

Report No.: RZA2010-0531SAR



# OET 65 TEST REPORT

Product NameHSPA USB ModemModelm950FCC IDWA6M950ClientVerykool USA, Inc



# **GENERAL SUMMARY**

| Product Name             | HSPA USB Modem Model m950   |                         |      |  |  |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|------|--|--|
| FCC ID                   | WA6M950   |                         |      |  |  |
| Report No.               | RZA2010-0531SAR   |                         |      |  |  |
| Client                   | Verykool USA, Inc   |                         |      |  |  |
| Manufacturer             | Shanghai BroadMobi Communi  | ication Technology Co., | Ltd. |  |  |
| Reference<br>Standard(s) | IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.  SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions.  KDB 447498 D02: 2009-11-13 |                         |      |  |  |
| Conclusion               | This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards.  General Judgment: Pass  (Stamp)  Date of issue: April 29 <sup>th</sup> , 2010  The test result only responds to the measured sample.  |                         |      |  |  |

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#### 1. General Information

#### 1.1. Notes of the test report

**TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

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This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

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#### 1.3. Applicant Information

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Country: P. R. China

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## 1.5. Information of EUT

#### **General information**

| Device type :                       | portable device  |                        |                  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Exposure category:                  | uncontrolled environm  | nent / general populat | on               |  |  |
| Name of EUT:                        | HSPA USB Modem   |                        |                  |  |  |
| IMEI or SN:                         | 355189030026944  |                        |                  |  |  |
| Device operating configurations :   |  |                        |                  |  |  |
| Operating mode(s):                  | GSM850; (tested) GSM1900; (tested) WCDMA Band II; (tested) WCDMA Band V; (tested)  |                        |                  |  |  |
| Test modulation:                    | (GSM)GMSK, (WCDM   | MA) QPSK               |                  |  |  |
| GPRS multislot class :              | 10   |                        |                  |  |  |
| EGPRS multislot class:              | 10   |                        |                  |  |  |
| HSDPA UE category                   | 8  |                        |                  |  |  |
| HSUPA UE category                   | 6  |                        |                  |  |  |
|                                     | Band   | Tx (MHz)               | Rx (MHz)         |  |  |
|                                     | GSM850   | 824.2 ~ 848.8          | 869.2 ~ 893.8    |  |  |
| Operating frequency range(s)        | GSM1900  | 1850.2 ~ 1909.8        | 1930.2 ~ 1989.8  |  |  |
|                                     | WCDMA Band II  | 1852.4 ~ 1907.6        | 1932.4 ~ 1987.6. |  |  |
|                                     | WCDMA Band V   | 826.4 ~ 846.6          | 871.4 ~ 891.6    |  |  |
|                                     | GSM 850: 4, tested with power level 5  |                        |                  |  |  |
| D                                   | GSM 1900: 1, tested with power level 0   |                        |                  |  |  |
| Power class                         | WCDMA Band II: 3, tested with maximum output power   |                        |                  |  |  |
|                                     | WCDMA Band V: 3, tested with maximum output power  |                        |                  |  |  |
| Test channel<br>(Low –Middle –High) | 128 -190 - 251 (GSM850) (tested) 512 - 661 - 810 (GSM1900) (tested) 9262 - 9400 - 9538 (WCDMA Band II) (tested) 4132 - 4183 - 4233 (WCDMA Band V) (tested) |                        |                  |  |  |
| Hardware version:                   | V1.0   |                        |                  |  |  |
| Software version:                   | V1.0   |                        |                  |  |  |
| Antenna type:                       | Internal antenna   |                        |                  |  |  |
| Used host product:                  | IBM T61<br>Lenovo Y450   |                        |                  |  |  |

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Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a HSPA USB Modem with internal antenna. During SAR test of the EUT, it was connected to a portable computer. SAR is tested for the EUT respectively for GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA Band II and WCDMA Band V. The EUT has GPRS (class 10), EGPRS (class 10), and WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA functions.

Since the EUT only has the data transfer function, but does not have the voice transfer function, the tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS and EGPRS, the tests in the band of WCDMA Band II and WCDMA Band V are performed in the mode of WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA. The measurements were performed in combination with two host products (IBM T61 and Lenovo Y450). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal USB slot, Lenovo Y450 laptop has vertical USB slot.

The sample undergoing test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

#### 1.6. Test Date

The test is performed from April 27, 2010 to April 28, 2010.

## 2. Operational Conditions during Test

#### 2.1. General description of test procedures

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

Since the EUT only has the data transfer function, but does not have the voice transfer function, the tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS and EGPRS, The tests in the band of WCDMA Band II and WCDMA Band V are performed in the mode of WCDMA/HSPA. The measurements were performed in combination with two host products (IBM T61 and Lenovo y450). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal USB slot, Lenovo y450 laptop has vertical USB slot.

#### 2.2. GSM Test Configuration

For the body SAR tests for GSM 850, GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power. Since the EUT only has the data transfer function, but does not have the speech transfer function. The tests in the band of GSM 850, GSM 1900 are only performed in the mode of GPRS and EGPRS. The GPRS class is 10 for this EUT; it has at most 2 timeslots in uplink. The EGPRS class is 10 for this EUT; it has at most 2 timeslots in uplink.

SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Table 1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

| Number of timeslots in uplink | Permissible nominal reduction of maximum |
|-------------------------------|--|
| assignment                    | output power,(dB)                        |
| 1                             | 0  |
| 2                             | 0 to 3,0                                 |

#### 2.3. WCDMA Test Configuration

As the SAR body tests for WCDMA Band II and WCDMA band V, we established the radio link through call processing. The maximum output power were verified on high, middle and low channels for each test band according to 3GPP TS 34.121 with the following configuration:

- 1) 12.2kbps RMC, 64,144,384 kbps RMC with TPC set to all "all '1's"
- 2) Test loop Mode 1

For the output power, the configurations for the DPCCH and DPDCH<sub>1</sub> are as followed (EUT do not support the DPDCH<sub>2-n</sub>)

| Table 2: The configurations for the bi contained by both |                           |                                 |                     |                          |           |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|--|
|  | Channel Bit<br>Rate(kbps) | Channel<br>Symbol<br>Rate(ksps) | Spreading<br>Factor | Spreading<br>Code Number | Bits/Slot |  |  |
| DPCCH  | 15                        | 15                              | 256                 | 0                        | 10        |  |  |
|  | 15                        | 15                              | 256                 | 64                       | 10        |  |  |
|  | 30                        | 30                              | 128                 | 32                       | 20        |  |  |
|  | 60                        | 60                              | 64                  | 16                       | 40        |  |  |
| DPDCH₁   | 120                       | 120                             | 32                  | 8                        | 80        |  |  |
|  | 240                       | 240                             | 16                  | 4                        | 160       |  |  |
|  | 480                       | 480                             | 8                   | 2                        | 320       |  |  |
|  | 960                       | 960                             | 4                   | 1                        | 640       |  |  |

Table 2: The configurations for the DPCCH and DPDCH<sub>1</sub>

SAR is tested with 12.2kps RMC and not required for other spreading codes (64,144, and 384 kbps RMC) and multiple DPDCH<sub>n</sub>, because the maximum output power for each of these other configurations<0.25dB higher than 12.2kbps RMC and the multiple DPDCH<sub>n</sub> is not applicable for the EUT.

#### 2.4. HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the" Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be

configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors( $\beta c, \beta d$ ), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters( $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK,  $\triangle$ CQI)should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 3: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

| Sub-set | β <sub>c</sub> | $\beta_{d}$ | $\beta_d$ $\beta_c/\beta_d$ |          | β <sub>hs</sub> (note 1, note 2) | CM(dB)<br>(note 3) | MPR(dB) |
|---------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| 1       | 2/15           | 15/15       | 64                          | 2/15     | 4/15                             | 0.0                | 0.0     |
| 2       | 12/15          | 15/15       | 12/15                       | 12/15    | 24/15                            | 1.0                | 0.0     |
| 2       | (note 4)       | (note 4)    | 64                          | (note 4) | 24/15                            | 1.0                | 0.0     |
| 3       | 15/15          | 8/15        | 64                          | 15/8     | 30/15                            | 1.5                | 0.5     |
| 4       | 15/15          | 4/15        | 64                          | 15/4     | 30/15                            | 1.5                | 0.5     |

Note1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI}$ = 8  $\Leftrightarrow$   $A_{hs}$  =  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =30/15  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\beta_{hs}$ =30/15\* $\beta_c$ 

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A,and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle_{ACK}$  and  $\triangle_{NACK}$ = 8 (  $A_{hs}$ =30/15) with  $\beta_{hs}$ =30/15\* $\beta_{c}$ ,and  $\triangle_{CQI}$ = 7 (  $A_{hs}$ =24/15) with  $\beta_{hs}$ =24/15\* $\beta_{c}$ .

Note3: CM=1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4:For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to  $\beta_c$ =11/15 and  $\beta_d$ =15/15.

Table 4: Settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

| Parameter                                    | Unit      | Value |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate                   | kbps      | 534   |
| Inter-TTI Distance                           | TTI's     | 3     |
| Number of HARQ Processes                     | Processes | 2     |
| Information Bit Payload ( N <sub>INF</sub> ) | Bits      | 3202  |
| Number Code Blocks                           | Blocks    | 1     |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI                  | Bits      | 4800  |
| Total Available SML's in UE                  | SML's     | 19200 |
| Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.               | SML's     | 9600  |
| Coding Rate                                  | 1         | 0.67  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes             | Codes     | 5     |
| Modulation                                   | 1         | QPSK  |

**Table 5: HSDPA UE category** 

| Table 3. Hobi A GE Category |   |                                  |                                      |                  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| HS-DSCH<br>Category         | Maximum<br>HS-DSCH<br>Codes<br>Received | Minimum<br>Inter-TTI<br>Interval | Maximum<br>Transport<br>Bits/HS-DSCH | Total<br>Channel |  |  |
| 1                           | 5                                       | 3                                | 7298                                 | 19200            |  |  |
| 2                           | 5                                       | 3                                | 7298                                 | 28800            |  |  |
| 3                           | 5                                       | 2                                | 7298                                 | 28800            |  |  |
| 4                           | 5                                       | 2                                | 7298                                 | 38400            |  |  |
| 5                           | 5                                       | 1                                | 7298                                 | 57600            |  |  |
| 6                           | 5                                       | 1                                | 7298                                 | 67200            |  |  |
| 7                           | 10                                      | 1                                | 14411                                | 115200           |  |  |
| 8                           | 10                                      | 1                                | 14411                                | 134400           |  |  |
| 9                           | 15                                      | 1                                | 25251                                | 172800           |  |  |
| 10                          | 15                                      | 1                                | 27952                                | 172800           |  |  |
| 11                          | 5                                       | 2                                | 3630                                 | 14400            |  |  |
| 12                          | 5                                       | 1                                | 3630                                 | 28800            |  |  |
| 13                          | 15                                      | 1                                | 34800                                | 259200           |  |  |
| 14                          | 15                                      | 1                                | 42196                                | 259200           |  |  |
| 15                          | 15                                      | 1                                | 23370                                | 345600           |  |  |
| 16                          | 15                                      | 1                                | 27952                                | 345600           |  |  |

#### 2.5. HSUPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the  $\beta$  values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of 3 G device.

Table 6: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

| Sub-<br>set | β <sub>c</sub>       | $\beta_d$            | β <sub>d</sub><br>(SF) | $\beta_c/\beta_d$    | $\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$ | $eta_{ec}$ | $eta_{\sf ed}$                          | β <sub>ed</sub><br>(SF) | $\beta_{\text{ed}}$ (codes) | CM<br>(2)<br>(dB) | MPR<br>(dB) | AG <sup>(4)</sup><br>Index | E-TFCI |
|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------|
| 1           | 11/15 <sup>(3)</sup> | 15/15 <sup>(3)</sup> | 64                     | 11/15 <sup>(3)</sup> | 22/15              | 209/225    | 1039/225                                | 4                       | 1                           | 1.0               | 0.0         | 20                         | 75     |
| 2           | 6/15                 | 15/15                | 64                     | 6/15                 | 12/15              | 12/15      | 94/75                                   | 4                       | 1                           | 3.0               | 2.0         | 12                         | 67     |
| 3           | 15/15                | 9/15                 | 64                     | 15/9                 | 30/15              | 30/15      | $\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$ | 4                       | 2                           | 2.0               | 1.0         | 15                         | 92     |
| 4           | 2/15                 | 15/15                | 64                     | 2/15                 | 4/15               | 2/15       | 56/75                                   | 4                       | 1                           | 3.0               | 2.0         | 17                         | 71     |
| 5           | 15/15 <sup>(4)</sup> | 15/15 <sup>(4)</sup> | 64                     | 15/15 <sup>(4)</sup> | 30/15              | 24/15      | 134/15                                  | 4                       | 1                           | 1.0               | 0.0         | 21                         | 81     |

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta NACK$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8$  \_  $A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15$  \_  $\underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15$  \* $\beta_{c}$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta c/\beta d$  =12/15,  $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$  =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-

DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the

signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 10/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the

signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 14/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**Table 7: HSUPA UE category** 

| UE<br>E-DCH<br>Category | Maximum<br>E-DCH<br>Codes<br>Transmitted | Number<br>of HARQ<br>Processes | E-<br>DCH<br>TTI<br>(ms) | Minimum<br>Spreading<br>Factor | Maximum<br>E-DCH<br>Transport<br>Block Bits | Max<br>Rate<br>(Mbps) |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1                       | 1  | 4                              | 10                       | 4                              | 7110  | 0.7296                |
|                         | 2  | 8                              | 2                        | 4                              | 2798  | 4.4500                |
| 2                       | 2  | 4                              | 10                       | 4                              | 14484                                       | 1.4592                |
| 3                       | 2  | 4                              | 10                       | 4                              | 14484                                       | 1.4592                |
|                         | 2  | 8                              | 2                        | 2                              | 5772  | 2.9185                |
| 4                       | 2  | 4                              | 10                       | 2                              | 20000                                       | 2.00                  |
| 5                       | 2  | 4                              | 10                       | 2                              | 20000                                       | 2.00                  |
| 6                       | 4  | 8                              | 2                        |                                | 11484                                       | 5.76                  |
| (No DPDCH)              | DCH) 4 4 10 2 SF2 & 2                    |                                | 2 SF2 & 2 SF4            | 20000                          | 2.00  |                       |
| 7                       | 7 4 8 2                                  |                                | 2 SF2 & 2 SF4            | 22996                          | ?   |                       |
| (No DPDCH)              | 4  | 4                              | 10                       | 2 372 & 2 374                  | 20000                                       | ?                     |

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

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#### 2.6. Position of module in Portable devices

The measurements were performed in combination with two host products (IBM T61 and Lenovo Y450). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal USB slot, Lenovo Y450 laptop has vertical USB slot.

A test distance of 5mm or less, according to KDB 447498, should be considered for the orientation that can satisfy such requirements.

For each channel, the EUT is tested at the following 4 test positions:

- Test Position 1: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with horizontal USB slot. The back side of the portable computer is towards the bottom of the flat phantom, and the back side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 6)
- Test Position 2: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19 cm USB cable. The front side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 7)
- Test Position 3: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19 cm USB cable.
   The left side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 8)
- Test Position 4: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with vertical USB slot. The back side of the portable computer is towards the bottom of the flat phantom, and the right side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom.(ANNEX H Picture 9)

## 2.7. Picture of host product

During the test, IBM T61 and Lenovo Y450 laptop were used as an assistant to help to setup communication. (See Picture 1)



Picture 1-a: IBM T61 Close



Picture 1-b: IBM T61 Open



Picture 1-c: Lenovo Y450 Close



Picture 1-d: Lenovo Y450 Open



Picture 1-e: IBM T61 with horizontal USB slot



Picture 1-f: Lenovo Y450 with Vertical USB slot



Picture 1-g: a 19 cm USB cable

Picture 1: Computer as a test assistant

#### 3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

#### 3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.
   The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

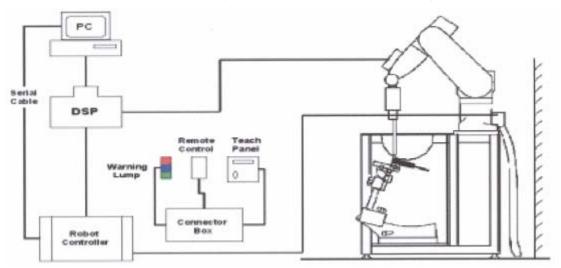


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

#### 3.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

#### 3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration Basic Broad Band Calibration in air

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and

HSL 1750

Additional CF for other liquids and

frequencies upon request

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.3$  dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal

to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:

 $\pm$  0.2dB (noise: typically < 1  $\mu$ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers:

1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

measurements in any exposure

scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz

with precision of better 30%.



Figure 2.EX3DV4 E-field Probe



Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

#### 3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:  $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$ ,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m3).

#### 3.3. Other Test Equipment

#### 3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

**Construction:** Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

#### 3.3.2. **Phantom**

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness 2±0.1 mm Filling Volume Approx. 20 liters

Dimensions 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Aailable Special



**Figure 4.Generic Twin Phantom** 

#### 3.4. Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 10 mm x 10 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains

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unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

#### Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

• A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

#### 3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi,  $a_{i0}$ ,  $a_{i1}$ ,  $a_{i2}$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{- Conversion factor} & \text{ConvF}_i \\ \text{- Diode compression point} & \text{Dcp}_i \end{array}$ 

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

**cf** = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

**dcp**<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ 

H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$ 

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

**Norm**<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup>] for E-field Probes

**ConvF** = sensitivity enhancement in solution

**a**<sub>ii</sub> = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

**f** = carrier frequency [GHz]

 $\mathbf{E}_{i}$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot ) / ( \cdot 1000)$$

with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

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**E**<sub>tot</sub> = total field strength in V/m

- = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 / 3770$$
 or  $P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with  $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m

 $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

#### 3.6. System check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 12.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

•

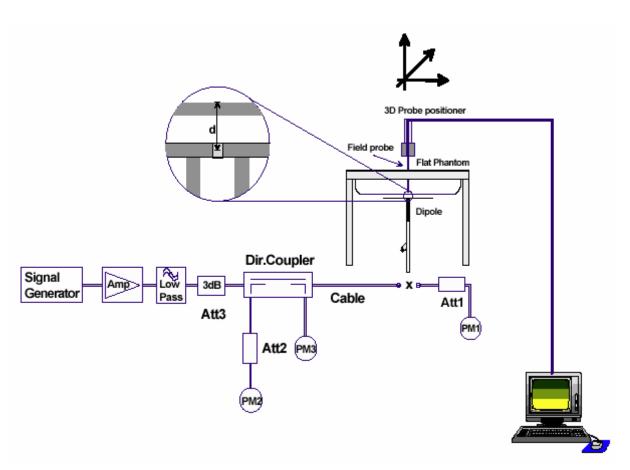


Figure 5. System Check Set-up

#### 3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, sugar, salt, Glycol monobutyl, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 8 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by OET 65.

**Table 8: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter** 

| MIXTURE%                              | FREQUENCY(Body)835MHz  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Water                                 | 52.5                   |  |  |  |
| Sugar                                 | 45                     |  |  |  |
| Salt                                  | 1.4                    |  |  |  |
| Preventol                             | 0.1                    |  |  |  |
| Cellulose                             | 1.0                    |  |  |  |
| Dielectric Parameters<br>Target Value | f=835MHz ε=55.2 σ=0.97 |  |  |  |

| MIXTURE%              | FREQUENCY (Body) 1900MHz |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Water                 | 69.91                    |  |  |  |
| Glycol monobutyl      | 29.96                    |  |  |  |
| Salt                  | 0.13                     |  |  |  |
| Dielectric Parameters | f-4000MH-                |  |  |  |
| Target Value          | f=1900MHz ε=53.3 σ=1.52  |  |  |  |

## 4. Laboratory Environment

**Table 9: The Ambient Conditions during Test** 

| Temperature                                   | Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C                           |
|---|---|
| Relative humidity                             | Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%                              |
| Ground system resistance                      | < 0.5 Ω   |
| Ambient noise is checked and found very love  | w and in compliance with requirement of standards.  |
| Reflection of surrounding objects is minimize | ed and in compliance with requirement of standards. |

#### 5. Characteristics of the Test

#### 5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

**IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:** IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

#### **5.2.** Applicable Measurement Standards

**SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002:** Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions.

**KDB 447498 D02:** 2009-11-13

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## 6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

## 6.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an E5515C communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power. Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

#### 6.2. Conducted Power Results

**Table 10: Conducted Power Measurement Results** 

| WCDMA P         | and II(dBm)   | Conducted Power                                |                 |              |  |  |  |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-----------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| WCDIVIA B       | and II(ubiii) | Channel 9262                                   | Channel 9400    | Channel 9538 |  |  |  |
| 12.2kbps Before |               | 22.19  | 22.63           | 22.78        |  |  |  |
| RMC             | After         | 22.16  | 22.63           | 22.71        |  |  |  |
| 64kbps          | Before        | 22.13  | 22.56           | 22.71        |  |  |  |
| RMC             | After         | 22.10  | 22.51           | 22.70        |  |  |  |
| 144kbps         | Before        | 22.11  | 22.53           | 22.56        |  |  |  |
| RMC             | After         | 22.12  | 22.52           | 22.58        |  |  |  |
| 384kbps         | Before        | 22.17  | 22.65           | 22.76        |  |  |  |
| RMC             | After         | 22.12  | 22.63           | 22.73        |  |  |  |
| WCDN            | IA Band       |  | Conducted Power |              |  |  |  |
| II+HSD          | PA(dBm)       | Channel 9262                                   | Channel 9400    | Channel 9538 |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 22.07  | 22.51           | 22.70        |  |  |  |
| Test 1          | After         | 22.01  | 22.46           | 22.62        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 22.01  | 22.49           | 22.65        |  |  |  |
| Test 2          | After         | 22.03  | 22.42           | 22.60        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 21.61  | 22.05           | 22.12        |  |  |  |
| Test 3          | After         | 22.59  | 22.01           | 22.11        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 21.51  | 22.01           | 22.02        |  |  |  |
| Test 4          | After         | 21.43  | 21.95           | 21.98        |  |  |  |
| WCDN            | IA Band       | Conducted Power                                |                 |              |  |  |  |
| II+HSU          | PA(dBm)       | Channel 9262                                   | Channel 9400    | Channel 9538 |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 21.38  | 20.95           | 21.21        |  |  |  |
| Test 1          | After         | 21.37  | 20.94           | 21.20        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 19.80  | 20.08           | 20.18        |  |  |  |
| Test 2          | After         | 19.81  | 20.07           | 20.17        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 20.38  | 20.45           | 21.02        |  |  |  |
| Test 3          | After         | 20.37  | 20.44           | 21.01        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 20.34  | 20.40           | 20.75        |  |  |  |
| Test 4          | After         | 20.33  | 20.41           | 20.74        |  |  |  |
| Sub -           | Before        | 20.86  | 20.49           | 20.98        |  |  |  |
| Test 5          | After         | 20.85  | 20.48           | 20.97        |  |  |  |
| '               |               | <u>,                                      </u> | Conducted Power |              |  |  |  |
| WCDMA B         | and V(dBm)    |  |                 |              |  |  |  |
|                 |               | Channel 4132                                   | Channel 4183    | Channel 4233 |  |  |  |
| 12.2kbps        | Before        | 22.13  | 22.10           | 22.41        |  |  |  |

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| RMC     | After    | 22.12           | 22.09                  | 22.40        |  |  |
|---------|----------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| 64kbps  | Before   | 22.11           | 22.08                  | 22.40        |  |  |
| RMC     | After    | 22.11           | 22.08                  | 22.39        |  |  |
| 144kbps | Before   | 22.10           | 22.07                  | 22.38        |  |  |
| RMC     | After    | 22.08           | 22.06                  | 22.37        |  |  |
| 384kbps | Before   | 22.07           | 22.05                  | 22.36        |  |  |
| RMC     | After    | 22.07           | 22.04                  | 22.35        |  |  |
| WCDN    | /IA Band |                 | <b>Conducted Power</b> |              |  |  |
| V+HSD   | PA(dBm)  | Channel 4132    | Channel 4183           | Channel 4233 |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 22.05           | 22.01                  | 22.34        |  |  |
| Test 1  | After    | 22.04           | 22.00                  | 22.33        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 21.96           | 21.91                  | 22.24        |  |  |
| Test 2  | After    | 21.95           | 21.90                  | 22.23        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 21.51           | 21.48                  | 21.82        |  |  |
| Test 3  | After    | 21.50           | 21.47                  | 21.81        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 21.43           | 21.36                  | 21.75        |  |  |
| Test 4  | After    | 21.42           | 21.35                  | 21.74        |  |  |
| WCDN    | /IA Band | Conducted Power |                        |              |  |  |
| II+HSU  | PA(dBm)  | Channel 4132    | Channel 4183           | Channel 4233 |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 21.55           | 20.85                  | 21.45        |  |  |
| Test 1  | After    | 21.54           | 20.84                  | 21.44        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 20.01           | 19.84                  | 20.17        |  |  |
| Test 2  | After    | 20.00           | 19.83                  | 20.15        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 20.58           | 20.39                  | 20.89        |  |  |
| Test 3  | After    | 20.57           | 20.38                  | 20.87        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 20.12           | 19.89                  | 20.13        |  |  |
| Test 4  | After    | 20.11           | 19.88                  | 20.11        |  |  |
| Sub -   | Before   | 20.85           | 20.86                  | 21.23        |  |  |
| Test 5  | After    | 20.84           | 20.85                  | 21.21        |  |  |

#### Average power

|               |        | The day for the      |                |                |         |                |                |                |  |
|---------------|--------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| GSM850 + GPRS |        | Conducted Power(dBm) |                |                |         |                |                |                |  |
|               |        | Channel<br>128       | Channel<br>190 | Channel<br>251 |         | Channel<br>128 | Channel<br>190 | Channel<br>251 |  |
| 1TXslot       | Before | 32.59                | 32.61          | 32.45          | -9.03dB | 23.56          | 23.58          | 23.42          |  |
|               | After  | 32.57                | 32.6           | 32.47          | -9.03dB | 23.54          | 23.57          | 23.44          |  |
| 0777          | Before | 31.49                | 31.54          | 31.39          | -6.02dB | 25.47          | 25.52          | 25.37          |  |
| 2TXslots      | After  | 31.48                | 31.56          | 31.41          | -6.02dB | 25.46          | 25.54          | 25.39          |  |

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|           |          |                      | Conducted Power(dBm) |                |           |                |                |                |  |
|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| GSM850    | + EGPRS  | Channel<br>128       | Channel<br>190       | Channel<br>251 |           | Channel<br>128 | Channel<br>190 | Channel<br>251 |  |
| 1TXslot   | Before   | 32.57                | 32.63                | 32.47          | -9.03dB   | 23.56          | 23.58          | 23.42          |  |
| TTASIOL   | After    | 32.53                | 32.61                | 32.45          | -9.03dB   | 23.5           | 23.58          | 23.42          |  |
| OTVolete  | Before   | 31.48                | 31.53                | 31.42          | -6.02dB   | 25.46          | 25.51          | 25.4           |  |
| 2TXslots  | After    | 31.49                | 31.55                | 31.41          | -6.02dB   | 25.47          | 25.53          | 25.39          |  |
|           |          |                      |                      | Condu          | icted Pow | er(dBm)        |                |                |  |
| GSM190    | 0 + GPRS | Channel              | Channel              | Channel        |           | Channel        | Channel        | Channel        |  |
|           |          | 512                  | 661                  | 810            |           | 512            | 661            | 810            |  |
| 1TXslot   | Before   | 29.55                | 29.75                | 29.46          | -9.03dB   | 20.52          | 20.72          | 20.43          |  |
| 11/25101  | After    | 29.56                | 29.71                | 29.43          | -9.03dB   | 20.53          | 20.68          | 20.4           |  |
| 2TXslots  | Before   | 27.95                | 28.09                | 27.86          | -6.02dB   | 21.93          | 22.07          | 21.84          |  |
| ZIASIOIS  | After    | 27.93                | 28.05                | 28.83          | -6.02dB   | 21.91          | 22.03          | 22.81          |  |
|           |          | Conducted Power(dBm) |                      |                |           |                |                |                |  |
| GSM1900   | + EGPRS  | Channel<br>512       | Channel<br>661       | Channel<br>810 |           | Channel<br>512 | Channel<br>661 | Channel<br>810 |  |
| 4TV-1-4   | Before   | 29.53                | 29.77                | 29.47          | -9.03dB   | 20.5           | 20.74          | 20.44          |  |
| 1TXslot   | After    | 29.51                | 29.73                | 29.43          | -9.03dB   | 20.48          | 20.7           | 20.4           |  |
| 2TXslots  | Before   | 27.94                | 28.05                | 27.85          | -6.02dB   | 21.92          | 22.03          | 21.83          |  |
| 21/251013 | After    | 27.93                | 28.05                | 28.83          | -6.02dB   | 21.91          | 22.03          | 22.81          |  |

#### Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1 TX- slot = 1 transmit tome slot out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03 dB

2 TX- slot = 2 transmit tome slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02 dB

2) Average power numbers

The maximum power numbers are marks in bold.

3) For SAR testing the EUT was set to multislot class based on the maximum averaged conducted power.

## 7. Test Results

#### 7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 11: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency  | Description       | Dielectric Par | Temp        |               |
|------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| rrequeries | Description       | ٤r             | σ(s/m)      | ${\mathbb C}$ |
|            | Target value      | 55.20          | 0.97        | ,             |
| 835MHz     | ±5% window        | 52.44 — 57.96  | 0.92 — 1.02 | ,             |
| (body)     | Measurement value | E4.00          | 0.00        | 04 F          |
|            | 2010-4-27         | 54.00          | 0.99        | 21.5          |
|            | Target value      | 53.30          | 1.52        | ,             |
| 1900MHz    | ±5% window        | 50.64 — 55.97  | 1.44 — 1.60 | /             |
| (body)     | Measurement value | F2 F0          | 4.50        | 04.7          |
|            | 2010-4-28         | 52.58          | 1.52        | 21.7          |

## 7.2. System check

Table 12: System check

| Frequency | Description                 | SAR         | Dielectric<br>Parameters |            | Temp   |            |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|--------|------------|
|           |                             | 10g         | 1g                       | ٤r         | σ(s/m) | $^{\circ}$ |
|           | Recommended result          | 1.68        | 2.56                     | <b>5</b> 2 | 0.99   | ,          |
| 835MHz    | ±10% window                 | 1.51 - 1.85 | 2.30 - 2.82              | 53         | 0.99   | 1          |
| OSSIVITIZ | Measurement value           | 1.68        | 2.56                     | 54.00      | 0.99   | 21.9       |
|           | 2010-4-27                   |             | 2.00                     | 0 1.00     | 0.00   | 21.0       |
|           | Recommended result          | 5.52        | 10.50                    | 54         | 1.55   | ,          |
| 1900 MHz  | ±10% window                 | 4.97—6.07   | 9.45 — 11.55             | 34         | 1.55   | , ,        |
| 1900 MINZ | Measurement value 2010-4-28 | 5.17        | 9.73                     | 52.58      | 1.52   | 21.7       |

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

#### 7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

#### 7.3.1. **GSM** 850(GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 13: SAR Values [GSM850 (GPRS/EGPRS)]

| Limit of SAR (W/kg) |              | 10 g Average | 1g Average         | Power<br>Drift(dB) |               |           |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|
|                     |              |              | 2.0                | 1.6                | ± <b>0.21</b> | Graph     |
| Test C              | Case Of Body |              | Measurement        | Result (W/kg)      | Power         | Results   |
| Different Test      | Different    | Channel      | 10 a Averege       | 1 a Averese        | Drift(dB)     |           |
| Position            | Timeslots    | Channel      | 10 g Average       | 1 g Average        | Dilit(ub)     |           |
|                     |              |              | IBM T61            |                    |               |           |
|                     |              | High         | 0.418              | 0.653              | -0.067        | Figure 8  |
| Test Position 1     | 2 timeslots  | Middle       | 0.469              | 0.728              | 0.166         | Figure 9  |
|                     |              | Low          | 0.510              | 0.788              | -0.182        | Figure 10 |
| Test Position 2     | 2 timeslots  | Middle       | 0.296              | 0.486              | -0.073        | Figure 11 |
|                     |              |              | Lenovo Y450        |                    |               |           |
| Test Position 3     | 2 timeslots  | Middle       | 0.096              | 0.170              | -0.115        | Figure 12 |
| Test Position 4     | 2 timeslots  | Middle       | 0.143 (max.cube)   | 0.206 (max.cube)   | 0.038         | Figure 13 |
|                     | •            | Worst case   | position of GPRS w | ith EGPRS          |               | ,         |
| Test Position 1     | 2 timeslots  | Low          | 0.510              | 0.788              | -0.052        | Figure 14 |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
- 4. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above; the value from the second assessed cube is given in the SAR distribution plots (See ANNEX C).

Table 14: SAR Values (GSM850, enhanced energy coupling at increased separation distances)

| Different<br>Test Position | Distance of EUT to<br>Phantom | Channel | Measurement<br>Result<br>(W/kg) | 50% of<br>initial<br>position<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | 125% of<br>initial<br>position SAR<br>(W/kg) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|--|
|                            | initial position              |         | 0.936                           |  |  |
| Test Position 1            | 5mm                           | Low     | 0.552                           | 0.468  | 1.170  |
|                            | 10mm                          |         | 0.341                           |  |  |

- 2. When the device position with the highest point SAR is > 25% of that measured at the initial position, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for this configuration.
- 3. A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

#### 7.3.2. GSM 1900(GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 15: SAR Values [GSM1900 (GPRS/EGPRS)]

| Limit of SAR (W/kg)        |  | 10 g Average | 1g Average      | Power Drift(dB) ± 0.21 | Graph              |           |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Test C                     | ase Of Body                            | ,            |                 | t Result (W/kg)        |                    | Results   |  |  |
| Different Test<br>Position | Different<br>Timeslots                 | Channel      | 10 g Average    | 1 g Average            | Power<br>Drift(dB) |           |  |  |
|                            | 1                                      | 1            | IBM T61         |                        |                    |           |  |  |
|                            |  | High         | 0.444           | 0.901                  | -0.087             | Figure 15 |  |  |
| Test Position 1            | 2 timeslots                            | Middle       | 0.445           | 0.912                  | -0.031             | Figure 16 |  |  |
|                            |  | Low          | 0.536           | 1.110                  | -0.023             | Figure 17 |  |  |
| Test Position 2            | 2 timeslots                            | Middle       | 0.263(max.cube) | 0.479(max.cube)        | -0.088             | Figure 18 |  |  |
|                            |  |              | Lenovo Y450     |                        |                    |           |  |  |
| Test Position 3            | 2 timeslots                            | Middle       | 0.365           | 0.661                  | 0.004              | Figure 19 |  |  |
| Test Position 4            | 2 timeslots                            | Middle       | 0.202           | 0.411                  | -0.039             | Figure 20 |  |  |
|                            | Worst case position of GPRS with EGPRS |              |                 |                        |                    |           |  |  |
| Test Position 1            | 2 timeslots                            | Low          | 0.540           | 1.120                  | -0.020             | Figure 21 |  |  |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.</p>
- 3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
- 4. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above; the value from the second assessed cube is given in the SAR distribution plots (See ANNEX C).

Table 16: SAR Values (GSM1900, enhanced energy coupling at increased separation distances)

| Different<br>Test Position | Distance of EUT to<br>Phantom | Channel | Measurement<br>Result<br>(W/kg) | 50% of<br>initial<br>position<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | 125% of<br>initial<br>position SAR<br>(W/kg) |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Test Position 1            | initial position              | Low     | 1.190                           | 0.595  | 1 400  |  |
| rest Fosition i            | 5mm                           | Low     | 0.410                           | 0.595  | 1.488  |  |

- 2. When the device position with the highest point SAR is > 25% of that measured at the initial position, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for this configuration.
- 3. A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

#### 7.3.3. WCDMA Band II (WCDMA/HSDPA/ HSUPA)

Table 17: SAR Values [WCDMA Band II (WCDMA/ HSDPA/ HSUPA)]

| Limit of SAR (W/kg)                   |         | 10 g Average              | 1g Average      | Power<br>Drift(dB) | Cronb     |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
|                                       |         | 2.0                       | 1.6             | ± 0.21             | Graph     |  |
| Test Case Of Body                     |         | Measurement Result (W/kg) |                 | Power              | Results   |  |
| Different Test Position               | Channel | 10 g Average              | 1 g Average     | Drift(dB)          |           |  |
| IBM T61                               |         |                           |                 |                    |           |  |
| Test Position 1                       | High    | 0.210                     | 0.424           | -0.063             | Figure 22 |  |
|                                       | Middle  | 0.279                     | 0.550           | 0.032              | Figure 23 |  |
|                                       | Low     | 0.340                     | 0.692           | -0.127             | Figure 24 |  |
| Test Position 2                       | Middle  | 0.131(max.cube)           | 0.229(max.cube) | -0.119             | Figure 25 |  |
| Lenovo Y450                           |         |                           |                 |                    |           |  |
| Test Position 3                       | Middle  | 0.128 (max.cube)          | 0.226(max.cube) | 0.024              | Figure 26 |  |
| Test Position 4                       | Middle  | 0.099                     | 0.202           | -0.078             | Figure 27 |  |
| Worst case position of RMC with HSDPA |         |                           |                 |                    |           |  |
| Test Position 1                       | Low     | 0.322                     | 0.663           | -0.033             | Figure 28 |  |
| Worst case position of RMC with HSUPA |         |                           |                 |                    |           |  |
| Test Position 1                       | Low     | 0.232                     | 0.462           | 0.022              | Figure 29 |  |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.</p>
- 3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
- 4. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above; the value from the second assessed cube is given in the SAR distribution plots (See ANNEX C).

Table 18: SAR Values (WCDMA Band II, enhanced energy coupling at increased separation distances)

| Different<br>Test Position | Distance of EUT to<br>Phantom | Channel | Measurement<br>Result<br>(W/kg) | 50% of<br>initial<br>position<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | 125% of<br>initial<br>position SAR<br>(W/kg) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Test Position 1            | initial position              | Low     | 0.710                           | 0.355  | 0.888  |
|                            | 5mm                           |         | 0.301                           |  |  |

- 2. When the device position with the highest point SAR is > 25% of that measured at the initial position, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for this configuration.
- 3. A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

#### 7.3.4. WCDMA Band V (WCDMA/ HSDPA/ HSUPA)

Table 19: SAR Values [WCDMA Band V (WCDMA/ HSDPA/ HSUPA)]

| Limit of SAR (W/kg)                   |         | 10 g Average<br>2.0       | 1g Average  | Power Drift(dB) ± 0.21 | Graph     |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| Test Case Of Body                     |         | Measurement Result (W/kg) |             | Power                  | Results   |  |
| Different Test Position               | Channel | 10 g Average              | 1 g Average | Drift(dB)              |           |  |
| IBM T61                               |         |                           |             |                        |           |  |
| Test Position 1                       | High    | 0.279                     | 0.430       | 0.124                  | Figure 30 |  |
|                                       | Middle  | 0.310                     | 0.483       | 0.033                  | Figure 31 |  |
|                                       | Low     | 0.244                     | 0.375       | 0.048                  | Figure 32 |  |
| Test Position 2                       | Middle  | 0.235                     | 0.384       | 0.035                  | Figure 33 |  |
| Lenovo Y450                           |         |                           |             |                        |           |  |
| Test Position 3                       | Middle  | 0.082                     | 0.144       | 0.041                  | Figure 34 |  |
| Test Position 4                       | Middle  | 0.106                     | 0.150       | 0.035                  | Figure 35 |  |
| Worst case position of RMC with HSDPA |         |                           |             |                        |           |  |
| Test Position 1                       | Middle  | 0.294                     | 0.452       | 0.004                  | Figure 36 |  |
| Worst case position of RMC with HSUPA |         |                           |             |                        |           |  |
| Test Position 1                       | Middle  | 0.154                     | 0.239       | -0.121                 | Figure 37 |  |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.</p>
- 3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.

Table 20: SAR Values (WCDMA Band V, enhanced energy coupling at increased separation distances)

| Different<br>Test Position | Distance of EUT to<br>Phantom | Channel | Measurement<br>Result<br>(W/kg) | 50% of<br>initial<br>position<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | 125% of<br>initial<br>position SAR<br>(W/kg) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|--|
|                            | initial position              |         | 0.510                           |  |  |
| Test Position 1            | 5mm                           | Middle  | 0.280                           | 0.255  | 0.638  |
|                            | 10mm                          |         | 0.190                           |  |  |

- 2. When the device position with the highest point SAR is > 25% of that measured at the initial position, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for this configuration.
- 3. A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

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### 7.4. Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this report. Maximum localized  $SAR_{1g}$  is 1.12 W/kg those are below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report.

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### 8. Measurement Uncertainty

| No.                 | source  | Туре | Uncertaint<br>y Value<br>(%) | Probability<br>Distribution | k          | Ci           | Standard ncertainty $u_i^{'}(\%)$ | Degree of<br>freedom<br>V <sub>eff</sub> or v <sub>i</sub> |  |
|---------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 1                   | System repetivity   | Α    | 0.5                          | N                           | 1          | 1            | 0.5                               | 9  |  |
| Measurement system  |   |      |                              |                             |            |              |                                   |  |  |
| 2                   | probe calibration   | В    | 5.9                          | N                           | 1          | 1            | 5.9                               | 8  |  |
| 3                   | axial isotropy of the probe   | В    | 4.7                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | 1.9                               | 8  |  |
| 4                   | Hemispherical isotropy of the probe   | В    | 9.4                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | 3.9                               | ∞  |  |
| 6                   | boundary effect   | В    | 1.9                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 1.1                               | ∞  |  |
| 7                   | probe linearity   | В    | 4.7                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 2.7                               | 80   |  |
| 8                   | System detection limits   | В    | 1.0                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 0.6                               | ∞  |  |
| 9                   | readout Electronics   | В    | 1.0                          | N                           | 1          | 1            | 1.0                               | 8  |  |
| 10                  | response time   | В    | 0                            | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 0                                 | 8  |  |
| 11                  | integration time  | В    | 4.32                         | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 2.5                               | ∞  |  |
| 12                  | noise   | В    | 0                            | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 0                                 | ∞  |  |
| 13                  | RF Ambient Conditions   | В    | 3                            | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 1.73                              | 8  |  |
| 14                  | Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance   | В    | 0.4                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 0.2                               | ∞  |  |
| 15                  | Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell                                 | В    | 2.9                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 1.7                               | ∞  |  |
| 16                  | Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | В    | 3.9                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 2.3                               | 8  |  |
| Test sample Related |   |      |                              |                             |            |              |                                   |  |  |
| 17                  | -Test Sample Positioning  | Α    | 2.9                          | N                           | 1          | 1            | 2.9                               | 5  |  |
| 18                  | -Device Holder Uncertainty  | Α    | 4.1                          | N                           | 1          | 1            | 4.1                               | 5  |  |
| 19                  | -Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement                                 | В    | 5.0                          | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1            | 2.9                               | 8  |  |
| Physical parameter  |   |      |                              |                             |            |              |                                   |  |  |

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| 20   | -phantom  | В   | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1    | 2.3  | 8 |
|--|---|---|-----|---|------------|------|------|---|
| 21   | -liquid conductivity (deviation from target)    | В   | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 1.8  | ∞ |
| 22   | -liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)  | В   | 5.0 | N | 1          | 0.64 | 3.2  | ∞ |
| 23   | -liquid permittivity (deviation from target)    | В   | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6  | 1.7  | ∞ |
| 24   | -liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty ) | В   | 5.0 | N | 1          | 0.6  | 3.0  | ∞ |
| Combined standard uncertainty                      |   | $u_{c}' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$ |     |   |            |      | 12.0 |   |
| Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) |   | $u_e = 2u_c$  |     | N | k=2        |      | 24.0 |   |

#### 9. Main Test Instruments

**Table 21: List of Main Instruments** 

| No. | Name                   | Туре           | Serial<br>Number | Calibration Date         | Valid<br>Period |  |
|-----|------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 01  | Network analyzer       | Agilent 8753E  | US37390326       | September 13, 2009       | One year        |  |
| 02  | Dielectric Probe Kit   | Agilent 85070E | US44020115       | No Calibration Requested |                 |  |
| 03  | Power meter            | Agilent E4417A | GB41291714       | March 13, 2010           | One year        |  |
| 04  | Power sensor           | Agilent 8481H  | MY41091316       | March 26, 2010           | One year        |  |
| 05  | Signal Generator       | HP 8341B       | 2730A00804       | September 13, 2009       | One year        |  |
| 06  | Amplifier              | IXA-020        | 0401             | No Calibration Requested |                 |  |
| 07  | Validation Kit 835MHz  | D835V2         | 4d082            | July 13, 2009            | One year        |  |
| 08  | Validation Kit 1900MHz | D1900V2        | 5d018            | June 26, 2009            | One year        |  |
| 09  | BTS                    | E5515C         | MY48360988       | December 4, 2009         | One year        |  |
| 10  | E-field Probe          | EX3DV4         | 3677             | September 23, 2009       | One year        |  |
| 11  | DAE                    | DAE4           | 871              | November 11, 2009        | One year        |  |

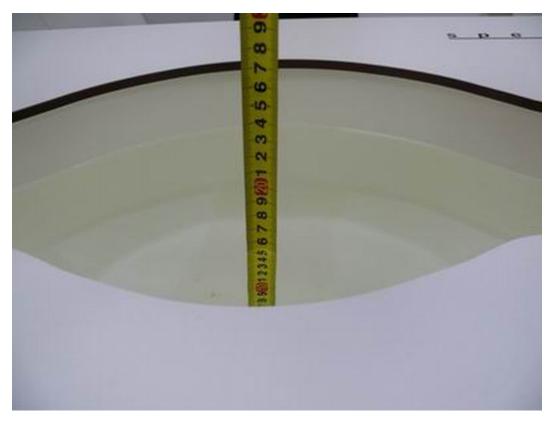
### **ANNEX A: Test Layout**



Picture 2: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz) (15.4cm deep)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz) (15.2cm deep)

#### **ANNEX B: System Check Results**

#### System Performance Check at 835 MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d082

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 3:25:20 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.00$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 mW/g

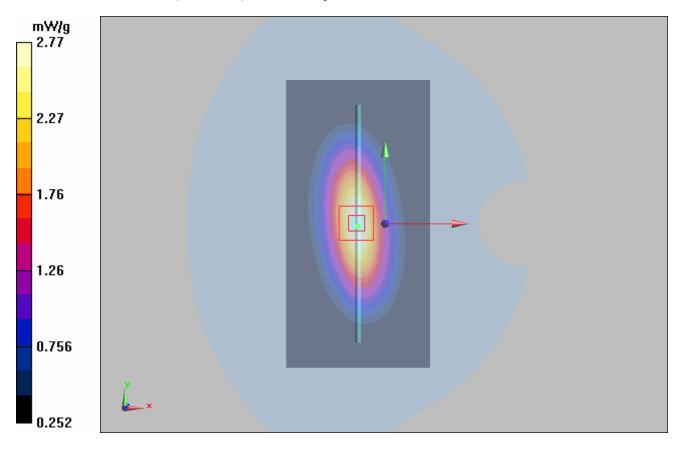


Figure 6 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

#### System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d018

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 8:12:19 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.52 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52.58;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11 mW/g

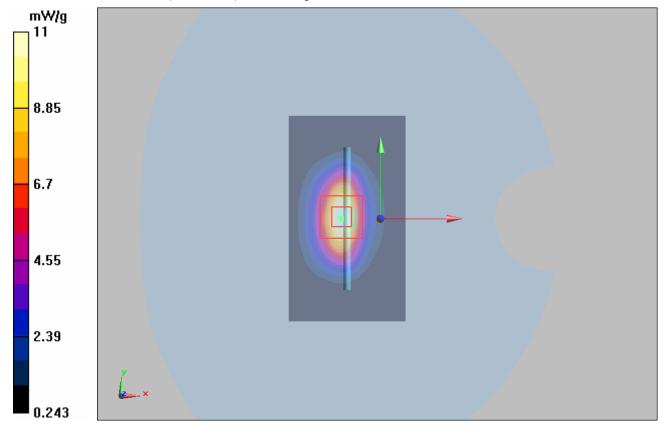


Figure 7 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

#### **ANNEX C: Graph Results**

#### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 9:08:40 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.01 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 53.8;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.716 mW/g

Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.980 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.653 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.418 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.709 mW/g

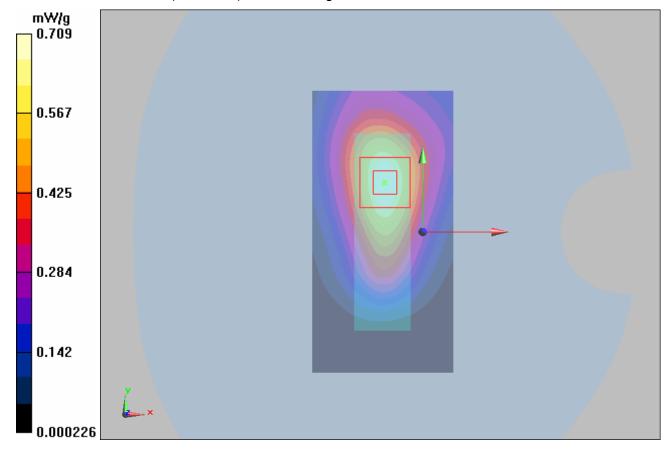


Figure 8 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 251

## GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 4:11:46 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.995 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.821 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.166 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.728 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.469 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.784 mW/g

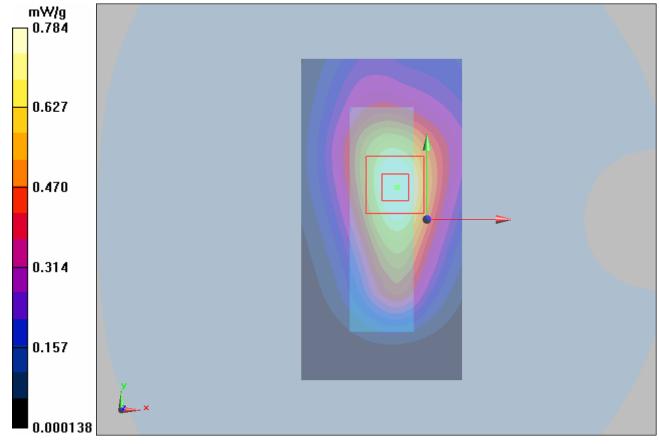


Figure 9 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 190

#### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 9:35:14 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.865 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.182 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.788 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.510 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.852 mW/g

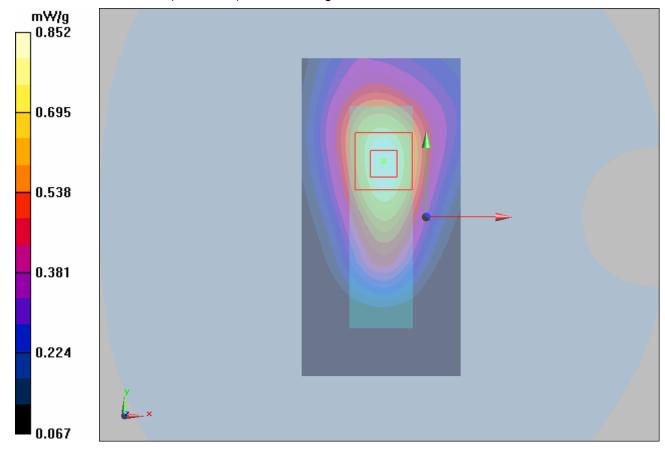


Figure 10 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 128

## GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 5:41:40 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.995 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.530 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 mW/g

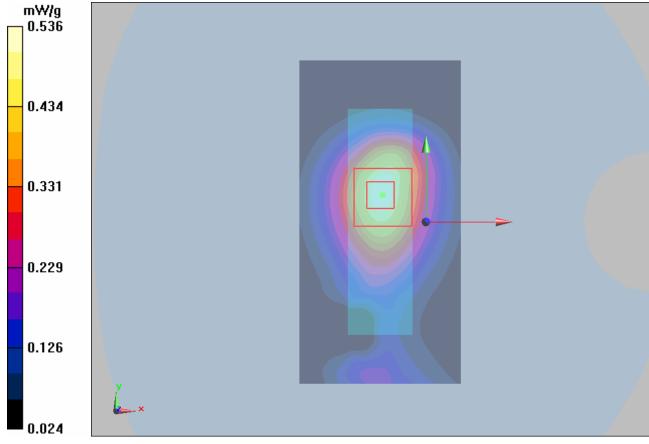


Figure 11 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 190

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 6:23:51 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.995 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.115 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.426 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.170 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 mW/g

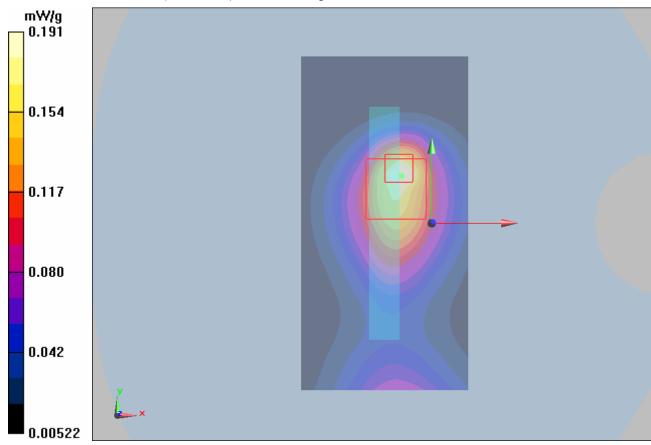


Figure 12 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Channel 190

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 8:24:42 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.995$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.228 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.299 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.206 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.197 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 mW/g

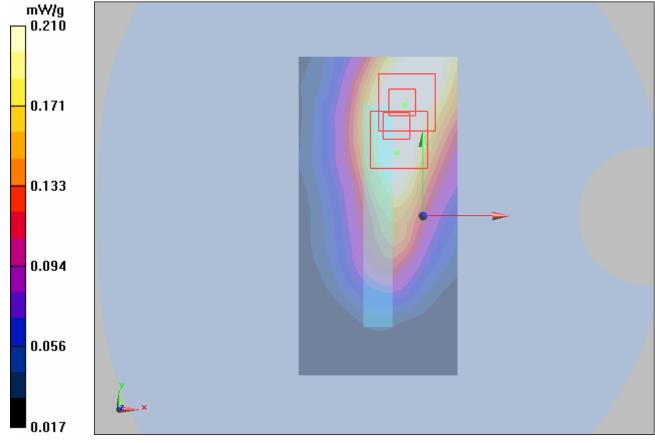


Figure 13 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Channel 190

#### GSM 850 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 10:01:30 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.983$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.859 mW/g

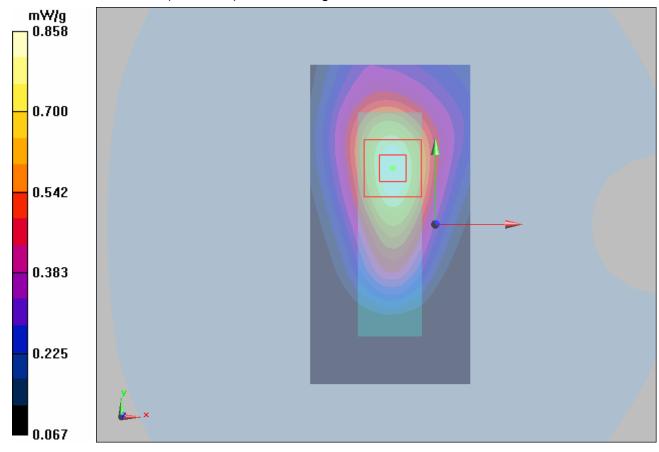
Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.788 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.510 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.858 mW/g



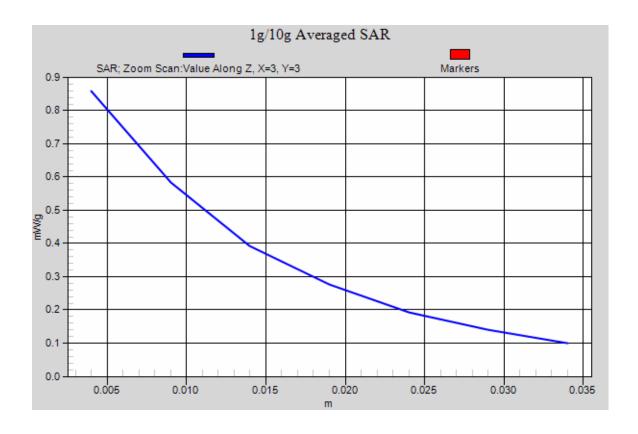


Figure 14 GSM 850 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 128

#### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 10:05:20 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.901 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.444 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.996 mW/g

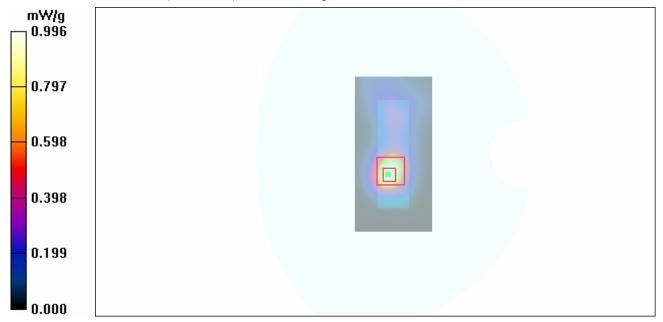


Figure 15 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 810

## GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 9:38:46 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.5 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

**Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.912 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g

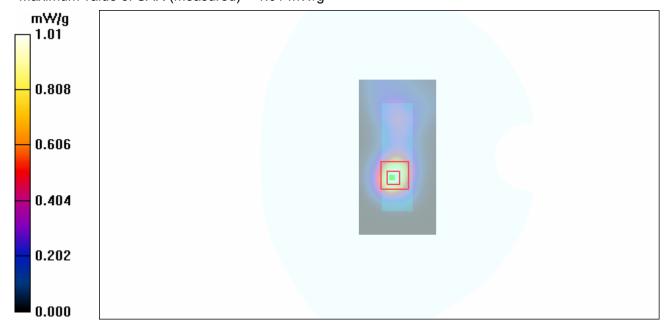


Figure 16 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 661

#### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 10:47:50 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.536 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g

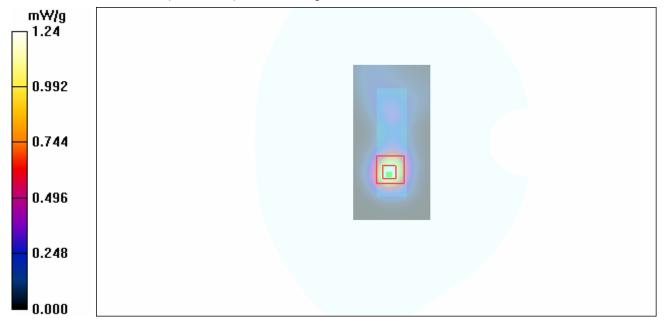


Figure 17 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 512

### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 11:16:30 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.5 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.561 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.547 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.766 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 mW/g

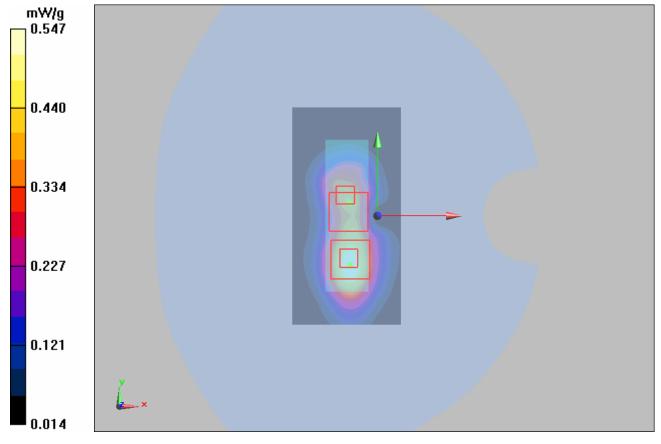


Figure 18 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 661

## GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 11:59:52 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.5 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.735 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.661 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 mW/g

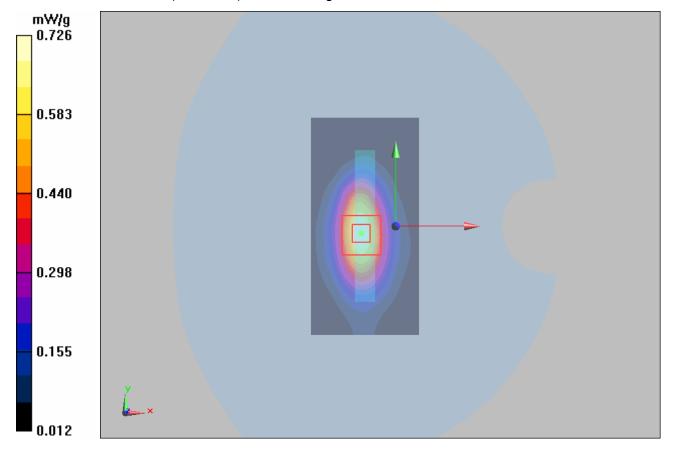


Figure 19 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Channel 661

### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 1:03:47 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.5 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.763 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.411 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.481 mW/g

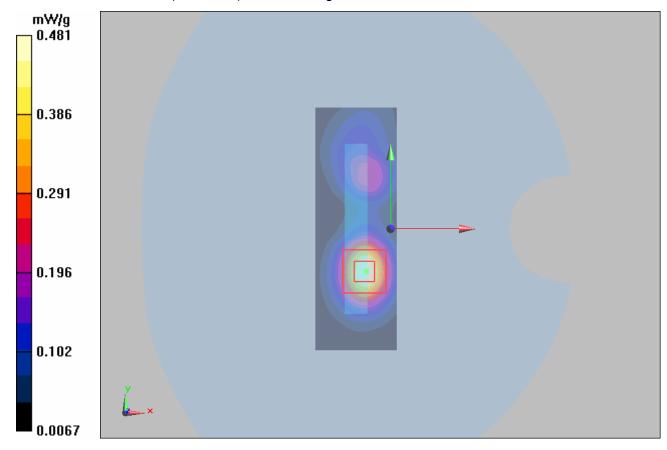


Figure 20 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Channel 661

## GSM 1900 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 1:34:23 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 mW/g

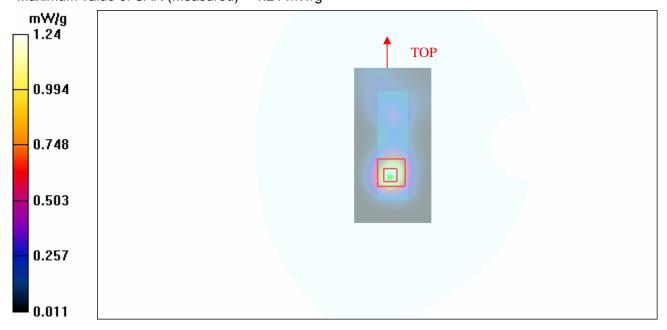
Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g



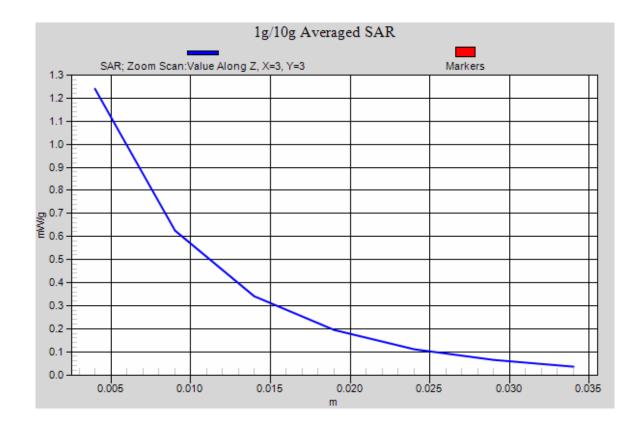


Figure 21 GSM 1900 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 512

#### WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 1:57:33 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.505 mW/g

Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.908 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.424 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.471 mW/g

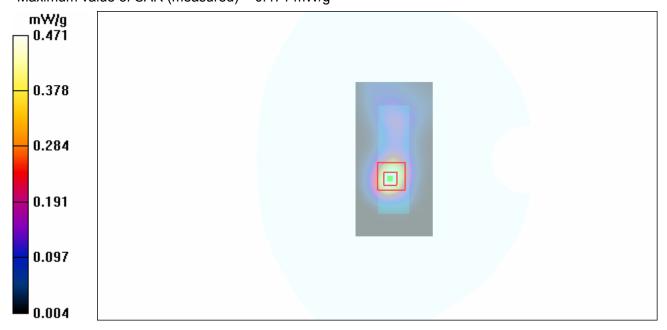


Figure 22 WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 9538

#### WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 2:22:04 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.648 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.550 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.610 mW/g

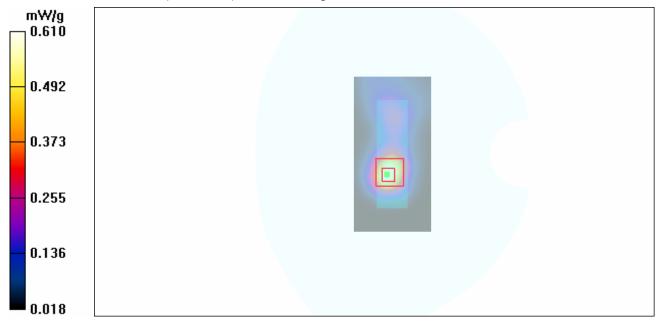


Figure 23 WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 9400

#### WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 2:51:26 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.843 mW/g

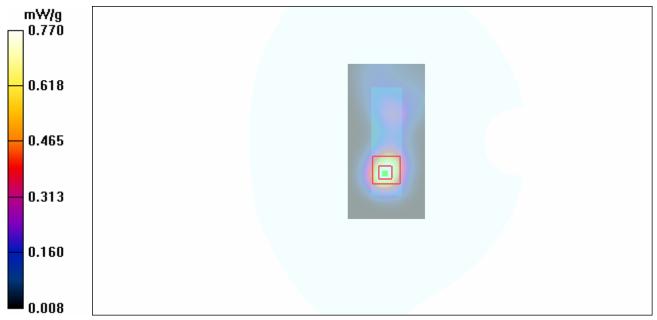
Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.127 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.692 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.770 mW/g



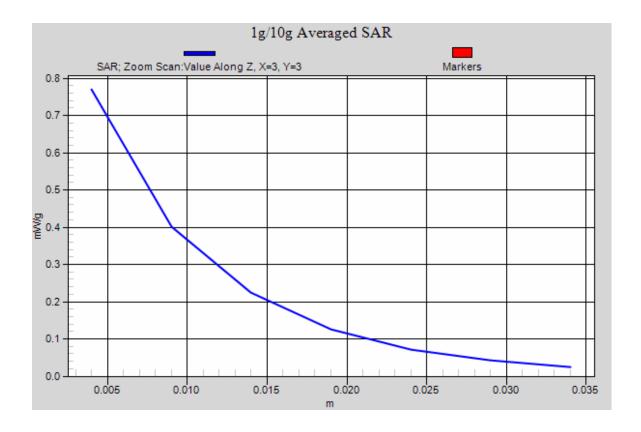


Figure 24 WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 9262

#### WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 3:11:49 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.294 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.398 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.229 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g

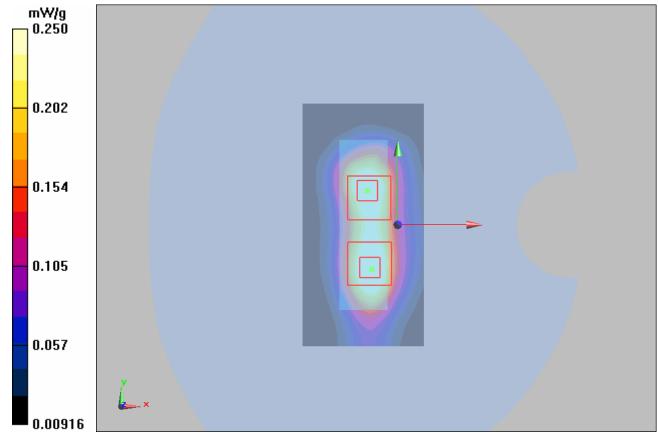


Figure 25 WCDMA Band II with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 9400

#### WCDMA Band II with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 3:43:58 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.267 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.226 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.248 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.243 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.168 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 mW/g

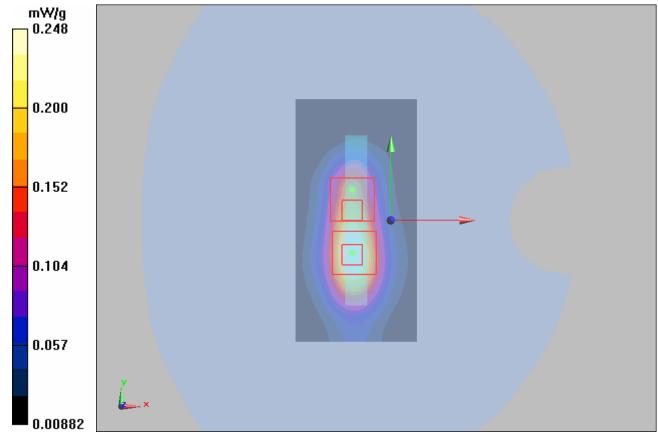


Figure 26 WCDMA Band II with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Channel 9400

#### WCDMA Band II with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 4:21:28 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.419 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.226 mW/g

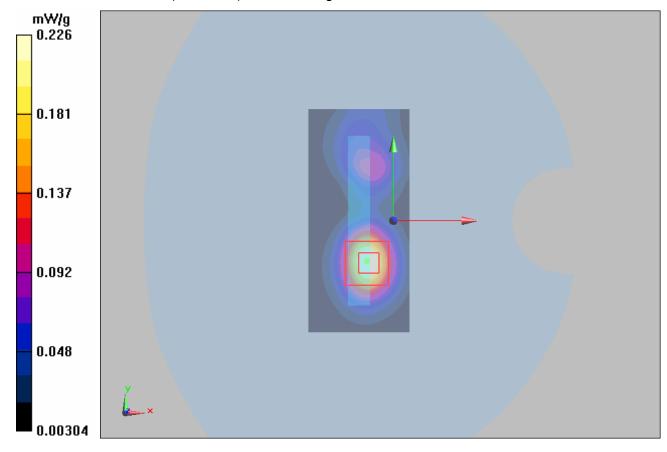


Figure 27 WCDMA Band II with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Channel 9400

#### WCDMA Band II+HSDPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 4:54:19 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II+HSDPA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.844 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.663 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.733 mW/g

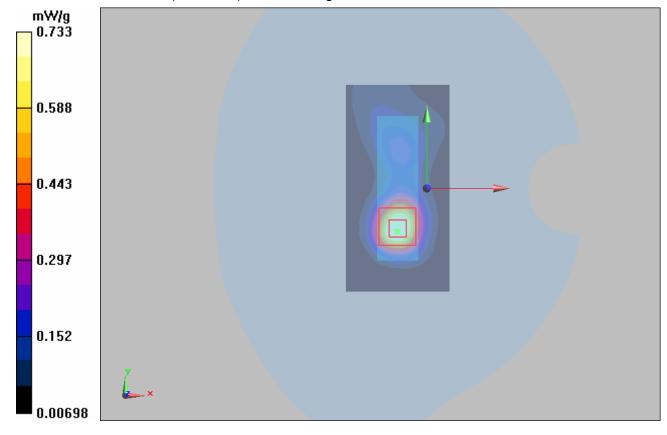


Figure 28 WCDMA Band II+HSDPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 9262

#### WCDMA Band II+HSUPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/28/2010 5:13:25 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II+HSUPA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low /Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.522 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.948 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.462 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g

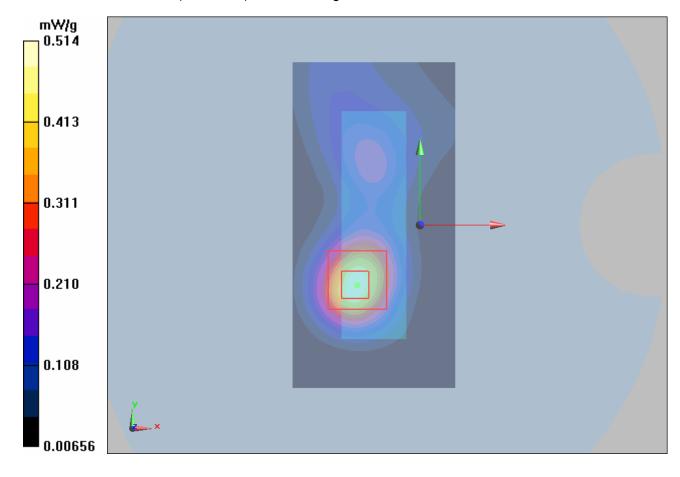


Figure 29 WCDMA Band II+HSUPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 9262

#### WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 10:21:29 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.459 mW/g

Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.636 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.430 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 mW/g

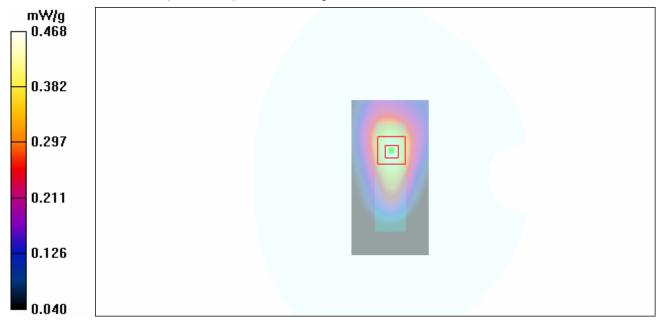


Figure 30 WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 4233

#### WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 4:32:33 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.995$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

**Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.511 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.724 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 mW/g

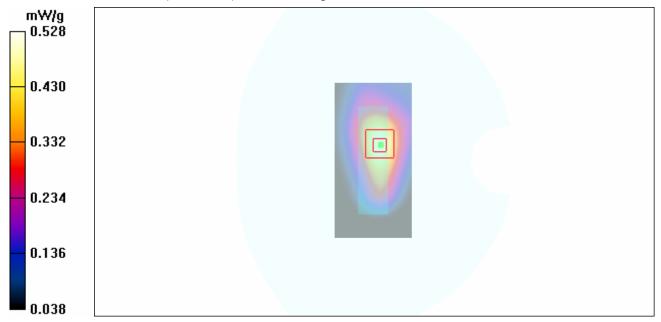


Figure 31 WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 4183

#### WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 10:47:51 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.984 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.408 mW/g

Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.553 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.406 mW/g

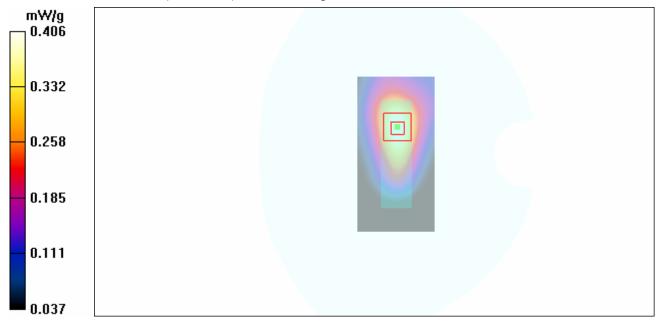


Figure 32 WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 4132

#### WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 5:02:33 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.995$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.384 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 mW/g

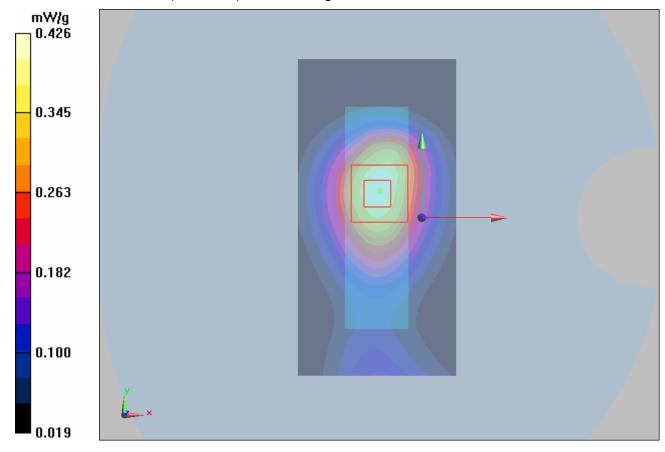


Figure 33 WCDMA Band V with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 4132

# WCDMA Band V with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 6:51:20 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.995$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

**DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.152 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.144 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 mW/g

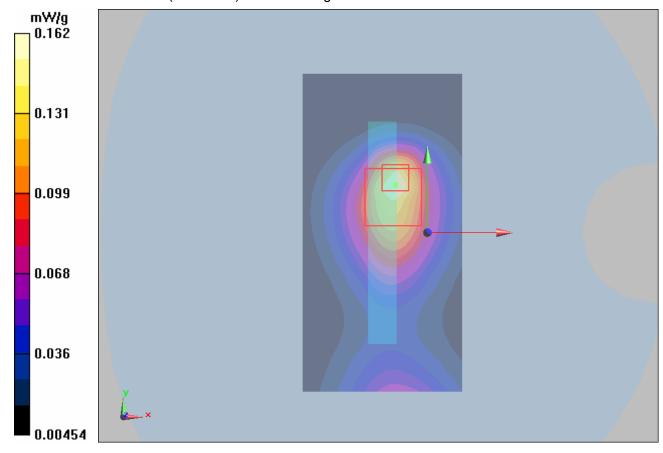


Figure 34 WCDMA Band V with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 3 Channel 4183

## WCDMA Band V with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 7:20:02 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.995$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.155 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 mW/g

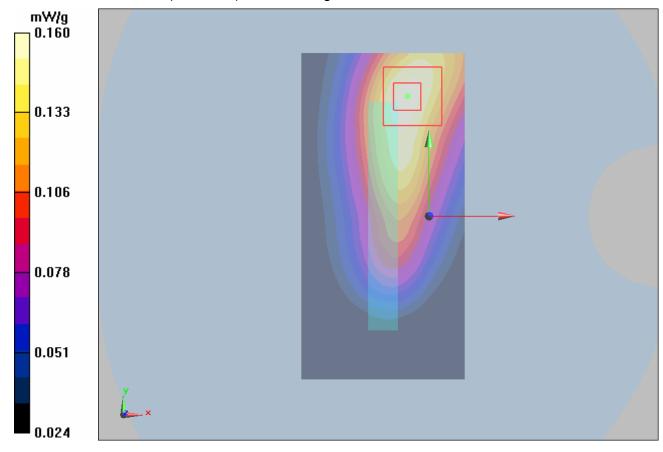


Figure 35 WCDMA Band V with Lenovo Y450 Test Position 4 Channel 4183

## WCDMA Band V +HSDPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 11:15:08 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V+HSDPA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.995 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.492 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.664 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.452 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.491 mW/g

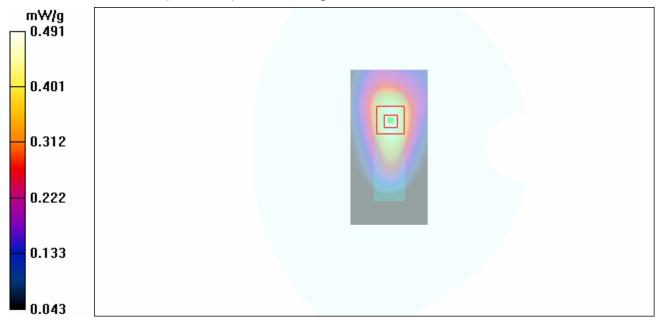


Figure 36 WCDMA Band V +HSDPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 4183

## WCDMA Band V +HSUPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 4/27/2010 11:46:35 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V+HSUPA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.995 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.259 mW/g

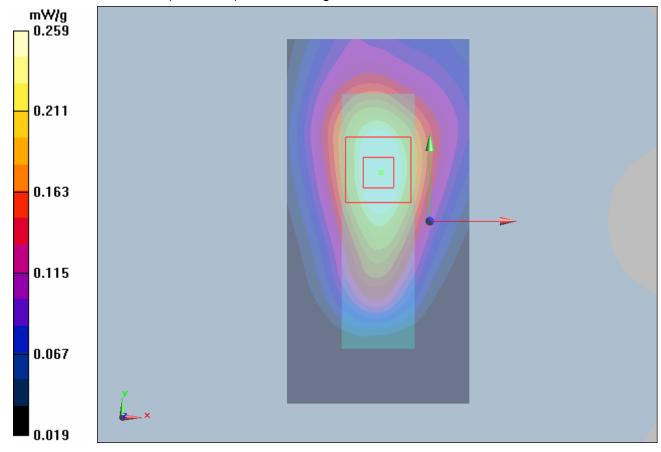


Figure 37 WCDMA Band V +HSUPA with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 4183

# **ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate**

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage С Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

|   | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR   | A Section 1  | ы No: EX3-3677_Sep09   |
|---|---|--|--|
| CALIBRATION (   | CERTIFICAT  |  |  |
| Object  | EX3DV4 - SN:3   | 677  |  |
| Calibration procedure(s)  |   | QA CAL-12.v5, QA CAL-23.v3<br>edure for dosimetric E-field pro   |  |
| Calibration date:   | September 23,   | 2009   |  |
| Condition of the calibrated item  | In Tolerance  |  |  |
| The measurements and the unce   | rtainties with confidence   | tional standards, which realize the physical<br>probability are given on the following page<br>ory facility: environment temperature (22 ±   | s and are part of the certificate.   |
|   | Longo   |  |  |
| Primary Standards   | ID#   | Cal Date (Certificate No.)   | Scheduled Calibration  |
|   | ID #<br>GB41293874  | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)  | Scheduled Calibration Apr-10   |
| Power meter E4419B  |   |  |  |
| Power meter E4419B<br>Power sensor E4412A   | GB41293874  | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)   | Apr-10   |
| Power meter E4419B<br>Power sensor E4412A<br>Power sensor E4412A  | GB41293874<br>MY41495277  | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)   | Apr-10<br>Apr-10   |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087  | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)   | Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Apr-10   |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator   | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087<br>SN: S5054 (3c)  | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)  | Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Mar-10   |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator  | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087<br>SN: S5054 (3c)<br>SN: S5086 (20b)   | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)   | Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10   |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2   | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087<br>SN: S5054 (3c)<br>SN: S5086 (20b)<br>SN: S5129 (30b)                                      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)  | Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10                                       |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4  | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087<br>SN: S5054 (3c)<br>SN: S5086 (20b)<br>SN: S5129 (30b)<br>SN: 3013                          | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)<br>2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)   | Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Jan-10                             |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards  | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087<br>SN: S5054 (3c)<br>SN: S5086 (20b)<br>SN: S5129 (30b)<br>SN: 3013<br>SN: 660               | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)<br>2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)<br>9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-860_Sep08)  | Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Apr-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Jan-10<br>Sep-09                   |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C  | GB41293874<br>MY41495277<br>MY41498087<br>SN: S5054 (3c)<br>SN: S5086 (20b)<br>SN: S5129 (30b)<br>SN: 3013<br>SN: 660               | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-860_Sep08) Check Date (in house)   | Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-09 Scheduled Check                 |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C  | GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660                                    | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-860_Sep08) Check Date (in house)   | Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-09 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 |
| Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660  ID# US3642U01700 US37390585       | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-860_Sep08)  Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-09 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 |
| Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4  Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E  Calibrated by: | GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660  ID# US3642U01700 US37390585  Name | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-860_Sep08)  Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)                           | Apr-10 Apr-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jan-10 Sep-09 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 |

Certificate No: EX3-3677\_Sep09

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Service suisse d'étaionnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

Polarization φ

diode compression point φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 3

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Report No. RZA2010-0531SAR

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

September 23, 2009

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3677

Manufactured: Last calibrated:

Recalibrated:

September 9, 2008 November 7, 2008 September 23, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

**September 23, 2009** 

# DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

| Sensitivity in Free Space <sup>A</sup> |                     |                            | Diode C | ompression <sup>B</sup> |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| NormX                                  | <b>0.42</b> ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$            | DCP X   | <b>91</b> mV            |
| NormY                                  | <b>0.47</b> ± 10.1% | $\mu$ V/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> | DCP Y   | <b>92</b> mV            |
| NormZ                                  | <b>0.40</b> ± 10.1% | $\mu V/(V/m)^2$            | DCP Z   | 93 mV                   |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

### **Boundary Effect**

TSL

900 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| Sensor Center t       | Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |     | 3.0 mm |
|-----------------------|---|-----|--------|
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] | Without Correction Algorithm              | 8.2 | 4.4    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] | With Correction Algorithm                 | 0.8 | 0.5    |

TSL

1750 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 7.5    | 3.9    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.8    | 0.4    |

#### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

1.0 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

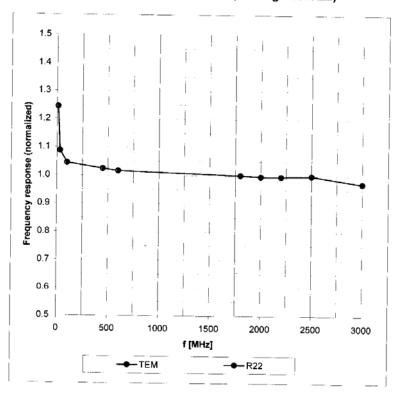
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

September 23, 2009

# Frequency Response of E-Field

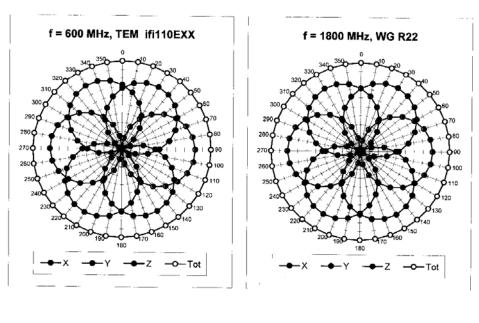
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

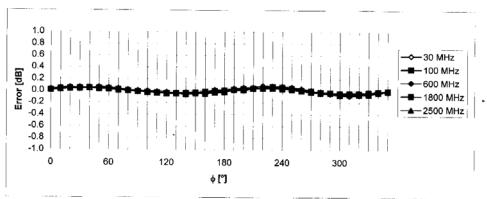


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

September 23, 2009

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta$ = 0°



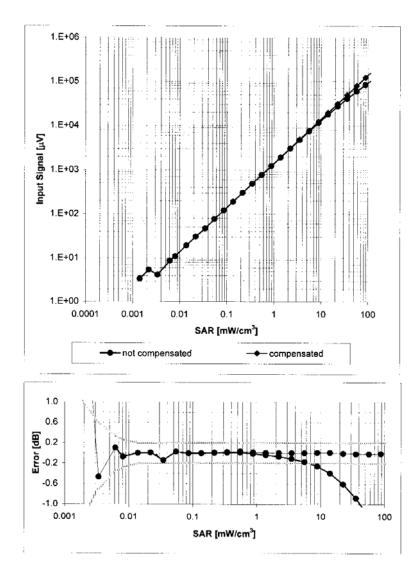


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

September 23, 2009

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

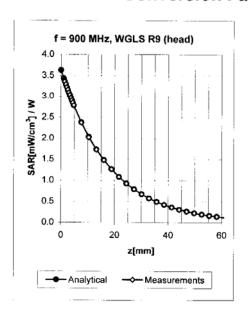
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

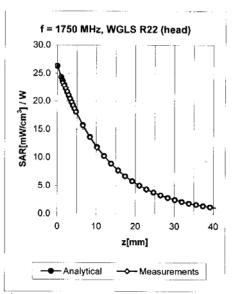


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

**September 23, 2009** 

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**





| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity   | Conductivity   | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty   |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%      | 0.90 ± 5%      | 0.68  | 0.64  | 9.20 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%      | $0.97 \pm 5\%$ | 0.71  | 0.62  | 8.91 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.1 ± 5%      | 1.37 ± 5%      | 0.68  | 0.62  | 8.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | $40.0 \pm 5\%$ | 1.40 ± 5%      | 0.70  | 0.60  | 7.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
|         |                             |      |                |                |       |       |                     |
|         |                             |      |                |                |       |       | •                   |
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 56.7 ± 5%      | 0.94 ± 5%      | 0.32  | 0.49  | 10.43 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.2 ± 5%      | $0.97 \pm 5\%$ | 0.54  | 0.73  | 9.11 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | $55.0 \pm 5\%$ | 1.05 ± 5%      | 0.63  | 0.71  | 8.89 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.4 ± 5%      | 1.49 ± 5%      | 0.55  | 0.74  | 7.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%      | 1.52 ± 5%      | 0.30  | 1.01  | 7.62 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.7 ± 5%      | 1.95 ± 5%      | 0.56  | 0.68  | 7.28 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |

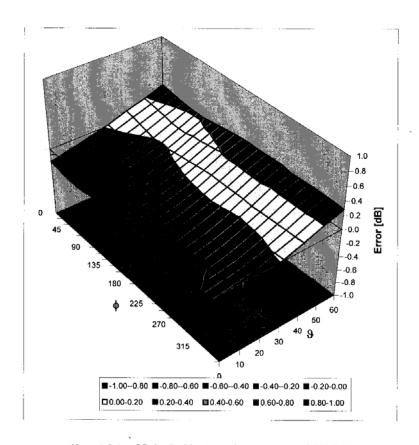
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Certificate No: EX3-3677\_Sep09

**September 23, 2009** 

# **Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

# **ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082 Jul09

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

|  |  |   | THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA |
|--|--|---|--|
| CALIBRATION (  | CERTIFICATI  |   |  |
| Object   | D835V2 - SN: 40  | 1082  |  |
| Calibration procedure(s)   | QA CAL-05.v7<br>Calibration proce  | edure for dipole validation kits  |  |
| Calibration date:  | July 13, 2009  |   |  |
| Condition of the calibrated item   | In Tolerance   |   |  |
| All calibrations have been conduc  | cted in the closed laborator   | v facility: environment temperature (22 + 3)°   | C and humidity < 70%.  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&   | TE critical for calibration)   | y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3) $^{\circ}$   |  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&   | TE critical for calibration)   | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  | Scheduled Calibration  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A  | TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704   | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09   |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A   | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783  | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator   | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)   | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)   | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10   |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator<br>Type-N mismatch combination  | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327  | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator<br>Type-N mismatch combination<br>Reference Probe ES3DV2  | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)   | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)   | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10   |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator<br>Type-N mismatch combination<br>Reference Probe ES3DV2<br>DAE4  | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3025   | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10   |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&<br>Primary Standards<br>Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator<br>Type-N mismatch combination<br>Reference Probe ES3DV2<br>DAE4  | ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3025  SN: 601  | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06   | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3025 SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317 100005                        | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house)   | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06   | ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  SN: 5086 (20g)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3025  SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317                          | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house)   | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09   |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3025 SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206  Name | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)  4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)                                    | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09  |
| All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by: | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3025 SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206       | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)  4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)  18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09   |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3025 SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206  Name | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)  4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)  18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09   |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul09

Page 1 of 9

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version                 | DASY5                     | V5.0        |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz           |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 41.5         | 0.90 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.4 ± 6 %   | 0.89 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.2 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>2</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                          |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.42 mW / g              |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 9.68 mW / g              |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1                 | normalized to 1W   | 9.71 mW/g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.58 mW / g               |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.32 mW/g                 |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1                   | normalized to 1W   | 6.34 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.0 ± 6 %   | 0.99 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.5 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

# SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.56 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 10.2 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2                 | normalized to 1W   | 10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.68 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.72 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2                   | normalized to 1W   | 6.61 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Report No. RZA2010-0531SAR

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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.3 Ω - 2.5 jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 29.5 dB       |  |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.3 Ω - 4.3 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 26.6 dB       |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1,390 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG            |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured on | October 17, 2008 |

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 13.07.2009 11:31:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

# Pin=250mW; dip=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

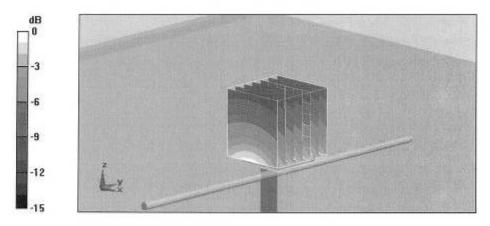
iz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00639 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.62 W/kg

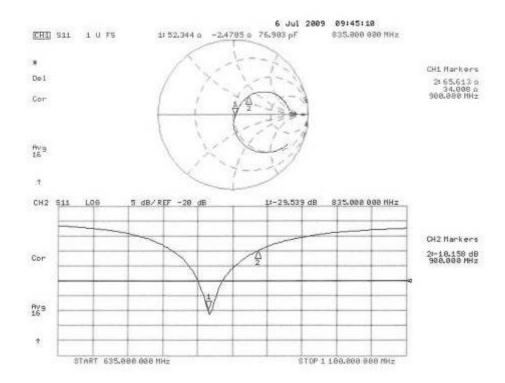
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.8 mW/g



0 dB = 2.8 mW/g

### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 13.07.2009 11:50:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

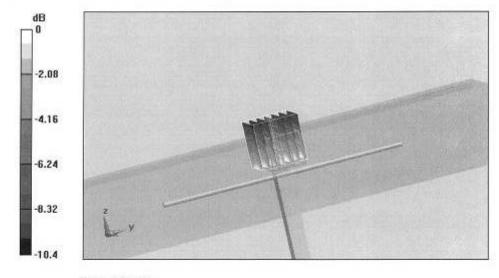
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.76 W/kg

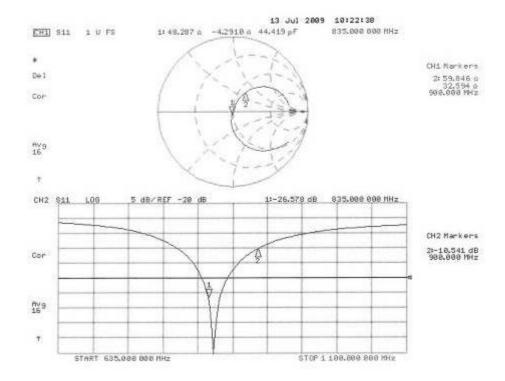
SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 mW/g



0 dB = 2.97 mW/g

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



# **ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Cartificate No: D1900V2-5d018-Jun09

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

|  | ERTIFICATE   |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Object   | D1900V2 - SN: 5  | d018  |  |
| Calibration procedure(s)   | QA CAL-05.v7<br>Calibration proce  | dure for dipole validation kits   |  |
| Calibration date:  | June 26, 2009  |   | 1401274777 25622   |
| Condition of the calibrated item   | In Tolerance   | MANAGER PROPERTY.   | SECRET INTE  |
| The measurements and the unce  | stainties with confidence potential in the closed laborator  | onel standards, which realize the physical units<br>robability are given on the following pages and<br>by facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C s  | are part of the certificate.   |
|  |  |   |  |
| Primary Standards  | 10#  | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)   | Scheduled Calibration  |
| THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I | (D#<br>GB37480704  | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)<br>D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  | Scheduled Calibration<br>Oct-09  |
| Power meter EPM-442A   | THE RESERVE AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PE |   |  |
| Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A  | GB37480704   | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)   | Oct-09   |
| Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | GB37480704<br>US37292783   | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  | Oct-09<br>Oct-09   |
| Power meter EPM-442A<br>Power sensor HP 8481A<br>Reference 20 dB Attenuator<br>Type-N mismatch combination   | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)   | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)<br>30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  | Oct-09<br>Oct-09<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Apr-10   |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2   | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327   | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  | Oct-09<br>Oct-09<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10   |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4  | G837480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 ( 06327<br>SN: 3025   | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)<br>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)<br>30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  | Oct-09<br>Oct-09<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Apr-10   |
| Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A  | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327<br>SN: 3025<br>SN: 601  | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)   | Oct-09<br>Oct-09<br>Mar-10<br>Mar-10<br>Apr-10<br>Mar-10   |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A  | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327<br>SN: 3025<br>SN: 601  | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Check Date (in house)   | Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Chack  |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06  | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327<br>SN: 3025<br>SN: 601<br>ID #<br>MY41092317  | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)   | Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-09   |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards  | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327<br>SN: 3025<br>SN: 601<br>ID #<br>MY41092317<br>100005  | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)  31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)  30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)  07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house)  18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)  4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)                            | Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-89 In house check: Oct-89                        |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-96 Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327<br>SN: 3025<br>SN: 601<br>ID 8<br>MY41092317<br>100005<br>US37390585 S4206  | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)                           | Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Chack In house chack: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 |
| Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06  | GB37480704<br>US37292783<br>SN: 5086 (20g)<br>SN: 5047.2 / 06327<br>SN: 3025<br>SN: 601<br>ID #<br>MY41092317<br>100005<br>US37390585 S4206  | D8-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)  Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | Oct-09 Oct-09 Mar-10 Mar-10 Apr-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Chack In house chack: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 |

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d018\_Jun09

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

 Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms criented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

| given on page 3.                      | 100  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| DASY5                                 | V5.0   |
| Advanced Extrapolation                |  |
| Modular Flat Phantom V5.0             |  |
| 10 mm                                 | with Spacer  |
| dx, dy, dz = 5 mm                     |  |
| 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz                      |  |
| ֡֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜ | DASY5  Advanced Extrapolation  Modular Flat Phantom V5.0  10 mm  dx, dy, dz = 5 mm |

Head TSL parameters

| he following parameters and calculations were a | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters                     | 22.0 °C         | 40.0         | 1.40 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters                    | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.0 ± 6 %   | 1.42 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test                | (22.0 ± 0.2) *C |              |                  |

# SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured                              | 250 mW input power | 10.3 mW/g                  |
| SAR normalized                            | normalized to 1W   | 41.2 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1     | normalized to 1W   | 41.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| Condition          |                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 250 mW input power | 5.38 mW / g                |
| normalized to 1W   | 21.5 mW/g                  |
|                    | 21.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |
|                    |                            |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| ne following parameters and calculations were a | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters                     | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters                    | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.9 ± 6 %   | 1.55 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test                | (21.2 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

# SAR result with Body TSL

| Condition          |                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 250 mW input power | 10,5 mW / g                |
| normalized to 1W   | 42.0 mW / g                |
| normalized to 1W   | 41.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |
|                    | 250 mW input power         |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL      | condition          |                          |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured                                     | 250 mW input power | 5.52 mW / g              |
| SAR normalized                                   | normalized to 1W   | 22.1 mW/g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup> | normalized to 1W   | 22.0 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

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### Appendix

# Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.8 Ω + 2.7 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 29.9 dB       |
| Ketuin coss                          |                 |

# Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.6 Ω + 4.3 JΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 24.9 dB       |

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.195 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Eligation 2 - 11 / (c            |          |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured on | June 04, 2002 |

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 13:05:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

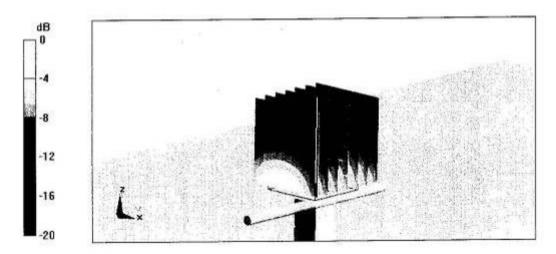
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

# Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0 mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

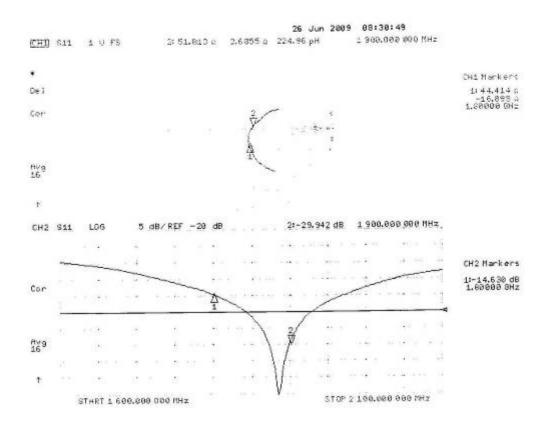
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g



0 dB = 12.6 mW/g

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 14:30:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

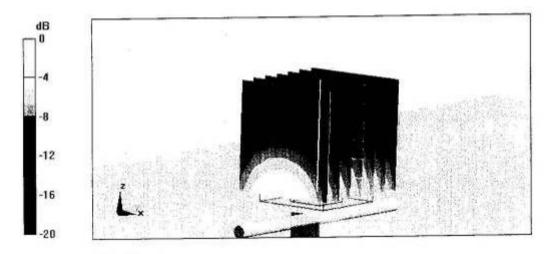
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (buck); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

# Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

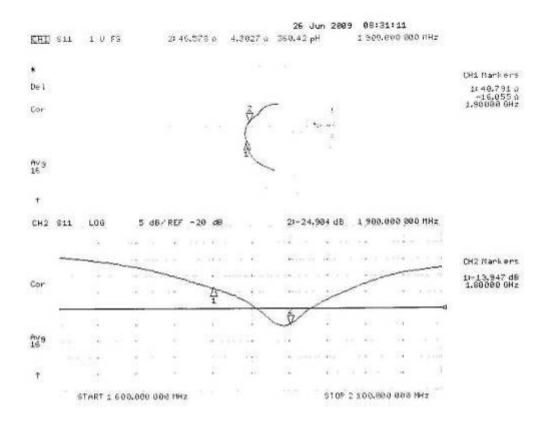
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.52 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



0 dB = 13.3 mW/g

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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## **ANNEX G: DAE4 Calibration Certificate**

**Calibration Laboratory of** 

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

С

### TA - SH (Auden) Certificate No: DAE4-871\_Nov09 Client **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 871 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) November 11, 2009 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 1-Oct-09 (No: 9055) Oct-10 Scheduled Check Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) SE UMS 006 AB 1004 05-Jun-09 (in house check) In house check: Jun-10 Calibrator Box V1.1 Name Function Andrea Guntli Technician Calibrated by: Approved by: Fin Bomholt **R&D** Director Issued: November 11, 2009 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-871\_Nov09

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S wiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters**

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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# **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

| Calibration Factors | Х                    | Υ                    | Z                    |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| High Range          | 404.813 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 404.794 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 405.237 ± 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.98191 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98417 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98912 ± 0.7% (k=2) |

### **Connector Angle**

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 90.0 ° ± 1 ° |
|---|--------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 90.0 ° ± 1 ° |

Certificate No: DAE4-871\_Nov09

## **Appendix**

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range |         | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|------------|---------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X  | + Input | 199994.0     | 1.84            | 0.00      |
| Channel X  | + Input | 19999.85     | 0.05            | 0.00      |
| Channel X  | - Input | -19997.97    | 1.83            | -0.01     |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 200010.3     | -3.71           | -0.00     |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 19999.12     | -0.48           | -0.00     |
| Channel Y  | - Input | -20000.18    | -0.78           | 0.00      |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 200010.2     | -2.80           | -0.00     |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 19998.54     | -0.86           | -0.00     |
| Channel Z  | - Input | -19999.82    | 0.00            | 0.00      |

| Low Range     |       | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|---------------|-------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X +   | Input | 2000.3       | 0.22            | 0.01      |
| Channel X +   | Input | 200.20       | 0.30            | 0.15      |
| Channel X - I | nput  | -199.89      | 0.21            | -0.10     |
| Channel Y +   | Input | 1999.8       | -0.13           | -0.01     |
| Channel Y +   | Input | 200.06       | -0.04           | -0.02     |
| Channel Y - I | nput  | -200.43      | -0.73           | 0.36      |
| Channel Z +   | Input | 1999.5       | -0.57           | -0.03     |
| Channel Z +   | Input | 199.58       | -0.72           | -0.36     |
| Channel Z - I | nput  | -201.11      | -1.01           | 0.51      |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode<br>Input Voltage (mV) | High Range<br>Average Reading (μV) | Low Range<br>Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                               | 13.79                              | 12.75                             |
|           | - 200                             | -12.26                             | -13.72                            |
| Channel Y | 200                               | -11.82                             | -11.47                            |
|           | - 200                             | 10.67                              | 10.68                             |
| Channel Z | 200                               | -1.08                              | -1.35                             |
|           | - 200                             | 0.32                               | 0.12                              |

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -              | 3.36           | 1.06           |
| Channel Y | 200                | 1.52           | -              | 3.59           |
| Channel Z | 200                | 2.55           | 1.41           | -              |

### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15928            | 16288           |
| Channel Y | 16188            | 15745           |
| Channel Z | 15790            | 16219           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10M $\Omega$ 

|           | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation<br>(μV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.06         | -3.43            | 1.18             | 0.52                   |
| Channel Y | -0.71        | -2.66            | 0.96             | 0.57                   |
| Channel Z | -0.95        | -1.94            | 0.04             | 0.41                   |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

|           | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.1999         | 204.4            |
| Channel Y | 0.1999         | 203.6            |
| Channel Z | 0.1999         | 203.8            |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |  |
|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |  |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |  |

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0              | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |

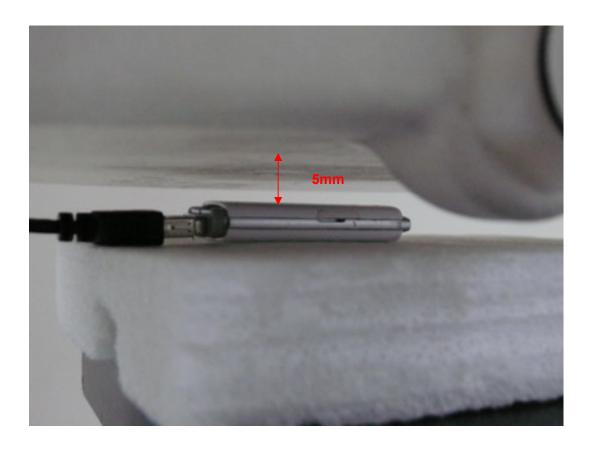
# **ANNEX H: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration**



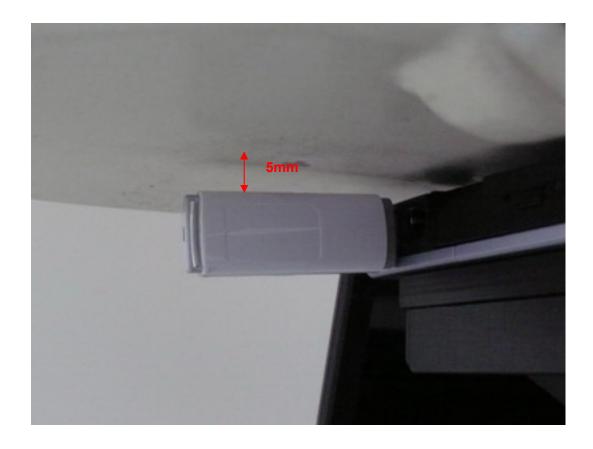
**Picture 5: Constituents of the EUT** 



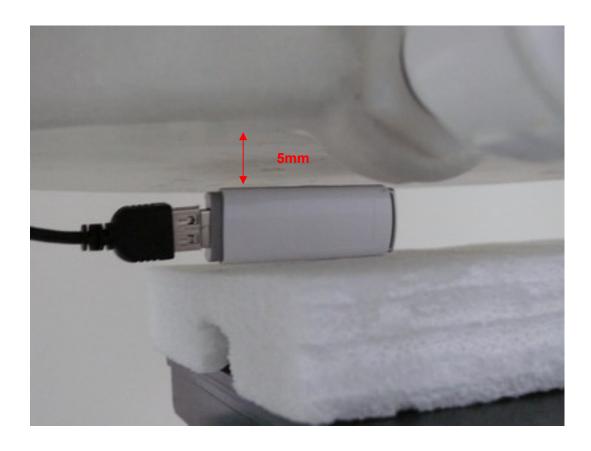
Picture 6: Test position 1



Picture 7: Test position 2



**Picture 8: Test Position 3** 



Picture 9: Test Position 4