

# FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

# Handle for testoFlex probe heads with Bluetooth 0554 1111

# FCC ID: WAF-05541111 IC: 6127B-05541111

Test Report Reference: MDE\_TESTO\_1610\_FCCb\_rev01

**Test Laboratory:** 7layers GmbH Borsigstrasse 11 40880 Ratingen Germany



Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

**7layers GmbH** Borsigstraße 11 40880 Ratingen, Germany T +49 (0) 2102 749 0 F +49 (0) 2102 749 350 Geschäftsführer/ Managing Directors: Frank Spiller Bernhard Retka Alexandre Norré-Oudard

Registergericht/registered: Düsseldorf HRB 75554 USt-Id.-Nr./VAT-No. DE203159652 Steuer-Nr./TAX-No. 147/5869/0385 a Bureau Veritas Group Company

www.7layers.com

Commerzbank AG Account No. 303 016 000 Bank Code 300 400 00 IBAN DE81 3004 0000 0303 0160 00 Swift Code COBADEFF



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## 1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

## 1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

#### Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

### **Applicable FCC Rules**

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-15 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

- Part 2, Subpart J Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification
- Part 15, Subpart C Intentional Radiators
- § 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement
- § 15.207 Conducted limits
- § 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements
- § 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

#### Note 1: (DTS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247, 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v03r05, v04, 2017-04-05". ANSI C63.10–2013 is applied.



#### **Summary Test Results:**

## The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

## 1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

## Correlation of measurement requirements for DTS (e.g. WLAN 2.4 GHz, BT LE) equipment from FCC and IC

#### **DTS equipment**

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.247 (a) (2)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 a)
Peak conducted output power	§ 15.247 (b) (3), (4)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.4 d)
Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Transmitter spurious radiated emissions	§ 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Band edge compliance	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Power density	§ 15.247 (e)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 b)
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204	RSS-Gen Issue 2: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	-	-



## 1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (a)		
Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB) The measurement was performed according to ANSI	I C63.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency			
Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	Setup_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	Setup_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	-		
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) The measurement was performed according to ANSI	I C63.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	FCC	ю
Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_AA01	N/A	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	Setup_AA01	N/A	Passec
			Passec
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b)	N/A	
Bluetooth LE, mid <b>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C</b> <b>§15.247</b> Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b)	N/A	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10	N/A (3) Final Re	Passed
<b>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C</b> <b>§15.247</b> Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b)	N/A (3)	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10	N/A (3) Final Re	Passed esult IC
<b>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C</b> <b>§15.247</b> Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI <b>OP-Mode</b> Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup	N/A (3) Final Re FCC	Passec esult IC Passec
<b>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C</b> <b>§15.247</b> Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI <b>OP-Mode</b> Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup Setup_AA01	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed	Passed esult IC Passed Passed
<ul> <li>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247</li> <li>Peak Power Output</li> <li>The measurement was performed according to ANSI</li> <li>OP-Mode</li> <li>Radio Technology, Operating Frequency</li> <li>Bluetooth LE, high</li> <li>Bluetooth LE, low</li> <li>Bluetooth LE, mid</li> <li>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C</li> </ul>	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) [ C63.10 Setup Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed	Passed esult IC Passed Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high Bluetooth LE, low Bluetooth LE, mid 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed	Passed esult IC Passed Passed
<ul> <li>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247</li> <li>Peak Power Output</li> <li>The measurement was performed according to ANSI</li> <li>OP-Mode</li> <li>Radio Technology, Operating Frequency</li> <li>Bluetooth LE, high</li> <li>Bluetooth LE, low</li> <li>Bluetooth LE, mid</li> <li>47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C</li> </ul>	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed	Passec esult IC Passec Passec
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high Bluetooth LE, low Bluetooth LE, mid 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed	Passed esult IC Passed Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high Bluetooth LE, low Bluetooth LE, mid 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (d) I C63.10 Setup	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed Final Re FCC	Passed esult IC Passed Passed Passed esult IC
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high Bluetooth LE, low Bluetooth LE, mid 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 I C63.10 Setup Setup_AA01	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed Final Re FCC Passed	Passed esult IC Passed Passed Passed esult IC Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Peak Power Output The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high Bluetooth LE, low Bluetooth LE, mid 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (b) I C63.10 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01 § 15.247 (d) I C63.10 Setup	N/A (3) Final Re FCC Passed Passed Passed Final Re FCC	Passed esult IC Passed Passed Passed



**Final Result** 

#### 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C § 15.247 (d) §15.247

Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

<b>OP-Mode</b> Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz	Setup_AC01	Passed	Passed

#### 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C § 15.247 (d) §15.247

Band Edge Compliance Conducted

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10		Final Result	
<b>OP-Mode</b> Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, high Bluetooth LE, low, low	Setup_AA01 Setup_AA01	Passed Passed	Passed Passed

......

#### 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C § 15.247 (d) §15.247

Band Edge Compliance Radiated The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10		Final Result	
OP-Mode Setup FCC Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge		IC	
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band EdgeBluetooth LE, high, highSetup_AC01		Passed	Passed



#### 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C § 15.247 (e) §15.247 Power Density The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result** FCC IC **OP-Mode** Setup Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Bluetooth LE, high Setup\_AA01 Passed Passed Bluetooth LE, low Setup\_AA01 Passed Passed Bluetooth LE, mid Setup\_AA01 Passed Passed

N/A: Not applicable N/P: Not performed

### **Revision History**

Report version control				
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity	
initial	2017-10-12		invalid	
rev01	2017-12-07	FCC Accreditation designation number on page 8 changed	valid	

(responsible for accreditation scope) Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

(responsible for testing and report) B.Sc. Jens Dörwald

layers 7 layers GmbH, Borsigstr. 11

40880 Ratingen, Germany Phone +49 (0)2102 749 0



## 2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

## 2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name:

7layers GmbH

Address:

Borsigstr. 11 40880 Ratingen Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC and accepted under the registration number DE0015.

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the IC and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no:	DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-00
Responsible for accreditation scope:	DiplIng. Marco Kullik
Report Template Version:	2017-07-14

## 2.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report:	B.Sc. Jens Dörwald
Employees who performed the tests:	documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report:	2017-12-07
Testing Period:	2017-06-13 to 2017-09-29

## 2.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name:	Testo SE & Co. KGaA
Address:	Testo-Straße 1 79853 Lenzkirch Germany
Contact Person:	Mr. Udo Spiwoks
2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA	

Company Name:

please see Applicant Data

Address:



Contact Person:



## 3 TEST OBJECT DATA

## 3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	The device is a Bluetooth low energy handle for flexible measurements.	
Product name	Handle for testoFlex probe heads with Bluetooth	
Туре	0554 1111	
Declared EUT data by	the supplier	
Voltage Type	DC (AA battery)	
Voltage Level	6.0 V	
Tested Modulation Type	GFSK Modulation	
General product description	The device is a Bluetooth low energy handle for flexible measurements (the range of sensors comprises different climate measurement types such as temperature, air flow or humidity) by exchanging the sensors easily.	
Specific product description for the EUT	-	
The EUT provides the following ports:	none	
Tested datarates	1 Mbps	
Special software used for testing	-	

# The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

## 3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
DE1101016aa01	aa01	conducted sample
Sample Parameter		Value
Integral Antenna	deactivated	
Serial No.	0060989995	
HW Version	4.0.b	
SW Version	0.07	
Comment		

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
DE1101016ac01	ac01	radiated sample
Sample Parameter		Value
Integral Antenna	1 dBi	
Serial No.	0060990004	
HW Version	4.0.b	
SW Version	0.07	



NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

## 3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-

## 3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
-	-	-

## 3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
Setup_AA01	DE1101016aa01,	conducted sample
Setup_AC01	DE1101016ac01,	radiated sample



## 3.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

г

## 3.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

	240
BT LE Test Channels:	lo
Channel:	0
Frequency [MHz]	240

2.4 GHz ISM			
2400 - 2483.5 MHz			
low	mid	high	
0	19	39	
2402	2440	2480	

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## 3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

## 3.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

3.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



## 4 TEST RESULTS

## 4.1 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (6 DB)

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

### 4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

## 4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.



### 4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

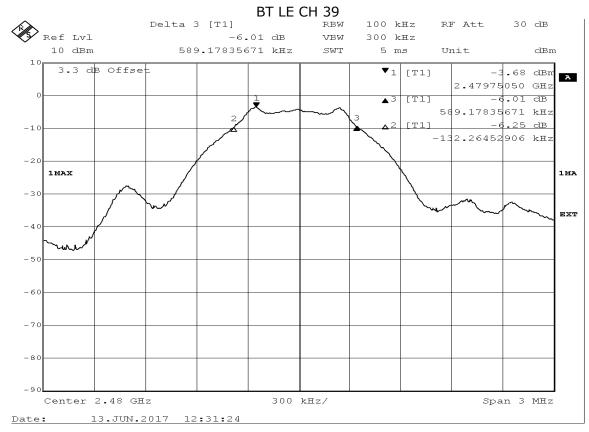
Ambient temperature:	24 °C
Air Pressure:	1012 hPa
Humidity:	43 %

BT LE GFSK

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	6 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	0.733	0.5	0.233
	19	2440	0.733	0.5	0.233
	39	2480	0.721	0.5	0.221

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

## 4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



## 4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution



## 4.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

### Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

### 4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 30 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 100 kHz
- Span: 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 8.5 ms
- Detector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

## 4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit:

## 4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

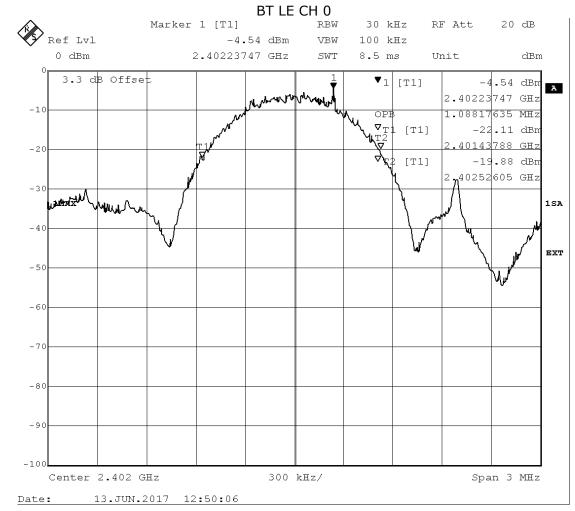
Ambient temperature:	24 °C
Air Pressure:	1012 hPa
Humidity:	43 %

BT LE

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	1.088
	19	2440	1.076
	39	2480	1.076

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.





## 4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

## 4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution



## 4.3 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

## Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### **The test was performed according to:** ANSI C63.10

## 4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = DTS bandwidth)

## 4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### **DTS devices:**

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

#### **Frequency Hopping Systems:**

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.



## Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = $10 \log (\text{Limit (W)}/1\text{mW})$

## 4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

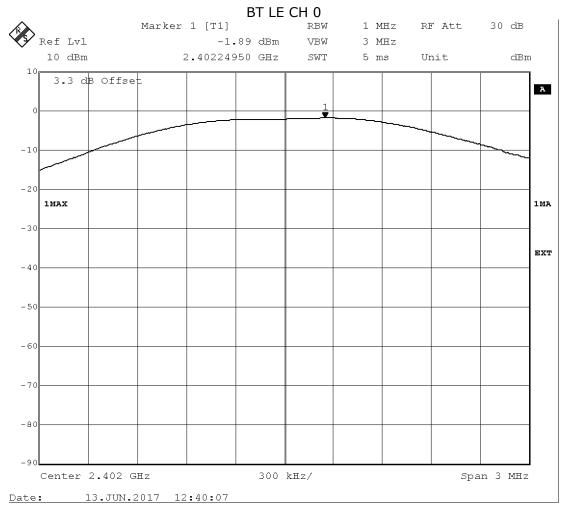
Ambient temperature:	24 °C
Air Pressure:	1012 hPa
Humidity:	43 %

BT LE

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	-1.9	30.0	31.9
	19	2440	-2.8	30.0	32.8
	39	2480	-3.2	30.0	33.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

## 4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



## 4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution





## 4.4 SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

## Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

## 4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

- Frequency range: 30 25000 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2
- Sweep Time: 330 s
- Detector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test "band edge compliance conducted". This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc limit.

## 4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



### 4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

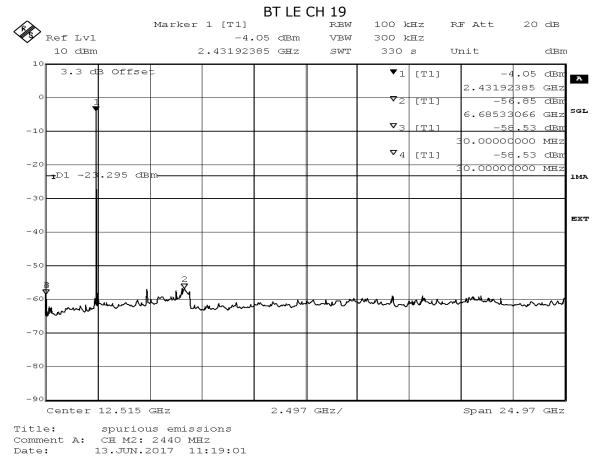
Ambient temperature:	24 °C
Air Pressure:	1012 hPa
Humidity:	43 %

BT LE GFSK

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	-	-	PEAK	100	-3.2	-23.2	
19	2440	-	-	PEAK	100	-4.1	-24.1	
39	2480	-	-	PEAK	100	-4.6	-24.6	

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

## 4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



## 4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution



## 4.5 TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS

## Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### **The test was performed according to:** ANSI C63.10

## 4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table  $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$  in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30-1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

### 1. Measurement up to 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

#### Step 1: pre measurement

- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 0.15 MHz and 0.15 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

#### Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

- Open area test side
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

#### 2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

#### Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit. Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)



- Frequency range: 30 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

### Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm$  45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by  $\pm$  100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range:  $\pm$  45 ° around the determined value
- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

#### Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed: EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

#### 3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

#### Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °. **Step 2:** 



Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size  $\pm$  45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm$  22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by  $\pm$  45°

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

#### Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

## 4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)

... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 - 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 - 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 - 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 - 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit  $(dB\mu V/m) = 20 \log (Limit (\mu V/m)/1\mu V/m)$ 



### 4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

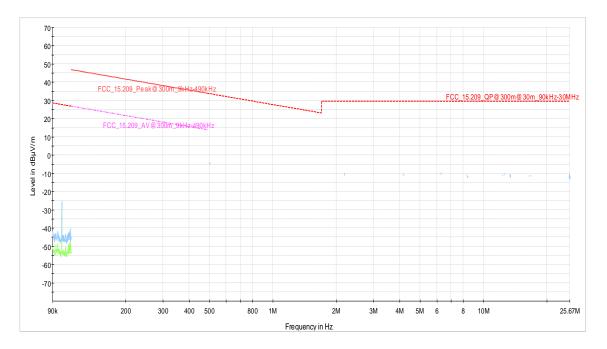
Ambient temperature:	25 - 26 °C
Air Pressure:	1014 - 1016 hPa
Humidity:	38 - 41 %

BT low Energy

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
39	2480	4959.4	56.4	PEAK	1000	74.0	17.6	RB
39	2480	4960.0	49.3	AV	1000	54.0	4.7	RB
0	2402	4808.4	60.1	PEAK	1000	74.0	13.9	RB
0	2402	4808.1	52.8	AV	1000	54.0	1.2	RB
19	2440	4880.6	58.8	PEAK	1000	74.0	15.2	RB
19	2440	4880.1	52.6	AV	1000	54.0	1.4	RB

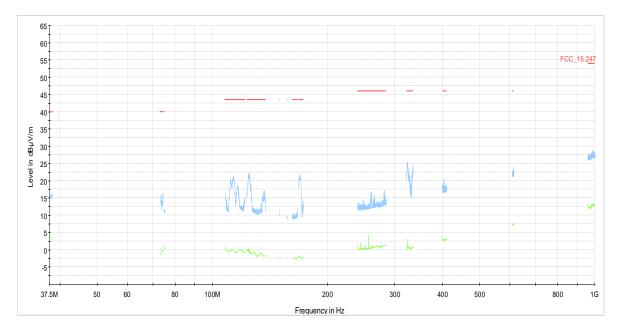
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

## 4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE") 9 kHz – 30 MHz BT LE CH 19

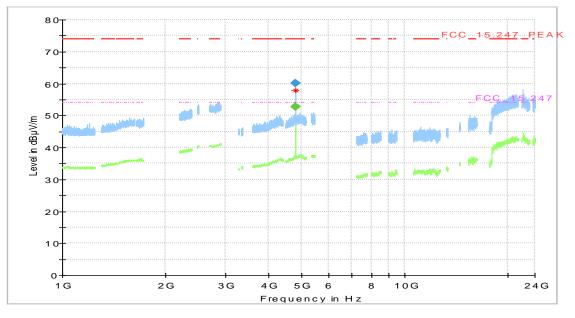




30 MHz – 1000 MHz BT LE CH 19



1 GHz – 26 GHz BT LE CH 0



Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
4804.037500		52.78	54.00	1.22	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	147.0	-27.0
4804.362500	60.10		74.00	13.90	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	144.0	16.2

## 4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



## 4.6 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE CONDUCTED

## Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### **The test was performed according to:** ANSI C63.10

## 4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions". The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Frequency Range 2397-2403 MHz & 2479-2485 MHz
- Detector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Sweeptime: 5 ms
- Sweeps: 2
- Trace: Maxhold

## 4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### FCC Part 15.247 (d)

"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...

If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."



### 4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

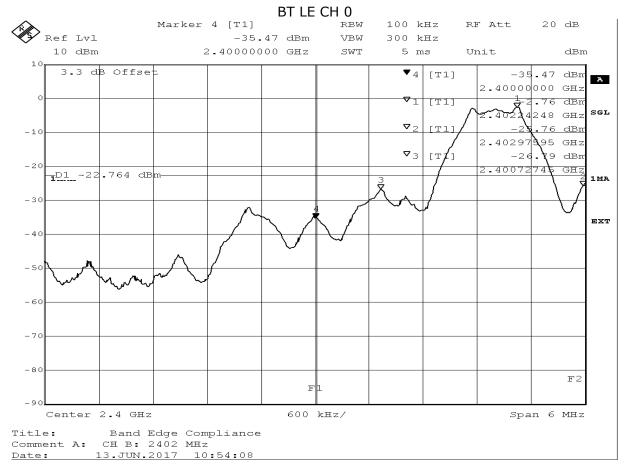
Ambient temperature:	24 °C
Air Pressure:	1012 hPa
Humidity:	43 %

BT LE GFSK

Channel No.	Channel Center Frequency [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2400.0	-35.5	PEAK	100	-2.8	-22.8	12.7
39	2480	2483.5	-49.9	PEAK	100	-3.8	-23.8	26.1

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

## 4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



## 4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution



## 4.7 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE RADIATED

### Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

### 4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

## 4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 - 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 - 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 - 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 - 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit  $(dB\mu V/m) = 20 \log (Limit (\mu V/m)/1\mu V/m)$ 



### 4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

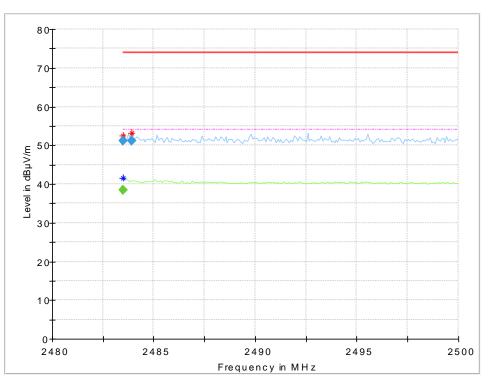
Ambient temperature:	26 °C
Air Pressure:	1016 hPa
Humidity:	41 %

BT LE GFSK

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
39	2480	2483.5	51.2	PEAK	1000	74.0	22.8	BE
39	2480	2483.5	38.5	AV	1000	54.0	15.5	BE

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

## 4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE") BT LE CH 39



Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
2483.500000	51.24		74.00	22.76	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	199.0	2.9
2483.500000		38.50	54.00	15.50	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-101.0	-3.1
2483.912500	51.07		74.00	22.93	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	112.0	104.8
4959.387500	56.37		74.00	17.63	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	154.0	5.8
4960.037500		49.25	54.00	4.75	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	155.0	4.9

## 4.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



### 4.8 POWER DENSITY

#### Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

#### The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

### 4.8.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Power Density measurements.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) power density.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 3 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 30 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

## 4.8.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS /LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

## 4.8.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature:	24°C
Air Pressure:	1012hPa
Humidity:	42.5%
BT LE	

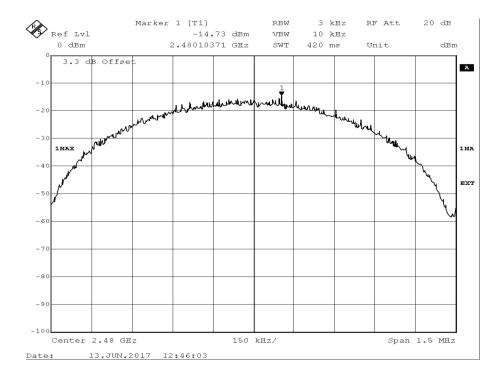
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Power Density [dBm/3kHz]	Limit [dBm/3kHz]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	-15.2	8.0	23.2
	19	2440	-14.9	8.0	22.9
	39	2480	-14.7	8.0	22.7

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



## 4.8.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

BLE CH 39 (Setup\_AA01)



## 4.8.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution



## 5 TEST EQUIPMENT

## 1 Radiated Emissions Lab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-04	2019-04
1.2	Anechoic Chamber	10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m³	Frankonia	none	2016-05	2019-05
1.3	HL 562	Ultralog new biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz	830547/003	2015-06	2018-06
1.4	5HC2700/12750 -1.5-КК	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012		
1.5		8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001- PRB	2015-06	2018-06
1.6	Fluke 177	Úgital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2016-02	2018-02
1.7	JS4-18002600- 32-5P		Miteq	849785		
1.8	WHKX 7.0/18G- 8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	09		
1.9	4HC1600/12750 -1.5-КК	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011		
1.10	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
1.11	JS4-00102600- 42-5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368		
1.12	HL 562 Ultralog	Logper. Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	100609	2016-04	2019-04
1.13	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00086675		
1.14	5HC3500/18000 -1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008		
1.15	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	829324/006	2014-11	2017-11
1.16	Opus10 THI (8152.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12482	2017-03	2019-03
1.17	JS4-00101800- 35-5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037		
1.18	AS 620 P	Antenna mast	HD GmbH	620/37		
1.19	Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell)	Antrieb TD1.5- 10kg		TD1.5- 10kg/024/37907 09		
1.20	AM 4.0	Antenna mast	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		
1.21	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2015-05	2018-05



## 2 Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution Regulatory Bluetooth RF Tests

Ref.No.	<b>Device Name</b>	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last	Calibration
					Calibration	Due
2.1		5	Extech Instruments Corp	05157876	2016-02	2018-02
2.2	Opus10 THI (8152.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13985	2017-04	2019-04
2.3	KWP 120/70	Temperature Chamber Weiss 01	Weiss	59226012190010	2016-03	2018-03
2.4	SMP02	Signal Generator SMP		833286/0014	2016-05	2019-05

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"



## 6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

	C	LISN insertion loss ESH3-	cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten-
Frequency MHz	Corr. dB	Z5 dB	uator) dB
0.15	10.1	0.1	10.0
5	10.1	0.1	10.0
-	 	_	-
7	 10.5	0.2	10.3
10	 10.5	0.2	10.3
12	10.7	0.3	10.4
14	10.7	0.3	10.4
16	10.8	0.4	10.4
18	10.9	0.4	10.5
20	10.9	0.4	10.5
22	11.1	0.5	10.6
24	11.1	0.5	10.6
26	11.2	0.5	10.7
28	11.2	0.5	10.7
30	11.3	0.5	10.8

## 6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

#### Sample calculation

 $U_{LISN}$  (dB  $\mu$ V) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.



			È contra	[	, 		[		
			cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	d <sub>Limit</sub>	d <sub>used</sub>
			loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
_	AF		(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-40 dB/	distance	distance
Frequency	HFH-Z2)	Corr.	chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.009	20.50	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.01	20.45	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.015	20.37	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.02	20.36	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.025	20.38	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.03	20.32	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.05	20.35	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.08	20.30	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	20.20	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.2	20.17	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.3	20.14	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.49	20.12	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.490001	20.12	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.5	20.11	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.8	20.10	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
1	20.09	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
2	20.08	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
3	20.06	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
4	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
5	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
6	20.02	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
8	19.95	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
10	19.83	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
12	19.71	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
14	19.54	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
16	19.53	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
18	19.50	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
20	19.57	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
22	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
24	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
26	19.54	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
28	19.46	-39.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
30	19.73	-39.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

## 6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

#### Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB) U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction =  $-40 * LOG (d_{Limit}/ d_{used})$ 

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values



## 6.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

(<u>d<sub>Limit</sub> = 3 m)</u>

Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
30	18.6	0.6
50	6.0	0.9
100	9.7	1.2
150	7.9	1.6
200	7.6	1.9
250	9.5	2.1
300	11.0	2.3
350	12.4	2.6
400	13.6	2.9
450	14.7	3.1
500	15.6	3.2
550	16.3	3.5
600	17.2	3.5
650	18.1	3.6
700	18.5	3.6
750	19.1	4.1
800	19.6	4.1
850	20.1	4.4
900	20.8	4.7
950	21.1	4.8
1000	21.6	4.9

cable loss 1	cable loss 2	cable loss 3	cable loss 4	distance corr.	d <sub>Limit</sub> (meas.	d <sub>used</sub> (meas.
(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-20 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

(<u>d<sub>Limit</sub> = 10 m)</u>

	·/								
30	18.6	-9.9	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
50	6.0	-9.6	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
100	9.7	-9.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
150	7.9	-8.8	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
200	7.6	-8.6	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
250	9.5	-8.3	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
300	11.0	-8.1	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
350	12.4	-7.9	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
400	13.6	-7.6	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
450	14.7	-7.4	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
500	15.6	-7.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
550	16.3	-7.0	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
600	17.2	-6.9	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
650	18.1	-6.9	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
700	18.5	-6.8	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
750	19.1	-6.3	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
800	19.6	-6.3	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
850	20.1	-6.0	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
900	20.8	-5.8	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
950	21.1	-5.6	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
1000	21.6	-5.6	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

#### Sample calculation

 $E (dB \mu V/m) = U (dB \mu V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)$ 

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = -20 \* LOG ( $d_{Limit}$ /  $d_{used}$ )

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



## 6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

AF     cable     loss 2     atten-     cable       R&S     inside     (outside     uator & loss 4 (to		
Ioss 1(switch(relay +cableunit,AFcableloss 2atten-cablecableloss 2atten-		
AF(relay +cableunit,AFcableloss 2atten-cable		
AF cable loss 2 atten- cable		
		1
P&S inside (outside uptor & loss 4 (to )		
FrequencyHF907Corr.chamber)chamber)pre-amp)receiver)		
MHz         dB (1/m)         dB         dB         dB         dB         dB		
1000 24.4 -19.4 0.99 0.31 -21.51 0.79		
2000 28.5 -17.4 1.44 0.44 -20.63 1.38		
3000 31.0 -16.1 1.87 0.53 -19.85 1.33		
4000 33.1 -14.7 2.41 0.67 -19.13 1.31		
5000 34.4 -13.7 2.78 0.86 -18.71 1.40		
6000 34.7 -12.7 2.74 0.90 -17.83 1.47		
7000 35.6 -11.0 2.82 0.86 -16.19 1.46		
cable	,	[]
loss 4		
cable (switch		
loss 1 cable cable unit,		used
AF (relay loss 2 loss 3 atten-	cable	for
R&S inside (inside outside uator &	loss 5 (to	FCC
Frequency HF907 Corr. chamber) chamber) chamber) pre-amp)	receiver)	15.247
MHz dB (1/m) dB dB dB dB dB dB	dB	
3000 31.0 -23.4 0.47 1.87 0.53 -27.58	1.33	
4000 33.1 -23.3 0.56 2.41 0.67 -28.23	1.31	
5000 34.4 -21.7 0.61 2.78 0.86 -27.35	1.40	
6000         34.7         -21.2         0.58         2.74         0.90         -26.89	1.47	
7000 35.6 -19.8 0.66 2.82 0.86 -25.58	1.46	
,	1.10	<u> </u>
cable		
loss 1 cable cable cable	cable	cable
AF (relay loss 2 loss 3 loss 4	loss 5	loss 6
R&S inside (High (pre- (inside	(outside	(to
Frequency HF907 Corr. chamber) Pass) amp) chamber)	chamber)	receiver)
MHz dB (1/m) dB dB dB dB dB dB	dB	dB
7000 35.6 -57.3 0.56 1.28 -62.72 2.66	0.94	1.46
8000 36.3 -56.3 0.69 0.71 -61.49 2.84	1.00	1.53
9000 37.1 -55.3 0.68 0.65 -60.80 3.06	1.09	1.60
10000         37.5         -56.2         0.70         0.54         -61.91         3.28	1.20	1.67
10000         37.5         -50.2         0.70         0.54         -01.91         3.28           11000         37.5         -55.3         0.80         0.61         -61.40         3.43	1.20	1.70
11000         37.5         -55.5         0.80         0.01         -61.40         3.43           12000         37.6         -53.7         0.84         0.42         -59.70         3.53	1.27	1.70
13000 38.2 -53.5 0.83 0.44 -59.81 3.75	1.32	1.83
	1.40	1.77
14000 39.9 -56.3 0.91 0.53 -63.03 3.91		
15000 40.9 -54.1 0.98 0.54 -61.05 4.02	1.44	1.83
15000         40.9         -54.1         0.98         0.54         -61.05         4.02           16000         41.3         -54.1         1.23         0.49         -61.51         4.17	1.44 1.51	1.85
15000 40.9 -54.1 0.98 0.54 -61.05 4.02	1.44	

#### Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table. Tables show an extract of values.



			•		,		
			cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
	AF		loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5
	EMCO		(inside	(pre-	(inside	(switch	(to
requency	3160-09	Corr.	chamber)	amp)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
18500	40.2	-23.2	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
19000	40.2	-22.0	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
19500	40.3	-21.3	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
20000	40.3	-20.3	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
20500	40.3	-19.9	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
21000	40.3	-19.1	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
21500	40.3	-19.1	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
22000	40.3	-18.7	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
22500	40.4	-19.0	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
23000	40.4	-19.5	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
23500	40.4	-19.3	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
24000	40.4	-19.8	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
24500	40.4	-19.5	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
25000	40.4	-19.3	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
25500	40.5	-20.4	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
26000	40.5	-21.3	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
26500	40.5	-21.1	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

## 6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ - 26.5 GHZ)

#### Sample calculation

Freq

 $E (dB \mu V/m) = U (dB \mu V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)$ 

U = Receiver readingAF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



	AF EMCO		cable loss 1 (inside	cable loss 2 (outside	cable loss 3 (switch	cable loss 4 (to	distance corr. (-20 dB/	d <sub>Limit</sub> (meas. distance	d <sub>used</sub> (meas. distance
Frequency	3160-10	Corr.	chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
26.5	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
27.0	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
28.0	43.4	-11.1	4.5				-15.6	3	0.5
29.0	43.5	-11.0	4.6				-15.6	3	0.5
30.0	43.5	-10.9	4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
31.0	43.5	-10.8	4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
32.0	43.5	-10.7	4.8				-15.6	3	0.5
33.0	43.6	-10.7	4.9				-15.6	3	0.5
34.0	43.6	-10.6	5.0				-15.6	3	0.5
35.0	43.6	-10.5	5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
36.0	43.6	-10.4	5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
37.0	43.7	-10.3	5.2				-15.6	3	0.5
38.0	43.7	-10.2	5.3				-15.6	3	0.5
39.0	43.7	-10.2	5.4				-15.6	3	0.5
40.0	43.8	-10.1	5.5				-15.6	3	0.5

## 6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ - 40 GHZ)

#### Sample calculation

 $E (dB \mu V/m) = U (dB \mu V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)$ 

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

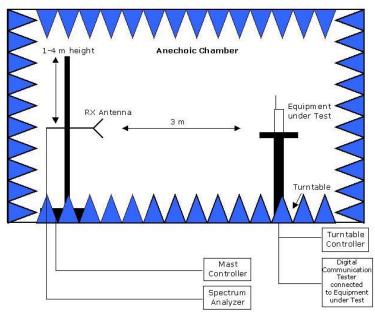
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction =  $-20 \times \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}}/d_{\text{used}})$ Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

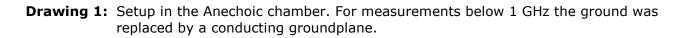
Table shows an extract of values.

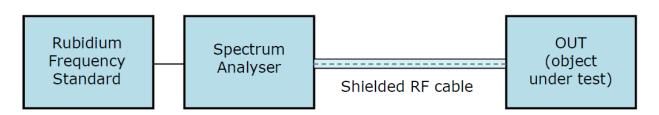


## 7 SETUP DRAWINGS



<u>Remark:</u> Depending on the frequency range suitable antenna types, attenuators or preamplifiers are used.





**Drawing 2:** Setup for conducted radio tests.



## 8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

## 9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.