

# TEST REPORT

FCC UNII Test for Jaguar Dash Cam Front  
Certification

**APPLICANT**  
Mobile Appliance, Inc.

**REPORT NO.**  
HCT-RF-2008-FC035

**DATE OF ISSUE**  
14 August 2020

**Tested by**  
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# TEST REPORT

FCC UNII Test for  
Jaguar Dash Cam  
Front

REPORT NO.  
HCT-RF-2008-FC035

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Additional Model  
Land Rover Dash Cam Front

Applicant

**Mobile Appliance, Inc.**

Gwanyang-dong-1701~1706, Daerung Techno #15, 401, Simin-daero, Dongan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

Eut Type  
Model Name

Jaguar Dash Cam Front  
Jaguar Dash Cam Front

FCC ID

WHBJLRDASHCAM

Modulation type

OFDM

FCC Classification

Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure(NII)

FCC Rule Part(s)

Part 15.407

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.



## REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	August 14, 2020	Initial Release

### Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	Jaguar Dash Cam Front	
Additional Model	Land Rover Dash Cam Front	
EUT Type	Jaguar Dash Cam Front	
Power Supply	DC 12 V	
Modulation Type	OFDM : 802.11ac	
Frequency Range (MHz)	U-NII-3	80MHz BW : 5775
Antenna type	Chip Antenna	
Antenna Peak Gain	-4.87 dBi	
Straddle channel	Supported	
TDWR Band	Not Supported	
Dynamic Frequency Selection	Slave without radar detection	
Date(s) of Tests	July 14, 2020 ~ July 30, 2020	
EUT serial numbers	JDAFX200800001	

## 2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Band	Mode	RF Output Power (dBm)	RF Output Power (W)
UNII3	802.11ac (VHT80)	10.96	0.012

### 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled “Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E” and ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) ‘the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices’ were used in the measurement.

#### EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

#### GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

##### Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

##### Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

#### DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

#### 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

#### 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

##### 5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

##### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

#### 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

**According to FCC 47 CFR § 15.203, § 15.407:**

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- (1) The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of § 15.203, § 15.407



## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k=2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

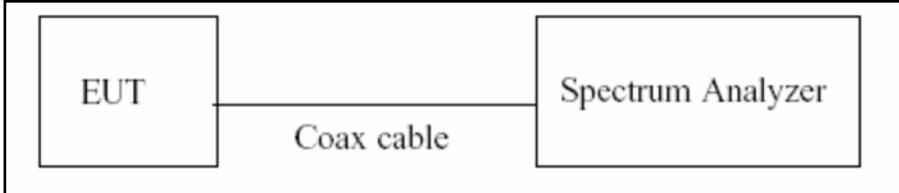
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

## 8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

### 8.1. Duty Cycle

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

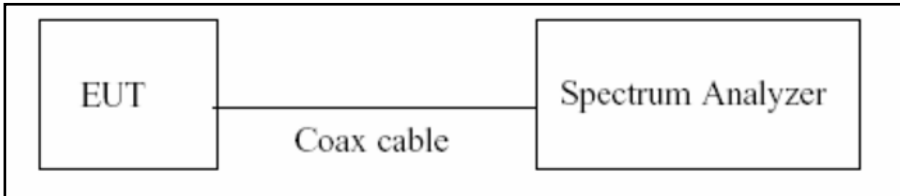
1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ( $\geq$  RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep > 100
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure  $T_{total}$  and  $T_{on}$
8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{on} / T_{total}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10\log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

**8.2. 6dB Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth**

**Limit**

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

**Test Configuration**



**Test Procedure(26dB Bandwidth)**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission.  
Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

**Test Procedure (6dB Bandwidth)**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

**Note:**

1. We tested X dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.
2. DFS test channels should be defined. So, We performed the OBW test to prove that no part of the fundamental emissions of any channels belong to UNII1 and UNII3 band for DFS.
3. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

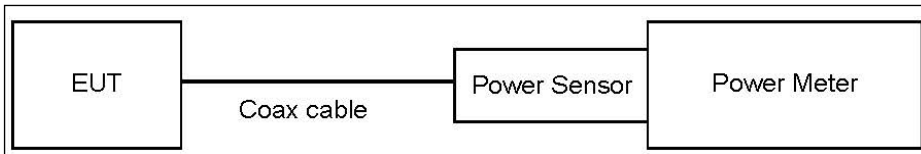
### 8.3. Output Power Measurement

#### Limit

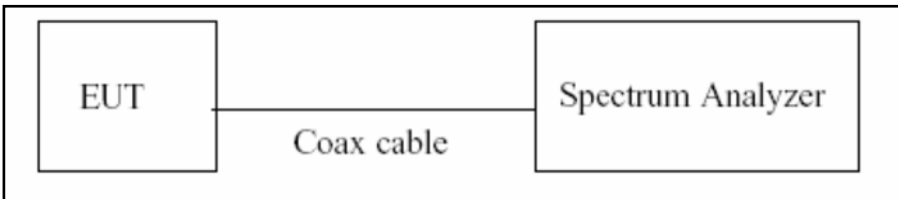
Band	Limit
UNII 3	Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm)

#### Test Configuration

##### Power Meter



##### Spectrum Analyzer(Only Straddle Channel)



#### Test Procedure(Power Meter)

We tested according to Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

**Test Procedure(Spectrum Analyzer)**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We use the spectrum analyzer’s integrated band power measurement function.

We tested according to Procedure E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 x span/RBW.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add  $10\log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

**Sample Calculation**

Total Power(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

**Note**

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(10 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 3	10.78

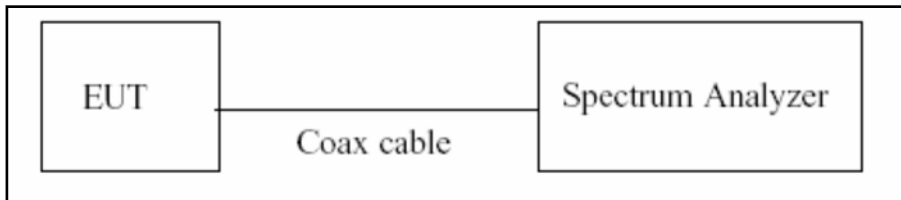
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

### 8.4. Power Spectral Density

#### Limit

Band	Limit
UNII 3	30 dBm/500 kHz

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure

We tested according to Procedure F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 x span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

**Sample Calculation**

Total PSD(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

**Note**

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(10 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 3	10.78

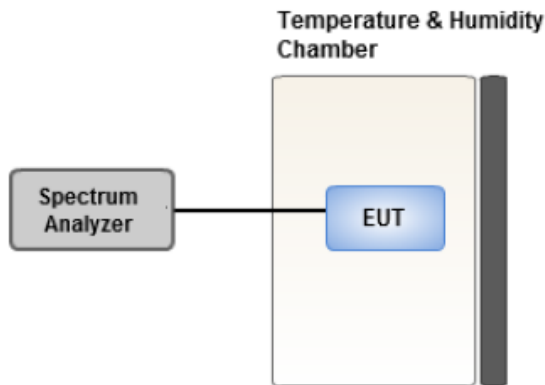
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

## 8.5. Frequency Stability

### Limit

Maintained within the band

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
2. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
3. The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
4. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.



## 8.6. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

### Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56 <sup>(a)</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>(a)</sup>
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

<sup>(a)</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

### 8.7. Radiated Test

**Limit**

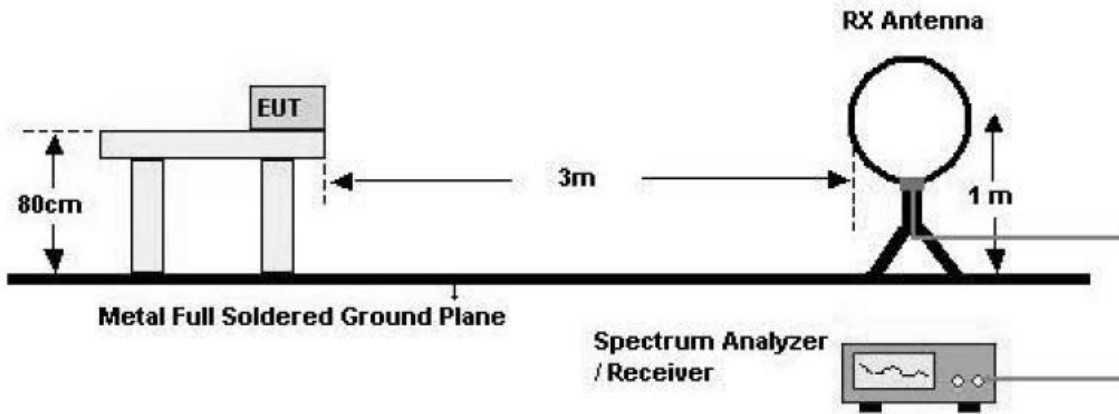
3. UNII 3: All emissions shall be limited to a level of  $-27$  dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

4. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209.

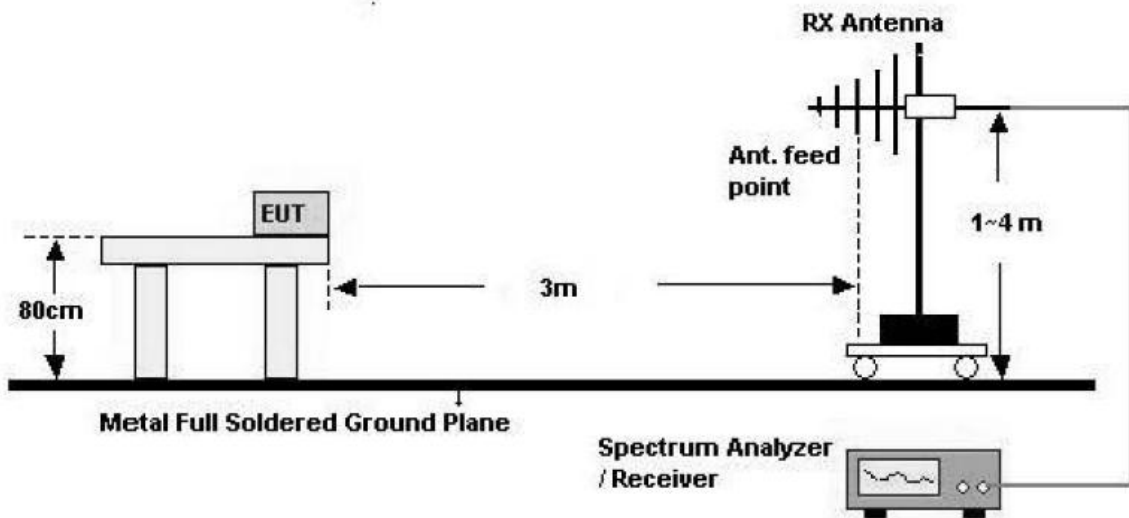
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Test Configuration**

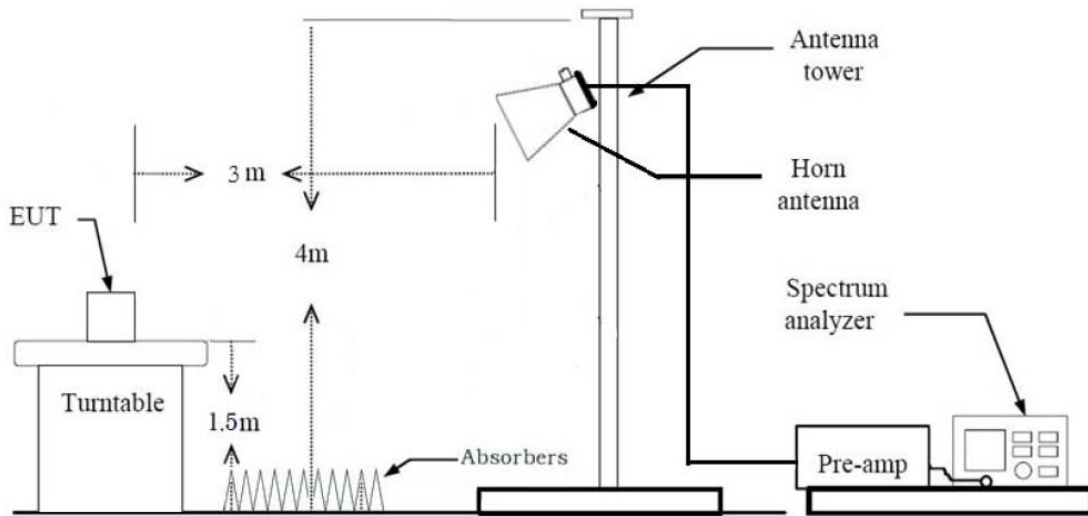
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



### Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) =  $40\log(3\text{ m}/300\text{ m}) = -80\text{ dB}$   
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) =  $40\log(3\text{ m}/30\text{ m}) = -40\text{ dB}$   
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
  - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
  - Detector = Peak
  - Trace = Maxhold
  - RBW = 9 kHz
  - VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.



**KDB 414788 OFS and**

**Chamber Correlation Justification**

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)**

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. The Hybrid antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

※In general, (1) is used mainly

7. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
8. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)**

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
6. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
7. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
8. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type (Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Sweep Time = auto
    - Trace mode = max hold
    - Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.
    - Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
  - (2) Measurement Type (Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW(Duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) = VBW  $\leq$  RBW/100(i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
    - VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = VBW  $\geq$  1/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
    - The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
    - Detector = Peak.
    - Sweep time = auto.
    - Trace mode = max hold.
    - Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
9. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor
10. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency
11. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

**Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge**

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
6. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
7. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
8. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Sweep Time = auto
    - Trace mode = max hold
    - Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
  - (2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW(Duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) = VBW  $\leq$  RBW/100(i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
    - VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = VBW  $\geq$  1/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
    - The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
    - Detector = Peak.
    - Sweep time = auto.
    - Trace mode = max hold.
    - Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
9. Measured Frequency Range :
  - 4 500 MHz ~ 5 150 MHz
  - 5 350 MHz ~ 5 460 MHz
  - 5 460 MHz ~ 5 470 MHz
  - (75 MHz or more below the 5 725 MHz) ~ 5 725 MHz
  - 5 850 MHz ~ (75 MHz or more above the 5 850 MHz)
10. Distance extrapolation factor =  $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Attenuator + Distance Factor(D.F)

The actual setting value of VBW

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0	0.820	0.864	3000



## 8.8. Worst case configuration and mode

### Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
  - Mode : Stand alone
  - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
  - Radiated Spurious Emissions : X-V
  - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : X
3. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
  - 802.11ac : MCS0
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
  - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane
5. Radiated Spurious Emission
  - :: All band of operation were investigated and the worst case band results are reported.
  - Worstcase band : UNII 3
6. Jaguar Dash Cam Front & Additional Models were tested and the worst case results are reported.  
(Worst case : Jaguar Dash Cam Front)

### AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. We don't perform powerline conducted emission test. Because this EUT is used with vehicle.

### Conducted test

1. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
2. Jaguar Dash Cam Front & Additional Models were tested and the worst case results are reported.  
(Worst case : Jaguar Dash Cam Front)

## 9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§ 15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§ 15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	§ 15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW(5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§ 15.407(a)(1),(5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§ 15.407(g) § 2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		N/A (Note1)
Undesirable Emissions	§ 15.407(b)	<-27 dBm/MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) cf. Section 8.7 (UNII 3)	Radiated	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	15.205, 15.407(b)(5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS

**Note:**

1. We don't perform powerline conducted emission test. Because this EUT is used with vehicle.

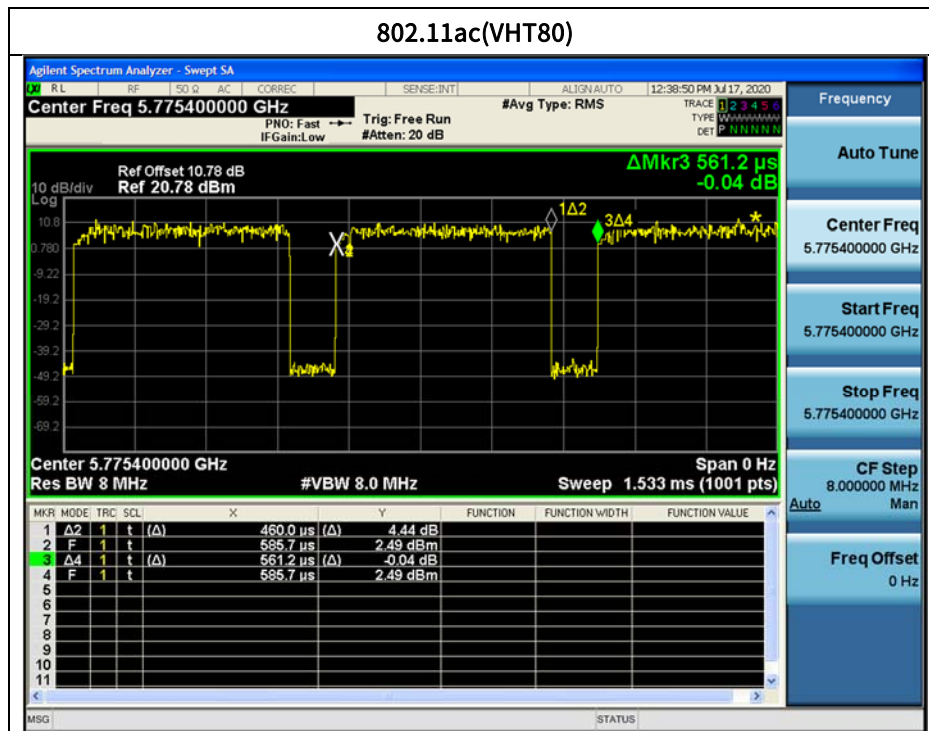
## 10. TEST RESULT

### 10.1 DUTY CYCLE

Mode	MCS Index	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>total</sub> (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11ac (VHT80)	0	0.460	0.561	0.820	0.864
	1	0.255	0.354	0.719	1.436
	2	0.182	0.282	0.645	1.902
	3	0.150	0.250	0.600	2.218
	4	0.114	0.214	0.532	2.742
	5	0.098	0.198	0.495	3.054
	6	0.090	0.190	0.472	3.258
	7	0.086	0.186	0.461	3.364
	8	0.078	0.178	0.438	3.583
	9	0.074	0.174	0.424	3.730

**Note:**

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only lowest datarate.



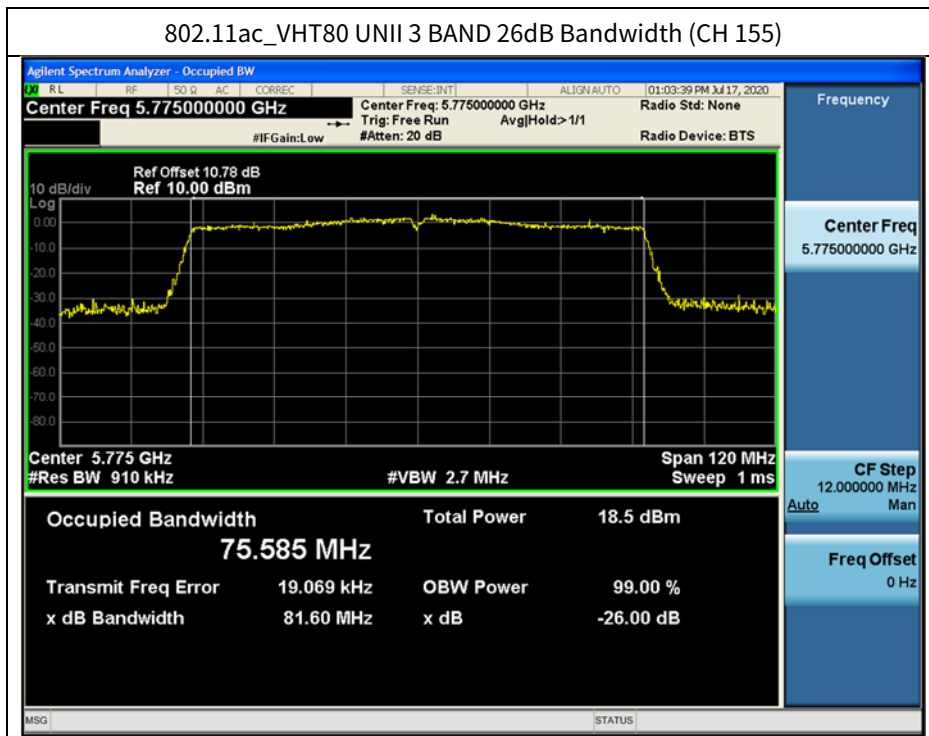
### 10.2 26DB BANDWIDTH

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5775	155	81.60	75.585

▣ Test Plots

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

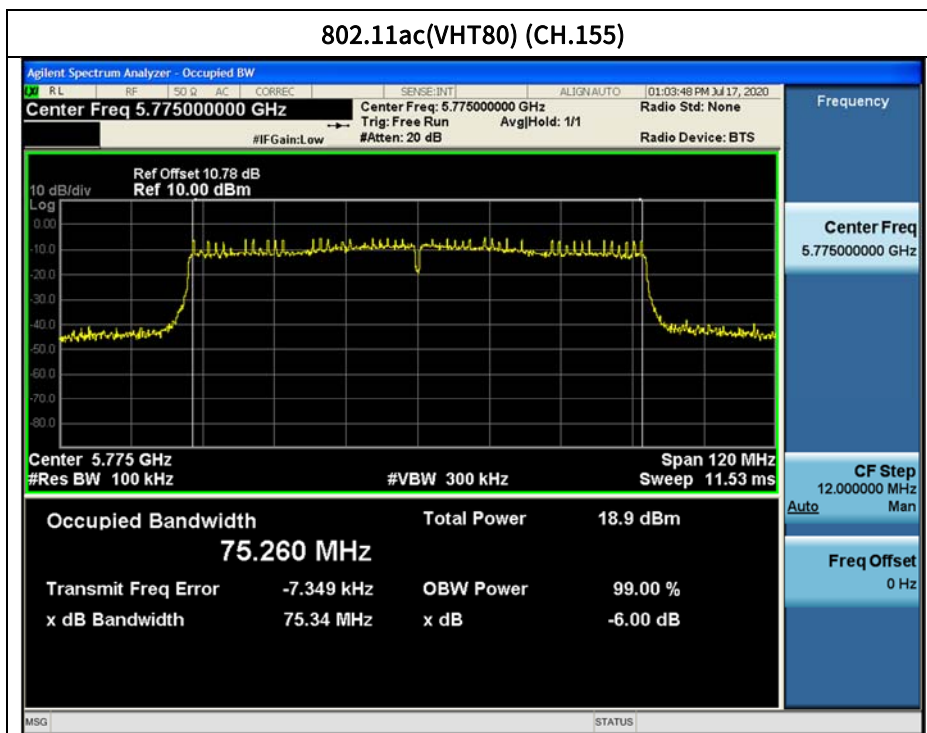


### 10.3 6DB BANDWIDTH

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5775	155	75.34	> 0.5	Pass

**Test Plots**

**Note:** In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



### 10.4 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)	Power Level Setting
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5775	155	10.10	0.86	10.96	30	12

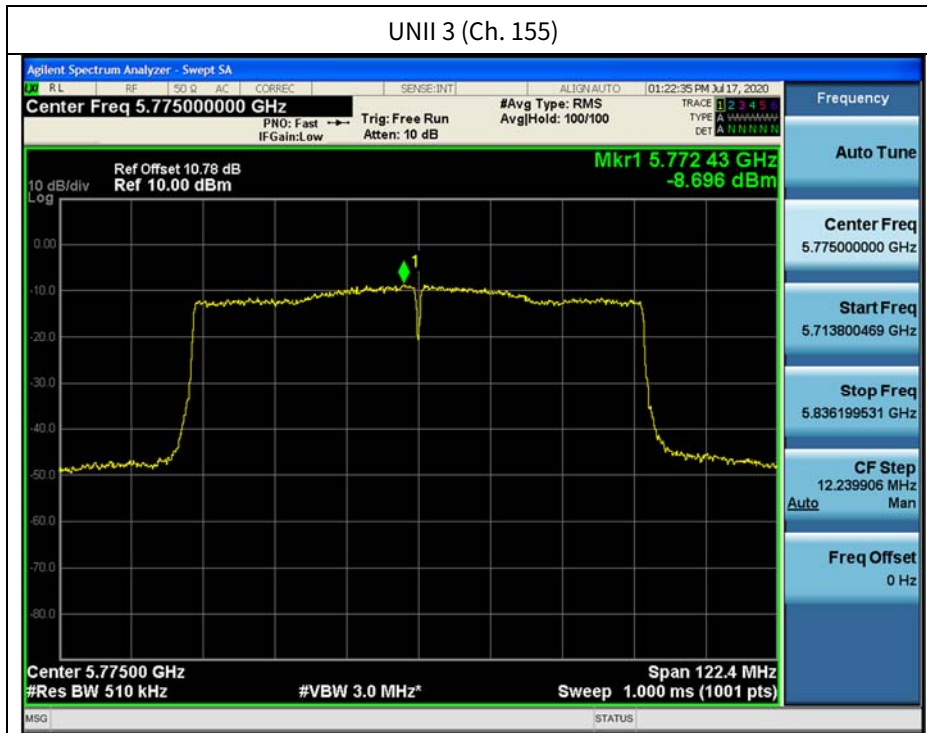
### 10.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5775	155	-8.696	0.864	-7.832	30 dBm/500kHz

▣ Test Plots

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



## 10.6 FREQUENCY STABILITY.

### 10.6.1 80MHz BW

#### Startup after the EUT is energized

OPERATING BAND: UNII Band 3  
 OPERATING FREQUENCY: 5,775,000,000 Hz  
 CHANNEL: 155  
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 12 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	12	+20(Ref)	5775034.11	34.11
100%		-30	5775034.98	34.98
100%		-20	5775042.63	42.63
100%		-10	5775026.28	26.28
100%		0	5775038.72	38.72
100%		+10	5775027.15	27.15
100%		+30	5775034.23	34.23
100%		+40	5775034.45	34.45
100%		+50	5775043.19	43.19
HIGH	16	+20	5775027.20	27.20
LOW	11	+20	5775045.52	45.52

#### Note:

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.



**2 minutes after the EUT is energized**

OPERATING BAND:                      UNII Band 3  
 OPERATING FREQUENCY:            5,775,000,000 Hz  
 CHANNEL:                                155  
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE:                12 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	12	+20(Ref)	5775032.69	32.69
100%		-30	5775042.12	42.12
100%		-20	5775026.65	26.65
100%		-10	5775050.92	50.92
100%		0	5775049.16	49.16
100%		+10	5775029.92	29.92
100%		+30	5775030.88	30.88
100%		+40	5775041.21	41.21
100%		+50	5775044.49	44.49
HIGH		16	+20	5775036.93
LOW	11	+20	5775034.84	34.84

**Note:**

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

**5 minutes after the EUT is energized**

OPERATING BAND: UNII Band 3  
 OPERATING FREQUENCY: 5,775,000,000 Hz  
 CHANNEL: 155  
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 12 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	12	+20(Ref)	5775052.08	52.08
100%		-30	5775032.62	32.62
100%		-20	5775045.85	45.85
100%		-10	5775041.54	41.54
100%		0	5775034.25	34.25
100%		+10	5775050.65	50.65
100%		+30	5775046.23	46.23
100%		+40	5775031.46	31.46
100%		+50	5775046.10	46.10
HIGH		16	+20	5775030.15
LOW	11	+20	5775041.80	41.80

**Note:**

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

**10 minutes after the EUT is energized**

OPERATING BAND:                      UNII Band 3  
 OPERATING FREQUENCY:            5,775,000,000 Hz  
 CHANNEL:                                155  
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE:                12 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	12	+20(Ref)	5775040.18	40.18
100%		-30	5775044.86	44.86
100%		-20	5775050.49	50.49
100%		-10	5775049.10	49.10
100%		0	5775033.69	33.69
100%		+10	5775042.92	42.92
100%		+30	5775049.29	49.29
100%		+40	5775049.77	49.77
100%		+50	5775037.20	37.20
HIGH		16	+20	5775031.18
LOW	11	+20	5775037.62	37.62

**Note:**

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

### 10.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### Frequency Range : 9 kHz – 30MHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Note:**

1. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
2. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor

#### Frequency Range : Below 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Note:**

1. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode

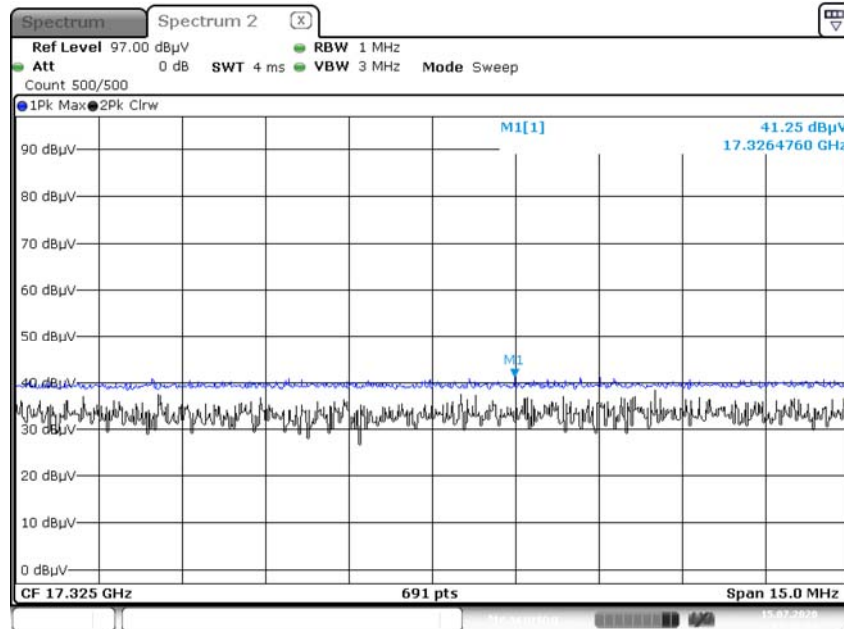
**Frequency Range : Above 1 GHz**

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 ac(VHT80)  
 Transfer MCS Index: MCS0  
 Operating Frequency 5775 MHz  
 Channel No. 155 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	A.F+C.L-A.G+D.F [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11550	41.98	11.00	V	52.98	73.98	21.00	PK
11550	29.27	11.00	V	40.27	53.98	13.71	AV
17325	41.25	15.71	V	56.96	68.20	11.24	PK
11550	41.79	11.00	H	52.79	73.98	21.19	PK
11550	29.33	11.00	H	40.33	53.98	13.65	AV
17325	40.06	15.71	H	55.77	68.20	12.43	PK

**Test Plots**

Peak Reading (802.11ac (VHT80), Ch.155 3rd Harmonic, X-V)



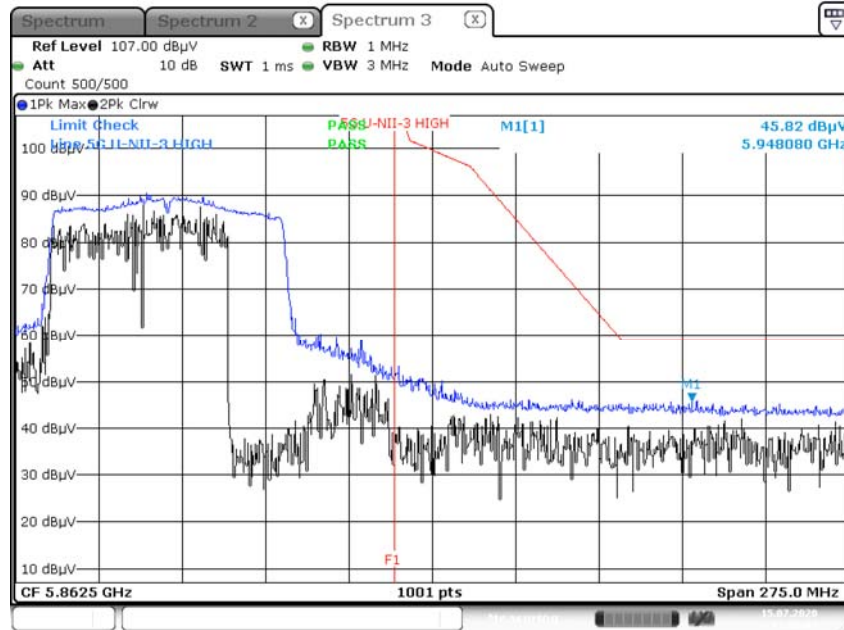
Date: 15 JUL 2020 17:28:34

**Note:**

Only the worst case plots for Radiated Spurious Emissions.

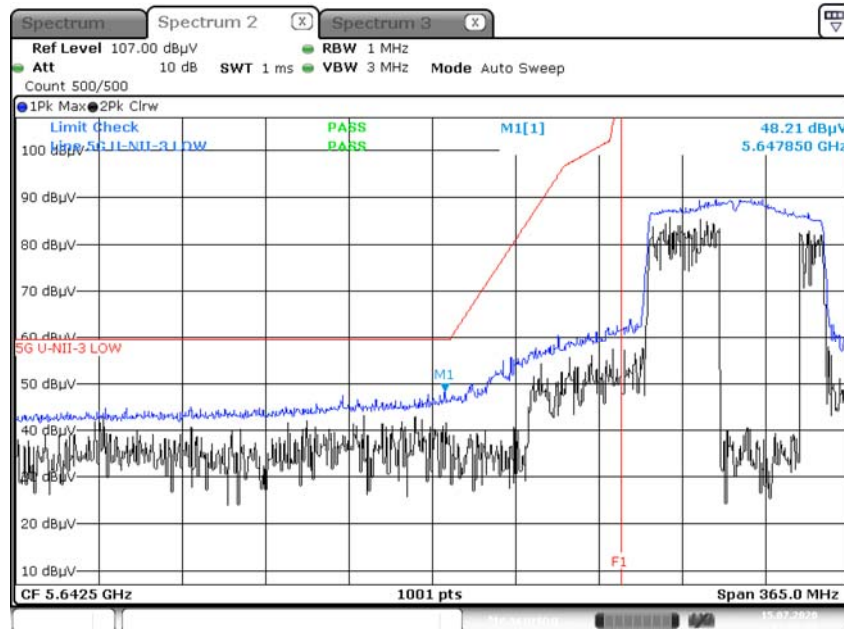
### 10.8 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGE

Peak Reading (802.11ac\_VHT80, Ch.155, X-H\_upper)



Date: 15 JUL 2020 11:56:07

Peak Reading (802.11ac\_VHT80, Ch.155, X-H\_low)



Date: 15 JUL 2020 11:53:26

**Note :**

1. Only the worst case plots for U-NII-3 Out of Band e.i.r.p Emission.
2. U-NII-3 Low & High Band Edge Red Line is Final Test Limit about factor value compensation.

## 11. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

### Conducted Test

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216 / LISN	09/11/2019	Annual	102245
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / Test Receiver	06/10/2020	Annual	100584
ESPAC	SU-642 / Temperature Chamber	08/14/2019	Annual	93000718
Agilent	N9020A / Signal Analyzer	05/11/2020	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9030A / Signal Analyzer	03/23/2020	Annual	MY49432108
Agilent	N1911A / Power Meter	04/07/2020	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A / Power Sensor	06/08/2020	Annual	MY57820067
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/11/2019	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	02/14/2020	Annual	10545
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC Power Supply	09/27/2019	Annual	MY40004427
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	06/26/2020	Annual	07560
Rohde & Schwarz	18N-20dB / Attenuator(20 dB)	03/23/2020	Annual	8
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 / Software	N/A	N/A	N/A
HCT CO., LTD.	FCC WLAN&BT&BLE Conducted Test Software v3.0	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Note:

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.



**Radiated Test**

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
Innco system	MA4640/800-XP-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Audix	EM1000 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Audix	Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
TNM system	FBSM-01B / Amp & Filter Bank Switch Controller	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	Loop Antenna	05/18/2020	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168 / Hybrid Antenna	08/02/2019	Biennial	01039
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	06/28/2019	Biennial	1300
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	04/29/2019	Biennial	BBHA9170342
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV(10 Hz ~ 40 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	05/13/2020	Annual	101055
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/12SS / Band Reject Filter	01/21/2020	Annual	2
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV5100/5850-40/50-8EEK / Band Reject Filter	02/10/2020	Annual	1
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	12/26/2019	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	03/23/2020	Annual	25956
TNM system	FBSM-05B / HPF(3~18GHz) + LNA1(1~18GHz)	01/21/2020	Annual	F6
TNM system	FBSM-05B / ATT(10dB) + LNA1(1~18GHz)	01/21/2020	Annual	None
TNM system	FBSM-05B / ATT(3dB) + LNA1(1~18GHz)	01/21/2020	Annual	None
TNM system	FBSM-05B / LNA1(1~18GHz)	01/21/2020	Annual	25540
TNM system	FBSM-05B / HPF(7~18GHz) + LNA2(6~18GHz)	01/21/2020	Annual	28550
TNM system	FBSM-05B / Thru(30MHz ~ 18GHz)	01/21/2020	Annual	None

**Note:**

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.
3. Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5(Version : 2017).



## 12. ANNEX A\_ TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-2008-FC035-P