FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

Testo 400 – Universal IAQ instrument

FCC ID: WAF-04404000
IC: 6127B-04404000

Test Report Reference: MDE_TESTO_1805_FCCa

Test Laboratory:
7layers GmbH
Borsigstrasse 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-12140-01-00

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization
Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-17 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.207 Conducted limits

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

§ 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

Note:
The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission System, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, and Hybrid System Devices Operating under Section 15.247 of the FCC Rules, 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05, 2018-08-24". ANSI C63.10–2013 is applied.

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for
DTS (e.g. WLAN 2.4 GHz, BT LE) equipment
from
FCC and IC

DTS equipment

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.247 (a) (2)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 (a)
Peak conducted output power	§ 15.247 (b) (3), (4)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.4 (d)
Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Transmitter spurious radiated emissions	§ 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Band edge compliance	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Power density	§ 15.247 (e)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 (b)
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	–	–

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.207**

Conducted Emissions at AC Mains
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Operating mode, Connection to AC mains			
worst case, direct	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (a) (2)**

Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB)
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency			
Bluetooth LE, high	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **IC RSS-Gen & IC TRC-43; Ch. 6.7 & Ch. 8**

Occupied Bandwidth (99%)
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency			
Bluetooth LE, high	S04_AI01	N/A	performed
Bluetooth LE, low	S04_AI01	N/A	performed
Bluetooth LE, mid	S04_AI01	N/A	performed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (b) (3)**

Peak Power Output
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method			
Bluetooth LE, high, conducted	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, conducted	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (d)**

Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (d)**

Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (d)**

Band Edge Compliance Conducted

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, high	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, low	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (d)**

Band Edge Compliance Radiated

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, high	S01_AB01	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 **§ 15.247 (e)**

Power Density
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 **Final Result**

OP-Mode	**Setup**	**FCC**	**IC**
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency			
Bluetooth LE, high	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	S04_AI01	Passed	Passed

N/A: Not applicable
N/P: Not performed

(responsible for accreditation scope)
Dipl.-Ing. Marco kullik

(responsible for testing and report)
B.Sc. Jens Dörwald

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2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name:	7layers GmbH
Address:	Borsigstr. 11 40880 Ratingen Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the ISED and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no:	DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-00
FCC Designation Number:	DE0015
FCC Test Firm Registration:	929146
Responsible for accreditation scope:	Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik
Report Template Version:	2018-01-10

2.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report:	B.Sc. Jens Dörwald
Employees who performed the tests:	documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report:	2018-01-08
Testing Period:	2018-10-16 to 2018-10-28

2.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name:	Testo SE & Co. KGaA
Address:	Testo Straße 1 79853 Lenzkirch Germany
Contact Person:	Mr. Udo Spiwoks

2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name:	please see Applicant data

3 TEST OBJECT DATA

3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	The EUT (Testo 400 – Universal IAQ instrument) is a universal IAQ Instrument for velocity and thermal comfort measurement, measurement with a modern graphic display with touch operation, an easy and professional reporting and with integrated calibration concept. Different external digital probes and temperature sensors can be attached.		
Product name	Testo 400 – Universal IAQ instrument		
Type	Bluetooth LE and WLAN transceiver		
Declared EUT data by the supplier			
Voltage Type	AC		
Voltage Level	120 V / 60 Hz		
Tested Modulation Type	GFSK Modulation		
Specific product description for the EUT	The EUT is built up of two detachable parts, the Smart Device (SD) and Measuring Device (MD). The function of Smart Device covers in general the user interaction with a graphic display, storage of data and communication interfaces like WLAN. The Measuring Device includes the components of measuring like the internal differential pressure and arrange the communication with external probes		
The EUT provides the following ports:	**Ports**	**Max. Cable Length [m]**	**Shielded**
	Enclosure	-	No
	USB-Type-C (2pcs)	3	Yes
	DC / USB (Micro)	2	Yes
	Connector for ext. Sense (2pcs)	2	Yes
	AC	3	No
Tested datarates	1 Mbps		
Special software used for testing	-		

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	**Sample Code**	**Description**
radiated sample 1	DE1101023aa01	Sample for radiated testing
Sample Parameter	**Value**	
Serial No.	52601170	
HW Version	2.1	
SW Version	App: 10.2.0.6170, FW: 0.12.2	
Comment		
Integral Antenna	+3dBi	

Sample Name	**Sample Code**	**Description**
radiated sample 2	DE1101023ab01	Sample for radiated testing
Sample Parameter	**Value**	
Serial No.	52602494	
HW Version	2.1	
SW Version	App: 10.2.0.6170, FW: 0.12.2	
Comment		
Integral Antenna	+3dBi	

Sample Name	**Sample Code**	**Description**
conducted sample	DE1101023ai01	Sample for conducted testing
Sample Parameter	**Value**	
Serial No.	52600969	
HW Version	2.1	
SW Version	App: 10.4.0.6286 , FW: 0.13.02	
Comment		
Integral Antenna	+3dBi	

NOTE:The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	**Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)**	**Description**
ANC 1	-0554 1106/7, EGSTON-BI12T-050200-IU	- AC/DC Adapter EGGSTON
ANC 2	0449 0134	USB Cable HW Status: 707

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
ANC 3	Testo, 0615 1212	- Waterproof immersion/ penetration probe (NTC)
ANC 4	Testo, 0635 0551	-Fast-action immersion (TC type K)
ANC 5	Testo, 0635 0551	-Lux probe
ANC 6	Testo, 0602 0645	-Thermo-Element-Paar

3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it.
But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
-	-	-

3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S01_AA01	radiated sample 1, ANC 1, ANC 2, ANC 3, ANC 4, ANC 5, ANC 6	Setup for radiated measurement
S01_AB01	radiated sample 2, ANC 1, ANC 2, ANC 3, ANC 4, ANC 5, ANC 6	Setup for radiated measurement
S04_AI01	conducted sample,	Setup for conducted measurement

3.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

3.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

	2.4 GHz ISM 2400 - 2483.5 MHz		
BT LE Test Channels:	**low**	**mid**	**high**
Channel:	0	19	39
Frequency [MHz]	2402	2440	2480

3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

3.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

3.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4 TEST RESULTS

4.1 CONDUCTED EMIOSSIONS AC MAINS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C 63.10
The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was setup in a shielded room to perform the conducted emissions measurements in a typical installation configuration. The EUT was powered from 50µH || 50 Ohm Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The LISN's unused connections were terminated with 50 Ohm loads.

The measurement procedure consists of two steps. It is implemented into the EMI test software EMC-32 from R&S.

Step 1: Preliminary scan
Intention of this step is, to determine the conducted EMI-profile of the EUT.
EMI receiver settings:
- Detector: Peak – Maxhold & Average
- Frequency range: 150 kHz – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 2.5 kHz
- IF–Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)
- Measurement on phase + neutral lines of the power cords

On basis of this preliminary scan the highest amplitudes and the corresponding frequencies relative to the limit are identified. Emissions above the limit and emissions which are in the 10 dB range below the limit are considered.

Step 2: Final measurement
Intention of this step is, to determine the highest emissions with the settings defined in the test specification for the frequencies identified in step 1.
EMI receiver settings:
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- IF Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s / frequency

At each frequency determined in step 1, four measurements are performed in the following combinations:
1) Neutral lead - reference ground (PE grounded)
2) Phase lead - reference ground (PE grounded)
3) Neutral lead - reference ground (PE floating)
4) Phase lead - reference ground (PE floating)

The highest value is reported.

4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.207

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limits (dBµV)	AV Limits (dBµV)
0.15 – 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBµV) = 20 log (Limit (µV)/1µV).

4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

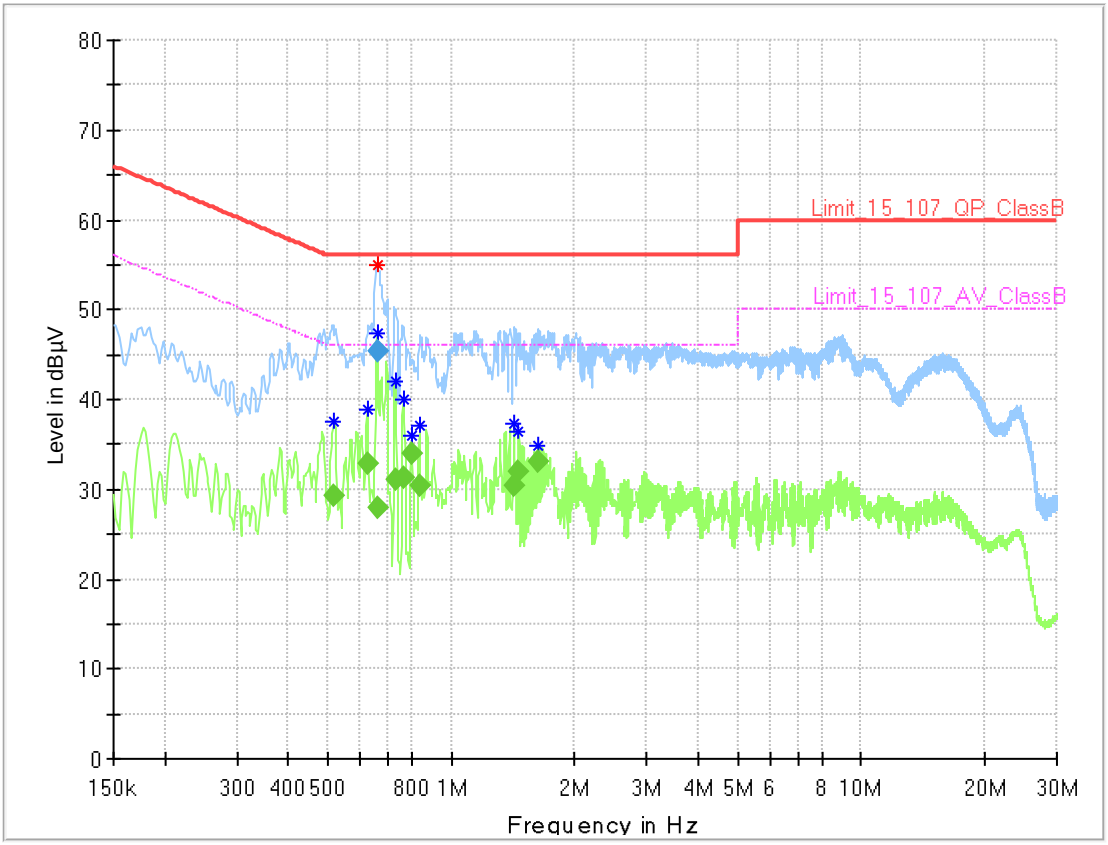
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %
BT LE GFSK

Power line	**PE**	**Frequency [MHz]**	**Measured value QP [dBµV]**	**Measured value AV [dBµV]**	**Limit [dBµV]**	**Margin [dB]**
L1	FLO	0.51225	---	29.84	46	16.16
N	FLO	0.62025	---	30.59	46	15.41
L1	GND	0.654	51.54	---	56	4.46
N	FLO	0.65625	---	29.82	46	16.18
L1	FLO	0.72375	50.84	---	56	5.16
L1	GND	0.726	---	31.05	46	14.95
L1	GND	0.762	---	31.92	46	14.08
L1	GND	0.798	---	22.28	46	23.72
L1	GND	0.834	---	29.1	46	16.9
L1	GND	0.87	---	26.79	46	19.21
L1	GND	1.41675	---	32.14	46	13.86
L1	GND	1.42125	48.51	---	56.0	7.49
L1	GND	1.45275	---	32.16	46.0	13.84

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = low



4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted Emissions FCC

4.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (6 DB)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.
The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.
The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 2 MHz nominal bandwidth
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 100
- Sweeptime: 18.98 us
- Detector: Peak

4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature:	25 °C
Air Pressure:	1010 hPa
Humidity:	40 %

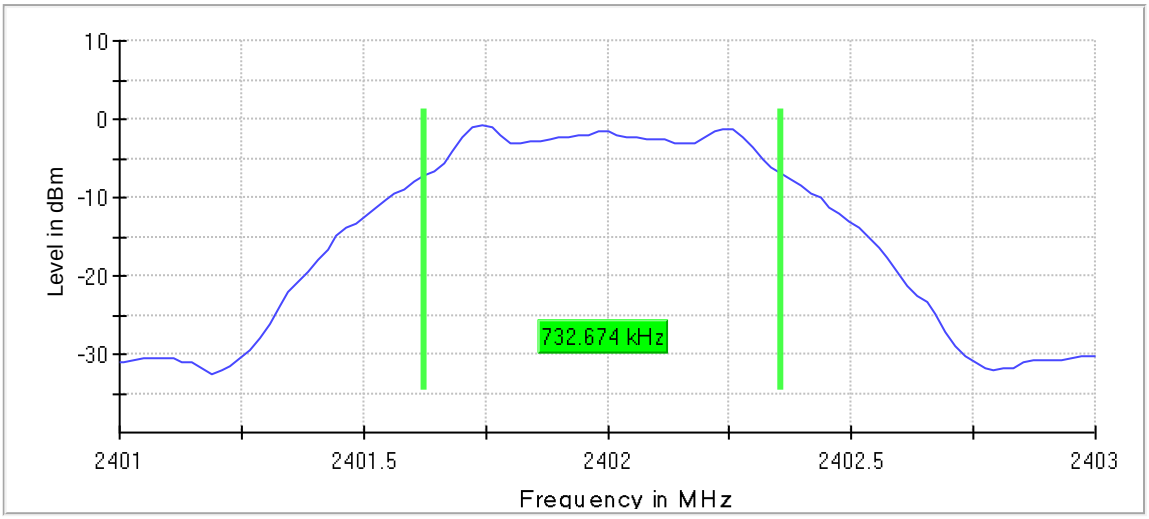
BT LE GFSK

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	6 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	0.733	0.5	0.233
	19	2440	0.752	0.5	0.252
	39	2480	0.811	0.5	0.311

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = low



Measurement

Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.40100 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40300 GHz
Span	2.000 MHz
RBW	100.000 kHz
VBW	300.000 kHz
SweepPoints	101
Sweeptime	18.938 µs
Reference Level	-20.000 dBm
Attenuation	0.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	100
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	14 / max. 150
Stable	5 / 5
Max Stable Difference	0.14 dB

4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

4.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.
The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.
The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.
Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 30 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 100 kHz
- Span: 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 20 ms
- Detector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit:

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

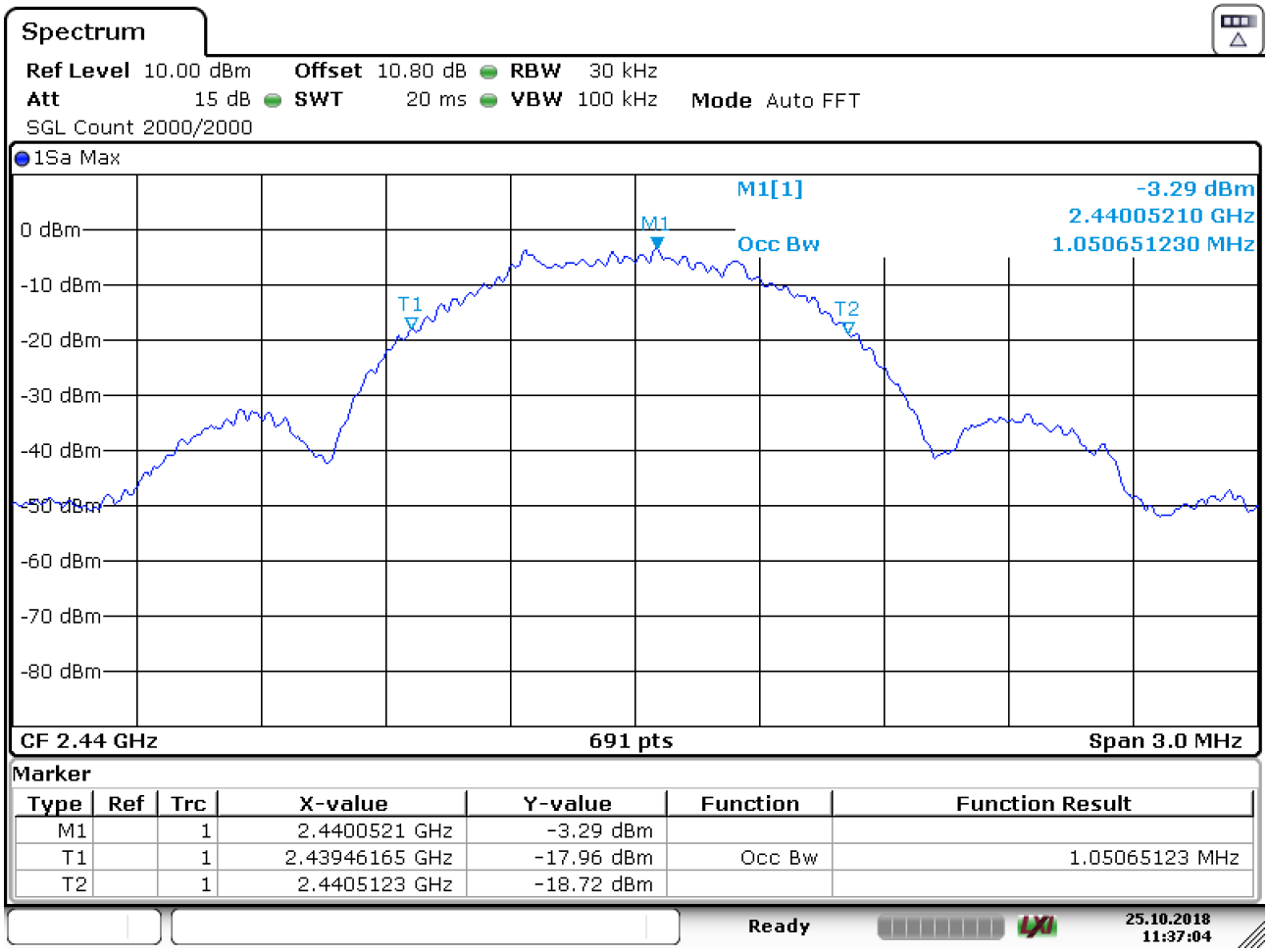
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %
BT LE

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	1.060
	19	2440	1.050
	39	2480	1.070

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = mid
(S04_AI01)



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4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

4.4 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 2 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 10 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 100
- Sweeptime: 953 us
- Detector: Peak

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = DTS bandwidth)

4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

DTS devices:
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3)
For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = 10 log (Limit (W)/1mW)

4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

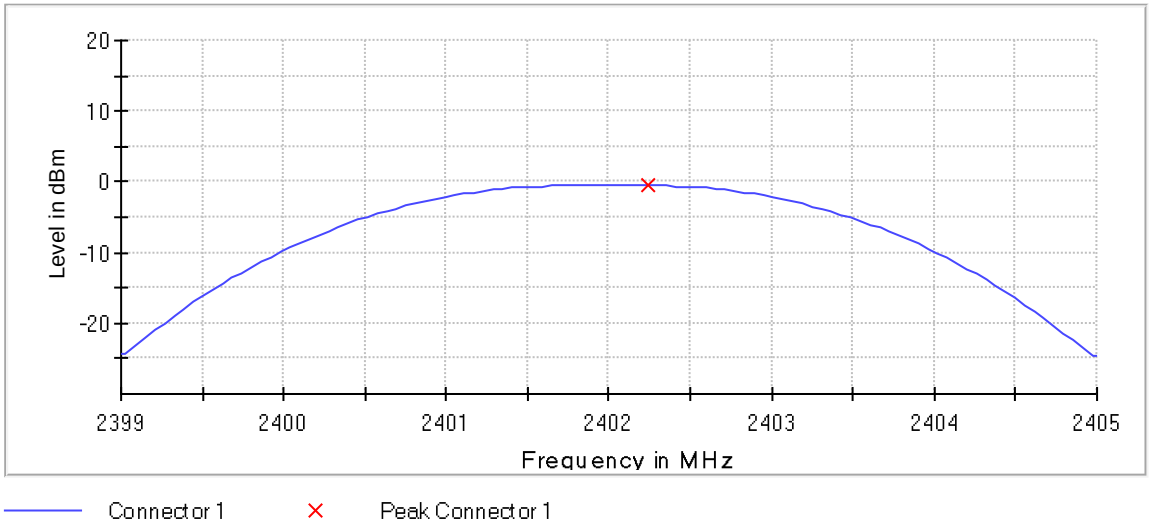
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %
BT LE

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	E.I.R.P [dBm]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	-0.5	30.0	30.5	2.5
	19	2440	-1.1	30.0	31.1	1.9
	39	2480	-1.8	30.0	31.8	1.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = low
Measurement method = conducted
(S04_AI01)



Measurement

Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.39900 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40500 GHz
Span	6.000 MHz
RBW	2.000 MHz
VBW	10.000 MHz
SweepPoints	101
Sweeptime	953.450 ns
Reference Level	-10.000 dBm
Attenuation	10.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	100
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	4 / max. 150
Stable	3 / 3
Max Stable Difference	0.02 dB

4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

4.5 SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.
Analyzer settings:

- Frequency range: 30 – 25000 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: Trace allowed to fully stabilize
- Sweep Time: 250 ms
- Detector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test "band edge compliance conducted". This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc limit.

4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

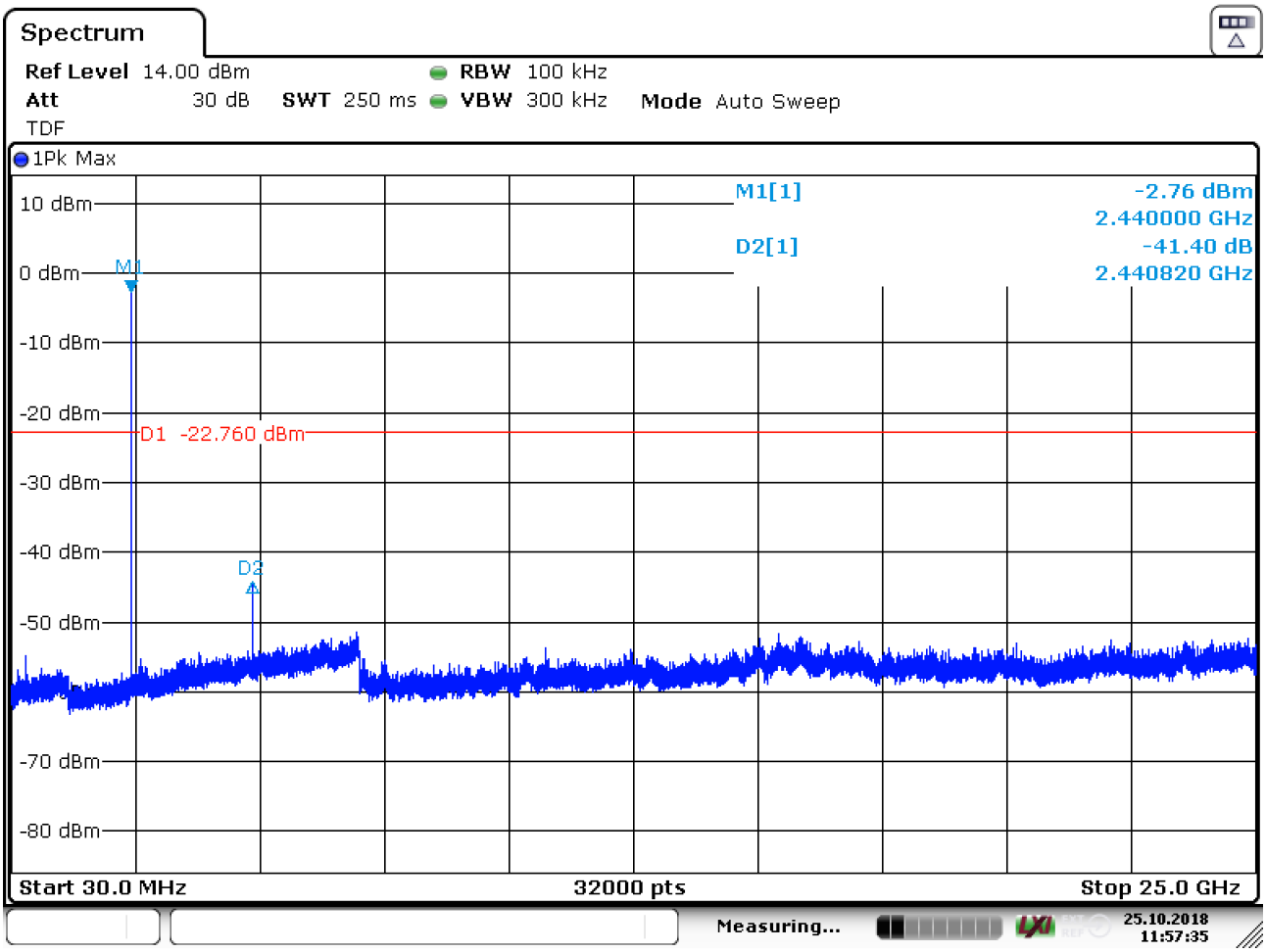
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %
BT LE GFSK

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	-	-	PEAK	100	-	-	>20
19	2440	-	-	PEAK	100	-	-	>20
39	2480	-	-	PEAK	100	-	-	>20

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = mid
(S04_AI01)



Date: 25.OCT.2018 11:57:35

4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

4.6 TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table 1.0 x 2.0 m² in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.
The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz
The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement
- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF–Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement
For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.
- Open area test side
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF–Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan
This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.
Settings for step 1:
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF–Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: –180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement
In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.
For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by ± 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by ± 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.
- Detector: Peak – Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: ± 45 ° around the determined value
- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector
With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:
EMI receiver settings for step 4:
- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size ± 45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by ± 22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by ± 45°

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)
... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 – 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBµV/m) = 20 log (Limit (µV/m)/1µV/m)

4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

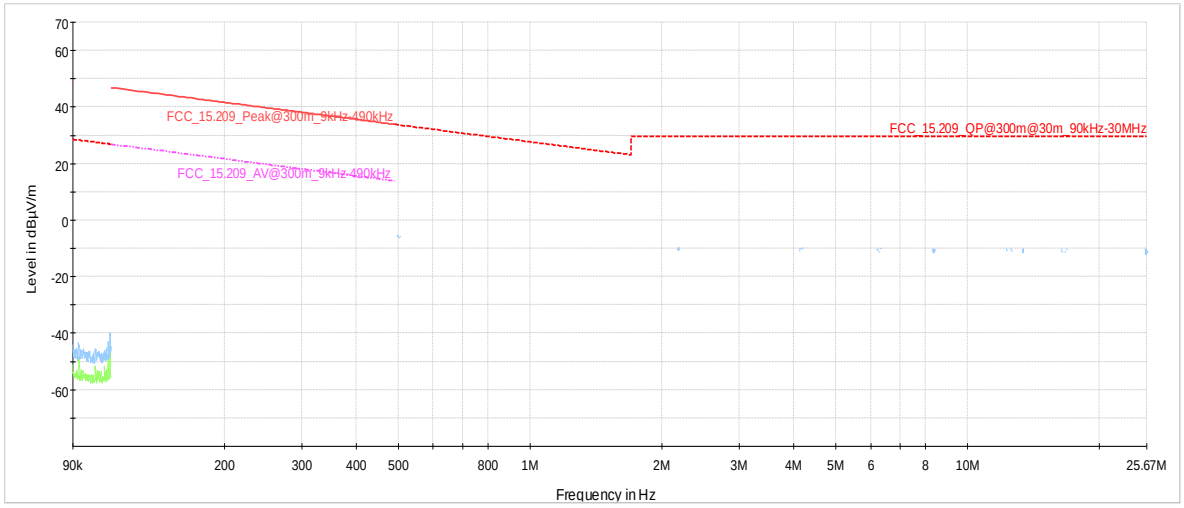
Ambient temperature: 24°C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 38 %
BT low Energy

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec-tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
0	2402	4804.5	58.0	PEAK	1000	74.0	16.0	RB
0	2402	4803.9	51.3	AV	1000	54.0	2.7	RB
19	2440	4879.9	55.2	PEAK	1000	74.0	18.8	RB
19	2440	4879.9	50.0	AV	1000	54.0	4.0	RB
39	2480	2483.5	50.3	PEAK	1000	74.0	23.7	RB
39	2480	2483.5	38.1	AV	1000	54.0	15.9	RB
39	2480	4960.0	55.5	PEAK	1000	74.0	18.5	RB
39	2480	4960.1	48.3	AV	1000	54.0	5.7	RB

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

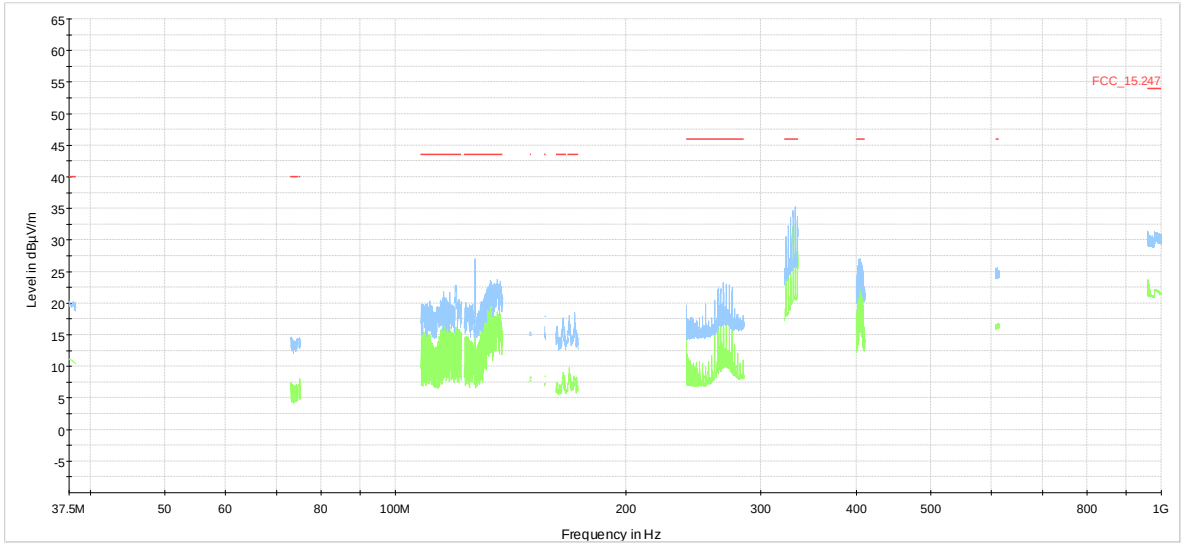
4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = mid,
Measurement range = 9 kHz – 30 MHz
(S01_AA01)



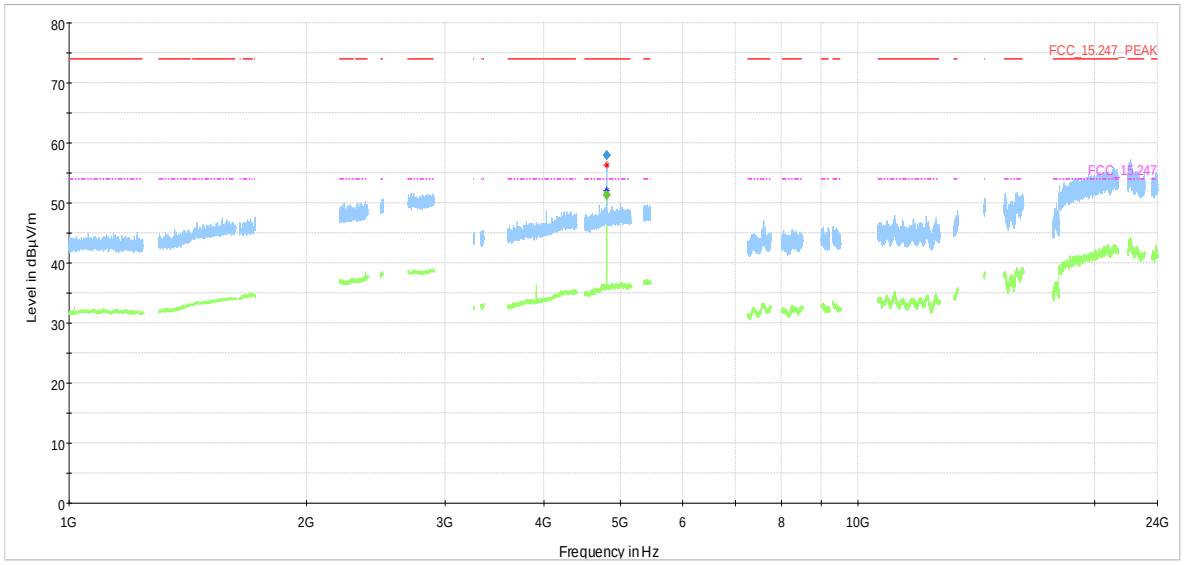
Legend: blue trace = Peak detector, green = QP detector

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = mid,
Measurement range = 30 MHz – 1 GHz
(S01_AA01)



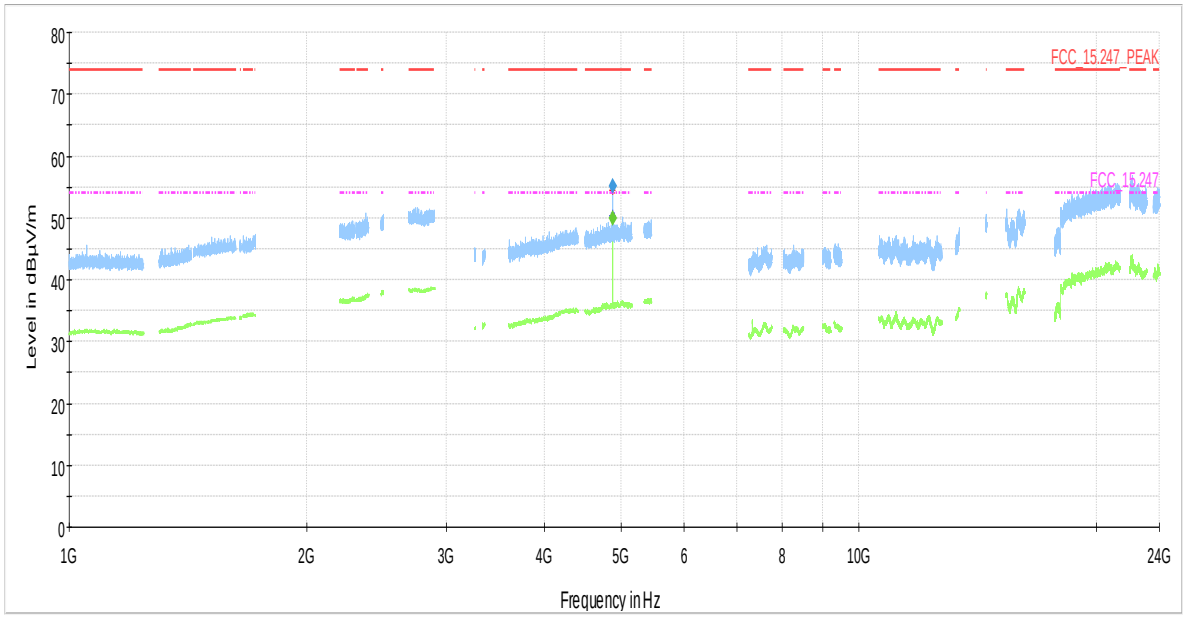
Legend: blue trace = Peak detector, green = QP detector, stars= critical frequencies,
blue Rhombus = final measurement QP-detector

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = low,
Measurement range = 1 GHz – 26 GHz
(S01_AB01)



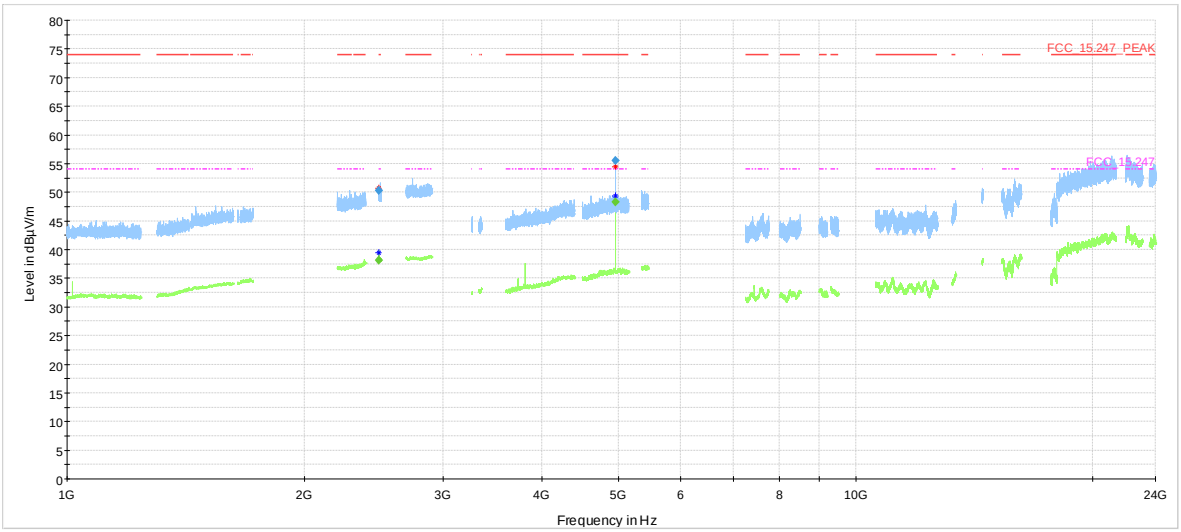
Legend: blue trace = Peak detector, green = CIPRP-AV detector, stars= critical frequencies,
blue Rhombus = final measurement Peak detector, green = final measurement AV-detector

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = mid,
Measurement range = 1 GHz – 26 GHz
(S01_AA01)



Legend: blue trace = Peak detector, green = CIPRP-AV detector, stars= critical frequencies,
blue Rhombus = final measurement Peak detector, green = final measurement AV-detector

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = high,
Measurement range = 1 GHz – 26 GHz
(S01_AB01)



Legend: blue trace = Peak detector, green = CIPRP-AV detector, stars= critical frequencies,
blue Rhombus = final measurement Peak detector, green = final measurement AV-detector

4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions

4.7 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE CONDUCTED

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions". The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Lower Band Edge:
  Minimum frequency: 2397.0 MHz
  Upper Band Edge
  Maximum frequency: 2485.0 MHz
- Span:
  Bluetooth: 137 MHz
  Detector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Sweeptime: 94 us
- Sweeps: 1670 pts
- Trace: Maxhold

4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15.247 (d)
"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...
If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."

4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

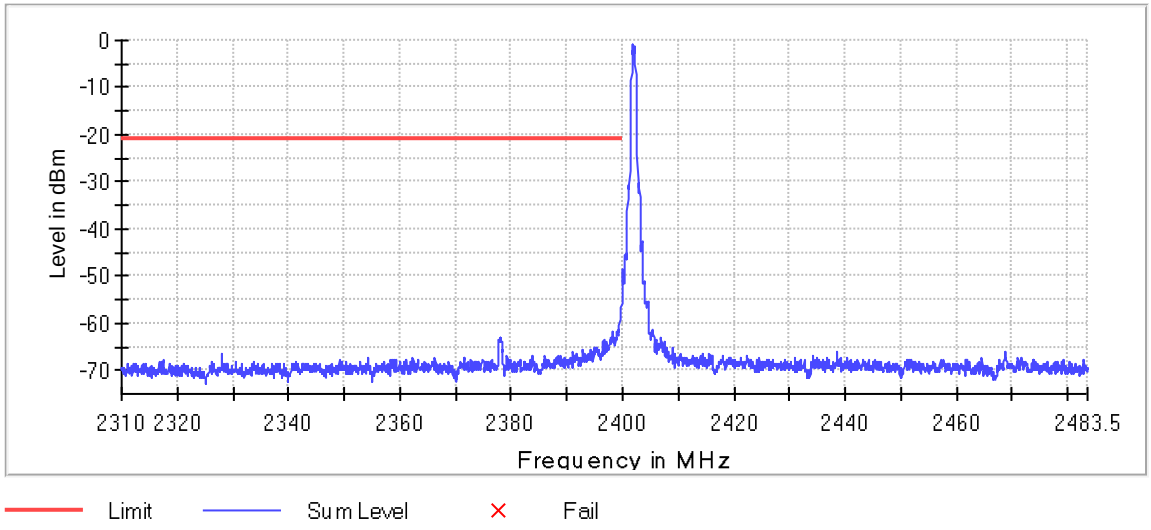
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %
BT LE GFSK

Channel No.	Channel Center Frequency [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2400.0	-48.6	PEAK	100	-1.0	-21.0	27.6
39	2480	2483.5	-62.2	PEAK	100	-2.7	-22.7	39.5

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = low,
(S04_AI01)



4.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

4.8 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE RADIATED

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.8.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

4.8.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 – 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBµV/m) = 20 log (Limit (µV/m)/1µV/m)

4.8.3 TEST PROTOCOL

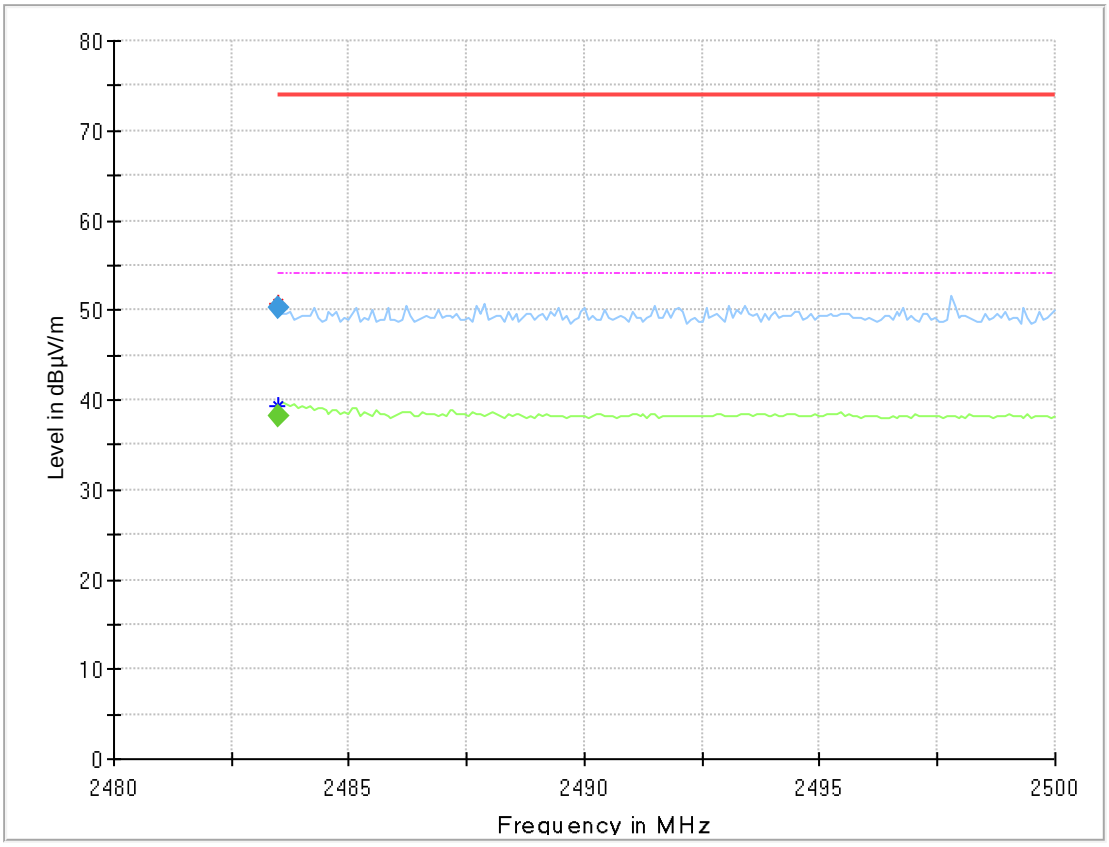
Ambient temperature: 26 °C
Air Pressure: 1020 hPa
Humidity: 38 %
BT LE GFSK
Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec-tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
39	2480	2483.5	50.3	PEAK	1000	74.0	23.7	BE
39	2480	2483.5	38.1	AV	1000	54.0	15.9	BE

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.8.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S01_AB01)



4.8.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions

4.9 POWER DENSITY

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.9.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Power Density measurements.
The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) power density.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 10 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 30 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 100
- Sweeptime: 1.5 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.9.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
…
The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

4.9.3 TEST PROTOCOL

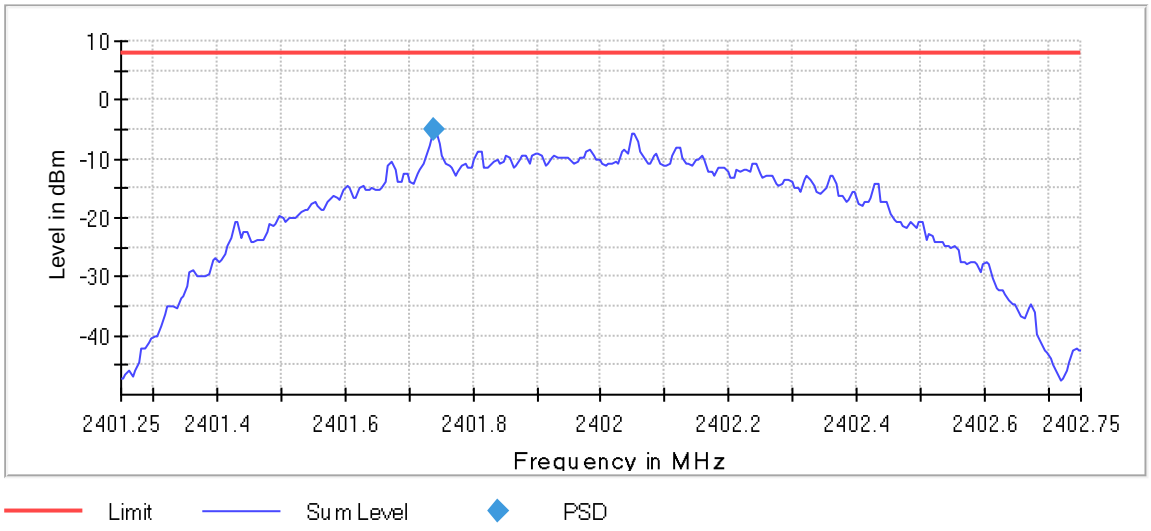
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %
BT LE

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Power Density [dBm/3kHz]	Limit [dBm/3kHz]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	-5.1	8.0	13.1
	19	2440	-5.6	8.0	13.6
	39	2480	-6.3	8.0	14.3

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.9.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = Bluetooth LE, Operating Frequency = low,
(S02_AH01)



Measurement

Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.40125 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40275 GHz
Span	1.500 MHz
RBW	10.000 kHz
VBW	30.000 kHz
SweepPoints	300
Sweeptime	1.500 ms
Reference Level	-20.000 dBm
Attenuation	0.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	100
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	Sweep
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	20 / max. 150
Stable	2 / 2
Max Stable Difference	0.50 dB

4.9.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

5 TEST EQUIPMENT

1 R&S TS8997
EN300328/301893 Test Lab

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	ThermoAirpressure Datalogger 13 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-04	2019-04
1.2	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04
1.3	ESH3-Z5	Two-Line V-Network	Rohde & Schwarz	828304/029	2017-05	2019-05
1.4	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spieß	B6278		
1.5	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
1.6	Shielded Room 02	Shielded Room for conducted testing, 12qm	Frankonia	-		
1.7	ESH3-Z5	Two-Line V-Network	Rohde & Schwarz	829996/002	2017-05	2019-05
1.8	ESR 7	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2016-11	2018-11
1.9	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger 02 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7489	2017-04	2019-04
1.10	ESIB 26	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	830482/004	2018-01	2020-01

2 R&S TS8997
EN300328/301893 Test Lab

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	SMB100A	Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	107695	2017-07	2020-07
2.2	MFS	Rubidium Frequency Standard	Datum-Beverly	5489/001	2018-07	2019-07
2.3	1515 / 93459	Broadband Power Divider SMA (Aux)	Weinschel Associates	LN673		
2.4	FSV30	Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 30 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	103005	2018-04	2020-04

2.5	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04
2.6	VT 4002	Temperature Chamber	Vötsch	58566002150010	2018-04	2020-04
2.7	A8455-4	4 Way Power Divider (SMA)		-		
2.8	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger 03 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7482	2017-03	2019-03
2.9	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	259291	2016-10	2019-10
2.10	OSP120	Switching Unit with integrated power meter	Rohde & Schwarz	101158	2018-05	2021-05

3 Radiated Emissions

Lab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.1	NRV-Z1	Sensor Head A	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	827753/005	2018-07	2019-07
3.2	MFS	Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS	Datum GmbH	002	2018-10	2020-10
3.3	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	ThermoAirpressure Datalogger 13 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-04	2019-04
3.4	ESW44	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2018-05	2019-05
3.5	Anechoic Chamber	10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m³	Frankonia	none	2018-06	2020-06
3.6	FS-Z60	Harmonic Mixer 40 - 60 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	100178	2016-12	2019-12
3.7	FS-Z220	Harmonic Mixer 140 - 220 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101005	2017-03	2020-03
3.8	SGH-05	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (140 - 220 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	075		
3.9	HL 562	Ultralog new biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz	830547/003	2018-07	2021-07
3.10	5HC2700/12750-1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012		
3.11	ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.12	Fully Anechoic Room	8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001-PRB	2018-06	2020-06
3.13	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.14	NRVD	Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	828110/016	2018-07	2019-07
3.15	HF 906	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	357357/002	2018-09	2021-09
3.16	JS4-18002600-32-5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785		
3.17	FSW 43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	103779	2016-12	2018-12
3.18	3160-09	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00083069		
3.19	SGH-19	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (40 - 60 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	093		
3.20	WHKX 7.0/18G-8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	09		
3.21	4HC1600/12750-1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011		
3.22	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
3.23	JS4-00102600-42-5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368		
3.24	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.25	HL 562 Ultralog	Log.-per. Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	100609	2016-04	2019-04
3.26	HF 906	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	357357/001	2018-03	2021-03
3.27	FS-Z325	Harmonic Mixer 220 - 325 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101006	2017-03	2020-03
3.28	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00086675		
3.29	SGH-08	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (90 - 140 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	064		
3.30	SGH-12	Standard Gain / Pyramidal HornAntenna (60 - 90 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	326		
3.31	5HC3500/18000-1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008		
3.32	FS-Z140	Harmonic Mixer 90 -140 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101007	2017-02	2020-02
3.33	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	829324/006	2018-01	2021-01
3.34	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger 12 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12482	2017-03	2019-03

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.35	ESR 7	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2016-11	2018-11
3.36	JS4-00101800-35-5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037		
3.37	AS 620 P	Antenna mast	HD GmbH	620/37		
3.38	Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell)	Antrieb TD1.5-10kg	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5-10kg/024/3790709		
3.39	SGH-03	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (220 - 325 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	060		
3.40	FS-Z90	Harmonic Mixer 60 - 90 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101686	2017-03	2020-03
3.41	ESIB 26	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	830482/004	2018-01	2020-01
3.42	PAS 2.5 - 10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.43	AFS42-00101800-25-S-42	Broadband Amplifier 25 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	2035324		
3.44	AM 4.0	Antenna mast	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/11920513		
3.45	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2018-07	2021-07

The calibration interval is the time interval between “Last Calibration” and “Calibration Due”

6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency		Corr.	LISN insertion loss ESH3-Z5	cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten-uator)
MHz		dB	dB	dB
0.15		10.1	0.1	10.0
5		10.3	0.1	10.2
7		10.5	0.2	10.3
10		10.5	0.2	10.3
12		10.7	0.3	10.4
14		10.7	0.3	10.4
16		10.8	0.4	10.4
18		10.9	0.4	10.5
20		10.9	0.4	10.5
22		11.1	0.5	10.6
24		11.1	0.5	10.6
26		11.2	0.5	10.7
28		11.2	0.5	10.7
30		11.3	0.5	10.8

Sample calculation

U_{LISN} (dB µV) = U (dB µV) + Corr. (dB)
U = Receiver reading
LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency	AF HFH-Z2)	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-40 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d_{used} (meas. distance (used)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.009	20.50	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.01	20.45	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.015	20.37	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.02	20.36	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.025	20.38	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.03	20.32	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.05	20.35	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.08	20.30	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	20.20	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.2	20.17	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.3	20.14	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.49	20.12	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.490001	20.12	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.5	20.11	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.8	20.10	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
1	20.09	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
2	20.08	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
3	20.06	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
4	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
5	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
6	20.02	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
8	19.95	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
10	19.83	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
12	19.71	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
14	19.54	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
16	19.53	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
18	19.50	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
20	19.57	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
22	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
24	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
26	19.54	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
28	19.46	-39.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
30	19.73	-39.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

E (dB µV/m) = U (dB µV) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)
U = Receiver reading
AF = Antenna factor
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
distance correction = -40 * LOG (d_{Limit}/ d_{used})
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
Table shows an extract of values

6.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

(d_{Limit} = 3 m)

Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d_{used} (meas. distance (used)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
30	18.6	0.6	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
50	6.0	0.9	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
100	9.7	1.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
150	7.9	1.6	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
200	7.6	1.9	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
250	9.5	2.1	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
300	11.0	2.3	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
350	12.4	2.6	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
400	13.6	2.9	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
450	14.7	3.1	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
500	15.6	3.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
550	16.3	3.5	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
600	17.2	3.5	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
650	18.1	3.6	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
700	18.5	3.6	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
750	19.1	4.1	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
800	19.6	4.1	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
850	20.1	4.4	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
900	20.8	4.7	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
950	21.1	4.8	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
1000	21.6	4.9	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

(d_{Limit} = 10 m)

30	18.6	-9.9	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
50	6.0	-9.6	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
100	9.7	-9.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
150	7.9	-8.8	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
200	7.6	-8.6	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
250	9.5	-8.3	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
300	11.0	-8.1	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
350	12.4	-7.9	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
400	13.6	-7.6	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
450	14.7	-7.4	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
500	15.6	-7.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
550	16.3	-7.0	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
600	17.2	-6.9	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
650	18.1	-6.9	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
700	18.5	-6.8	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
750	19.1	-6.3	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
800	19.6	-6.3	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
850	20.1	-6.0	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
900	20.8	-5.8	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
950	21.1	-5.6	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
1000	21.6	-5.6	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

E (dB µV/m) = U (dB µV) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)
U = Receiver reading
AF = Antenna factor
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
distance correction = -20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/ d_{used})
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
Tables show an extract of values.

6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.	cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten-uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)		
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB		
1000	24.4	-19.4	0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79		
2000	28.5	-17.4	1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38		
3000	31.0	-16.1	1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33		
4000	33.1	-14.7	2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31		
5000	34.4	-13.7	2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40		
6000	34.7	-12.7	2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47		
7000	35.6	-11.0	2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46		

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.	cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (inside chamber)	cable loss 3 (outside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten-uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)	used for FCC 15.247
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
3000	31.0	-23.4	0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
4000	33.1	-23.3	0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
5000	34.4	-21.7	0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
6000	34.7	-21.2	0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
7000	35.6	-19.8	0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.	cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (High Pass)	cable loss 3 (pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (inside chamber)	cable loss 5 (outside chamber)	cable loss 6 (to receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3	0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
8000	36.3	-56.3	0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
9000	37.1	-55.3	0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
10000	37.5	-56.2	0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
11000	37.5	-55.3	0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
12000	37.6	-53.7	0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
13000	38.2	-53.5	0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
14000	39.9	-56.3	0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
15000	40.9	-54.1	0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
16000	41.3	-54.1	1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
17000	42.8	-54.4	1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
18000	44.2	-54.7	1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

E (dB µV/m) = U (dB µV) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)
U = Receiver reading
AF = Antenna factor
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
Tables show an extract of values.

6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (pre-amp)	cable loss 3 (inside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
18500	40.2	-23.2	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
19000	40.2	-22.0	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
19500	40.3	-21.3	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
20000	40.3	-20.3	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
20500	40.3	-19.9	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
21000	40.3	-19.1	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
21500	40.3	-19.1	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
22000	40.3	-18.7	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
22500	40.4	-19.0	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
23000	40.4	-19.5	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
23500	40.4	-19.3	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
24000	40.4	-19.8	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
24500	40.4	-19.5	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
25000	40.4	-19.3	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
25500	40.5	-20.4	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
26000	40.5	-21.3	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
26500	40.5	-21.1	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

Sample calculation

E (dB µV/m) = U (dB µV) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)
U = Receiver reading
AF = Antenna factor
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
Table shows an extract of values.

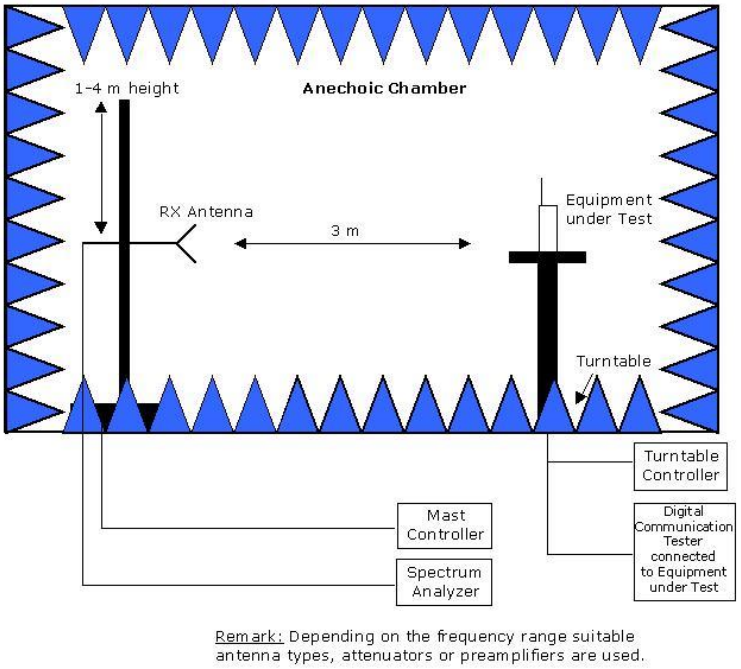
6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ – 40 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d_{used} (meas. distance (used)
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
26.5	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
27.0	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
28.0	43.4	-11.1	4.5				-15.6	3	0.5
29.0	43.5	-11.0	4.6				-15.6	3	0.5
30.0	43.5	-10.9	4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
31.0	43.5	-10.8	4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
32.0	43.5	-10.7	4.8				-15.6	3	0.5
33.0	43.6	-10.7	4.9				-15.6	3	0.5
34.0	43.6	-10.6	5.0				-15.6	3	0.5
35.0	43.6	-10.5	5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
36.0	43.6	-10.4	5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
37.0	43.7	-10.3	5.2				-15.6	3	0.5
38.0	43.7	-10.2	5.3				-15.6	3	0.5
39.0	43.7	-10.2	5.4				-15.6	3	0.5
40.0	43.8	-10.1	5.5				-15.6	3	0.5

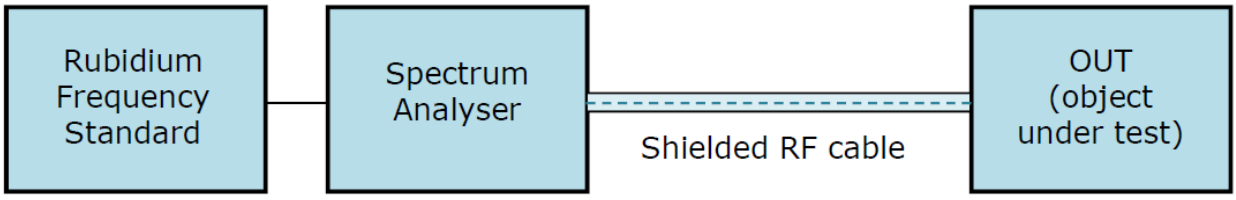
Sample calculation

E (dB µV/m) = U (dB µV) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)
U = Receiver reading
AF = Antenna factor
Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
distance correction = -20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/ d_{used})
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
Table shows an extract of values.

7 SETUP DRAWINGS



Drawing 1: Setup in the Anechoic chamber. For measurements below 1 GHz the ground was replaced by a conducting groundplane.



Drawing 2: Setup for conducted radio tests.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.