

Test report

REP023073-2R2TRFWL

Date of issue: September 13, 2024

Applicant:

SOLID

Product description:

Edge Remote Optic Unit (eROU)

eage nemote optio omit (enoo)

eROU_17192325L1_N, eROU_17192325L2_N N/A

Product marketing name(s):

FCC ID:

Model:

W6UER17192325N

Specifications:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 24 Personal Communication Services
- ♦ FCC 47 CFR Part 27 Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services





Lab and test locations

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FCC Site Number	Test Firm Registration Number: 392943; Designation Number: US3165	
ISED Test Site	2040B	
Tested by	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	
Reviewed by	James Cunningham, EMC/WL Manager	
Review date	September 13, 2024	
Reviewer signature	281	

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contain in this report are within Nemko USA's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Section 1 Report summary

1.1 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 24	Personal Communication Services
FCC 47 CFR Part 27	Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

1.2 Test methods

ANSI C63.26 – 2015	American National Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Services; Section 7 – RF Repeaters, amplifiers, and boosters testing
FCC KDB 935210 D05 v01r04	Measurements Guidance for Industrial, and Non-Consumer Signal Booster, Repeater, and Amplifier Devices

1.3 Exclusions

None.

1.4 Statement of compliance

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard(s).

Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the tested requirements.

The test results relate only to the item(s) tested.

See "Section 2 Summary of test results" for full details.

1.5 Test report revision history

Table 1.5-1: Test report revision history

Revision #	Issue Date	Details of changes made to test report
REP023073-2TRFEMC	March 26, 2024	Original report issued
REP023073-2R1TRFEMC	April 24, 2024	Minor corrections
REP023073-2R2TRFEMC	September 13, 2024	Corrections following TCB feedback



Section 2 Summary of test results

2.1 Sample information

Receipt date	22-Jan-24
Nemko sample ID number	REP023073

2.2 Testing period

Test start date	22-Jan-24
Test end date	09-Feb-24

2.3 Test results

Table 2.3-1: Summary of results

FCC Part	Test method	Test description	Verdict
	KDB 935210 D05V01r04 (3.2)	AGC threshold	Pass
	ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.1	AGC till estiblia	rass
	KDB 935210 D05v01r04 (3.3) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.2	Out of band rejection	Pass
FCC Part 2.1049	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.4) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.3	Occupied bandwidth / Input-versus-output spectrum	Pass
FCC Part 24.232 (band 25 operation)			
FCC Part 27.50(a) (band 30 operation)	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.5)	Input/output power and amplifier/booster	Pass
FCC Part 27.50(d) (band 66, 70 operation)	ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.4	gain	PdSS
FCC Part 27.50(h) (band 41 operation)			
FCC Part 24.238 (band 25 operation)			
FCC Part 27.53(a) (band 30 operation)	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.6)	Spurious emissions at RF antenna	Pass
FCC Part 27.23(h) (band 66, 70 operation)	ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.5	connector	1 033
FCC Part 27.53(m) (band 41 operation)			
FCC Part 24.235 (band 25 operation)	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.7)	Frequency stability	Not applicable 1
FCC Part 27.54 (band 30, 66, 70, 41 operation)	ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.6	Trequency stubility	Not applicable
FCC Part 24.238 (band 25 operation)			
FCC Part 27.53(a) (band 30 operation)	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.8)	Radiated spurious emissions	Pass
FCC Part 27.23(h) (band 66, 70 operation)	ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.7	Madiated Sparious Cillissions	1 433
FCC Part 27.53(m) (band 41 operation)			

Notes:

1 Per ANSI C63.26-2015 clause 7.2.2.6 and KDB 935210 Clause 3.7, frequency stability testing is not required if the EUT does not process the input signal in a manner that can influence the output signal frequency/frequencies.



Section 3 Equipment under test (EUT) details

3.1 Disclaimer

This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

3.2 Applicant

Company name	SOLID
Address	800 Klein Road, Suite 200
City	Plano
State	TX
Postal/Zip code	75074
Country	USA

3.3 Manufacturer

Company name	SOLID
Address	800 Klein Road, Suite 200
City	Plano
State	TX
Postal/Zip code	75074
Country	USA

3.4 EUT information

Product name	Edge Remote Optic Unit (eROU)
Model	eROU_17192325L1_N, eROU_17192325L2_N
Variant(s)	N/A
Serial number	N/A
Part number	N/A
Power requirements	Input: 100-240Vac, 50/60Hz, 1.5A / Output: +48V, 1.35A
Description/theory of operation	eROU receives Tx optical signals from eHUB and converts them into RF signals. The converted RF signal is radiated to the antenna port via the AMP and Multiplexer. When receiving Rx signals through the antenna port, this unit filters out-of-band signals in a corresponding Mulitplexer and sends the results to OPTIC to make electronic-optical conversion of them. After converted, the signals are sent to an upper device of eHUB. The eROU supports up to 4 bands.
Operational frequencies	Band 25: 1930 – 1995 MHz DL / 1850 – 1915 MHz UL Band 70: 1995 – 2020 MHz DL / 1695 – 1710 UL Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz DL / 1695 – 1780 MHz UL Band 30: 2350 – 2360 MHz DL / 2305 – 2315 MHz UL Band 41: 2496 – 2690 MHz UL/DL
Software details	N/A



3.5 Transmitter Information

Band 25: 1930 – 1995 MHz DL / 1850 – 1915 MHz UL

Band 70: 1995 – 2020 MHz DL / 1695 – 1710 UL

Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz DL / 1695 – 1780 MHz UL

Band 30: 2350 - 2360 MHz DL / 2305 - 2315 MHz UL

Band 41: 2496 – 2690 MHz UL/DL

2 antenna ports – one for bands 25, 70 and 41 and one for bands 66 and 30 Integrated antenna, type eROU_Ant2.

Peak gain:

Antonna	information

Frequency band(s)

Frequency (MHz)	Peak Gain (dBi)	Efficiency (dB)	Efficiency (%)
1695	1.86	-1.43	71.9
1780	1.99	-1.22	75.6
1850	2.90	-1.53	70.4
1925	2.28	-1.54	70.1
1995	3.30	-0.62	86.6
2110	2.65	-1.48	71.1
2200	4.86	-0.32	92.9
2305	4.15	-1.30	74.2
2320	4.70	-0.84	82.4
2345	4.85	-0.81	82.9
2360	4.97	-0.73	84.5
2496	4.52	-1.39	72.6
2600	4.80	-1.81	65.9
2690	4.40	-2.22	60.0

3.6 EUT setup details

Table 3.6-1: EUT sub assemblies

Description	Brand name	Model/Part number	Serial number	Rev.
Edge Remote Optic Unit (eROU)	SOLiD	eROU_17192325L1_N	N/A	

Table 3.6-2: EUT interface ports

Description	Qty.
+48Vdc port	1
Fiber (LC-APC) port	1
Ethernet port (Add ON eROU – Not populated)	1
USB-C port (Service Only – Not populated)	1
QMA (Add ON eROU – Not populated) Tx port	1
QMA (Add ON eROU – Not populated) Rx port	1
Antenna 1 port (Terminated with 50 ohms when Antenna 2 is operating)	1
Antenna 2 port (Terminated with 50 ohms when Antenna 1 is operating)	1

Table 3.6-3: Support equipment

Description	Brand name	Model/Part number	Serial number	Rev.
Laptop	DELL	Latitude 5480	6KP16H2	
iBIU System Interface	SOLiD	iBIU_AC	65100122800159	
eHub	SOLiD	eHUB_SR_AC_R	35872M66G8421B00059	

Table 3.6-4: Inter-connection cables

Cable description	From	То	Length (m)
Serial to USB	Laptop	iBIU System Interface	2
Fiber Optic	iBIU System Interface	eHub	1.5
Power cable	eHub	eROU	3
Fiber Optic	eHUB	eROU	10



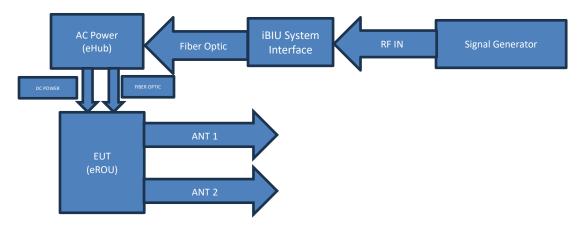


Figure 3.6-1: Test setup diagram



Section 4 Engineering considerations

4.1	Modifications incorporated in the EUT
None.	
4.2	Technical judgement
None.	
<i>1</i> 2	Deviations from laboratory test procedures

None.



Section 5 Test conditions

5.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature	15–30 °C
Relative humidity	20–75 %
Air pressure	86–106 kPa

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

5.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages ±5 %, for which the equipment was designed.



Section 6 Measurement uncertainty

6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

Nemko USA Inc. has calculated measurement uncertainty and is documented in EMC/MUC/001 "Uncertainty in EMC measurements." Measurement uncertainty was calculated using the methods described in CISPR 16-4-2 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4-2: Uncertainties, statistics, and limit modelling – Measurement instrumentation uncertainty. The expression of Uncertainty in EMC testing. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of K=2 with 95% certainty.

Table 6.1-1: Measurement uncertainty calculations

Measurement	·	$U_{\text{cispr}}dB$	U_{lab} dB
Conducted disturbance at AC mains and other port power using a V-AMN	9 kHz to 150 kHz	3.8	2.9
	150 kHz to 30 MHz	3.4	2.3
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using AAN	150 kHz to 30 MHz	5.0	4.3
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using CVP	150 kHz to 30 MHz	3.9	2.9
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using CP	150 kHz to 30 MHz	2.9	1.4
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using CP and CVP	150 kHz to 30 MHz	4.0	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength in a SAC)	30 MHz to 1 GHz	6.3	5.5
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength in a FAR)	1 GHz to 6 GHz	5.2	4.7
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength in a FAR)	6 GHz to 18 GHz	5.5	5.0

Notes: Compliance assessment:

If U_{lab} is less than or equal to U_{cispr} then:

- compliance is deemed to occur is no measured disturbance level exceeds the disturbance limit.
- non-compliance is deemed to occur if any measured disturbance level exceeds the disturbance limit

If U_{lab} is greater than U_{cispr} then:

- compliance is deemed to occur is no measured disturbance level, increased by $(U_{lab} U_{cispr})$, exceeds the disturbance limit.
- non-compliance is deemed to occur if any measured disturbance level, increased by (Ulab Ucispr), exceeds the disturbance limit

V-AMN: V type artificial mains network AAN: Asymmetric artificial network

CP: Current probe

CVP: Capacitive voltage probe SAC: Semi-anechoic chamber FAR: Fully anechoic room



Section 7 Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

Table 7.1-1: Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
Signal and Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	E1120	2 years	14-Dec-2025
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMW200A	E1156	3 years	10-May-2024
Power Sensor	ETS-Lindgren	7002-006	EW110	1 year	14-Apr-2024
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	E1121	1 year	23-Aug-2024
System Controller	Sunol Sciences	SC104V	E1191	NCR	NCR
Antenna, Bilog	Schaffner-Chase	CBL6111C	1480	1 year	21-Feb-2024
Antenna, DRG Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3117-PA	E1160	1 year	13-Feb-2024
Antenna, Horn (18-26.5 GHz)	Eravant	SAZ-2410-42-S1	EW107	1 year	05-Dec-2024
Antenna, Horn (26.5-40 GHz)	Eravant	SAZ-2410-2-S1	EW108	1 year	05-Dec-2024
Termination, 50 ohms	Diamond Antenna	DC-500MHz	N/A	NCR	NCR
Attenuator, 30dB	Pasternack	PE7388-30	E1325	VBU	VBU

Notes: NCR: no calibration required VBU: verify before use

7.2 Test software list

Table 7.2-1: Test Software

Manufacturer	Details
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC 32 V10.60.10 (AC conducted emissions)
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC 32 V10.60.15 (radiated emissions)



Section 8 Testing data

8.1 AGC Threshold

8.1.1 References and limits

- ANSI C63.26 Section 7.2.2.1
- KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Clause 3.2

8.1.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	January 23, 2024 January 24, 2024	Temperature	20 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1008 mbar
Test location	 □ 10m semi anechoic chamber □ 3m semi anechoic chamber ☑ Wireless bench □ Other: 	Relative humidity	54 %

8.1.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.1 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.1, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.1.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	□ Table-top
	☐ Floor standing
	☐ Other:
Measurement details	The automatic gain control (AGC) threshold is determined as follows:
	a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
	b) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
	c) The signal generator must be set to either of the required modulation signals.
	d) Set the frequency to the middle frequency of the EUT operating band.
	e) While monitoring the output of the EUT using the method of ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.4.2 or 7.2.2.4.3, increase
	the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal no longer causes a 1 dB increase in the output
	signal.
	f) This is the AGC threshold level of the EUT.
	g) Repeat for the other modulation signal.

8.1.5 Test data

Table 8.1-1: AGC Threshold results

Operating frequency band	Input signal type	AGC Threshold Level (dBm)
Band 25: 1930 – 1995 MHz	Narrowband	-13.0
	Broadband	-14.0
Band 70: 1995 – 2020 MHz	Narrowband	-19.0
	Broadband	-18.0
Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz	Narrowband	-18.0
	Broadband	-19.0
Band 30: 2350 – 2360 MHz	Narrowband	-9.0
	Broadband	-10.0
Band 41: 2496 – 2690 MHz	Narrowband	-8.0
	Broadband	-9.0

Section 8 Test name Testing data
Out of band rejection



8.2 Out of band rejection

8.2.1 References and limits

- ANSI C63.26 Section 7.2.2.2
- KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Clause 3.3

8.2.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	January 23, 2024 January 24, 2024	Temperature	20 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1008 mbar
Test location	☐ 10m semi anechoic chamber ☐ 3m semi anechoic chamber ☑ Wireless bench ☐ Other:	Relative humidity	54 %

8.2.3 Notes

None

8.2.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	⊠ Table-top
	☐ Floor standing
	□ Other:
Measurement details	The out-of-band rejection is measured as follows:
	a. Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
	b. Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:
	 Frequency range = ± 250 % of the passband from the center of the passband, for each applicable operating frequency band.
	 Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep.
	3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.
	4) Number of points = SPAN/(RBW/2).
	c. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
	d. Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same frequency range of the signal generator.
	e. Set the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to be 1% to 5% of the EUT passband and the VBW shall be set to ≥ 3 x RBW.
	f. Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's display to fill.
	g. Capture the frequency response of the EUT.
	h. Please a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as fo.
	i. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the
	spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the -20 dB down amplitude to determine
	the 20 dB bandwidth.
	j. Repeat for all frequency bands applicable for use by the EUT.



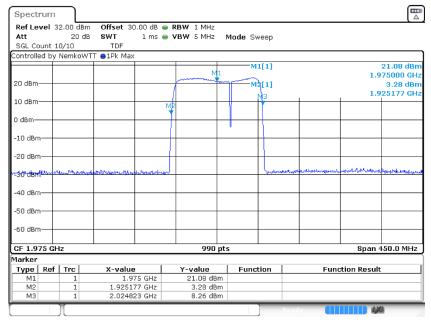
8.2.5 Test data

8.2.5.1 Operating frequency band: Band 25 and Band 70: 1930 - 2020 MHz

Note: Since Band 25 and Band 70 are adjacent to each other, a single measurement was performed across both bands.

Table 8.2-1: Out of band rejection results, Band 25_Band 70

Parameter	Value
f ₀	1975.000
fı	1925.177
f _h	2024.823
20 dB bandwidth	99.646



Out-of-band rejection, 1930-2020 MHz

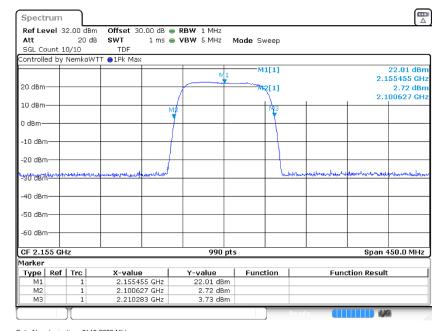
Figure 8.2-1: Out of band rejection results, Band 25_Band 70



8.2.5.2 Operating frequency band: Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz

Table 8.2-2: Out of band rejection results, Band 66

Parameter	Value
f ₀	2155.455
fı	2100.627
fh	2210.283
20 dB bandwidth	109.656



Out-of-band rejection, 2110-2200 MHz

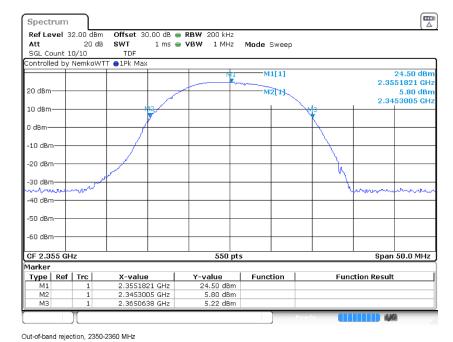
Figure 8.2-2: Out of band rejection results, Band 66



8.2.5.3 Operating frequency band: Band 30: 2350 – 2360 MHz

Table 8.2-3: Out of band rejection results, Band 30

Parameter	Value
f ₀	2355.182
fı	2345.301
f _h	2365.064
20 dB bandwidth	19.763



.

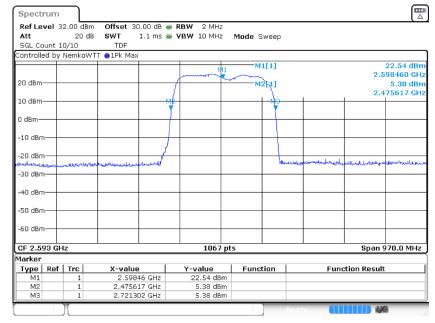
Figure 8.2-3: Out of band rejection results, Band 30



8.2.5.4 Operating frequency band: Band 41: 2496 – 2690 MHz

Table 8.2-4: Out of band rejection results, Band 41

Parameter	Value
f ₀	2598.460
fı	2475.617
fh	2721.302
20 dB bandwidth	245.685



Out-of-band rejection, 2496-2690 MHz

Figure 8.2-4: Out of band rejection results, Band 41



8.3 Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison

8.3.1 References and limits

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1049
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4
- KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Clause 3.4

8.3.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	January 23, 2024 January 24, 2024	Temperature	20 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1008 mbar
Test location	☐ 10m semi anechoic chamber ☐ 3m semi anechoic chamber ☑ Wireless bench ☐ Other:	Relative humidity	54 %

8.3.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.3 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.3, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.3.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	☐ Table-top
	☐ Floor standing
	Other:
Measurement details	A 26 dB bandwidth measurement shall be performed on the input and the output signal.
	a. Connect a signal generator to the EUT.
	b. Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal.
	c. Configure the signal level to be just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 015 dB below.
	d. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
	e. Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span
	range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 x OBW and 5 x OBW.
	f. The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW and the VBW shall be \geq 3 x
	RBW.
	g. Set the reference level of the instrument as required, to prevent the signal from exceeding the
	maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral
	envelope must be more than [10 log (OBW / RBW)] below the reference level. Step f) and step g) can
	require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances.
	h. The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.
	i. Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
	j. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize.
	Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference level).
	k. Determine the -26 dB down amplitude by placing two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the
	highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below
	the-26 dB down amplitude. If a marker is below the -26 dB down value, it should be as close as possible
	to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.
	I. Repeat step 3) to step k) to measure the input signal to the EUT (i.e., signal generator output). Compare
	the 26 dB bandwidths to affirm they are similar.
	m. Repeat step e) to step I) with the input signal to the EUT set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
	n. Repeat step e) to step m) with the signal generator set to the narrowband signal.
	o. Repeat step e) to step n) for all bands used by the EUT.

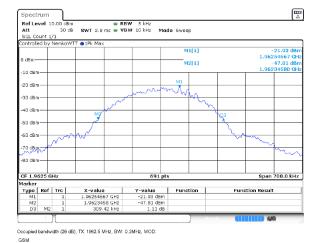


8.3.5 Test data

8.3.5.1 Operating frequency band: Band 25: 1930 – 1995 MHz

Table 8.3-1: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Input Signal) (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Output Signal) (MHz)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	1962.5	0.30942	0.30841
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	1962.5	0.30942	0.30841
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	1962.5	4.6667	4.6667
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	1962.5	4.6667	4.6667



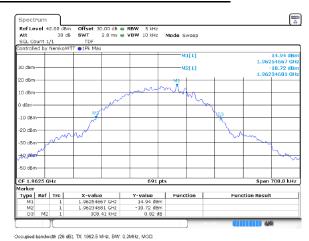
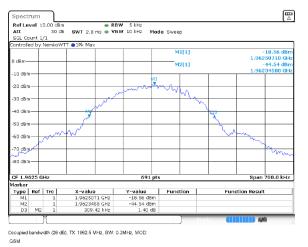


Figure 8.3-1: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



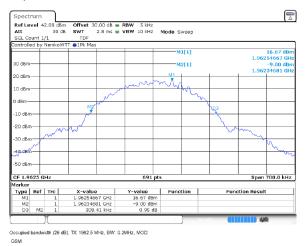


Figure 8.3-2: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



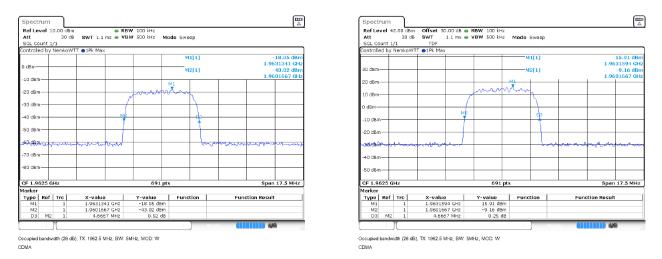


Figure 8.3-3: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

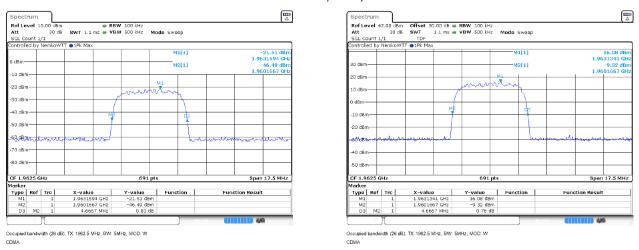


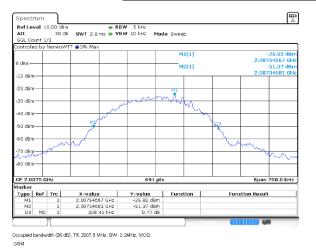
Figure 8.3-4: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



8.3.5.2 Operating frequency band: Band 70: 1995 – 2020 MHz

Table 8.3-2: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Input Signal) (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Output Signal) (MHz)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2007.5	0.30841	0.30841
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2007.5	0.30841	0.30942
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2007.5	4.6920	4.6667
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2007.5	4.6667	4.6667



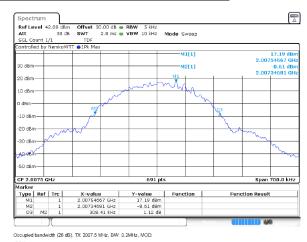
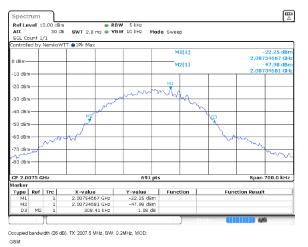


Figure 8.3-5: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



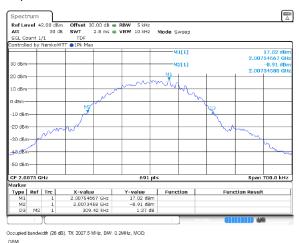


Figure 8.3-6: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



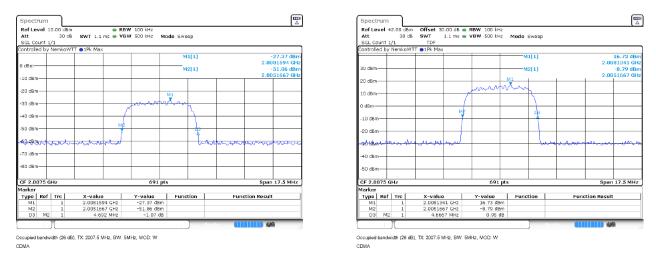


Figure 8.3-7: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



Figure 8.3-8: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



8.3.5.3 Operating frequency band: Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz

Table 8.3-3: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Input Signal) (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Output Signal) (MHz)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155	0.31043	0.30942
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155	0.30841	0.30841
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2155	4.6667	4.6667
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2155	4.6667	4.6667

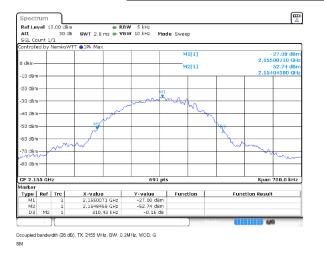
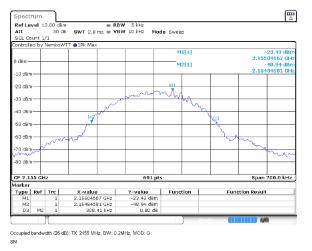




Figure 8.3-9: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



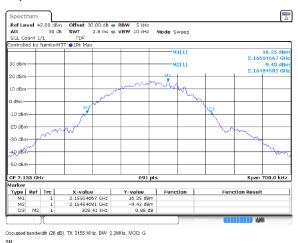


Figure 8.3-10: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



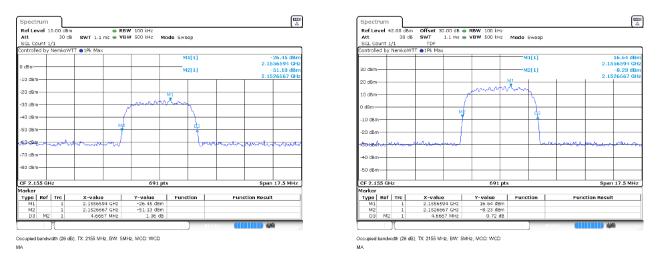


Figure 8.3-11: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

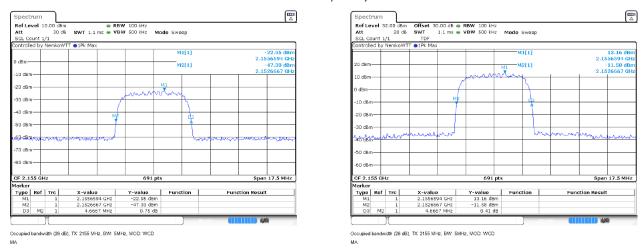


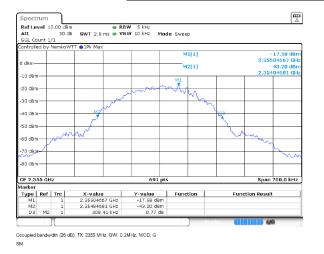
Figure 8.3-12: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



8.3.5.4 Operating frequency band: Band 30: 2350 – 2360 MHz

Table 8.3-4: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Input Signal) (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Output Signal) (MHz)	
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2355	0.30841	0.30841	
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2355	0.30841	0.30841	
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2355	4.6667	4.6667	
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2355	4.6667	4.6667	



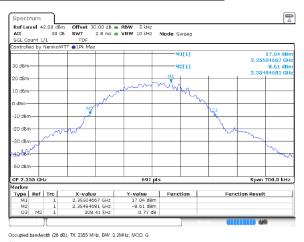
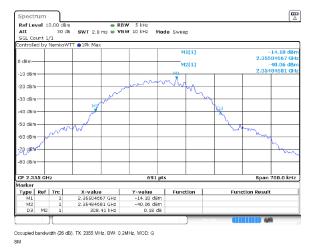


Figure 8.3-13: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



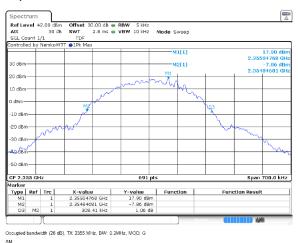


Figure 8.3-14: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



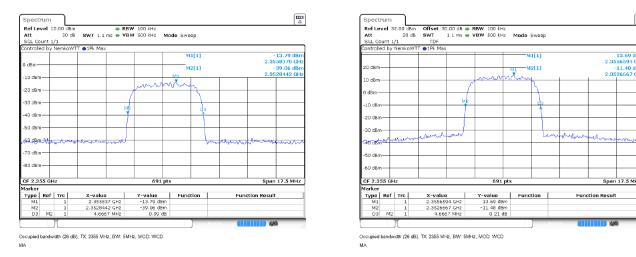


Figure 8.3-15: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

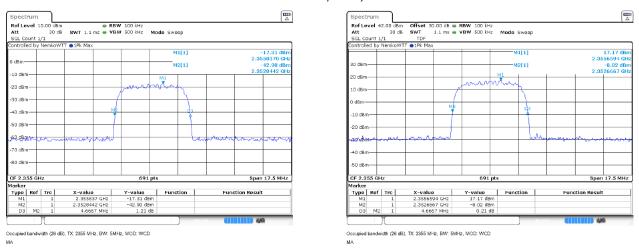


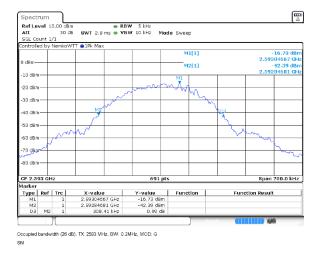
Figure 8.3-16: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



8.3.5.5 Operating frequency band: Band 41: 2496 – 2690 MHz

Table 8.3-5: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Input Signal) (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Output Signal) (MHz)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2593	0.30841	0.30942
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2593	0.30841	0.30841
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2593	4.6667	4.6667
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2593	4.6667	4.6667



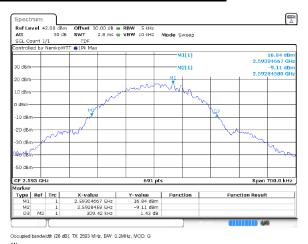
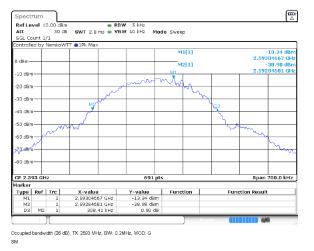


Figure 8.3-17: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



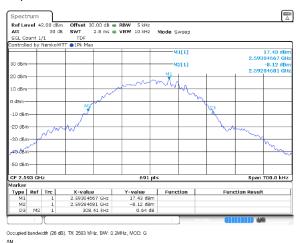


Figure 8.3-18: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



16.18 dB

Function Result

M1[1]



Figure 8.3-19: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

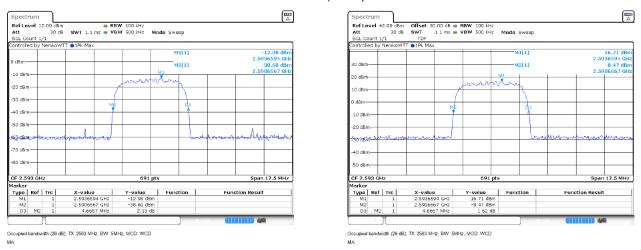


Figure 8.3-20: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



8.4 Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain

8.4.1 References and limits

- FCC Part 24.232 (band 25 operation)
- FCC Part 27.50(a) (band 30 operation)
- FCC Part 27.50(d) (band 66, and 70 operation)
- FCC Part 27.50(h) (band 41 operation)
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4
- KDB 935210 D05v01r05 Clause 3.5

8.4.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	January 23, 2024 January 24, 2024	Temperature	20 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1008 mbar
Test location	☐ 10m semi anechoic chamber ☐ 3m semi anechoic chamber ☑ Wireless bench ☐ Other:	Relative humidity	54 %

8.4.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.4 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.4.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz			
EUT setup configuration	☑ Table-top			
	☐ Floor standing			
	☐ Other:			
Measurement details	Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which the equipment certification is sought.			
	Any EUT attenuation settings shall be set to their minimum value.			
	a. Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.			
	b. The modulation shall be set to the AWGN signal.			
	c. The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency f₀ as determined during the out-of			
	band rejection measurement.			
	d. Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation,			
	e. Set the level of the signal generator to a level that produces an output just below the AGC threshold,			
	but not more than 0l5 dB below.			
	f. Measure the output power of the EUT.			
	g. Remove the EUT from the measurement set-up. Using the same signal generator settings, repeat the			
	power measurement on the input signal to the EUT (i.e., the signal generator output). Calculate the			
	amplifier gain as follows:			
	Gain (dB) = output (dBm) – input (dBm).			
	h. Repeat step f) and g) with the input level set to a level that is 3 dB above the AGC threshold.			
	i. Repeat step e) to step h) with the input signal set to narrowband modulation.			
	j. Repeat step e) to step i) for all bands used by the EUT.			

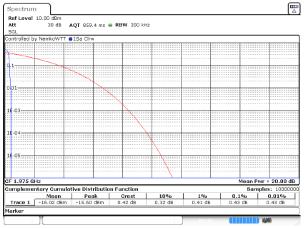


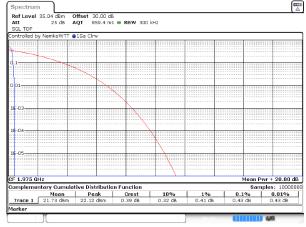
8.4.5 Test data

8.4.5.1 Operating frequency band: Band 25: 1930 – 1995 MHz

Table 8.4-1: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain test data

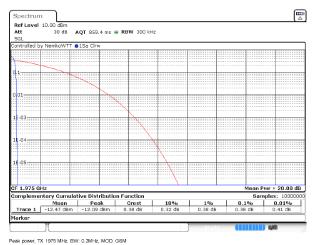
Condition	Test frequency (MHz)	Input power (dBm / MHz)	Output power (dBm/MHz)	Amplifier gain (dB)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	1975	-16.02	21.73	37.75	0.43
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	1975	-12.47	21.47	33.94	0.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	1975	-14.74	18.32	33.06	4.43
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	1975	-11.25	21.79	33.04	4.46





Peak power, TX 1975 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD. GSM
Peak power, TX 1975 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD. GSM

Figure 8.4-1: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



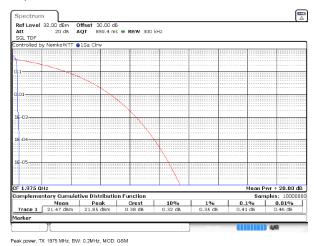
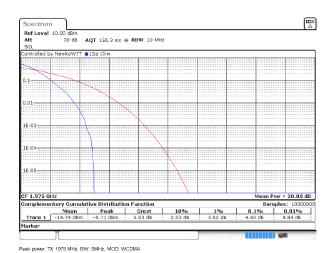
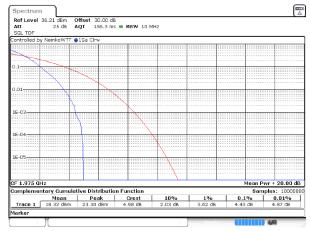


Figure 8.4-2: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

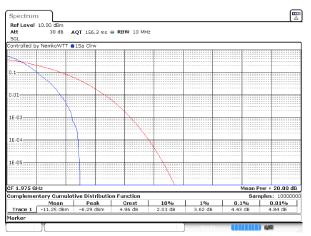


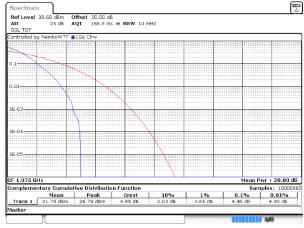




Peak power, TX: 1975 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Figure 8.4-3: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively





Peak power, TX 1975 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Peak power, TX 1975 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

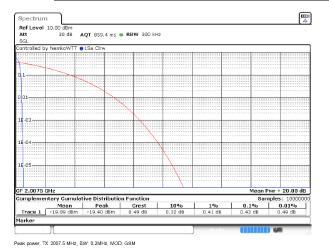
Figure 8.4-4: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

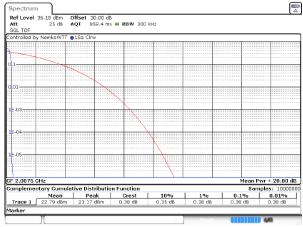


8.4.5.2 Operating frequency band: Band 70: 1995 – 2020 MHz

Table 8.4-2: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain test data

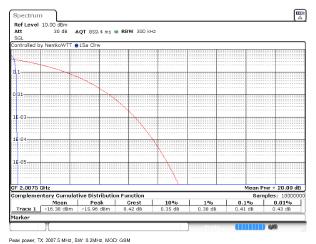
Condition	Test frequency (MHz)	Input power (dBm / MHz)	Output power (dBm/MHz)	Amplifier gain (dB)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2007.5	-19.89	22.79	42.68	0.38
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2007.5	-16.38	23.32	39.70	0.43
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2007.5	-20.66	23.62	44.28	4.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2007.5	-17.12	23.57	40.69	4.41





Peak power, TX 2007.5 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM

Figure 8.4-5: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



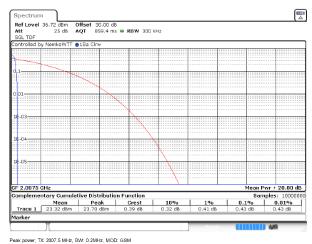
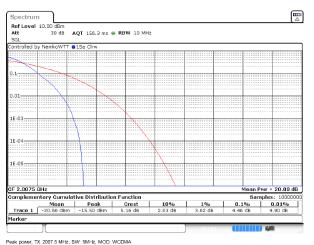
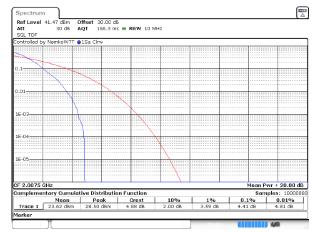


Figure 8.4-6: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal

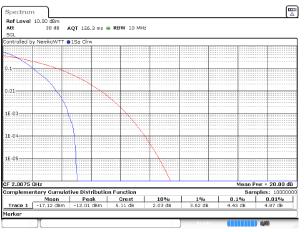
respectively

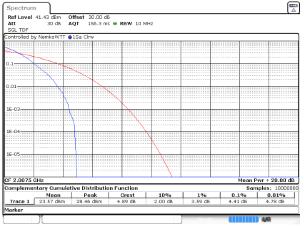




Peak power, TX 2007.5 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Figure 8.4-7: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively





Peak power, TX 2007.5 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Peak power, TX 2007.5 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

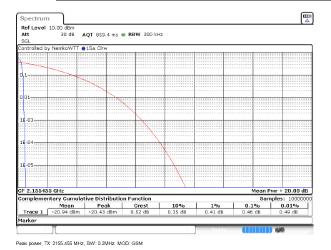
Figure 8.4-8: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

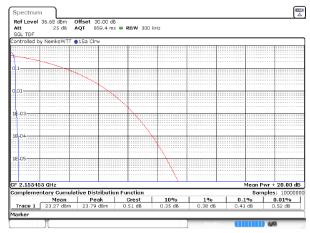


8.4.5.3 Operating frequency band: Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz

Table 8.4-3: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain test data

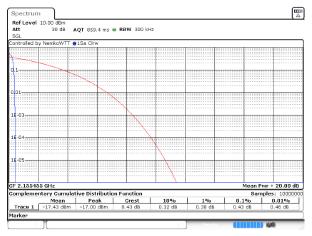
Condition	Test frequency (MHz)	Input power (dBm / MHz)	Output power (dBm/MHz)	Amplifier gain (dB)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155.455	-20.94	23.27	44.21	0.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155.455	-17.43	23.19	40.62	0.38
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2155.455	-19.70	23.49	43.19	4.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2155.455	-16.16	23.90	40.06	4.41

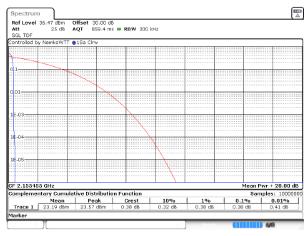




Peak power, TX 2155.455 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM

Figure 8.4-9: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

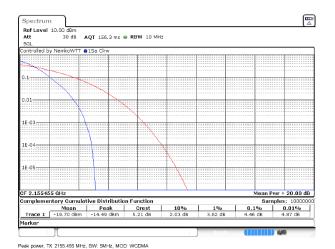


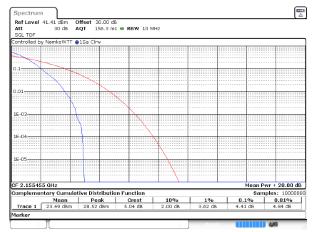


Peak power, TX 2155.455 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM
Peak power, TX 2155.455 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM

Figure 8.4-10: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

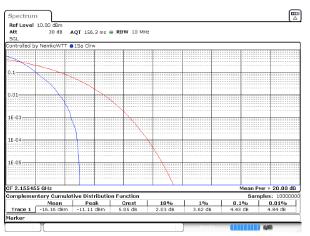


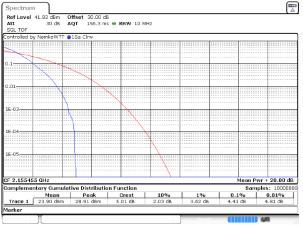




Peak power, TX 2155.455 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Figure 8.4-11: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively





Peak power, TX 2155.455 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Peak power, TX 2155.455 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WGDMA

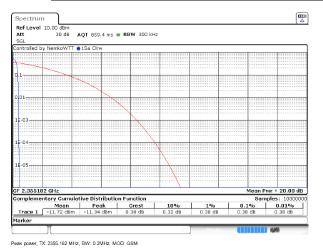
Figure 8.4-12: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

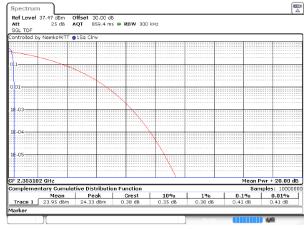


8.4.5.4 Operating frequency band: Band 30: 2350 – 2360 MHz

Table 8.4-4: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain test data

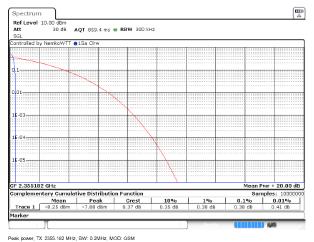
Condition	Test frequency (MHz)	Input power (dBm / MHz)	Output power (dBm/MHz)	Amplifier gain (dB)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2355.182	-11.72	23.95	35.67	0.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2355.182	-8.25	23.33	31.58	0.43
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2355.182	-10.56	23.17	33.73	4.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2355.182	-7.04	24.11	31.15	4.41

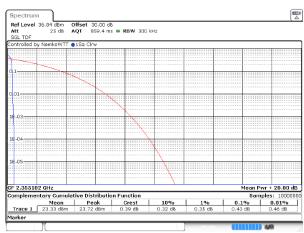




Peak power, TX 2355.182 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM

Figure 8.4-13: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

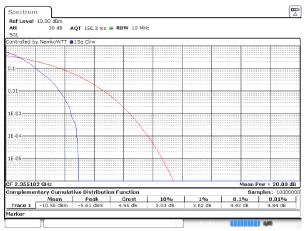


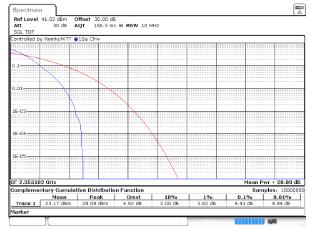


1W/: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM Peak power, TX 2355.182 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM

Figure 8.4-14: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

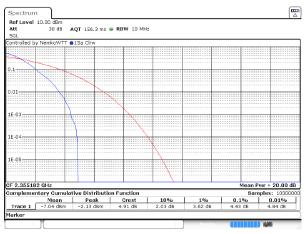


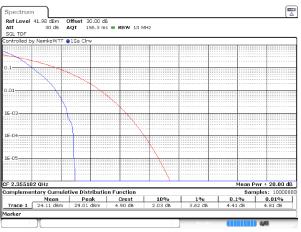




Peak power, TX 2355.182 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA Peak power, TX 2355.182 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Figure 8.4-15: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively





Peak power, TX 2355.182 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD. WGDMA
Peak power, TX 2355.182 MHz, BW: 5MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD. WGDMA

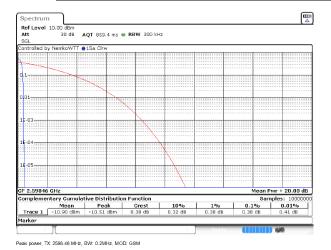
Figure 8.4-16: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

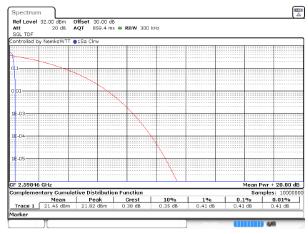


8.4.5.5 Operating frequency band: Band 41: 2496 – 2690 MHz

Table 8.4-5: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain test data

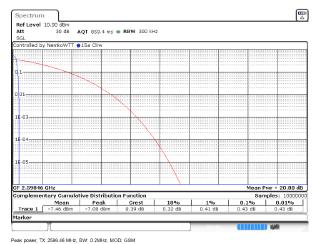
Condition	Test frequency (MHz)	Input power (dBm / MHz)	Output power (dBm/MHz)	Amplifier gain (dB)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2598.46	-10.90	21.45	32.35	0.41
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2598.46	-7.46	22.95	30.41	0.43
Input Level = AGC Threshold0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2598.46	-9.75	22.50	32.25	4.46
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2598.46	-6.23	23.09	29.32	4.46





Peak power, TX 2598.46 MHz, BW: 0.2MHz, MOD: GSM

Figure 8.4-17: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



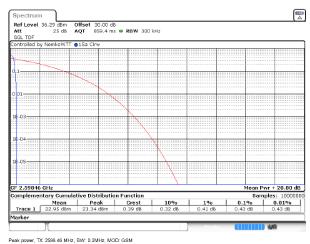
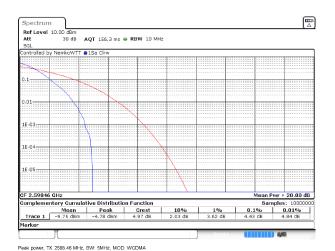
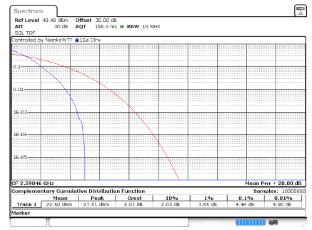


Figure 8.4-18: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

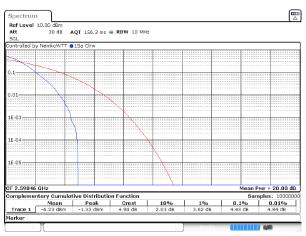


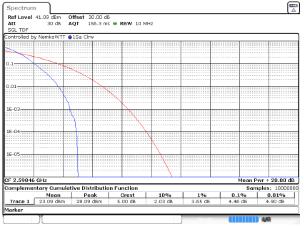




Peak power, TX 2598.46 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WCDMA

Figure 8.4-19: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively





Peak power, TX 2598.46 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WGDMA

Peak power, TX 2598.46 MHz, BW: 5MHz, MOD: WGDMA

Figure 8.4-20: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively



8.5 Spurious emissions at RF connector

8.5.1 References and limits

- FCC Part 24.232 (band 25 operation)
- FCC Part 27.53(a) (band 30 operation)
- FCC Part 27.53(h) (band 66, and 70 operation)
- FCC Part 27.53(m) (band 41 operation)
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.5
- KDB 935210 D05v01r05 Clause 3.6

8.5.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	January 23, 2024 January 24, 2024	Temperature	20 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1008 mbar
Test location	☐ 10m semi anechoic chamber ☐ 3m semi anechoic chamber ☑ Wireless bench ☐ Other:	Relative humidity	54 %

8.5.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.4 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

For intermodulation products and out-of-channel block tests, testing is performed under the following two conditions (per ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.5.1 and KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Section 3.6):

- a) Two modulated signals set to the lower or upper block edge.
- b) A single modulated signal set to the low or high channel

8.5.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	☑ Table-top
	☐ Floor standing
	☐ Other:
Measurement details	Out-of-channel-block and out-of-band emissions:
	 Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT. If the signal generator is not capable of generating
	two modulated carriers at one time, then it may be replaced by two signal generators connected with an appropriate combining network
	b. Set the signal generator to produce 2 AWGN signals.
	c. The frequencies shall be set so that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry
	standards such as 3GPP or3GPP2, at the upper block edge of the frequency band under test.
	d. The composite power levels shall be set so that the signal is just below the AGC threshold, but not more
	than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the methods described in the output
	power methods, however, it will be necessary to measure the composite power by increasing the band
	power integration bandwidth to include both transmit channels, or alternatively, this measurement can
	be performed using an average power meter.
	e. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
	f. Set the RBW= reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band
	(typically 1% of the EBW or 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
	g. Set the VBW = 3 x RBW.
	h. Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.
	i. Set the sweep time = auto couple.
	j. Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency and the stop frequency to
	the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz,
	respectively.
	k. Trace average at least one hundred traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.



- I. Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.
- m. Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.
- n. Repeat step k) and step m) with the input level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- o. Set the frequencies of the input signals to the lower block edge of the frequency band under test.
- p. Reset the analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHZ, respectively, and the stop frequency to the lower block edge frequency.
- q. Repeat step k) to step n).
- r. Repeat step a) to step q) with the signal generator set to only a single signal closest to the block edges.
- s. Repeat step a) to step r) with the narrowband signal.
- t. Repeat step a) to step s) for all bands used by the EUT.

Conducted spurious:

- a. Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b. Set the signal generator to produce the AWGN signal.
- c. Set the frequency of the signal to the lowest channel within the frequency block.
- d. The power levels shall be set so that the signal is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- e. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- f. Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
- g. Set the VBW = $3 \times RBW$.
- h. Set the sweep time = auto-couple.
- i. Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lowest RF signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz to 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part. The number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 x span/RBW), which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- j. Trace average at least ten traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- k. Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- I. Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the spectrum analyzer stop frequency to ten times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission. The number of measurement points in each sweep must be ≥ (2 x span/RBW), which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- m. Trace average at least ten traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- n. Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report; also provide tabular data, if required.
- o. Repeat step i) to step n) with the input signal firstly set to a middle channel frequency and then tuned to a high channel frequency.
- p. Repeat step c) to step o) with the narrowband signal.
- q. Repeat step b) to step p) for all bands used by the EUT

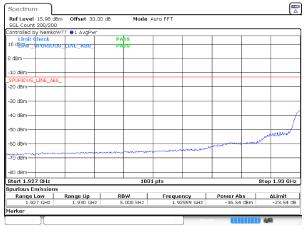


8.5.5 Test data – out-of-channel block and out-of-band emissions

8.5.5.1 Operating frequency band: Band 25: 1930-1995 MHz

Table 8.5-1: Spurious emissions at RF connector test data, narrowband

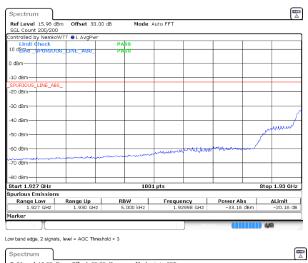
Condition	Frequency of highest emission (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1929.993	-36.54	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1929.984	-33.81	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1929.984	-33.16	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1929.990	-29.93	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	1995.010	-35.06	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	1995.010	-32.25	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	1995.010	-31.67	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	1995.016	-28.70	-13.00

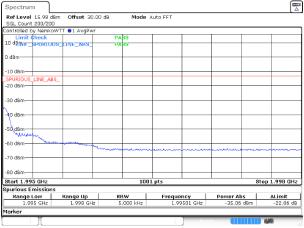


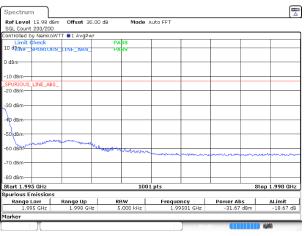
Low band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5

Low band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5



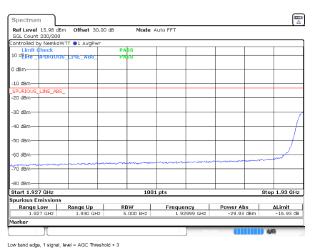


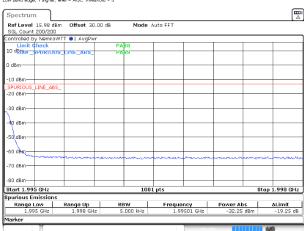




High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold + 3

High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5





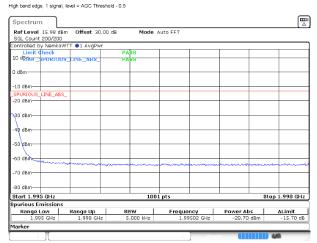
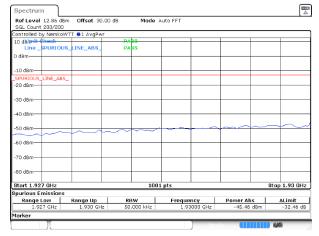




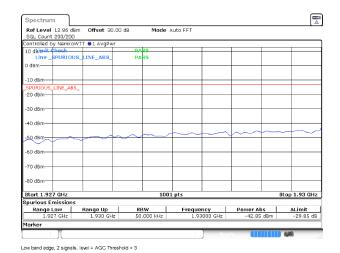
Table 8.5-2: Spurious emissions at RF connector test data, broadband

Condition	Frequency of highest emission (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1929.998	-45.46	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1929.998	-43.92	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1929.998	-42.85	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1929.998	-42.43	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	1995.001	-45.26	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	1995.001	-42.00	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	1995.001	-42.44	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	1995.001	-39.62	-13.00



Low band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5





 Ref Level
 12.86 dBm
 Offset
 30.00 dB
 Mode Auto FFT

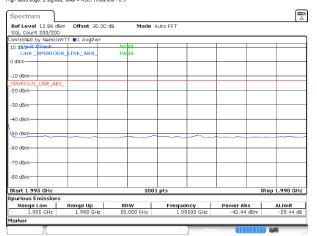
 SSL Count 20/20/SB
 Count 20/20/SB
 Count 20/20/SB
 Count 20/20/SB

 Controlled by NembowTT
 ●1 AvgPwr
 10 dB/gBs
 PABS

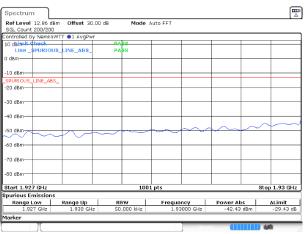
 10 dB/gBs
 Line_ABS
 PABS

 0 dB/m
 Line_ABS
 PABS

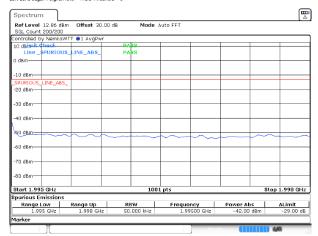
 0 dB/m
 Line_ABS
 Line_ABS



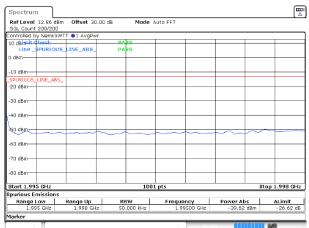
High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold + 3



Low band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold + 3



High band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5

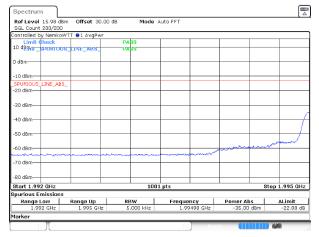


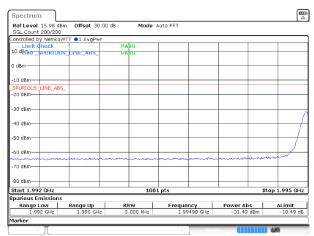


8.5.5.2 Operating frequency band: Band 70: 1995-2020 MHz

Table 8.5-3: Spurious emissions at RF connector test data, narrowband

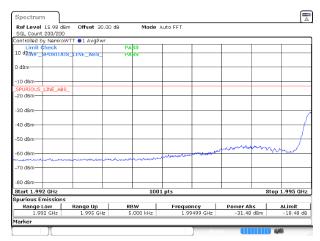
Condition	Frequency of highest emission (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1994.984	-35.00	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1994.981	-31.49	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1994.993	-31.48	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1994.987	-28.67	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2020.016	-34.63	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2020.004	-31.88	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2020.022	-31.33	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2020.013	-28.33	-13.00



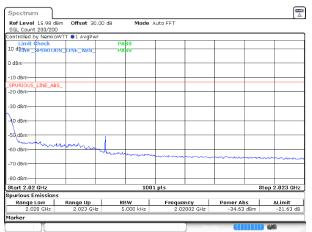


Low band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5

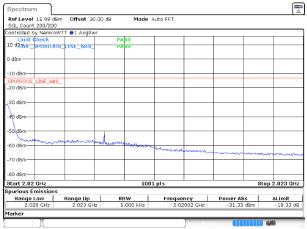




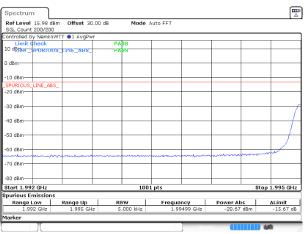
Low band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold + 3



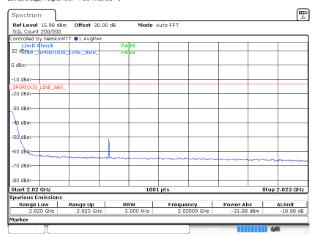
High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5



High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold + 3



Low band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold + 3



High band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5

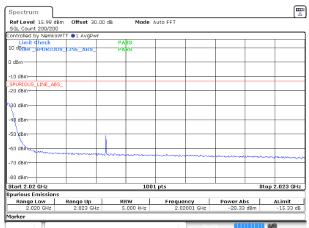
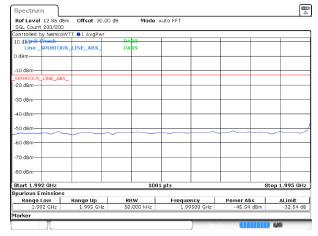




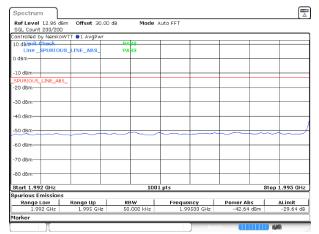
Table 8.5-4: Spurious emissions at RF connector test data, broadband

Condition	Frequency of highest emission (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1994.998	-45.54	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1994.998	-42.20	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	1994.998	-42.64	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	1994.998	-39.15	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2020.001	-45.90	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2020.001	-42.87	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2020.001	-42.72	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2020.001	-40.12	-13.00

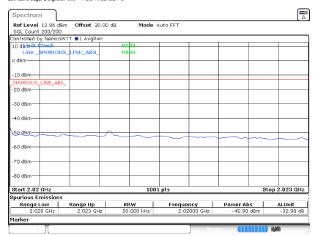


Low band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5

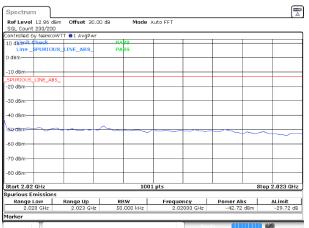




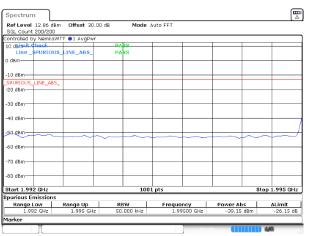
Low band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold + 3



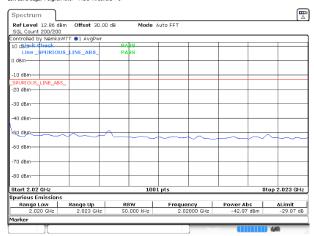
High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5



High band edge, 2 signals, level = AGC Threshold + 3



Low band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold + 3



High band edge, 1 signal, level = AGC Threshold - 0.5

