

**TEST REPORT
FROM
RFI GLOBAL SERVICES LTD****Test of: GeoSKeeper Model Q****To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)****Test Report Serial No:
RFI-SAR-RP81245JD06A V4.0****Version 4.0 Supersedes All Previous Versions****This Test Report Is Issued Under The Authority
Of Chris Guy, Head of Global Approvals:**

(APPROVED SIGNATORY)

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(APPROVED SIGNATORY)

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Customer Information	4
2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)	5
3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures	8
4. Deviations from the Test Specification.....	9
5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing	10
6. Summary of Test Results	12
7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results	13
8. Measurement Uncertainty	21
Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used	26
Appendix 2. Measurement Methods.....	29
Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans	31
Appendix 4. Photographs	53
Appendix 5. Validation of System	66
Appendix 6. Simulated Tissues	69
Appendix 7. DASY4 System Details	70

1. Customer Information

Company Name:	Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd.
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Address:	5 Hazoref St. Holon 58856 Israel
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2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

2.1. Identification of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Description:	Wearable Mobile Safety and Tracking Device
Brand Name:	GeoSKeeper
Model Name or Number:	Model Q
Serial Number:	803024
IMEI Number:	357464031802488
Hardware Version Number:	2.4
Software Version Number:	1.6.4-X.X.X
Hardware Revision of GSM Module:	Not Applicable
Software Revision of GSM Module:	Not Applicable
FCC ID Number:	VZU-GEOSKEEPER-Q
Country of Manufacture:	None Stated
Date of Receipt:	22 September 2011

2.2. Description of EUT

The Equipment Under Test is a Wearable Mobile Safety and Tracking Device with 2G Quad Band (850/900/1800/1900 MHz). The EUT has GPRS Class 10 mode and GPS capabilities.

2.3. Modifications Incorporated in the EUT

There were no modifications incorporated in the EUT.

2.4. Accessories

The following accessories were supplied with the EUT during testing:

Description:	Battery
Brand Name:	VARTA PoLiflex
Model Name or Number:	None Stated
Serial Number:	None Stated
Cable Length and Type:	Not Applicable
Country of Manufacture:	None Stated
Connected to Port	2 Pin Plug Contact Unique to Manufacturer

2.5. Support Equipment

The following support equipment was used to exercise the EUT during testing:

Description:	Wireless Communication Test Set
Brand Name:	Agilent
Model Name or Number:	8960 Series 10
Serial Number:	GB46311280
Cable Length and Type:	~4.0m Utiflex Cable
Connected to Port:	RF (Input / Output) Air Link

2.6. Additional Information Related to Testing

Equipment Category	GSM850/GPRS850, PCS1900/GPRS1900		
Type of Unit	Portable Transceiver		
Intended Operating Environment:	Within GSM Coverage.		
Transmitter Maximum Output Power Characteristics:	GSM850	Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum Using Power Control Level (PCL = 5 with a maximum power of up to 33.0 dBm).	
	PCS1900	Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum Using Power Control Level (PCL = 0 with a maximum power of up to 30.0 dBm).	
Transmitter Frequency Range:	GSM850	824 to 849 MHz	
	PCS1900	1850 to 1910 MHz	
Transmitter Frequency Allocation of EUT When Under Test:	Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)
	128	Low	824.2
	189	Middle	836.4
	251	High	848.8
	512	Low	1850.2
	660	Middle	1879.8
	810	High	1909.8
Modulation(s):	GMSK (GSM/ GPRS): 217 Hz		
Modulation Scheme (Crest Factor):	GMSK (GSM): 8.3 GMSK (GPRS): 4		
Antenna Type:	Internal Integral		
Antenna Length:	Unknown		
Number of Antenna Positions:	1 Fixed		
Power Supply Requirement:	3.7V		
Battery Type(s):	Li-ion		

3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

3.1. Test Specification

Reference:	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)
Title:	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.
Purpose of Test:	To determine whether the equipment met the basic restrictions as defined in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) using the SAR averaging method as described in the test specification above.

3.2. Methods and Procedures Reference Documentation

The methods and procedures used were as detailed in:

Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating compliance with FCC Guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields", OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C, FCC, Washington, D.C, 20554, 2001.

Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger and Neils Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transaction on microwave theory and techniques, Vol. 44, pp. 105-113, January 1996.

Neils Kuster, Ralph Kastle and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with know precision", IEICE Transactions of communications, Vol. E80-B, No.5, pp. 645-652, May 1997.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v04

KDB 941225 D03 " SAR Test Reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE v01"

The version of DASY system used by RFI for SAR measurements is v4.7.

The SAR probe for the DASY v4.4 and higher has a validity of +/- 100 MHz from the spot frequency at which the system is calibrated.

The system validation performed at 900 MHz is valid for 800 MHz to 1000 MHz which covers the 850 MHz band. The probe calibration for SN:1528 was performed at the spot frequencies of 750 MHz and 900 MHz and the probe calibration for SN:1611 was performed at spot frequencies of 835 MHz and 900 MHz. The SAR software selects the conversion factor based on the following attributes; 1. The operating frequency 2. The measured permittivity imported to the software and 3. The measured conductivity imported to the software.

The 900 MHz validation is applicable for the 850 band as this is within 50 MHz of the of the 850 MHz spot frequency.

3.3. Definition of Measurement Equipment

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the standards referenced in the methods & procedures section above. Appendix 1 contains a list of the test equipment used.

4. Deviations from the Test Specification

Test was performed as per KDB 447498 D01 "Mobile Portable RF Exposure v04", KDB 941225 D03 "SAR Test Reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE v01" according to the handset procedures in IEEE Std 1528-2003, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01.

The Device is wrist-worn with the capability to use in voice call; therefore SAR test was performed in the in-front-of-mouth configuration at 10mm as per FCC KDB inquiry number 895849. See Appendix 4 for setup illustrations.

5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing

5.1. Operating Modes

The EUT was tested in the following operating mode(s) unless otherwise stated:

- GSM850 Call allocated mode with Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum Using Power Control Level (PCL = 5 with a maximum power of up to 33.0 dBm).
- GPRS850 Data allocated mode with Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum Using Power Control Level (PCL = 5 with a maximum power of up to 33.0 dBm). With 2-Uplink time slots.
- PCS1900 Call allocated mode with Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum Using Power Control Level (PCL = 0 with a maximum power of up to 30.0 dBm).
- GPRS1900 Data allocated mode with Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum Using Power Control Level (PCL = 0 with a maximum power of up to 30.0 dBm). With 2-Uplink time slots.

(PCL) Power Setting Table:

GSM850 – UPLINK Power Table Settings used for Test Set	
Power Control Level (PCL)	Nominal Power (dBm)
0 ... 2	39
3	37
4	35
5	33
6	31
7	29
8	27
9	25
10	23
11	21
12	19
13	17
14	15
15	13
16	11
17	9
18	7
19 ... 31	5

Upper Tolerance for PCL 5 per tune-up +0.5 dB

PCS1900 – UPLINK Power Table Settings used for Test Set	
Power Control Level (PCL)	Nominal Power (dBm)
22 ... 29	Reserved
30	33
31	32
0	30
1	28
2	26
3	24
4	22
5	20
6	18
7	16
8	14
9	12
10	10
11	8
12	6
13	4
14	2
15	0
16 ... 21	Reserved

Upper Tolerance for PCL 0 per tune-up +1.0 dB

5.2. Configuration and Peripherals

The EUT was tested in the following configuration(s) unless otherwise stated:

- Standalone battery powered with EUT transmitting at maximum power.
- The applied configurations for In-front-of-mouth orientations with the corresponding surface, 'Front' is closest to the user with the most conservative exposure condition was evaluated at 10mm separation.
- The applied configurations for Wrist-worn orientations with the corresponding surface, 'Rear' is closest to the user with the most conservative exposure condition was evaluated at 0mm separation.

In-front-of-mouth and Wrist Configuration

- a) The EUT was placed in a normal operating position where the centre of EUT was aligned with the centre reference point on the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom.
- b) With the EUT touching the phantom at an imaginary centre line. The EUT was aligned with a marked plane (X and Y axis) consisting of two lines.
- c) For the touch-safe position the EUT was gradually moved towards the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom until any point of the EUT touched the phantom.
- d) For position(s) greater than 0mm separation the EUT was positioned as per the touch-safe position, and then the vertical height was decreased/adjusted as required.
- e) SAR measurements were evaluated at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimise the drift.
- f) The device was keyed to operate continuously in the transmit mode for the duration of the test.
- g) The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (hot spot) was determined relative to the EUT and its antenna.
- h) The EUT was transmitting at full power throughout the duration of the test powered by a fully charged battery.

6. Summary of Test Results

Test Name	Specification Reference	Result
Specific Absorption Rate-GSM 850 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-GPRS 850 Wrist Configuration 10g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-GSM 850 Wrist Configuration 10g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-GPRS 1900 Wrist Configuration 10g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 Wrist Configuration 10g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied

SAR Individual Transmitter Evaluation

device, mode	Frequency, (MHz)	P _x (mW)	P _{REF} (mW)	Maximum Measure SAR level (W/kg)	Remarks
WWAN, GSM	850	1841	60/f	3.000	Routine Evaluation
WWAN, GSM	1900	1084	60/f	2.050	Routine Evaluation

Note(s):

Simultaneous transmission evaluation was not required as the EUT does not support this feature.

6.1. Location of Tests

All the measurements described in this report were performed at the premises of RFI Global Services Ltd, Pavilion A, Ashwood Park, Ashwood Way, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG23 8BG United Kingdom

7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results

7.1. General Comments

This section contains test results only.

Measurement uncertainties are evaluated in accordance with current best practice. Our reported expanded uncertainties are based on standard uncertainties, which are multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor to provide a statistical confidence level of approximately 95%. Please refer to section 8 for details of measurement uncertainties.

7.2. Test Results**7.2.1. Specific Absorption Rate - GSM 850 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g Test Summary:**

Tissue Volume:	1g
Maximum Level Measured (W/kg):	0.502
Maximum Level Scaled (Upper Limit) (W/kg):	0.632

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0

SAR Limit = 1..6W/kg Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Conducted Power (mW)	SAR Measured Level (W/kg) Note: 2, 3	Upper Limit Max Power From Tune-up¹ (mW)	SAR Scaled Max Level¹ (W/kg) Note: 2, 3
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	189	1778	0.502	2239	0.632

Note(s):

1. The Upper tolerances (+0.5dB) => Upper Max Power = 2239mW = 33.5dBm
2. Test Performed with Front of EUT 10mm from Phantom flat section
3. Head Simulation Liquid used as configuration is for In-Front-of-Mouth

7.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate - GPRS 850 Wrist-Worn Configuration 10g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level Measured (W/kg):	3.000
Maximum Level Scaled (Upper Limit) (W/kg):	3.777

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0

SAR Limit = 4.0W/kg

Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Conducted Power (mW)	SAR Measured Level (W/kg)	Upper Limit Max Power From Tune-up ¹ (mW)	SAR Scaled Max Level ¹ (W/kg)
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	128	1698	2.770	2239	3.652
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	189	1778	3.000	2239	3.777
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	251	1905	2.980	2239	3.501

Note(s):

1. The Upper tolerances (+0.5dB) => Upper Max Power = 2239mW = 33.5dBm

7.2.3. Specific Absorption Rate - GSM 850 Wrist-Worn Configuration 10g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level Measured (W/kg):	2.310
Maximum Level Scaled (Upper Limit) (W/kg):	2.908

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0

SAR Limit = 4.0W/kg

Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Conducted Power (mW)	SAR Measured Level (W/kg)	Upper Limit Max Power From Tune-up ¹ (mW)	SAR Scaled Max Level ¹ (W/kg)
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	128	1698	1.930	2239	2.544
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	189	1778	2.310	2239	2.908
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	251	1905	2.280	2239	2.679

Note(s):

1. The Upper tolerances (+0.5dB) => Upper Max Power = 2239mW = 33.5dBm

7.2.4. Specific Absorption Rate – PCS1900 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	1g
Maximum Level Measured (W/kg):	0.932
Maximum Level Scaled (Upper Limit) (W/kg):	1.261

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0

SAR Limit = 1.6W/kg Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Conducted Power (mW)	SAR Measured Level (W/kg) Note: 2, 3	Upper Limit Max Power From Tune-up ¹ (mW)	SAR Scaled Max Level ¹ (W/kg) Note: 2, 3
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	512	1000	0.932	1259	1.173
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	660	1000	0.926	1259	1.166
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	810	891	0.893	1259	1.261

Note(s):

1. The Upper tolerances (+1.0dB) => Upper Max Power = 1259mW = 31dBm
2. Test Performed with Front of EUT 10mm from Phantom flat section
3. Head Simulation Liquid used as configuration is for In-Front-of-Mouth

7.2.5. Specific Absorption Rate - GPRS 1900 Wrist-Worn Configuration 10g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level Measured (W/kg):	2.050
Maximum Level Scaled (Upper Limit) (W/kg):	2.848

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0

SAR Limit = 4.0W/kg

Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Conducted Power (mW)	SAR Measured Level (W/kg)	Upper Limit Max Power From Tune-up ¹ (mW)	SAR Scaled Max Level ¹ (W/kg)
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	512	977	2.050	1259	2.641
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	660	977	2.000	1259	2.576
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	810	871	1.970	1259	2.848

Note(s):

1. The Upper tolerances (+1.0dB) => Upper Max Power = 1259mW = 31dBm

7.2.6. Specific Absorption Rate - PCS 1900 Wrist-Worn Configuration 10g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level Measured (W/kg):	1.380
Maximum Level Scaled (Upper Limit) (W/kg):	1.822

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0

SAR Limit = 4.0W/kg

Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Conducted Power (mW)	SAR Measured Level (W/kg)	Upper Limit Max Power From Tune-up ¹ (mW)	SAR Scaled Max Level ¹ (W/kg)
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	512	1000	1.340	1259	1.737
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	600	1000	1.380	1259	1.687
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	810	891	1.290	1259	1.822

Note(s):

1. The Upper tolerances (+1.0dB) => Upper Max Power = 1259mW = 31dBm

7.2.7. Conducted Power Measurement

Channel Number	Frequency (MHZ)	GSM Conducted 0.5 dB path loss Power (dBm)	GPRS Conducted + 0.5 dB path loss Power (dBm)		Time Slot Average Burst Power GPRS Conducted + 0.5 dB path loss Power (dBm)	
			1 Time Slot	2 Time Slots	1 Time Slot ¹	2 Time Slots ²
128	824.2	32.3	32.3	32.3	23.3	26.3
189	836.4	32.5	32.5	32.5	23.5	26.5
251	848.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	23.8	26.8
512	1850.2	30.0	29.9	29.9	20.9	23.9
660	1879.8	30.0	29.9	29.9	20.9	23.9
810	1909.8	29.5	29.4	29.4	20.4	23.4

Note(s):**Scale factor for uplink time slot:**

- 1 Uplink: time slot ratio = 8:1 => $10 \cdot \log(8/1) = 9.00 \text{ dB}$
- 2 Uplink: time slot ratio = 8:2 => $10 \cdot \log(8/2) = 6.02 \text{ dB}$

8. Measurement Uncertainty

No measurement or test can ever be perfect and the imperfections give rise to error of measurement in the results. Consequently, the result of a measurement is only an approximation to the value of the measurand (the specific quantity subject to measurement) and is only complete when accompanied by a statement of the uncertainty of the approximation.

The expression of uncertainty of a measurement result allows realistic comparison of results with reference values and limits given in specifications and standards.

The uncertainty of the result may need to be taken into account when interpreting the measurement results.

The reported expanded uncertainties below are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor, such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is maintained. For the purposes of this document “approximately” is interpreted as meaning “effectively” or “for most practical purposes”.

Test Name	Confidence Level	Calculated Uncertainty
Specific Absorption Rate-GSM 850 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g	95%	19.94%
Specific Absorption Rate-GSM /GPRS / 850 Wrist Configuration 10g	95%	18.53%
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g	95%	20.72%
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS / GPRS / 1900 Wrist Configuration 10g	95%	18.38%

The methods used to calculate the above uncertainties are in line with those recommended within the various measurement specifications. Where measurement specifications do not include guidelines for the evaluation of measurement uncertainty, the published guidance of the appropriate accreditation body is followed.

8.1. Specific Absorption Rate Uncertainty - GSM 850 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U _i or U _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.160	0.160	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration / Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	2.400	2.400	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	2.400	2.400	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.920	4.920	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	3.149	3.149	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.970	4.970	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.982	2.982	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			10.17	10.17	>250
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			19.94	19.94	>250

8.2. Specific Absorption Rate-GSM / GPRS / 850 Wrist Configuration 10g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U _i or U _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.160	0.160	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration /Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	1.900	1.900	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.900	1.900	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.4300	1.241	1.241	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.690	4.690	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.4300	2.017	2.017	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.4900	1.415	1.415	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.860	4.860	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.4900	2.381	2.381	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			9.46	9.46	>500
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			18.53	18.53	>500

8.3. Specific Absorption Rate- PCS 1900 In-Front-of-Mouth Configuration 1g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U _i or U _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.160	0.160	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with Regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration / Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	3.800	3.800	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	3.800	3.800	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.900	4.900	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	3.136	3.136	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.880	4.880	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.928	2.928	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			10.57	10.57	>200
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			20.72	20.72	>200

8.4. Specific Absorption Rate-PCS / GPRS / 1900 Wrist Configuration 10g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U _i or U _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.160	0.160	normal (k=1)	2.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration / Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	1.200	1.200	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.200	1.200	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.4300	1.241	1.241	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.940	4.940	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.4300	2.124	2.124	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.4900	1.415	1.415	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.980	4.980	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.4900	2.440	2.440	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			9.38	9.38	>500
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			18.38	18.38	>500

Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used

RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
A034	Narda 20W Termination	Narda	374BNM	8706	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1097	SMA Directional Coupler	MiDISCO	MDC6223-30	None	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1137	3dB Attenuator	Narda	779	04690	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1174	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent Technologies	85070C	Us99360072	Calibrated before use	-
A1328	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Modification	SD 000 H01 DA	-	-
A1182	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	V3.0	None	-	-
A1234	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DAE3	450	09 Feb 2011	12
A1235	900 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D900V2	124	09 Feb 2011	24
A1237	1900 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D1900V2	540	08 Feb 2011	24
A1238	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM b	001	Calibrated before use	-
L1036	Probe	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	ET3 DV6	1611	12 May 2011	12
A1185	Probe	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	ET3 DV6	1528	18 Jul 2011	12
A1497	Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	zhl-42w (sma)	e020105	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1566	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM a	002	Calibrated before use	-
A1990	Digital Camera	Samsung	E515	A23WC90 8A05431K	-	-
A215	20 dB Attenuator	Narda	766-20	9402	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1531	Antenna	AARONIA AG	7025	02458	-	-
C1145	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147A F003003030	41843-1	Calibrated as part of system	-

C1146	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147A F030003030	41752-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
G0528	Robot Power Supply	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DASY4	None	Calibrated before use	-
G087	PSU	Thurlby Thandar	CPX200	100701	Calibrated before use	-
M1047	Robot Arm	Staubli	RX908 L	F00/SD8 9A1/A/01	Calibrated before use	-
M1159*	Signal Generator	Agilent Technologies	E8241A	US42110332	Internal Checked 15 August 2011	4
M1071	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	HP8590E	3647U00514	(Monitoring use only)	-
M1044	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z1	893350/019	26 May 2011	12
M265	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z1	893350/017	26 May 2011	12
M263	Dual Channel Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	826558/004	25 May 2011	12
M509	Thermometer	Testo 110 Immersion Probe & Thermometer	Testo 110	03100047	25 May 2011	12
M1270	Digital Thermometer	RS	N/A	N/A	Internal Checked 13 May 2011	12
S256	SAR Lab	RFI	Site 56	N/A	Calibrated before use	-

A.1.1. Calibration Certificates

This section contains the calibration certificates and data for the Probe(s) and Dipole(s) used, which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

Asset: A1235 Checked by *[Signature]*
21/02/2011

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

RFI

Certificate No: **D900V2-124_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D900V2 - SN: 124

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

February 09, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	<i>[Signature]</i>
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	<i>[Signature]</i>

Issued: February 9, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.2 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	40.3 \pm 6 %	0.95 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 \pm 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.72 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	11.0 mW /g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.74 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.96 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.01 mW /g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.0	1.05 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.6 ± 6 %	1.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.79 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	11.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	11.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.79 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	7.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.14 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω - 8.2 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.1 Ω - 8.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 20.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.409 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2001

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 09.02.2011 11:44:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:124

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.88, 5.88, 5.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

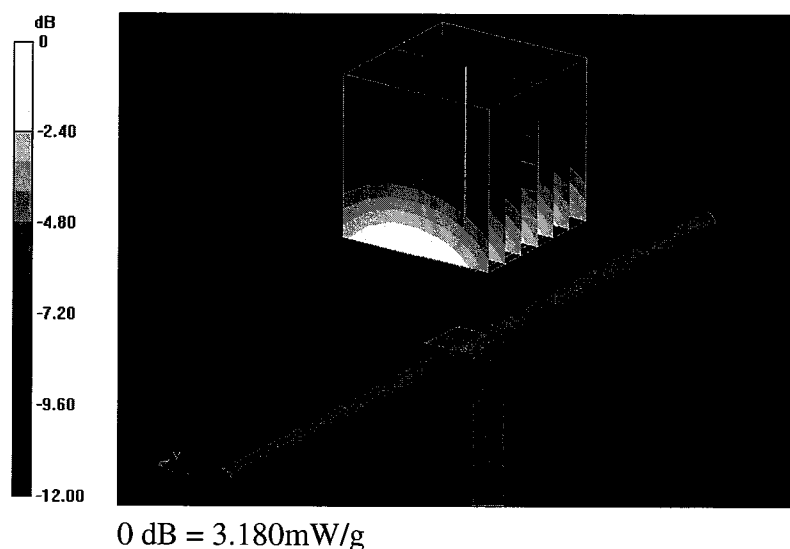
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.560 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 mW/g

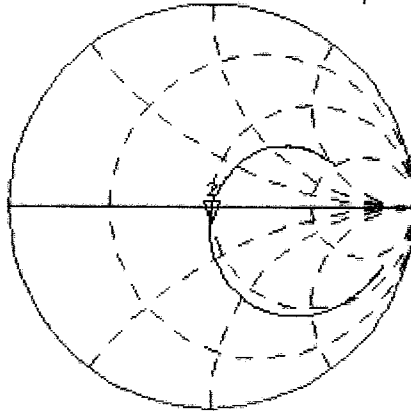
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.183 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

9 Feb 2011 10:21:37
 [CH1] S11 1 U FS 2: 48.854 Ω -8.1758 Ω 21.630 pF 900.000 000 MHz

*
 Del
 Cor



Avg
 16

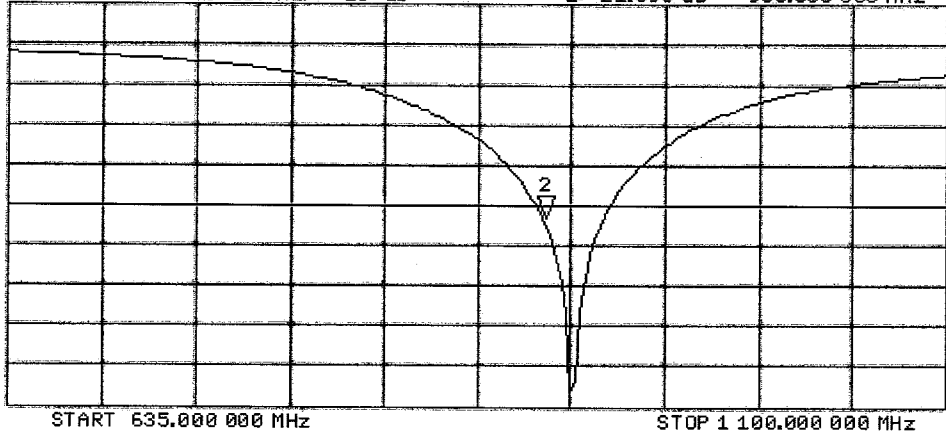
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -21.595 dB 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg
 16

↑



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 09.02.2011 14:54:48

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:124

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M900

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.05 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.81, 5.81, 5.81); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

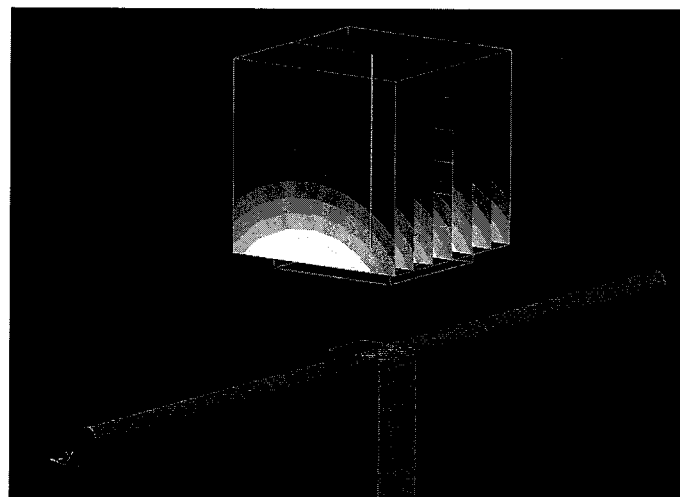
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.520 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.79 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.271 mW/g

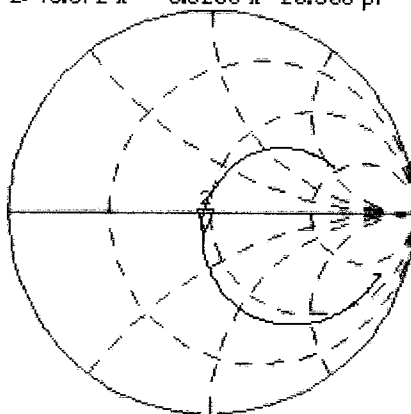


0 dB = 3.270mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

9 Feb 2011 14:24:47
 [CH1] S11 1 U FS 2: 46.072 Ω -8.6230 Ω 20.508 pF 900.000 000 MHz

*
 Del
 Cor



Avg
 16

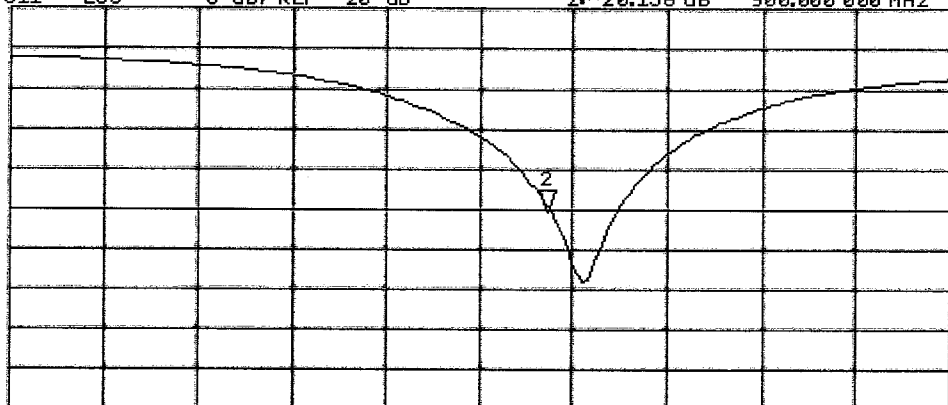
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-20.156 dB 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg
 16

↑



START 635.000 000 MHz

STOP 1 100.000 000 MHz



Asset: A/237 - checked by *[Signature]*
21/02/2011

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

RFI

Certificate No: **D1900V2-540_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 540

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

February 08, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	<i>[Signature]</i>
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	<i>[Signature]</i>

Issued: February 8, 2011

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	39.8 \pm 6 %	1.41 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.0 \pm 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.3 mW /g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.25 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW /g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.43 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 4.2 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.6 Ω + 5.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 26, 2001

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 07.02.2011 15:18:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:540

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

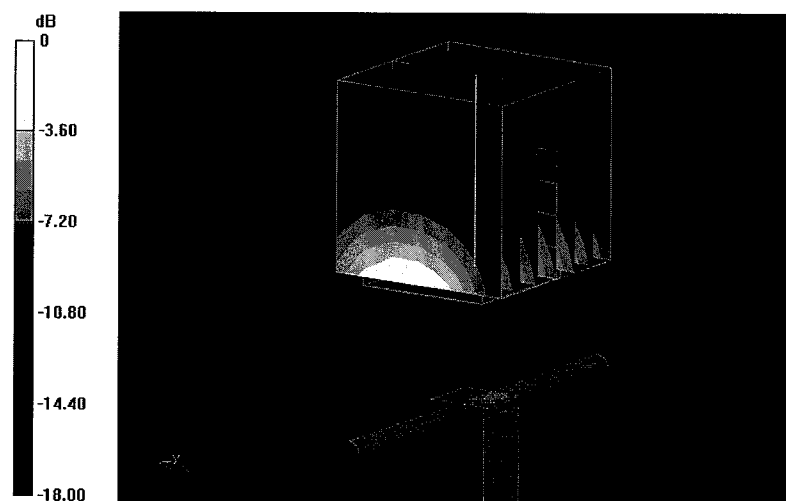
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.936 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.544 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.384 mW/g



0 dB = 12.380mW/g

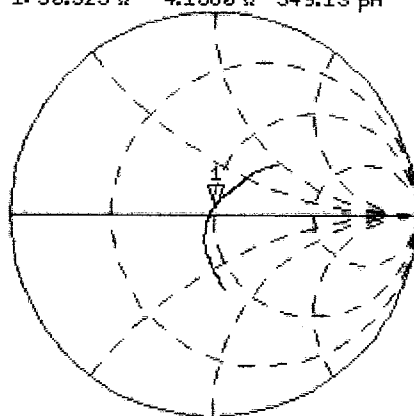
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

7 Feb 2011 16:45:39
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 50.525 Ω 4.1680 Ω 349.13 μH 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
 Del
 CA

Avg
 16

↑

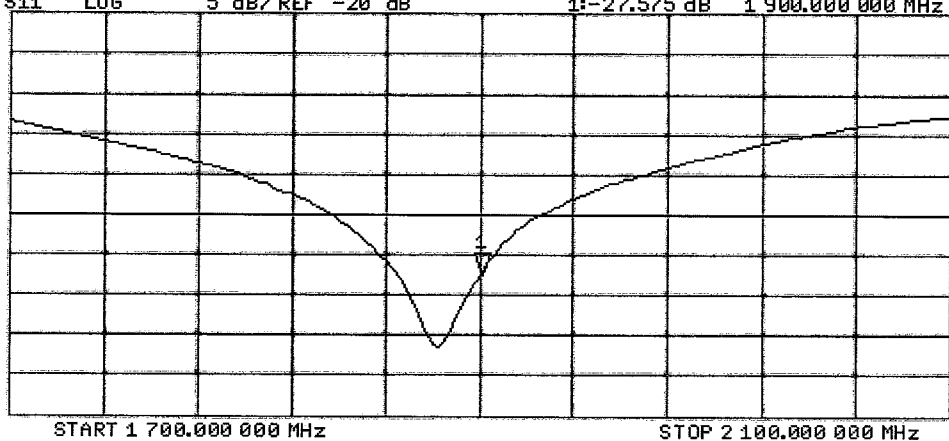


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-27.575 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
 16

↑



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 08.02.2011 12:04:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:540

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

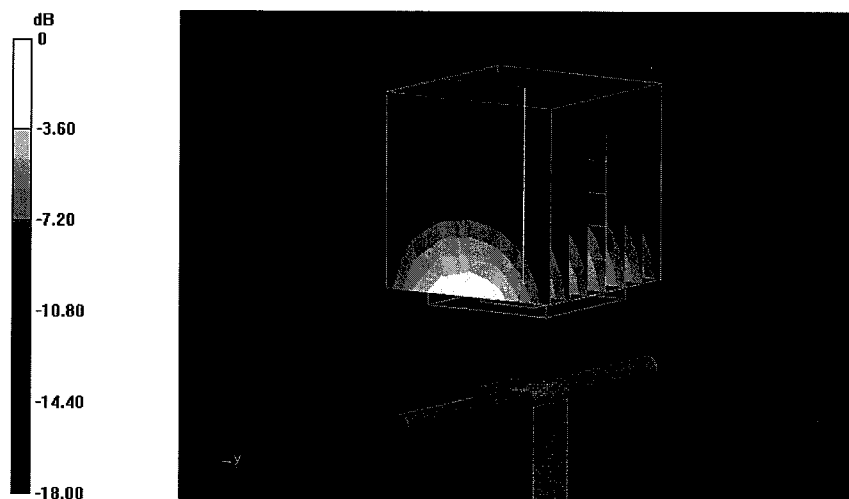
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.899 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.597 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.038 mW/g



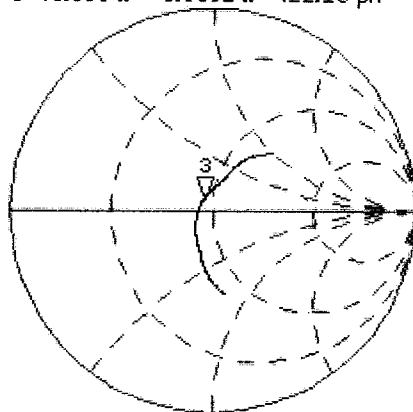
0 dB = 13.040mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

8 Feb 2011 10:45:02
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 3: 45.568 Ω 5.0391 Ω 422.10 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
De1
CA

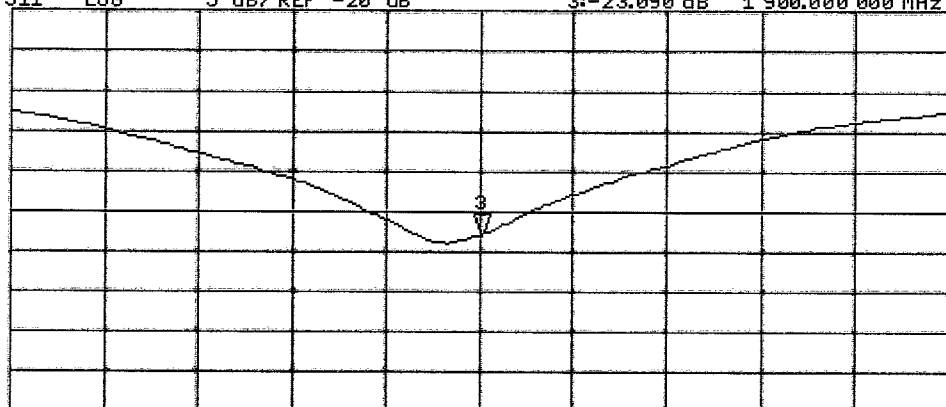
Avg
16



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 3:-23.090 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
16



START 1 700.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Client **Sony Ericsson UK**

Certificate No: **ET3-1611_May11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1611**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

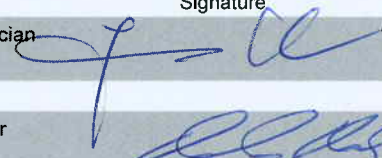

Calibration date: **May 12, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrai	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: May 16, 2011			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}** are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- VR**: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1611

Manufactured: July 27, 2001
Calibrated: May 12, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1611

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.74	1.95	1.77	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	96.7	99.3	98.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	105.3	±2.7 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	109.8	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	104.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1611

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.51	6.51	6.51	0.64	2.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.66	1.94	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.43	5.43	5.43	0.54	2.47	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.55	2.40	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.69	1.91	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1611

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

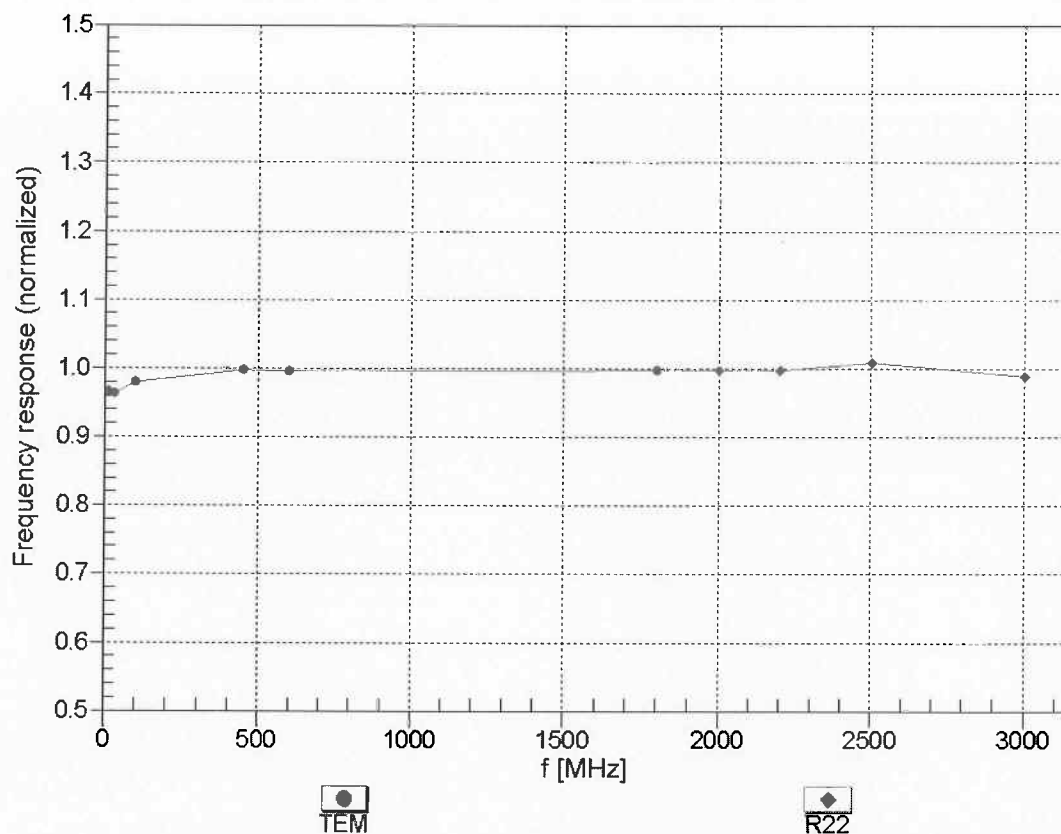
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.40	6.40	6.40	0.72	1.90	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.75	1.85	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.57	2.77	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.57	2.59	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.09	4.09	4.09	1.00	1.22	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

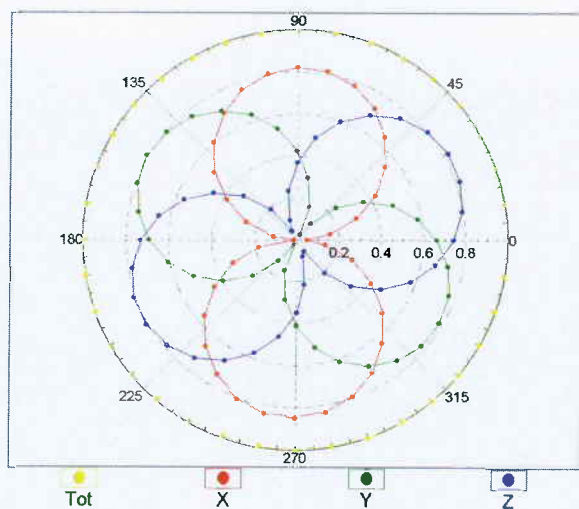
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



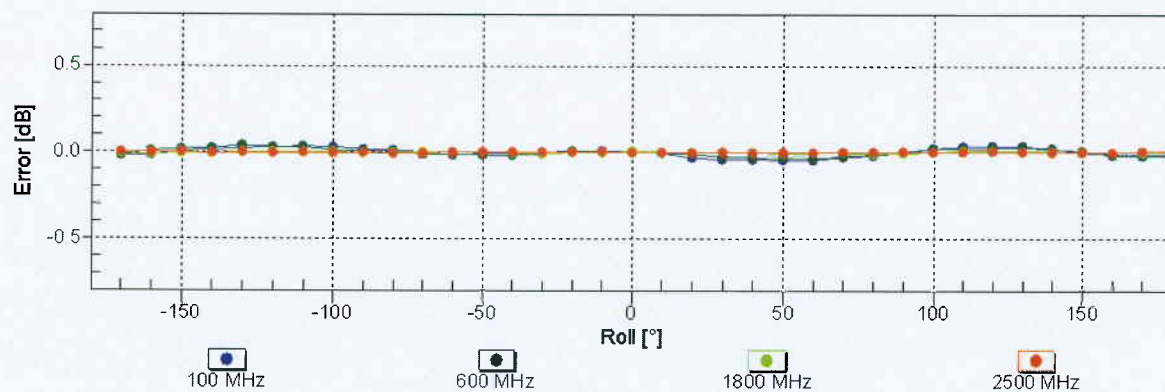
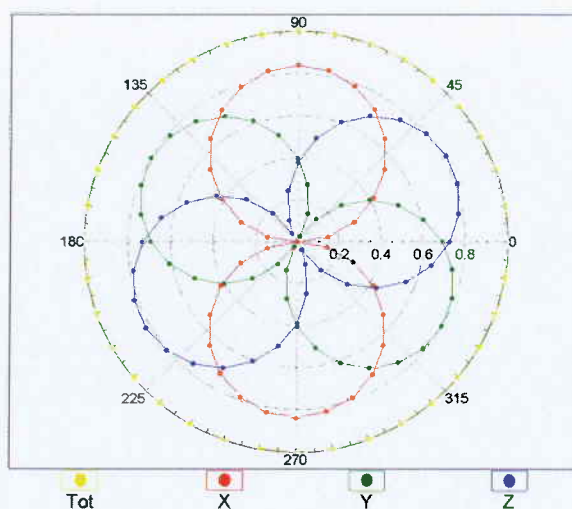
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

$f=600\text{ MHz, TEM}$

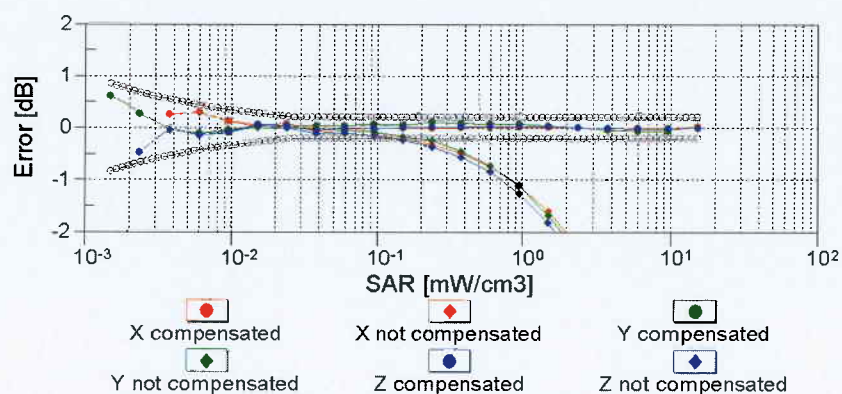
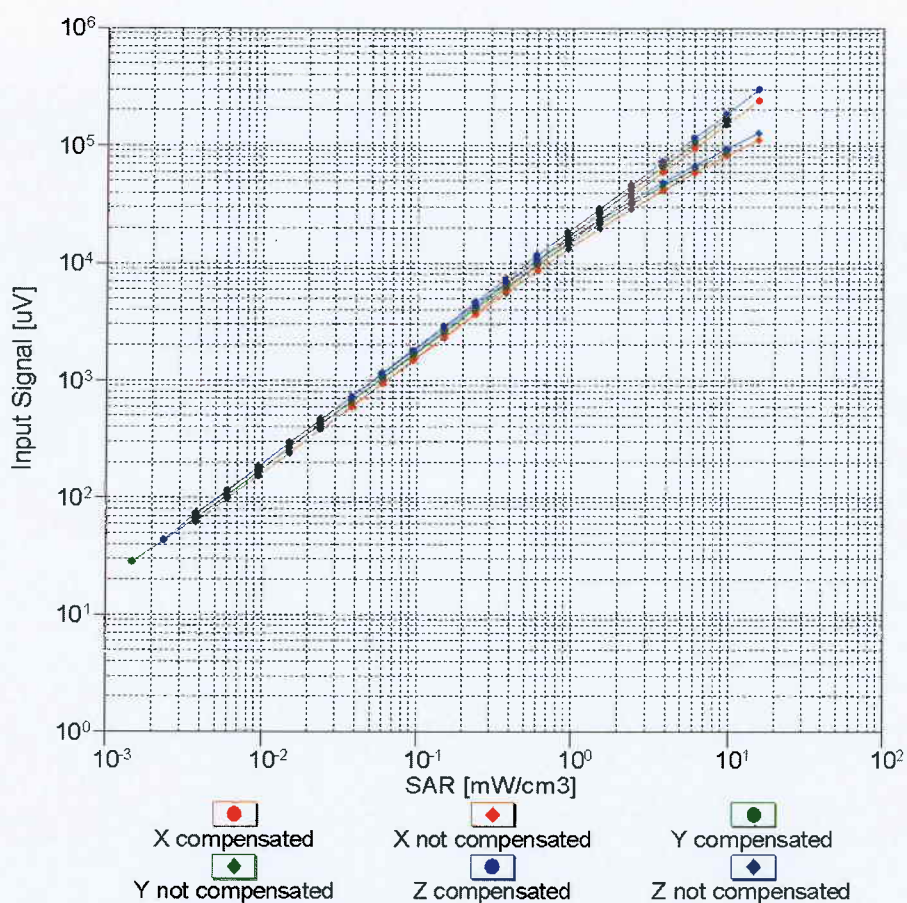


$f=1800\text{ MHz, R22}$



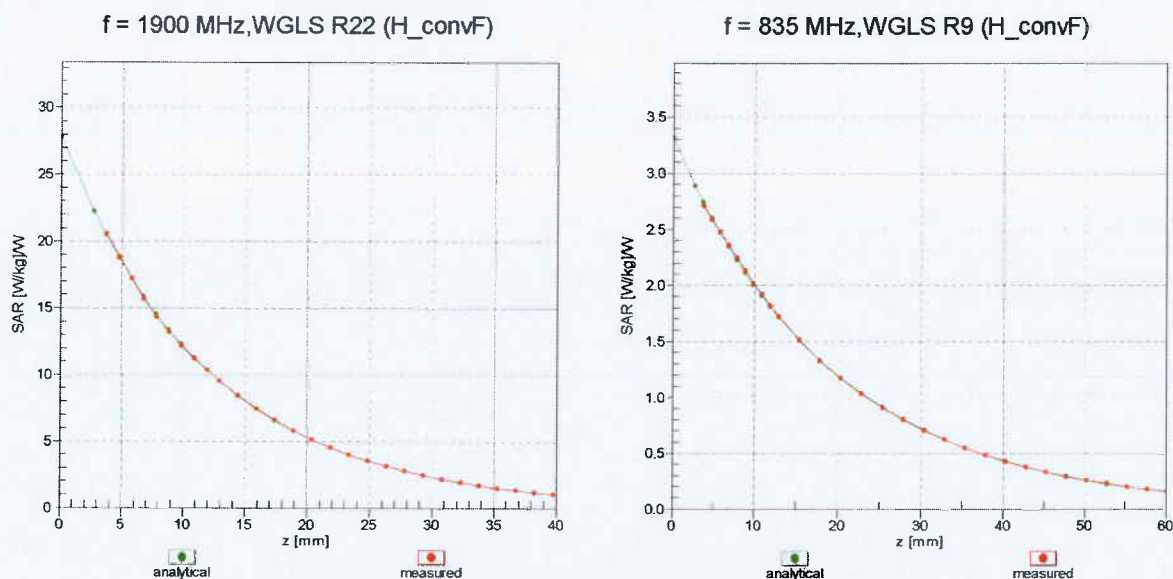
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



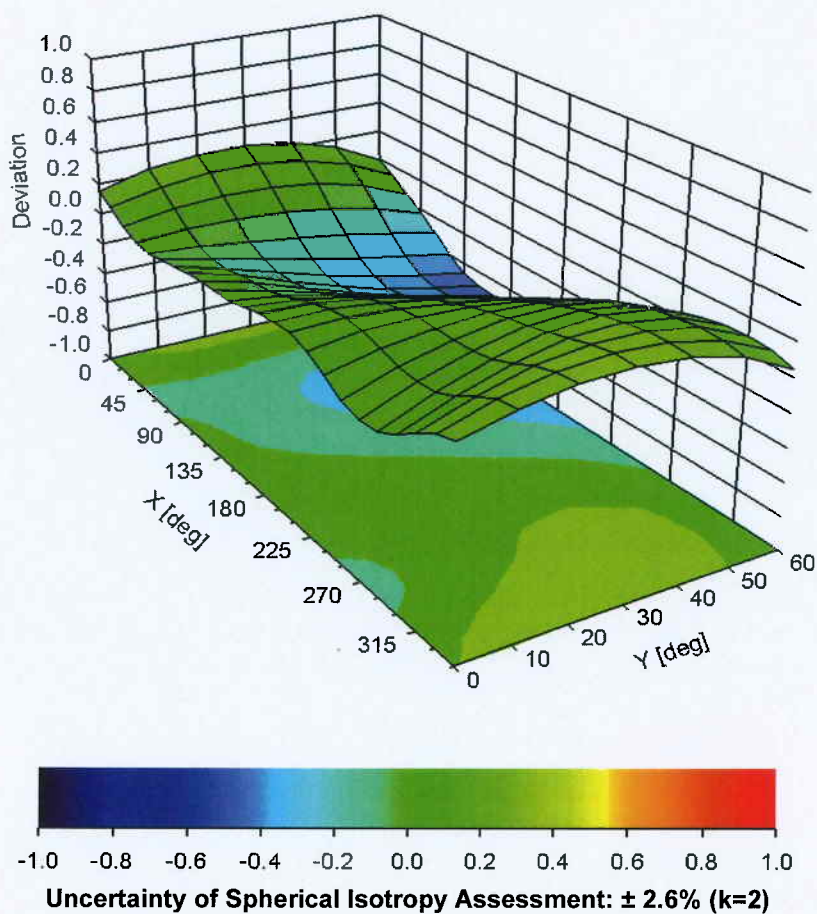
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , ϑ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1611

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm



Checked by RFB 31-july-2011
RFI Asset A1185

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RFI

Certificate No: **ET3-1528_Jul11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ET3DV6 - SN:1528

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

July 18, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
			Issued: July 20, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

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Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1528

Manufactured: March 21, 2000
Calibrated: July 18, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.46	1.87	1.62	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.5	97.2	99.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	132.2	±2.2 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	106.9	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	128.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	45.3	0.87	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.20	2.22	± 13.4 %
750	41.9	0.89	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.97	1.69	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.97	1.65	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.57	2.17	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.68	2.03	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1528

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

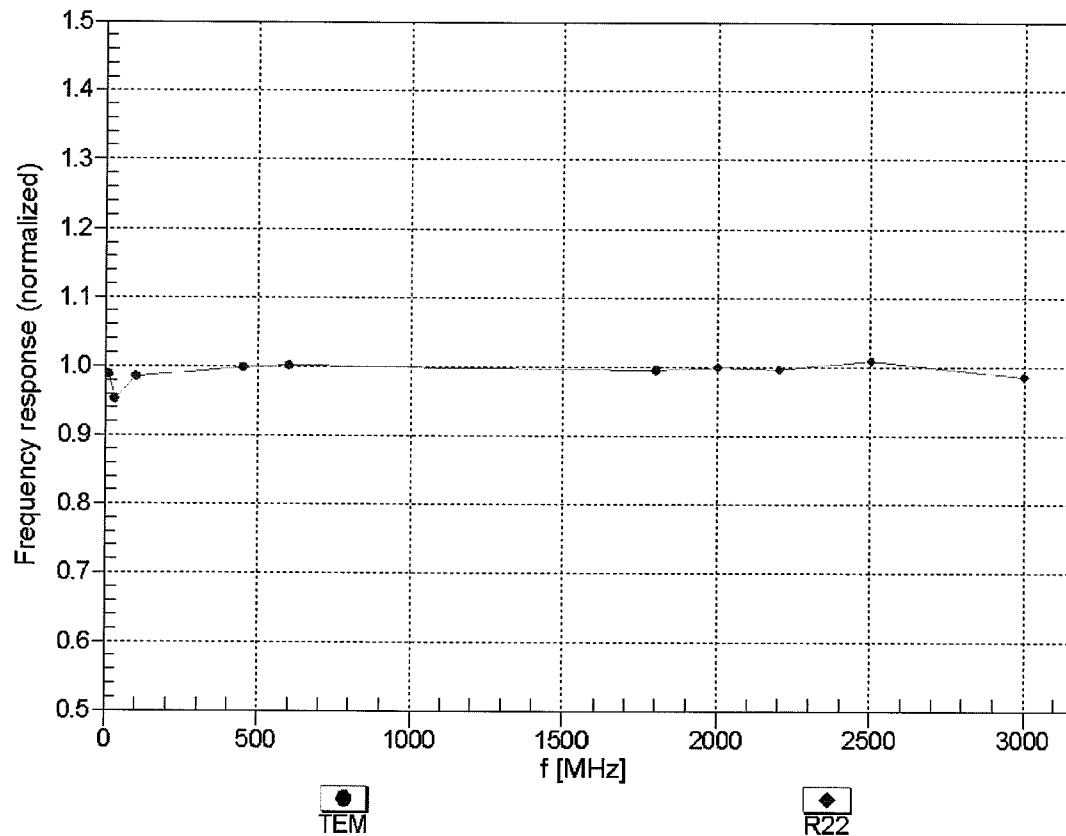
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.15	2.23	± 13.4 %
750	55.5	0.96	5.98	5.98	5.98	1.00	1.67	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	5.77	5.77	5.77	1.00	1.66	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.68	2.55	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.37	4.37	4.37	0.72	2.41	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

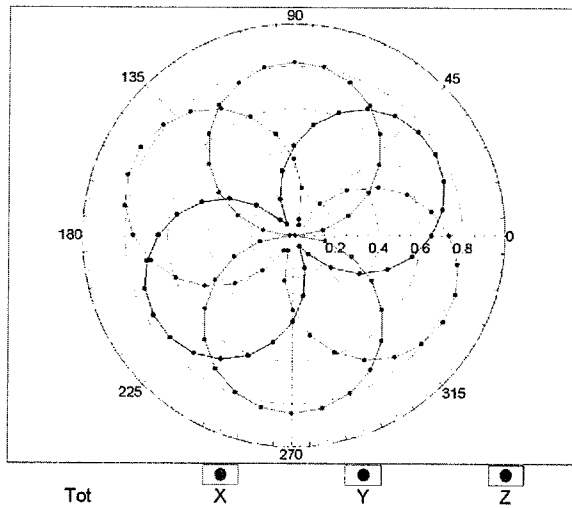
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



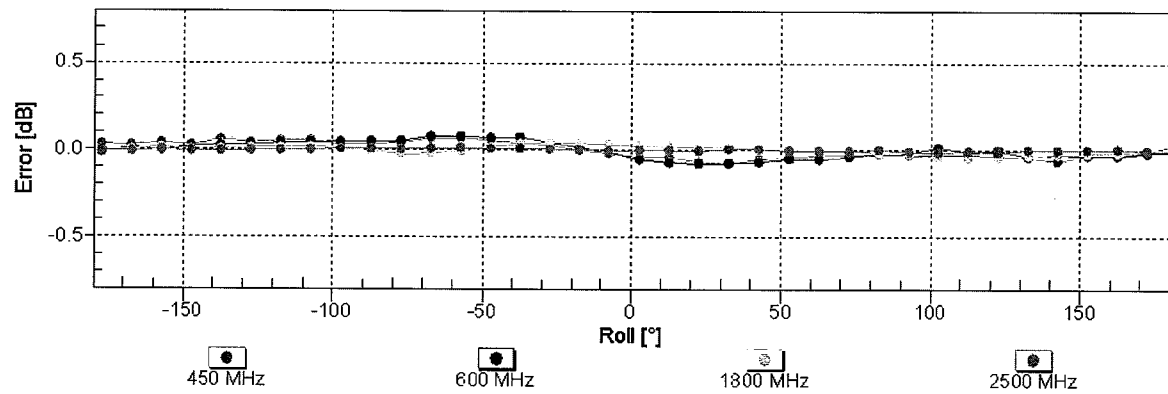
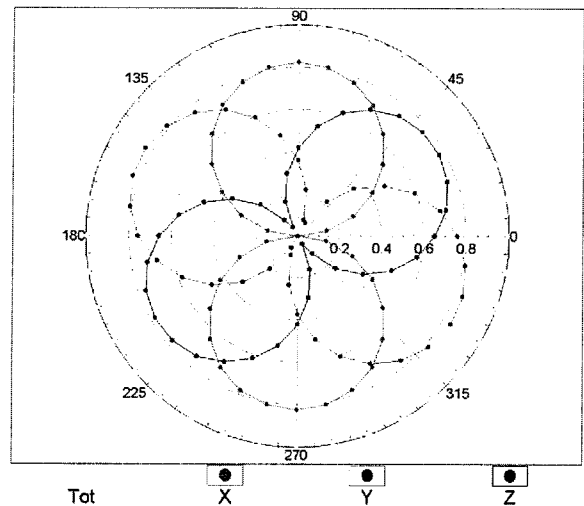
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

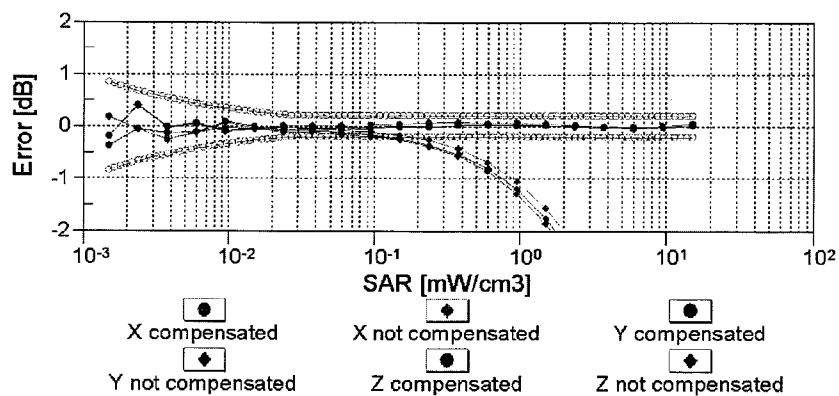
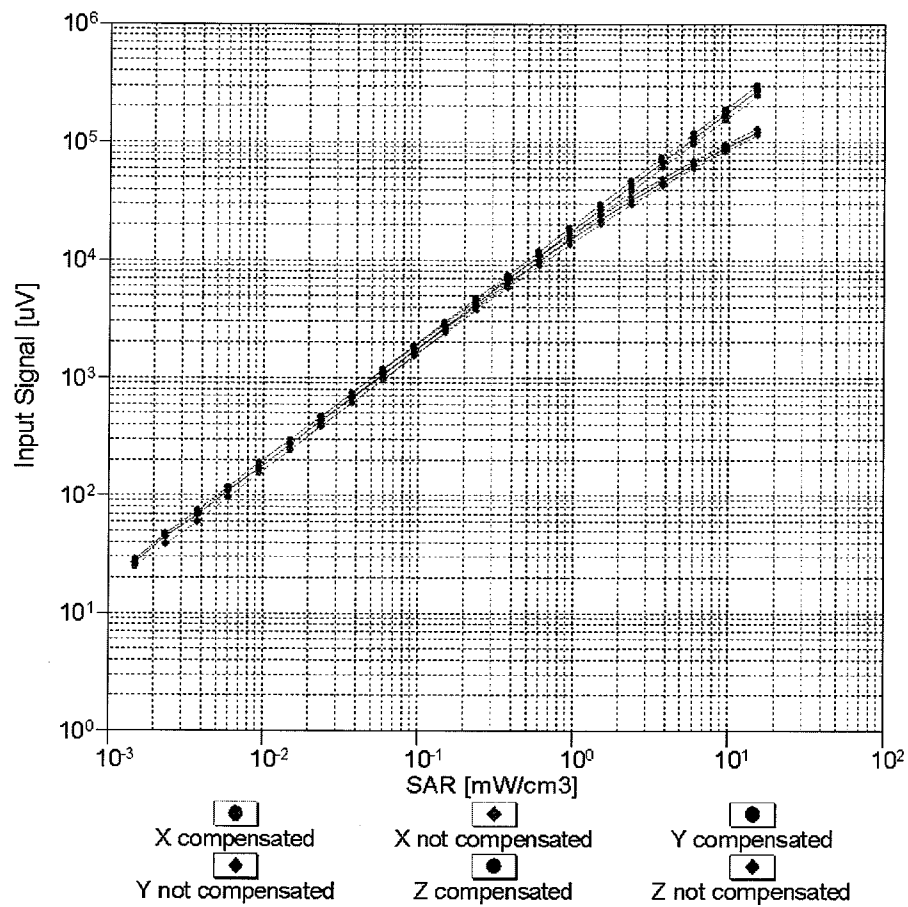
f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22

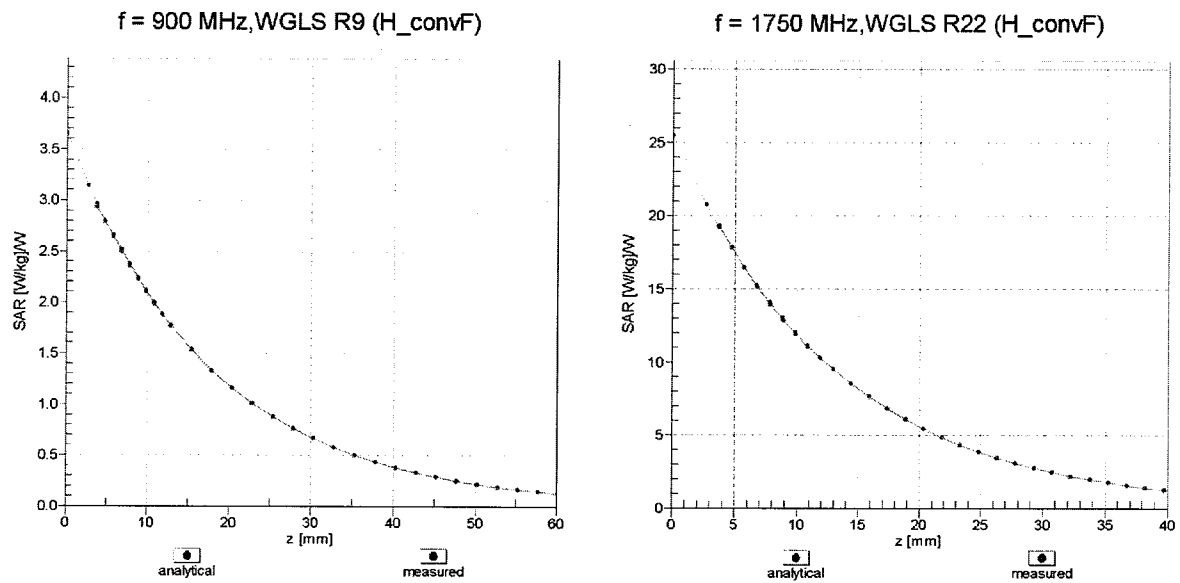
**Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)**

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



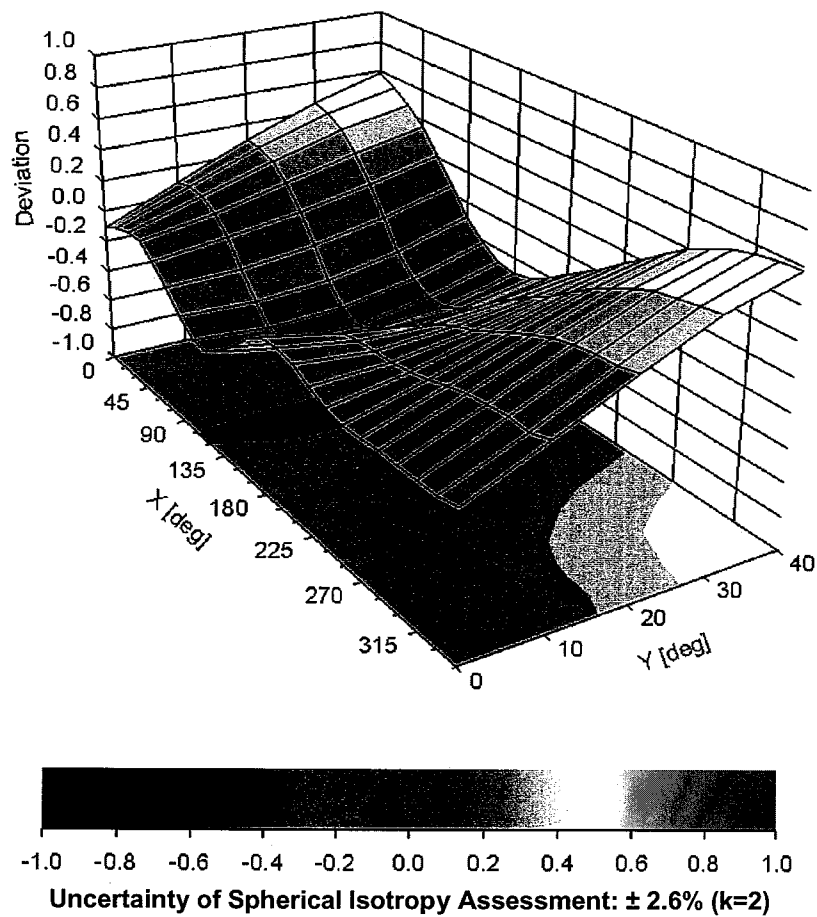
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

Appendix 2. Measurement Methods

A.2.1. Evaluation Procedure

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) evaluation was performed in the following manner:

- a) (i) The evaluation was performed in an applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices worn about the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated at the centre frequency of the band at maximum power. The side, which produced the greatest SAR, determined which side of the phantom would be used for the entire evaluation. The positioning of the head worn device relative to the phantom was dictated by the test specification identified in section 3.1 of this report.

(ii) For body worn devices or devices which can be operated within 20 cm of the body, the flat section of the SAM phantom was used where the size of the device(s) is normal. For bigger devices and base station the 2mm Oval phantom is used for evaluation. The type of device being evaluated dictated the distance of the EUT to the outer surface of the phantom flat section.
- b) The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY4 software. The exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm or appropriate resolution.
- c) A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.
- d) If the EUT had any appreciable drift over the course of the evaluation, then the EUT was re-evaluated. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test also warranted a re-evaluation.

A.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Measurements to OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields

SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix D of the standard FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001, IEEE 1528 and FCC KDB procedures, against appropriate limits for each measurement position in accordance with the standard. In some cases the FCC was contacted using a PBA or KDB process to ensure test is performed correctly.

The test was performed in a shielded enclosure with the temperature controlled to remain between +18.0°C and +25.0°C. The tissue equivalent material fluid temperature was controlled to give a maximum variation of $\pm 2.0^\circ\text{C}$

Prior to any SAR measurements on the EUT, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were conducted. In the absence of a detailed procedure within the specification, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix C and Appendix D of FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001 and FCC KDB publication 450824.

Following the successful system validation and material dielectric property measurements, a SAR versus time sweep shall be performed within 10 mm of the phantom inner surface. If the EUT power output is stable after three minutes then the measurement probe will perform a coarse surface level scan at each test position in order to ascertain the location of the maximum local SAR level. Once this area had been established, a 5x5x7 cube of 175 points (5 mm spacing in each axis $\approx 27\text{g}$) will be centred at the area of concern. Extrapolation and interpolation will then be carried out on the 27g of tissue and the highest averaged SAR over a 10g cube determined.

Once the maximum interpolated SAR measurement is complete; the coarse scan is visually assessed to check for secondary peaks within 50% of the maximum SAR level. If there are any further SAR measurements required, extra 5x5x7 cubes shall be centred on each of these extra local SAR maxima.

At the end of each position test case a second time sweep shall be performed to check whether the EUT has remained stable throughout the test.

Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans

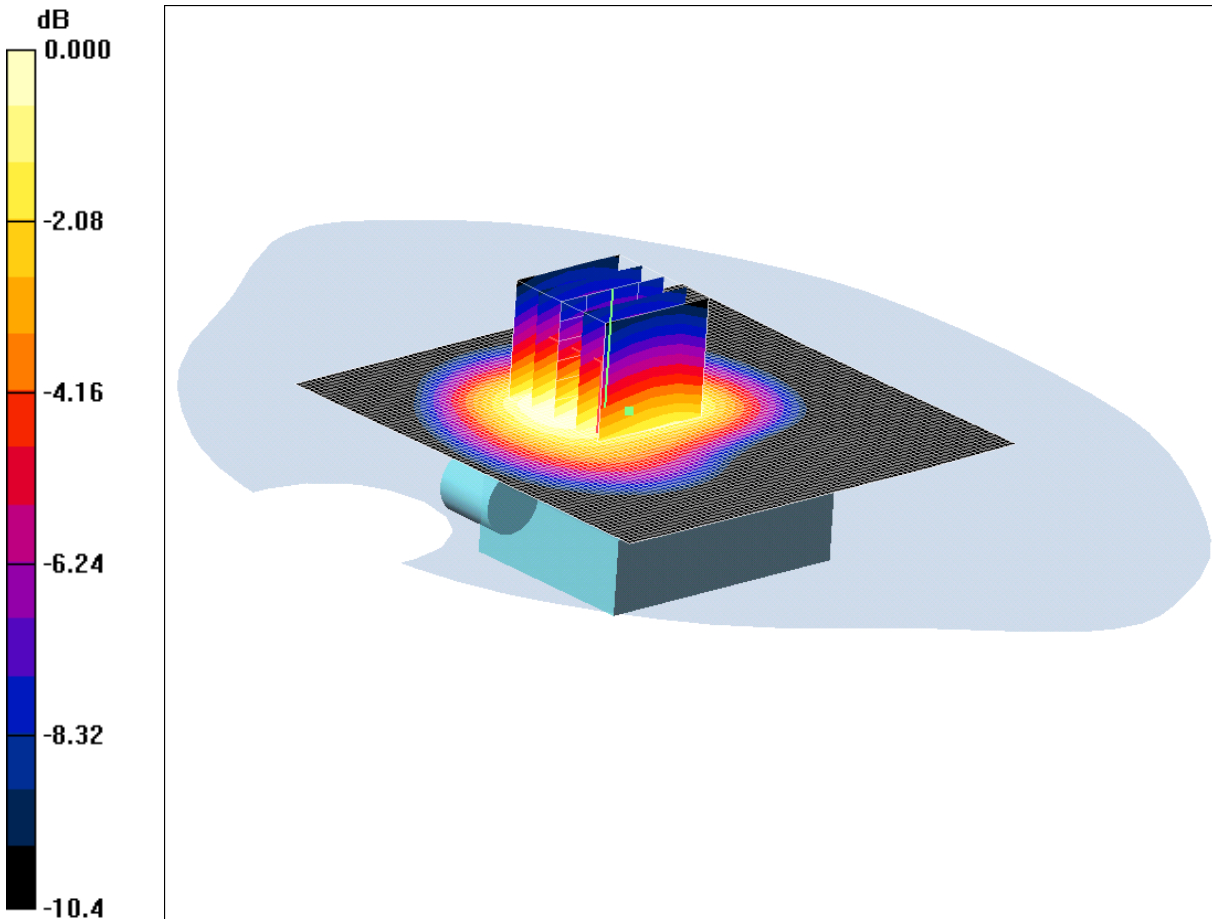
This appendix contains SAR distribution scans which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

Scan Reference Number	Title
SCN/81245JD06/001	In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH189
SCN/81245JD06/002	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH189
SCN/81245JD06/003	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH128
SCN/81245JD06/004	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH251
SCN/81245JD06/005	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH189
SCN/81245JD06/006	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH128
SCN/81245JD06/007	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH251
SCN/81245JD06/008	In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH660
SCN/81245JD06/009	In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH512
SCN/81245JD06/010	In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH810
SCN/81245JD06/011	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH660
SCN/81245JD06/012	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH512
SCN/81245JD06/013	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH810
SCN/81245JD06/014	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH660
SCN/81245JD06/015	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH512
SCN/81245JD06/016	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH810
SCN/81245JD06/017	System Performance Check 900MHz Head 25 11 11
SCN/81245JD06/018	System Performance Check 900MHz Body 26 09 11
SCN/81245JD06/019	System Performance Check 900MHz Body 27 09 11
SCN/81245JD06/020	System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 02 12 11
SCN/81245JD06/021	System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 28 09 11

SCN/81245JD06/001: In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH189

Date 25/11/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; 357464031802488



0 dB = 0.543mW/g

Communication System: GSM 850 MHz; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1528; ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 18/07/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 mW/g

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.732 W/kg

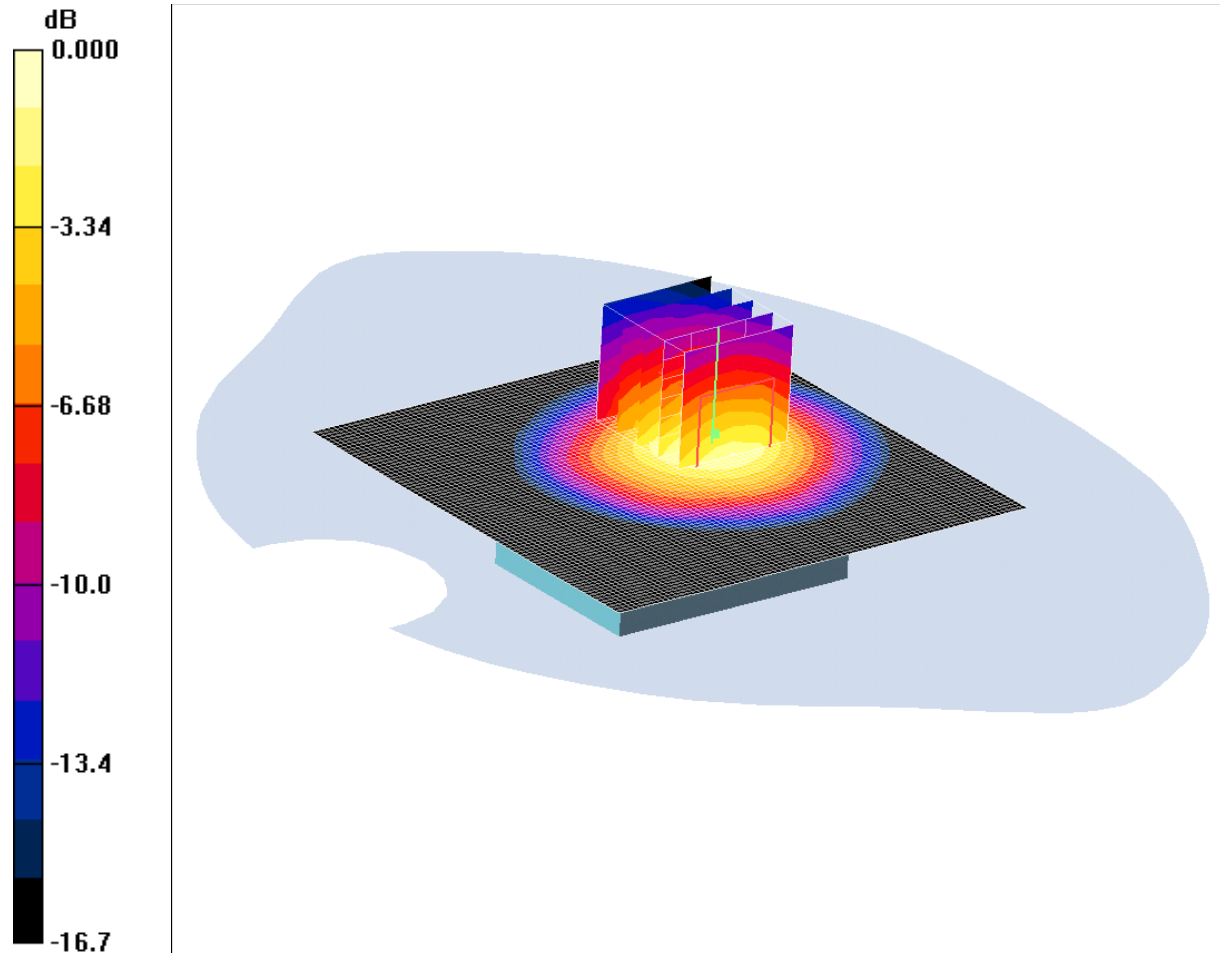
SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.543 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/002: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH189

Date 26/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024: 357464031802488



0 dB = 5.51mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 850 MHz; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.85 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.99 W/kg

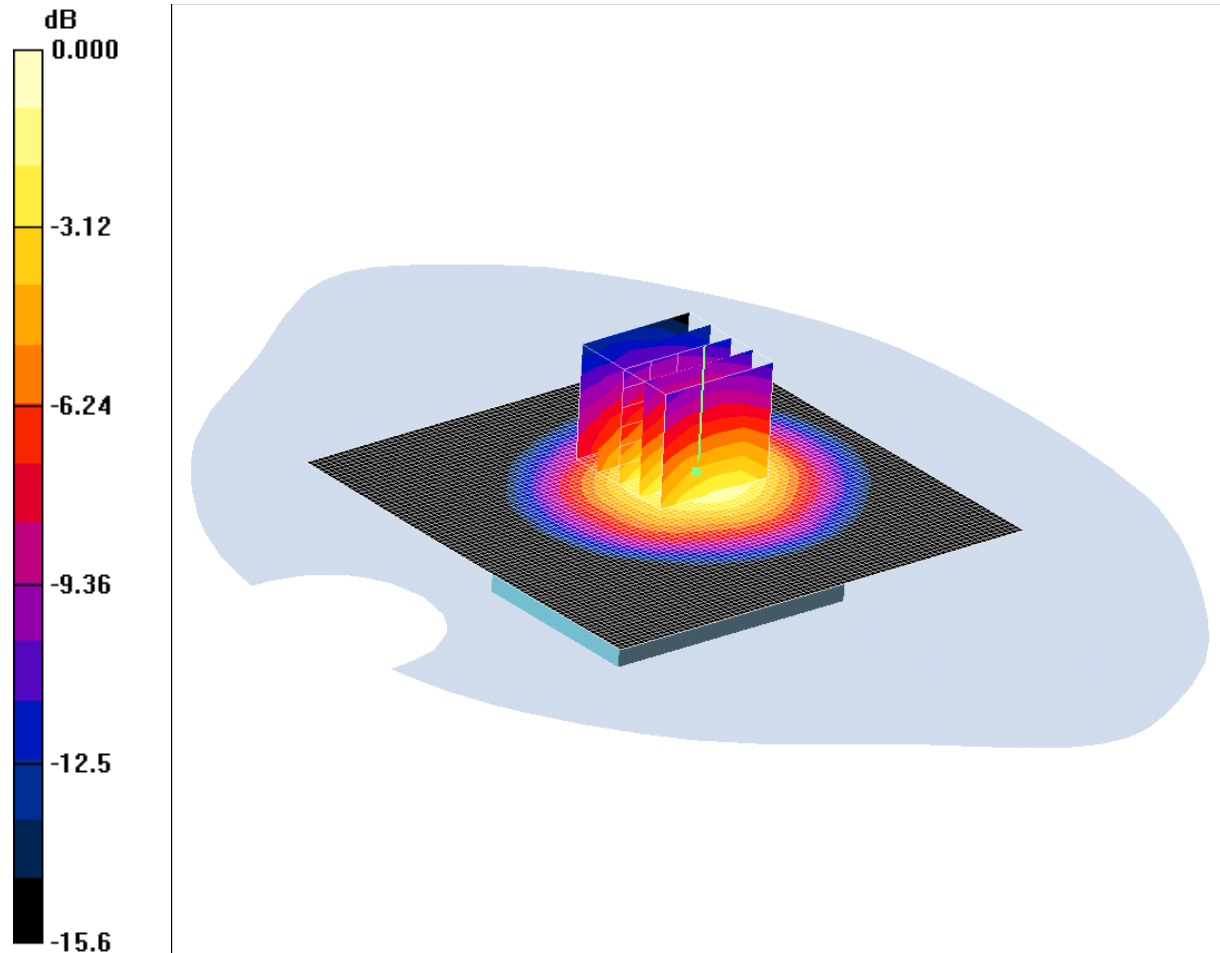
SAR(1 g) = 4.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.51 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/003: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH128

Date 26/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024: 357464031802488



0 dB = 5.21mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 850 MHz; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.15 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.367 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.63 W/kg

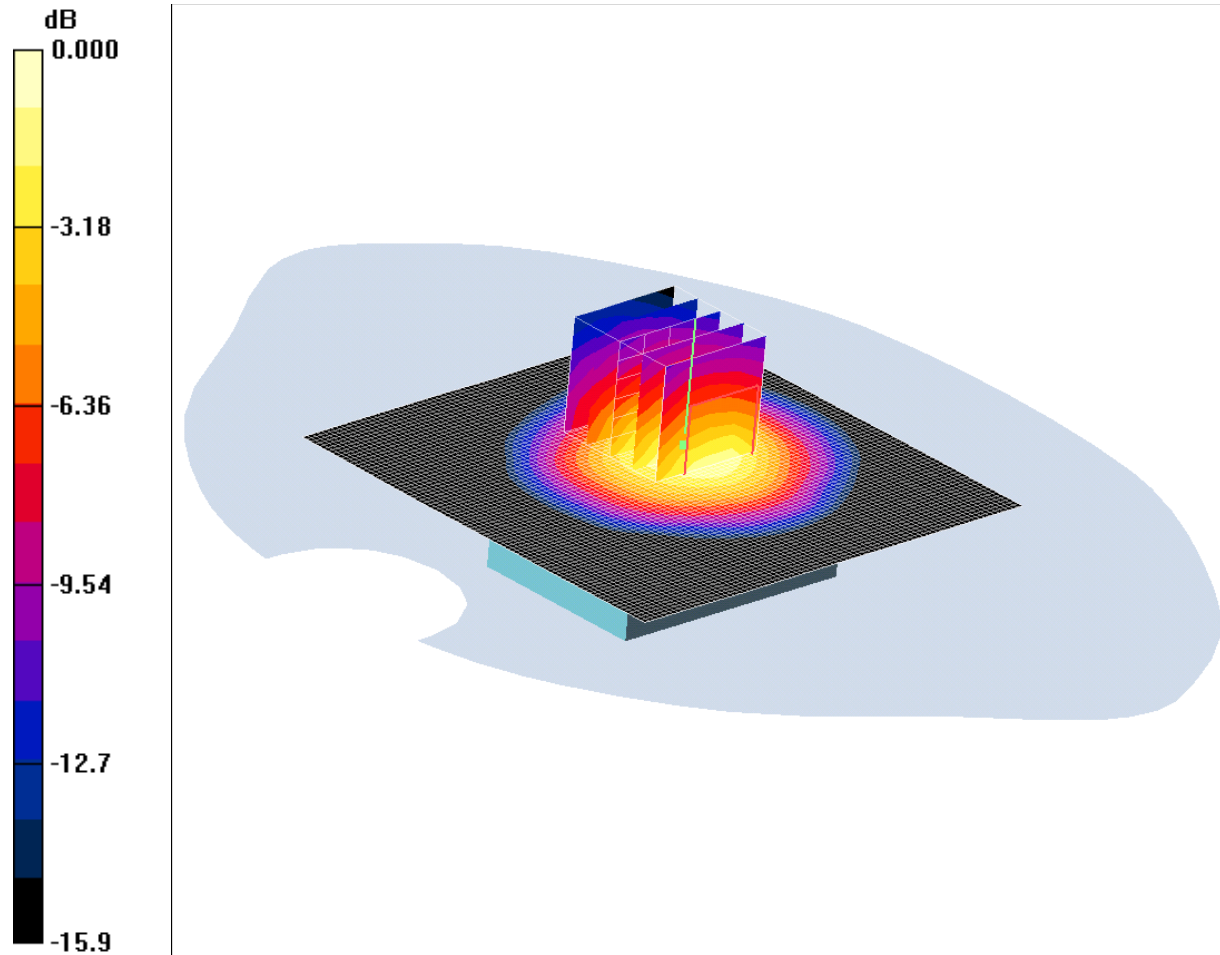
SAR(1 g) = 4.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.77 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.21 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/004: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH251

Date 26/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024: 357464031802488



0 dB = 5.39mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 850 MHz; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.46 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.128 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.19 W/kg

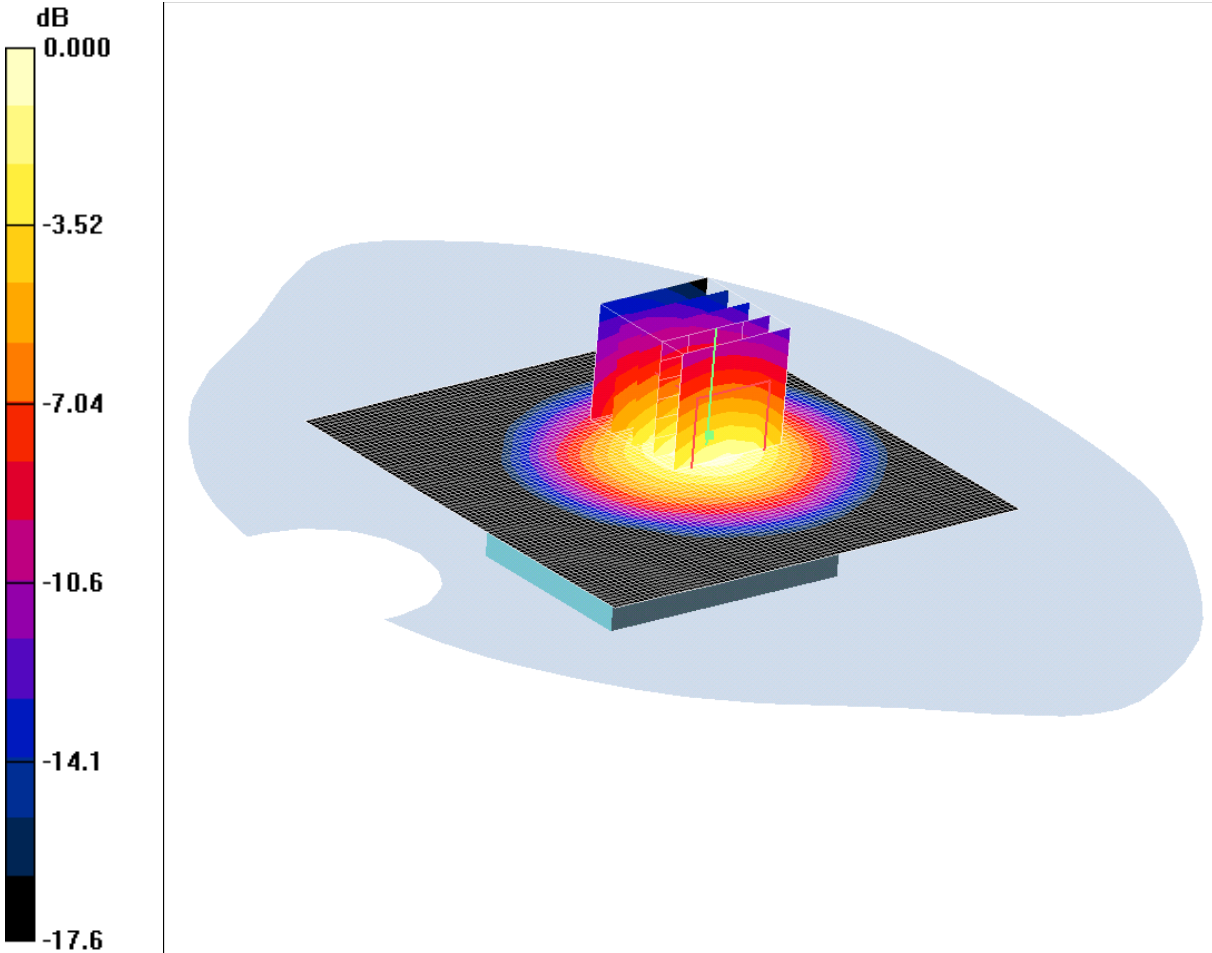
SAR(1 g) = 4.94 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.39 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/005: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH189

Date 26/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024: 357464031802488



0 dB = 4.17mW/g

Communication System: 850 MHz; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.26 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.286 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.77 W/kg

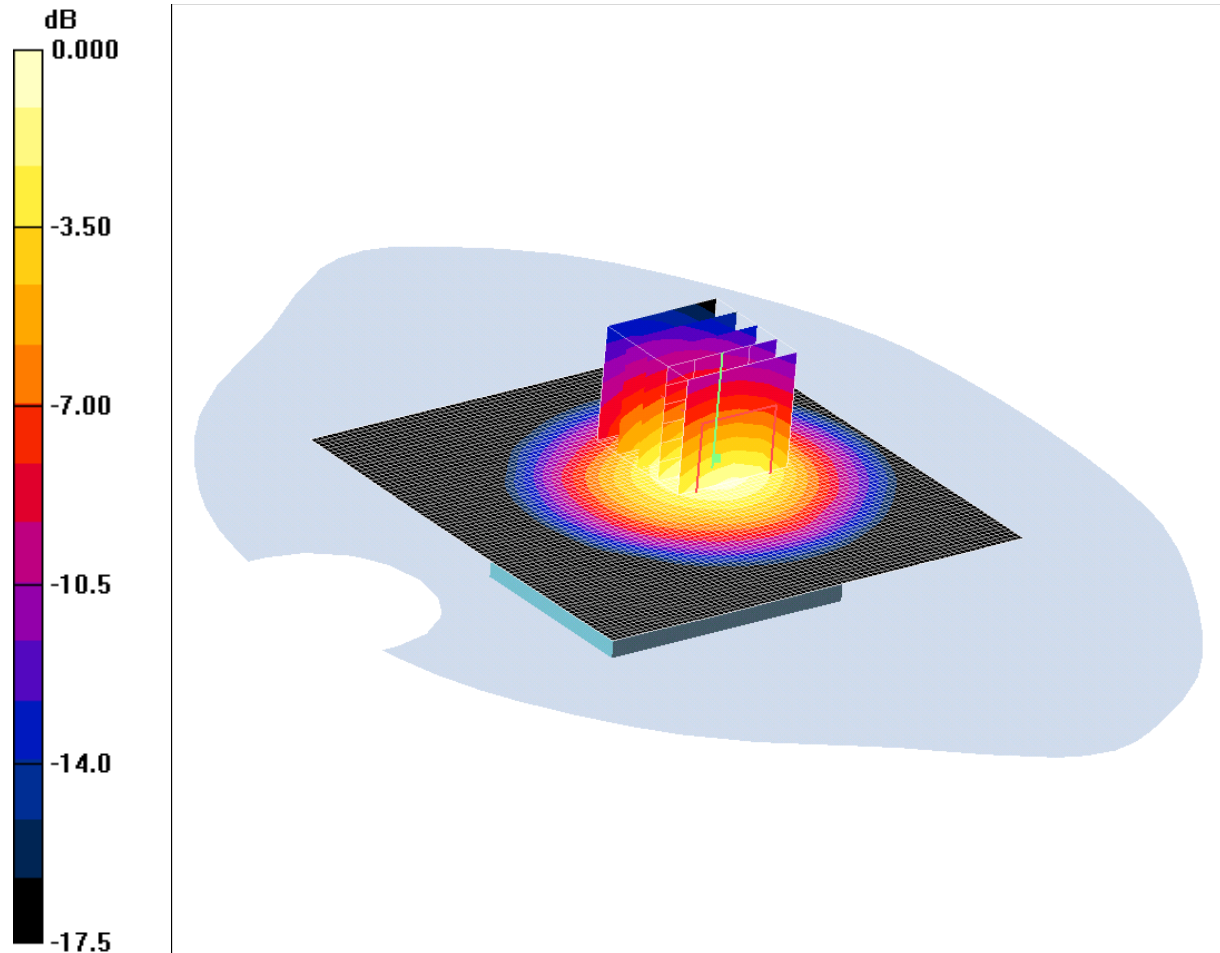
SAR(1 g) = 3.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.17 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/006: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH128

Date 26/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024: 357464031802488



0 dB = 3.48mW/g

Communication System: 850 MHz; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.55 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.196 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.69 W/kg

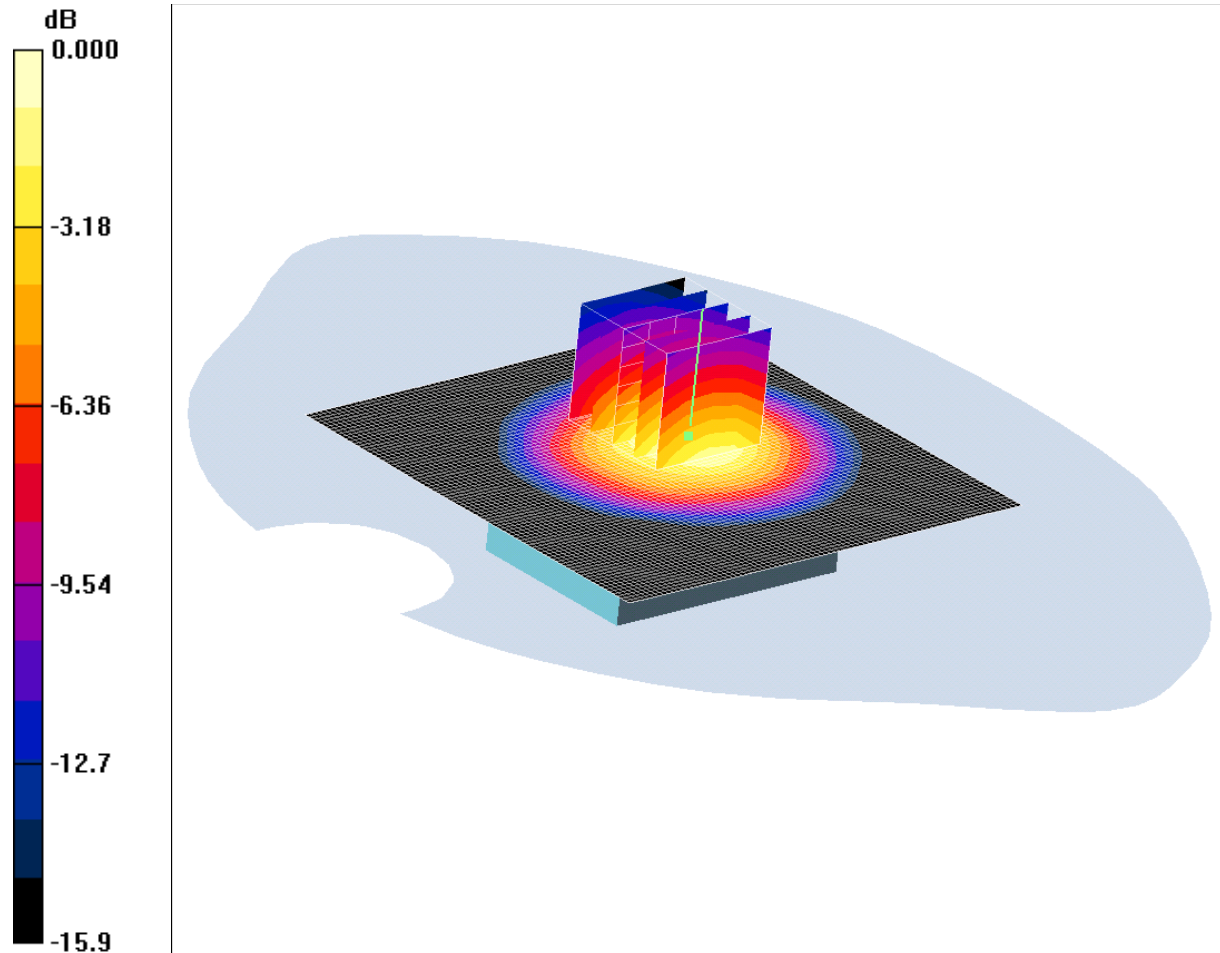
SAR(1 g) = 3.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.93 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.48 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/007: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GSM CH251

Date 27/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024: 357464031802488



0 dB = 4.09mW/g

Communication System: 850 MHz; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.33 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.52 W/kg

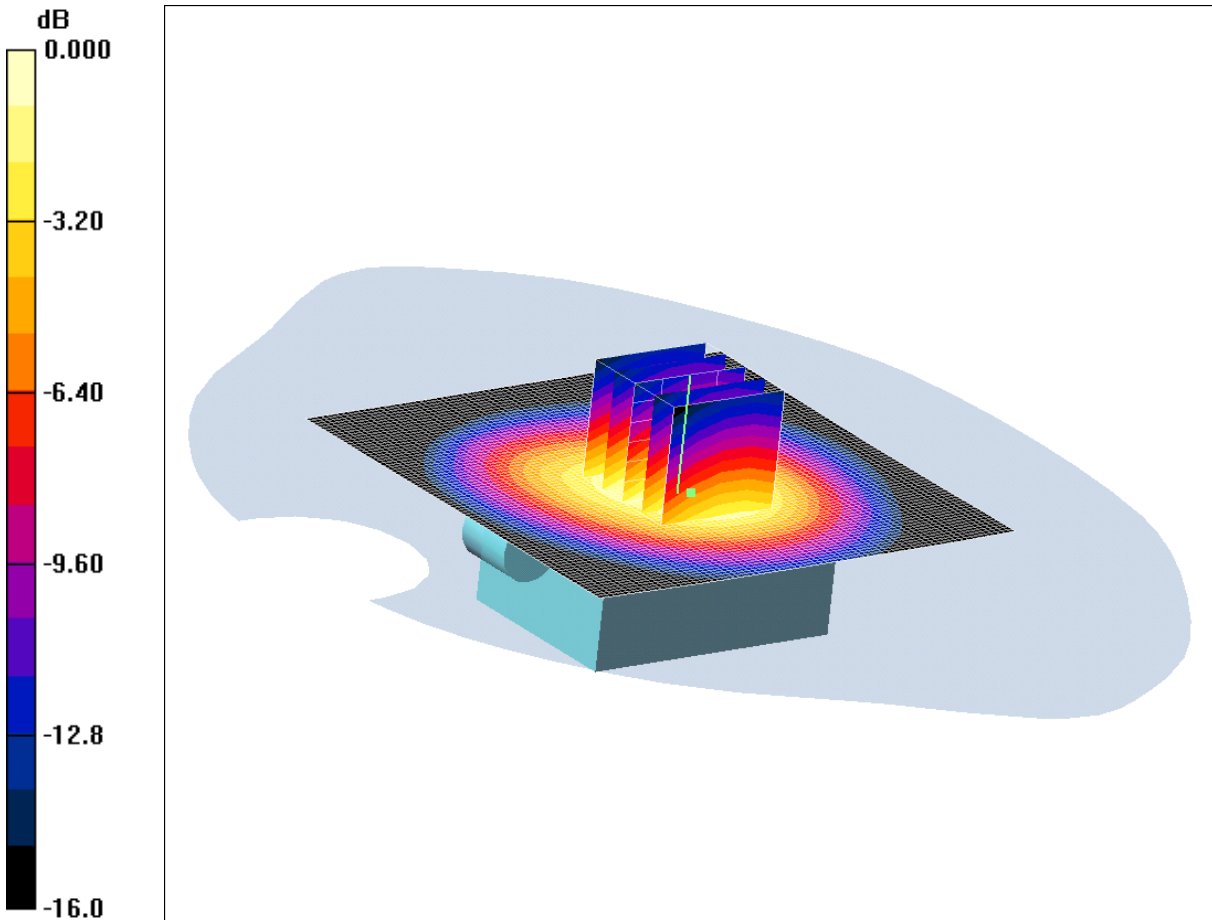
SAR(1 g) = 3.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.09 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/008: In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH660

Date 02/12/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 0.982mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1879.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1879.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1528; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 18/07/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

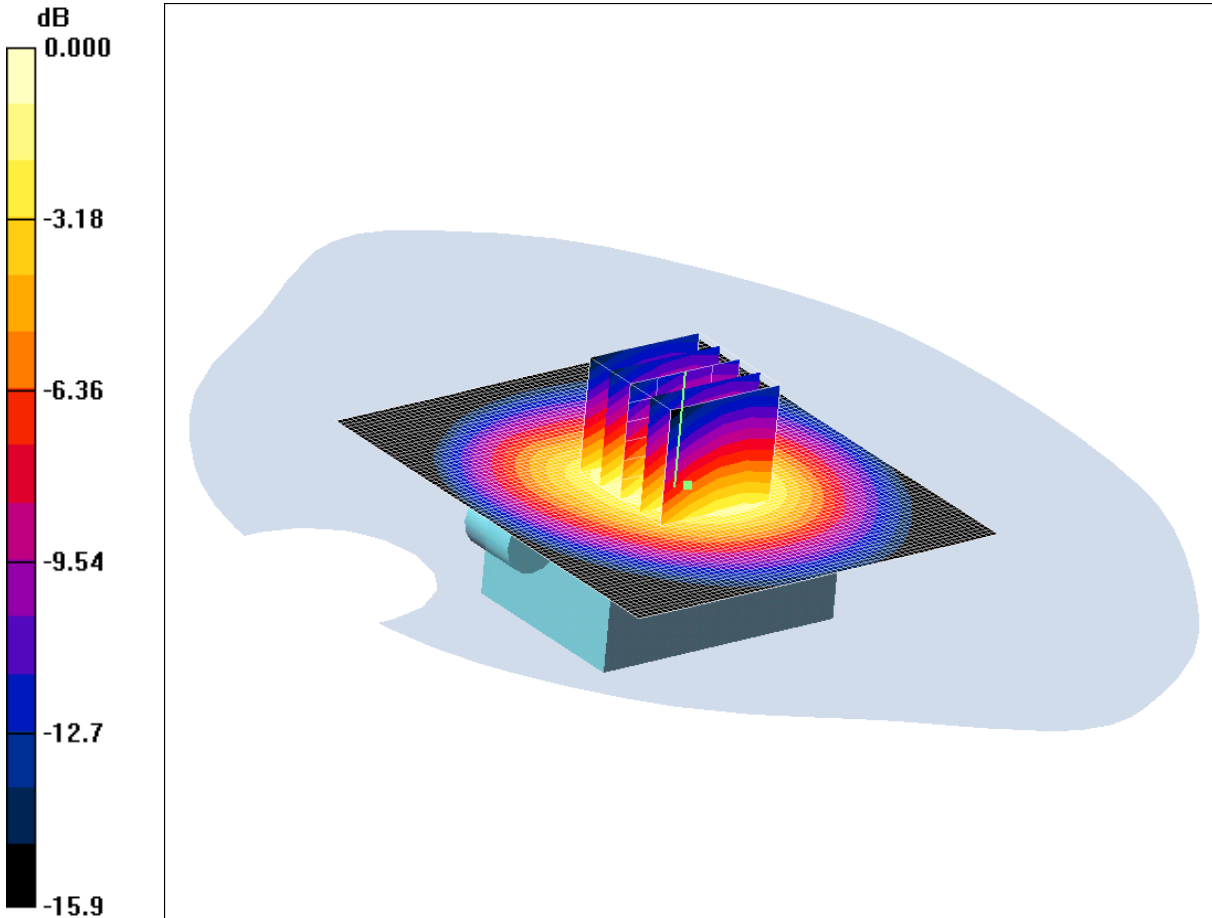
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.926 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.571 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.982 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/009: In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH512

Date 02/12/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488

0 dB = 0.993mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1528; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 18/07/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

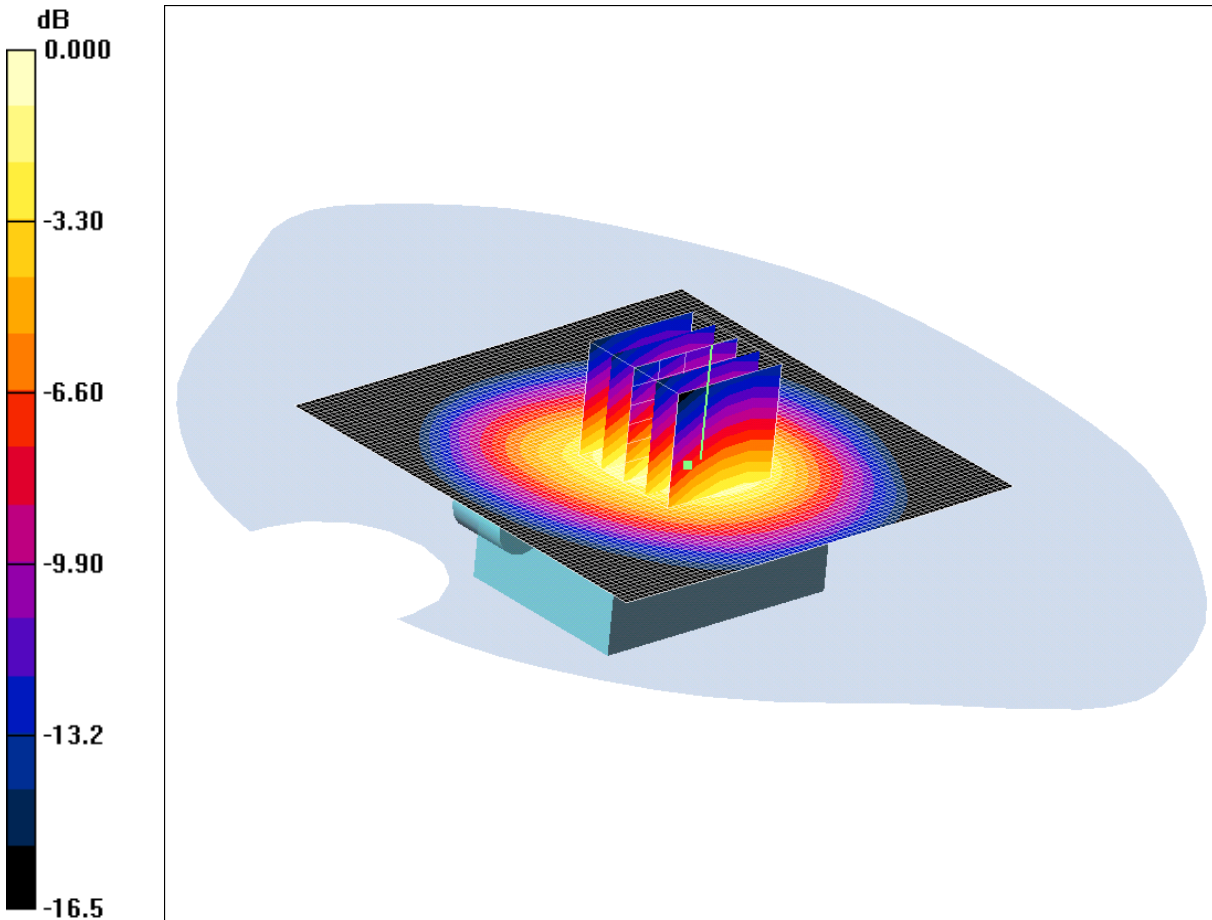
SAR(1 g) = 0.932 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.576 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/010: In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH810

Date 02/12/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 0.953mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1528; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 18/07/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.987 mW/g

Front of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

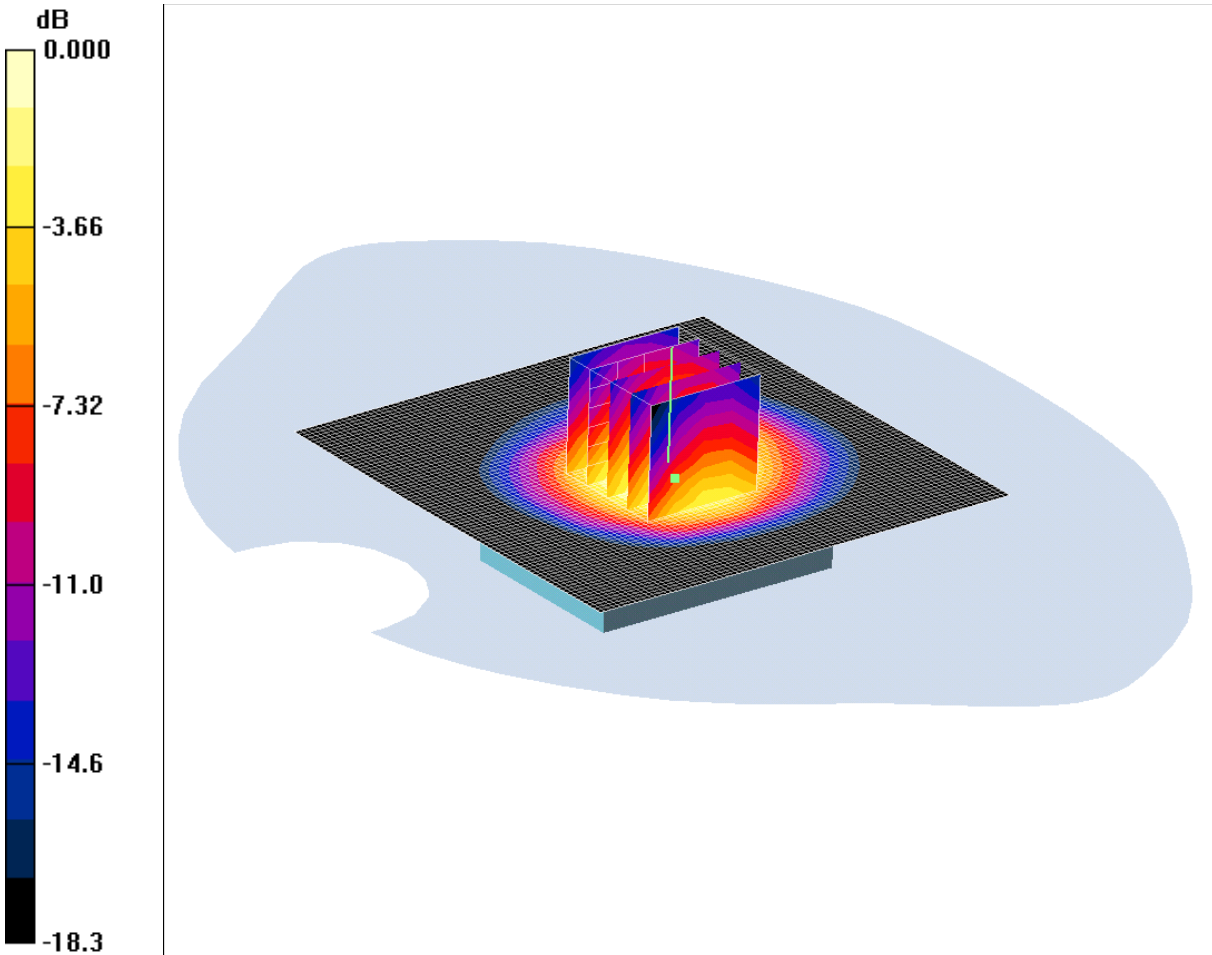
SAR(1 g) = 0.893 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.953 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/011: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH660

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 3.15mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1879.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1879.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.82 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.12 W/kg

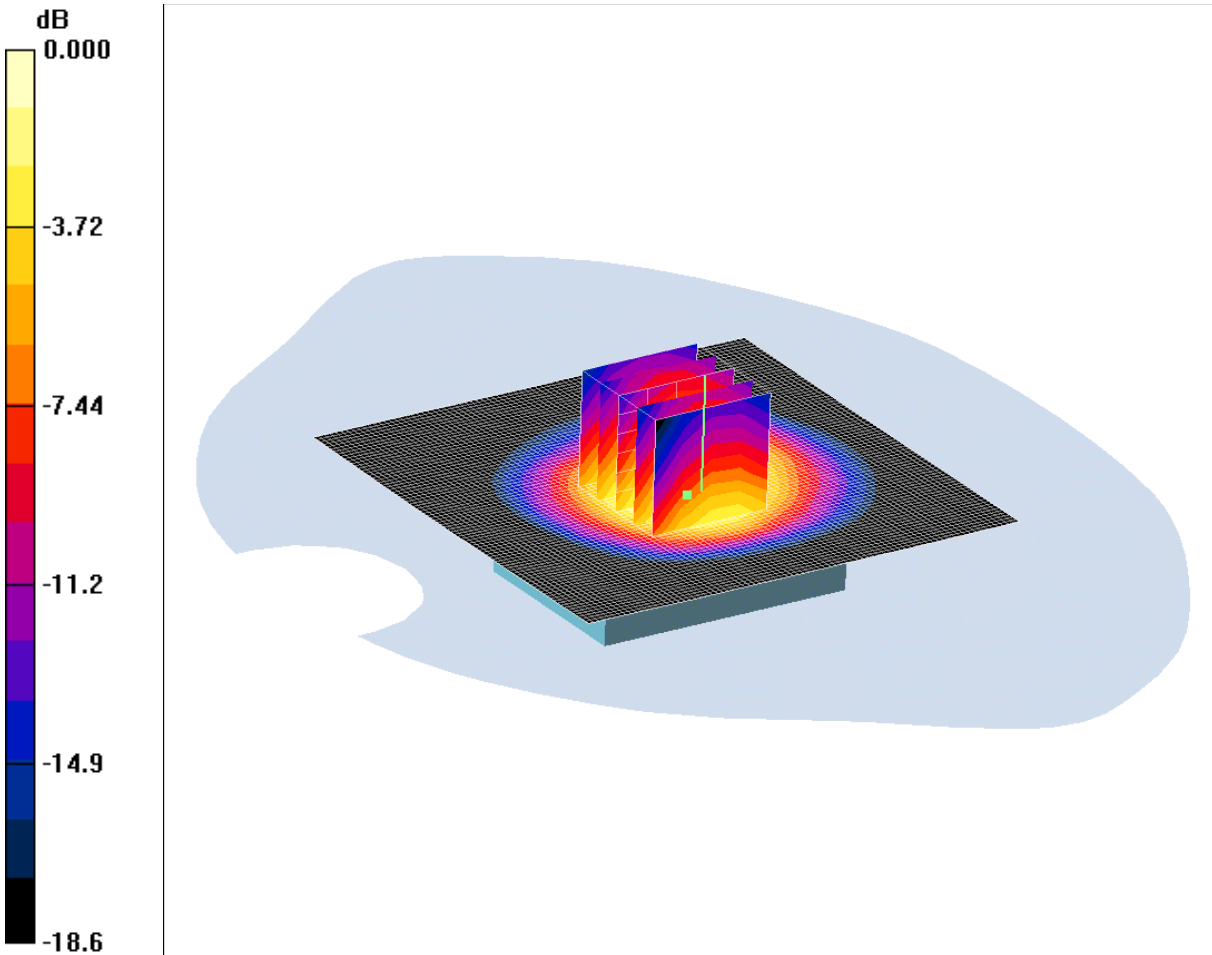
SAR(1 g) = 3.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/012: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH512

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 3.24mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.68 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.211 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.28 W/kg

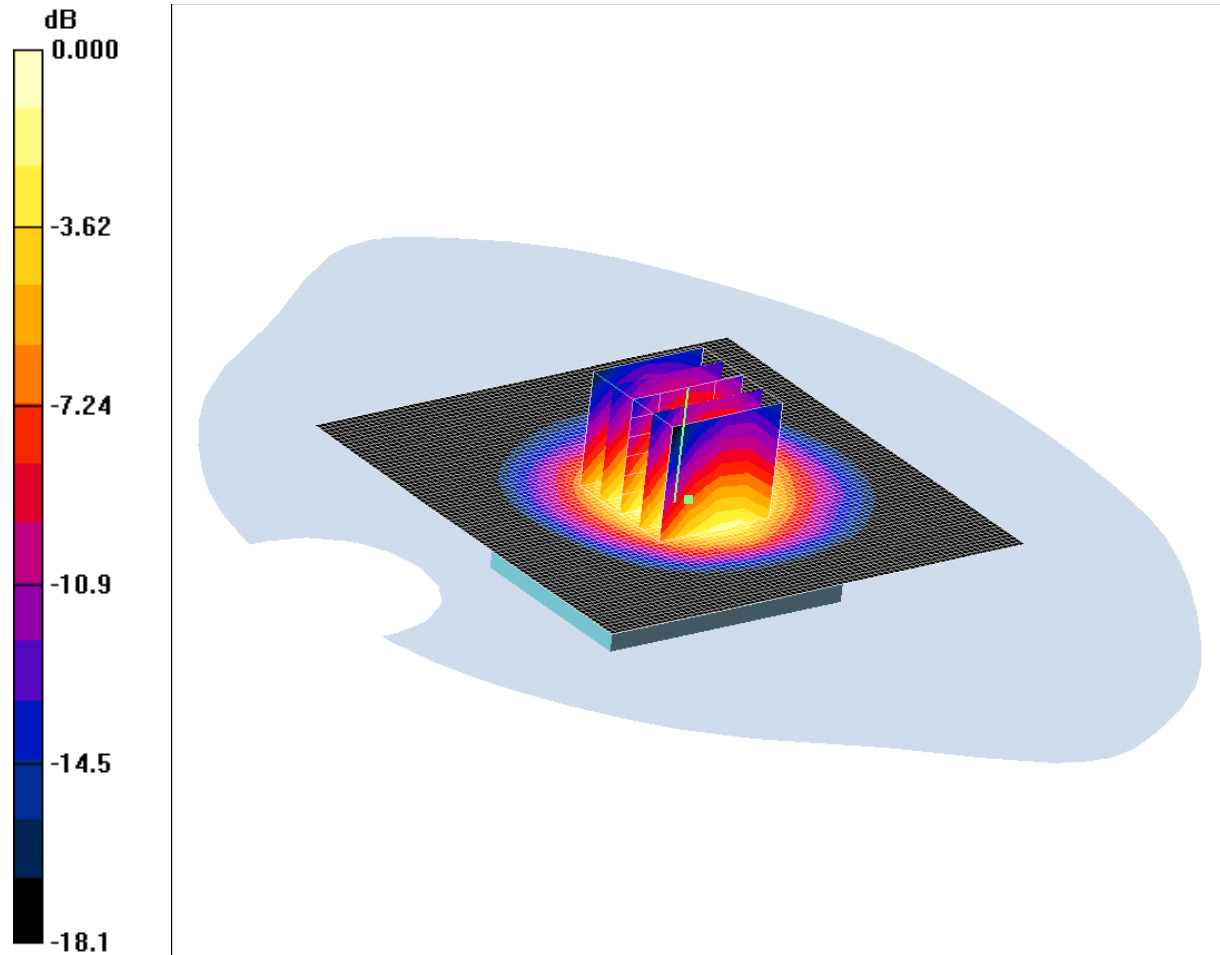
SAR(1 g) = 3.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/013: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom GPRS CH810

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 3.21mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.64 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.339 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.15 W/kg

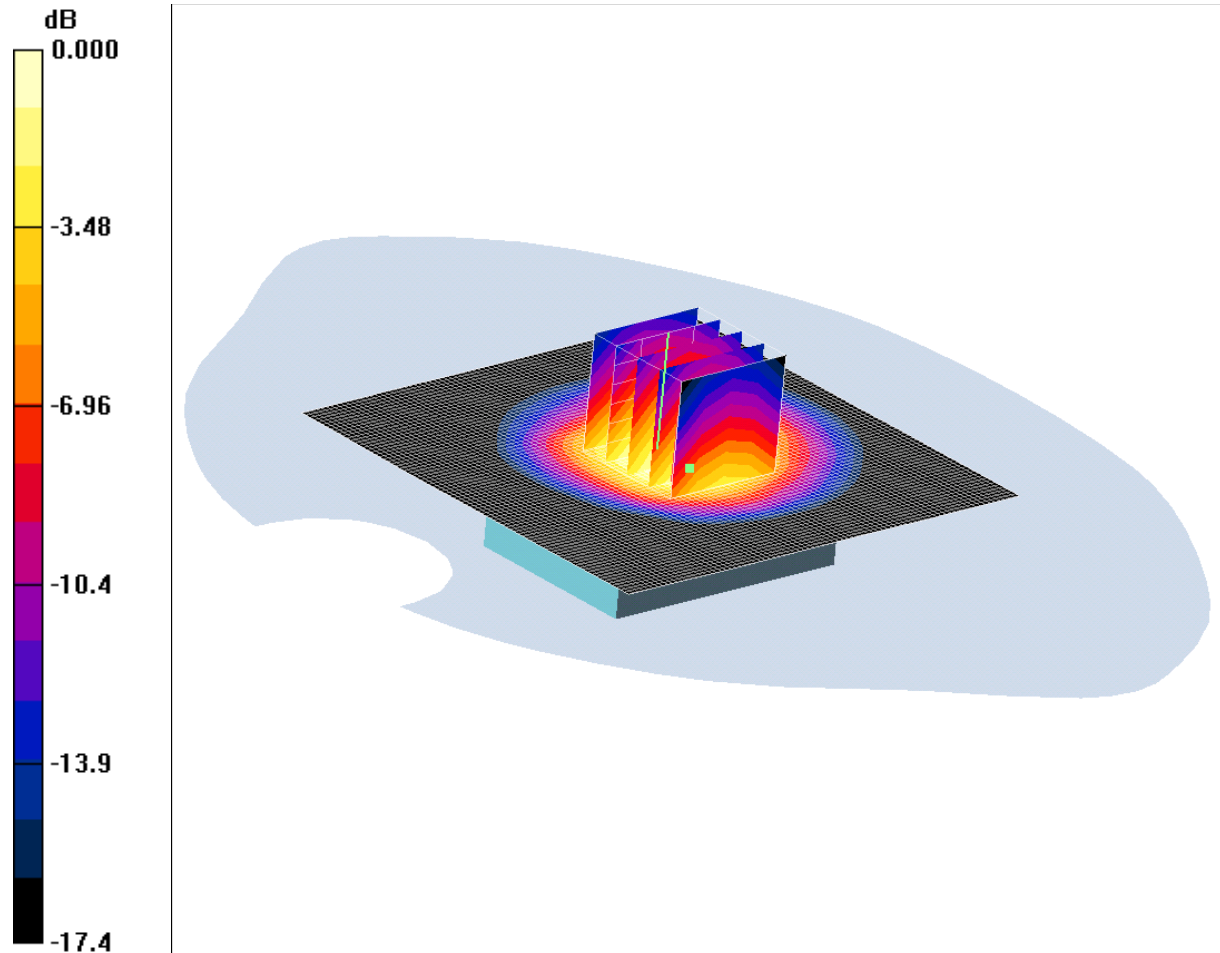
SAR(1 g) = 3.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.97 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/014: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH660

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 2.16mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1879.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1879.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.38 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.98 W/kg

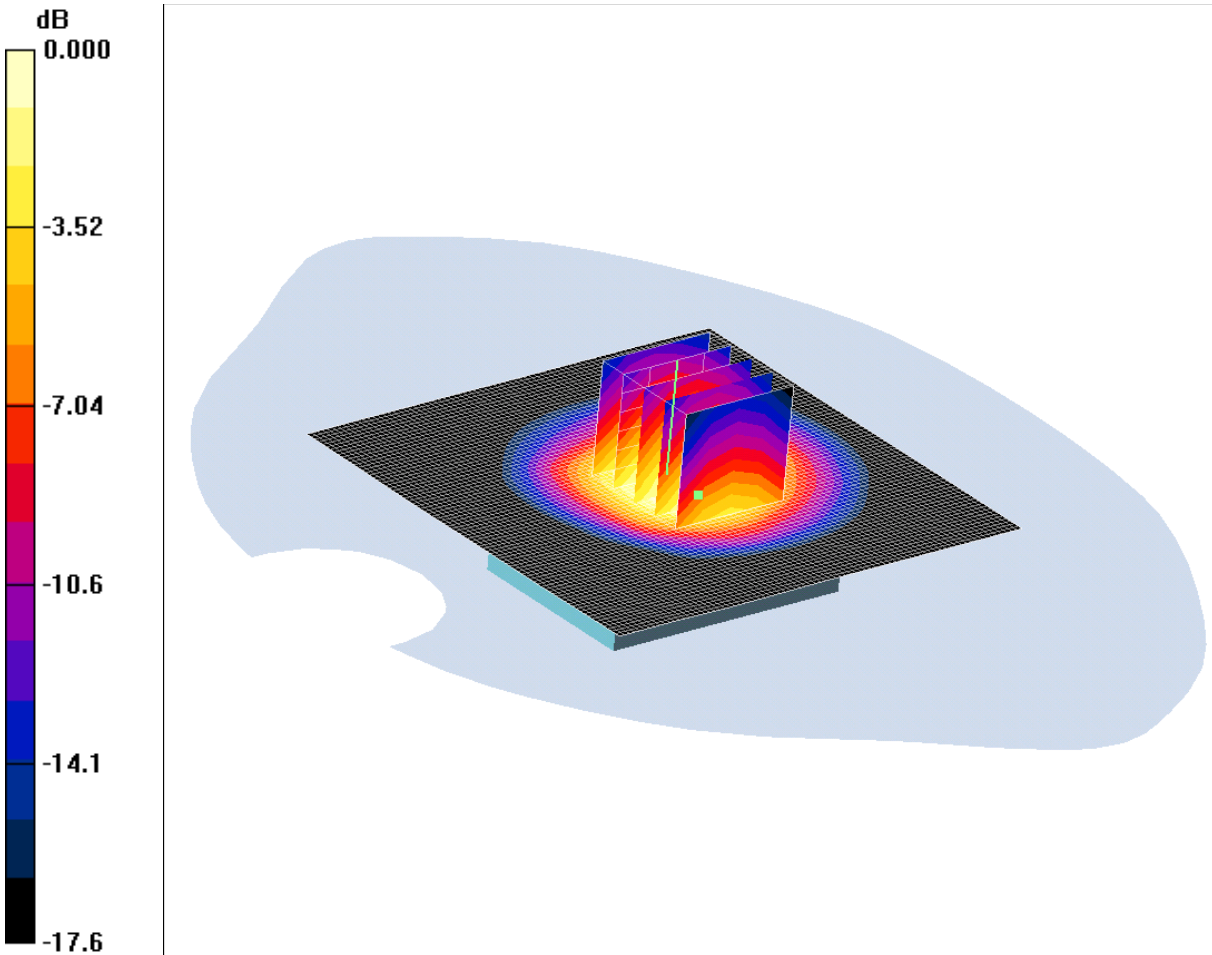
SAR(1 g) = 2.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.16 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/015: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH512

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 2.26mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.40 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 40.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.11 W/kg

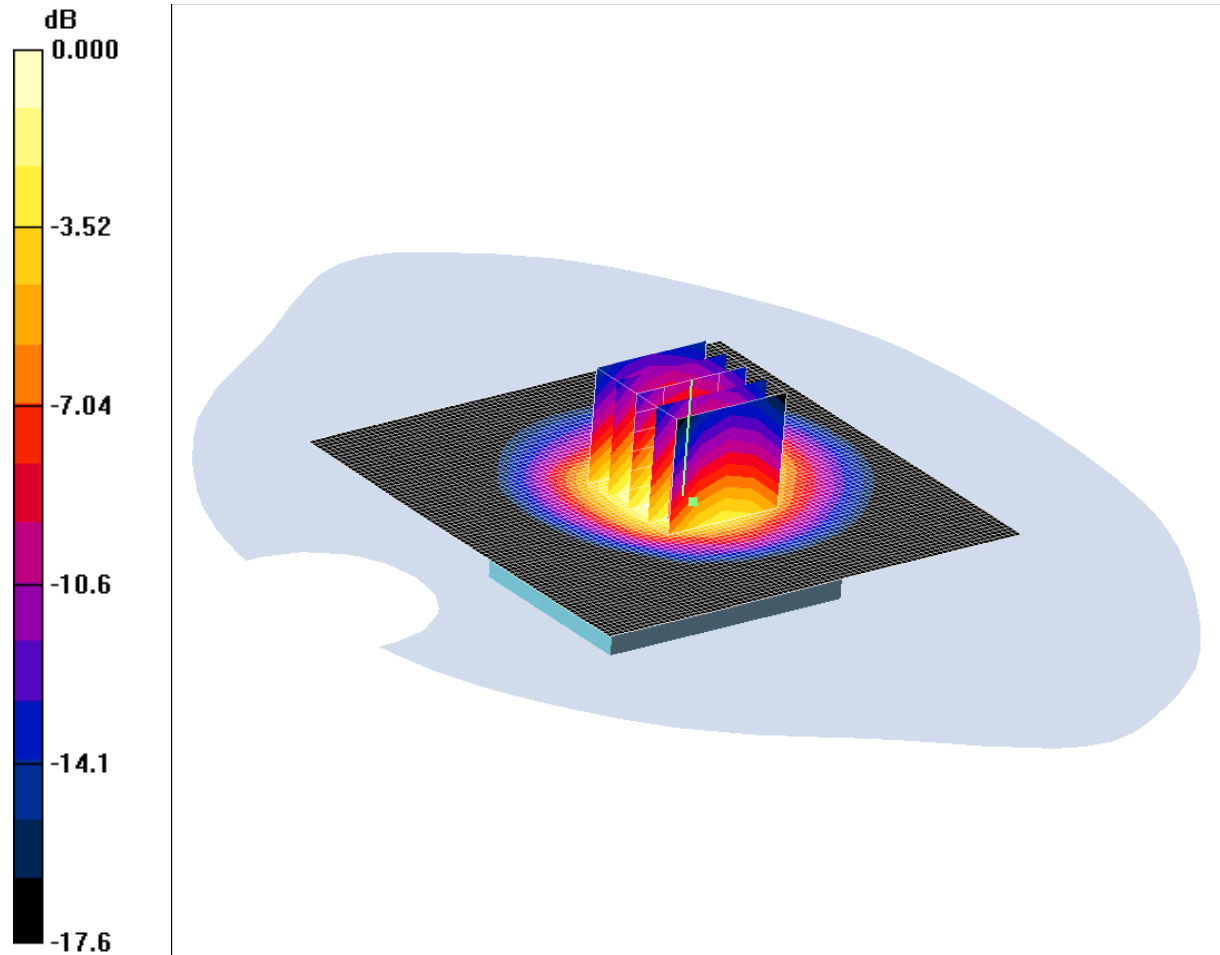
SAR(1 g) = 2.13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.26 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/016: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom PCS CH810

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Aerotel Medical Systems Ltd; Type: GeoSkeeper Model Q Wristop Cellular Communicator; Serial: 803024; IMEI: 357464031802488



0 dB = 2.10mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.35 mW/g

Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.84 W/kg

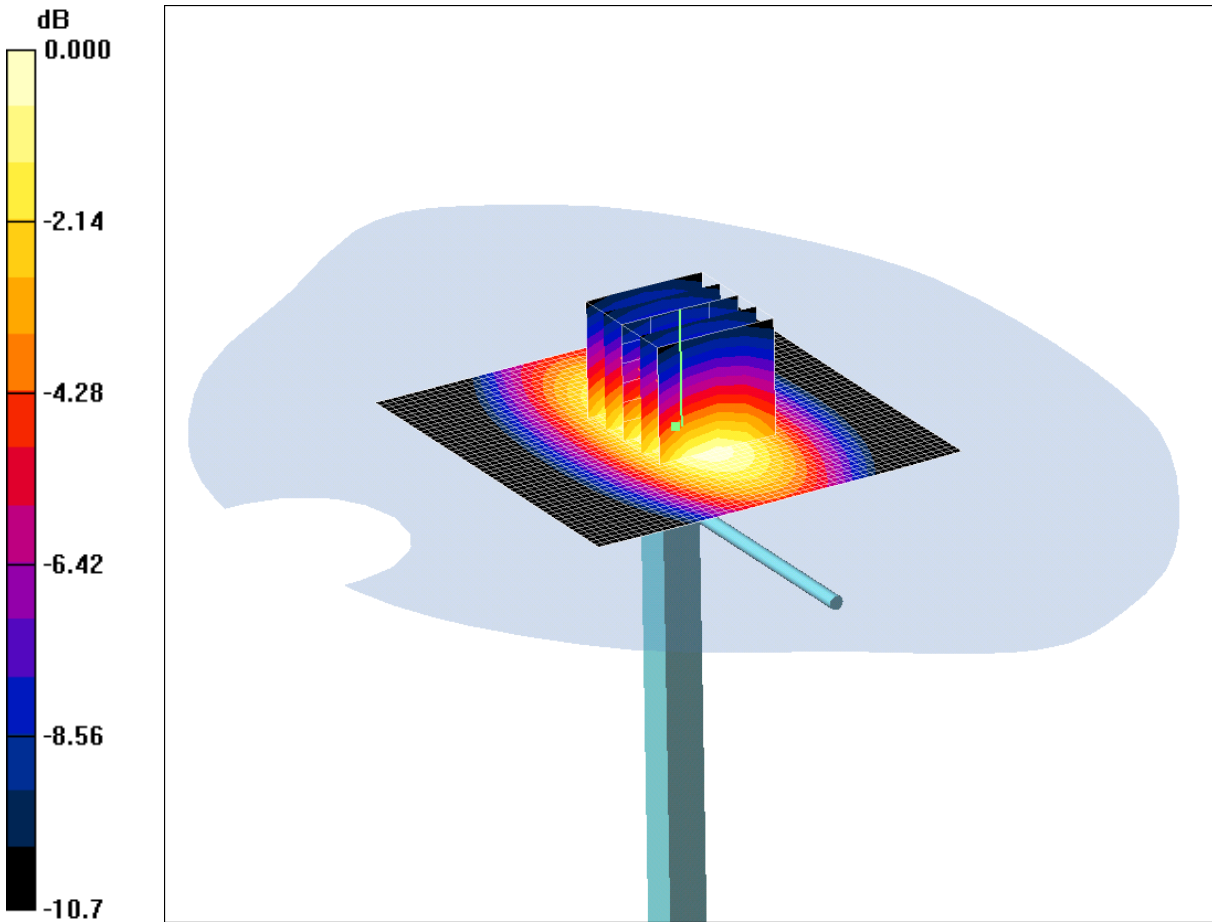
SAR(1 g) = 1.99 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.10 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/017: System Performance Check 900MHz Head 25 11 11

Date 25/11/2011

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; SN: 124; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN124



0 dB = 2.98mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1528; ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 18/07/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.03 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW /Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg

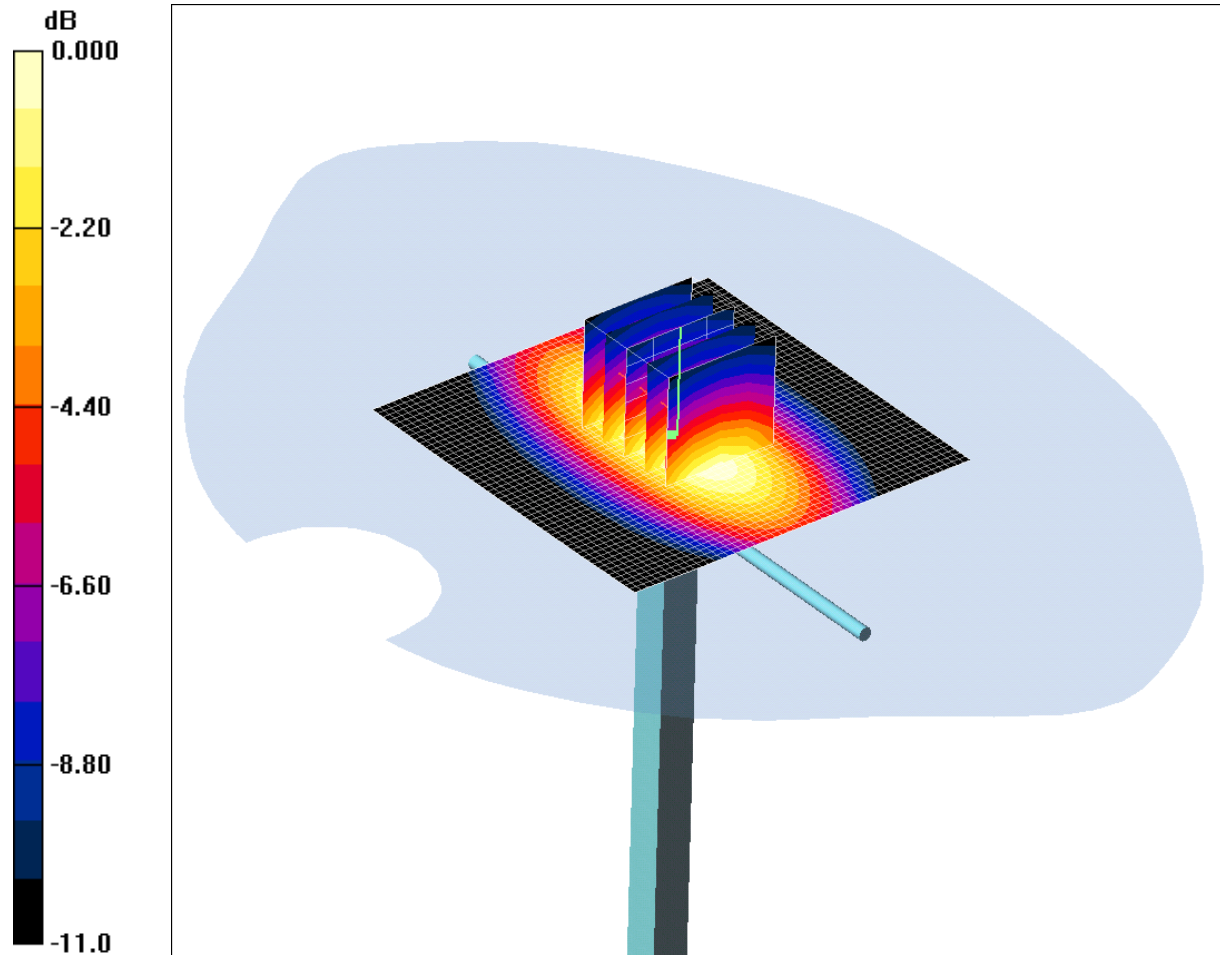
SAR(1 g) = 2.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.81 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/018: System Performance Check 900MHz Body 26 09 11

Date 26/09/2011

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; SN: 124; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN124



0 dB = 2.89mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.01 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.72 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 mW/g

Note:

The probe calibration for SN:1611 was performed at the spot frequencies of 835 MHz and 900 MHz.

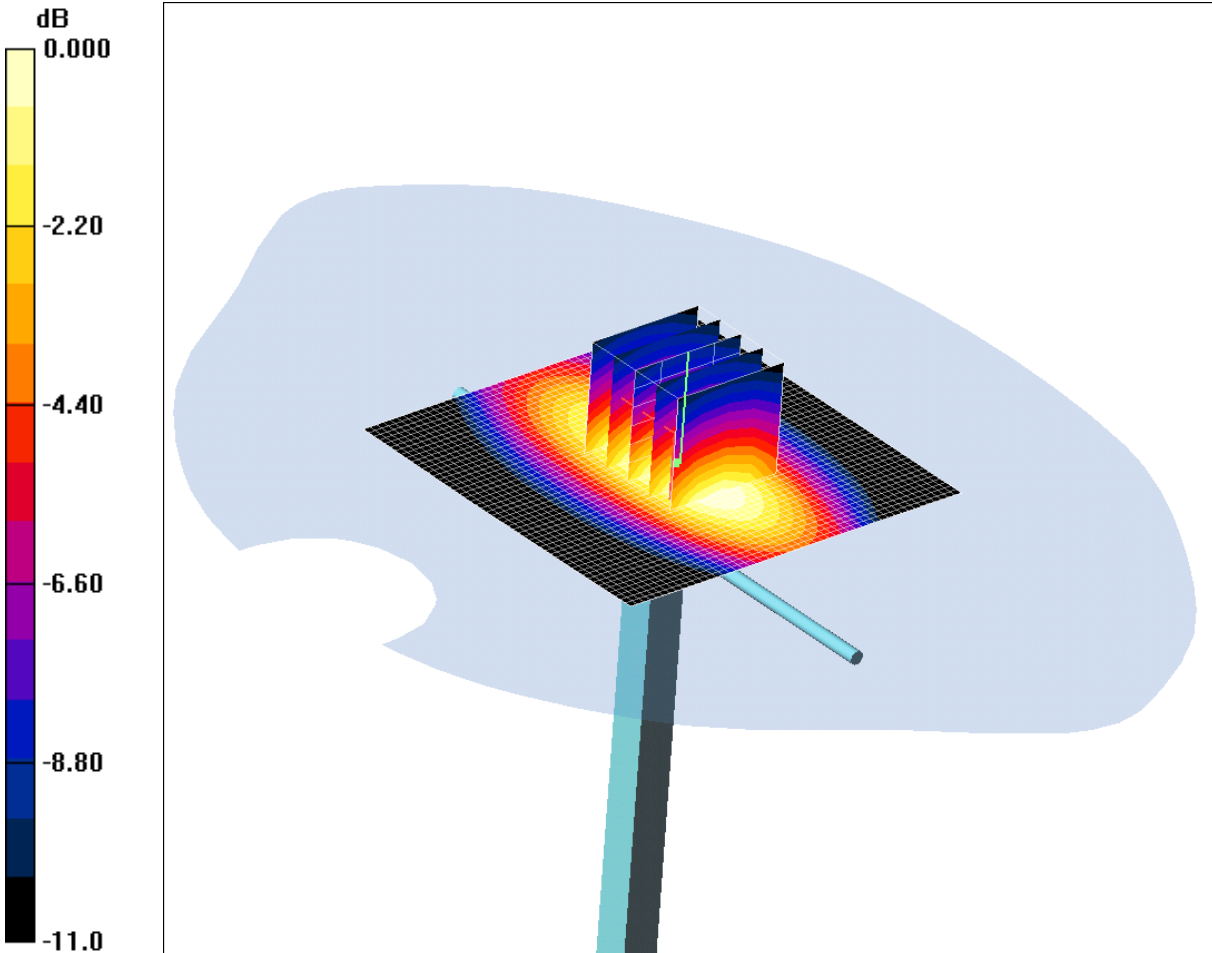
The SAR software selects the conversion factor based on the following attributes;

1. operating frequency, 2. permittivity tolerance and 3. conductivity tolerance. The software selects the conversion factor of 835 MHz from the probe calibration as the range is still valid for 900 MHz based on 1. The selected spot frequency for validation 900 MHz, 2. The measured permittivity of 54 and 3. The measured conductivity of 1.05.

SCN/81245JD06/019: System Performance Check 900MHz Body 27 09 11

Date 27/09/2011

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; SN: 124; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN124



0 dB = 2.89mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.05 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.04 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 mW/g

Note:

The probe calibration for SN:1611 was performed at the spot frequencies of 835 MHz and 900 MHz.

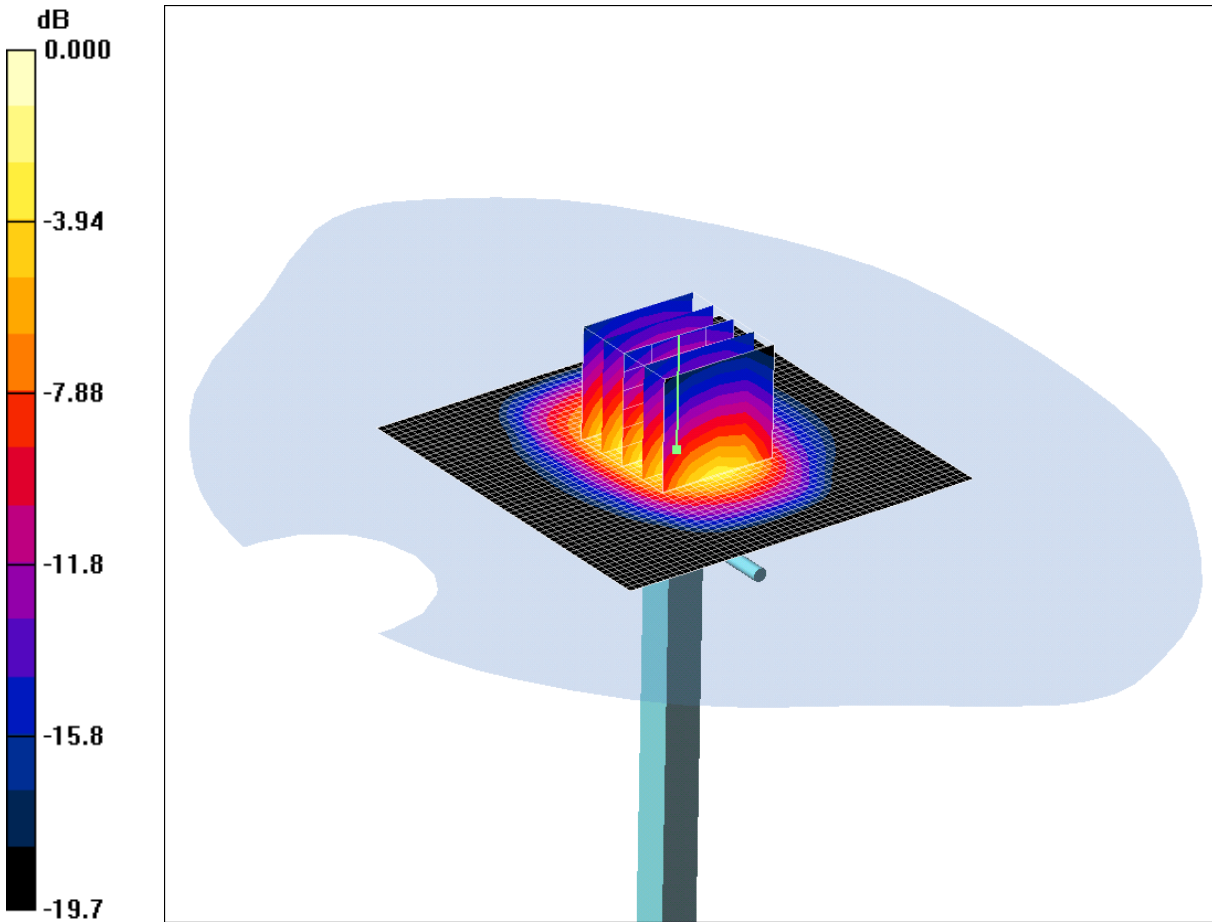
The SAR software selects the conversion factor based on the following attributes;

1. operating frequency, 2. permittivity tolerance and 3. conductivity tolerance. The software selects the conversion factor of 835 MHz from the probe calibration as the range is still valid for 900 MHz based on 1. The selected spot frequency for validation 900 MHz, 2. The measured permittivity of 54 and 3. The measured conductivity of 1.05.

SCN/81245JD06/020: System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 02 12 11

Date 02/12/2011

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 11.2mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1528; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 18/07/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.498 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

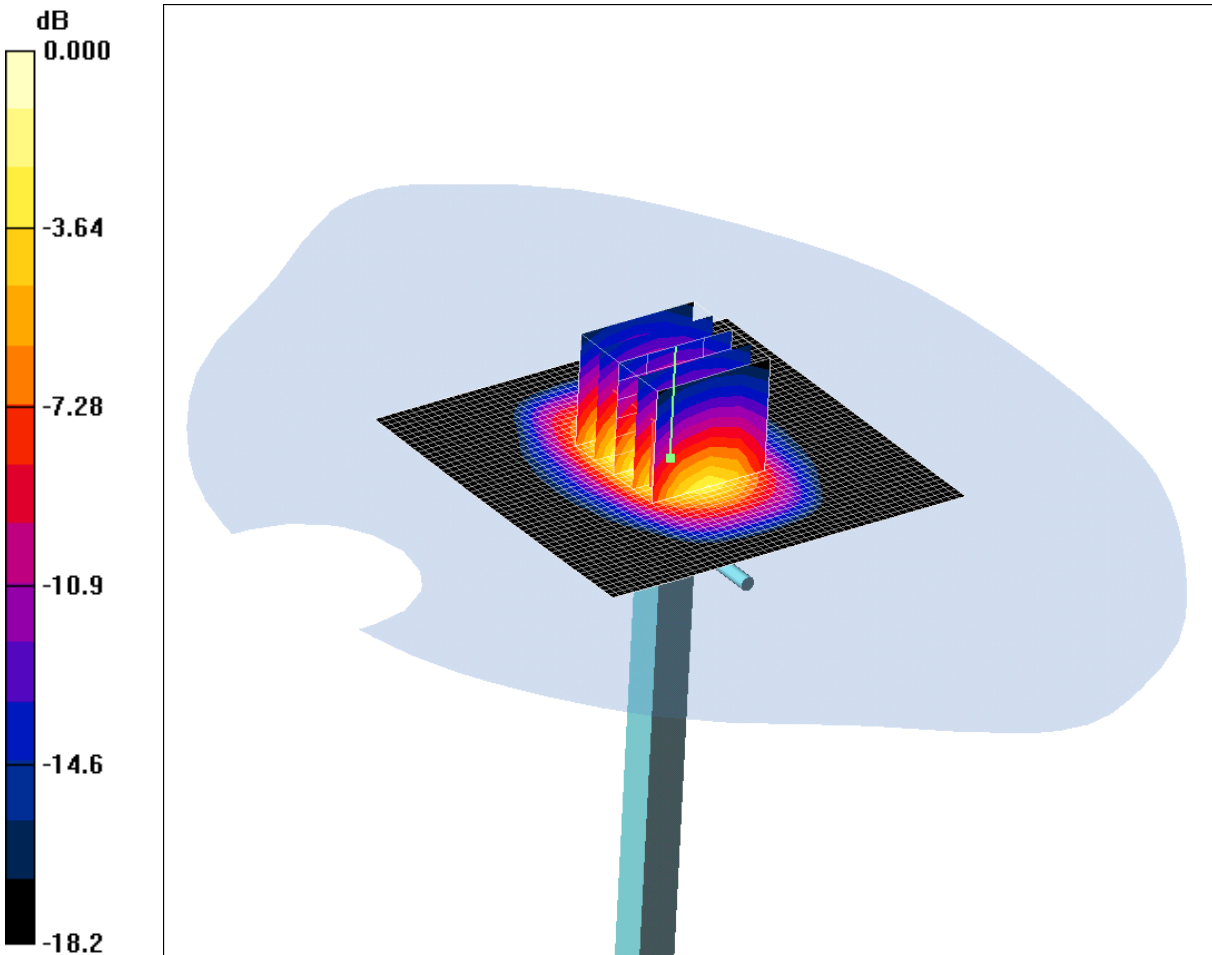
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g

SCN/81245JD06/021: System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 28 09 11

Date 28/09/2011

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 11.4mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g

Appendix 4. Photographs

This appendix contains the following photographs:

Photo Reference Number	Title
PHT/81245JD06/001	Test configuration for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)
PHT/81245JD06/002	In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom at 10mm Separation
PHT/81245JD06/003	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom
PHT/81245JD06/004	Front View of EUT
PHT/81245JD06/005	Rear View of EUT
PHT/81245JD06/006	Internal View of EUT
PHT/81245JD06/007	Internal View of EUT (Without Antenna Cap)
PHT/81245JD06/008	Battery View
PHT/81245JD06/009	900 MHz Head Fluid Level
PHT/81245JD06/010	900 MHz Body Fluid Level
PHT/81245JD06/011	1900 MHz Head Fluid Level
PHT/81245JD06/012	1900 MHz Body Fluid Level

PHT/81245JD06/001: Test configuration for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)



PHT/81245JD06/002: In-Front-of-Mouth EUT Facing Phantom at 10mm Separation



PHT/81245JD06/003: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom



PHT/81245JD06/004: Front View of EUT



PHT/81245JD06/005: Rear View of EUT



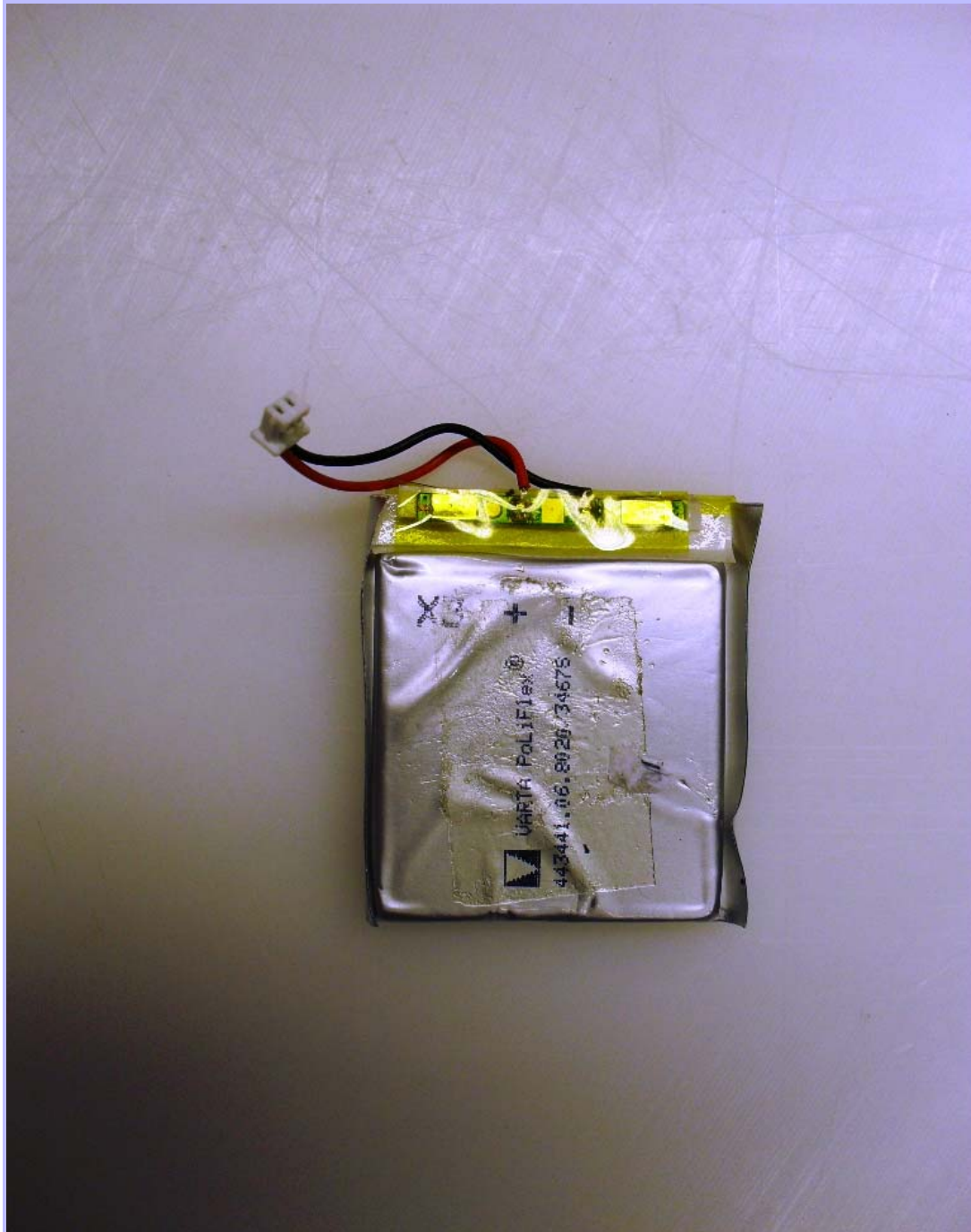
PHT/81245JD06/006: Internal View of EUT



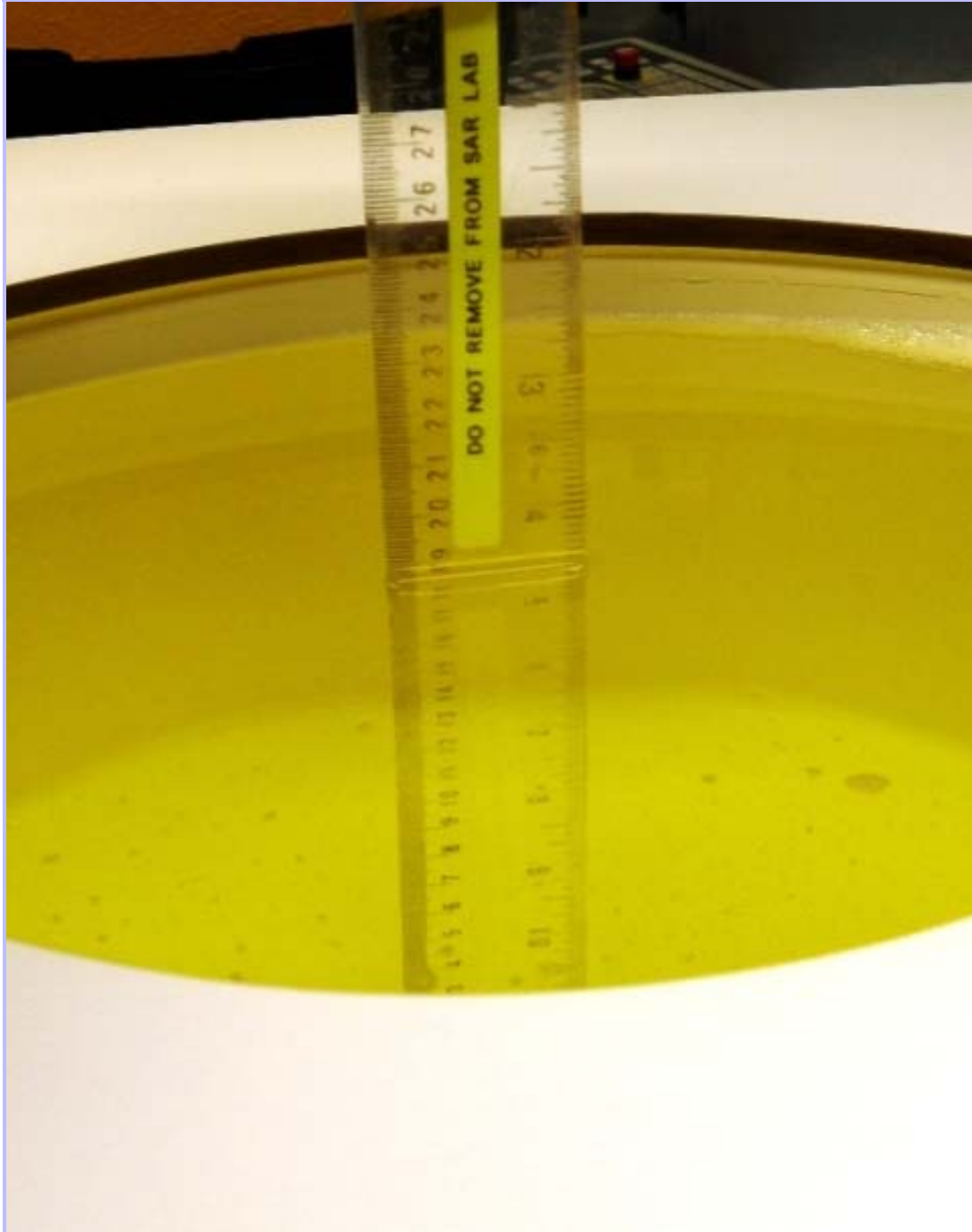
PHT/81245JD06/007: Internal View of EUT (Without Antenna Cap)



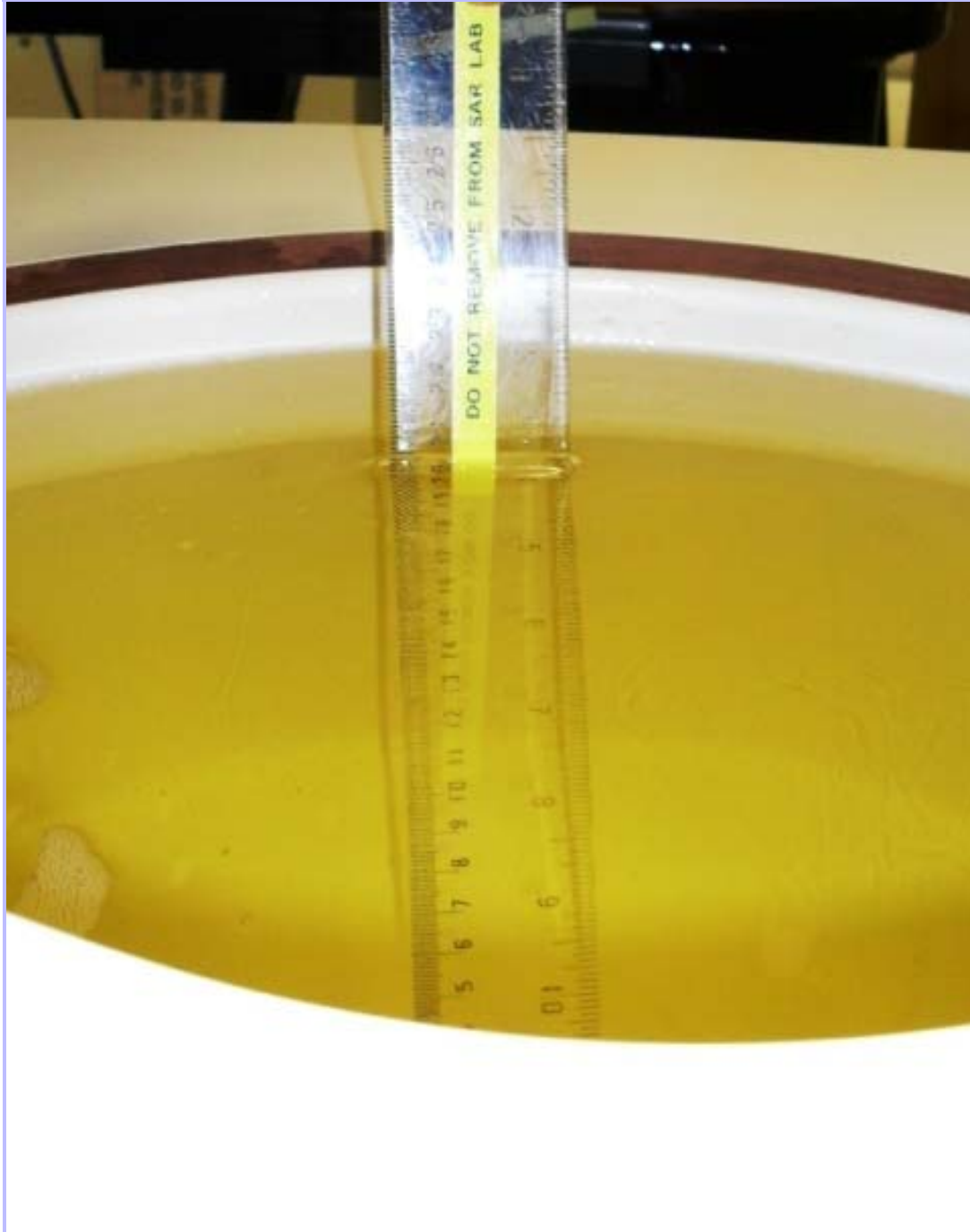
PHT/81245JD06/008: Battery View



PHT/81245JD06/009: 900 MHz Head Fluid Level



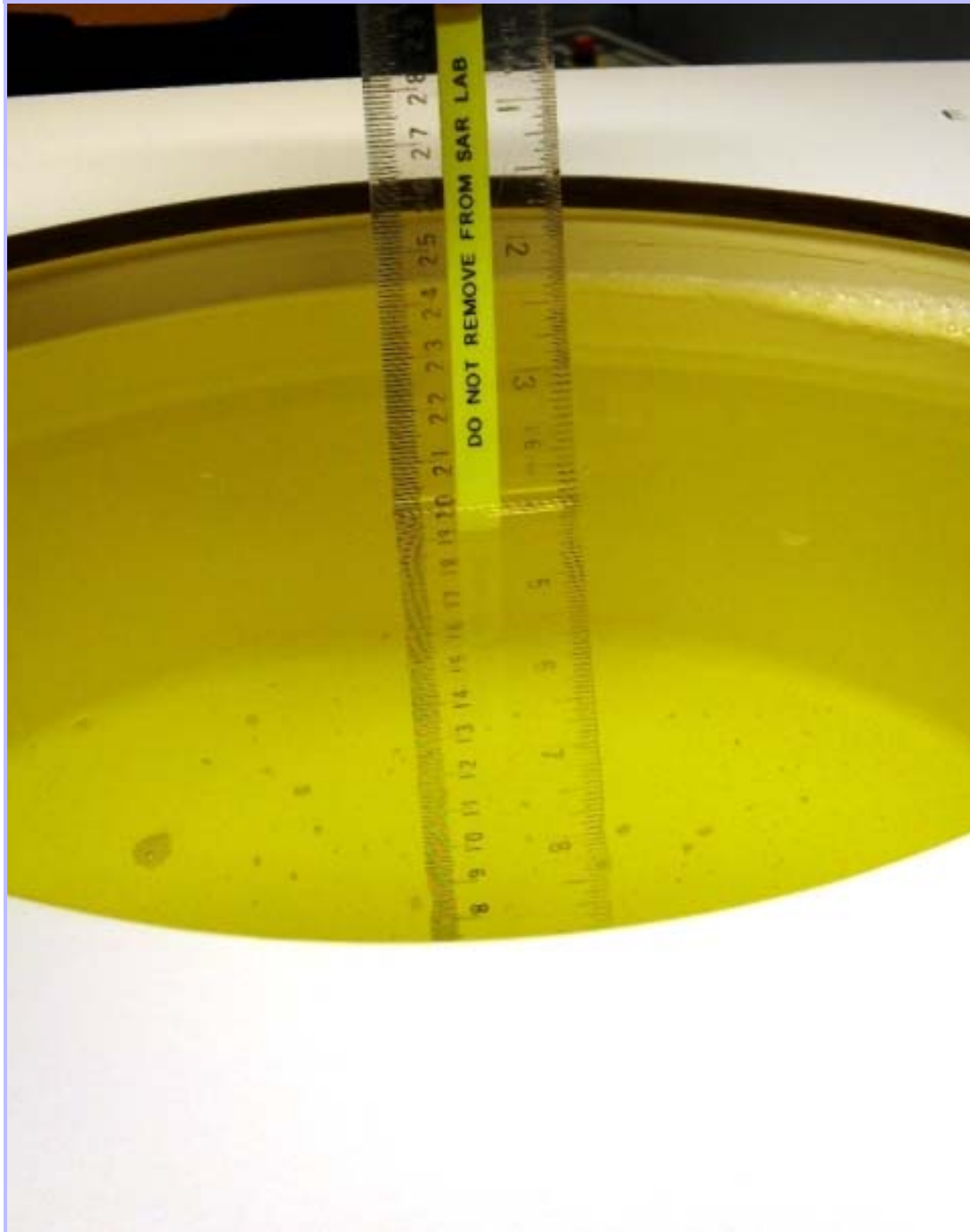
PHT/81245JD06/010: 900 MHz Body Fluid Level



PHT/81245JD06/011: 1900 MHz Head Fluid Level



PHT/81245JD06/012: 1900 MHz Body Fluid Level



Appendix 5. Validation of System

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified in the flat region of the phantom. 900 MHz and 1900 MHz dipoles were used. A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipoles and the system was verified to a tolerance of $\pm 5\%$ for the 900 MHz and 1900 MHz dipoles.

The applicable verification normalised to 1 Watt.

Date: 25/11/2011

Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D900V2; SN: 124

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temp	Liquid Temp	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Head	900	23.0°C	22.3°C	ϵ_r	41.50	42.62	2.70	5.00
				σ	0.97	0.94	-3.05	5.00
				1g SAR	11.00	11.04	0.36	5.00
				10g SAR	7.01	7.24	3.28	5.00

Dielectrics for Frequencies Tested

Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)	Parameters	
128	Low	824.2	ϵ_r	43.10
			σ	0.89
189	Middle	836.4	ϵ_r	43.10
			σ	0.90
251	High	848.8	ϵ_r	43.00
			σ	0.90

Date: 26/09/2011

Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D900V2; SN: 124

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temp	Liquid Temp	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	900	23.0 °C	22.0 °C	ϵ_r	55.00	53.96	-1.89	5.00
				σ	1.05	1.05	-0.43	5.00
				1g SAR	11.10	10.60	-4.50	5.00
				10g SAR	7.14	6.88	-3.64	5.00

Dielectrics for Frequencies Tested

Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)	Parameters	
128	Low	824.2	ϵ_r	54.30
			σ	1.00
189	Middle	836.4	ϵ_r	54.30
			σ	1.01
251	High	848.8	ϵ_r	54.20
			σ	1.01

Validation of System (continued)

Date: 27/09/2011

Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D900V2; SN: 124

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temp	Liquid Temp	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	900	23.0°C	22.0°C	ϵ_r	55.00	53.96	-1.89	5.00
				σ	1.05	1.05	-0.43	5.00
				1g SAR	11.10	10.68	-3.78	5.00
				10g SAR	7.14	6.96	-2.52	5.00

Dielectrics for Frequencies Tested

Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)	Parameters	
128	Low	824.2	ϵ_r	54.30
			σ	1.00
189	Middle	836.4	ϵ_r	54.30
			σ	1.01
251	High	848.8	ϵ_r	54.20
			σ	1.01

Validation of System (continued)

Date: 02/12/2011

Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D1900V2; SN: 540

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temp	Liquid Temp	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Head	1900	24.0 °C	22.1 °C	ϵ_r	40.00	38.69	-3.29	5.00
				σ	1.40	1.44	2.81	5.00
				1g SAR	40.30	40.80	1.24	5.00
				10g SAR	21.00	21.32	1.52	5.00

Dielectrics for Frequencies Tested

Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)	Parameters
512	Low	1850.2	ϵ_r 38.90
			σ 1.40
660	Middle	1879.8	ϵ_r 38.80
			σ 1.42
810	High	1909.8	ϵ_r 38.60
			σ 1.45

Date: 28/09/2011

Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D1900V2; SN: 540

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temp	Liquid Temp	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	1900	23.0 °C	23.0 °C	ϵ_r	53.30	51.95	-2.54	5.00
				σ	1.52	1.57	3.10	5.00
				1g SAR	40.70	40.80	0.25	5.00
				10g SAR	21.60	21.16	-2.04	5.00

Dielectrics for Frequencies Tested

Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)	Parameters
512	Low	1850.2	ϵ_r 52.10
			σ 1.52
660	Middle	1879.8	ϵ_r 52.00
			σ 1.55
810	High	1909.8	ϵ_r 51.90
			σ 1.58

Appendix 6. Simulated Tissues

The body mixture consists of de-ionised water, Polysorbate 20 and salt. Visual inspection is made to ensure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue.

ingredient	Frequency
	835/850/900 MHz Head
De-Ionized Water	52.87
Polysorbate 20 (Tween 20)	46.10
Salt	1.03

Ingredient	Frequency
	835/850/900 MHz Body
De-Ionized Water	71.30
Polysorbate 20 (Tween 20)	28.00
Salt	0.70

Ingredient	Frequency
	1800/1900 MHz Head
De-Ionized Water	55.40
Polysorbate 20 (Tween 20)	44.22
Salt	0.38

Ingredient	Frequency
	1800/1900 MHz Body
De-Ionized Water	71.50
Polysorbate 20 (Tween 20)	28.00
Salt	0.50

Appendix 7. DASY4 System Details

A.7.1. DASY4 SAR Measurement System

RFI Global Services Ltd, SAR measurement facility utilises the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY4 system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing brain or muscle equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller; teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control. This is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The data acquisition electronics (DAE) performs signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection etc. The DAE is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilises a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

A.7.2. DASY4 SAR System Specifications**Robot System**

Positioner:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90L
Repeatability:	0.025 mm
No. of Axis:	6
Serial Number:	F00/SD89A1/A/01
Reach:	1185 mm
Payload:	3.5 kg
Control Unit:	CS7
Programming Language:	V+

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Serial Number:	DAE3 SN:450
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PC Controller

PC:	Dell Precision 340
Operating System:	Windows 2000
Data Card:	DASY4 Measurement Server
Serial Number:	1080

Data Converter

Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converted and control logic.
Software:	DASY4 Software
Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock.

PC Interface Card

Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE3 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot.
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DASY4 SAR System Specifications (Continued)	
E-Field Probe	
Model:	ET3DV6
Serial No:	1611
Construction:	Triangular core
Frequency:	735 MHz to >2.55 GHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (735 MHz to 2.55 GHz)
Probe Length (mm):	337
Probe Diameter (mm):	10
Tip Length (mm):	10
Tip Diameter (mm):	6.8
Sensor X Offset (mm):	2.7
Sensor Y Offset (mm):	2.7
Sensor Z Offset (mm):	2.7
E-Field Probe	
Model:	ET3DV6
Serial No:	1528
Construction:	Triangular core
Frequency:	735 MHz to >2.00 GHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (735 MHz to 2.00 GHz)
Probe Length (mm):	337
Probe Diameter (mm):	10
Tip Length (mm):	10
Tip Diameter (mm):	6.8
Sensor X Offset (mm):	2.7
Sensor Y Offset (mm):	2.7
Sensor Z Offset (mm):	2.7
Phantom	
Phantom:	SAM Phantom
Shell Material:	Fibreglass
Thickness:	2.0 \pm 0.1 mm