

Report No.: SZ12060173S01



# SAR TEST REPOR

Issued to

Verykool USA Inc

For

#### Verykool I130

Model Name Trade Name Brand Name FCC ID Standard	<ul> <li>II30</li> <li>verykool</li> <li>verykool</li> <li>WA6I130</li> <li>FCC Oet65 Supplement C Jun.2001</li> </ul>		
	47CFR 2.1093 ANSI C95.1-1999 IEEE 1528-2003		
MAX SAR	: Head: 0.686 W/kg Body: 1.513 W/kg		
Test date	: 2012-7-6		
Issue date Shenzhen MORLA	B Communication To Strology Co., Ltd.		
Tested byZhu ZhanApproved bySamplosReview bySemure (.p. 0W)Zhu ZhanWei YanquanWei YanquanSamuel. PengDate2012.7.12Date2012.7.12			
CTIA Authorized Test Lab OFTA LAB CODE 200831223-00 IEEE 1725 OTA 電訊管理局	FCC Reg. No. 741109		

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	Change History		
Issue Date		Reason for change	
1.0	Jul. 12, 2012	First edition	



# **Testing Laboratory**

### **1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory**

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.	
Morlab Laboratory	
3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan	
District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China	
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### **1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location**

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.	
	Morlab Laboratory	
Address:	3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan	
	District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China	

### **1.3. Accreditation Certificate**

Accredited Testing Laboratory:	No. CNAS L3572
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# 1.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Туре	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2011-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2011-9-24	1 year
4	4 Synthetizer Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)		2011-9-24	1year
5	5 Amplifier Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10		2011-9-24	1 year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2011-9-24	1 year
7 Probe Satimo (SN:SN_3'		Satimo (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2011-9-24	1 year
8	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2011-9-24	1 year
9	9 Liquid Satimo (Last Calibration: 2012-7-6)		N/A	N.A
10	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPC 99)	2011-9-24	1year
11	Dipole 1900MHz Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 102)		2011-9-24	1year



### 2. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

#### 2.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name:	Verykool USA Inc
Address:	4350 Executive Dr. #100, San Diego

#### 2.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name:	Verykool Wireless Technology Ltd.	
Address:	Room 1701, Reward Building C, No.203, 2nd Section of WangJing,	
	Li Ze Zhong Yuan, ChaoYang District, Beijing, P.R. of China 100102	

### 2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name:	I130
Trade Name:	verykool
Brand Name:	verykool
Hardware Version:	N/A
Software Version:	N/A
Frequency Bands:	GSM 850MHz /PCS 1900MHz;
Modulation Mode:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK;
Multislot Class	GPRS:N/A; EDGE: N/A
Antenna type:	Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage:	Identical prototype
Battery Model:	433450AR
Battery specification:	800mAh3.7V

#### 2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

#### 2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	N/A	N/A



### 2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

	g reference documents for testing.						
No.	Identity	Document Title					
1	47 CFR§2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable					
		Devices					
2	FCC OET Bulletin	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human					
	65 (Edition 97-01),	Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields					
	Supplement C						
	(Edition 01-01)						
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human					
		Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to					
		300 GHz					
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak					
		Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human					
		Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental					
		Techniques.					
5	KDB 447498D1	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and					
		Equipment Authorization Policies					

### 2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.



#### 2.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30 75 %
Air Pressure:	980 1020 hPa
Test frequency:	GSM 850MHz PCS 1900MHz
Operation mode:	Call established
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5)
	PCS 1900 MHz Maximum output power(level 0)

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 125, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

For SAR testing, EUT is in GPRS link mode. In GPRS link mode, its crest factor is 2, because EUT is set in GPRS multi-slot class 12 with 4 uplink slots.



### **3.** Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.  $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta$  T is the temperature rise and  $\delta$  t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



### 4. SAR Measurement Setup

#### 4.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

#### 4.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

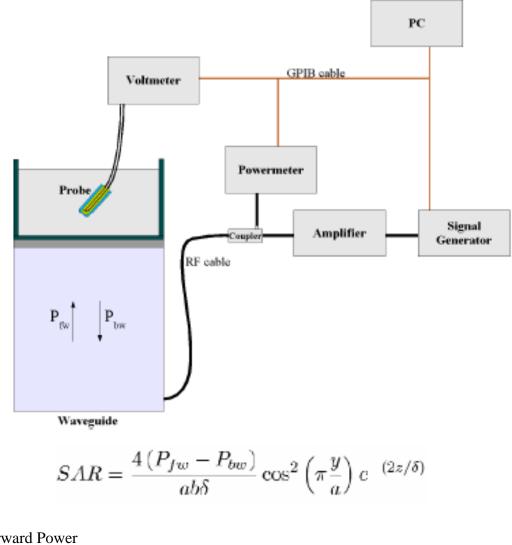
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)



- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: 1ess than  $30^{\circ}$ 

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



Where :

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

1 = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

Vlin(N)=V(N)\*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

#### 4.3. Probe Calibration Process

#### 4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### 4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm2.

#### 4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure

SAR =  $C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$ 

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:  $\Delta t = exposure time (30 seconds),$ 

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta$  T = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

2	WILLE.				
$SAR = \frac{ E ^2 \cdot \sigma}{\sigma}$	$\sigma$ = simulated tissue conductivity,				
ρ	$\rho$ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)				

Whore

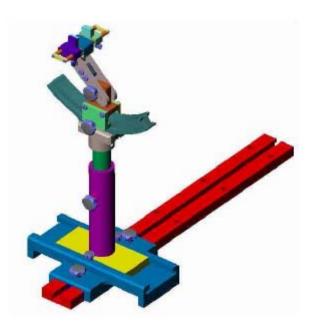


### 4.4. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

#### 4.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005



# 5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of 850, 1900MHz and 2450MHz. which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15cm.

Following are the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450 MHz.

Ingredients	Frequen	cy Band	Frequency Band		
(% by weight )	835	MHz	1900MHz		
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	
Water	41.45	52.4	54.9	40.4	
Salt(NaCl)	1.45	1.4	0.18	0.5	
Sugar	56.0	45.0	0.0	58.0	
HEC	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	
Triton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
DGBE	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Dielectric Constant	42.45	56.1	39.9	54.0	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91	0.95	1.42	1.45	

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

#### Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 22.0~2	emperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.							
Frequency	Description	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)					
835 MHz	Reference result	41.5	0.90					
833 WITZ	$\pm$ 5% window	39.425 to 43.575	0.855 to 0.945					
835 MHz	Validation value	41.675999	0.894409					
855 WITZ	(Jul. 6)	41.0739999	0.094409					
1900 MHz	<b>Reference result</b>	40	1.40					
1900 MINZ	$\pm$ 5% window	38 to 42	1.33 to 1.47					
1000 MHz	Validation value	38.509998	1.436111					
1900 MHz	(Jul. 6)	36.309998	1.430111					



For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.

<b>Femperature: 22.0~</b>	mperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.								
Frequency	Description	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)						
925 MIL	Reference result	55.2	0.97						
835 MHz	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.44 to 37.96	0.9215 to 1.0185						
835 MHz	Validation value (Jul. 6)	55.709999	0.9809033						
1000 MIL	Reference result	53.3	1.52						
1900 MHz	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.635 to 55.965	1.444 to 1.596						
1900 MHz	Validation value (Jul. 6)	52.548876	1.553978						

#### Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid



# 6. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

### 6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	с	d	e=f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/ e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+- %)	Vi
Measurement System	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	~
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	~
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	~
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	~
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	~
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	~
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test sample Related			-			_			
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N- 1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	N- 1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	~
Phantom and Tissue Parameter	°S	ı			1			1	
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞



Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	М
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	$\infty$
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	М
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard			RSS				11.55	10.6	
Uncertainty								7	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				23.11	21.3	
(95% Confidence interval)								3	

# 6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e = f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i=	k
								c*g/	
								e	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci	Ci	1g Ui	10g	Vi
		(+-	Dist.		(1g)	(10g)	(+-%)	Ui	
		%)						(+-	
								%)	
Measurement System						•			
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Tolerance									
Probe positioning with respect	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
to Phantom Shell									
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
integration Algoritms for Max.									
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole				1			1		
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞



Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	8
measurement									
Phantom and Tissue Parameter	rs								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
and thickness tolerances)									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	М
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	$\infty$
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	М
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard			RSS				8.83	8.37	
Uncertainty									
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				17.66	16.7	
(95% Confidence interval)								3	



### 7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

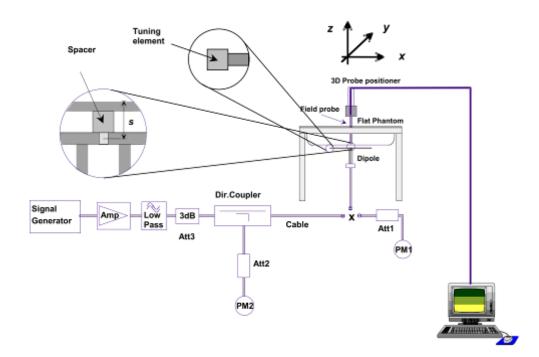
### 7.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99
	1900MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 102

System Verification Setup Block Diagram





### 7.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Frequency	835MHz(Head)	835MHz(Body)	1900MHz(Head)	1900MHz(Body)
Target value (1g)	9.714 W/Kg	9.714 W/Kg	39.89 W/Kg	39.89 W/Kg
250 mW input power	2.478 W/Kg	2.386 W/Kg	9.455 W/Kg	9.740 W/Kg
Test value (1g)	9.912 W/Kg	9.544W/Kg	37.820 W/Kg	38.960 W/Kg

**Note**: System checks the specific test data please see page 73~80

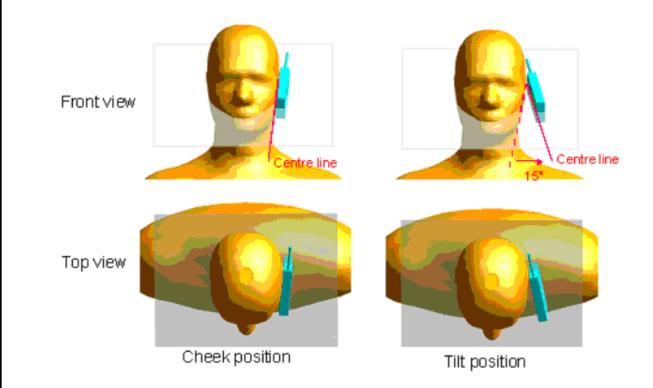


### 8. Operational Conditions During Test

### 8.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the "cheek" and "tilted" positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the "cheek" position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the "tilted" position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the "cheek" position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

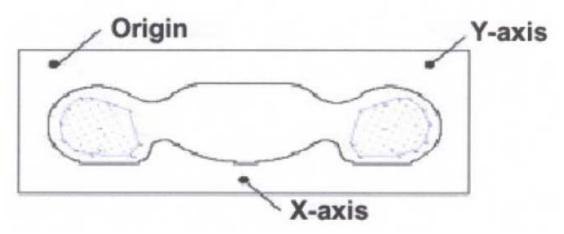


#### 8.2. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

#### 8.3. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
  \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.



#### 8.4. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.



### 9. Measurement Of Conducted Peak Output Power.

#### 1. GSM Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)
GSM	128	824.2	33.19
850	190	836.6	33.15
050	251	848.8	33.08
DCS	512	1850.2	31.05
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	30.80
1900	810	1909.8	30.67

#### 2. GPRS Mode Conducted peak output power

Dand	Band Channel	Channel Frequency		Output Power(dBm)			
Dallu		(MHz)	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4	
CCM	128	824.2	33.22	32.24	30.67	29.72	
GSM 850	190	836.6	33.14	32.31	30.60	29.73	
830	251	848.8	33.07	32.35	30.53	29.56	
DCG	512	1850.2	31.01	30.38	28.75	27.69	
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	30.87	30.14	28.59	27.55	
1900	810	1909.8	30.74	30.01	28.55	27.34	

#### GPRS Time-based Average Power

Dand	Channel Frequency		Output Power(dBm)				
Band Channel	(MHz)	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4		
GSM	128	824.2	24.22	26.22	26.41	26.71	
850	190	836.6	24.14	26.29	26.34	26.72	
830	251	848.8	24.07	26.33	26.27	26.55	
DCG	512	1850.2	22.01	24.36	24.49	24.68	
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	21.87	24.12	24.33	24.54	
1900	810	1909.8	21.74	23.99	24.29	24.33	



#### 10. Test Results List

				SAR	(W/Kg), 1g	Peak
Phanto	m	Device Test	Antenna	Dev	ice Test cha	nnel,
Configura	tions	Positions	Positions	Channel	Channel	Channe
				128	190	251
Right Side		Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.678	/	/
Of Head		Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.459	/	/
Left Side		Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.686	/	/
Of Hea	ad	Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.318	/	/
D 1	CCM	Back upward	Internal	0.674	/	/
Body	GSM	Face Upward	Internal	0.497	/	/
(15mm Separation)	CDDC	Back upward	Internal	1.415	1.513	1.514
	GPRS	Face Upward	Internal	0.824	0.895	0.769

#### Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band)

#### Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
				SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak		
Phanto	m	Device Test	Antenna	Dev	ice Test char	nnel,
Configura	tions	Positions	Positions	Channel	Channel	Channel
				512	661	810
Right Side		Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.510	/	/
Of Head		Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.370	/	/
Left Side		Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.629	/	/
Of Head		Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.272	/	/
Deda	GSM	Back upward	Internal	0.680	/	/
Body (15mm	USM	Face Upward	Internal	0.362	/	/
(15mm Separation)	GPRS	Back upward	Internal	0.801	0.827	0.754
Separation)	UFKS	Face Upward	Internal	/	0.565	/

Note: When the SAR of highest power channel of each configurations is less than 0.8 W/kg, refer to KDB 447498, testing for the other channels is not required.

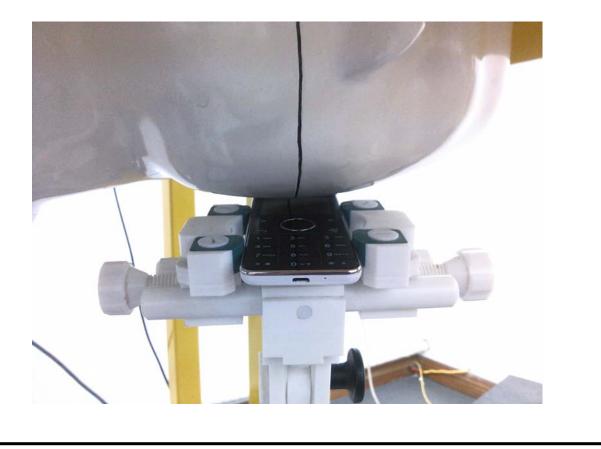


# **Annex A EUT Setup Photos**

1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position





3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position

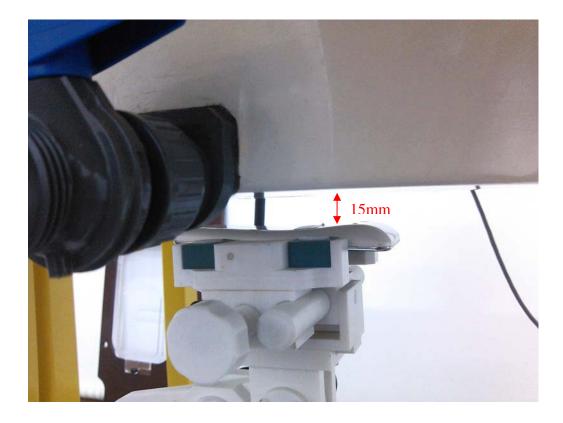


4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position





### 5 Side Position



### Liquid Level Photo





# Annex B Graph Test Results

BAND	PARAMETERS
	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 2: Right Head with Tilt device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 3: Left Head with Cheek device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 4: Left Head with Tilt device position on Low
CSM950	Channel in GSM mode
<u>GSM850</u>	Measurement 5: Body position on Low Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 6: Body position on Low Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 7: Body position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 8: Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 9: Body position on High Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 10: Body position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 11: Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 12: Body position on High Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 13: Right Head with Cheek device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 14: Right Head with Tilt device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 15: Left Head with Cheek device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	Measurement 16: Left Head with Tilt device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 17: Body position on Low Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 18: Body position on Low Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 19: Body position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 20: Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 21: Body position on High Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 22: Body position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode



# **MEASUREMENT 1**

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 41 seconds

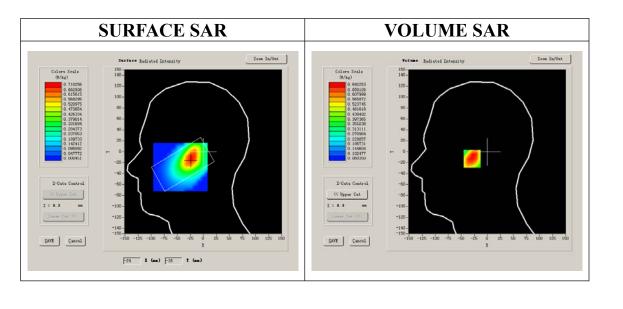
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Right head		
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek		
Band	GSM850		
Channels	Low		
Signal	GSM		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	41.790001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.866612
Power drift (%)	-1.600000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8



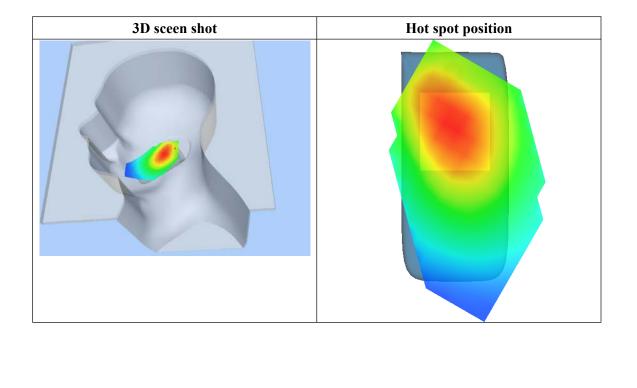


# Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-13.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.460009
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.677662

# <u>Z Axis Scan</u>

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.6908	9.00 0.5195	14.00 0.3815	19.00 0.2829	24.00 0.2070	29.00 0.1507
	SAR	7 Avi	s Scan	(X = -2)	3, Y = -	-13)	
	0.7-	, <i>6</i> hai	s bean		, I –		
	0.6-						
	() 0.5- ≪ € 0.4-		$\mathbb{N}$				
	₩ 0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.1-						
	0.02.	5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





# **MEASUREMENT 2**

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 37 seconds

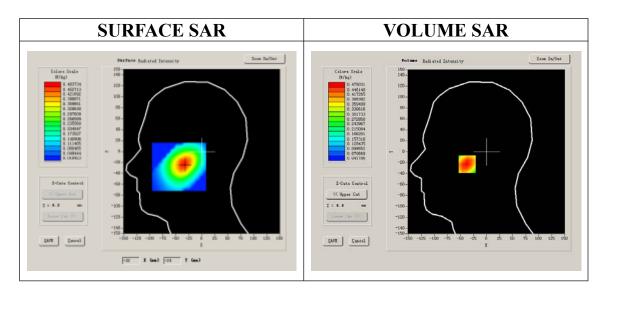
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Right head		
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt		
Band	GSM850		
Channels	Low		
Signal	GSM		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	40.669998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	19.120001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power drift (%)	-0.510000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.4°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8



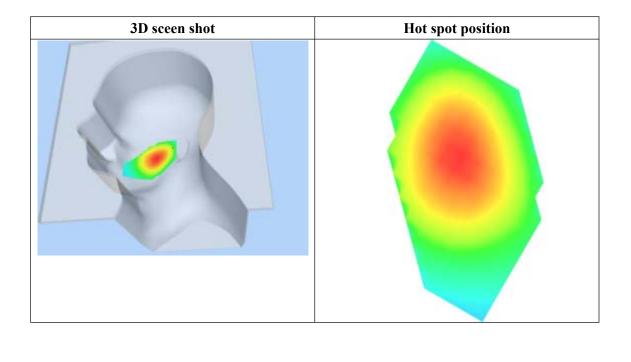


# Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.312825			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.458746			

# <u>Z Axis Scan</u>

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.4720	9.00 0.3335	14.00 0.2400	19.00           0.1842	24.00 0.1331	29.00 0.0953
	0.48- 0.40- 0.35- 0.30- 0.25- 0.20- 0.15- 0.07-	, <b>Z</b> Axi:			<b>3, Y</b> = -	-23)	
				(mm)			





# **MEASUREMENT 3**

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 46 seconds

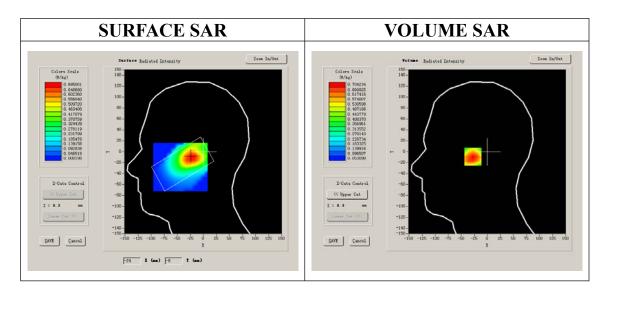
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Phantom	Left head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	GSM850			
Channels	Low			
Signal	GSM			

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

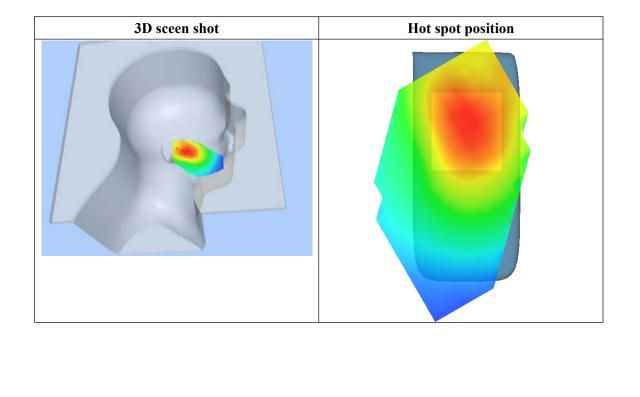
Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	41.790001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.866612
Power drift (%)	-0.510000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:8





#### Z Axis Scan Z (mm) 0.00 9.00 14.00 4.00 19.00 24.00 29.00 SAR 0.0000 0.7042 0.4962 0.3608 0.2717 0.2000 0.1495 (W/Kg) SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -22, Y = -9) 0.7-0.6 (<sup>3</sup>37,0.5 1/2€ 0.4 ₩ 0.3. 0.2-0.1-0.0 2.5 5.0 7.510.0 15.0 20. 0 30.0 35.0 25.0 Z (mm)



### Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.464240
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.685655



# **MEASUREMENT 4**

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 35 seconds

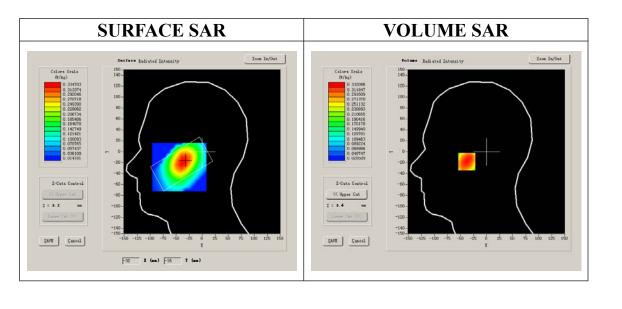
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt Left head			
Phantom				
Device Position	Tilt			
Band	GSM850			
Channels	Low			
Signal	GSM			

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	40.669998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	19.120001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power drift (%)	-0.990000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:8



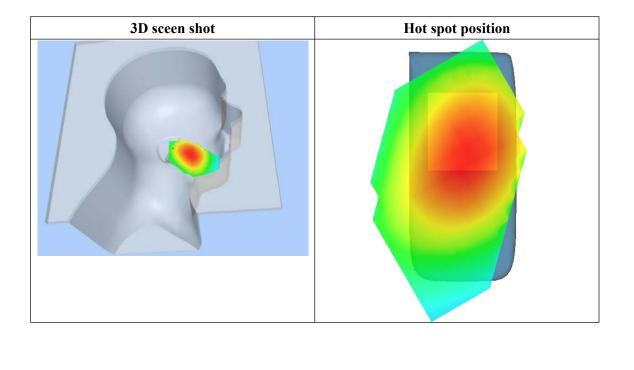


# Maximum location: X=-36.00, Y=-18.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.222311			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.317873			

# <u>Z Axis Scan</u>

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.3321	9.00 0.2394	14.00 0.1799	19.00 0.1315	24.00 0.0954	29.00 0.0693
	SAR	. Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -36	6, Y = -	-18)	
	0.33-	-			-		
	0.30-	$+ \mathbb{N}+$					
	_ 0.25-	+ $+$ $+$		_			
	∰ 20.20		$\mathbb{N}$	_			
	쫋 0. 15	+ $+$ $+$					
	0. 10 -						
	0.05-						
		2.'5 5.'0 7.'5			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			1	Z (mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

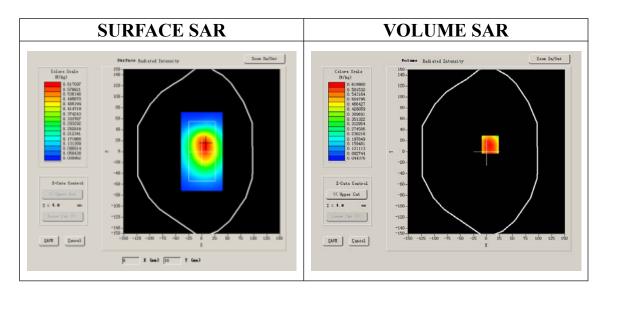
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-1.940000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:8

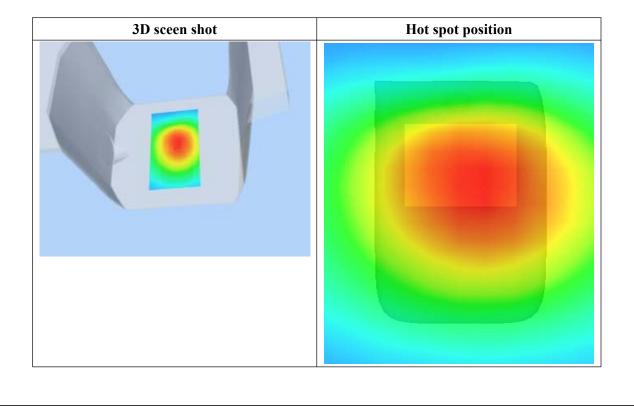




## Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=13.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.459631
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.674109

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00	4.00 0.7039	9.00 0.4810	14.00 0.3413	19.00 0.2369	24.00 0.1645	29.00 0.1185
	0.7- 0.6- 0.5-	AR, ZAX	is Scan	(X = 7	<b>Y</b> = 1	3)	
	0.3- 0.2- 0.1-	.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (nm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

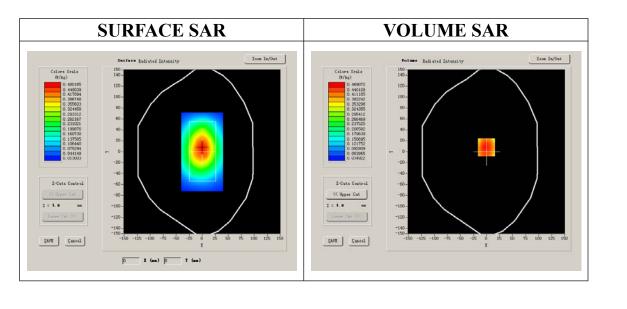
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.940000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:8

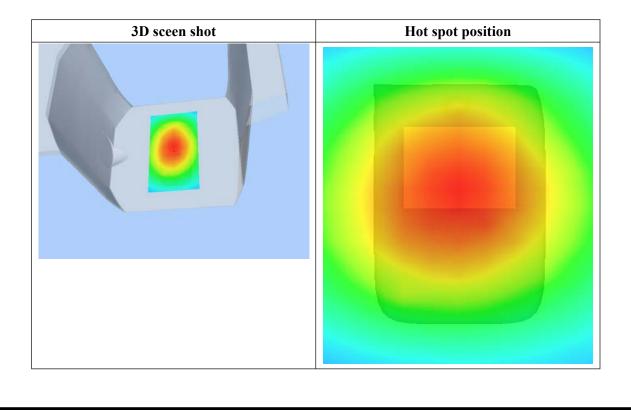




## Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.338150
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.496741

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.5150	9.00 0.3643	14.00 0.2634	19.00 0.1800	24.00 0.1275	29.00 0.0852
	ç	AR 7 4	vic Scar	- (X = 1	0, Y = 8	2)	
	0.5-				, I – C	,, 	
	0.4-	$\square N$					
	() ∭ ∭ 0.3-						
	87 0.2-						
	0.1-						
	0.1- 0.02	.5 5.0 7.51			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_			Z	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 16 seconds

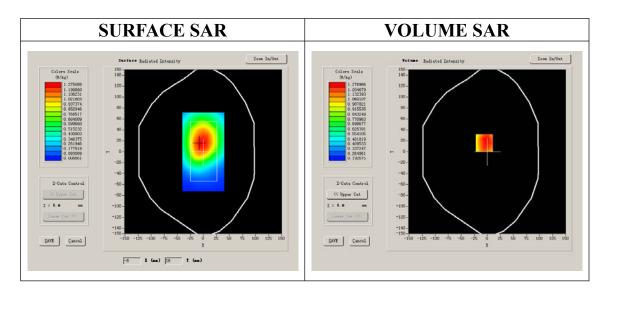
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GPRS

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	54.116001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.974596
Power drift (%)	-0.900000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

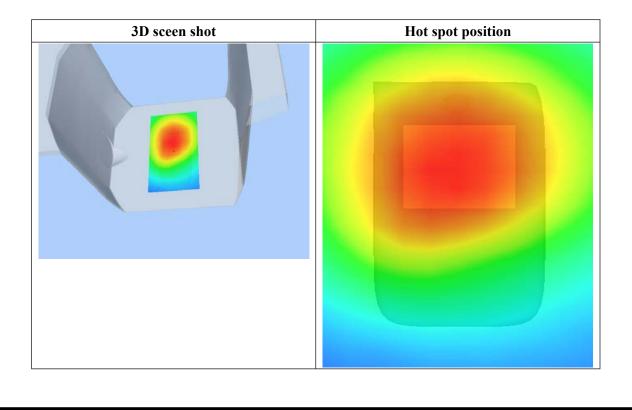




## Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.045868
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.414692

1.4079 R, Z Ax:	1.1043 is Scan	0.8977 (X = -	0.6693 -6, Y =	0.5247	0.4048
R, Z Ax:	is Scan	(X = ·	-6, Y =	16)	
	++				
550751	0 15 (		25 0 3		
.5 5.6 1.51			20.0 0	0.0 33.0	
	5 5.0 7.51		5 5.0 7.510.0 15.0 20.0 Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

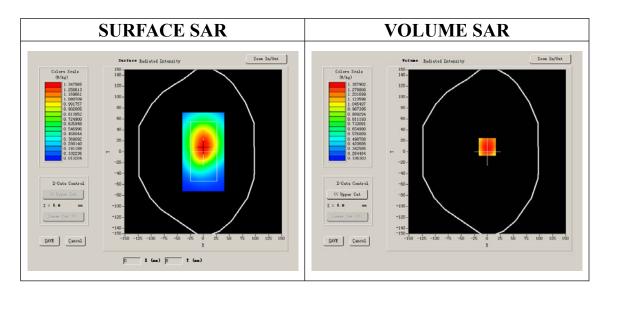
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt	
Phantom	Validation plane	
<b>Device Position</b>	Body	
Band	GSM850	
Channels	Middle	
Signal GPRS		

## **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-1.320000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

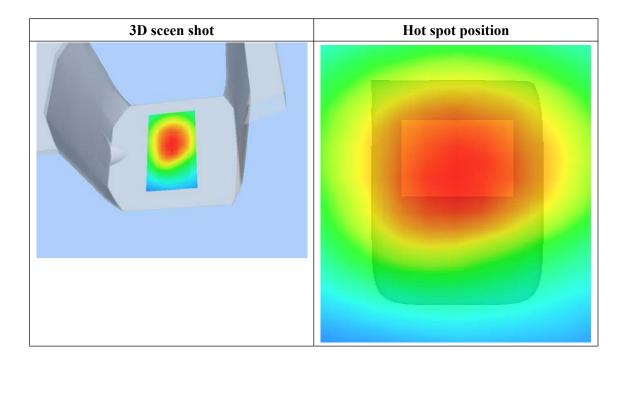




## Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.125066
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.512794

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	1.5407	1.2197	0.9259	0.7542	0.5735	0.4432
(W/Kg)							
	c	1D 7 1		(v - )	0 <b>v</b> - (		
	د	AK, <i>L</i> A	KIS PCH	$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}$	$0, \ \mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{S}$	"	
	1.5-						
	1.4-						
	1.2-	$\square$					
	() 2 2 1.0-		$N \parallel$				
	g 0.8-						
	0.6-		+ $+$ $+$	$+ \mathbf{N}$			
	0.3-						
	0.02	.5 5.0 7.51			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			7	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

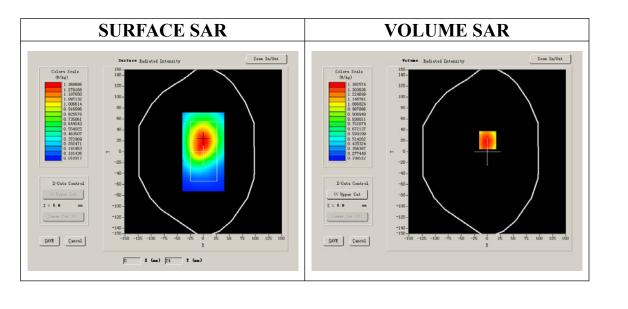
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	GPRS

## **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Higher Band SAR (Channel 251):

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.940000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

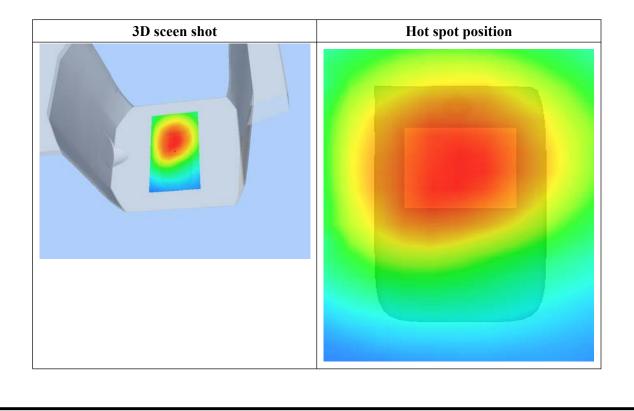




## Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=21.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.112783			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.513779			

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	1.5550	1.1876	0.9175	0.7225	0.5540	0.4335
(W/Kg)							
	Si	AR, Z Ax	is Scan	$(\mathbf{X} = 1)$	<b>, Y</b> = 2	1)	
	1.6-						
	1.4-						
		$   \times$					
	ງ ຊີ						
	∰ 1.0-						
	g 0.8-		++				
	0.6-						
	0.3-						
	0.02	.5 5.0 7.51			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			7	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 18 seconds

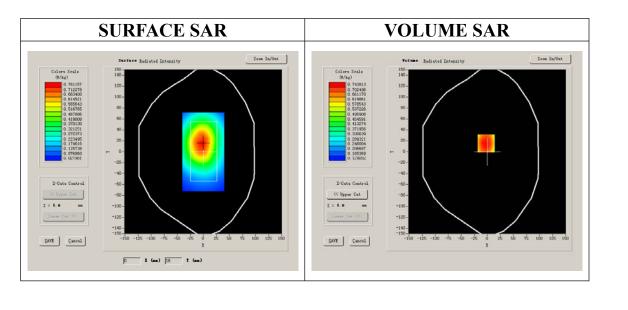
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>	Body		
Band	GSM850		
Channels	Low		
Signal	GPRS		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.040000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

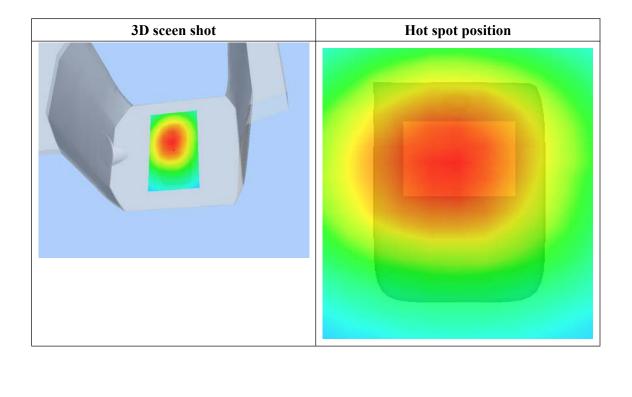




## Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=15.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.607853
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.823882

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0 0.8446	0.6580	0.5080	0.3909	0.3067	0.2326
	SA	R, Z Ax	is Scan	(X = -2	2, Y = 1	15)	
	0.8-						
	0.7-						
	(ଭୁ0.6- ଛି <sub>0.5-</sub>						
			+N				
	¥ 0.4-						
	0.3-			$+$ $\square$			
	0.2-						
		.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 18 seconds

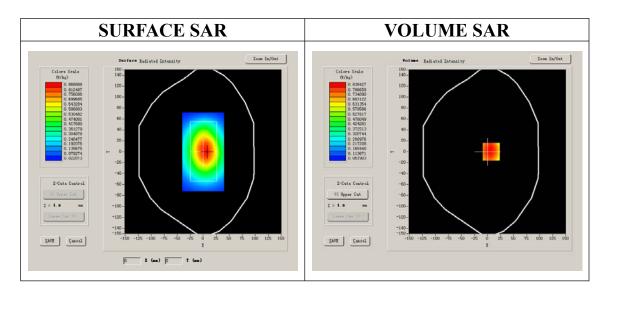
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GPRS

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	1.250000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

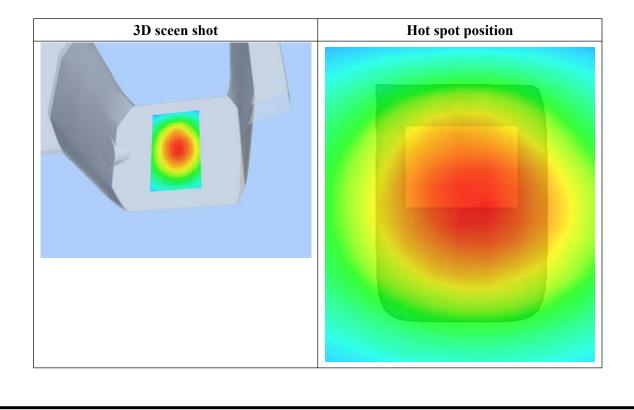




## Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.609734
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.894616

Z (mm)	0.00	0 4.00 9.0		14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.9137	0.6440	0.4564	0.3213	0.2258	0.1558
(W/Kg)							
	S	AR, Z A	xis Scar	n (X = '	7, Y = (	))	
	0.9						
	0.8-						
	0.7-						
	ୁଅପ.6- ≷0.5-						
	g 0.4-		++				
	0.3-						
	0.2-		+ $+$ $+$				
	0.1-						
	0.0 2.	5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			L	(nm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 18 seconds

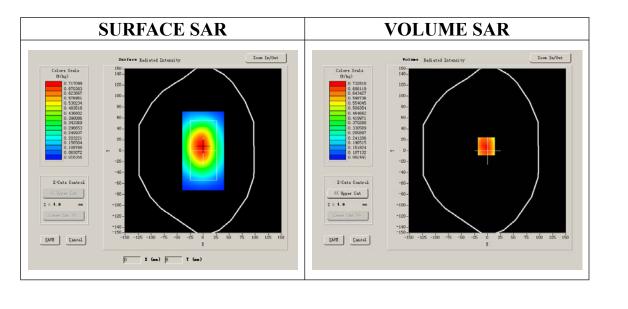
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt				
Phantom	Validation plane				
<b>Device Position</b>	Body				
Band	GSM850				
Channels	High				
Signal	GPRS				

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Higher Band SAR (Channel 251):

Frequency (MHz)	848.800000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.620000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

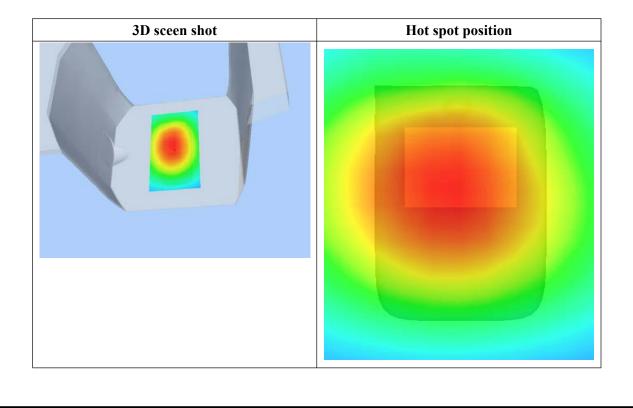




## Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.523495
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.769467

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00		4.00 .8045	5	9.00 0.550		14. 0.39			19.0 ).271			4.00 1930	29.00 0.1357
	:	SAR,	Z	Axi	s Se	can	(X	= -	-2.	Y	= :	8)		
	0.8-	,				_			_,	_			_	
	0.7-	_	N		_	_								
	0.6-	_			_	_								
	(24/)) 0.4	_	$\left  \right $			_								
	æ eg 0.4-−	_		_	$\rightarrow$									
	ភិ 0.3	_			_									
	0.2-	_	$\left  \right $		_	_			-	_				
	0.1-											_	•	
	0.0	2.55	.07.	510.	0	15.0 Z	20 (mm)	.0	25.	0	30.	0	35.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 48 seconds

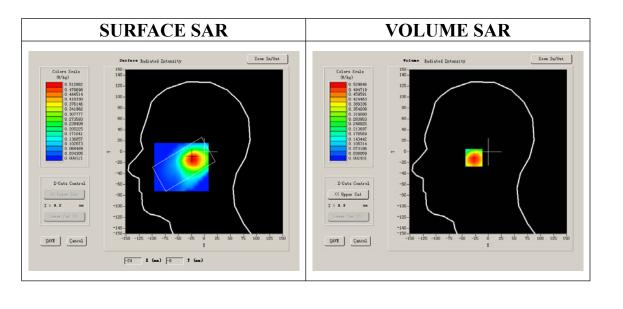
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Phantom	Right head			
<b>Device Position</b>	Cheek			
Band	GSM1900			
Channels	Low			
Signal	GSM			

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	38.509998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	0.120000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

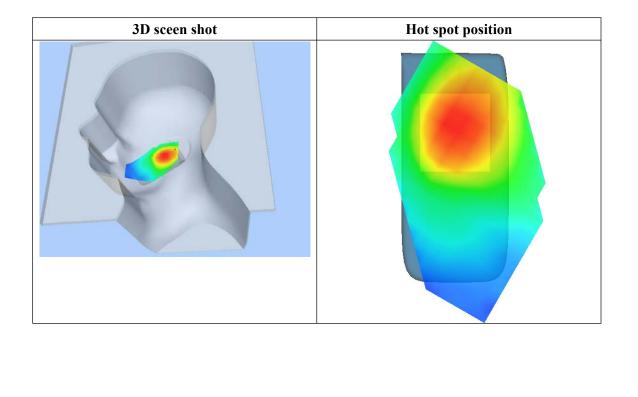




## Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=-11.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.287877
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.509690

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.5298	9.00 0.3109	14.00 0.1696	19.00 0.1015	24.00 0.0540	29.00 0.0260
	SAR	, Z Axi:	s Scan	(X = -2	2, Y = -	-11)	
	0.5-						
	0.4-						
4	() 24 25 0.3						
	g 0.2-						
	0.1-		+	++			
	0.0- 0.0 2.	5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

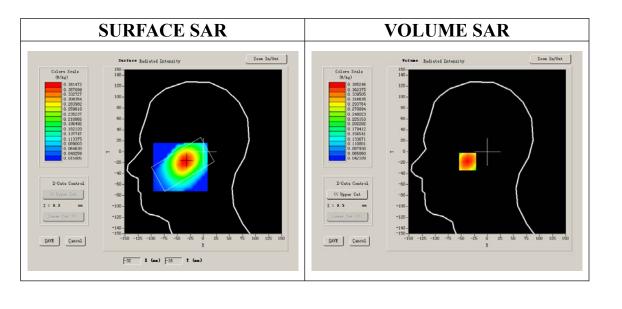
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom	Right head	
<b>Device Position</b>	evice Position Tilt	
Band	GSM1900	
Channels	Low	
Signal GSM		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	38.509998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	0.010000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8



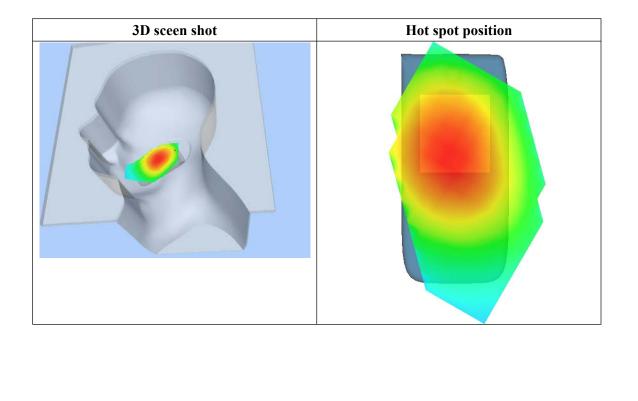


## Maximum location: X=-35.00, Y=-18.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.260904
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.370332

### Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.3852	0.2847	0.2106	0.1626	0.1206	0.0967
(W/Kg)							
	SAR	. Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -3)	5. Y = -	-18)	
				•	,		
	0.39-						
	0.35-	$+ \mathbf{N} +$					
	0.30-						
	() ₩ 0.25						
	ag 0.20-						
	0.15-	+ $+$ $+$					
	0.10-						
	0.07-						
		2.55.07.5	10.0 15.0	0 20.0	25.0 30	0 35.0	
			:	Z (mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 57 seconds

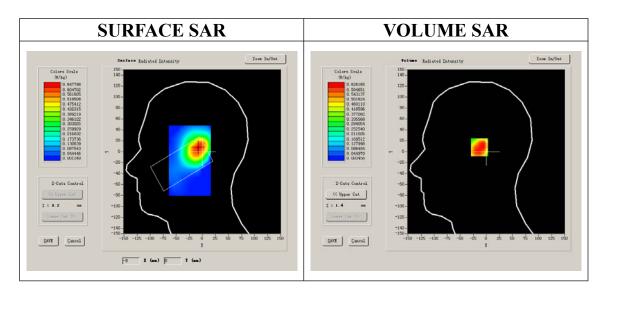
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom Left head		
Device Position	ce Position Cheek	
Band	GSM1900	
Channels	Low	
Signal	GSM	

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	38.509998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-1.710000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

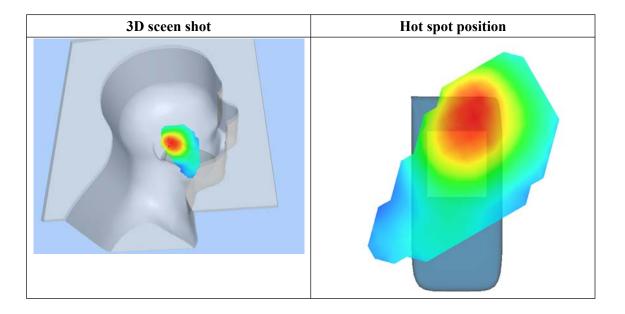




## Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.343428
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.629127

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00	4.00 0.6070	9.00 0.3394	14.00 0.1780	19.00           0.0972	24.00 0.0473	29.00 0.0300
	SI	AR, Z Ax	is Scan	(x = -	-8. ¥ =	8)	
			10 0000		<b>,</b> , ,		
	0.6						
	0.5-	$+ \mathbf{N} +$					
	<sub>അ</sub> 0.4-						
	(⊋0.4- ₩ 10.3-						
	⊂ 0.3 es						
	8 0.2-		+N+				
	0.1-						
	0.0-				╺╼┿╼╼┿╼╸		
		.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20. 0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 27 seconds

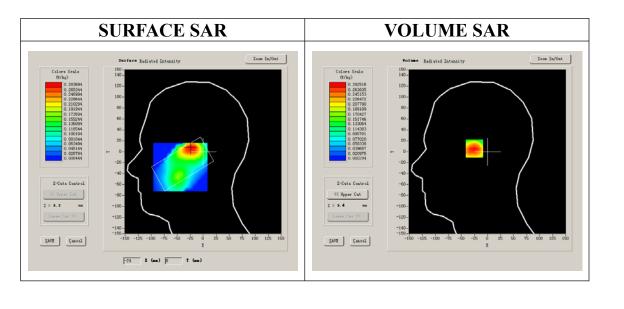
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom Left head		
<b>Device Position</b>	Tilt	
Band	GSM1900	
Channels	Low	
Signal GSM		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	38.509998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-2.150000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

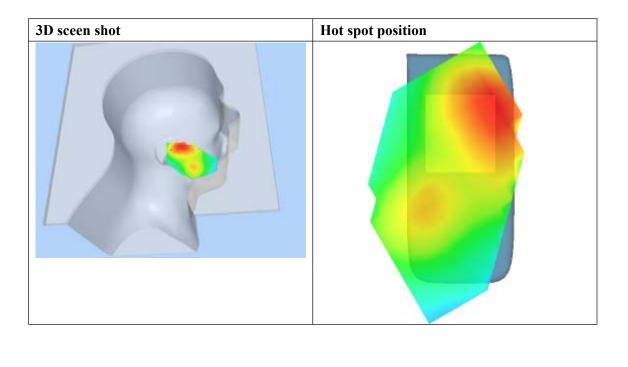




## Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.153770		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.271938		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.2825	0.1576	0.0893	0.0490	0.0276	0.0147
(W/Kg)							
	Si	AR, Z Az	is Scan	$\mathbf{X} = -$	22, Y =	7)	
	0. 28 -						
	0.25-						
	ా. <sup>0. 20</sup> −−	++					
	0.20- ₩ € 0.15-						
	₩ 0.10-						
	0.05-						
	0.01-	2.55.07.5	510.0 15.	0 20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
	0.0	2.00.01.0		σ 20.0 Ζ (mm)	20.0 00		
_				2 ()			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 3 seconds

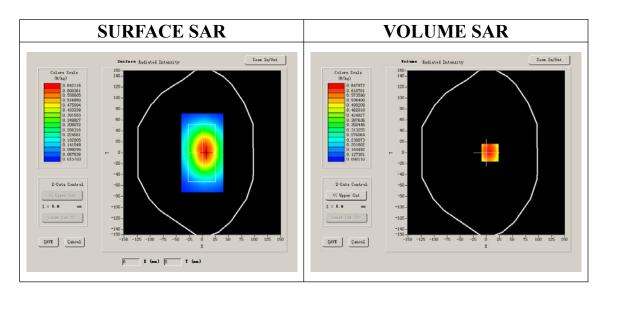
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>	Body		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	GSM		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.540001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	0.270000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:8

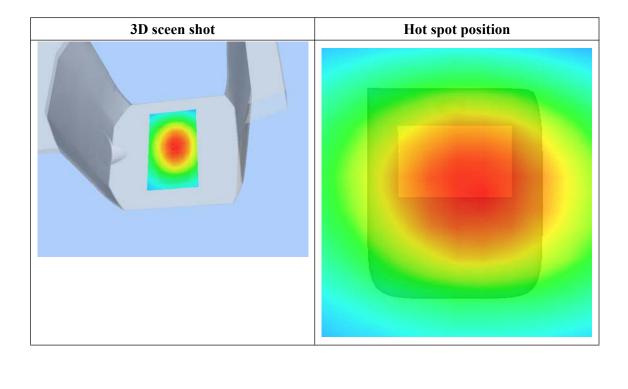




## Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.499616
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.679739

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7114	0.5509	0.4203	0.3172	0.2464	0.1886
	S	AR, ZA:	xis Scar	n (X = '	7, ¥ = (	))	
	0.7-				-		
	0.6-	$  \mathbf{N}$					
	(v) 0.5-		$\mathbb{N}$				
	(29,0.5- ∭2,0.4- 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,		+				
	0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.02	. 5 5. 0 7. 51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_							





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

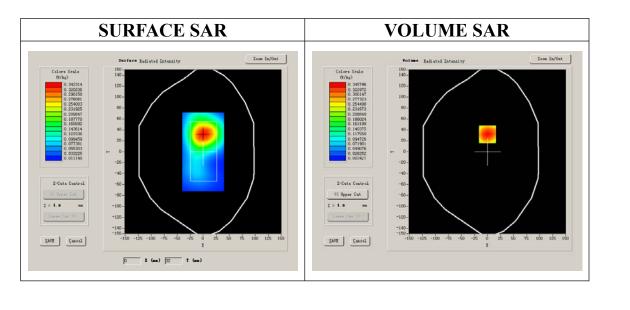
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.540001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-0.420000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:8

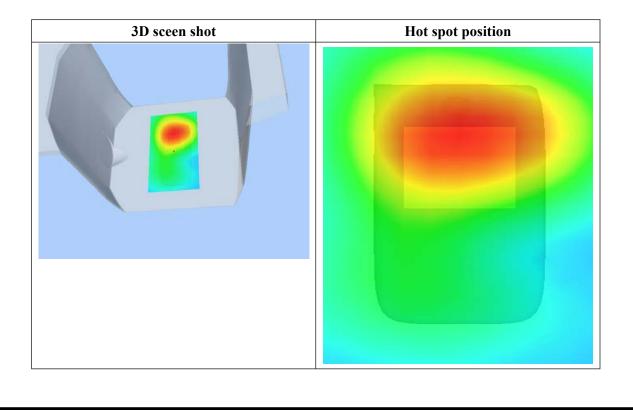




## Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.198169
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.361984

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.3765	0.1932	0.0944	0.0485	0.0235	0.0142
(W/Kg)							
	SI	AR, Z Ax	is Scan	$(\mathbf{X} = 0)$	, Y = 3	2)	
	0.38-						
		+					
	0.30-	$+ \mathbf{N}$					
	( <sub>20</sub> 0.25	++					
	≨ 0.20- <u></u>	++					
	뗧 0.15-		$\mathbb{N}$				
	0.10-	+ $+$ $+$	+ N				
	0.05-	+ $+$ $+$					
	0.01-				╺╼┾╼╼┼╼╼┥		
	0.0:	2.5 5.0 7.5:			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			2	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

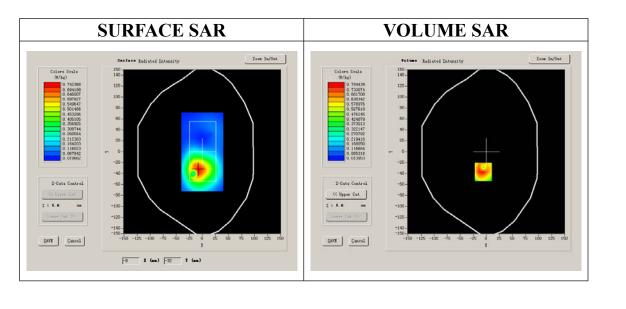
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>	Body		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	GPRS		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

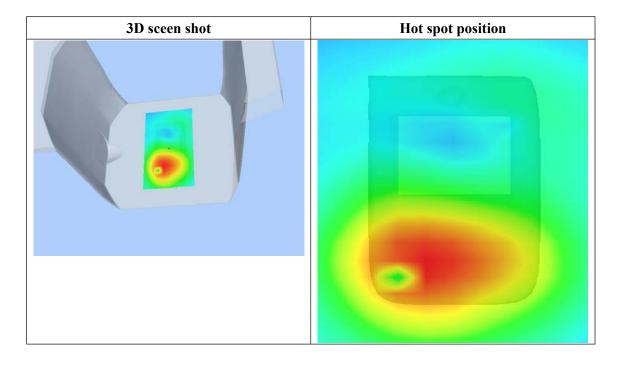
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.540001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-0.280000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2





SAR 10g (W/Kg)				0.450115 0.801068			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)							
			<u>Z Axi</u>	<u>s Scan</u>			
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8542	0.4658	0.2730	0.1547	0.0915	0.0497
	0.9- 0.7- 0.6- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.0- 0.02.	5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	

Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-37.00





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 9 seconds

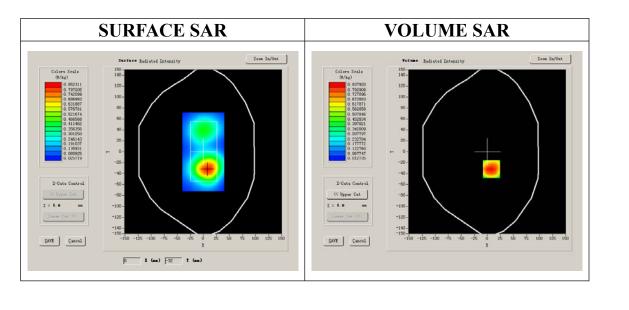
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GPRS

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.540001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-0.280000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2

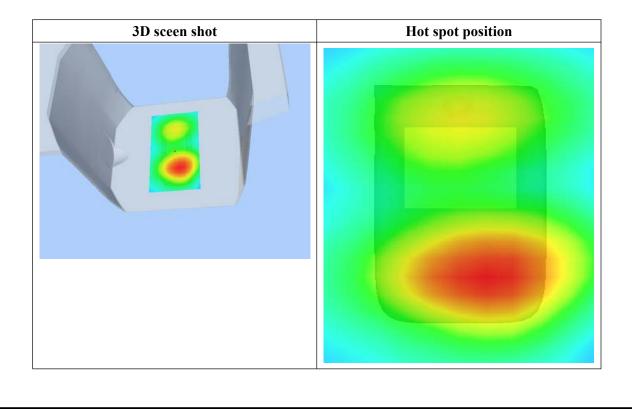




## Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.464109
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.827446

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8574	0.4759	0.2691	0.1514	0.0880	0.0461
	0.9- 0.7- 0.6- (34)0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0-	R, Z Ax	0.0 15.0		Y = -3		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 9 seconds

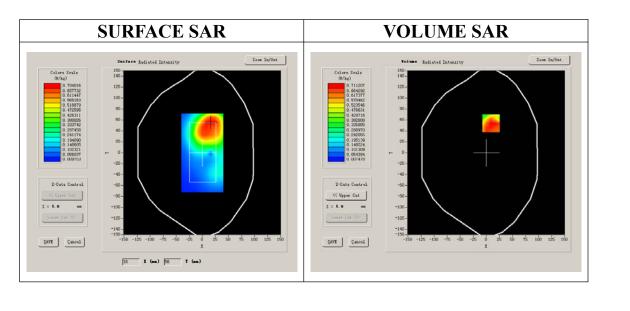
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
<b>Device Position</b>	Body			
Band	GSM1900			
Channels	High			
Signal	GPRS			

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Higher Band SAR (Channel 810):

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.540001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-0.280000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2

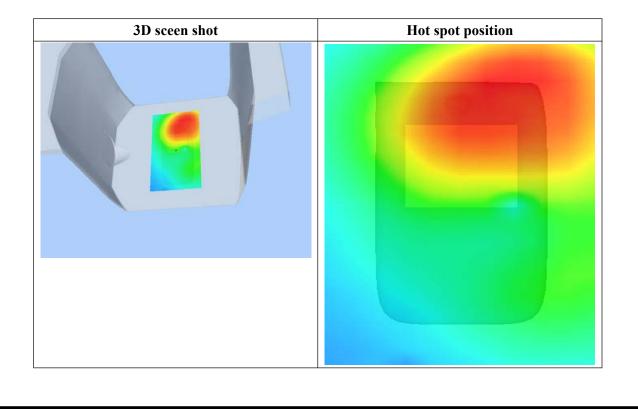




## Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=54.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.439754
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.754026

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.7744	0.4354	0.2501	0.1476	0.0875	0.0484
(W/Kg)							
	SA	AR, Z Ax	is Scan	(X = 9	, Y = 5	4)	
	0.8-						
	0.7-						
	0.6-		+ $+$ $+$				
	0.5-						
	(ஜ) 0.5- ⊯ )≋ 0.4-						
	g 0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.1-						
		5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 9 seconds

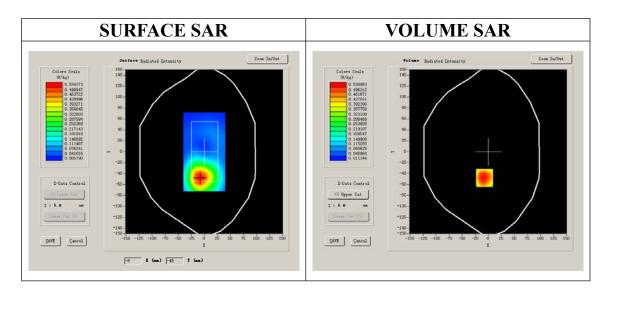
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>	Body		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	GPRS		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.540001
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	1.540000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2

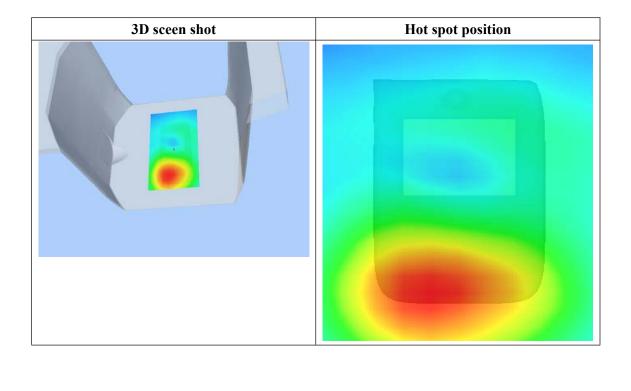




## Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-48.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.323235
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.565260

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.5782	0.3253	0.1884	0.1107	0.0626	0.0376
(W/Kg)							
	SAF	R, Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -7)	, Y = -	48)	
	0.6-						
	0.5-						
	(20.4- 24/≋ 0.3-						
	≅ 0.3-						
	₩ <sub>0.2-</sub>						
	0.2-						
	0.1-						
	0.0-						
	0.02	5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			L	ψnm)			





## System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

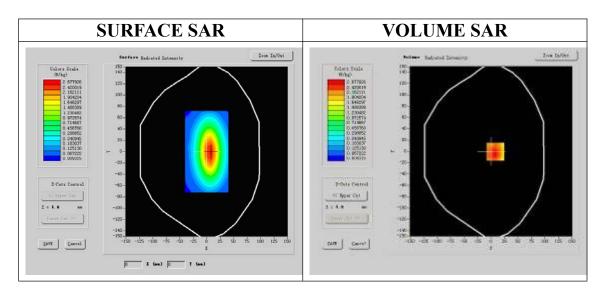
#### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
<b>Device Position</b>				
Band	835MHz			
Channels				
Signal	CW			

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

#### Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	41.675999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.894409
Power drift (%)	-0.050000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4754	1.2251	0.5257	0.2114
2. (#//kg) 1. 1.	0				
0. 0.	5- 2- 0.0 2.5 5.		12.5 15.0 17. (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	.0

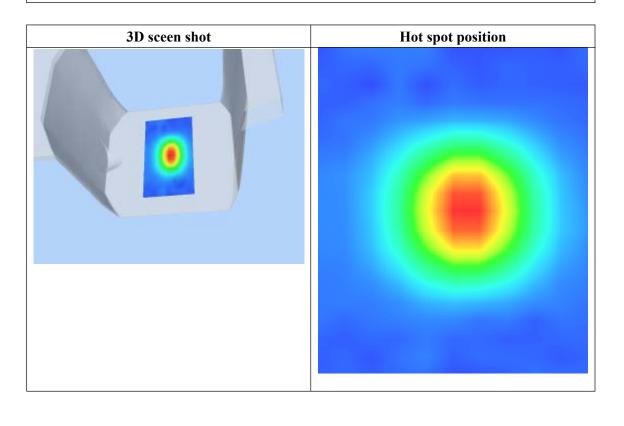
#### Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

1.685732

2.478462

SAR 10g (W/Kg)

SAR 1g (W/Kg)





## System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

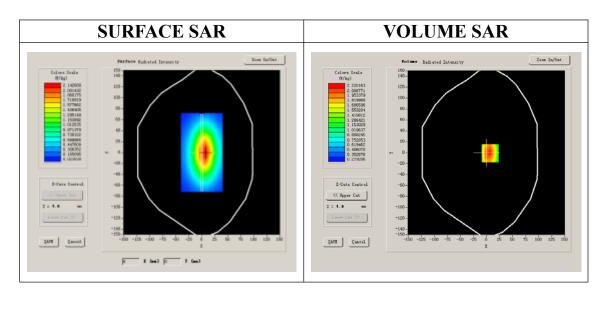
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>			
Band	835MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

#### Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	55.709999
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	0.9809033
Power drift (%)	-0.170000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1





## Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.539476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.385979

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143
(W/Kg)							
	Si	AR, Z Ax	is Scan	$(\mathbf{X} = 7)$	, Y = -	1)	
	2.5	-	+ + +				
	2.0-	++	+ $+$ $+$	+ $+$ $+$			
	(jg	N					
	() ¥ ≥ 1.5-			+ $+$ $+$			
	¥ 1.0-		$ \mathbf{N} $				
	vi 1.0-						
	0.3-						
	0.02	.5 5.0 7.51			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			L	(mm)			

3D sceen shot	Hot spot position



## System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement:6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

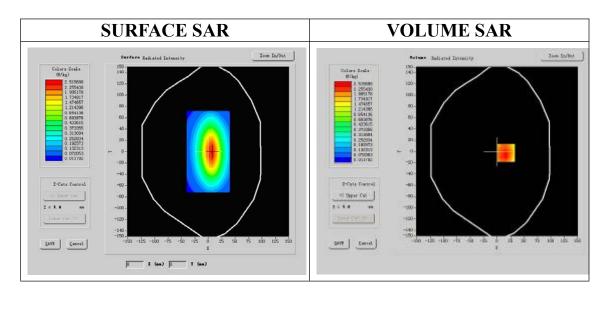
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>			
Band	1900MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

#### Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	38.509998
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-0.140000
<b>Ambient Temperature:</b>	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

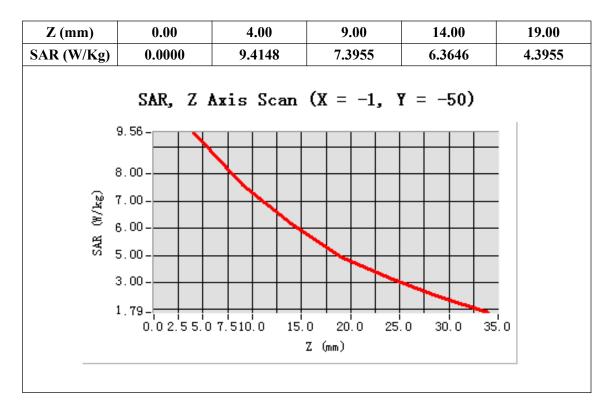


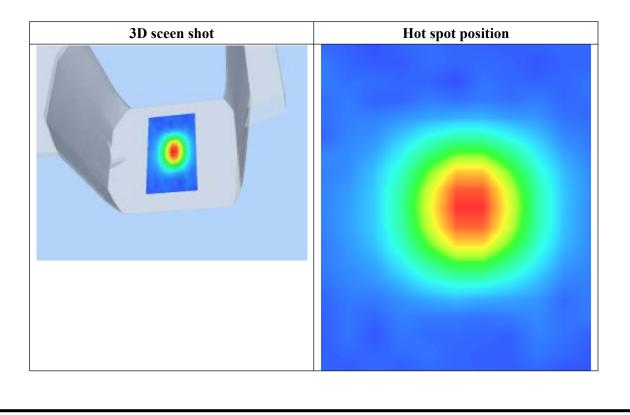


#### Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-50.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.884149
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.454628

#### Z Axis Scan







## System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement:6/7/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 26 seconds

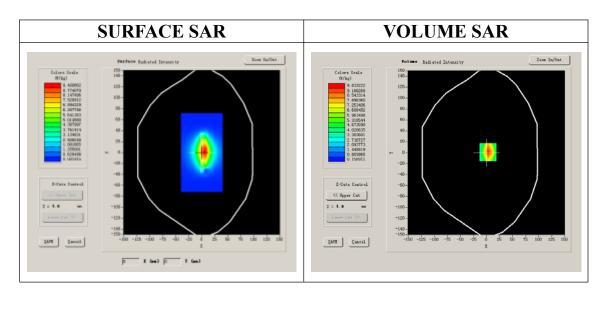
### A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
<b>Device Position</b>			
Band	1900MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

#### Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	52.548876
<b>Relative permittivity</b>	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.553978
Power drift (%)	-0.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:1





## Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.981611
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.740177

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.0621	5.6445	3.6226	2.1642	1.4521	0.9078
(W/Kg)							
	_			(			
	S	AR, Z A	xis Sca	n (X = 3)	3, Y = 1	.)	
	10.06-						
	8.00						
	( <sup>39</sup> 7, 6.00 ₩ 4.00	$\rightarrow$					
-	8						
	₹ 4.00						
	2.00-						
	0.64-						
		2.5 5.0 7.5			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
				Z (mm)			

