



TEST REPORT

Product Name	Wireless High Gain USB Adapter	
Model	RNX-N150HG	
FCC ID	W6RRNX-N150HG	
Client	Rosewill Inc.	

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	Wireless High Gain USB Adapter	Model	RNX-N150HG		
		WICCEI			
FCC ID		W6RRNX-N150HG			
Report No.	RZA1107-1176SAR01R5				
Client	Rosewill Inc.				
Manufacturer	Rosewill Inc.				
Reference Standard(s)	 IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions. KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02: SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters. KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02: SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters. Tracking Number 402779 				
Conclusion		in Chapter ndards. Stamp issue: Octo	7 of this test report are		
Approved by 加伟中 Director BAR Manager Berformed by SAR Engineer					

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1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

If the electrical report is inconsistent with the printed one, it should be subject to the latter.

1.2. Testing Laboratory

Company:	TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	
Address:	No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong	
City:	Shanghai	
Post code:	201201	
Country:	P. R. China	
Contact:	Yang Weizhong	
Contact: Telephone:	Yang Weizhong +86-021-50791141/2/3	
	0 0	
Telephone:	+86-021-50791141/2/3	

1.3. Applicant Information

Company:	Rosewill Inc.
Address:	17708 Rowland Street, City of Industry, CA91748, USA
City:	1
Postal Code:	1
Country:	USA
Contact:	1
Telephone:	1
Fax:	1

1.4. Manufacturer Information

Company:	Rosewill Inc.
Address:	17708 Rowland Street, City of Industry, CA91748, USA
City:	1
Postal Code:	1
Country:	USA
Telephone:	1
Fax:	1

1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

Device Type:	Portable Device		
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population		
Product Name:	Wireless High Gain USB Adapter		
Antenna Type:	External Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Supporting Mode(s):	802.11b; (tested) 802.11g; (untested) 802.11n HT20/ HT40; (untested)		
	Mode	Tx (MHz)	
Operating Frequency Range(s):	802.11b	2412 MHz ~ 2462MHz	
Test Channel: (Low - Middle - High)	1-6-11 (802.11b)		
Used Host Products:	BenQ Joybook R55V		

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is Wireless High Gain USB Adapter. During SAR test of the EUT, it was connected to a portable computer. SAR is tested for 802.11b in this report. The EUT has a WIFI antenna that is used for Tx/Rx.

The sample undergoing test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1g} Values

Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	Separation distance	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
802.11b	High/11	Test Position 5	5mm	0.957

1.7. Power of Each Tested Mode

Mode	Maximum AV Power (dBm)
802.11b	15.76

Note: The detail Power refer to Table 4 (Power Measurement Results).

1.8. Test Date

The test is performed on September 14, 2011.

2. Operational Conditions during Test

2.1. General Description of Test Procedures

For the 802.11b/g SAR body tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode. Testing at higher data rates is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1,6 and 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. When the maximum average output channel in each frequency band is not included in the "default test channels", the maximum channel should be tested instead of an adjacent "default test channels", these are referred to as the "required test channels" and are illustrated in Table 1.

Then The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is firstly allocated to 2437 respectively in the case of 802.11b/g.

			Turbo	61	Default Test	t Channels"
Mode	GHz	Channel	Channel	15.	247	UNII
			Gliaillei	802.11b	802.11g	UNII
	2.412	1#		\checkmark	*	
802.11b/g	2.437	6	6	\checkmark	*	
	2.462	11 [#]		\checkmark	*	

Table 1: "Default Test Channels"

Note: [#]=when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11to meet restricted band requirements the highest out put channels closet to each of these channels should be tested.

√= "default test channels"

* =possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output 0.25dB>=the "default test channels"

2.2. Test Position of Portable Devices

The measurements were performed in one host product (BenQ Joybook R55V). BenQ Joybook R55V laptop has vertical USB slot and horizontal USB slot.

A test distance of 5mm or less, according to KDB 447498, should be considered for the orientation that can satisfy such requirements.

For each channel, the EUT is tested at the following 6 test positions:

- Test Position 1: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with horizontal USB slot. The back side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The EUT horizontal up with phantom is 5mm gap and the antenna of the EUT is in Vertical mode. (ANNEX G Picture 5)
- Test Position 2: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with horizontal USB slot. The back side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The EUT horizontal up with phantom is 5mm gap and the antenna of the EUT is 180 degrees from USB connector. (ANNEX G Picture 6)
- Test Position 3: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with horizontal USB slot. The front side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The EUT horizontal up with phantom is 5mm gap and the antenna of the EUT is 180 degrees from USB connector. (ANNEX G Picture 7)
- Test Position 4: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19cm USB cable. The left side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The EUT horizontal up with phantom is 5mm gap and the antenna of the EUT is 180 degrees from USB connector. (ANNEX G Picture 8)
- Test Position 5: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with vertical USB slot. The right side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. The EUT and the phantom is horizontal. The antenna of the EUT horizontal up with phantom is 5mm gap and the antenna of the EUT is 180 degrees from USB connector. (ANNEX G Picture 9)
- Test Position 6: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with vertical USB slot. The top side of the EUT directly towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX G Picture 10)

2.3. Picture of Host Product

During the test, BenQ Joybook R55V laptop was used as an assistant to help to setup communication. (See Picture 1)



Picture 1-a: BenQ Joybook R55V Close



Picture 1-b: BenQ Joybook R55V Open



Picture 1-c: BenQ Joybook R55V with horizontal USB slot



Picture 1-d: BenQ Joybook R55V with vertical USB slot



Picture 1-e: a 19cm USB cable Picture 1: Computer as a test assistant

3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

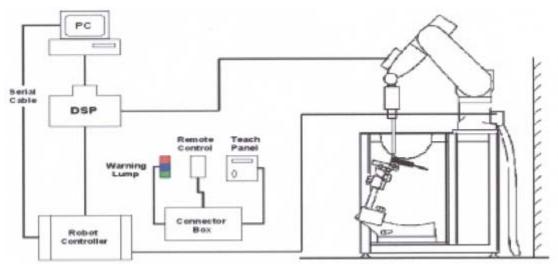


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

3.2. DASY4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	/
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available	
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal probe axis)	Figure 2.EX3DV4 E-field Probe to
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:	
	\pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

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3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds), C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure. Or

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

3.3. Other Test Equipment

3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness2±0.1 mmFilling VolumeApprox. 20 litersDimensions810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)AailableSpecial



Figure 4.Generic Twin Phantom

3.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 10 mm x 10 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains

unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

• Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

• A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

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The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

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If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With	V_i = compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	\boldsymbol{U}_i = input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	<i>cf</i> = crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	<i>dcp</i> _i = diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field p	orobes:	$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$	
H-field p	probes:	$H_{i} = (V_{i})^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^{2}) / f$	
With	V _i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	Norm _i	= sensor sensitivity of channel i	(i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m) ²] for E-field Probes	
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ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

- **f** = carrier frequency [GHz]
- E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$(E_{tot}^{2} \cdot ...) / (.... 1000)$$

with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^{2} / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^{2} \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

*E*tot = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3.6. System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the Table 6.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY4 system.

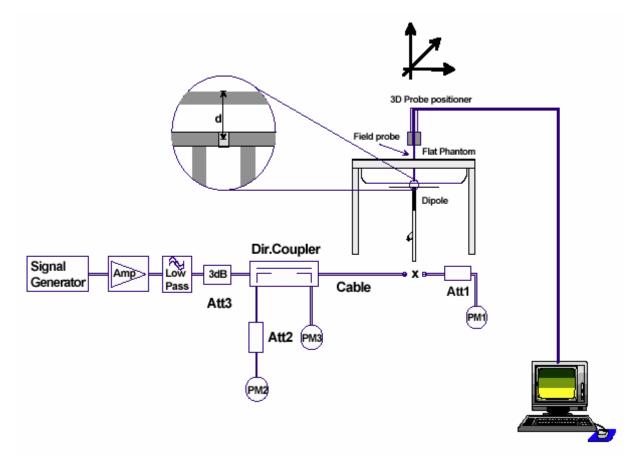


Figure 5. System Check Set-up

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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 450824:

Dipole D2450V2 SN: 712				
Body				
Date of MeasurementReturn Loss(dB) Δ %Impedance (Ω) $\Delta \Omega$				ΔΩ
2/19/2010	-25.7 3.1% 50.1		1.7Ω	
2/18/2011	-26.5	3.1%	51.8	1.732

3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, sugar, salt, Glycol monobutyl, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 2 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 2450MHz	
Water	73.2	
Glycol	26.7	
Salt	0.1	
Dielectric Parameters	f=2450MU= c=52.70 c=4.05	
Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=52.70 σ=1.95	

4. Laboratory Environment

li	Table 3: The Ambient Conditions during Test				
	Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C			
Relative humidity Min. = 30		Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%			
Ground system resistance		< 0.5 Ω			
	Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.				
	Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards				

Table 3: The Ambient Conditions during Test

5. Characteristics of the Test

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions.

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02: SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters.

KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02: SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters.

6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

6.1. Summary

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test. The client provided a special driver and program, which enable engineer to control the frequency and output power of the module.

6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 4: Conducted Power Measurement Results

Mode	Channel	Data rate (Mbps)	AV Power (dBm)
		1	15.56
	1	2	15.65
	I	5.5	15.71
		11	15.76
		1	15.23
11b	6	2	15.12
ПD	0	5.5	15.03
		11	15.09
		1	14.78
	11	2	14.67
		5.5	14.53
		11	14.46
11g		6	15.26
		9	15.39
		12	15.19
	1	18	15.37
		24	15.31
		36	15.28
		48	15.12
		54	15.06
	6	6	15.01
		9	14.98
		12	14.84
		18	14.78
		24	14.67

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		36	44.50
			14.56
		48	14.51
		54	14.48
		6	14.56
		9	14.48
		12	14.46
	11	18	14.27
		24	14.13
		36	14.22
		48	14.27
		54	14.12
		MCS0	15.12
		MCS1	15.04
		MCS2	15.18
		MCS3	15.03
	1	MCS4	15.08
		MCS5	15.08
		MCS6	14.92
		MCS7	14.96
		MCS0	14.92
	6	MCS1	14.67
		MCS2	14.82
		MCS3	14.72
11n HT20		MCS4	
		MCS5	14.73
		MCS6	14.74
			14.56
		MCS7	14.75
		MCS0	14.66
		MCS1	14.47
	11	MCS2	14.26
		MCS3	14.32
		MCS4	14.43
		MCS5	14.45
		MCS6	14.57
		MCS7	14.43

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		MCS0	9.04
		MCS1	8.96
		MCS2	8.82
	3	MCS3	8.76
		MCS4	8.65
		MCS5	8.56
		MCS6	8.43
		MCS7	8.35
		MCS0	14.34
		MCS1	13.16
		MCS2	13.17
11n HT40	6	MCS3	13.07
1111140	0	MCS4	13.02
		MCS5	12.86
		MCS6	13.03
		MCS7	13.15
	9	MCS0	9.13
		MCS1	9.03
		MCS2	8.92
		MCS3	8.91
		MCS4	8.67
		MCS5	8.74
		MCS6	8.56
		MCS7	8.46

Note: 1. KDB 248227-SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

7. Test Results

7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Par	Temp	
Frequency	Description	٤ _r	σ(s/m)	C
	Target value	52.70	1.95	1
2450MHz	±5% window	50.07 — 55.34	1.85 — 2.05	1
(body)	Measurement value 2011-9-14	51.63	1.96	21.9

7.2. System Check

Table 6: System Check for Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(Dielectric Parameters		Temp	
		10g	1g	٤ _r	σ(s/m)	°C
	Recommended result	5.97	13	51.8	2.01	1
2450MHz	±10% window	5.37 — 6.57	11.7—14.3	51.0		/
243010112	Measurement value 2011-9-14	6.48	14.01	51.63	1.96	21.9

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

7.3.1. 802.11b

Table 7: SAR Values (802.11b)

Limit of SAR (W	10 g Average 2.0 Measu	1 g Average 1.6 rement	Power Drift (dB) ± 0.21	Graph Results		
Test Case Of B	Result	(W/kg)	Power			
	10 g	1 g	Drift (dB)			
Different Test Position	Channel	Average	Average	(4.2)		
	Be	nQ Joybook R	55V			
Test Position 1	Middle/6	0.010	0.020	0.170	Figure 7	
	High/11	0.450	0.947	-0.028	Figure 8	
Test Position 2	Middle/6	0.392	0.834	-0.157	Figure 9	
	Low/1	0.337	0.715	0.062	Figure 10	
	High/11	0.439	0.938	-0.014	Figure 11	
Test Position 3	Middle/6	0.396	0.852	0.121	Figure 12	
	Low/1	0.313	0.668	0.021	Figure 13	
Test Position 4	Middle/6	0.014	0.024	-0.038	Figure 14	
	High/11	0.454	0.957	0.081	Figure 15	
Test Position 5	Middle/6	0.423	0.884	0.144	Figure 16	
	Low/1	0.339	0.707	0.035	Figure 17	
Test Position 6	Middle/6	0.137	0.264	0.177	Figure 18	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.

- 3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
- 4. KDB 248227-SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1⁄4 dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

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8. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	Ci	Standard ncertainty $u'_i(\%)$	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or v _i	
1	System repetivity	А	0.5	Ν	1	1	0.5	9	
		Меа	asurement syste	m					
2	-probe calibration	В	5.9	Ν	1	1	5.9	8	
3	-axial isotropy of the probe	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	1.9	×	
4	- Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	В	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	3.9	×	
6	-boundary effect	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.1	∞	
7	-probe linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞	
8	- System detection limits	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞	
9	-readout Electronics	В	1.0	N	1	1	1.0	∞	
10	-response time	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	×	
11	-integration time	В	4.32	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.5	∞	
12	-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞	
13	-RF Ambient Conditions	В	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞	
14	-Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	×	
15	-Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞	
16	-Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	В	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	×	
	Test sample Related								
17	-Test Sample Positioning	А	2.9	N	1	1	4.92	71	
18	-Device Holder Uncertainty	А	4.1	N	1	1	4.1	5	
19	-Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	×	
	Physical parameter								
20	-phantom	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	8	
21	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.8	œ	

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22	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	В	0.77	Ν	1	0.64	0. 493	9
23	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	8
24	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	В	0.29	N	1	0.6	0.174	9
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_{c}' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$					11.36	
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N k=2		22.72		

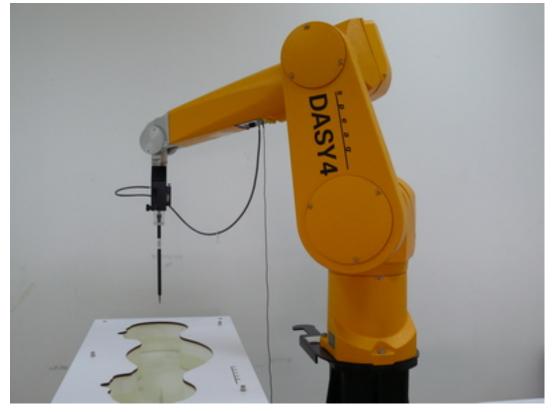
9. Main Test Instruments

Table 8: List of Main Instruments

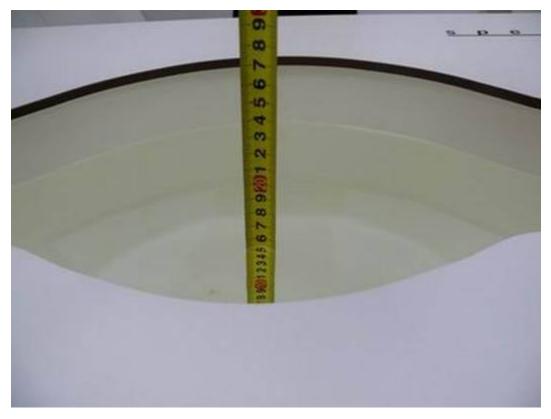
No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 12, 2011	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Rec	quested
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 12, 2011	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent N8481H	MY50350004	September 26, 2010	One year
05	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 12, 2011	One year
06	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Rec	quested
07	BTS	E5515C	MY48360988	December 3, 2010	One year
08	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3677	November 24, 2010	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	871	November 18, 2010	One year
10	Validation Kit 2450MHz	D2450V2	712	February 19, 2010	Two years

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A: Test Layout



Picture 2: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.2cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 8:20:36 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.96 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.63; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.9 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

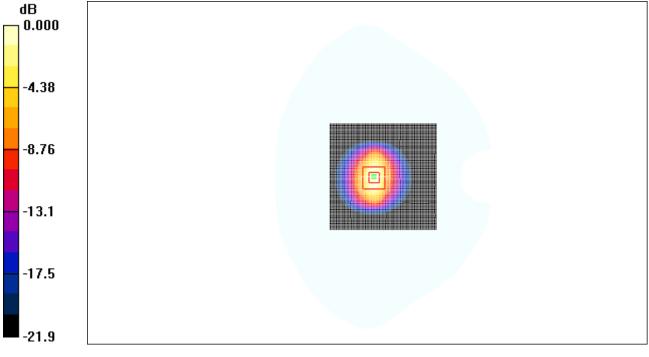
Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

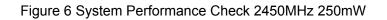
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 71.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.82 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 19.82 \, mW/g$



ANNEX C: Graph Results

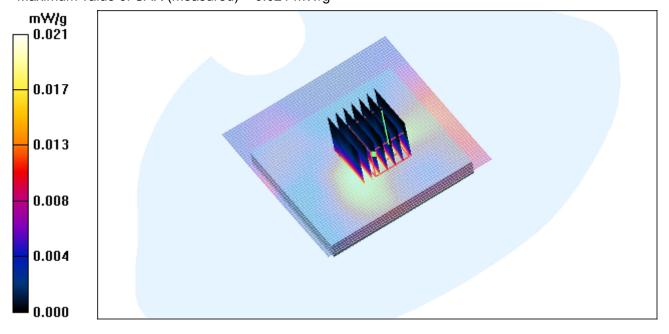
802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 1 Middle

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 9:52:36 AM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.021 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.170 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.044 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.020 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g



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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 2 High

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 10:15:53 AM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

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Test Position 2 High /Area Scan (61x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

Test Position 2 High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.947 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g

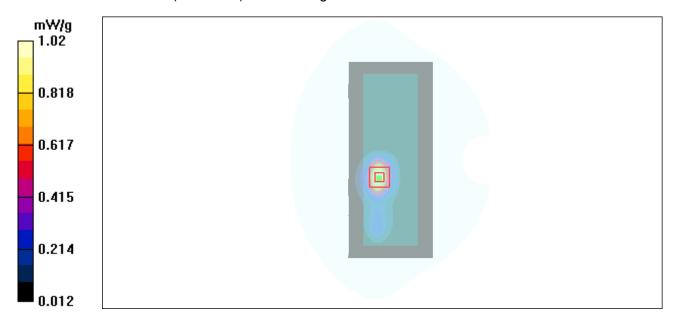


Figure 8 802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 2 Channel 11

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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 2 Middle

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 10:31:09 AM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.922 mW/g

Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.157 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.834 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.913 mW/g

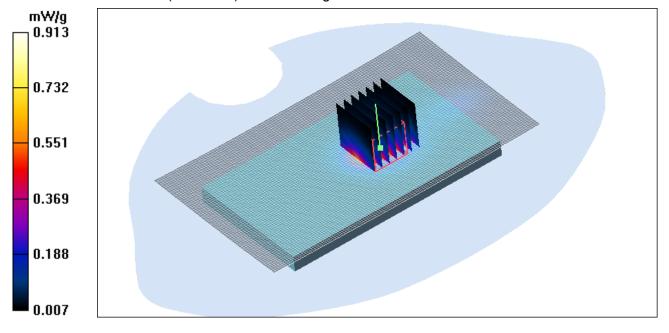


Figure 9 802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 2 Channel 6

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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 2 Low

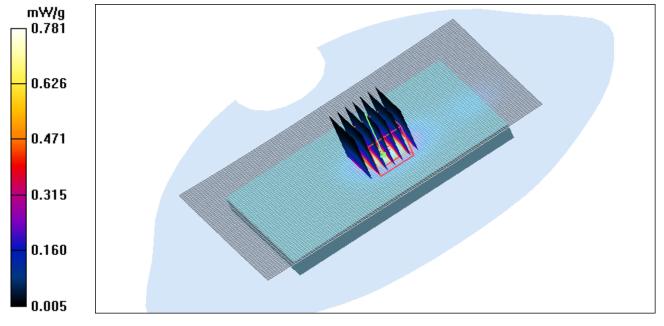
Date/Time: 9/14/2011 10:47:16 AM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.95 mho/m; ε_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 2 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.867 mW/g

Test Position 2 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.062 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.715 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.781 mW/g





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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 3 High

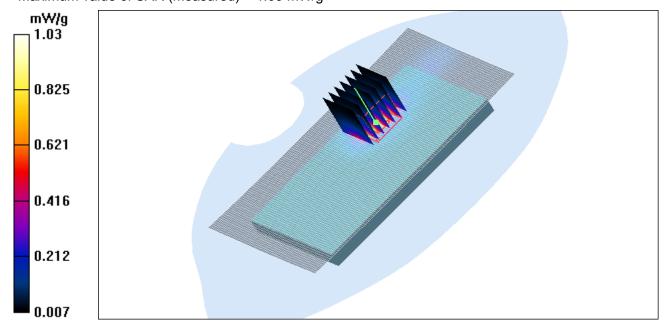
Date/Time: 9/14/2011 11:12:15 AM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.02 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

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Test Position 3 High/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

Test Position 3 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.938 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g





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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 3 Middle

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 11:27:38 AM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.905 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.121 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.852 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.945 mW/g

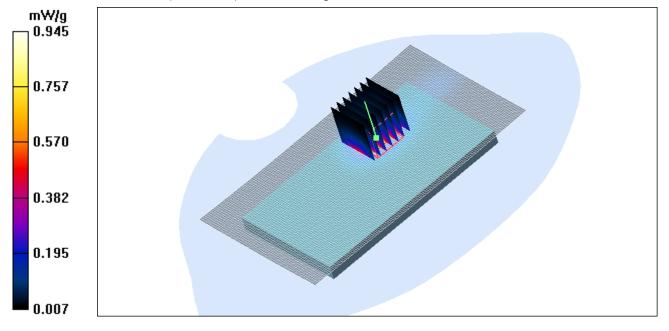


Figure 12 802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 3 Channel 6

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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 3 Low

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 1:03:59 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

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Test Position 3 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.789 mW/g

Test Position 3 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.668 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.736 mW/g

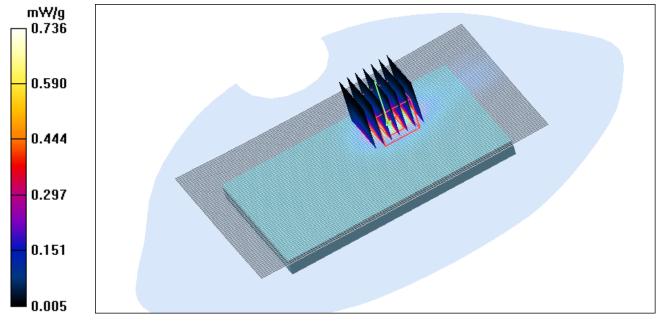


Figure 13 802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 3 Channel 1

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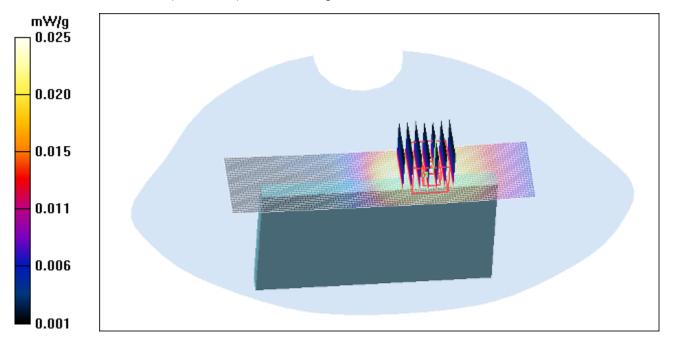
802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 4 Middle

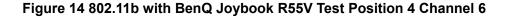
Date/Time: 9/14/2011 1:19:47 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (31x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.023 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.049 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.024 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g





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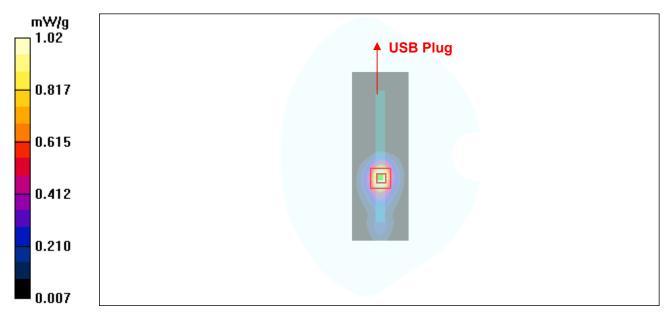
802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 5 High

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 1:35:49 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 5 High/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

Test Position 5 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.32 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.957 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



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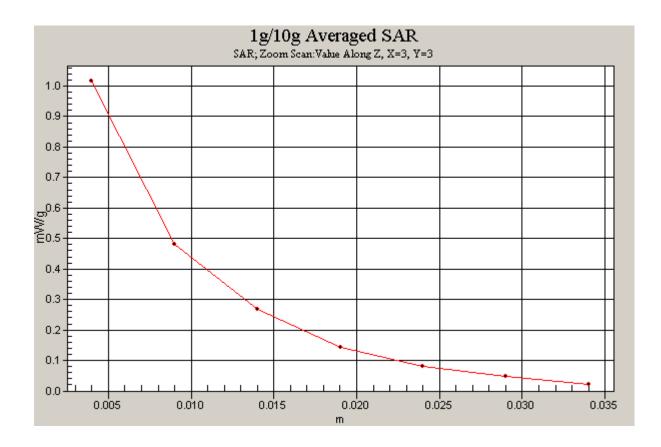


Figure 15 802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 5 Channel 11

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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 5 Middle

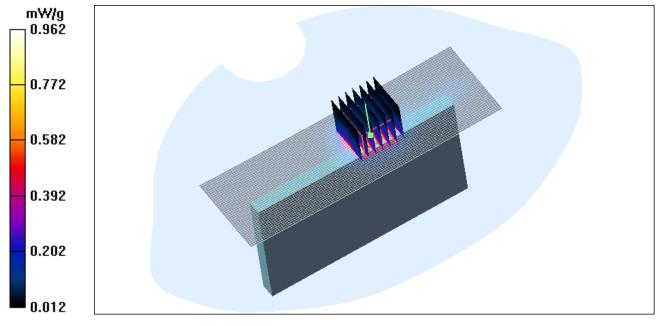
Date/Time: 9/14/2011 1:50:05 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 5 Middle/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.902 mW/g

Test Position 5 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.144 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.884 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.962 mW/g





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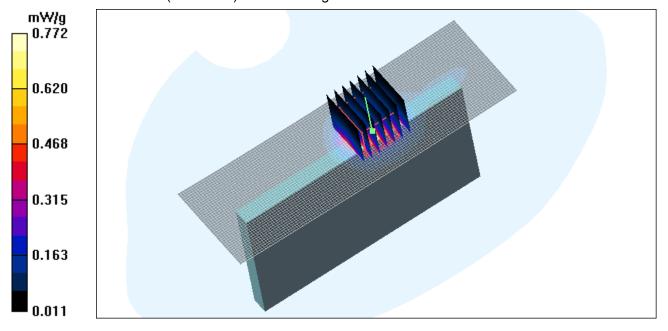
802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 5 Low

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 2:07:15 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 5 Low/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.788 mW/g

Test Position 5 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.707 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.772 mW/g





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802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 6 Middle

Date/Time: 9/14/2011 2:22:11 PM Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liqiud Temperature: 21.5 °C Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.46, 7.46, 7.46); Calibrated: 11/24/2010 Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 6 Middle/Area Scan (41x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.326 mW/g

Test Position 6 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.177 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.492 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.264 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.293 mW/g

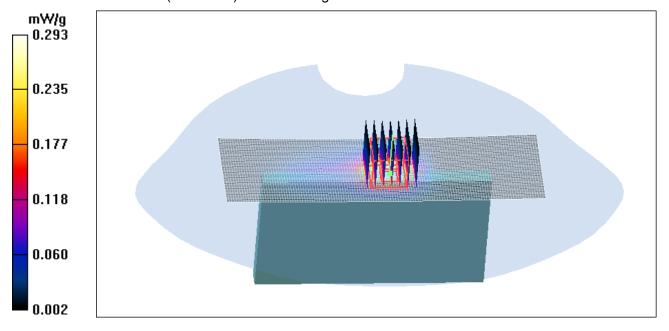


Figure 18 802.11b with BenQ Joybook R55V Test Position 6 Channel 6

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ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate Calibration Laboratory of SNISS Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst s Schmid & Partner Service suisse d'étalonnage 0 С ac-MR/ RUBRAT Engineering AG Servizio svizzero di taratura s Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Swiss Calibration Service Accreditation No.: SCS 108 Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates TA-SH (Auden) Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10 Client CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 - SN:3677 Object QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes November 24, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration GB41293874 Power meter E4419B 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) Apr-11 Power sensor F4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) Mar-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) Mar-11 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013 Dec09) Dec-10 DAE4 SN: 660 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Apr-11 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) In house check: Oct-11 Name Function Signature Calibrated by Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Niels Kuster Approved by: Quality Manage Issued: November 25, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory Certificate No: EX3-3677 Nov10 Page 1 of 11

Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

olossuly.	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z; A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3677

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated: September 9, 2008 September 23, 2009 November 24, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.47	0.39	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ⁸	96.8	98.9	98.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	с	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	х	0.00	0.00	1.00	143.2	± 2.4 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	140.9	
			z	0.00	0.00	1.00	135.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

* The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 8).

^b Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvFX C	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	±50/±100	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	10.04	10.04	10.04	0.09	1.00 ± 13.3%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	9.50	9.50	9.50	0.72	0.64 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.72	0.59 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.81	0,57 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.32	7.32	7.32	0.47	0.75 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

	Manufacture research of	Provide little little	Constantinity	6	C	0		Death Has Gentl
[MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	$56.7 \pm 5\%$	0.94 ± 5%	10.62	10.62	10.62	0.02	1.00 ± 13.3%
750	± 50 / ± 100	$55.5\pm5\%$	0.96 ± 5%	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.59	0.72 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	10.33	10.33	10.33	0.20	2.06 ± 11.0%
1450	± 50 / ± 100	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	8.47	8.47	8.47	0.99	0.53 ±11.0%
1750	±50/±100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49±5%	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.63	0.67 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	$53.3\pm5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.69	0.67 ± 11.0%
2100	± 50 / ± 100	$53.2\pm5\%$	1.62 ± 5%	8.04	8.04	8.04	0.16	1.44 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	$52.7\pm5\%$	1.95 ± 5%	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.99	0.49 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.28	1.40 ± 13.1%

[©] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the CorwF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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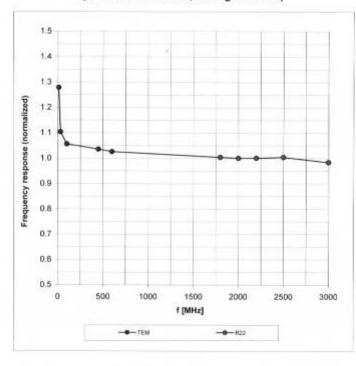
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EX3DV4 SN:3677

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Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

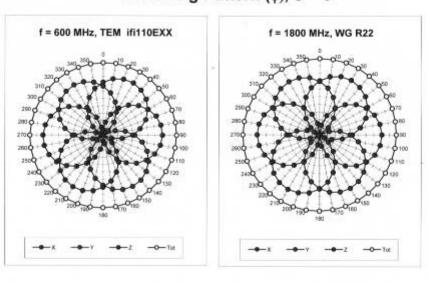
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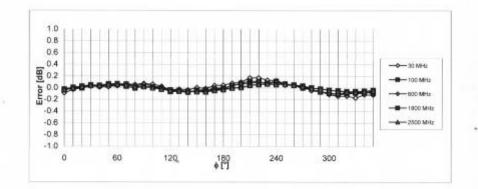
Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

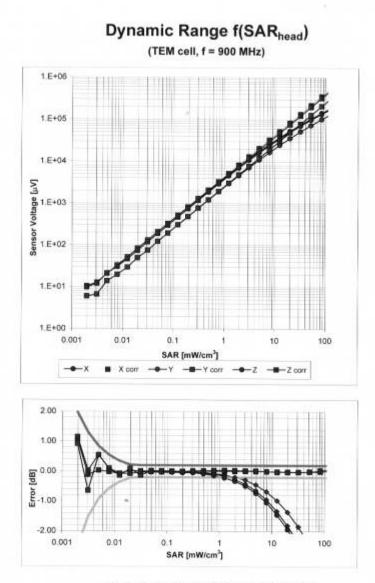
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Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

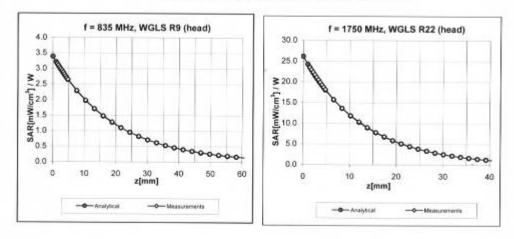
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EX3DV4 SN:3677

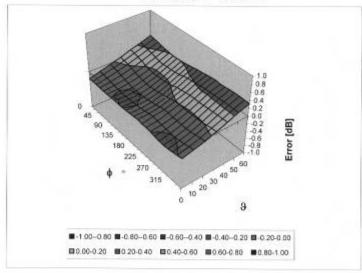
November 24, 2010



Conversion Factor Assessment

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (\, 8), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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ANNEX E: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuric	ry of	ilac MRA (Q T Z)	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdie Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredita The Swiss Accreditation Servic Multilateral Agreement for the r	e is one of the signatorie	s to the EA	on No.: SCS 108
Client ATL (Auden)		Certificate N	No: D2450V2-712_Feb10
CALIBRATION O	CERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 7	12	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	February 19, 201	0	
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to nat stainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a	and are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to nat stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical u	and are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	ents the traceability to nat stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	and are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu	ents the traceability to nati stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration)	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.)	and are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	ents the traceability to nati stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration)	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ents the traceability to nati stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	ents the traceability to nat stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ents the traceability to nat stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (209)	conal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condui Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ents the traceability to nat stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5087.2 / 06327	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	and are part of the certificate. //C and humidity < 70%, //C and humidity
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condui Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ents the traceability to nat rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5087.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	and are part of the certificate. //C and humidity < 70%, //C and humidity
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condui Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ents the traceability to nati rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 08327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-10 Mar-10
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condui Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ents the traceability to nati stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Check Date (in house)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ents the traceability to nati stainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 5047 SN: 601 ID # ID # MY41092317	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. 23-3205_Jun09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condui Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ents the traceability to nat rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 10005 US37380585 S4206 Name	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ents the traceability to nat rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Check Date (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	and are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%, Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
	condition 250 mW input power	6.24 mW / g
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured SAR normalized		6.24 mW / g 25.0 mW / g

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
	250 mW input power	5.97 mW / g
SAR measured SAR normalized	250 mW input power normalized to 1W	5.97 mW / g 23.9 mW / g

Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 1.9 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω + 5.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.144 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG		
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002		

Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2010 13:12:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

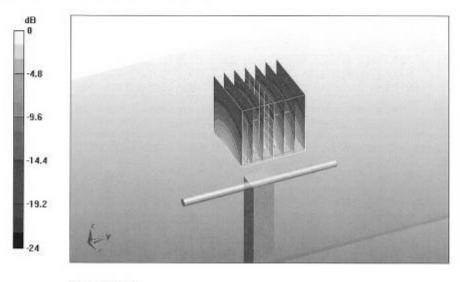
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U11 BB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.77 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g

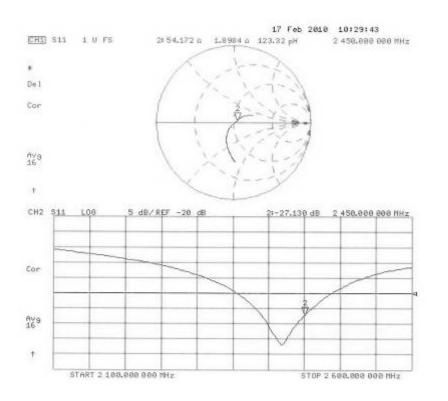


0 dB = 17.1mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 19.02.2010 13:05:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

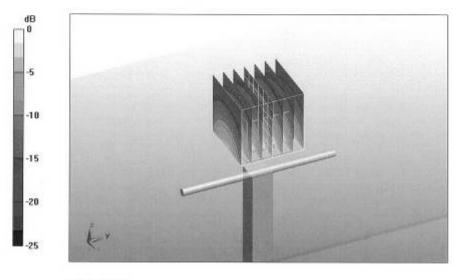
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U10 BB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17 mW/g



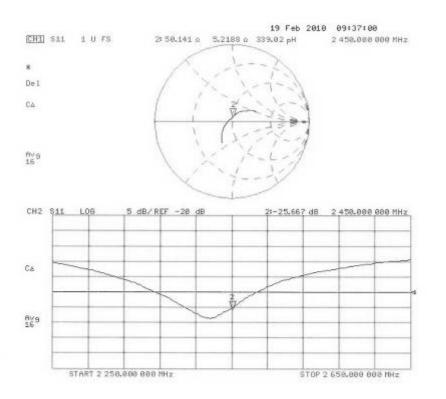
0 dB = 17mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

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Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEX F: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Engineering AG Seughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	y Of h, Switzerland	BOCMERA C. C. C. Z.	S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditat The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the re	a is one of the signatories	to the EA	ditation No.: SCS 108
Client TA - SH (Aude	n)	Certif	icate No: DAE4-871_Nov10
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 871	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration proces	ure for the data acquisitio	n electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 18, 20	10	
The measurements and the uncer	rtainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the phy obability are given on the following p racility: environment temperature (2	ages and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	obability are given on the following p	ages and are part of the certificate. 12 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct	rtainties with confidence pro	obability are given on the following p	ages and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory I'E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	ages and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	ages and are part of the certificate. 12 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory IE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	ages and are part of the certificate. 12 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro- sted in the closed laboratory (E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) <u>Check Date (in house)</u> 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	ages and are part of the certificate. 12 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory IE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	ages and are part of the certificate. 12 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1	rtainties with confidence pro sted in the closed laboratory (E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004	bability are given on the following p facility: environment temperature (2 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) <u>Check Date (In house)</u> 07-Jun-10 (In house check) Function	ages and are part of the certificate. 12 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov10

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Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
 result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV,
 full range =
 -10....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time:
 3 sec; Measuring time:
 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	z
High Range	404.757 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.740 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.181 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98219 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93489 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96831 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.0 ° ± 1 °
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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200001.2	-1.56	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20000.71	0.71	0.00
Channel X - Input	-19997.87	1.63	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199994.3	1.99	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19998.92	-1.08	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20000.26	-0.76	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200009.2	-1.04	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.70	-1.10	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20000.16	-0.76	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.1	0.16	0.01
Channel X + Input	199.58	-0.52	-0.26
Channel X - Input	-200.79	-0.89	0.45
Channel Y + Input	1999.9	-0.03	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	199.45	-0.55	-0.27
Channel Y - Input	-200.31	-0.41	0.21
Channel Z + Input	2000.1	0.33	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.13	-0.77	-0.38
Channel Z - Input	-201.47	-1.37	0.69

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	14.25	12.86
	- 200	-12.68	-14.21
Channel Y	200	-10.04	-10.39
	- 200	9.20	9.17
Channel Z	200	-0.85	-1.40
	- 200	-0.34	-0.31

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		2.85	0.69
Channel Y	200	2.41	-	2.73
Channel Z	200	2.54	0.73	12

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov10

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15920	15517
Channel Y	. 16171	16732
Channel Z	15803	16474

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.03	-2.35	0.86	0.43
Channel Y	-0.50	-1.49	=0.49	0.38
Channel Z	-0.92	-2.21	0.14	0.44

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

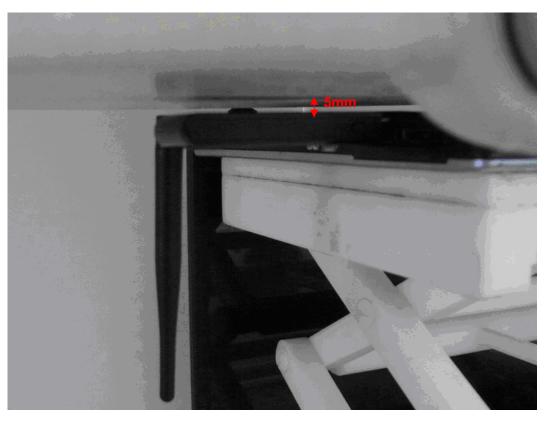
Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

ANNEX G: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration



Picture 4: Constituents of the EUT

Report No. RZA1107-1176SAR01R5



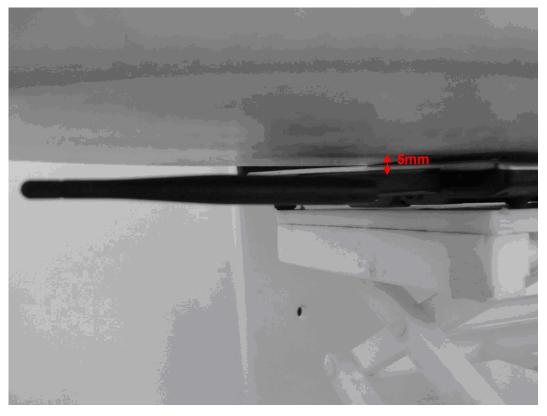
Picture 5:Test position 1



Picture 6:Test position 2

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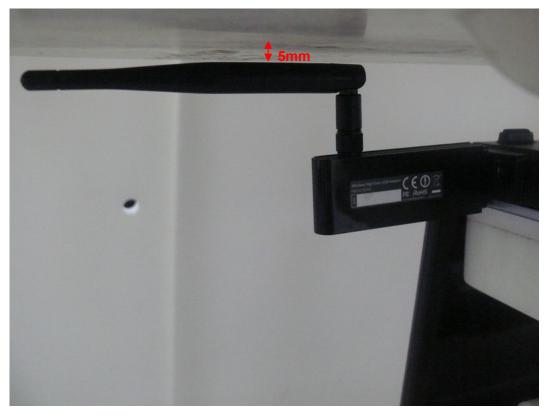


Picture 7:Test position 3

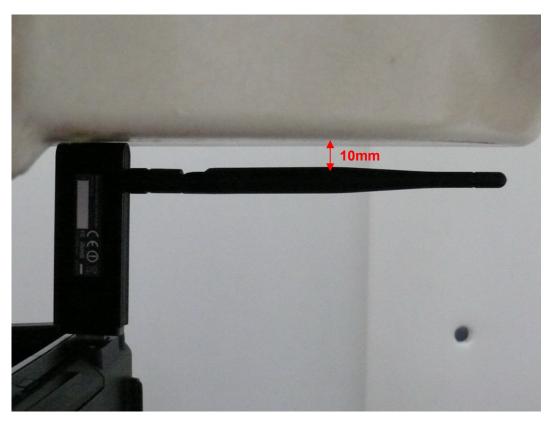


Picture 8: Test position 4

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Picture 9: Test position 5



Picture 10: Test position 6

ANNEX H: The Process of Submiting the PBA

Dear Sir or Madam:

Please help provide PBA guidance for SAR evaluation of WIFI USB dongle with an rotatable antenna. This project is a Part15C portable device. The FCC ID is W6RRNX-N150HG. The USB dongle supports 802.11b/g/n with operating in 2.400GHz to 2.484GHz., 802.11b/g bands SAR will be follow KDB 248227, and about 802.11n, because the conducted power of 802.11n is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, so SAR is not required for 802.11n. And according to KDB 447498 D02, the EUT will be tested five positions. Please kindly confirm whether the test procedure is OK?

--OET response sent on Sep 6 2011 2:48PM--

We cannot provide specific SAR test guidance without photos of the device showing the antenna location and range of motion.

As for 802.11n procedures, you can use KDB 248227 with some adaptation, but because 802.11n has 40 MHz channels, the channel numbers will be off. For 2.4 GHz only, if the maximum average conducted power for all channels in 802.11n are no more than ¼ dB higher than measured in any of the channels in 802.11b, then test reduction/exclusion is okay. This is an interim procedure because we are not comparing exact channels. 802.11n standards have not yet been finalized by IEEE and ad-hoc implementations have to suffice at this time.

Dear Sir or madam,

Thank you for your fast reply.

Now, I have update the photos of the device showing the antenna location and range of motion .

--OET response sent on Sep 14 2011 3:36PM--

Please see the JPEG file entitled *KDB 402779 Attachment Response* located beneath the attachment list at the bottom of this page for the response to your inquiry. There are a total of 6 positions to evaluate for SAR.

FCC SAR Test Positions	AR Test Positions KDB 402779		
(1) USB Horizontal Up with Phantom 0.5 cm Gap (Antenna 180 degrees from USB commector) (3) USB Horizontal Down with Phantom 0.5 cm Gap (4) USB Horizontal Down with Phantom 0.5 cm Gap (Antenna 180 degrees from USB commector)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (2)	0.5 cm Gap or whatever limit due to end of dongle	
(5) 0.5 cm Gap	A tot test f	tal of 6 positions to for SAR compliance	
(5) 0.5 cm Gap			

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