 600V and

Category III 1000V; Pollution Degree 2.

Approvals CE