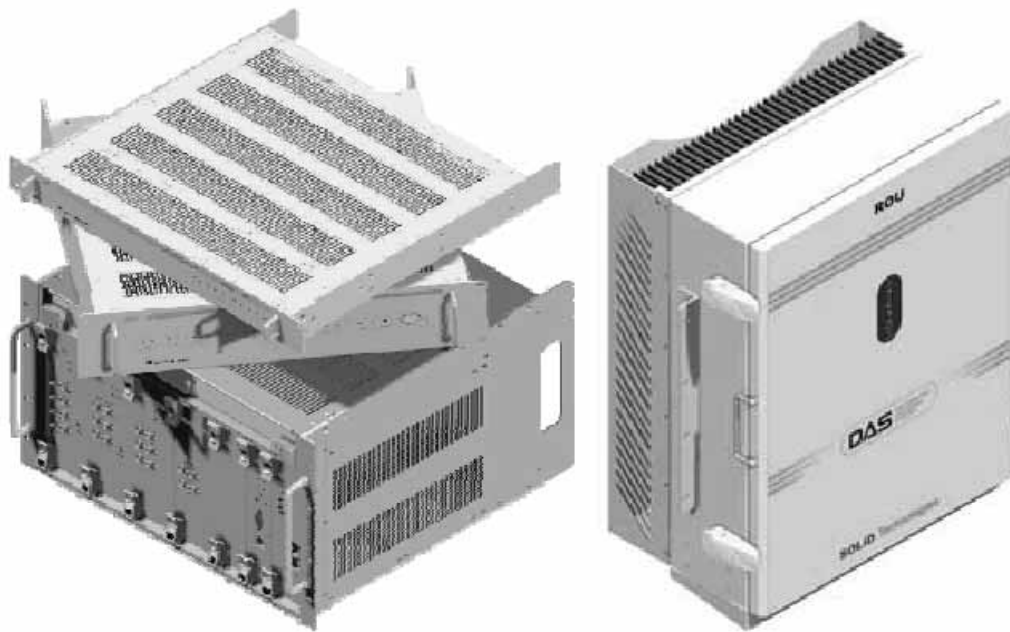


SMDR-NH124

Installation and Operation Manual



Document Reference:

Version:	V4.0
Document Status:	Release 1
Issue Date:	Jan. 02, 2009
Author:	Kyung Eun Han
Department:	R&D Division Team 3
Authorizing Manager:	Youngshin Yeo

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Issue Date	No. of Pages	Initials	Details of Revision Changes
V 1.0	Jan. 02, 2009		Original	
V 2.0	Oct. 23, 2009			Add RDU(VHF+UHF)
V 3.0	Feb. 04, 2010			Add ADD ON V/UHF ROU
V 4.0	Nov. 24, 2010			Add RDU E-VHF+UHF

Technical Support

SOLID serial numbers must be available to authorize technical support and/or to establish a return authorization for defective units. The serial numbers are located on the back of the unit, as well as on the box in which they were delivered. Additional support information may be obtained by accessing the SOLiD Tehcnology, Inc. website at www.st.co.kr or send email at sjkim@st.co.kr

This manual is produced by Global Business Division Business Team 1. Printed in Korea.

Contents

Section1	<i>Safety & Certification Notice.....</i>	9
Section2	<i>System Overview.....</i>	11
2.1	General overview	12
2.2	System overview.....	13
Section3	<i>System Specifications.....</i>	15
3.1	System specifications	16
3.1.1	Physical Specifications	16
3.1.2	Optic wavelength and Laser power.....	17
3.1.3	Environmental specifications	17
3.1.4	Operating Frequencies range.....	17
3.1.5	Specifications Per band	18
Section4	<i>System Configuration and Functions.....</i>	23
4.1	BIU (BTS Interface Unit)	24
4.1.1	Specifications of BIU	24
4.1.2	Block diagram of BIU.....	25
4.1.3	BIU parts	25
4.1.4	Function by unit.....	26
4.1.5	Front/rear panels of BIU	31
4.2	ODU (Optic distribution Unit).....	33
4.2.1	Specifications of ODU	33
4.2.2	Block Diagram of ODU	34
4.2.3	ODU parts	34
4.2.4	Function by unit.....	35
4.2.5	Front/rear panels of ODU	36
4.2.6	Interface with BIU	37
4.3	OEU (Optic Expansion Unit).....	38
4.3.1	Specifications of OEU	39
4.3.2	Block Diagram of OEU.....	39
4.3.3	OEU parts	40
4.3.4	Function by unit.....	41
4.3.5	Front/rear panels of OEU	43
4.4	ROU (Remote Optic Unit)	44

4.4.1	Specifications of ROU	45
4.4.2	Block Diagram of ROU	45
4.4.3	ROU parts	46
4.4.4	Function by unit.....	47
4.4.5	Bottom of ROU	52
4.5	Add on V/UHF ROU	54
4.5.1	Specifications of AOR	54
4.5.2	Block Diagram of AOR	55
4.5.3	AOR parts	55
4.5.4	Function by unit.....	56
4.5.5	Rear of AOR.....	57
Section5	System Installation & Operation.....	60
5.1	BIU Installation	61
5.1.1	BIU Shelf Installation	61
5.1.2	BIU Power Cabling.....	62
5.1.3	RF Interface at BIU.....	63
5.1.4	MDBU insertion	67
5.1.5	ODU Interface	68
5.1.6	Consumption Power of BIU	70
5.2	ODU Installation	70
5.2.1	ODU Shelf Installation	71
5.2.2	ODU Power Cabling	71
5.2.3	ODU Optic Cabling.....	71
5.2.4	Insert DOU to ODU.....	72
5.2.5	Consumption Power of ODU.....	72
5.3	ROU Installation	73
5.3.1	ROU Enclosure installation.....	73
5.3.2	ROU Power Cabling	77
5.3.3	Optical Cabling	78
5.3.4	GND Terminal Connection	79
5.3.5	Coaxial cable and Antenna Connection	79
5.3.6	Insertion of RDU.....	79
5.3.7	Consumption of RDU.....	89
5.4	OEU Installation	90
5.4.1	OEU Shelf installation	90
5.4.2	OEU Power Cabling	90

5.4.3	OEU Optic Cabling	91
5.4.4	Insert DOU to OEU	92
5.4.5	Consumption Power of OEU	92
5.5	ADD ON V/UHF ROU Installation	93
5.5.1	AOR Enclosure installation	93
5.5.2	AOR Power Cabling	96
5.5.3	GND Terminal Connection	98
5.5.4	Coaxial cable and Antenna Connection	99
5.5.5	Consumption Power of AOR	99
5.5.6	Interface with existing ROU	99
Section6	Operation	101
6.1	BIU Operation	102
6.1.1	BIU	102
6.1.2	TX Operation at BIU	102
6.1.3	RX Operation at BIU	106
6.1.4	Setting whether to use ROU/OEU at BIU	106
6.1.5	ODU Operation at BIU	108
6.2	ROU Operation	110
6.2.1	ROU Operation	110
6.3	OEU Operation	116
6.3.1	OEU Operation	116
Section7	Additive functions	120
7.1	Shutdown function (TX output shutdown)	121
7.2	Total Power Limit function (TX Output ALC)	121
7.3	Output power automatic setting function (TX Output AGC)	121
7.4	Input power AGC function (TX Input AGC)	122
7.5	Input power limit function (TX Input ALC)	123
7.6	Optic loss compensation	123

Contents of Figure

Figure 2.1 – Basic system topology	13
Figure 2.2 – Expansion system topology	14
Figure 4.1 – BIU outer view	24
Figure 4.2 – BIU mounting diagram	25
Figure 4.3 – MDBU Outer Look.....	28
Figure 4.4 – MDBU Outer Look.....	29
Figure 4.5 – MCPU Outer Look.....	30
Figure 4.6 – MPSU Outer Look.....	31
Figure 4.7 – BIU front panel Outer Look	31
Figure 4.8 – Rear panel Outer Look.....	32
Figure 4.9 – ODU Outer Look	33
Figure 4.10 – ODU Inner Look	34
Figure 4.11 – MDBU Outer Look.....	35
Figure 4.12 – 2Way Divider Outer Look	36
Figure 4.13 – ODU front panel Outer Look	36
Figure 4.14 – ODU Rear panel Outer Look.....	36
Figure 4.15 – Interface between BIU and ODU.....	37
Figure 4.16 – OEU Outer Look.....	39
Figure 4.17 – OEU Inner Look	40
Figure 4.18 – MDBU Outer Look.....	41
Figure 4.19 – EWDM Outer Look.....	41
Figure 4.20 – ECPU Outer Look	42
Figure 4.21 – ERFM Outer Look	42

Figure 4.22 – ERFM Outer Look	43
Figure 4.23 – OEU front panel Outer Look.....	43
Figure 4.24 – Rear panel Outer Look.....	44
Figure 4.25 – ROU Outer Look	44
Figure 4.26 – ROU Inner Look	46
Figure 4.27 – RDU Outer Look.....	49
Figure 4.28 – R OPTIC Outer Look.....	50
Figure 4.29 – RCPU Outer Look	50
Figure 4.30 – Multiplexer Outer Look	51
Figure 4.31 – ROU Bottom Look.....	52
Figure 4.32 – AOR Outer Looks	54
Figure 4.33 – AOR Inner Look.....	55
Figure 4.34 – RDU Outer Look.....	56
Figure 4.35 – AOR Rear Look	58
Figure 5.1 – RACK Installation	61
Figure 5.2 – 800PS BDA Interface using Circulator	66
Figure 5.3 – 800PS BDA Interface using Duplexer	67
Figure 5.4 – Optical cable of SC/ACP Type	71
Figure 5.5 – How to install ROU	73
Figure 5.6 – Dimension used to install ROU on the WALL.....	74
Figure 5.7 – Optical cable of SC/ACP Type	91
Figure 5.8 – How to install AOR	93
Figure 5.9 – Dimension used to install AOR on the WALL	93
Figure 5.10 – Installation flow diagram when AOR installs on wall	94

Figure 5.10 – Installation flow diagram when AOR installs in the rack 95

Figure 5.10 – AOR which is installed above of ROU 100

Figure 5.11 – AOR which is installed under of ROU..... 100

Section1

Safety & Certification Notice

“Only qualified personnel are allowed to handle this unit. Read and obey all the warning labels attached in this user manual”

Any personnel involved in installation, operation or service of the SOLID Technology repeaters must understand and obey the following:

- Obey all general and regional installation and safety regulations relating to work on high voltage installations, as well as regulations covering correct use of tools and personal protective equipment.
- The power supply unit in repeaters contains dangerous voltage level, which can cause electric shock. Switch the mains off prior to any work in such a repeater. Any local regulations are to be followed when servicing repeaters.
- The repeater cover should be (door) securely fastened in open position, e.g. by tying it up, at outdoor work in order to prevent door from slamming due to wind causing bodily harm or damage.
- Use this unit only for the purpose specified by the manufacturer. Do not carry out any modifications or fit any spare parts which are not sold or recommended by the manufacturer. This could cause fires, electric shock or other injuries.
- Any repeater, including this repeater, will generate radio signals and thereby give rise to electromagnetic fields that may be hazardous to the health of any person who is extensively exposed to the signals at the immediate proximity of the repeater and the repeater antennas.
- Due to power dissipation, repeater may reach a very high temperature. Do not operate this unit on or close to flammable materials.
- Do not use any solvents, chemicals, or cleaning solutions containing alcohol, ammonia, or abrasives.
- Certification
 - FCC: This equipment complies with the applicable sections of Title 47 CFR Parts 15,22,24 and 90
 - UL/CUL: This equipment complies with UL and CUL 1950-1 Standard for safety for information technology equipment,including electrical business equipment
 - FDA/CDRH: This equipment uses a Class 1 LASER according to FDA/CDRH Rules.This product conforms to all applicable standards of 21 CFR Chapter 1, Subchapter J, Part 1040
- For PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT, the socket-outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

Section2

System Overview

-
- 2.1 General overview**
 - 2.2 System overview**

2.1 General overview

SMDR-NH124 is a coverage system for in-building services delivering voice and data in high quality and for seamlessly.

As a distributed antenna system, it provides analog and digital phone systems that are served in multiple bands through one antenna.

The system covers general public institutions and private facilities.

- Shopping malls
- Hotels
- Campus areas
- Airports
- Clinics
- Subways
- Multi-use stadiums, convention centers, etc.

The system helps improve in-building radio environments in poor condition and make better poor RSSI and Ec/Io. By providing communication services at every corner of buildings, the system enables users to make a call at any site of buildings.

The system uses both analog (AMPS) and digital (TDMA, CDMA and WCDMA) methods.

The SMDR-NH124 system supports communication standards and public interface protocols in worldwide use.

- Frequencies: VHF,UHF, 700MHz, 800MHz,850MHz 900MHz,1900MHz,2100MHz, etc.
- Voice protocols: AMPS,TDMA, CDMA,GSM,IDEN, etc.
- Data protocols: EDGE,GPRS,WCDMA,CDMA2000,Paging, etc.

SMDR-NH124 is in modular structure per frequency. To provide desired frequency in a building, all you need to do is to insert a corresponding frequency module into each unit. As it delivers multiple signals with one optical cable, the system, in one-body type, does not require additional facilities whenever new frequency is added.

The system is featured with the following:

- Flexibility & Scalability
 - Support fiber-optic ports up to 39
 - Clustering multiple-buildings (campus) as one coverage
- Modular structures
 - Modular frequency upgrade
 - Plug-in type module
- Multi-Band, Multi Operator

- Signals with a plurality of service provider transmit simultaneously
- Support multi-operator in a band
- Low OPEX / CAPEX
 - Compact design
 - Upgradable design
 - Easy installation and maintenance
 - Web Based SNMP or GSM Modem or UDP support (Optional)

2.2 System overview

SMDR-NH124 is composed of devices given below.

Basically, the system consists of BIU (BTS Interface Unit), ODU (Optic distribution Unit) and ROU (Remote Optic Unit). For addition of more ROUs, it has OEU (Optic Expansion Unit).

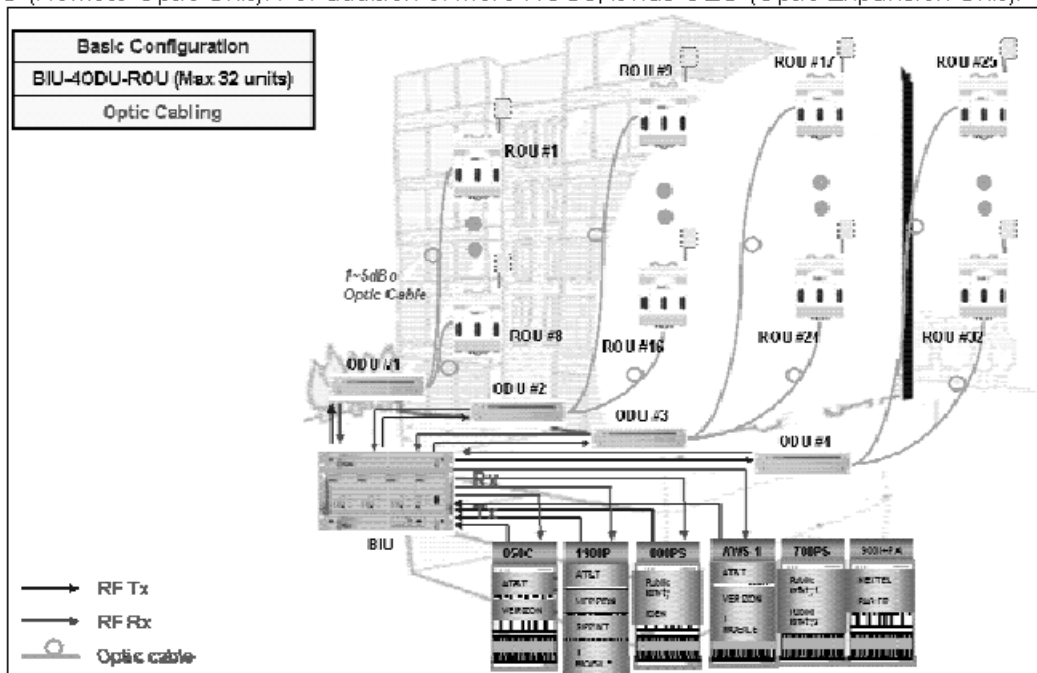


Figure 2.1 – Basic system topology

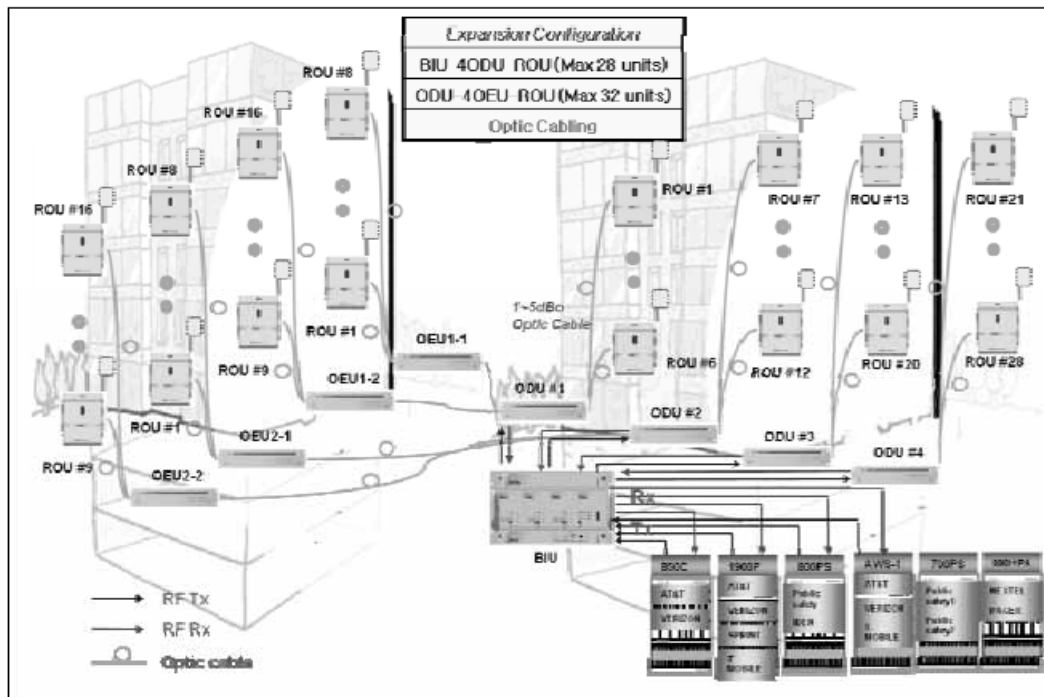


Figure 2.2 – Expansion system topology

Table 3.1 – System topology Charts

System elements	Optical Loss [dBo]	Max. RUs
BIU – ODU(DOUx1) – ROU	1~5dBo	4
BIU – ODU(DOUx2) – ROU	1~5dBo	8
BIU – 4ODU(DOUx2) – ROU	1~5dBo	32
BIU – 4ODU(DOUx2)-4OEU(DOUx2) – ROU	1~5dBo	60

Section3

System Specifications

- 3.1 System specifications**
 - 3.1.1 Physical Specifications**
 - 3.1.2 Optic wavelength and Laser power**
 - 3.1.3 Environmental specifications**
 - 3.1.4 Operating Frequencies range**
 - 3.1.5 Specifications Per band**

3.1 System specifications

3.1.1 Physical Specifications

Parameter	BIU	ODU	OEU	ROU	AOR
RF Connectors	4 SMA type, female (Per MDBU)	2 SMA type, female	-	1N-type female	2 SMA Type female
External Alarm connector (Dry contacts)	Terminal block, 3 pcs	-	-	-	-
Serial Interface connector	1 RS-232 9-pin D- sub, male		1 RS-232 9-pin D-sub, male	1 RS-232 9-pin D-sub, male	-
Fiber connector	-	8 pcs, SC/APC for ROU	1 SC/APC for ODU 8 SC/APC for ROU	1 SC/APC for ODU	-
LED Alarm and Status Indicator	<p>MDBU Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Power On status ● ALM status <p>MCPU</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Power On status ● TX Communication ● RX Communication ● ALM status <p>MPSU</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Power On status ● DC ALM status 	<p>DOU1 Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LD status ● PD1/2/3/4 status <p>DOU2 Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LD status ● PD1/2/3/4 status 	<p>EWDM Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LD status ● PD status <p>DOU1 Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LD status ● PD1/2/3/4 status <p>DOU2 Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LD status ● PD1/2/3/4 status <p>System status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Power on status ● TX Communication ● RX Communication 	<p>System status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Power on status ● TX1 Communication ● RX1 Communication ● TX2 Communication ● RX2 Communication ● ALM status 	-
AC Power	-	-		Normal Range: 120VAC 50/60Hz Operating range 108~132VAC 50/60Hz	Same left side
DC Power	Normal range: -48 VDC Operating range: -40.8 ~ -57.6VDC	-		Normal: -48 VDC Operating range: -40.8 ~ -57.6VDC	Same to left side
Power consumption	168W (Including ODU 4EA)	-	48W (Including DOU2EA)	265W (Including RDU 3EA)	78W (VHF/UHF RDU)
Enclosure Dimensions	482.6(19") x 221.5(5U) x 450	482.6(19") x 43.6(1U) x 450	482.6(19") x 88.1(2U) x 450	420 x 530 x 258	482.6(19") x 258 x 177
Weight[Full Load]	22.25Kg	5.7Kg	9.3Kg	35.45Kg	11Kg

3.1.2 Optic wavelength and Laser power

Parameter	ODU	OEU	ROU
Wavelength	TX: 1310nm RX: 1550nm	West optic TX: 1550nm RX: 1310nm East optic TX: 1310nm RX: 1550nm	TX: 1550nm RX: 1310nm
Output power	3dBm±1dBm to ROU,OEU	3dBm±1dBm to ROU 7dBm±1dBm to ODU	7dBm±1dBm to ODU

3.1.3 Environmental specifications

Parameter	BIU, ODU, OEU	ROU/AOR
Operating Temperature	-10 to +50°C	-10 to +50°C
Operating Humidity, non condensing	-	5% to 90%

3.1.4 Operating Frequencies range

Standard	Unit naming	Description	Frequency range	
			TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)
iDEN	700P	Public safety	764 to 776	794 to 806
iDEN	800P	Public safety	851 to 869	806 to 824
Cellular	850C	Cellular	869 to 894	824 to 849
Iden	900I	SMR	929 to 940	896 to 902
Paging	900 PA	Paging	929 to 930	896 to 902
PCS	1900P	PCS	1930 to 1995	1850 to 1915
AWS-1	AWS-1	AWS-1	2110 to 2155	1710 to 1755
-	VHF	Public safety	136 to 174	136 to 174
-	UHF	Public safety(Band1)	396 to 450	396 to 450
			450 to 512	450 to 512
		Public safety(Band2)	380 to 434	380 to 434
			434 to 496	434 to 496
LTE	700LTE	Long Term Evolution	746 to 756	777 to 787

3.1.5 Specifications Per band

700MHz Long Term Evolution

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	10MHz	10MHz	
System ripple	≤2dB	≤2dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+23dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	43dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	18 to 43dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

700MHz Public safety

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	12MHz	12MHz	
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+23dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	43dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	18 to 43dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

800MHz Public safety

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	18MHz	18MHz	
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+23dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	43dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	18 to 43dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

850MHz Cellular

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	25MHz	25MHz	
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+23dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	43dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	18 to 43dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

900MHz iDEN & Paging

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	12MHz	6MHz	
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+23dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	43dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	18 to 43dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

1900MHz PCS

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	65MHz	65MHz	
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+26dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	50dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	25 to 50dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

1700MHz&2100MHz AWS-1

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	45MHz	45MHz	
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-20 to +10dBm	≤-50dBm	
Output power	+30dBm	+0dBm	Total
System Gain	50dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	25 to 50dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	15dB	1ROU

150MHz VHF Public safety

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth	38MHz	38MHz	136~174MHz
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-15 to +10dBm	≤-54dBm	
Output power	+24dBm	-4dBm	Total
System Gain	39dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	14 to 39dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	7dB	1ROU

450MHz UHF Public safety

Parameters	Typical		Remarks
	TX	RX	
Bandwidth(Band1)	116MHz	116MHz	396~450MHz(54MHz) 450~512MHz(62MHz) Band selection
Bandwidth(Band2)	116MHz	116MHz	380~434MHz(54MHz) 434~496MHz(62MHz) Band selection
System ripple	≤5dB	≤5dB	
Input Power level	-15 to +10dBm	≤-54 dBm	
Output power	+24dBm	-4dBm	Total
System Gain	39dB	50dB	
Gain Control range	14 to 39dB	30 to 50dB	
IM3	-13dBm	-	
IP3	-	+23dBm	
Noise figure	-	7dB	1ROU

Section4

System Configuration and Functions

- 4.1 BIU (BTS Interface Unit)**
- 4.2 ODU (Optic distribution Unit)**
- 4.3 OEU (Optic Expansion Unit)**
- 4.4 ROU (Remote Optic Unit)**
- 4.5 AOR (Add on V/UHF ROU)**

4.1 BIU (BTS Interface Unit)

BIU provides TX signals from BTS or BDA for four ODUs (Optic Distribution Unit). This unit separates RX signals given from ODUs from each other per frequency band.

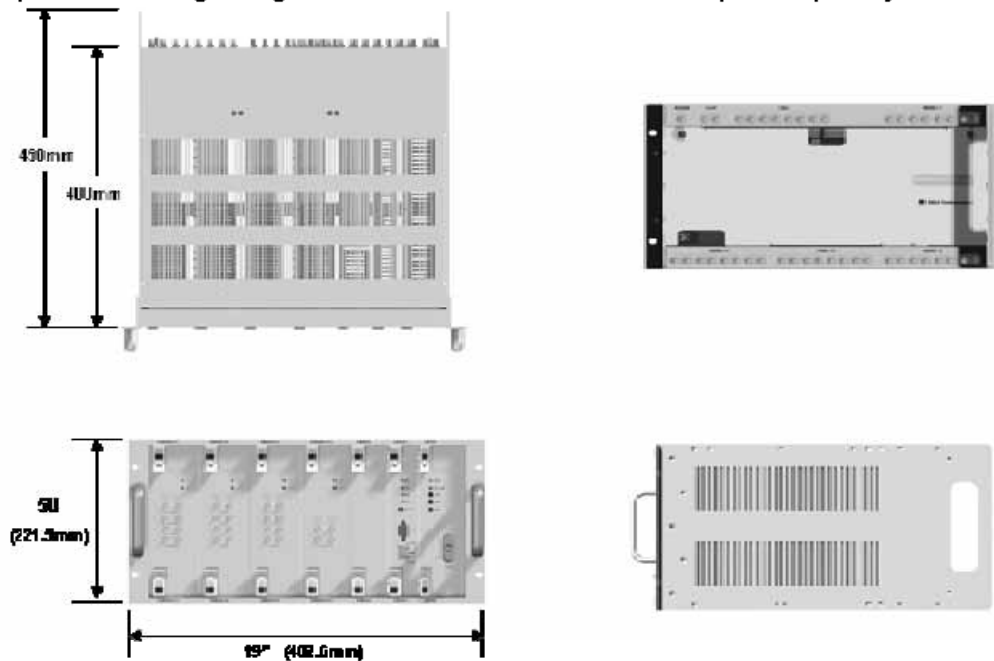
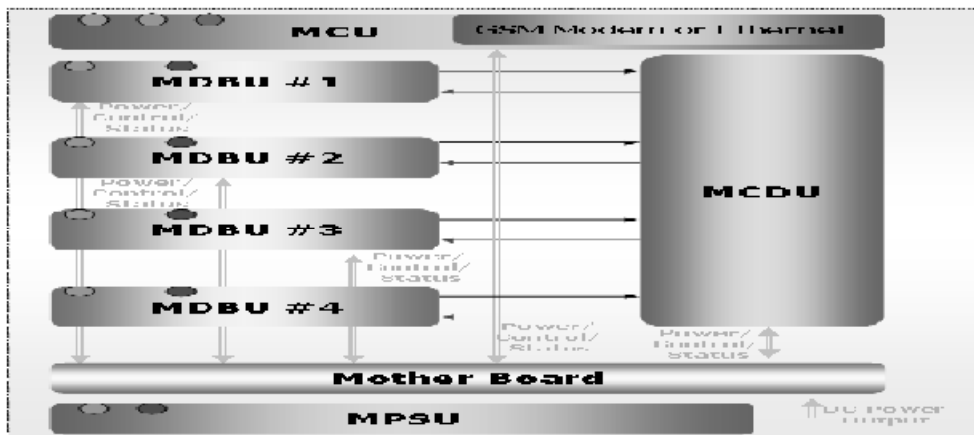


Figure 4.1 – BIU outer view

4.1.1 Specifications of BIU

Item	Spec.	Remark
Size	482.6(19") x 221.5(5U) x 450	Mm
Weight	22.35 Kg	Full Load
Power consumption	168 W	

4.1.2 Block diagram of BIU



4.1.3 BIU parts

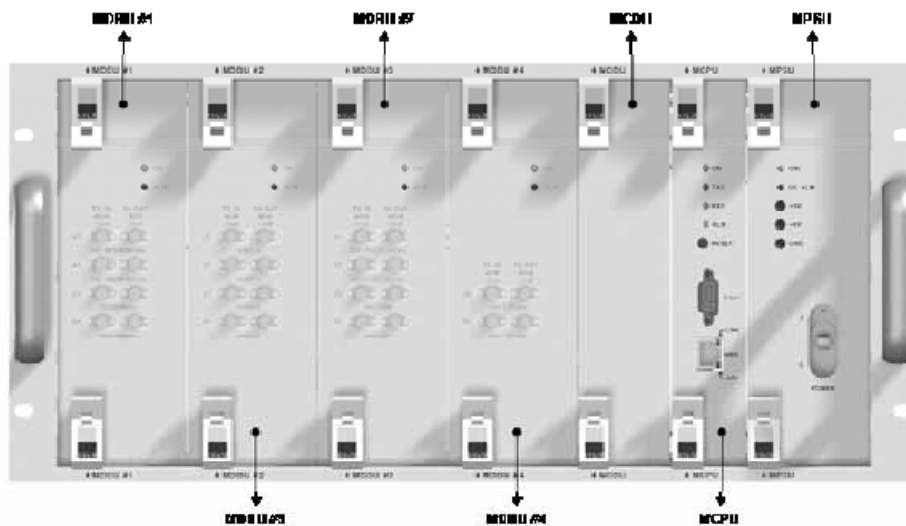


Figure 4.2 – BIU mounting diagram

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	MDBU	Main Drive BTS Unit Amplify & adjust downlink RF signal Amplify & adjust uplink RF signal	Max 4EA
2	MCDU	Main Com/Div Unit Combine 4EA downlink signal and divide 4EA signal to ODU Combine 4EA uplink signal and divide 4EA signal to MDBU Support VHF/UHF interface port	

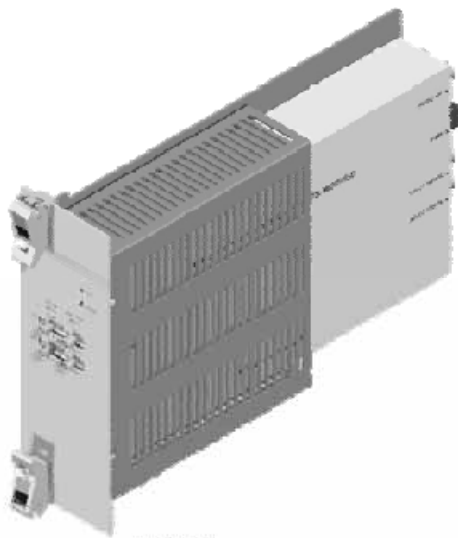
3	MCPU	Main Central Processor Unit Control and monitoring system status Control and monitoring with RS232 Have an access to upper-level network through GSM or Ethernet
4	MPSU	Main Power Supply Unit Input power: DC -48V, Output power: 9V, 6V
5	M/B	Mother Board Provide signal interface and power for each unit Provide three ports for dry contact
6	Shelf	19 inch, 5U

4.1.4 Function by unit

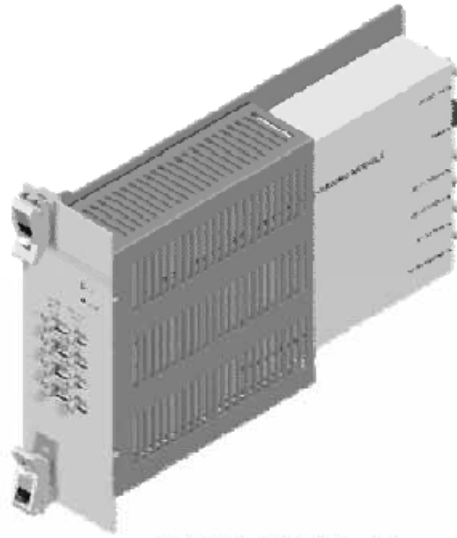
1) Main Drive BTS Unit (MDBU)

MDBU delivers TX signals of BTS or BDA to related devices and then delivers RX signals of the devices to BTS or BDA. This unit can monitor TX input level. Using input AGC function, it automatically adjusts input ATT. It also has ATT to adjust RX gain. MDBU is varied per frequency band including the following:

No	Unit naming	Description	In/out RF Port	
			TX	RX
1	800PS	Single Band	2 Port	2 Port
2	850C	Single Band	2 Port	2 Port
3	1900P	Single Band	4 Port	4 Port
4	AWS-1	Single Band	4 Port	4 Port
5	800PS+900I+PA	Dual Band	4 Port	4 Port
6	850C+700PS	Dual Band	4 Port	4 Port
7	TBD			
8	850C+700LTEC	Dual Band	4 Port	4 Port



800PS



800PS+900I+Paging



1900PCS



AWS-1

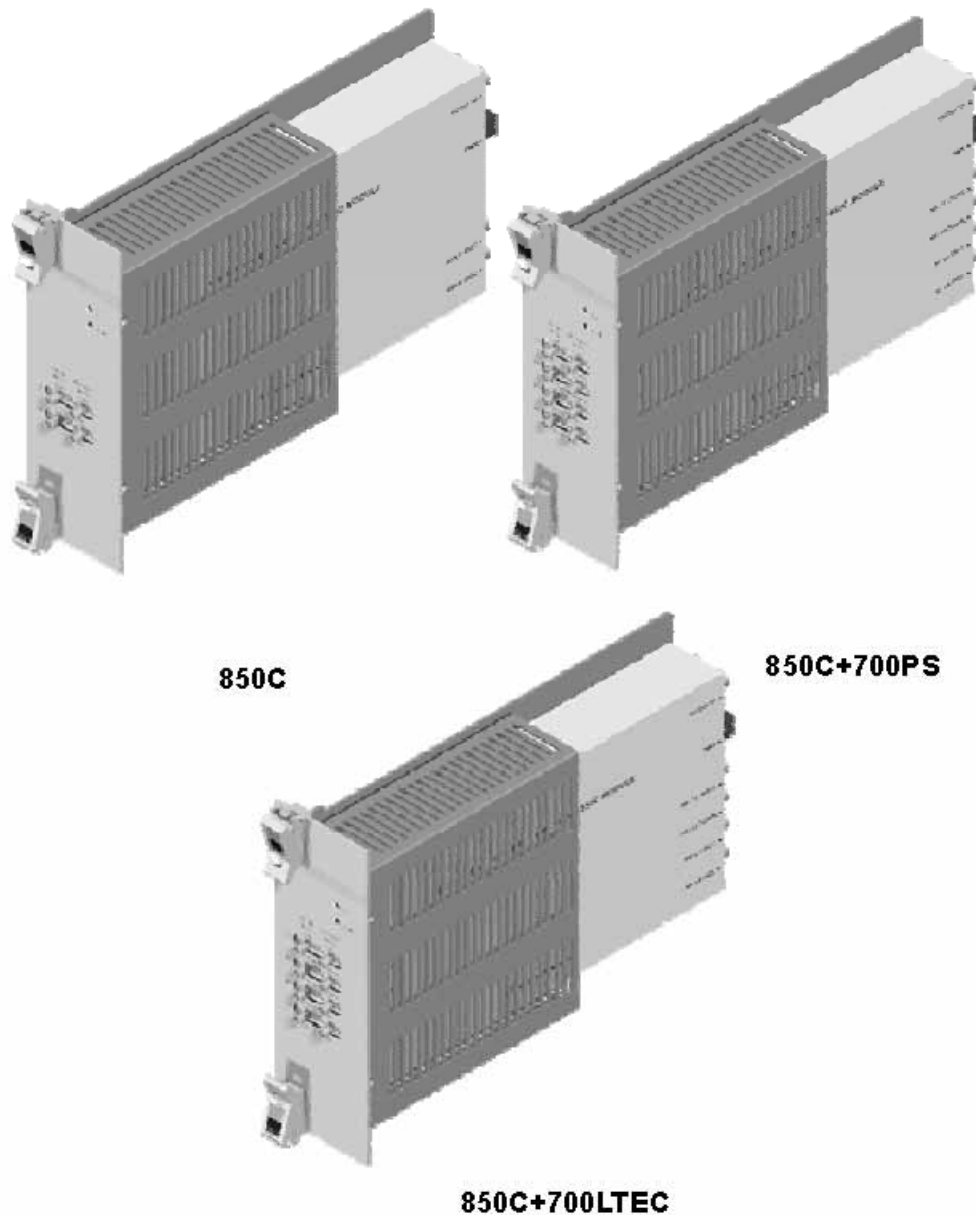


Figure 4.3 – MDBU Outer Look

2) Main Com/Div Unit (MCDU)

MCDU combines TX signals that are delivered from MDBU per frequency band and delivers the signals to four ODUs. This unit adds signals of FSK modem to the TX signals before sending them to ROU. It also combines RX signals from up to four ODUs and sends them to up to four MDBUs. In this case, the unit extracts signals of FSK modems, which are sent in a combined form with RX signals, and then delivers the signals to MCU.

The unit has a port to interface with VHF&UHF signals. It has ATT for input monitoring and input control.

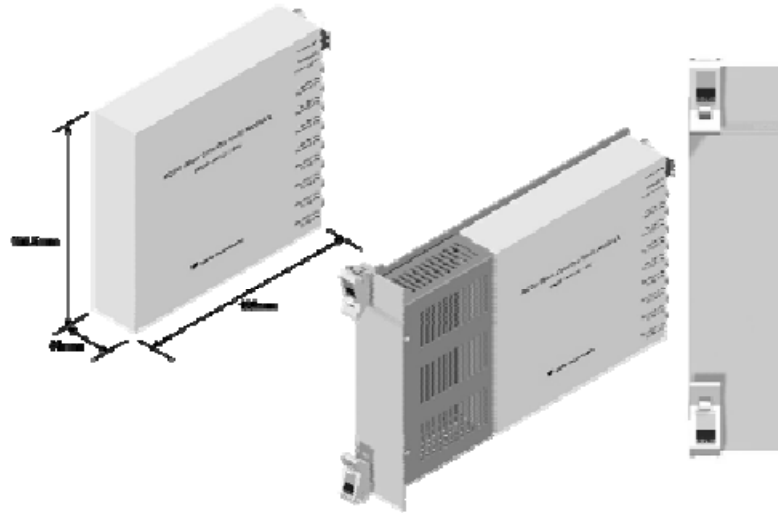


Figure 4.4 – MDBU Outer Look

VHF+UHF frequency band including the following:

No	Unit naming	Description	In/out RF Port	
			TX	RX
1	VHF+UHF	Dual Band	1 Port	1 Port

3) Main Central Processor Unit (MCPU)

MCPU can inquire and control state of modules that are installed in BIU.

This unit can inquire and control state of four ODUs in total. Through communication, it also can inquire and control ROU that is connected with lower parts.

In addition, the unit has RS-232C port for serial communication so that it can inquire and control state of devices through PC. On the front panel, it has communication LED indicator to check communication state with ROU. It also has ALM LED indicator to show whether a device gets faulty.

For access to upper network, it has a port to insert Ethernet port and GSM modem in it.

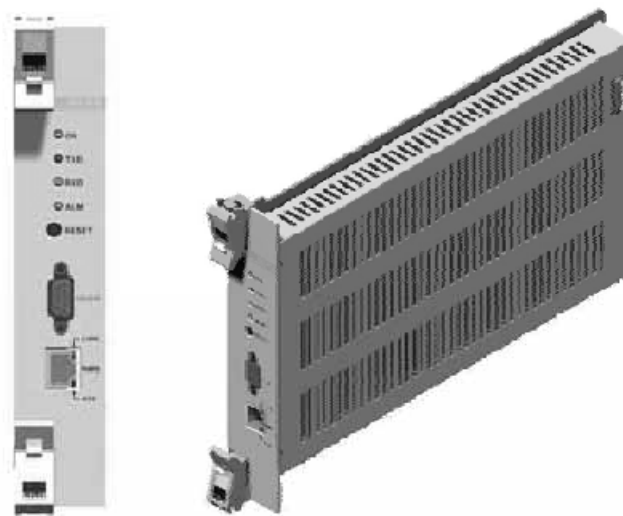


Figure 4.5 – MCPU Outer Look

In the Main Central Processor Unit, a lithium battery is installed for RTC (Real Time Control) function.



CAUTION

RISK OF EXPLOSION IF BATTERY IS REPLACED BY AN INCORRECT TYPE
DIPOSE OF USED BATTERIES ACCORDING TO THE INSTRUCTIONS
[INSTRUCTION]

The equipment and accessories including inner lithium battery are to be disposed of safely after the life span of them and national regulation must be observed. Do not attempt to replace the lithium battery unless service personnel confirmation has first been obtained, to avoid any risk of explosion.

4) Main Power Supply Unit (MPSU)

MPSU receives -48V of input and outputs +6V and +9V of DC power.

On the front panel, this unit has an output test port and it also has DC ALM LED Indicator to show whether output gets faulty.

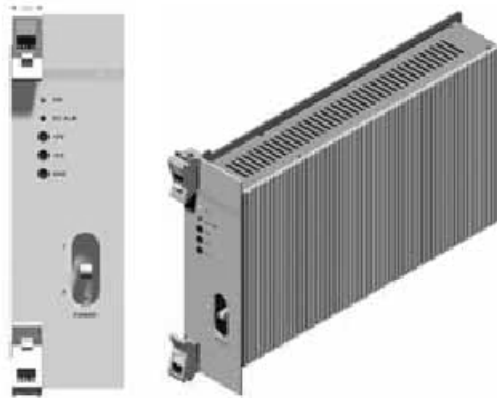


Figure 4.6 – MPSU Outer Look

4.1.5 Front/rear panels of BIU

1) Front panel

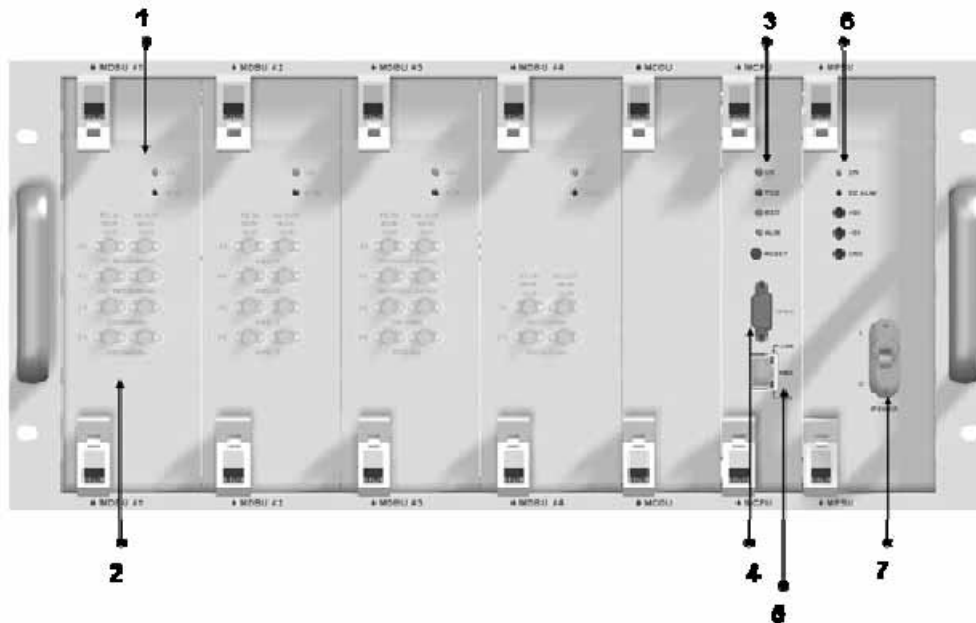


Figure 4.7 – BIU front panel Outer Look

Item	Description
1. MDBU LED	LED to show whether MDBU is installed and gets faulty
2. RF Monitor Port	20Db Coupling compared with TX Input Level 20Db Coupling compared with RX Output Level
3. Alarm LED & Reset	Communication state with devices, alarm status of the system and reset switch

4. NMS(RS-232C port)	RS-232C port for communication and diagnosis of devices through PC/laptop
5. NMS(Ethemet port)	Ethernet port for upper network This equipment is indoor use and all the communication wirings are limited to inside of the building
6. Pwr Test Port & ALM	Output DC power test port and ALM LED to show abnormal state, if any
7. Power switch	Power ON/OFF switch

2) Rear panel

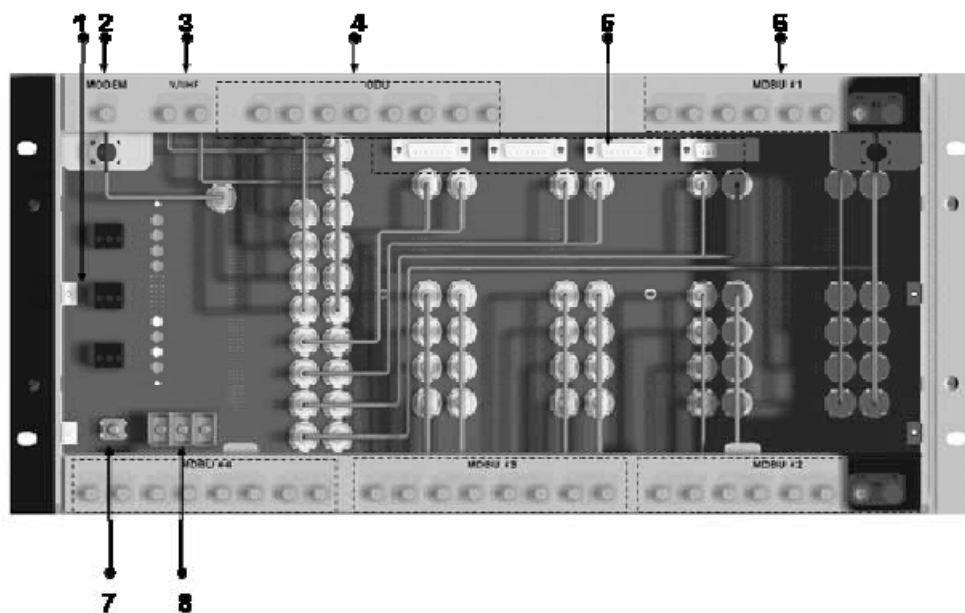


Figure 4.8 – Rear panel Outer Look

Item	Description
1. External ALM Port	Input/output terminal for dry contact
2. GSM Modem Port	GSM Modem terminal for upper network (Optional)
3. V/UHF I/O Port	RF signal interface terminal of VHF&UHF
4. ODU I/O Port	RF signal interface terminal for ODU
5. ODU signal Port	Power and signal interface terminal for ODU
6. BTS/BDA I/O Port	Input/output interface terminal of BTS/BDA
7. GND Port	System ground terminal
8. DC Input Port	Input terminal for DC -48V

4.2 ODU (Optic distribution Unit)

ODU receives TX RF signals from upper BIU and converts them into optical signals. The optical signals are sent to ROU through optical cables. This unit converts optical signals from ROU into RF signals and sends the converted signals to BIU.

For each shelf of the ODU, up to two DOUs (Donor Optic Unit) can be installed in it.

One DOU is supported with four optical ports. Therefore, one ODU can be connected with eight ROUs.

Up to four ODUs can be connected with BIU.

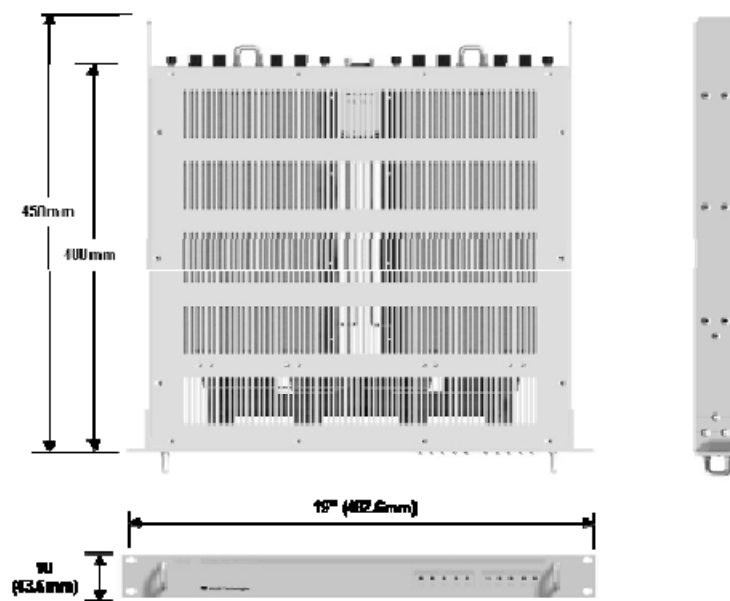
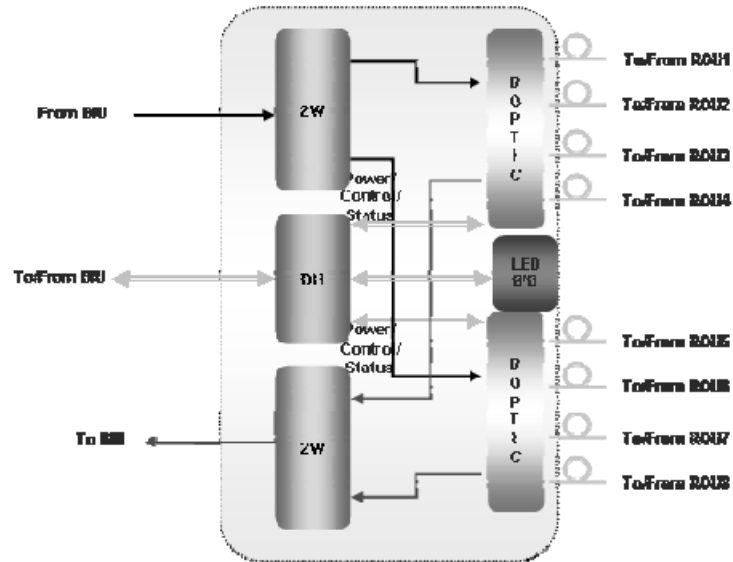


Figure 4.9 – ODU Outer Look

4.2.1 Specifications of ODU

Item	Spec.	Remark
Size	482.6(19") x 43.6(1U) x 450	Mm
Weight	5.7 Kg	Full Load
Power consumption	27 W	

4.2.2 Block Diagram of ODU



4.2.3 ODU parts

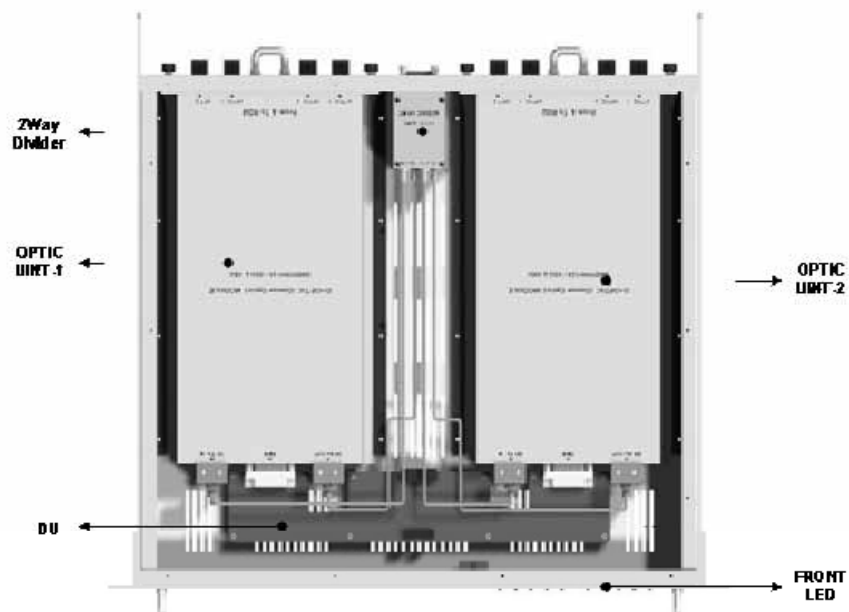


Figure 4.10 – ODU Inner Look

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	DOU	DOU Convert TX RF signals into optical signals; Convert RX optical signals into RF signals; Provide up to four optical ports per DOU	Max 2ea
2	2W	2Way Divider Divide TX RF signals into two; Combine two RX RF signals into one	
3	DU	Distribution Unit Distribute power and signals to DOU	
4	Shelf	19" rack, 1U	
5	Accessories	15PIN DSUB, Male to female 1pcs RF Coaxial Cable Assembly 2pcs	

4.2.4 Function by unit

1) Donor Optic Unit (DOU)

DOU makes electronic-optical conversion of TX signals and makes optical-electronic conversion of RX signals.

With an optic splitter in it, this unit divides optical signals from Laser Diode into four and then distributes them to each optical port. With a total of four Photo Diodes in RX, DOU makes optical-electronic conversion of signals received from each optical port. In addition, the unit is equipped with ATT for optical compensation made in case of optical cable loss.

With internal WDM, it uses only one optical cable to be connected with ROU.



Figure 4.11 – MBAU Outer Look

2) 2Way Divider (2W)

2W is equipped with two 2-way splitters in a one-module form and the splitters work for TX/RX signals, respectively.

Designed in broadband type, the divider combines and divides 2GHz or higher of signals from FSK modem signals.

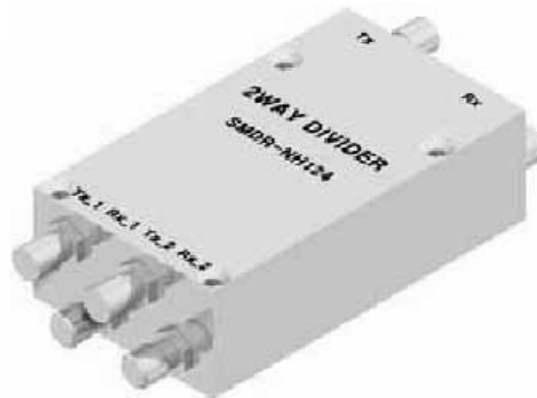


Figure 4.12 – 2Way Divider Outer Look

4.2.5 Front/rear panels of ODU

1) Front panel



Figure 4.13 – ODU front panel Outer Look

Item	Description
1,2	LED indicator to check DOU module state to see if it is abnormal

2) Rear panel

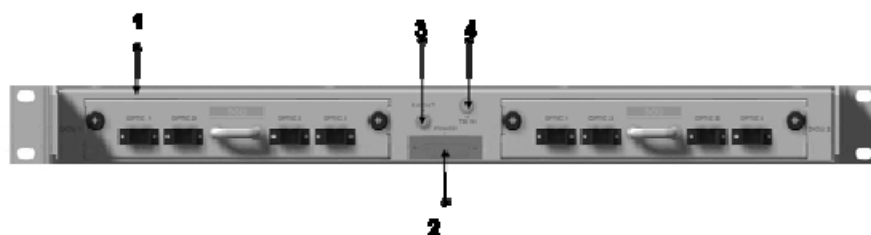


Figure 4.14 – ODU Rear panel Outer Look

Item	Description
1. Optic Port	SC/APC optical connector terminal; use one optical cable per ROU.
2. DC I/O Port	Terminal to deliver power and state values
3. RX RF Port	RX RF signal interface terminal
4. TX RF Port	TX RF signal interface terminal

4.2.6 Interface with BIU

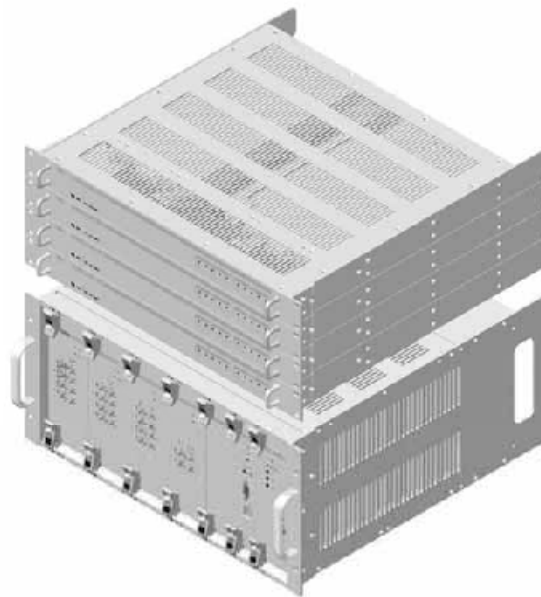
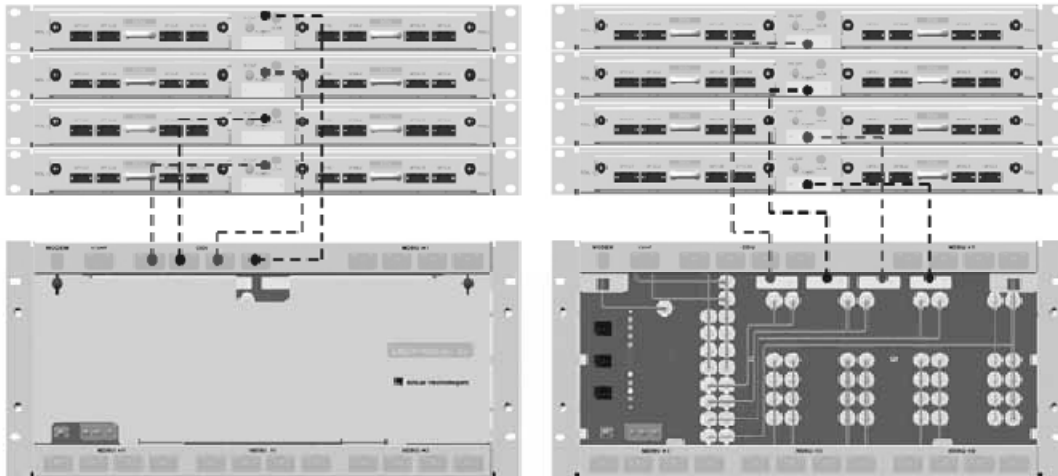


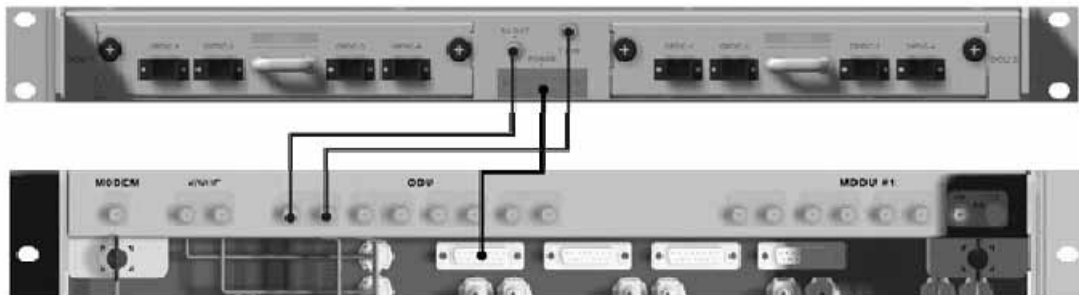
Figure 4.15 – Interface between BIU and ODU

On the top of BIU, up to four ODUs can be stacked.

In this case, it is recommended to stack the units at least 1U of an interval between BIU, for heat from BIU may climb up to ODU, which may cause flame.



As seen in the figure below, connect the coaxial cable for TX and another coaxial cable for RX with corresponding ports at the rear of BIU. For power supply and communication, connect 15Pin D-Sub Connector cable with a corresponding port.



4.3 OEU (Optic Expansion Unit)

OEU is mainly used to remotely deliver signals for Campus clusters. At the upper part, this unit combines with ODU and receives TX optical signals to convert them into RF signals. Then, it regenerates the signals to secure S/N feature and converts them into optical signals. The signals are sent to ROU through optical cables. When it receives RX optical signals from ROU, the unit converts them into RF signals to regenerate the signals and then converts them into optical signals to send them to ODU.

In OEU, one shelf can be equipped with up to two DOUs. The DOU is the same as the module used for ODU. Up to two OEUs can be connected with ODU.

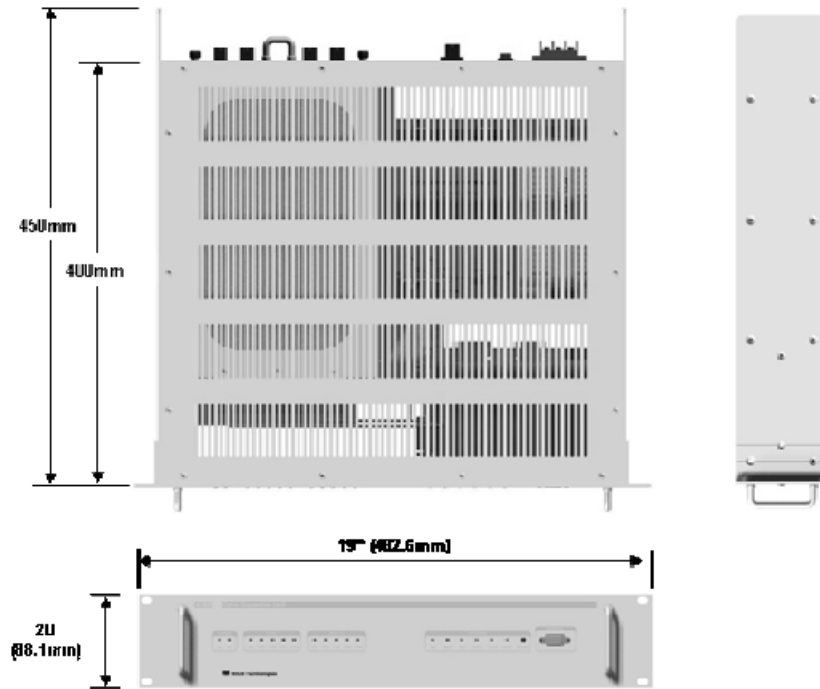
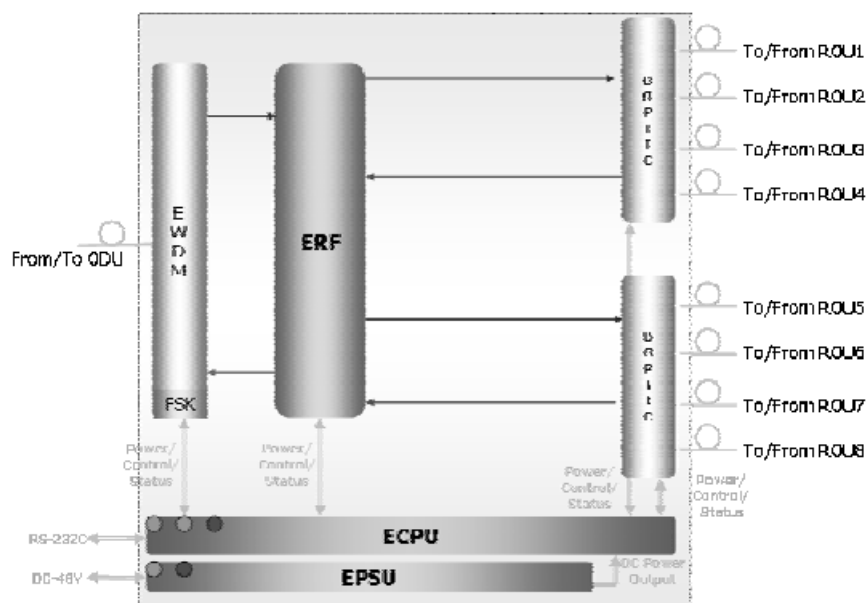


Figure 4.16 – OEU Outer Look

4.3.1 Specifications of OEU

Item	Spec.	Remark
Size	482.6(19") x 88.1(2U) x 450	mm
Weight	9.3 Kg	Full Load
Power consumption	48 W	

4.3.2 Block Diagram of OEU



4.3.3 OEU parts

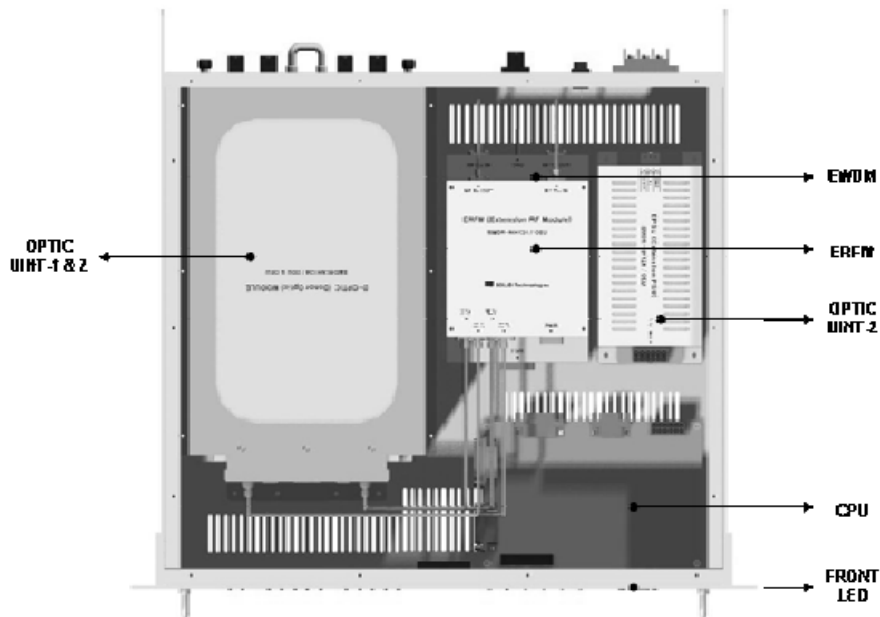


Figure 4.17 – OEU Inner Look

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	DOU	Donor Optic Unit Convert TX RF signals into optical signals; Convert RX optical signals into RF signals; Provide up to four optical ports per DOU	Max 2ea
2	EWDM	Expansion Wavelength Division Multiplexer Convert TX optical signals into RF signals; Convert RX RF signals into optical signals; Compensate for optical cable loss with ODU	
3	ECPU	Expansion Central Processor Unit Control and monitoring system status Control and monitoring with RS232 Relay state values of ROU to BIU	
4	EPSU	Expansion Power Supply Unit Input power: DC -48V, Output power: 9V, 6V	
5	ERFM	Expansion Radio Frequency Module Regenerate TX signals and transmit FSK modem signals; Regenerate RX signals and receive FSK modem signals	
6	Shelf	19" rack, 2U	

4.3.4 Function by unit

1) Donor Optic Unit (DOU)

DOU is the same as the module used for ODU.



Figure 4.18 – MDBU Outer Look

2) Expansion Wavelength Division Multiplexer(EWDM)

EWDM module makes optical-electronic conversion of TX signals and makes electronic-optical conversion of RX signals. With an FSK modem in it, this multiplexer communicates with BIU. It also has ATT for optical compensation to compensate for optical cable loss between ODUs. Furthermore, it has internal WDM, and so, it needs only one optical cable to work with ROU.

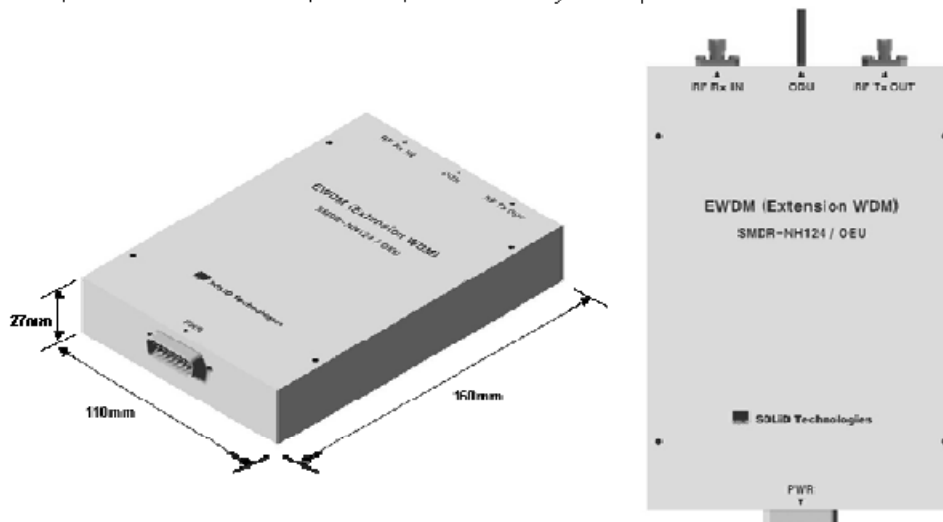


Figure 4.19 – EWDM Outer Look

3) Expansion Central Processor Unit(ECPU)

ECPU can inquire and control state of modules to be installed into OEU. This unit communicates with upper BIU while communicating with lower ROU. It also acts as communication bridge between BIU and ROU.

In addition, the unit has RS-232C port for serial communication, which enables inquiry and control of devices through PC. At the front panel, communication LED indicator indicates communication state with upper BIU and lower ROU. It also has ALM LED indicator to show if a device gets faulty.

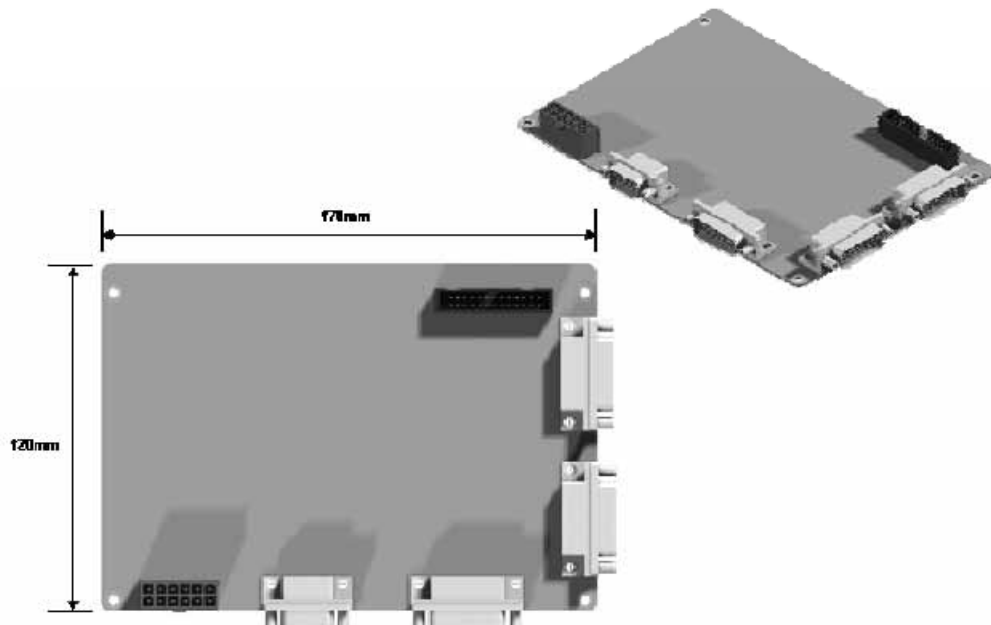


Figure 4.20 – ECPU Outer Look

4) Expansion Radio Frequency Module(ERFM)

ERFM reconstructs Signal to Noise degraded by optical modules. With an internal FSK modem, this module communicates with ROU.

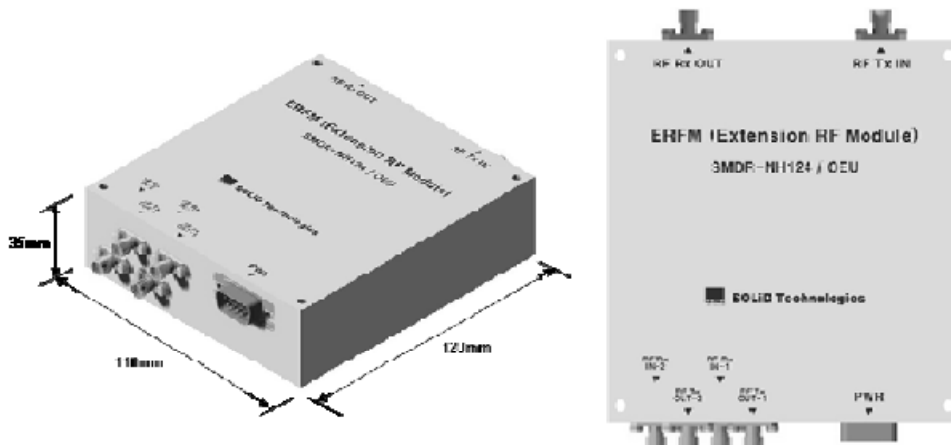


Figure 4.21 – ERFM Outer Look

5) Expansion Power Supply Unit(EPUSU)

As DC/DC Converter, EPUSU receives -48V of input and provides +9V and +6V of DC power required for OEU.

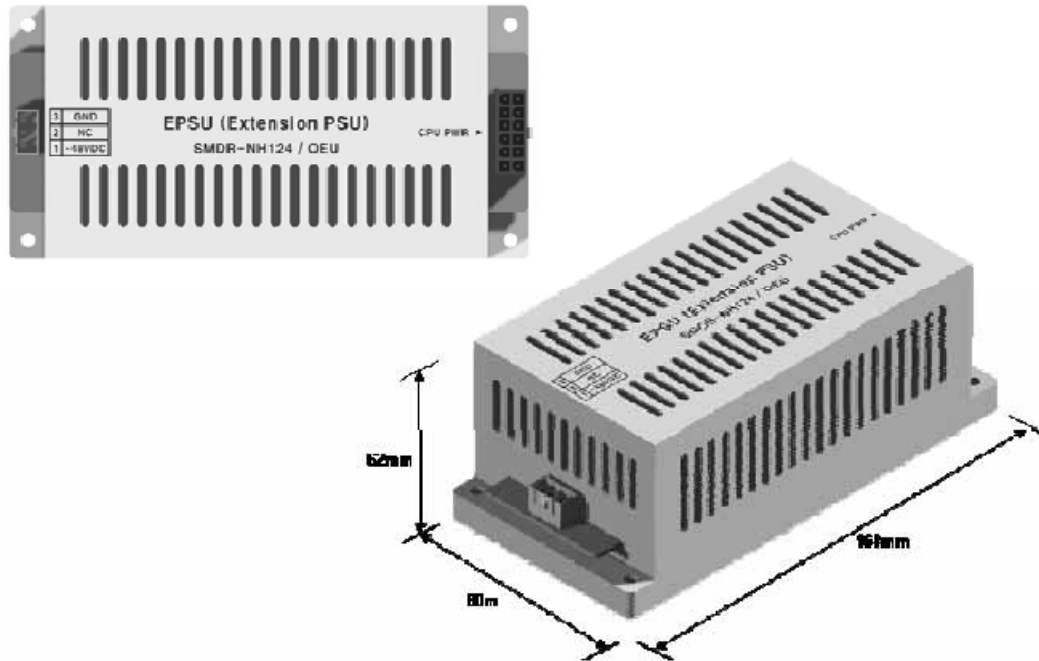


Figure 4.22 – ERFM Outer Look

4.3.5 Front/rear panels of OEU

1) Front panel



Figure 4.23 – OEU front panel Outer Look

Item	Description
1.EWDM LED	LED indicator to check EWDM state to see if it is abnormal
2.DOUE LED	LED indicator to check DOUE module state to see if it is abnormal
3.System LED and Reset	Communication state with devices, alarm status of the system and reset switch
4. NMS(RS-232C port)	RS-232C port for communication and diagnosis of devices through PC/laptop. This equipment is indoor use and all the communication wirings are limited to inside of the building

2) Rear panel

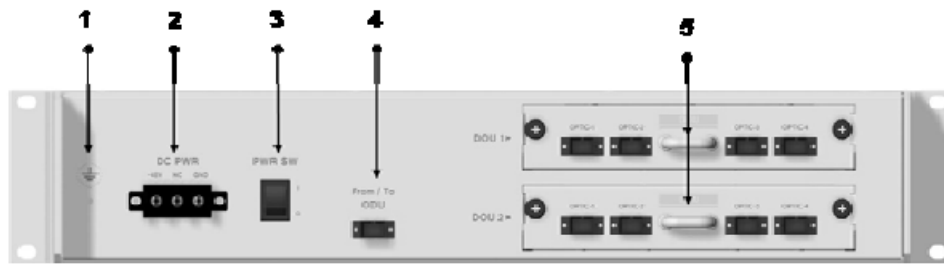


Figure 4.24 – Rear panel Outer Look

Item	Description
1. GND Port	Terminal for system ground
2. DC Input Port	Input terminal for DC -48V
3. power switch	Power ON/OFF switch
4. To/From ODU Optic Port	SC/APC optical connector terminal
5. To/From ROU Optic Port	SC/APC optical connector terminal; use one optical cable per ROU.

4.4 ROU (Remote Optic Unit)

ROU receives TX optical signals from ODU or OEU and converts them into RF signals. The converted RF signals are amplified through High Power Amp in a corresponding RDU, combined with Multiplexer module and then radiated to the antenna port.

When receiving RX signals through the antenna port, this unit filters out-of-band signals in a corresponding RDU and sends the results to Remote Optic Module to make electronic-optical conversion of them. After converted, the signals are sent to a upper device of ODU or OEU. ROU can be equipped with up to three RDUs (Remote Drive Unit) and the module is composed of maximal Dual Band.

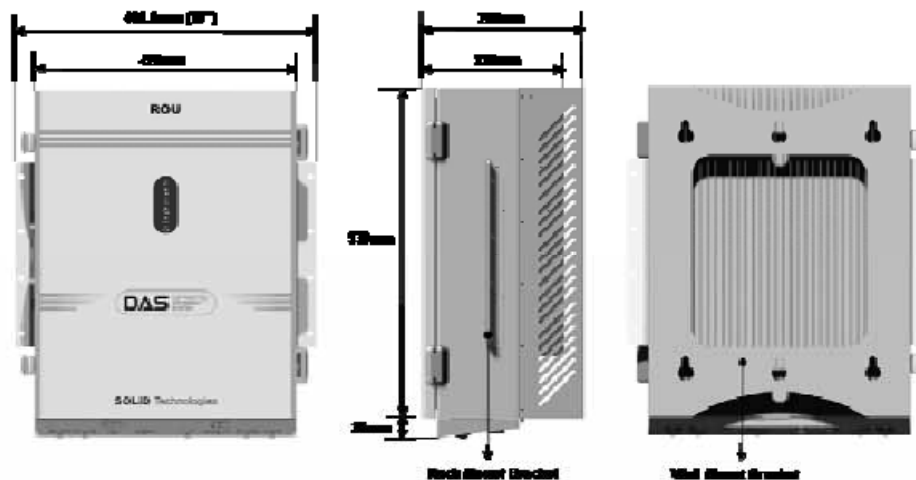


Figure 4.25 – ROU Outer Look

4.4.3 ROU parts

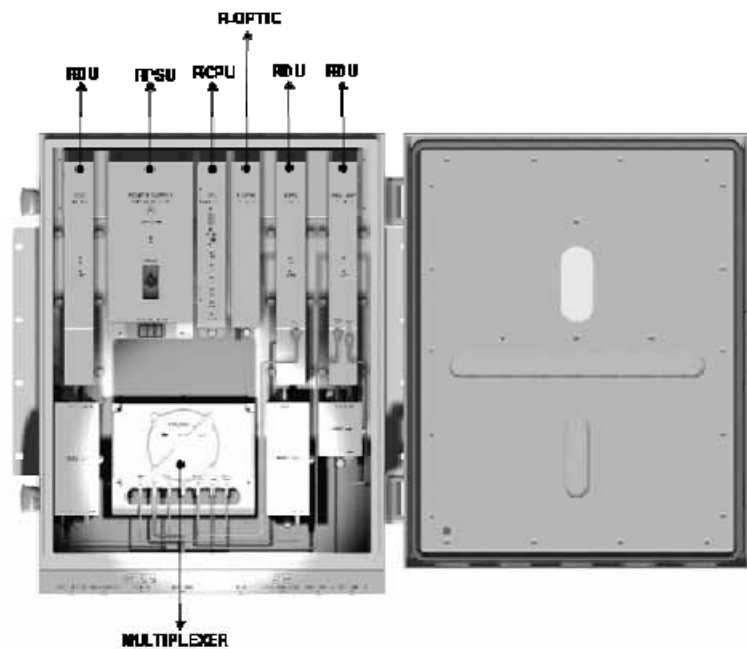


Figure 4.26 – ROU Inner Look

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU+BPF	<p>Remote Drive Unit</p> <p>Filter and high amplify TX signals; Filter and amplify RX signals; Remove other signals through BPF BPF is exclude from VHF+UHF module</p>	
2	RPSU	<p>Remote Power Supply Unit</p> <p>Input power: DC -48V, Output power: 27V,9V, 6V For 120V input of AC/DC; For -48V input of DC/DC</p>	
3	R-OPTIC	<p>Remote Optic</p> <p>Make RF conversion of TX optical signals; Convert RX RF signals into optical signals; Compensates optical loss Communicates with BIU/OEU though the FSK modem</p>	

4	RCPU	Remote Central Processor Unit Controls signal of each unit Monitors BIU/ODU/OEU status through FSK modem communication	
5	Multiplexer	Multiplexer Combine TX signals from 3 RDUs; Distribute RX signals to 3 RDUs; Enable you to use a single antenna port	
6	Enclosure	Enclosure to satisfy NEMA4; Enable Wall/Rack Mount; Check if the system is normal, through the front panel LED	
7	SIU	System Interface Unit Distribute power and signals of each module	

4.4.4 Function by unit

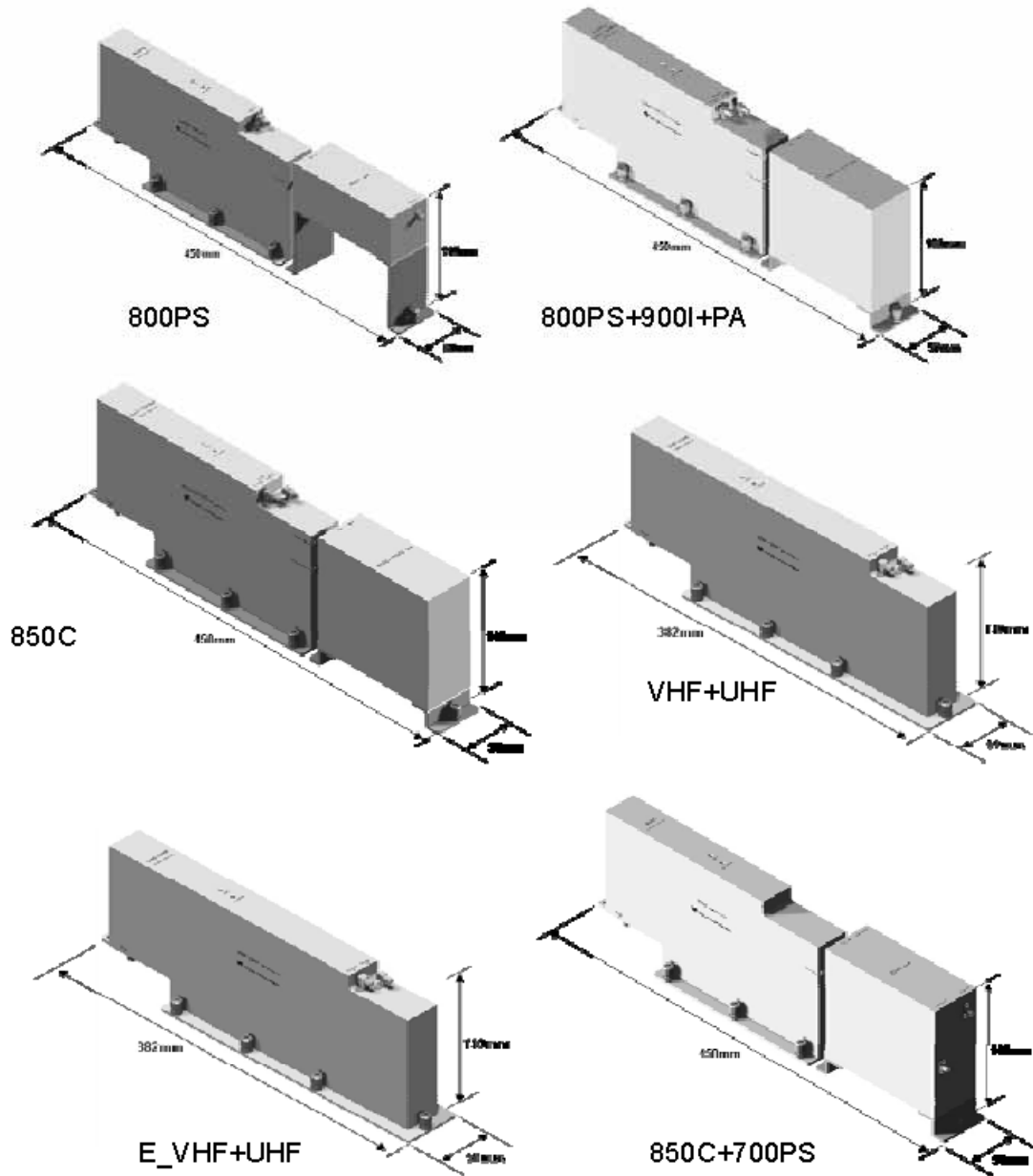
1) Remote Drive Unit (RDU)

When receiving TX signals from each band through Remote Optic, RDU filters the signals and amplifies them with High Power Amplifier. The unit also filters RX signals given through Multiplexer and amplifies them to send the signals to Remote Optic.

In the unit, there is ATT to adjust gain. RDU devices are varied for each frequency band, including the following:

No	Unit naming	Description	BPF	
			TX	RX
1	RDU 800PS	Single,	External BPF	Internal BPF
2	RDU 850C	Single,	External BPF	External BPF
3	RDU 1900P+AWS-1	Dual,	External BPF(1900P) Internal BPF(AWS-1)	External BPF(1900P) Internal BPF(AWS-1)
4	RDU 800PS+900I+PA	Dual,	External BPF(800PS) Internal BPF(900I+PA)	Internal BPF(800PS) External BPF(900I+PA)
5	RDU 850C+700PS	Dual,	External BPF(850C) Internal BPF(700PS)	External BPF(850C) Internal BPF(700PS)

6	RDU VHF+UHF	Dual	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)
7	RDU E-VHF+UHF	Dual	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)
8	RDU 850C+700LTEC	Dual,	External BPF(850C) Internal BPF(700LTEC)	External BPF(850C) Internal BPF(LTEC)



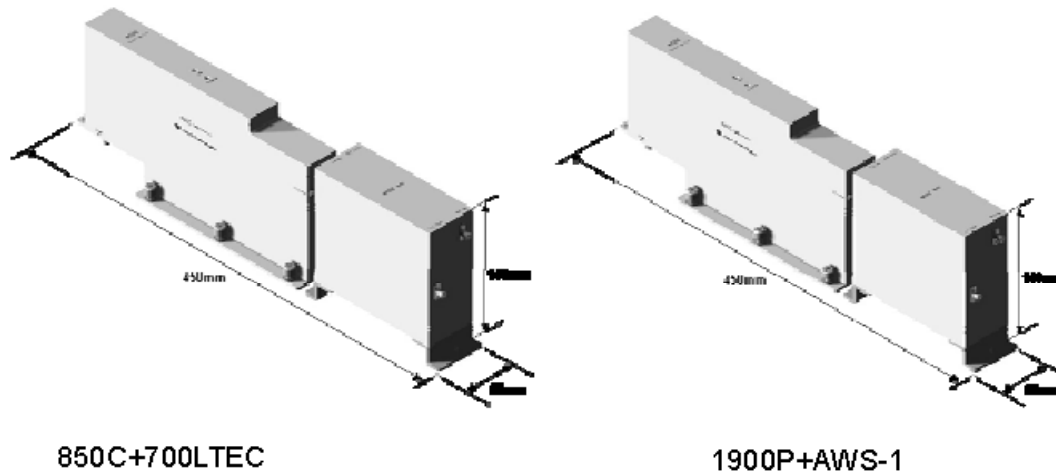


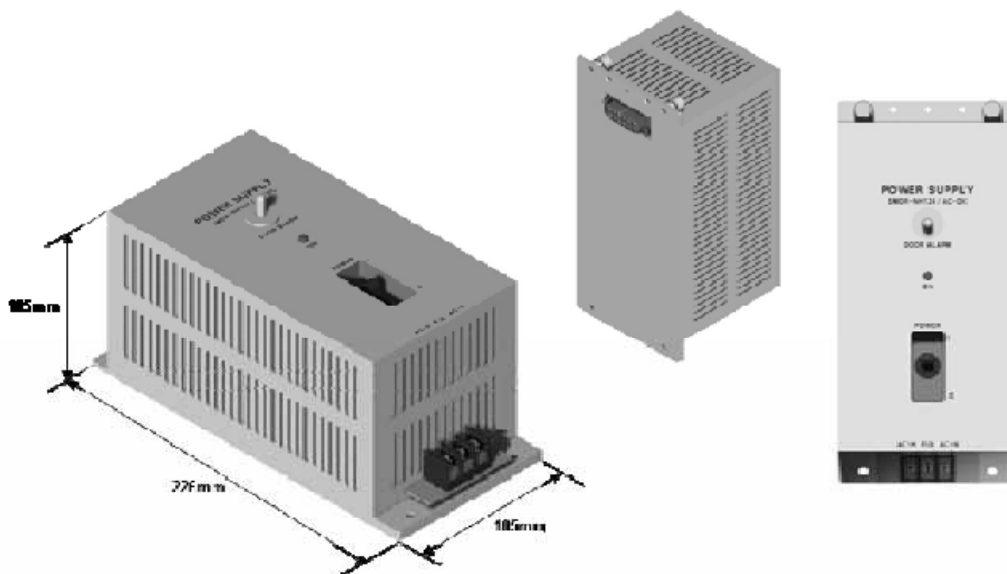
Figure 4.27 – RDU Outer Look

2) Remote Power Supply Unit (RPSU)

RPSU receives -48V of input. This unit is divided into DC/DC type to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power and AC/DC type to receive 120V of AC input and to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power.

Upon order, either of the two types should be decided. MS Connector, which uses ports to receive inputs, is designed to accept any of AC and DC. Only in this case, the input cable is different.

RPSU has a circuit brake to turn the power ON/OFF and has LED indicator at the top to check if input power is normally supplied.



3) Remote Optic(R OPTIC)

Remote Optic converts optical signals into RF signals and performs vice versa. With an FSK modem in it, the unit communicates with upper devices.

It also has internal ATT for optical compensation to compensate for optical cable loss, if any.

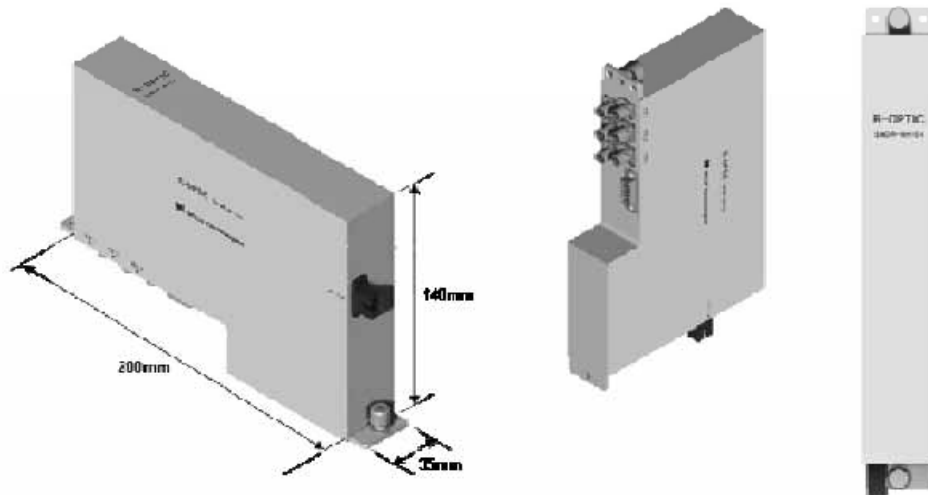


Figure 4.28 – R OPTIC Outer Look

4) Remote Central Processor Unit (RCPU)

RCPU can monitor and control each module of ROU. This unit receives and analyzes upper communication data from Remote Optic and reports the unit's own value to upper devices. At the front of the module, it has LED indicator to show system status, letting you check any abnormalities at a time. At the same front, it also has communication LED Indicators to show communication status with upper devices. Through RS-232C Serial Port, the unit enables you to check and control device status through PC and laptop. This equipment is indoor use and all the communication wirings are limited to inside of the building.

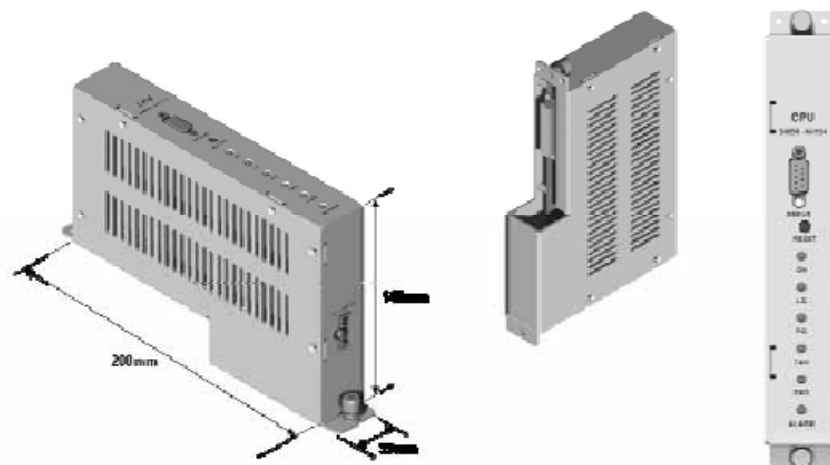


Figure 4.29 – RCPU Outer Look

5) Multiplexer

Multiplexer works as a module to combine or distribute multiple signals into one antenna.

This device has a port to combine multiple signals. You need to connect input and output ports of RDU through a corresponding port.

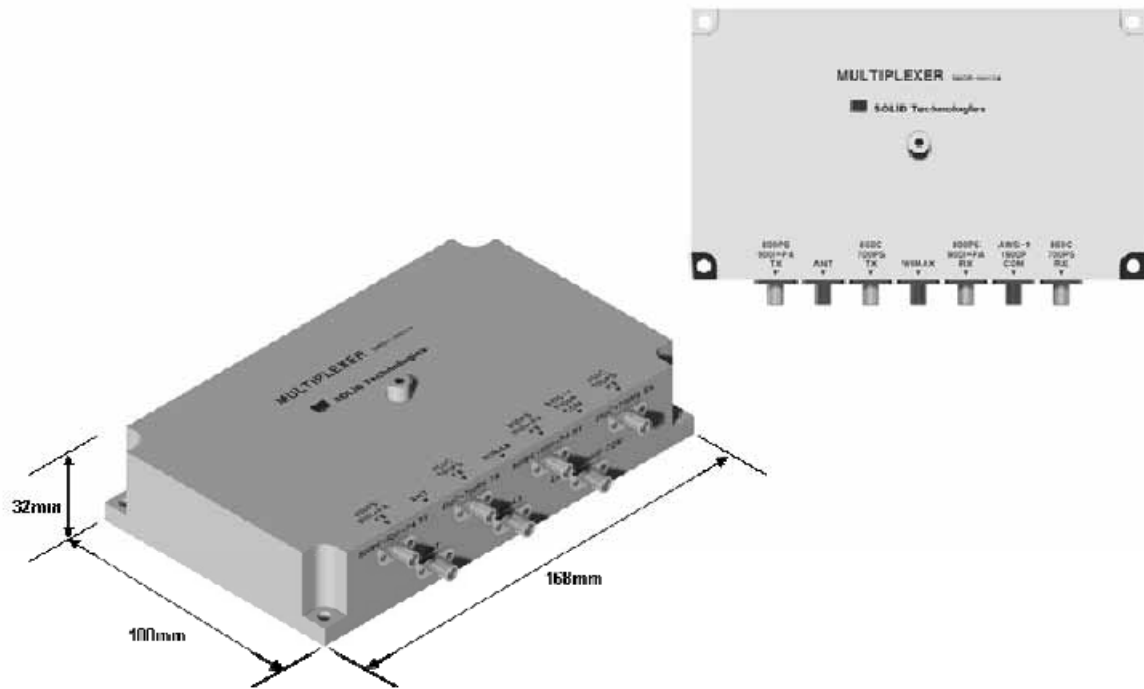
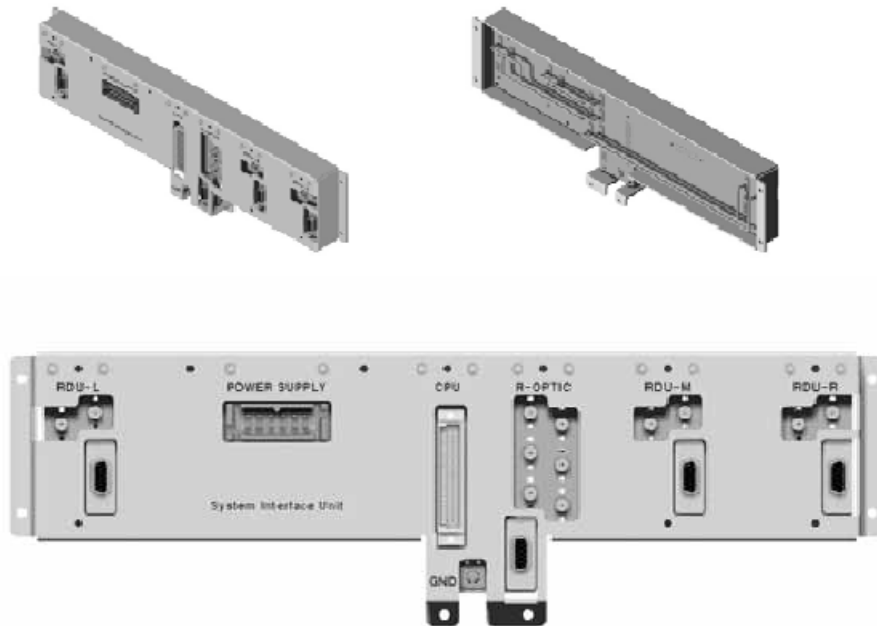


Figure 4.30 – Multiplexer Outer Look

6) System Interface Unit(SIU)

SIU distributes power and signals to each module.



4.4.5 Bottom of ROU

1) Functions

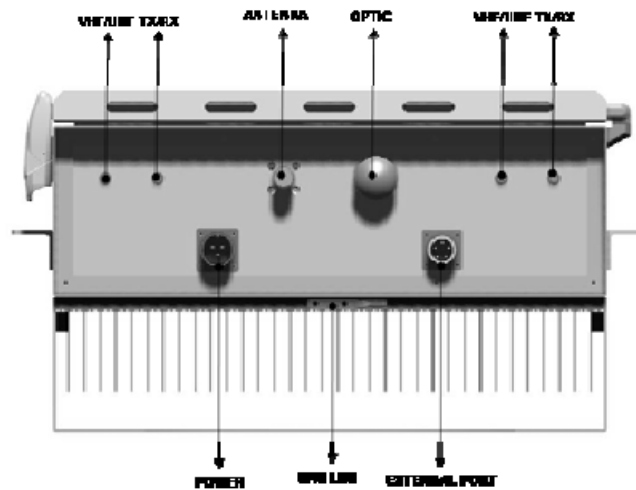


Figure 4.31 – ROU Bottom Look

Item	Description	Remark
1. VHF/UHF TX/RX Port	Terminal for TX and RX antenna ports of VHF and UHF	
2. Antenna Port	System Antenna Port, N-type female	
3. Power Port	AC 120V input port or DC-48V input port	
4. Optic Port	Optical input port	
5. External Port	Port for external devices	
6. GND LUG PORT	Terminal for system ground	

POWER PORT

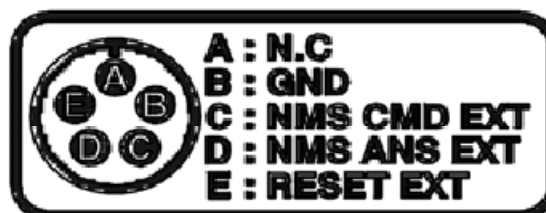
Power ports are used for power-supplying of -48V DC or 120V AC, and specific power cable should be applied to each different types of ROU power supply (AC/DC or DC/DC). Below figure is naming of the power supply by type.



External PORT

External ports are reserved ports for external equipments for future implementation, and used to monitor the status and control the equipments.

Below figure is naming of the external ports.



4.5 Add on V/UHF ROU

Add on V/UHF ROU(forward naming"AOR") is connected existing ROU to service VHF and UHF band. AOR should support VHF+UHF RDU only, not support other RDUs which have cavity filter. RDUs which have cavity filter is too big so that AOR body can't accommodate these.

AOR locates above or under of existing ROU. AOR receives TX signals from ROU and then amplify these through High Power Amplifier, filter out of band signals and radiated to the TX antenna port. When receiving RX signals through the RX antenna port, this unit filters out-of-band signals and amplify with Low noise Amplifier and output power is connected existing ROU's RX port. External BPF should be located between TX/RX antenna and AOR's IN/OUT ports because the BPF rejects the strong broadcasting signal and etc

AOR body meets to NEMA4 degree.

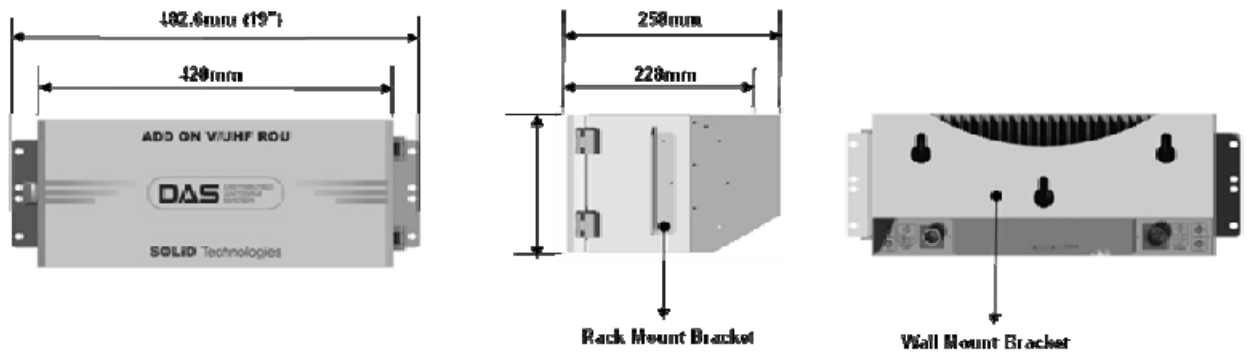


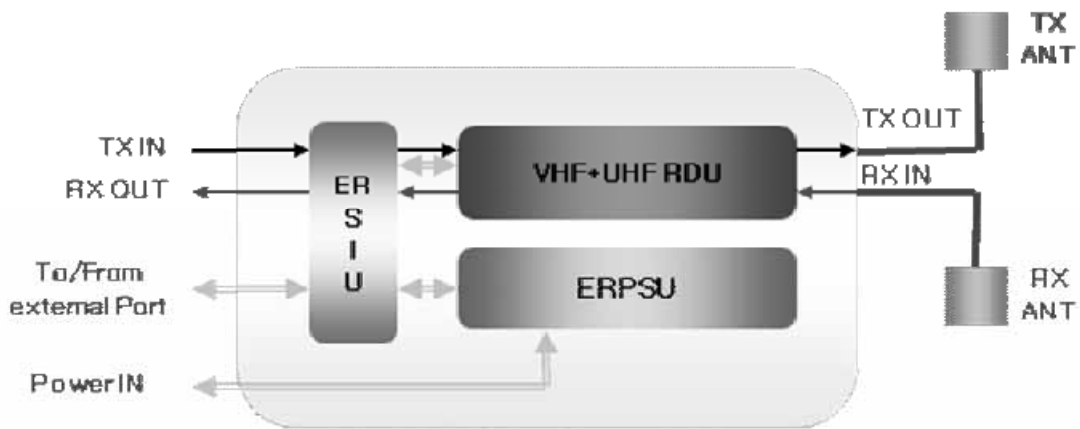
Figure 4.32 – AOR Outer Looks

AOR is designed in a cabinet, and provides the following functions and features.

4.5.1 Specifications of AOR

Item	Spec.	Remark
Size(mm)	482.6(19") x 258 x 177,	Including Bracket
Weight	11 Kg	
Power consumption	78 W	

4.5.2 Block Diagram of AOR



4.5.3 AOR parts

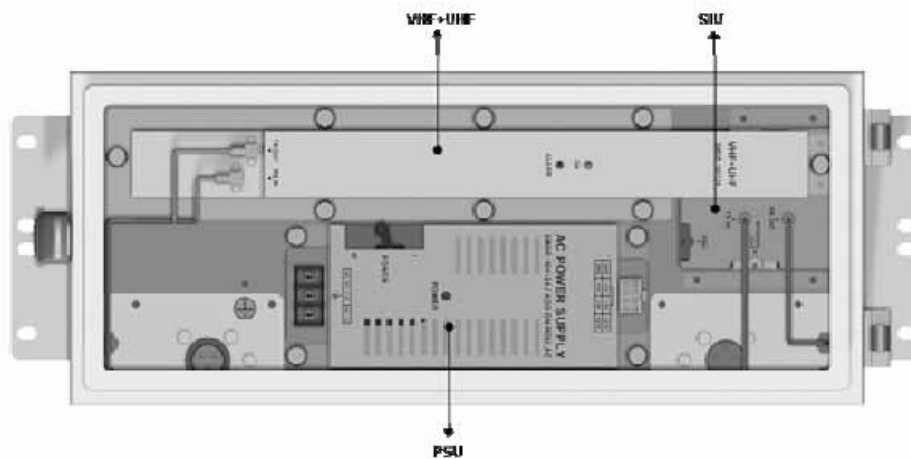


Figure 4.33 – AOR Inner Look

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	VHF+UHF E-VHF+UHF RDU	VHF+UHF Remote Drive Unit Filter and high amplify TX signals; Filter and amplify RX signals; Remove other signals through internal BPF	
2	AOR PSU	AOR Power Supply Unit Input power: DC -48V, Output power: 27V,9V, 6V For 110V input of AC/DC; For -48V input of DC/DC	

3	Enclosure	Enclosure to satisfy NEMA4; Enable both Wall and Rack Mount;	
4	SIU	System Interface Unit Distribute power and signals of module	

4.5.4 Function by unit

1) VHF+UHF / E-VHF+UHF Remote Drive Unit (RDU)

When receiving TX signals from each band through existing ROU's Remote Optic, RDU filters out of band signals and amplifies them with High Power Amplifier. The unit also filters RX signals given through RX antenna and amplifies them to send the signals to existing ROU's Remote Optic.

In the unit, there is ATT to adjust gain each path. VHF+UHF RDU is not supported with cavity filter together. External BPF should be connected before antenna

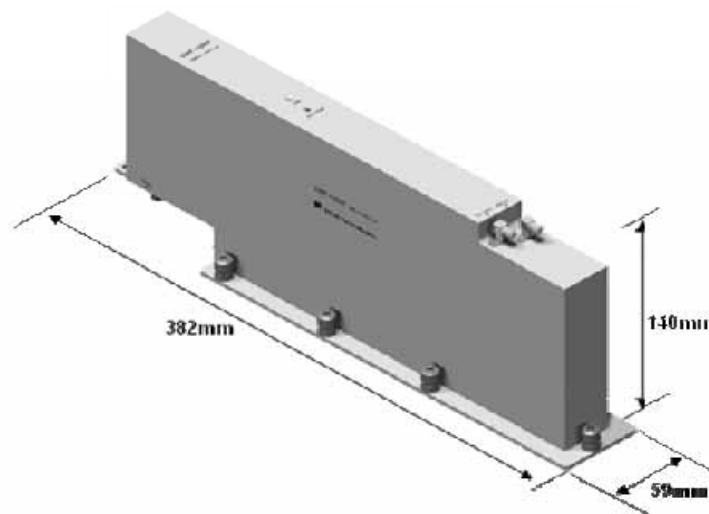


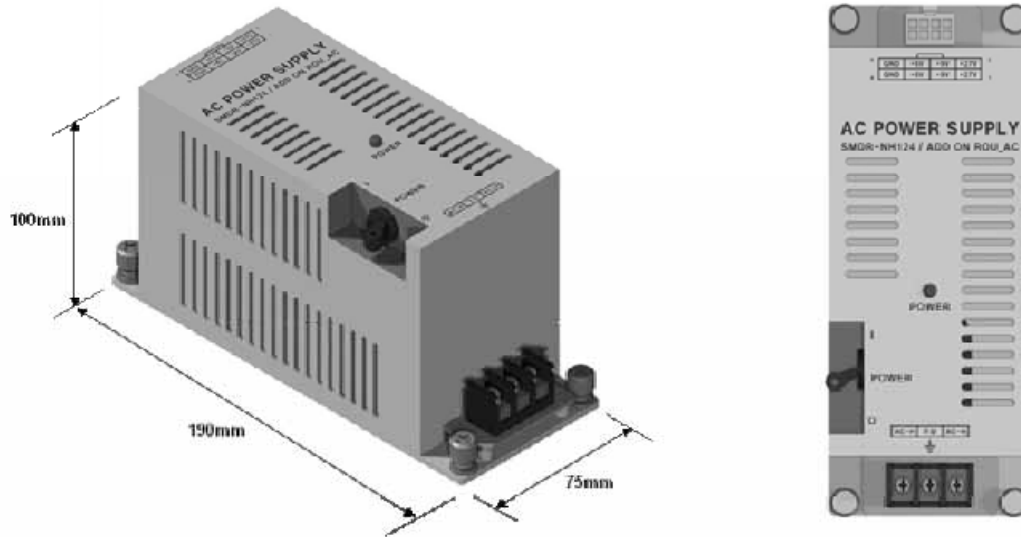
Figure 4.34 – RDU Outer Look

2) AOR Power Supply Unit (AOR PSU)

AOR PSU receives -48V of input. This unit is divided into DC/DC type to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power and AC/DC type to receive 110V of AC input and to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power.

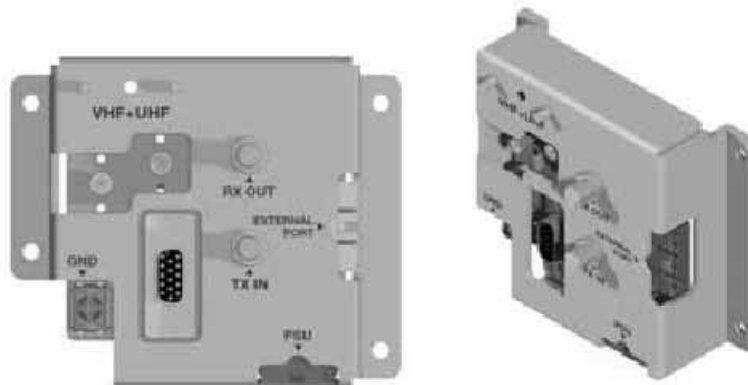
Upon your order, either of the two types should be decided. MS Connector, which uses ports to receive inputs, is designed to accept any of AC and DC. Only in this case, the input cable is different.

RPSU has a circuit brake to turn the power ON/OFF and has LED indicator at the top to check if output power is normally supplied.



3) AOR System Interface Unit(SIU)

SIU distributes power and signals to each module.



4.5.5 Rear of AOR

1) Functions

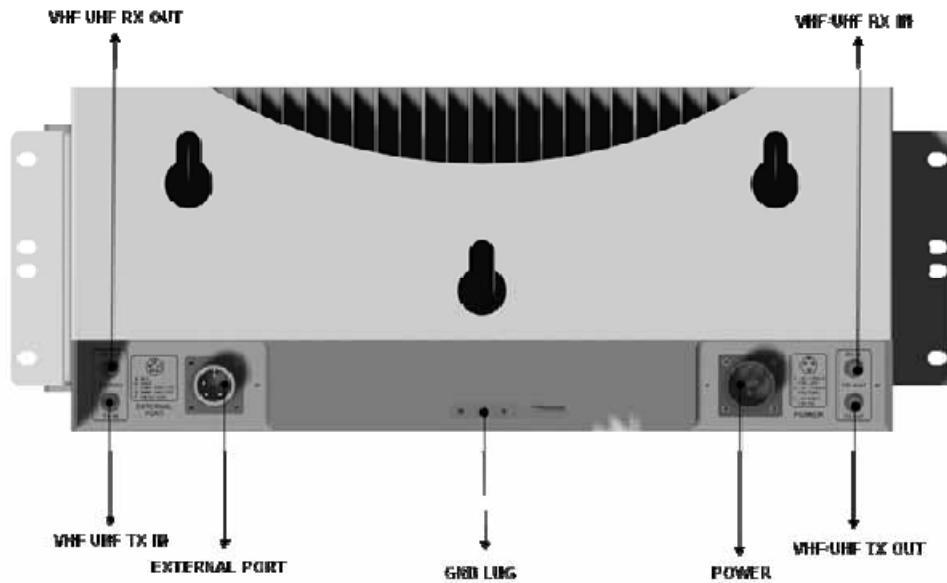


Figure 4.35 – AOR Rear Look

Item	Description	Remark
1. VHF/UHF TX IN	Terminal for receive the signal of TX from existing ROU	To/From Existing ROU
2. VHF/UHF RX OUT	Terminal for transmit the signal of RX to existing ROU	
3. Power Port	Terminal for input either AC 110V or DC-48V as internal PSU type	
4. VHF/UHF TX IN	Terminal for radiate the signal of TX to TX Antenna	To/From Antenna
5. VHF/UHF RX OUT	Terminal for receive the signal of RX from RX Antenna	
5.External Port	Port for communicate with existing ROU	
6.GND LUG PORT	Terminal for system ground	

POWER PORT

Power ports are used for power-supplying of -48V DC or 120V AC, and specific power cable should be applied to each different types of ROU power supply (AC/DC or DC/DC). Below figure is naming of the power supply by type.



External PORT

External ports are reserved ports for external equipments for future implementation, and used to monitor the status and control the equipments.

Below figure is naming of the external ports.

