

	700LTEF SISO	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	
11	RDU	700LTEF SISO	TX CABLE 2EA	RDM TX	
	700LTEF MIMO	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	

The following describes how to install RDU in ROU.

# How to install RDU 800PS Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 800PS	RF Module	
2	800PS BPF	BPF	
3	800PS TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 360mm	
4	800PS RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 410mm	



1 Combine RDU 800PS with 800PS BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)

- ② Insert the combined 800PS+850C BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- 3 Combination point of 800PS+800PS BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interface		
Multiplexer Port naming	800PS RDU	800PS BPF	Remark
800PS+900I+PA TX	-	TX OUT	
800PS+900I+PA RX	RX IN	-	



# How to RDU install 850C Ass'y

The following components are required:

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 850C	RF Module	
2	850C BPF	BPF	
3	850C TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 310mm	
4	850C RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 310mm	



① Combine 850C RDU with 850C BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)

② Insert the combined 850C+850C BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.

③ Combination point of 850C+850C BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interface	e Point	
Multiplexer Port naming	850C RDU	850C BPF	Remark
850C TX	-	TX OUT	
850C RX	-	RX IN	

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# How to install RDU 800PS+900I+PA Ass'y

The following components are required:

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 800PS+900I+PA	RF Module	
2	800PS+900I+PA BPF	BPF	
3	800PS+900I+PA TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 460mm	
4	800PS+900I+PA RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 380mm	



① Combine RDU 800PS+900I+PA with 800PS+900I+PA BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)

2 Insert the combined 800PS+900I+PA BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.

③ Combination point of 800PS+900I+PA BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interfac		
Multiplexer Port naming	800PS+900I+PA RDU	800PS+900I+PA BPF	Remark



800PS+900I+PA TX	TX OUT	-	
800PS+900I+PA RX	RX IN	-	

# How to install RDU 850C+700PS Ass'y

The following components are required:

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 850C+700PS	RF Module	
2	850C+700PS BPF	BPF	
3	850C+700PS TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 470mm	
4	850C+700PS RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 400mm	



① Combine RDU 850C+700PS with 850C+700PS BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)

- ② Insert the combined 850C+700PS BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- ③ Combination point of 850C+700PS BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interfac		
Multiplexer Port naming	850C+700PS RDU	850C+700PS BPF	Remark
850C+700PS TX	TX OUT	-	



850C+700PS RX	RX IN	-	

## How to install RDU 1900P+AWS-1 Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 1900P+AWS-1	RF Module	
2	1900P+AWS-1 BPF	BPF	
3	1900P+AWS-1 RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 390mm	
4	1900P+AWS-1 RF-01	SMA(M) to SMA(M)	Semirigid



- ① Combine RDU 1900P+AWS-1 with 1900P BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)
- ② Connect BPF 1900P port with 1900P port of 1900P RDU through 1900P+AWS-1 RF-01 RF CABLE.
- 3 Insert the combined 1900P+AWS-1 BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- (4) Combination point of 1900P+AWS-1 BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer



	Interface		
Multiplexer Port naming	<sup>1g</sup> 1900P+AWS-1 RDU 1900F		Remark
AWS-1+1900P COM	1900P+AWS	-	

# How to install RDU VHF+UHF Ass'y

The following components are required:

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU VHF+UHF	RF Module	
2	RDU VHF+UHF RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 460mm	
3	RDU VHF+UHF RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 380mm	



- ① Insert the combined VHF+UHF RDU into any slot of ROU.
- ② Connect RDU VHF+UHF Port with ROU VHF+UHF Port through VHF+UHF RF CABLE

# How to install RDU 850C+700LTEC Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 850C+700LTEC	RF Module	



2	850C+700PS BPF	BPF	
3	850C+700PS TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 470mm	
4	850C+700PS RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 400mm	



① Combine RDU 850C+700 LTEC with 850C+700PS BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)

2 Insert the combined 850C+700 LTEC BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.

③ Combination point of 850C+700PS/700LTE BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interfac			
Multiplexer Port naming	850C+700LTEC RDU	850C+700PS BPF	Remark	
850C/700PS/700LTE TX	TX OUT	-		
850C/700PS/700LTE RX	RX IN	-		

# How to install RDU 700LTEF Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 700LTEF	RF Module	



2	700LTEF BPF	BPF	
3	700LTEF TX SISO RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M)	SISO
4	700LTEF RX SISO RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M)	SISO
5	700LTEF TRX MIMO RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M)	MIMO



1 Combine RDU 700LTEF with 700LTEF BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)

2 Insert the combined 700LTEF BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.

③ Combination point of 700LTEF BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interfac		
Multiplexer Port naming	700LTEF RDU	LTEF RDU 700LTEF BPF	
700LTEF SISO TX	TX OUT	-	
700LTEF SISO RX	RX IN	-	
700LTEF MIMO TRX	TRX OUT/IN	-	



You cannot insert the same module and band into MULTIPLEXER port at the same time. For example, you are not supposed to insert both of 800PS RDU and 800PS+900I+PA RDU into ROU at the same time. In the same way, you cannot concurrently insert both of 850C RDU, 850C+700PS RDU and 850C+700LTEC into ROU. In addition, if you want to use 700LTEF RDU and 850C+700PS RDU in the ROU concurrently, you should change the multiplexer supporting these band together

## Information of LED at the front RDU

RDU has the structure of enabling a random RDU to be inserted into three slots.

ROU can be equipped with a total of three RDUs. If only one RDU is inserted into a slot and the other slots ramian reserved, you need to insert BLANK cards into the other slots.

When RDU is inserted into ROU, LED of the front panel shows the following information:

LED		Description
		Power is not supplied
ON	•	Power is supplied.
ALM	•	Normal Operation





Up to three RDUs can be inserted. If one or two units of them are used, then you need

to terminate the unused slot of RDU with a BLANK card.

# 5.3.7 Consumption of RDU

Part	Unit	Consumption Power	Remark
Common Part	Enclosure		
	RCPU		
	ROPTIC	17W	
	RPSU		
	Multiplexer		
RDU	RDU 800PS	39W	

The following table shows power consumption of RDU:



	RDU 800PS+900I+Paging	800PS	49W	900I+PA HPA OFF
		900I+PA	72W	800PS HPA OFF
		FULL	79W	Both HPA ON
	RDU 850C	39	9W	
		850C	49W	700PS HPA OFF
	RDU 850C+700PS	700PS	58W	850C HPA OFF
		FULL	93W	Both HPA ON
		1900P	46W	AWS-1 HPA OFF
	RDU 1900P+AWS-1	AWS-1	46W	1900P HPA OFF
		FULL	68W	Both HPA ON
		VHF	47W	VHF HPA OFF
	RDU VHF+UHF RDU E-VHF+UHF	UHF	47W	UHF HPA OFF
		FULL	74W	Both HPA ON
		850C	49W	700LTEC HPA OFF
	RDU 850C+700LTEC	700LTEC	58W	850C HPA OFF
		FULL	93W	Both HPA ON
	RDU 700LTEF SISO	32	2W	
	RDU 700LTEF MIMO	50W		SISO & MIMO HPA ON
	RDU 700LTEF+850C	90	W	Both HPA ON

For power consumption of ROU, the common part consumes 17W. Depending on the quantity of each RDU, you can add overall power consumption of ROU. Only, in case of Dual-Band signals, power consumption is calculated respectively when HPA of the other party is turned OFF and two HPA devices are turned ON. Note that when you calculate Power Budget.



## 5.4 OEU Installation

OEU is used to expand ROU in Campus Site.

OEU is located at a Remote Closet. As it can be equipped with up to two DOUs, you

can expand a total of eight ROUs.

## 5.4.1 OEU Shelf installation

OEU is a shelf in around 2U size. Its width is 19" and so this unit should be inserted into a 19" Standard Rack. OEU is in a Remote Closet, providing optical ports of ROU.

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
Common Part	Shelf	Including EWDM,ERF,EPSU,ECPU, 19",2U	1EA
	Power Cable	-48Vdc Input with two lug terminal	1EA
Optional Part	DOU	Optical Module with 4 Optic Port	Up to 2EA to be inserted

The following table shows power consumption of OEU:

# 5.4.2 OEU Power Cabling

The input power of OEU is DC -48V. You need to connect DC cable with the Terminal Block seen at the rear of OEU.

Terminal	Color of cable	Description	Remark
-48V	Blue color	Input range: -42 ~ -56Vdc	
NC	Not Connected		
GND	Black color		

Before connecting the power terminal, you need to connect "+" terminal of Multi Voltage Meter probe with the GND terminal and then connect "-" terminal with -48V to see if "-48Vdc" voltage is measured. After the check, connect the power terminal through the terminal seen below.





 $\angle$  Note that OEU does not operate if the "+" terminal and the "-" terminal of the -48V power are not inserted into the accurate polarity.

# 5.4.3 OEU Optic Cabling

OEU is connected with upper ODU. With DOU inserted in it, the unit is connected with ROU. As OEU has a shelf with EWDM in it, the unit makes electronic-optical conversion of TX signals from ODU and makes optical-electronic conversion of RX signals. In addition, OEU can be equipped with up to two DOUs. One DOU supports four optical ports and one optical port can be connected with ROU. With WDM in DOU, the unit can concurrently send/receive two pieces of wavelength (TX:1310nm, RX:1550nm) through one optical core. DOU has SC/APC of optical adaptor type.



Figure 5.7 – Optical cable of SC/ACP Type



For optical adaptor, SC/APC type should be used. To prevent the optical access part from being marred with dirt, it should be covered with a cap during move. When devices are connected through optical cables, you need to clear them using alcohocol to remove dirt.

# 5.4.4 Insert DOU to OEU

Into OEU Shelf, up to two DOUs can be inserted. DOU module is in Plug in Play type.

When you insert DOU in OEU, insert the unit into the top DOU1 slot first. You can be careful as the number is silk printed at the left.

The following figure shows installation diagram of OEU with one DOU inserted in it.



The following figure shows installation diagram of OEU with two DOUs inserted in it.



! When you insert DOU into OEU, insert the unit into the top DOU1 first. For unused slots,

you nedd to install BLANK UNIT into them.

## 5.4.5 Consumption Power of OEU

OEU has -48V DC Power supply in it. ODU can be equipped with up to two DOUs. Depending on the quantity of DOU, power consumption is varied.

Part	Unit	<b>Consumption Power</b>	Remark
	Shelf		
Common Part	EWDM	12W	
	ERF		

The following table shows power consumption of OEU:



	EPSU		
OEU_4	DOU 1 EA	23W	
OEU_8	DOU 2 EA	33W	

## 5.5 ADD ON ROU Installation

## 5.5.1 AOR Enclosure installation

AOR is designed to be water- and dirt-proof. The unit has the structure of One-Body enclosure. It satisfies water-proof and quake-proof standards equivalent of NEMA4 like existing ROU AOR can be mounted into either of a 19" Standard Rack or on a Wall. Basically, AOR has both of a Wall Mount Bracket and a Rack Mount Bracket. Depending on the usage the Rack Mount Bracket or the Wall bracket can be removed.

The following shows dimension of the fixing point for the Wall Mount Bracket.

AOR should be installed above or under of exisitng ROU



**Rack Mount Bracket** 

Wall Mount Bracket

Figure 5.8 – How to install AOR





Figure 5.9 – Dimension used to install AOR on the WALL

# **ROU Wall Mount Installation**

Turn M12 Fixing Screws by half on the wall and fully fix the screw with a Wall Mount Bracket on it. For convenience, the Wall Mount Bracket has fixing holes to let you easily mount an enclosure. Turn the M5 Wrench Bolt by half at each side of the Heatsink of the enclosure.



M5 Wrench Bolt





Figure 5.10 – Installation flow diagram when AOR installs on wall

Put the enclosure with the M5 Wrench Bolt fixed on the fixing groove and fix the M5 Wrench Bolts into the remaining fixing holes.

In this case, you will use 6EA of M5 Wrench Bolts in total except bolts used for the fixing groove.

## **ROU Rack Mount Installation**

Like other units, AOR is designed to be inserted into a rack. The unit occupies about 4U of space except cable connection.

In case that AOR is installed more close above/below existing ROU, temperature of ROU/AOR increase ambient temperature, which increase ambient of AOR/ROU. Then, AOR/ROU's temperature is increased. Therefore, we recommend that AOR should be installed with at least constant space from existing ROU(above 2U)

The following shows the installed diagram on rack with exisiting ROU





Figure 5.10 – Installation flow diagram when AOR installs in the rack

# AOR components

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
	Enclosure	Including Rack & Wall bracket	1EA
	AOR PSU	Alternative DC-48V or AC 120V	1EA
Common Part	RDU	Alternative V/UHF RDU or LTEF RDU	1EA
Common Fan	Dower Coble	- MS Connector with 3 hole to AC 120 plug(AC)	Each 1EA
	Power Cable	- MS Connector with 2 lug termination(DC)	
	Comm Cable	- MS Connector which both end sides has 5hole	1EA

AOR has the following components:



PE cobles	- One for interface TX signal with ROU	254
NF Cables	- Another for interface RX signal with ROU	ZEA

## 5.5.2 AOR Power Cabling

AOR supports both of DC-48V and AC120V of input power. As PSU for DC-48 and PSU for AC120V are separated from each other, you need to select one of them in case of purchase order.

RPSU for DC -48V and RSPU for AC 120V have the same configuration and capacity while each of the units uses different input voltage from each other.

The following figure shows configuration of PSUs for DC -48V and AC 120V.



MC Connector	Lug Na	aming	AOR PSU Te	rminal naming	Damaria
numbering	AC	DC	AC	DC	Remark
A	AC_H	-48V	AC-H	-48V	
В	AC_N	GND	AC-N	IN_GND	
С	GND	DC NC	FG	FG	





Check if the connection is the same as one seen in the table above and make sure before turn the power ON. If you want to turn on the power of AOR, move PSU's circuit break switch to "I"status

Check if the POWER LED indicator on the AOR PSU is green lights status

# Information of LED at the front RDU

When power of AOR is turned on, LED of the PSU front panel shows the following information:



LED		Description
ON		Power is not supplied
ON	•	Power is supplied.
	•	Normal Operation
		Abnormal Operation

## 5.5.3 GND Terminal Connection

AOR has one GND terminal port where is on rear side, like below





- Take off the GND terminal port from enclosure and connect to ground cable, then fix it the position of enclosure again
- The opposite end of the ground cable should connect to the communication GND of building
- The ground lug is designed meeting the SQ22 standard

## 5.5.4 Coaxial cable and Antenna Connection

- AOR has two antenna port, the one is TX antenna and the others is RX antenna
- The coaxial cables which are connected to antenna distribued network connect to two antenna port of AOR. Before connection, check the VSWR value of coaxial cable whether it is within specification using SITEMASTER.
- At this time, check if the Return loss have above 15Db or VSWR have below 1.5
- The part of antenna connection fasten to port not to be loosed and not to be injected the dusty and insects
- The antenna connected to AOR is only serviced in inbuilding

## 5.5.5 Consumption Power of AOR

The following table shows power consumptions of AOR:

Part	Unit	Consump	tion Power	Remark
		VHF	47W	VHF HPA OFF
AOR	RDU VHF+UHF (E_VHF+UHF)	UHF	47W	UHF HPA OFF
		FULL	74W	Both HPA ON



	SISO	32W	
RDU 700LTEF		E0)///	SISO & MIMO
	NIINO	5000	HPA ON

## 5.5.6 Interface with existing ROU

AOR is not operated by themselves. TX/ RX signals receive/transmite through RF port terminal of existing ROU. Also for communication with existing ROU, should connect cable on external port of each other. The following shows the connection diagram with existing ROU:



Figure 5.10 – AOR which is installed above of ROU





Figure 5.11 – AOR which is installed under of ROU

For connecting with exising ROU, need three sorts of cables

The following shows the interface point between existing ROU and AOR:

	Interfa	ce Poin	nt	
Items	Existing ROU Port		AOR Port	Remark
TY PE Cable	ADD ON TX			SMA
	(MIMO ANT)	то		SIMA
DX DE Coblo	ADD ON RX	ROU		SMA
	(MIMO ANT)		KX 001	SIMA
Communication signal				
Cable				1013-0011



# Section6 Operation

6.1 BIU Operation

6.2 ROU Operation



This chapter describes operation of SMDR-NH124. It deals with procedures and operations for normal system operation after installation. It also describes operations per unit and interworking methods.

# 6.1 BIU Operation

# 6.1.1 BIU



# 6.1.2 TX Operation at BIU

TX level to be sent to BIU should be in the range of -20dBm ~ + 10dBm. If the level exceeds the range, you need to connect an attenuator with the front end of BIU input and adjust the level in the corresponding range. Out of the range, maximal power cannot be outputted and so you need to increase output power of BDA or adjust attenuation amount of BTS's coupler or ATT to adjust the level.

For signals of all bands, you need to check, using spectrum, if they are in an appropriate level before making connection with input port of BIU and then check if there are spurious signals.

You need MDBU of a band you want to use. Insert the unit into BIU and check if it works normally. For MDBU, up to two TX inputs are provided. Input level per port is -20dBm~+10dBm. The following describe settings for 800MHz Public safety MDBU.



## Checking the status of the system's LED Indicator

After turning on the switch of the power supply in BIU, check information on each module's LED of the system. The table below shows normal/abnormal cases depending on the status of each module's LED.

Unit	LED		Indicates
	ON	•	Green: MDBU is normally power-supplied.
MDBU		•	Green: MDBU is normal.
	ALIM		Red: MDBU is abnormal; check the alarm through RS-232C.
	ON	•	Green: MCPU is normally power-supplied.
	TXD		Green flicker: TX signals are transmitted to communicate with ROU.
MCPU	RXD		Green flicker: RX signals are received from ROU.
		•	Green: BIU system is normal.
	ALM	•	Red: BIU system is abnormal; check the alarm through RS-232C.
	ON	•	Green: BIU is connected with power and MPSU works normally.
MPSU		•	Green: DC output is normal.
	ALIVI	•	Red: DC output is abnormal.

#### LED information

## **MDBU Setting**

Insert MDBU into BIU. Check if the "ON" LED Indicator at the front panel of MDBU is lit green. Make connection with DEBUG port of MCPU through RS-232 Cable (Direct Cable). Check if the ID of MDBU module is searched for in those 1~4 slots of MDBU through GUI. When you select the tab of a corresponding slot (MDBU 1~4) from the main window, you can inquire and set the status of a corresponding MDBU module.



VHF	& UHF
MDBU 4	AWS-1
MDBU 3	700PS+850C
MDBU 2	800 PUBLIC SAFETY
MDBU 1	800PS+900I+Paging

Check if MDBU is inserted into a corresponding slot of BIU. The ID screen shows the following:

- A. MDBU ID: 800Public Safety, 800PS+900I+Paging, 850C, 700PS+850C, AWS-1,1900P
- B. Not Insert: This status value appears when MDBU has not been set.
- C. Link Fail: This status value appears when MDBU has been set but it fails to communicate with modules.

Use the ON/OFF (Activation/de-activation) function for a port you want to use and turn it ON.

#1 800PS	1port	l.			ON	#2 800P5	2port	Į.			ON
			RX PLL ALM	,					RX PLL ALM	)	
TX IN ATT	0.0	dB	RX OUT ATT	0.0	dB	TX IN ATT	0.0	dB	RX OUT ATT	0.0	-
TX IN POWER	-20.0	dBm	RX OUT POWER	-100.0	dBm	TX IN POWER	-100.0	dBm	RX OUT POWER	-100.0	dBm
TX IN AGC	OFF		RX OUT ALC OFF	0	dBm	TX IN AGC	OFF		RX OUT ALC OFF	0	dBrr
TX IN HIGH ALM	0	dBm	RX OUT HIGH ALM	0	dBm	TX IN HIGH ALM 🥝	0	dBm	RX OUT HIGH ALM	0	dBrr
TX IN LOW ALM	-111	dBm				TX IN LOW ALM	-111 🔅	dBm			

 $\Delta$  Depneding on whether to use a port, output varies. Thus, make sure to turn OFF unused

ports.

Ţ

The ta	he table below shows output power depneding on whether to use a port:						
	MDBU Band	Output level (Composite	No. of Max port (N)				
		power)					
	700PS	23dBm-10*LOG(N)	2				
	700LTEC	23dBm-10*LOG(N)	2				
	700LTEF	30dBm-10*LOG(N)	2				
	800PS	30dBm-10*LOG(N)	2				
	850Cellular	30dBm-10*LOG(N)	2				
	900I+Paging	30dBm-10*LOG(N)	2				



1900PCS	30dBm-10*LOG(N)	4
AWS-1	30dBm-10*LOG(N)	4
VHF	24dBm-10*LOG(N)	1
UHF	24dBm-10*LOG(N)	1

Check if the level of TX IN POWER is the same as the value measured through spectrum (Within  $\pm$ 3dB). Use TX IN AGC function and automatically set internal ATT depending on input level. ATT is automatically set based on -20dBm of input . The table below shows TX IN ATT depending on TX IN POWER. For manual setting, you can set ATT depending on input according to the table.

TX IN POWER	TX IN ATT	TX IN POWER	TX IN ATT	TX IN POWER	TX IN ATT
-20dBm	0dB	-9dBm	11dB	+1dBm	21dB
-19dBm	1dB	-8dBm	12dB	+2dBm	22dB
-18dBm	2dB	-7dBm	13dB	+3dBm	23dB
-17dBm	3dB	-6dBm	14dB	+4dBm	24dB
-16dBm	4dB	-5dBm	15dB	+5dBm	25dB
-15dBm	5dB	-4dBm	16dB	+6dBm	26dB
-14dBm	6dB	-3dBm	17dB	+7dBm	27dB
-13dBm	7dB	-2dBm	18dB	+8dBm	28dB
-12dBm	8dB	-1dBm	19dB	+9dBm	29dB
-11dBm	9dB	0dBm	20dB	+10dBm	30dB
-10dBm	10dB				

Edit Naming of a port and set it as a desired character string (up to 12 characters).For example, the figure below shows a screen when you set "SPRINT" for port 1 and "T-MOBILE" for port 2.



#1 800P5	SPRINT	ON	#2 800P5	T-MOBILE	ON
		RX PLL ALM 🥥			RX PLL ALM
TX IN 800PS	0.0 🔅 dB	RX OUT 800PS 3.0 🔅 dB	TX IN 800PS	0.0 👶 dB	RX OUT 800P5 3.0 💿
TX IN POWER	-100.0 dBm	RX OUT POWER -100.0 dBr	TX IN POWER	-100.0 dBm	RX OUT POWER -100.0 dB
TX IN AGC	OFF	RX OUT ALC 🛛 OFF 🛛 🔅 dBr	TX IN AGC	OFF	RX OUT ALC OFF 0 👶 dBm
TX IN HIGH ALM	) 15 📄 dBm	RX OUT HIGH ALM 🥝 0 🛛 🔅 dBr	TX IN HIGH ALM	) 15 📄 dBm	RX OUT HIGH ALM 🥥 0 🛛 💿 dBm
TX IN LOW ALM 🧉	) -25 [ 🗘 dBm		TX IN LOW ALM	) -25 🔅 dBm	

Use various upper/lower limits. The following table shows recommended limit settings:

Item	Recommended Limit	Remark
TX IN HIGH ALM	15dBm	Alarm
TX IN LOW ALM	-25dBm	Alarm
RX OUT ALC	0dBm	Auto Level control
RX OUT HIGH ALM	5dBm	Alarm

As such, when you finish setting normal input levels and alarm limits, check if the value of MODULE FAILUER LED Indicator is lit green (Normal case).

## 6.1.3 RX Operation at BIU

For RX operation at BIU, you need to set RX gain to prevent BTS or BDA from being

affected. There is an ATT setting window to let you adjust gain per band and port.

Total RX gain is 50dB. To adjust a desired gain, you need to do the following. For RX

gain of a desired gain, you can set it as 50dB-RX ATT. Use the terminal and check if TX

Adjust value and Ec/lo value is appropriate.

To block high signals from entering BTS or BDA, keep ALC mode activated (ON).

## 6.1.4 Setting whether to use ROU/OEU at BIU

BIU controls overall system, working as common part in any equipment. Connect BIU with such units as ODU, OEU and ROU to be interfaced with the BIU and manually set whether to use the units at the INSTALL window of BIU.

To inquire and set information on units in lower level (OEU and ROU) at BIU, you need to check on a corresponding item at INSTALL Menu for a unit to be actually used. This



setting makes BIU actually try to communicate with lower units while collecting the status value of units.

The menu below shows INSTALL menu, where you can see topology for overall units

at a glance.

Overall topology for SMDR-NH124 Configuration of BIU-ODU-ROU



Configuration on whether to use BIU varies depending on the topology above and so you need to check on a unit to be installed.

Ex.) How to set INSTALL menu when ROU is connected with DOU1 of ODU1, which is connected with BIU:

nstall Setting	Window								
Install						Get	Set	Status	Close
ODU 1				ALL ON	ODU 2				ALL ON
DOU 1 OEU DOU1	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4	DOU 1	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4
DOU 2 OEU DOU1	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4	DOU 2	ROU 1 ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4
ODU 3				ALL ON	ODU 4				ALL ON
DOU 1 OEU DOU1 OEU DOU2	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4	DOU 1	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4
DOU 2 OEU DOU1	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4	DOU 2	<b>ROU 1</b> ROU 1 ROU 1	<b>ROU 2</b> ROU 2 ROU 2	<b>ROU 3</b> ROU 3 ROU 3	<b>ROU 4</b> ROU 4 ROU 4

- 1. Select INSTALL from GUI menu.
- 2. Check on ODU1 menu>DOU1>ROU1.
- 3. Close the INSTALL menu.
- 4. Check if ROU is created, which was checked on at the left TREE panel.



## 6.1.5 ODU Operation at BIU

BIU can be equipped with up to four ODUs. One ODU can hold two DOUs in it. For information on insertion/deletion of DOU in ODU, you can see at the main window of BIU.





When you select ODU screen from the left TREE panel, you can see DOU1 or DOU2 menu actiavted depending on whether DOU has been inserted. Then, the optical port set at the INSTALL menu is also actiavted to let you check PD value of the optical port. Any optical port not set at the INSTALL menu is seen de-activated in grey.

ODU1		Set Mode	Close
DOU 1	DOU 2		
Reset	Reset		
Optic Over Pow	Optic Over Pow		
LD POWER 🥝 4.0 dBm	LD POWER O 0.0 dBm		
OPTIC PORT 1	OPTIC PORT 1		
PD POWER 🙆 1.7 dBm	PD POWER 🕜 0.0 dBm		
RX OPTIC ATT 2.0 C dB	RX OPTIC ATT 0.0 C		
RX OPTIC COMP OFF	RX OPTIC COMP OFF		
RESULT Success	RESULT Success		]
	]    [		
OPTIC PORT 2	OPTIC PORT 2		
PD POWER 🖉 -10.0 dBm	PD POWER 🙆 0.0 dBm		
RX OPTIC ATT 2.0 🔮 dB	RX OPTIC ATT 0.0 😂 dB		
RX OPTIC COMP OFF	RX OPTIC COMP OFF		_
RESULT Success	RESULT Success		
PD POWER -10.0 dBm	PD POWER 🕜 0.0 dBm		
RX OPTIC ATT 12.0 C dB			
			,
Juccess			
OPTIC PORT 4	OPTIC PORT 4		
PD POWER			
RX OPTIC ATT 12.0 C	RX OPTIC ATT 0.0		
RX OPTIC COMP OFF	RX OPTIC COMP OFF		
RESULT Success	RESULT Success		

The level of Laser diode received from ROU/OEU is  $+7dBm\pm0.5dB$ . The level of Photo diode will be displayed with losses related to the length of optical cables and insertion loss of optical connecters.



In general, the level of optical PD POWER should be +6dBm~ +2dBm $\pm$ 1.5dB.

What is more, ODU has the function of automatically compensating for optical cables. The following procedure is related to how to make optical compensation with ROU connected with port, at a corresponding DOU window of ODU:

- 1. Check if ODU is smoothly communicating with a corresponding ROU.
- 2. Select ODU or DOU from the left Tree panel.
- 3. Set "RX OPTIC COMP" of the optical port of a corresponding DOU as "ON."
- 4. During optical compensation, the Result window shows "Processing" and then a result value. There are three types of results as follows:
  - A. Success: The optical compensation is normally made.
  - B. Over Optic Loss: Generated optical loss is 5dBo or more.
  - C. Communication Fail: Communication with ROU is in poor conditin.
- ATT of optical compensation can work based on the numerical expression of 12-2\*(LD POWER-PD POWER).
- 6. Optical compensation can be made not only in ODU but also in ROU.

## 6.2 ROU Operation

The figure below shows the level of the system link of SMDR-NH124 (BIU-ODU-ROU). This section describes ROU-related information. ROU receives various signals through optical modules. The signals are filtered only for corresponding signal band from a corresponding RDU module and amplified with a High Power Amplifier. Then, the multiplexer combines the signals with others and sends them with an antenna.



# 6.2.1 ROU Operation

ROU is in one-body enclosure type. ROU is located at a remote closet in a building.



And it can be installed on a wall or into a rack.

Basically, one antenna is provided. To install a variety of antennas, you need such devices as a divider and a coupler. ROU can work with a DC Feeder and an Optic Cable Feeder. For power supply of ROU, a power supply in AC-DC and DC-DC type is provided to let you select a power supply suitable for an application.

For upper level, ROU can be connected with ODU and OEU. It has AGC function for 5dBo of optical cable loss.

The following show operational procedures after installation of ROU.

## Checking the status of ROU's LED Indicator

After turning on the switch of the power supply in ROU, check information on each module's LED of the system. The table below shows normal/abnormal cases depending on the status of each module's LED.

Unit	LED		Indicates
	ON	•	Green: ROU is normally power-supplied.
		•	Green: Laser Diode is normal.
	LD		Red: Laser Diode is abnormal.
	חפ	•	Green: Photo Diode is normal.
	ΡŪ		Red: Photo Diode is abnormal; check optical cables.
KCFU	TYD		Green flicker: TX signals are transmitted to communicate with
	TAD	•	BIU/OEU.
	RXD 😑		Green flicker: RX signals are received from BIU/OEU.
		•	Green: ROU system is normal.
	ALM	•	Red: ROU system is abnormal; check the alarm through RS-232C.
PDU	ON		The power is not supplied.
NDU	ON		The power is supplied.



			Normal Operation
			Abnormal Operation
			The power is not supplied or the polarity of -48V is reversed.
KPSU	SU ON	•	The power is supplied.

## **ID Setting**

Use an RS-232 Cable(Direct Cable) for connection with DEBUG port of ROU RCPU. Execute GUI (Graphic User Interface). When you connect ROU directly with a Serial port, the screen will show the TREE of a direct line of units connected with ROU. Basic ROU ID is set as ODU1-DOU1-ROU1. Set it with the ID of a designed ROU. Before setting an ROU ID, you need to check if ROU is connected with the optical port of ODU or OEU (See System Topology at "Setting whether to use BIU").

ID ODU1 DOU1 V ROU 1 V Set	🔻 ROU 1 💌	ID ODU1 DOU1
----------------------------	-----------	--------------

igsquirt If multiple ROUs connected to BIU share the same ID, the screen will fail to read status

information on the ROUs with the same IDs. Therefore, make sure not to redundantly set ROU ID.

## **Checking Communication LED of RCPU**

Check if TXD and RXD LEDs in RCPU make communication. Receiving FSK signals from BIU, ROU sends requessted status value to BIU. During reception, RXD LED flicks. During tramsmission, on the other hand, TXD LED flicks. At this time, you need to check if whether to use a corresponding ROU is checked on (See "whether to use BIU OEU/ROU").





## **ROU Optic Comp Operation**

ROU has the function of automatically compensating for optical loss. It can do the work for up to 5dBo of optical loss. Set "TX OPTIC COMP" of ROU as "ON." Optical compensation of ROU can not be made without communication with such units in upper level as ODU or OEU. For 1dBo of optical loss, basic TX OPTIC ATT is 12dB; for 5dBo of optical loss, TX OPTIC ATT is 4dB. OPTIC COMP works only one time before it stays dormant.

The figure below shows a screen for OPTIC Information in ROU GUI.

LD POWER means output level of ROU Laser Diode, which is sent to a upper unit by ROU. PD POWER means input level of Photo Diode to be received from a upper unit.

OPTIC Information	
ld Power Pd Power	<ul> <li>7.5 dBm</li> <li>-2.0 dBm</li> </ul>
TX OPTIC ATT TX OPTIC COMP RESULT	2.5 dB OFF Success

During optical compensation, the Result window shows "Processing" and then a result value. There are three types of results as follows:

- 1. Success: The optical compensation is normally made.
- 2. Over Optic Loss: Generated optical loss is 5dBo or more.
- 3. Communication Fail: Communication with ROU is in poor conditin.

I ROU does not make optical compensation, there will be erors in the budget of system

link. It can cause lower output level or make Spurious Emission not satisfying for a standard.

## **RDU Setting**

Insert an RDU+BPF assembly you want to offer service with it and then connect the Multiplexer with interface cable (See Sector 5: How to install RDU at the INSTALL part). Through GUI, check if the ID of RDU module is inquired at LEFT, MIDDLE and RIGHT slots of



RDU. When you select the tab of a corresponding slot (LEFT, MIDDLE and RIGHT) from the main window of ROU, you can inquire and set the status of a corresponding RDU module.

MIDDLE RDU	AWS-1+1900P
LEFT RDU	850C+700PS
RIGHT RDU	800+900I+PA

Set HPA of a corresponding RDU as "ON." Use TX OUTPUT AGS function and set it as a desired output level.

800P5					0	N
TX PLL ALM	0		RX PLL ALM	0		
TX OUTPUT ATT	12.0	dB 🛛	RX INPUT ATT		0.0 😂	dB
TX OUTPUT POWER	-100.0	dBm	RX INPUT POWE	ER	-100.0	dBm
TX HPA ON/OFF	OFF		RX INPUT ALC	OFF	-48 😂	dBm
TX OUTPU HIGH ALM	🥝 30	🗢 dBri	1			
TX OUTPLUT LOW ALF	4 🥝 -111	🔅 dBr	1			
TX OUTPUT AGS	OFF 1	🔅 dBr	1			
RESULT	Success					
TX OUTPUT ALC	<b>OFF</b> 25	🔅 dBr	1			
TX OUTPUT SD 🛛 🥝	<b>OFF</b> -110	🗘 dBri	1			

The table below shows maximally available Composit Powerlevels that can be set per band:

RDU Band	Power that can be	Setting range
	maximally set	
700PS	23dBm	0 ~ 23dBm
700LTEC	23dBm	0 ~ 23dBm
700LTEF	30dBm	0 ~ 23dBm
800PS	30dBm	0 ~ 23dBm
850Cellular	30dBm	0 ~ 23dBm
900I+Paging	30dBm	0 ~ 23dBm
1900PCS	30dBm	0 ~ 26dBm
AWS-1	30dBm	0 ~ 26dBm
VHF	24dBm	0~24dBm
UHF	24dBm	0~24dBm

AGS function enables you to adjust output power as you like. While the AGS function is being executed, the Result window shows "Processing" and then a result value. There are three types of results as follows:



- A. Success: The AGS function is normally made.
- B. Not Opterate OPTIC Comp: Optic Comp is not executed.
- C. Lack of ATT: There is no attenuation available.

Use various upper/lower limits. The following table shows recommended limit settings:

Item	Recommended Limit	Remark		
TX OUTPUT HIGH ALM	Max Composit Power+1dB	Alarm		
TX OUTPUT LOW ALM	0dBm	Alarm		
TX OUTPUT ALC	Max Composit Power	Auto Level control		
TX OUTPUT SD	Max Composit Power+2dB	Shutdown		
RX ALC	-45dBm			

If TX OUTPUT HIGH ALM is higher than a setting value, alarms will be genrated.

If TX OUTPUT LOW ALM is lower than a setting value, alarms will be genrated. TX OUTPUT HIGH ALM/LOW ALM tends to work only as warning.

When you activate ("ON") TX OUTPUT ALC, outputs will be restricted depending on a setting output value.

When you activate ("ON") TX OUTPUT SD, output will be turned OFF once output power level reaches the same as SD setting value. Upon SD operation, check output level after 10 minutes and then check the status again.

When you activate ("ON") RX ALC, inputs will be restricted depending on a setting value.

As described above, when normal output level and alarm limit values are set, you need to check if the value of MODULE FAILUER LED Indicator is normally seen green.

For unused bands, you need to use band turning-ON/-OFF function to turn them off. Once a RDU band is turned off, its status value will not be used in case of alarms.



## 6.3 OEU Operation

The figure below shows the level of the system link of SMDR-NH124 (BIU-ODU-OEU-ROU). This section describes OEU-related information. OEU receives various signals through optical modules. The optical signals are converted to RF signal and the RF signal also is amplified to moderate signal level. To transmit to ROU, the signal is converted to optical signal



## 6.3.1 OEU Operation

OEU is in shelf enclosure type. OEU is located at a remote closet in a building. And it can be installed into a rack.

OEU is for role as hub. It is to expand toward campus cluster, it is only one optical cable to expand 8ROU. This is reason why OEU supports up to 2DOU. The DOU supports up to 4optical port to connect ROU

ROU can work with a DC Feeder and an Optic Cable Feeder. For power supply of OEU,

a power supply in DC-DC type is provided

For upper level, OEU can be connected with ODU. It has AGC function for 5dBo of

optical cable loss. The following show operational procedures after installation of OEU.

## Checking the status of OEU's LED Indicator

After turning on the switch of the power supply in OEU, check information on each



module's LED of the system. The table below shows normal/abnormal cases depending on the status of each module's LED.

Unit	LED		Indicates
		•	Green : Laser Diode normal status
	LD	•	Red :Laser Diode abnormal status
	חח	•	Green : Photo Diode normal status
	FD	•	Red : Photo Diode abnormal status, input optic power low alarm
		•	Green : Laser Diode normal status
	LD	•	Red :Laser Diode abnormal status
		•	Green : Photo Diode(PD) of optic port1 is normal
	PDI	•	Red : PD of optic port1 is abnormal or input optic power low
	DD0	•	Green : Photo Diode(PD) of optic port2 is normal
DO01,2	PDZ	•	Red : PD of optic port2 is abnormal or input optic power low
	PD3	•	Green : Photo Diode(PD) of optic port3 is normal
		•	Red : PD of optic port3 is abnormal or input optic power low
			Green : Photo Diode(PD) of optic port4 is normal
FD4		•	Red : PD of optic port4 is abnormal or input optic power low
	ON	•	Green : Power on
	TXD1		Green flicker : ECPU send NMS Tx data to BIU
	RXD1		Green flicker : ECPU receive NMS Rx data from BIU
System	TXD2		Green flicker : ECPU send NMS Tx data to ROU
	RXD2		Green flicker : ECPU receive NMS Rx data from ROU
	ΔΙΜ	•	Green : OEU system normal (no alarm)
		•	Red :OEU system abnormal (alarm)



# **ID Setting**

Use an RS-232 Cable(Direct Cable) for connection with DEBUG port of OEU. Execute GUI (Graphic User Interface). When you connect OEU directly with a Serial port, the screen will show the TREE of a direct line of units connected with OEU. Basic OEU ID is set as ODU1-DOU1. Set it with the ID of a designed OEU. Before setting an OEU ID, you need to check if ROU is connected with the optical port of ODU

ID SET	OEU	~	ODU 1	*	DOU 1	~	OTHERS	×	OTHERS	Set	Get
			ODU 1 ODU 2				2				1
			ODU 3								
			OTHERS								



# The sort of OEU ID

The sort of OEU ID is as below



OEU is connected only to 4<sup>th</sup> optical port of DOU1/2 in the ODU1/2 Therefor, it need to assign upper unit connected to ODU#-DOU#

! If multiple OEUs connected to BIU share the same ID, the screen will fail to read status

information on the OEUs with the same IDs. Therefore, make sure not to redundantly set OEU ID.



## **Checking Communication LED of OEU**

Step1 : checking whether communicate with BIU(ODU)

Check if TXD1 and RXD2 LEDs in OEU front LED make communication. Receiving FSK signals from BIU, OEU sends requessed status value to BIU. During reception, RXD1 LED flicks. During tramsmission, on the other hand, TXD1 LED flicks. At this time, you need to check if whether to use a corresponding OEU is checked on (See "whether to use BIU OEU/ROU"). Step2 : Checking whether communicate with ROU

OEU do as Hub. OEU has two optical port. One is connected to ODU and the others is connected to ROU. Communication with ODU is checked at above step1

Step2 is checking stage whether OEU communicate with ROU. OEU request status to ROU and then TXD2 is flicked and if response data received from ROU RXD2 LED is flicked

## **OEU Optic Comp Operation**

OEU has the function of automatically compensating for optical calbe loss. It can do the work for up to 5dBo of optical loss. Set "TX OPTIC COMP" of OEU's Eoptic as "ON." Optical compensation of OEU can not be made without communication with such units in upper level as ODU. For 1dBo of optical loss, basic TX OPTIC ATT is 12dB; for 5dBo of optical loss, TX OPTIC ATT is 4dB. OPTIC COMP works only one time before it stays dormant.

The figure below shows a screen for OPTIC Information in OEU GUI.

LD POWER means output level of OEU Laser Diode, which is sent to a upper unit by OEU. PD POWER means input level of Photo Diode to be received from a upper unit.

EOPTIC Informal	tion		
LD POWER	0	7.2	dBm
PD POWER	0	-1.5	dBm
TX OPTIC ATT		4.0 🗘	dB
TX OPTIC COMP		OFF	
RESULT		Success	

During optical compensation, the Result window shows "Processing" and then a result value. There are three types of results as follows:

- 1. Success: The optical compensation is normally made.
- 2. Over Optic Loss: Generated optical loss is 5dBo or more.



3. Communication Fail: Communication with ROU is in poor conditin.

2 If OEU does not make optical compensation, there will be erors in the budget of system

link. It can cause lower output level or make Spurious Emission not satisfying for a standard.



# Section7 Additive functions

- 7.1 Shutdown function
- 7.2 Total power limit function
- 7.3 Output power automatic setting function
- 7.4 Input power AGC function
- 7.5 Input power limit function
- 7.6 Optic loss compensation



This chapter describes additive functions of SMDR-NH124.

## 7.1 Shutdown function (TX output shutdown)

The DAS has an automatic shutdown function to protect the DAS itself and the wireless network when the normal operational conditions cannot be maintained

The DAS shut down automatically when the composite power downlink output power is above the values defined as average for the device for a period not to exceed 5seconds. Criterion level is set through GUI

After automatic shutdown, the DAS may automatically turn-on in order to assess whether the temporary condition has changed. If the condition is still detected, the DAS shall shutdown again. These actions will be repeated 5 times

After 5time repetition, if the condition is still detected, the DAS will be shutdown permanently. The following diagram shows the shutdown logic



After the retry logic exhausts itself, if the DAS still detected a fault status then the DAS will shutdown permanently and illuminate the fault via visual fault indicator Permanent shutdowns of the DAS will also be reported to the NOC through the NMS

# 7.2 Total Power Limit function (TX Output ALC)

In order to protect HPA and not to radiate spurious emission, output power don't radiate above defined value which operator set in advance. To execute this function, operator should turn-on the ALC function and set limit level through GUI. If the output power exceed above the defined value, output attenuator is adjusted to operate within defined value. The output attenuator's adjustment range is above 25dB. If output power decease, applied ATT by AGC function return to initial ATT

# 7.3 Output power automatic setting function (TX Output AGC)

To provide convenience of setting output power at initial setup automatically, operator



set to wanting output level and turn-on the AGC function and then output power is automatically set to defined level.

If AGC logic finished, logic operation results show on the result window of GUI. There are three types of results as follows

- 1. Success: The AGS function is normally completed.
- 2. Not Opterate OPTIC Comp: Optic Comp is not executed.
- 3. Lack of ATT: There is no attenuation available.

If normal logic don't executed, changed ATT return to initial ATT

Through output AGC function, can be checked whether optic compensation is executed or not

# 7.4 Input power AGC function (TX Input AGC)

This function is to give convenience to operator when setting intial installation Without spectrum analyzer, we can know input power value through power display window of GUI. Use TX IN AGC function and automatically set internal ATT depending on input level. ATT is automatically set based on -20dBm of input . The table below shows TX IN ATT depending on TX IN POWER. For manual setting, you can set ATT depending on input according to the table.

TX IN POWER	TX IN ATT	TX IN POWER	TX IN ATT	TX IN POWER	TX IN ATT
-20dBm	0dB	-9dBm	11dB	+1dBm	21dB
-19dBm	1dB	-8dBm	12dB	+2dBm	22dB
-18dBm	2dB	-7dBm	13dB	+3dBm	23dB
-17dBm	3dB	-6dBm	14dB	+4dBm	24dB
-16dBm	4dB	-5dBm	15dB	+5dBm	25dB
-15dBm	5dB	-4dBm	16dB	+6dBm	26dB
-14dBm	6dB	-3dBm	17dB	+7dBm	27dB
-13dBm	7dB	-2dBm	18dB	+8dBm	28dB
-12dBm	8dB	-1dBm	19dB	+9dBm	29dB
-11dBm	9dB	0dBm	20dB	+10dBm	30dB

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-10dBm 10dB				
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## 7.5 Input power limit function (TX Input ALC)

The DAS has TX input ALC function at the BIU to limit level when input power is increased above level by operated input AGC function Normally, there are more than two input port in the MDBU of BIU For example, 850cellular band has two input port to support both VzW and AT&T Two input power may be different each other. The DAS have input attenuator in first stage of MDBU. Through input AGC function, input ATT is adjusted according to input power. If input power increase, input ATT is adjusted again to limit increased input power. Also, if input power decrease input ATT return to initial ATT

## 7.6 Optic loss compensation

The DAS has the function of automatically compensating for optical loss. It can do the work for up to 5dBo of optical loss. Set "TX OPTIC COMP" of ROU as "ON." Optical compensation of ROU can not be made without communication with such units in upper level as ODU or OEU. For 1dBo of optical loss, basic TX OPTIC ATT is 12dB; for 5dBo of optical loss, TX OPTIC ATT is 4dB. OPTIC COMP works only one time before it stays dormant.

The figure below shows a screen for OPTIC Information in ROU GUI.

LD POWER means output level of ROU Laser Diode, which is sent to a upper unit by ROU. PD POWER means input level of Photo Diode to be received from a upper unit.

OPTIC Information	
LD POWER PD POWER	<ul> <li>7.5 dBm</li> <li>-2.0 dBm</li> </ul>
TX OPTIC ATT TX OPTIC COMP	2.5 dB
RESULT	Success



During optical compensation, the Result window shows "Processing" and then a result value. There are three types of results as follows:

- 1. Success: The optical compensation is normally competed
- 2. Over Optic Loss: Generated optical loss exceed 5dBo or more.
- 3. Communication Fail: Communication with ROU is under poor condition.

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