
RRUL 11 B4 CS – Remote Radio Unit AWS Radio Compliance – Class II Permissive Change 3.0MHz FCC CFR 47 Part 27 Test Report

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Approvals and Key Reviewers

Name	Function	Role	Status
David Bolzon	Regulatory, Object Leader	Author / Approver	Approved
Michael Lenz	Hardware Developer	Reviewer	28 March 2011

Revision History

Issue	Description of change	Changed by	Date
0.1	Draft	David Bolzon	27 March 2011
1.0	Approved	David Bolzon	28 March 2011

Reference Documents

1. FCC 47 CFR Part 27 “Wireless Communications Services”
2. FCC 47 CFR Part 15 “Unintentional Radiators”
3. ICES-003 “Digital Apparatus” EMC
4. EN 50385:2002—Product Standard to Demonstrate the Compliance of Radio Base Stations and Fixed Terminal Stations for Wireless Telecommunication Systems with the Basic Restrictions or the Reference Levels Related to Human Exposure to Radio-Frequency Electromagnetic Fields (110 MHz–40 GHz)—General Public
5. EN 55022, Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment (CISPR22: 1997), 1998, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization
6. SM.328: "Spectra and bandwidth of emissions".
7. CISPR 22: "Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment".
8. CISPR 16-1-1: "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Measuring apparatus".
9. ETSI TS 136 141 V8.2.0 (2009-04) LTE; Evolved Universal Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (3GPP TS 36.141 version 8.2.0 Release 8)
10. ETSI TS 136 104 V8.5.0 (2009-04) LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104 version 8.5.0 Release 8)
11. ETSI TS 136 113 V8.1.0 (2009-01) LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) and repeater Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) (3GPP TS 36.113 version 8.1.0 Release 8)
12. 3GPP TS 36.141 V9.0.0 (2009-05): 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) ; Base Station (BS) conformance testing (Release 9).
13. 3GPP TS 36.104 V9.0.0 (2009-05) 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (Release 9)
14. 3GPP TS 36.113 V9.0.0(2009-05) 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) and repeater Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) (Release 9)
15. 3GPP TS 36.211 V8.7.0 (2009-05) 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Channels and Modulation (Release 8)
16. 3GPP TS 36.212 V8.7.0 (2009-05) 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Multiplexing and channel coding (Release 8)
17. 3GPP TS 36.213 V8.7.0 (2009-05) 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer procedures (Release 8)
18. AWS LTE Remote Radio Unit, System Design Specification (RRUL 11 B4)

Table of Contents

Approvals and Key Reviewers	2
Revision History	2
Reference Documents	3
Table of Contents	4
List of Tables	5
List of Figures	6
Acronyms	8
1 Summary	9
2 Introduction	10
3 Equipment Under Test	11
3.1 Product Identification	11
3.2 Technical Specifications of the EUT	11
3.3 Technical Description – Class II Permissive Change	11
4 Test Conditions	14
4.1 Specifications.....	14
4.2 Test Environment	14
4.3 Test Equipment.....	14
5 Applicable Tests	16
5.1 FCC Part 27: Test Parameters.....	16
6 Test Results	17
6.1 Effective Radiated Power	17
Physical Channels	17
6.2 Occupied Bandwidth	32
6.3 Spurious Emissions at the Antenna Terminal.....	43
6.4 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation.....	73
6.5 Submission Exhibits – Permissive Change.....	78

List of Tables

Table 3-1: Applicable FCC AWS Blocks	12
Table 4-1: Conducted Emissions - List of Test Equipment.....	14
Table 4-2: Radiated Emissions - List of Test Equipment	15
Table 5-1: Applicable Test Parameters / Results Summary	16
Table 6-1: Setting / Measurement Results – 3.0MHz Channel Power	19
Table 6-2: Setting / Measurement Results – Occupied Bandwidth 3.0MHz.....	33
Table 6-3: Setting / Measurement Results – Spurious Emissions Band Edge BW = 3.0MHz.....	44
Table 6-4: Setting / Results – BW = 3.0MHz, Spurious Emissions 30MHz - 26.5GHz	45
Table 6-5: Spurious Emissions ERP	77

List of Figures

Figure 3-1: UUT – Block Diagram RRUL 11 B4 Co-Site AWS.....	13
Figure 6-1: RRU Radio Compliance Set Up / Configuration	18
Figure 6-2: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz	20
Figure 6-3: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz	20
Figure 6-4: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz.....	21
Figure 6-5: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz.....	21
Figure 6-6: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz.....	22
Figure 6-7: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz.....	22
Figure 6-8: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX1_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz.....	23
Figure 6-9: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz.....	23
Figure 6-10: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX2_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz.....	24
Figure 6-11: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz	24
Figure 6-12: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX1_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	25
Figure 6-13: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	25
Figure 6-14: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX2_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	26
Figure 6-15: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	26
Figure 6-16: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX1_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	27
Figure 6-17: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	27
Figure 6-18: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX2_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	28
Figure 6-19: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz.....	28
Figure 6-20: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz	29
Figure 6-21: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz	29
Figure 6-22: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz.....	30
Figure 6-23: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz.....	30
Figure 6-24 : 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz.....	31
Figure 6-25 : 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz.....	31
Figure 6-26: RRU Radio Compliance Set Up / Configuration	32
Figure 6-27: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz	34
Figure 6-28: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz	34
Figure 6-29: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz	35
Figure 6-30: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz	35
Figure 6-31: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz	36
Figure 6-32: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz	36
Figure 6-33: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz	37
Figure 6-34: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz	37
Figure 6-35: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz	38
Figure 6-36: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz	38
Figure 6-37: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz	39
Figure 6-38: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz	39
Figure 6-39: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz	40
Figure 6-40: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz	40
Figure 6-41: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz	41
Figure 6-42: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz	41
Figure 6-43: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz	42
Figure 6-44: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz	42
Figure 6-45: RRU Radio Compliance Set Up / Configuration	43
Figure 6-46 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	46
Figure 6-47 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	46
Figure 6-48 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	47
Figure 6-49 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	47

Figure 6-50 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	48
Figure 6-51 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	48
Figure 6-52 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	49
Figure 6-53 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	49
Figure 6-54 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	50
Figure 6-55 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	50
Figure 6-56 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	51
Figure 6-57 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	51
Figure 6-58 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	52
Figure 6-59 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	52
Figure 6-60 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	53
Figure 6-61 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	53
Figure 6-62 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	54
Figure 6-63 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	54
Figure 6-64 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	55
Figure 6-65 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	55
Figure 6-66 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	56
Figure 6-67 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	56
Figure 6-68 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	57
Figure 6-69 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	57
Figure 6-70 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	58
Figure 6-71 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	58
Figure 6-72 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	59
Figure 6-73 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	59
Figure 6-74 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	60
Figure 6-75 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	60
Figure 6-76 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	61
Figure 6-77 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	61
Figure 6-78 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	62
Figure 6-79 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	62
Figure 6-80 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)	63
Figure 6-81 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz).....	63
Figure 6-82 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz).....	64
Figure 6-83 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz)	64
Figure 6-84 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz).....	65
Figure 6-85 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz)	65
Figure 6-86 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz).....	66
Figure 6-87 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz)	66
Figure 6-88 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz).....	67
Figure 6-89 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz)	67
Figure 6-90 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (8GHz- 16GHz).....	68
Figure 6-91 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (8GHz- 16GHz).....	68
Figure 6-92 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (8GHz- 16GHz).....	69
Figure 6-93 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (8GHz- 16GHz).....	69
Figure 6-94 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz).....	70
Figure 6-95 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)	70
Figure 6-96 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz).....	71
Figure 6-97 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)	71
Figure 6-98 Spurious Emission / Noise Floor TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)	72
Figure 6-99 Spurious Emission / Noise Floor TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)	72
Figure 6-100: RRU Field Strength Set Up / Configuration	73
Figure 6-101: RRU EMC Set Up / Configuration	76
Figure 6-102: Radiated Emissions Set Up Photo.....	77

Acronyms

RRU	Remote Radio Unit
RRUL	Remote Radio Unit LTE
UDM	Universal Digital Module
DDM	Dual Duplexer Module
BTS	Base Station Transceiver
EUT	Equipment Under Test
LTE	Long Term Evolution
ACP	Adjacent Channel Power
CPRI	Common Public Radio Interface
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NRTL	National Recognized Testing Laboratory
NVLAP	National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
LAP	Laboratory Accreditation Programs
IC	Industry Canada
FCC	Federal Communication Commission
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations (US)
CAB	Conformity assessment body
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electromagnetic interference
RTTE	Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment
TTE	Telecommunications equipment
TCB	Telecom Certification Body
CCB	Canadian Certification Body
IECEE	International Electro-technical Committee for Conformity Testing to Standards for Electrical Equipment
NCB	National Certification Bodies
CBTL	CB Test Laboratory
ITL	Independent Test Laboratory
ITE	Information Technology Equipment

1 Summary

Applicant: Ericsson Canada
3500 Carling Ave.
Ottawa, On
Canada
K2H 8E9

Apparatus: KRC 131 143/3 (RRUL11 B4 AWS)
Application: Fixed Wireless Base Station Transceiver

FCC ID: VZTAKRC131143-3

In Accordance With: FCC CFR 47 Part 27 Miscellaneous Wireless
Communications Services

This test report has been prepared for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC CFR Title 47 Part 27. Conducted measurements have been performed in accordance with ANSI TIA-603-B-2002. Radiated tests have been conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003. Radiated emissions are assessed and measured at an accredited ITL in a 3 meter or 10 meter Semi-Anechoic chamber. Conducted Emissions have been assessed at Ericsson Carling facilities using calibrated equipment in accordance with Part 27 Requirements.

The assessment summary is as follows:

Apparatus Assessed: KRC 131 143/3 (RRUL 11 B4 Remote Radio Unit - AWS)

Specification: FCC CFR 47 Part 27 Miscellaneous Wireless
Communications Services

Compliance Status: Complies

Exclusions: None

Non-compliances: None

Report Release History: Original Release

2 Introduction

This document supports the FCC test process and filing requirements for North American approvals. Measurements are conducted to satisfy and demonstrate compliance to the Essential parameters for Radio Compliance and Conformance to the following standards:

- FCC CFR 47 Part 27 Subpart C, Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services.
- FCC CFR 47, Subpart 2, Subpart J, Equipment Authorization Procedures – Equipment Authorization.

The initial RRU deployment will support a 3.0MHz, 5MHz and 10MHz BW for Fixed Wireless Base Station (BTS) applications with a rated output power of 30W (44.8dBm) in a 2 x 2 MIMO configuration. Frequency band for authorization will address the US AWS Block.

Hardware Description

The BTS equipment is comprised of the following:

- 1) KRC 131 143/3 RRUL 11 B4: LTE Remote Radio Unit [RRUL] EUT
- 2) CPRI Modem Emulator (RU-Master LPC 102 400/5 R1B S/N T01E684474)

RRU Details

Frequency: FCC AWS Band

Transmit / Downlink: 2110MHz – 2155MHz – AWS Block

- Modulation: OFDMA, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
- BW: 1.4/3.0/5/10 MHz
- MIMO, 2 x 2 (Spatial Multiplexing)
- Diversity, 2 Way Transmit
- Throughput: Up to 60 Mbps
- Power: 44.8dBm (30W)
- PAPR: 7dB

Duplex: FDD (30MHz)

Frequency Stability: +/-0.05ppm

Channel Raster: 100 kHz

Receive / Uplink: 1710 - 1755MHz – AWS: Block

- Modulation: SC-FDMA, QPSK, 16QAM
- BW: 1.4/3.0/5/10 MHz
- MIMO, 2 x 2, Multi-User
- Throughput: Up to 20Mbps
- Diversity, 2 and 2 Co-Site Receive

RRU Physical Details:

PWR: -48V (typical) DC 350W (max), Size: 17” x 11.3” x 8.7” (H x W x D), Weight: 53lbs

3 Equipment Under Test

3.1 Product Identification

The Equipment Under Test (UUT) is identified for Fixed Base Station operation as follows:
Ericsson Remote Radio Unit RRUL 11 B4 (AWS 2110MHz – 2155MHz) KRC 131 143/3

3.2 Technical Specifications of the EUT

Manufacturer:	Ericsson Canada
Operating Frequency:	Downlink TX: 2110 – 2155MHz (1.4/3.0/5/10MHz) Uplink RX: 1710 – 1755MHz (1.4/3.0/5/10MHz)
Emission Designator:	1.4MHz: 1M40 W7D 3.0MHz: 3M00 W7D 5.0MHz: 5M00 W7D 10MHz: 10M0 W7D
Modulation:	LTE OFDMA, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM (Two transmitters, 2 receivers per sector)
Antenna Data: (for reference only)	Andrew HBX-6513DS-T6M 13.2dBd, 15.3dBi (max) Beam-width – Horizontal 65°

3.3 Technical Description – Class II Permissive Change

The Ericsson LTE RRU (RRUL) is a single sector Transceiver (2 transmitter, 2 receivers per radio / sector) operating in FDD mode which has been introduced as part of Ericsson's next generation BTS product line.

The RRU operates over the North American AWS band employing a band specific duplexer designed to limit operations to specific customer requirements. The RRUL product offering operates over a Down Link (DL) transmit frequency band from 2110MHz to 2155MHz, for channel bandwidths of 1.4MHz, 3.0MHz, 5MHz and 10MHz. LTE modulation formats OFDMA QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM will be assessed at a rated output of 30W per transmitter.

All compliance measurements and ratings are referenced at the antenna ports / duplexer interface.

Radio Standard is LTE, OFDMA TX, (SC-FDMA RX) configured for a 2x2 MIMO operating mode with an output rated power of 30W (44.8dBm) at the antenna port. Transmit outputs 1 and 2 are isolated, non-

correlated outputs connected to two isolated customer furnished antenna and are measured/verified independently.

The TX Modulation schemes of QPSK, 16QAM, and 64QAM will be supported along with an operational bandwidth of 1.4MHz, 3.0MHz, 5MHz and 10MHz in the AWS Block spectrum. QPSK, 16QAM, and 64 QAM will employ 3/4 CTC data rate coding. The RRUL employs a CPRI (Common Public Radio Interface) for interoperability and standardization of the radio protocol interface. To demonstrate compliance, appropriate LTE waveforms will be utilized to generate the RF output, rated power and bandwidth requirements with respect to the modulation variables.

The KRC 131 143/3 has an added feature to permit Co-Site Receive functionality. Two isolated receiver outputs are provided on the connector Interface enabling this feature.

This Permissive Change Test Report will demonstrate compliance for an additional Bandwidth of 3.0MHz, added to the previously Approved Product (1.4MHz/5MHz/10MHz) permitting the RRUL 11 to operate over all applicable bandwidths and LTE modulations.

Table 3-1: Applicable FCC AWS Blocks

<i>Band</i>	<i>Bandwidth</i>	<i>Frequency</i>
4	45MHz	2110 – 2155MHz and 1710 – 1755MHz

Test Units

Part 27: UUT KRC 131 143/3 RRUL 11 B4 AWS R3A, SN: C84C000002 P4AA41
CPRI Modem interface with LTE Test Vectors and traffic (RUMA LPC 102 400/5)

Part 15/27: UUT KRC 131 143/3 RRUL 11 B4 AWS R3A, SN: C84C000001 P4AA41
CPRI Modem interface with LTE Test Vectors and traffic (RUMA LPC 102 400/5)

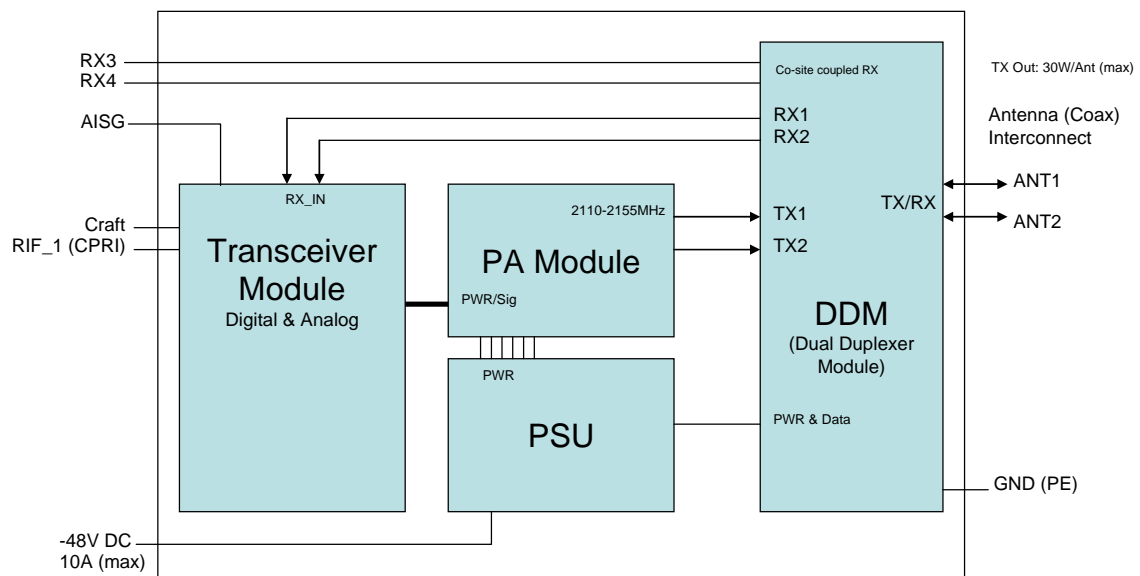


Figure 3-1: UUT – Block Diagram RRUL 11 B4 Co-Site AWS

4 Test Conditions

4.1 Specifications

The apparatus has been assessed against the following specifications:
FCC CFR 47 Part 27 Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services

4.2 Test Environment

All tests are performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature range	:	15 – 30 °C
Humidity range	:	20 - 75 %
Pressure range	:	86 - 106 kPa
Power supply range	:	+/- 5% of rated voltages

4.3 Test Equipment

Table 4-1: Conducted Emissions - List of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Asset/Serial No.	Cal Due
Signal Analyzer (20Hz-26.5GHz)	Agilent	MXA N9020A	MY50510096	02/25/13
Signal Analyzer (20Hz-26.5GHz)	Agilent	MXA N9020A	MY50510027	02/25/13
Attenuator 30dB (Qty=2)	Narda	769-30	NA	NA
Attenuator 20dB (Qty=2)	Meca	650-20-1F4	NA	NA
Network Analyzer (Path Loss Calibration)	Agilent	N5230	MY45000798	NA
Power Supply	Xantrex	XHR 60-18	62016	NCR
Digital Volt Meter	Fluke			

Table 4-2: Radiated Emissions - List of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Asset/Serial No.	Next Cal.
10 m EMI Test Chamber				
Termination, 50 ohms, 0.5 W	Hewlett Packard	908A	SSG012084	9/24/2012
Pre-Amplifier	BNR	LNA	SSG012360	2/2/2012
Coaxial Cable # 3	Huber & Suhner	106A, Sucoflex	SSG012455	1/31/2012
Coaxial Cable # 2	Huber & Suhner	106A, Sucoflex	SSG012453	1/31/2012
Coaxial Cable # 33	Huber & Suhner	104PEA, Sucoflex	SSG013080	1/11/2012
Coaxial Cable H3, 10-18 GHz	Micro-Coax	UFA 210B-1-1500-504504, Utiflex	SSG012376	1/10/2012
Coaxial Cable # 26	Huber & Suhner	ST18/Nm/Nm/36, Sucotest	SSG012785	1/10/2012
Coaxial Cable # 12	Huber & Suhner	104PEA, Sucoflex	SSG012716	1/4/2012
Horn Antenna (18 - 26.5 GHz)	Emco	3160-09	SSG012292	12/23/2011
Double Ridged Horn	Emco	3115	SSG012508	12/20/2011
Bilog Antenna	Antenna Research Associates	LPB 2520A	SSG012772	12/20/2011
Signal Generator	Anritsu	69369A	SSG012138	9/22/2011
RF Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	8447D	SSG013045	9/22/2011
Quasi-Peak Adapter	Hewlett Packard	85650A	SSG013046	9/20/2011
Spec. A, RF PreSelector	Hewlett Packard	85685A	SSG013143	9/20/2011
Spectrum Analyzer Display	Hewlett Packard	85662A	SSG013145	9/19/2011
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8566B	SSG013144	9/19/2011
Active Monopole Antenna	Emco	3301B	SSG012083	4/16/2011
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8564E	SSG012069	4/15/2011
Coaxial Cable # 11	Huber & Suhner	104PEA, Sucoflex	SSG012130	3/22/2011
Double Ridged Horn	Emco	3115	SSG012267	3/12/2011
Power Supply	Hewlett Packard	6216A	SSG013063	not required
Note: N/A = Not Applicable, NCR = No Cal Required, COU = CAL On Use				

5 Applicable Tests

This section contains the following:

FCC CFR 47 Part 27: Test Requirements

The column headed 'Required' indicates whether the associated clauses were invoked for the apparatus under test. The following abbreviations are used:

N No: Not Applicable / Not Relevant.

Y Yes: Mandatory i.e. the apparatus shall conform to these tests.

N/T Not Tested

The results compiled in this document are in accordance and representative of the operation of the apparatus as originally submitted.

5.1 FCC Part 27: Test Parameters

Table 5-1: Applicable Test Parameters / Results Summary

Clause	Test Method	Test description	Required	Result
27.50(d)	2.1046	RF Output Power	Y	Pass
-----	2.1047	Modulation Characteristics	Y	Pass
-----	2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Y	Pass
27.53(h)	2.1051	Band Edge Compliance	Y	Pass
27.53(h)	2.1051	Spurious Emissions at the Antenna Terminal	Y	Pass
27.53(h)	2.1053, 2.1057	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Y	Pass
27.54	2.1055	Frequency Stability	Y	Pass

6 Test Results

6.1 Effective Radiated Power

Clause 27.50(d) Limits: FCC CFR Part 2.1046 Fixed Base Station

(d) The following power and antenna height requirements apply to stations transmitting in the 1710–1755 MHz and 2110–2155 MHz bands:

(1) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 2110–2155 MHz band and located in any county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, is limited to a peak equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 3280 watts. The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 2110–2155 MHz band from any other location is limited to a peak EIRP of 1640 watts. A licensee operating a base or fixed station utilizing a power of more than 1640 watts EIRP must coordinate such operations in advance with all Government and non-Government satellite entities in the 2025–2110 MHz band. Operations above 1640 watts EIRP must also be coordinated in advance with the following licensees within 120 kilometers (75 miles) of the base or fixed station: all Broadband Radio Service (BRS) licensees authorized under part 27 in the 2155–2160 MHz band and all AWS licensees in the 2110–2155 MHz band.

Test Conditions:

All modulation (QPSK, 16QAM, and 64QAM) modes and different data rates are evaluated using representative waveforms of all modulation schemes. The test results shall include 3.0MHz bandwidth configurations for Lower, Middle and Upper band frequency offsets as applicable.

Physical Channels

A downlink physical channel corresponds to a set of resource elements carrying information originating from higher layers and is the interface defined between 36.212 and 36.211 [15]. The following downlink physical channels are defined:

- Physical Downlink Shared Channel, PDSCH – QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
- Physical Broadcast Channel, PBCH - QPSK
- Physical Downlink Control Channel, PDCCH - QPSK
- Physical Control Format Indicator Channel, PCFICH - QPSK
- Physical Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel, PHICH - BPSK

LTE standard defines BPSK as an ARQ Indicator Channel, thus being embedded into the LTE signal and does not contain traffic data. As BPSK is embedded in each modulation scheme, waveforms tested represent the worst case conditions.

Test Setup

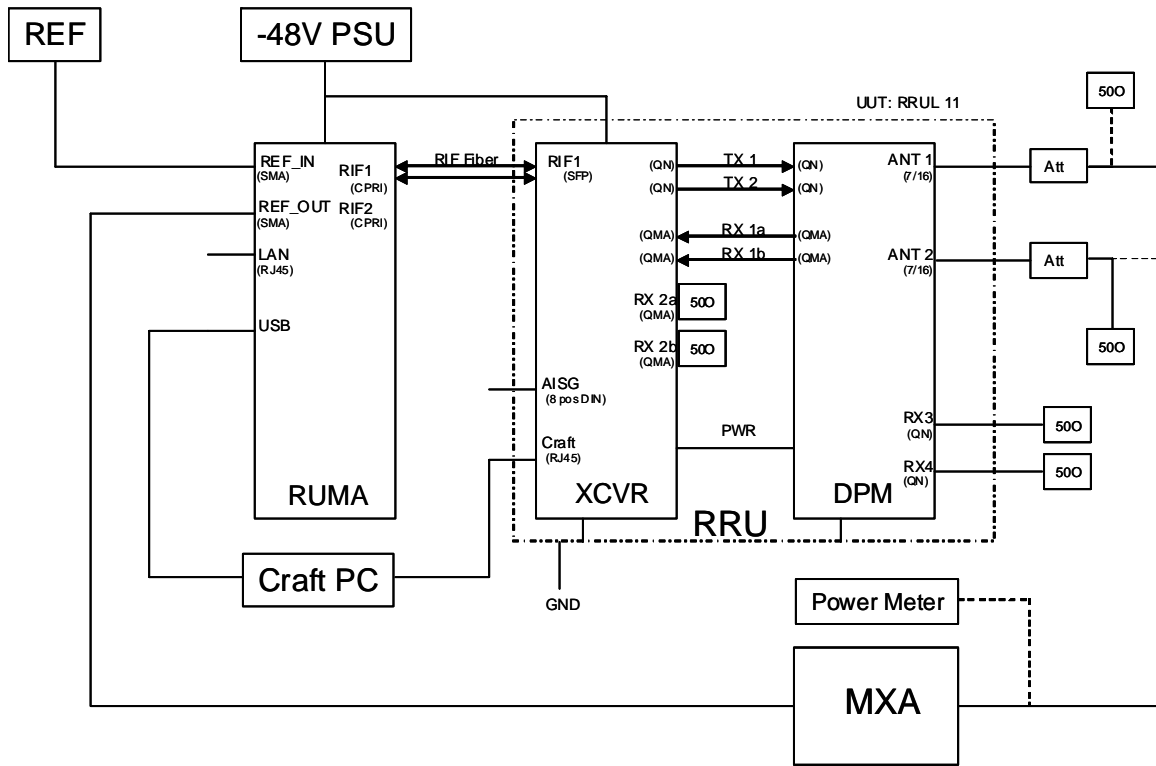


Figure 6-1: RRU Radio Compliance Set Up / Configuration

Procedure:

Channel Power measurements for each output shall be conducted for the applicable bandwidths and modulation schemes for the Lower, Middle and Upper frequency offsets as warranted. The following tables are used to summarize recorded results in addition to applicable captured plots.

Table 6-1: Setting / Measurement Results – 3.0MHz Channel Power

Setting			3.0MHz Channel Power Output (dBm)					
			QPSK		16 QAM		64 QAM	
			TX1	TX2	TX1	TX2	TX1	TX2
Frequency	(Lower CH_1965)	2111.5MHz	44.65	44.89	44.64	44.86	44.75	44.81
Frequency	(Middle CH_2175)	2132.5MHz	44.50	44.90	44.45	44.87	44.82	44.88
Frequency	(Upper CH_2385)	2153.5MHz	44.68	44.89	44.75	44.91	44.78	44.87
RBW	180kHz							
VBW	1.8MHz							
CH BW	3.0MHz							
Span	5MHz							
Sweep	1ms							
Reference Level Offset	52.25dB							
Detector	RMS	Aggregate Power = $10^{(10 \cdot \text{LOG}(10^{(TX1/10)} + 10^{(TX2/10)})/10)}/1000$						
Attenuation	10dB		60.21W		60.83W		61.10W	

1.4MHz Aggregate Power = TX1 + TX2
 $= 10 \cdot \log(10^{(44.93/10)} + 10^{(44.78/10)}) = 47.87\text{dBm}/1.4\text{MHz} = 10^{(47.87/10)}/1000 = \mathbf{61.18W/1.4MHz}$

3.0MHz Aggregate Power = TX1 + TX2
 $= 10 \cdot \log(10^{(44.82/10)} + 10^{(44.88/10)}) = 47.86\text{dBm}/3\text{MHz} = 10^{(47.86/10)}/1000 = \mathbf{61.10W/3MHz}$

5MHz Aggregate Power = TX1 + TX2
 $= 10 \cdot \log(10^{(44.80/10)} + 10^{(44.88/10)}) = 47.85\text{dBm}/5\text{MHz} = 10^{(47.85/10)}/1000 = \mathbf{60.96W/5MHz}$

10MHz Aggregate Power = TX1 + TX2
 $= 10 \cdot \log(10^{(44.92/10)} + 10^{(44.88/10)}) = 47.91\text{dBm}/10\text{MHz} = 10^{(47.91/10)}/1000 = \mathbf{61.81W/10MHz}$

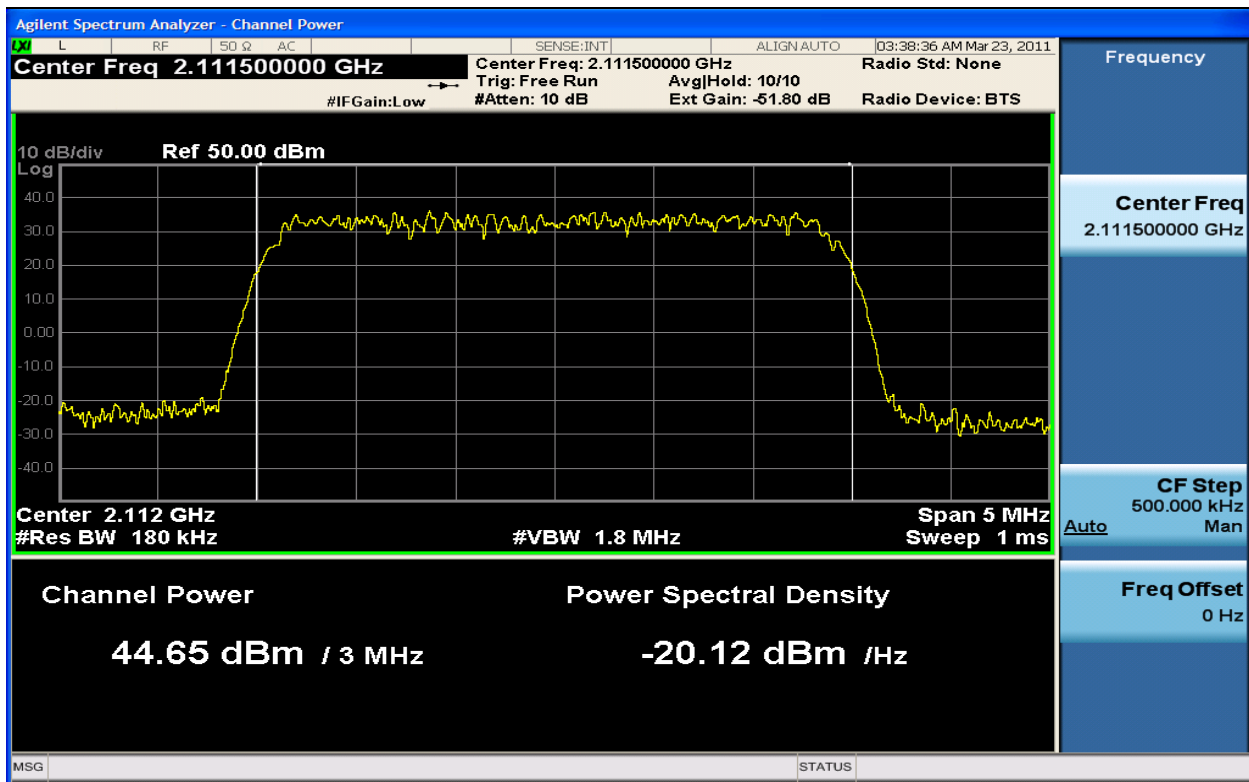


Figure 6-2: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz

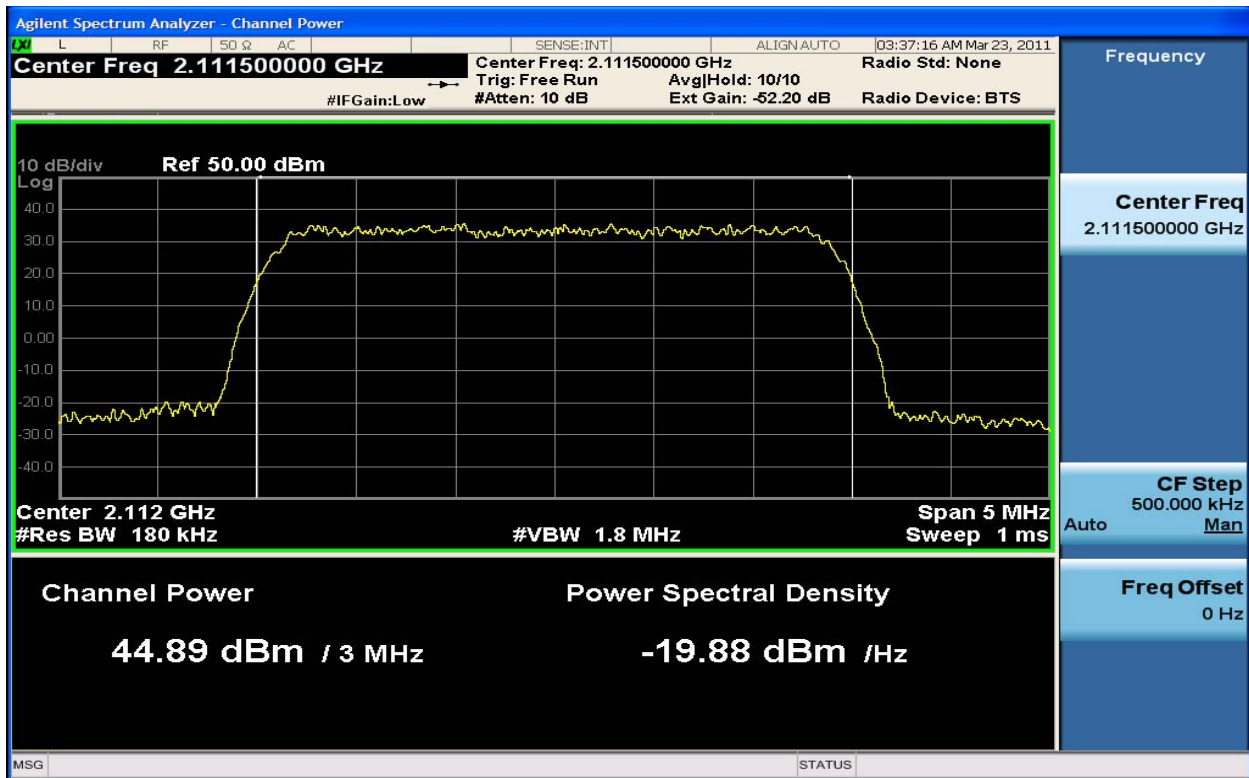


Figure 6-3: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz

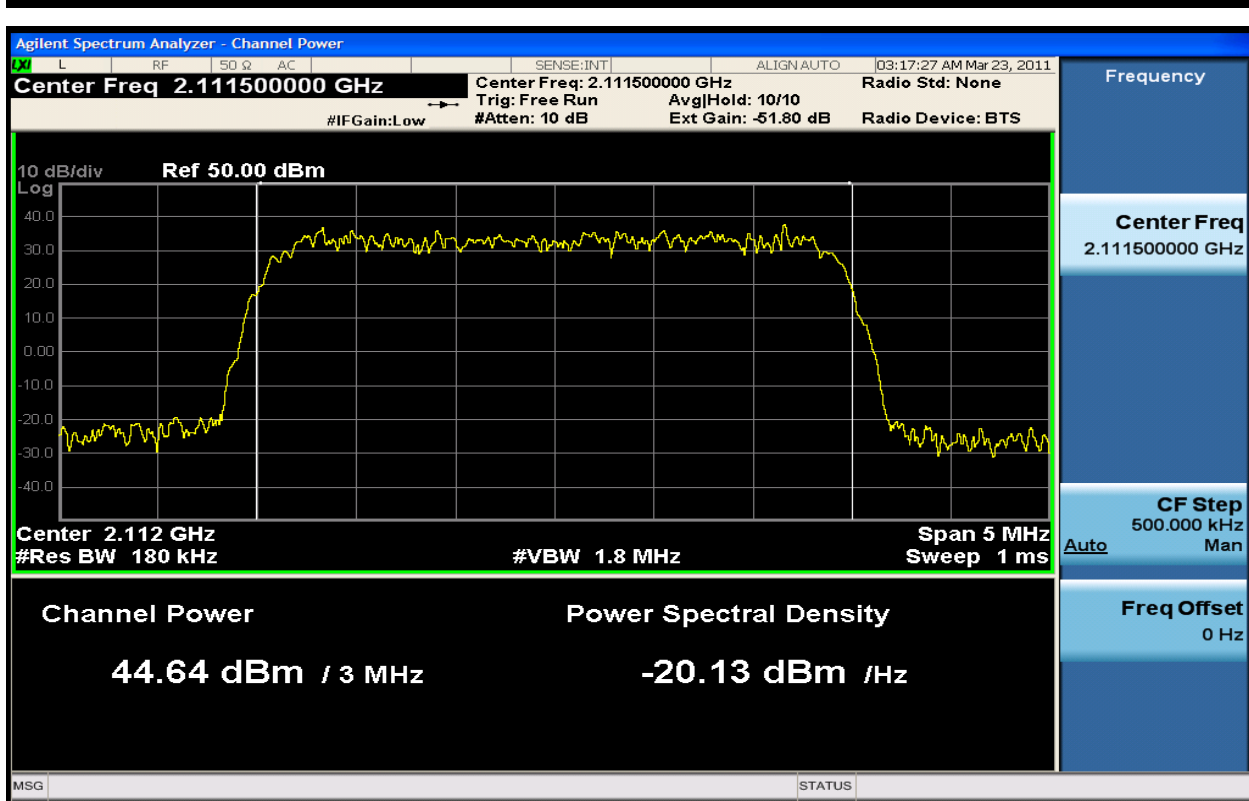


Figure 6-4: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz

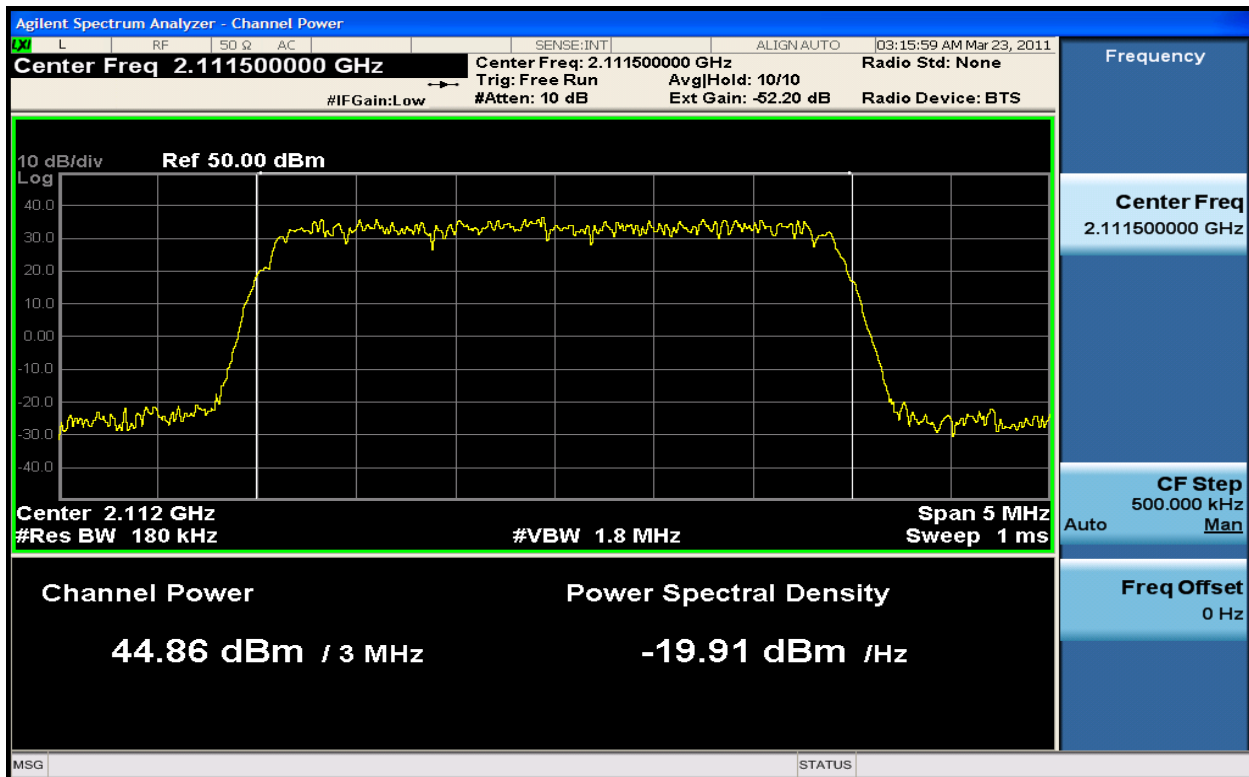


Figure 6-5: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz

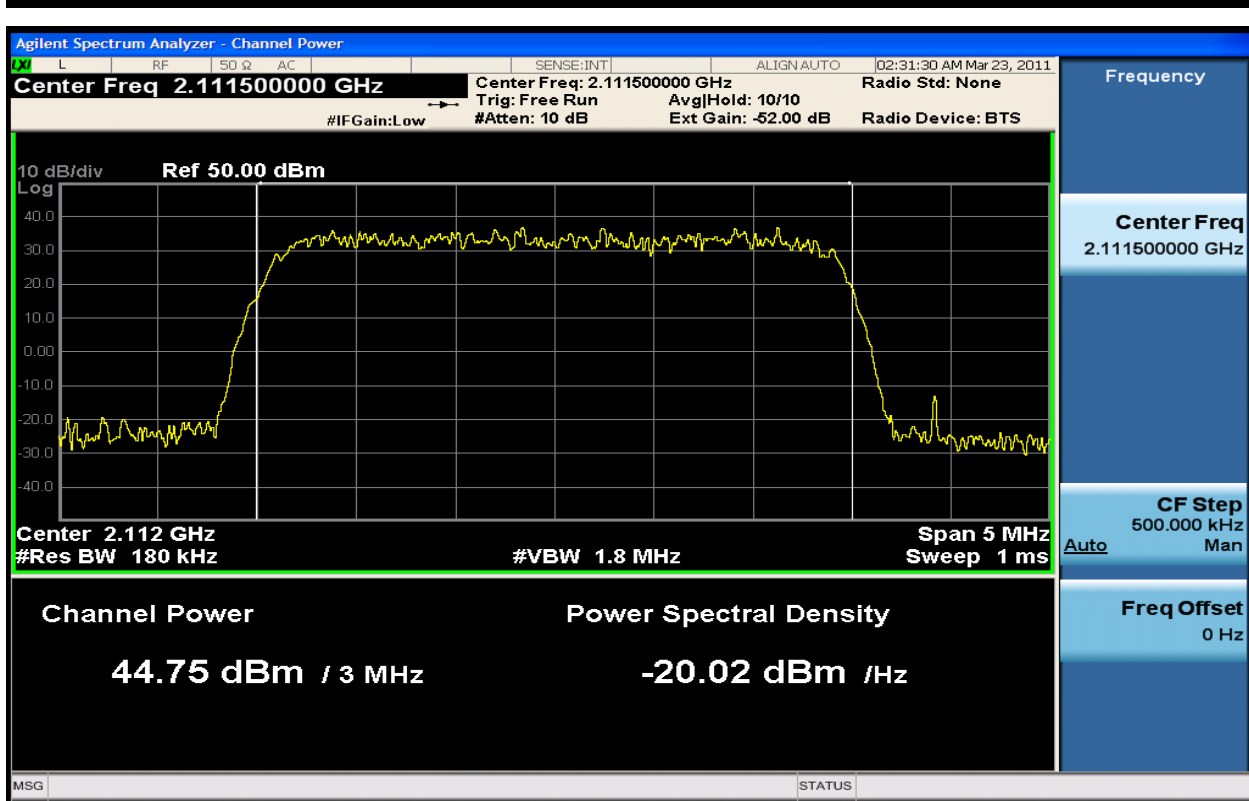


Figure 6-6: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz

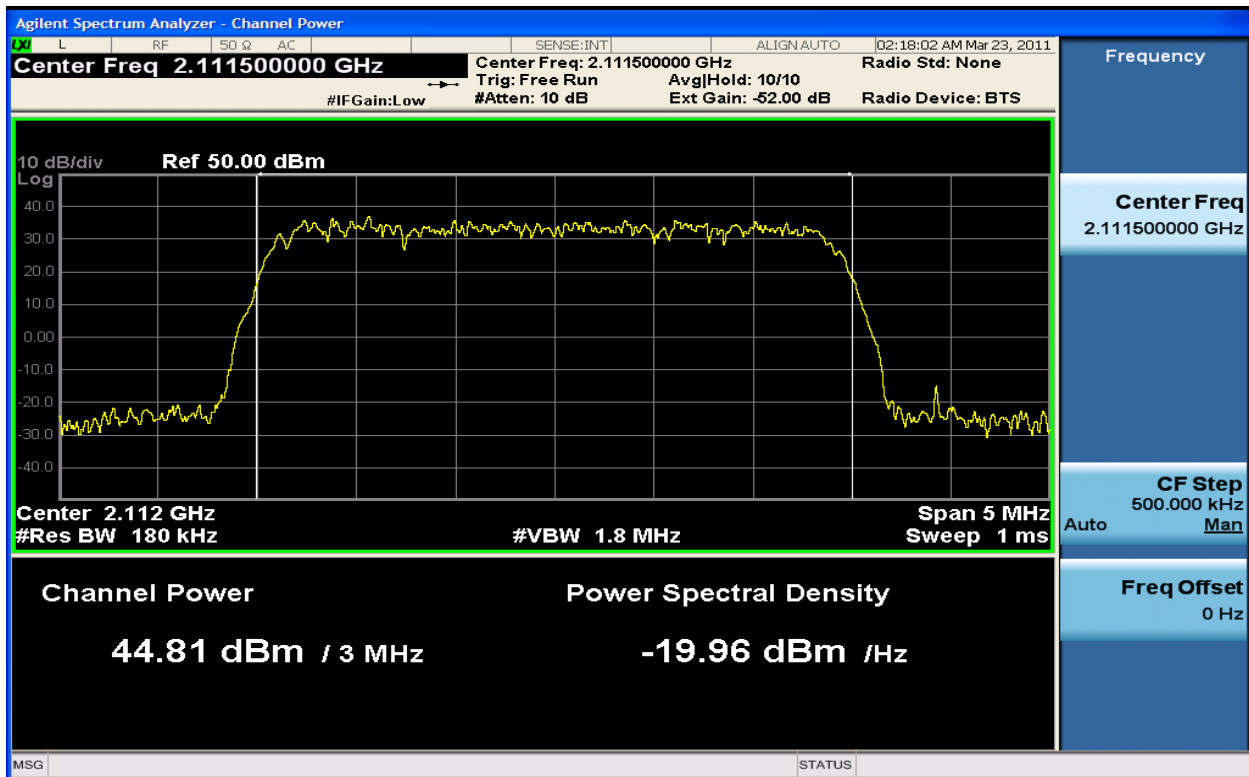


Figure 6-7: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz

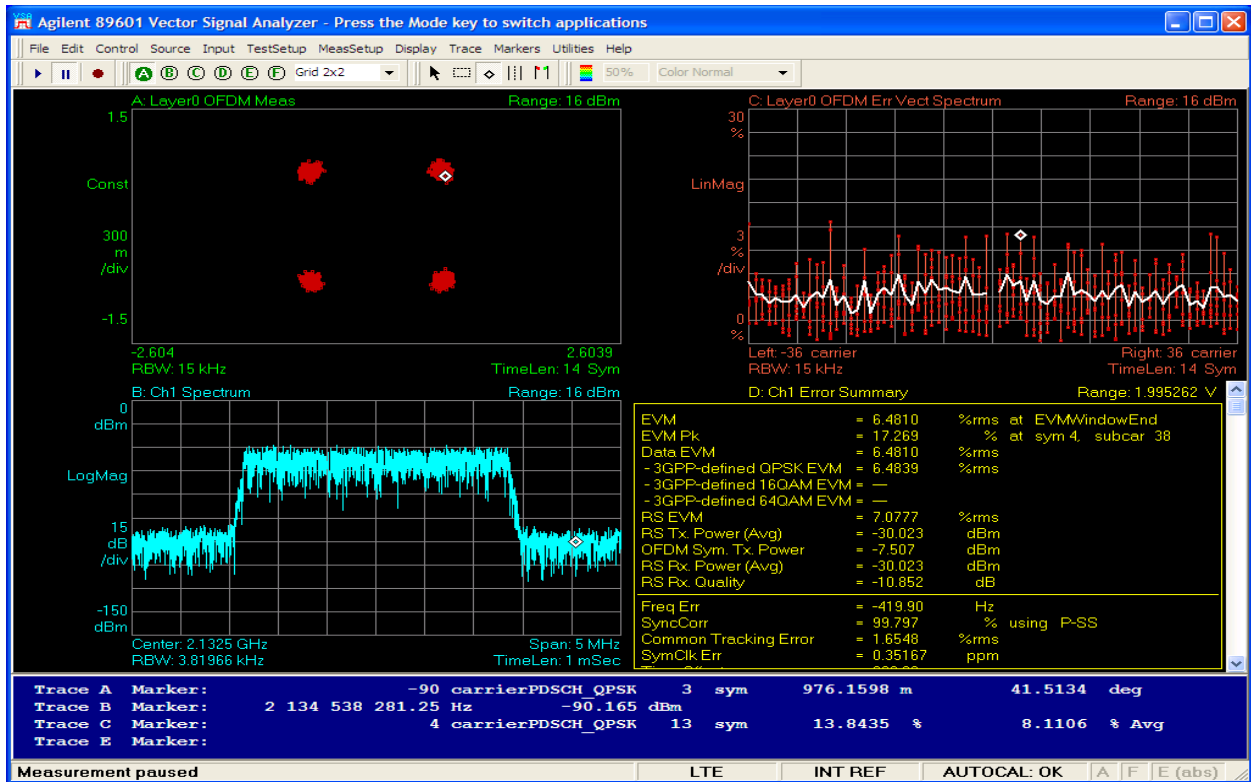


Figure 6-8: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX1_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz

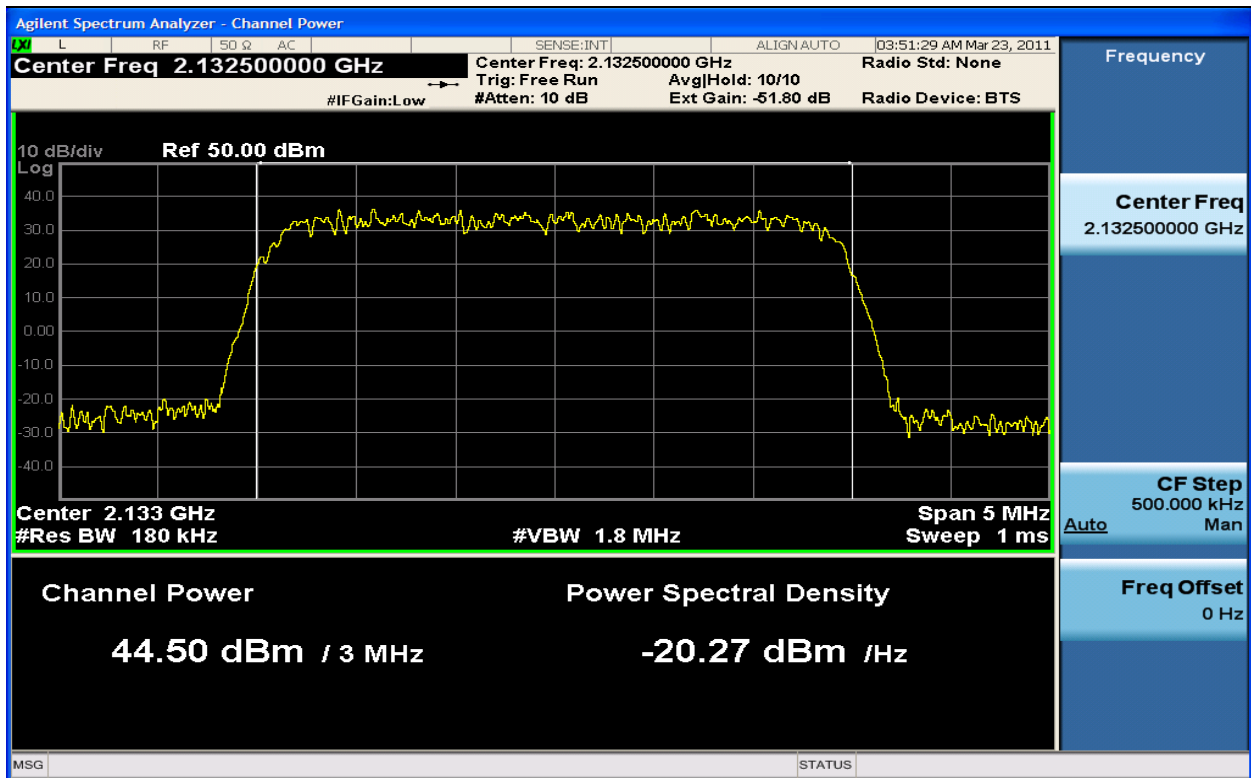


Figure 6-9: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz

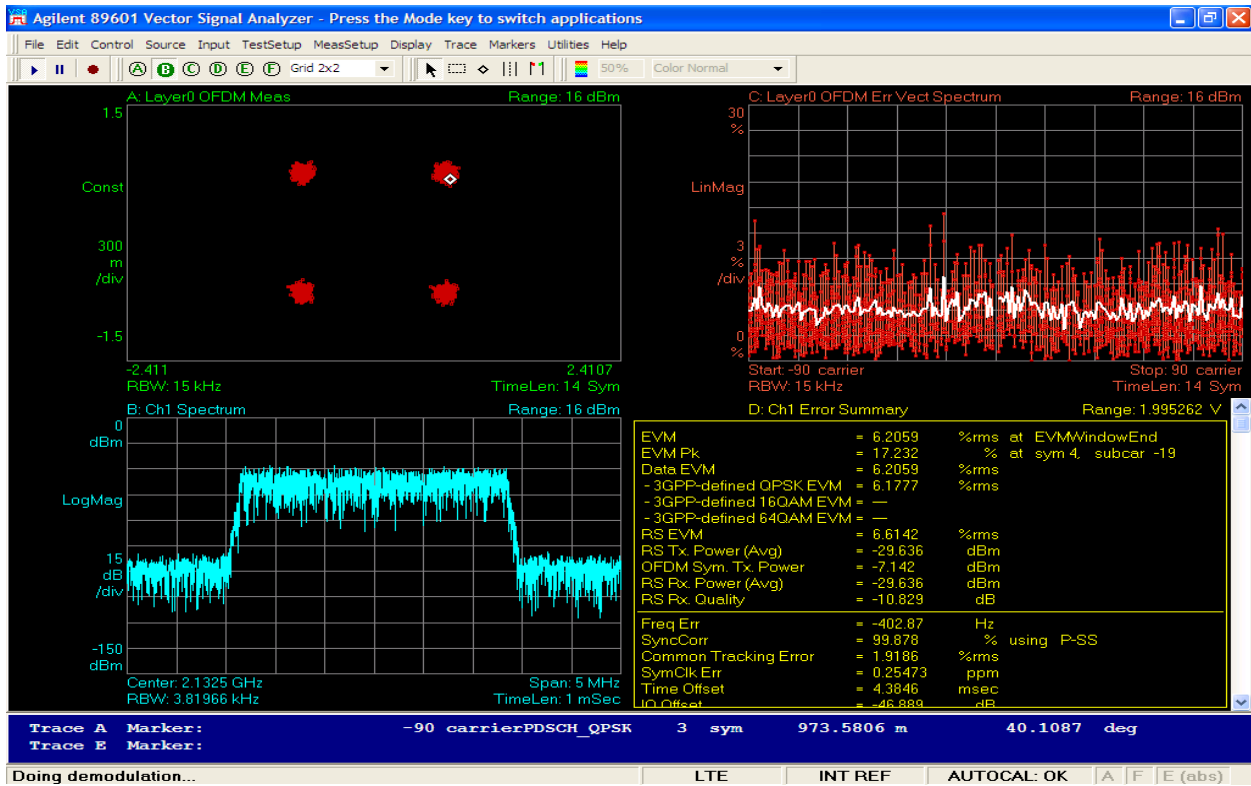


Figure 6-10: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX2_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz

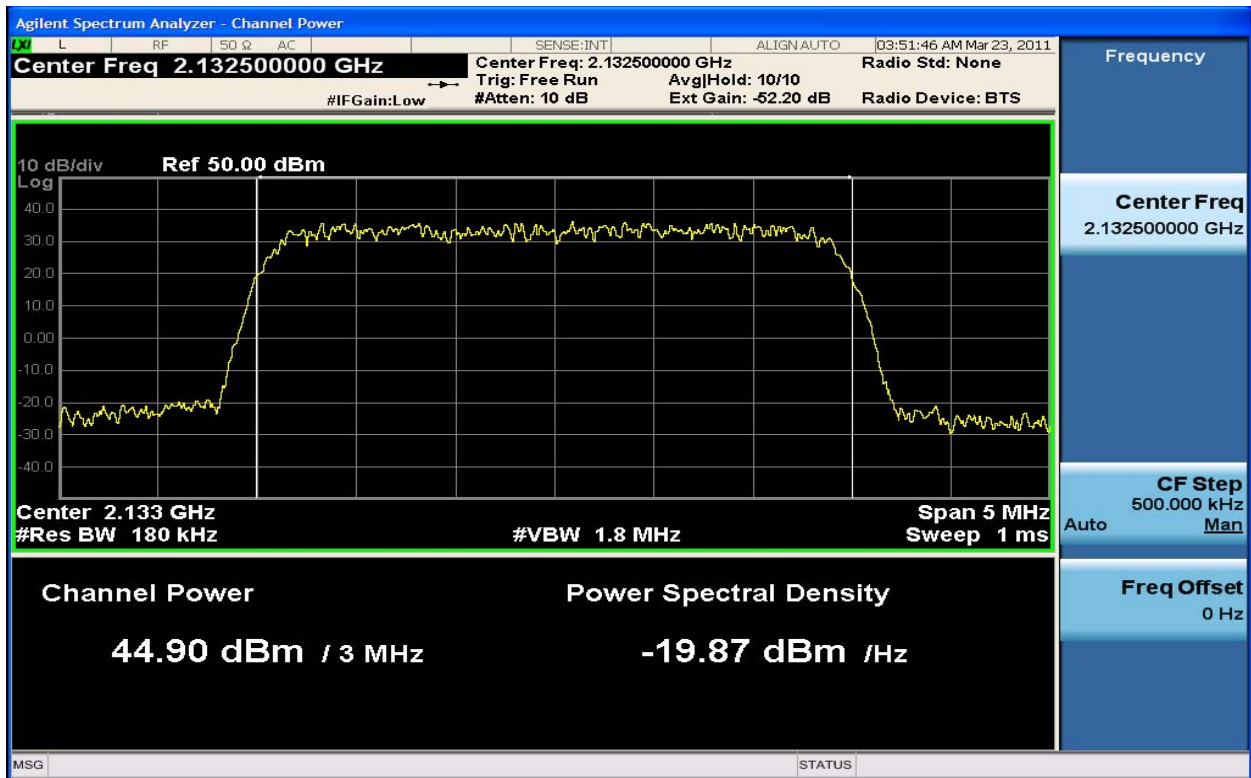


Figure 6-11: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz

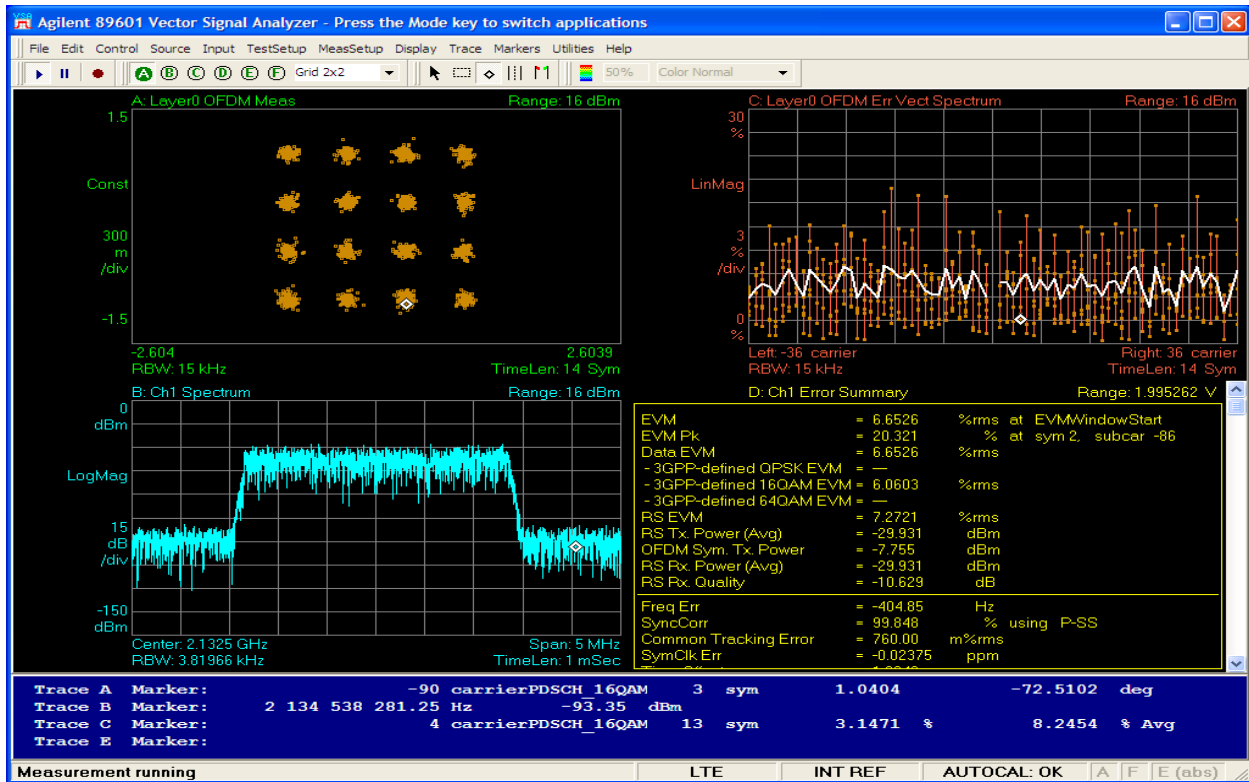


Figure 6-12: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX1_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz

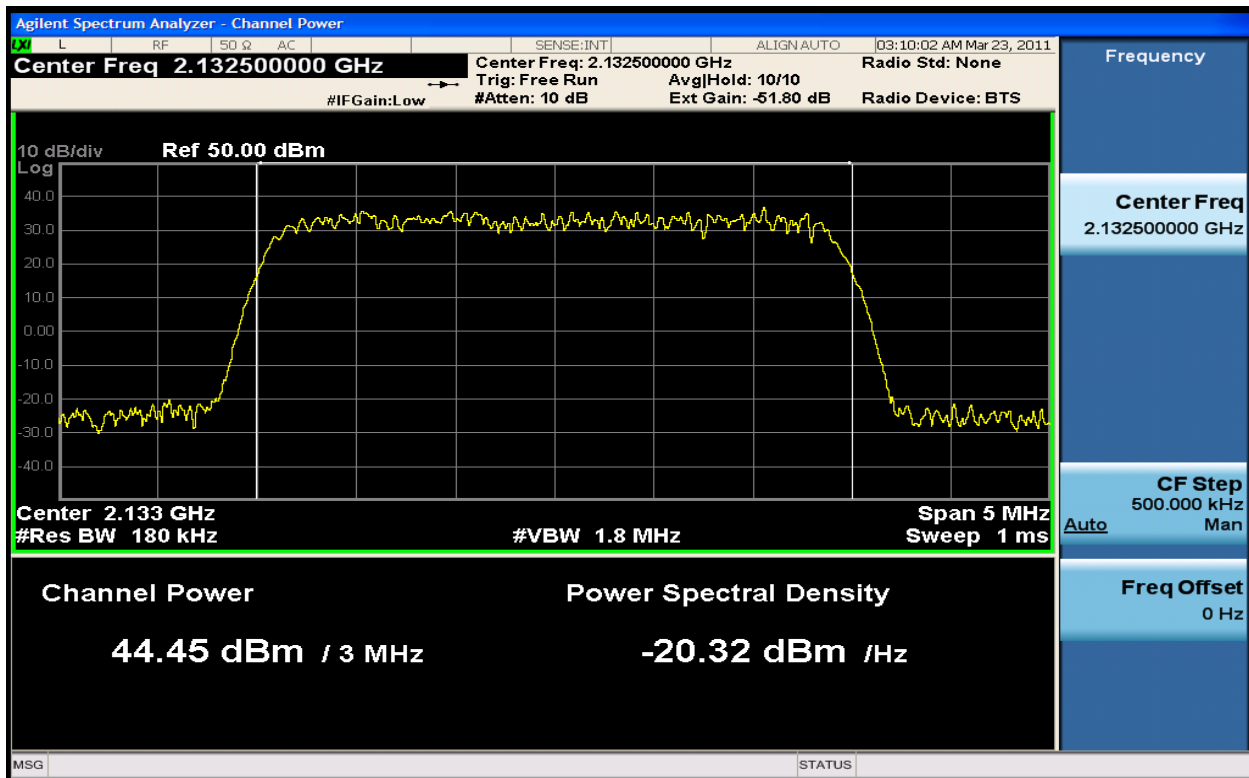


Figure 6-13: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz

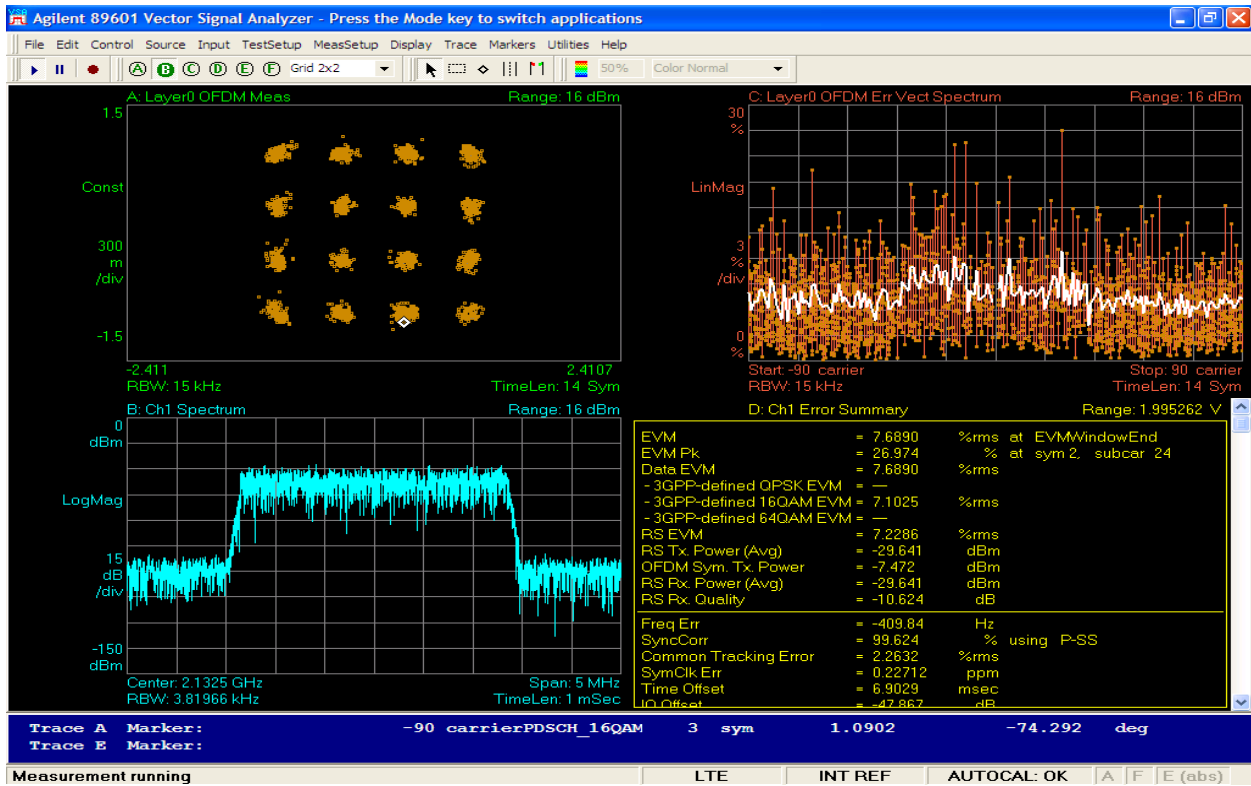


Figure 6-14: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX2_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz

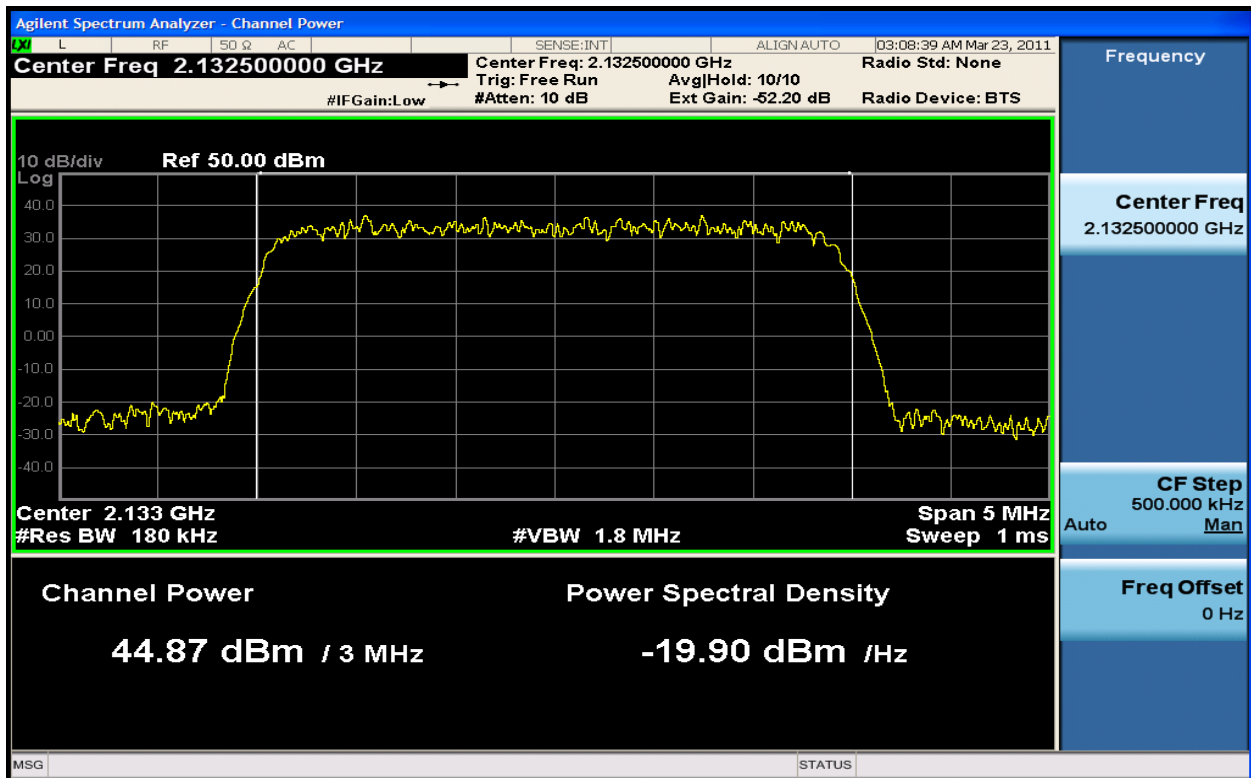


Figure 6-15: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz

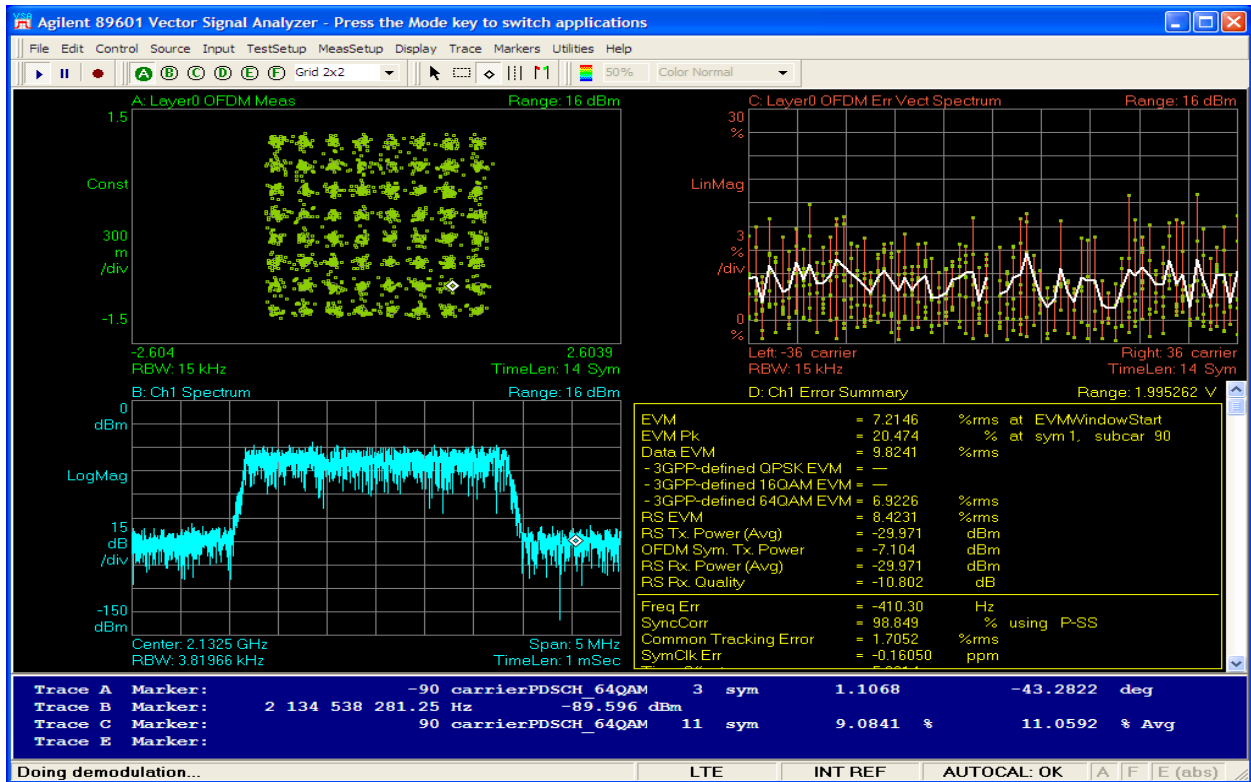


Figure 6-16: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX1_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz

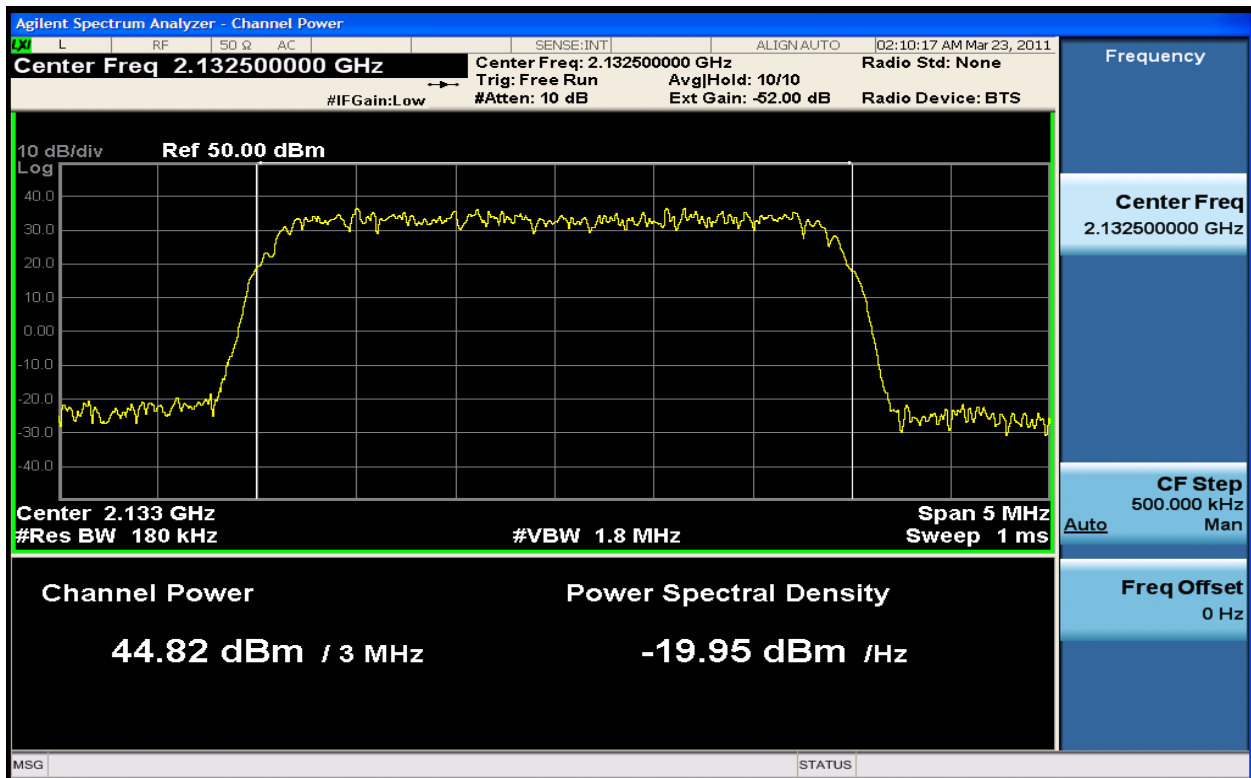


Figure 6-17: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz

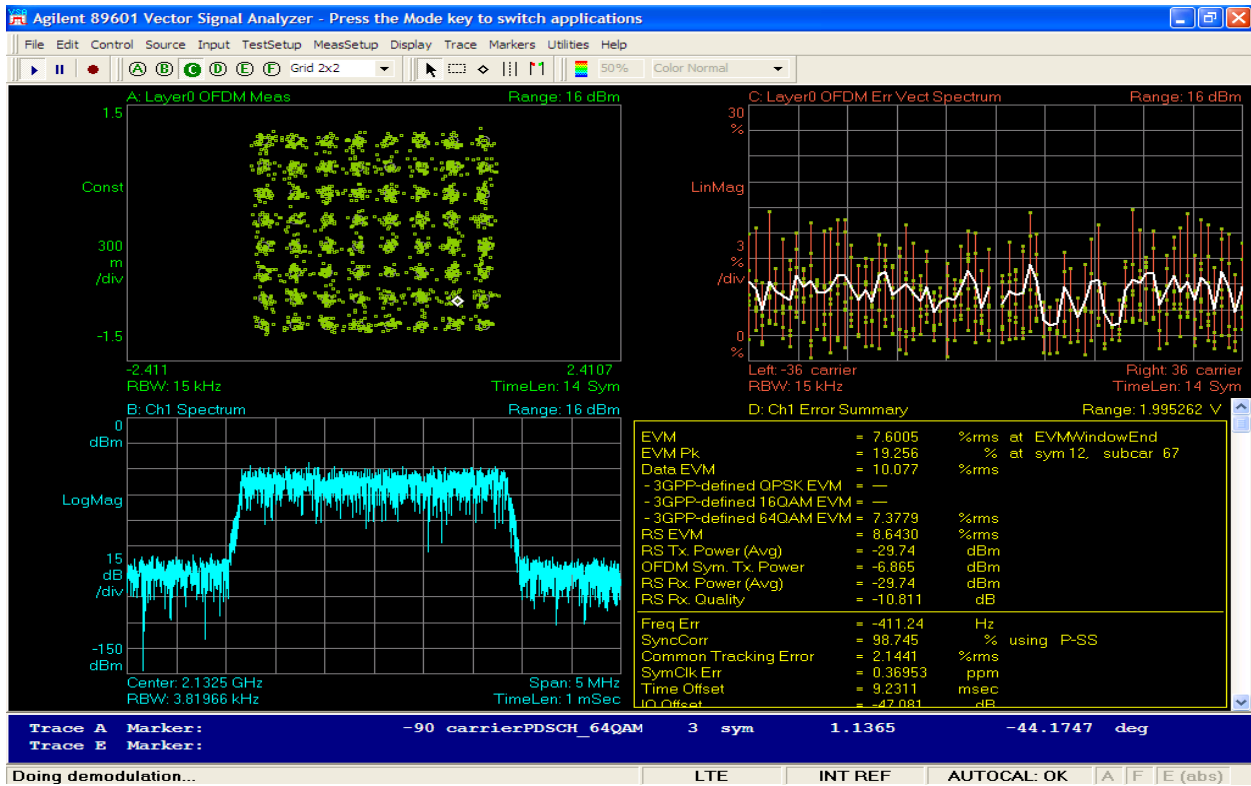


Figure 6-18: 3.0MHz BW Modulation TX2_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz

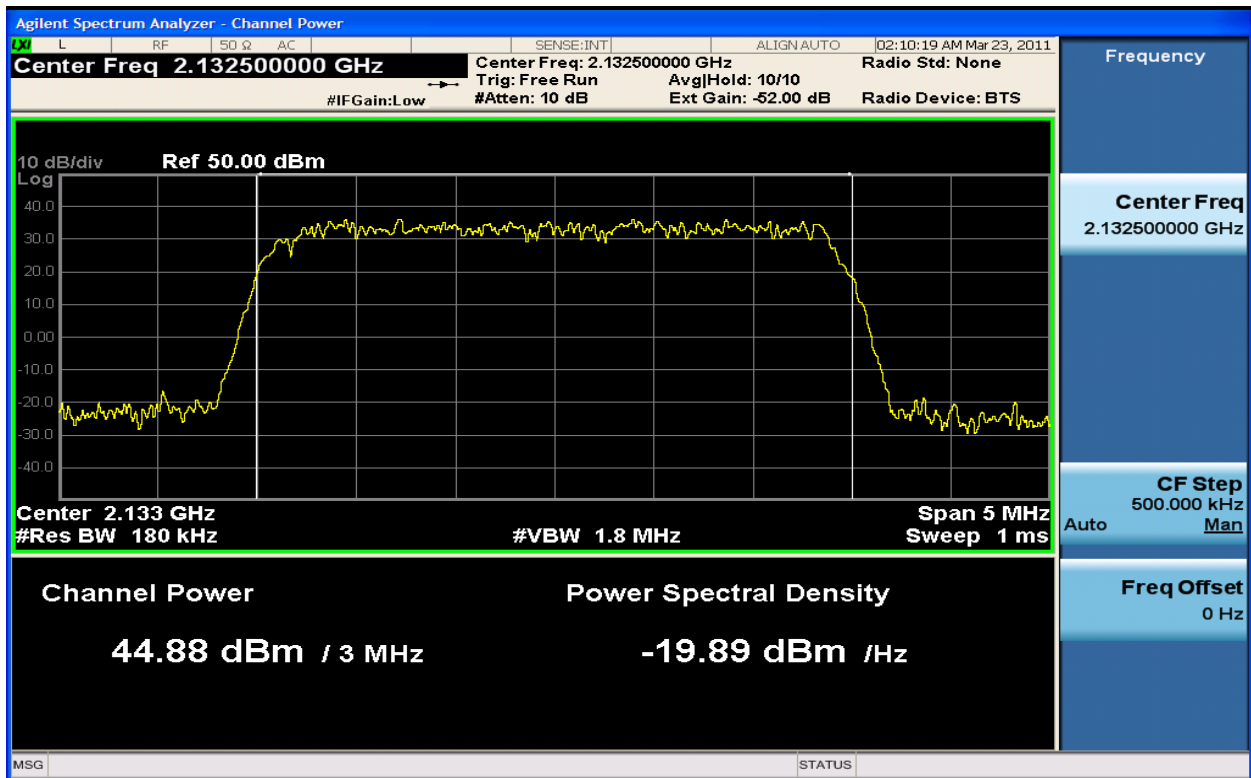


Figure 6-19: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz

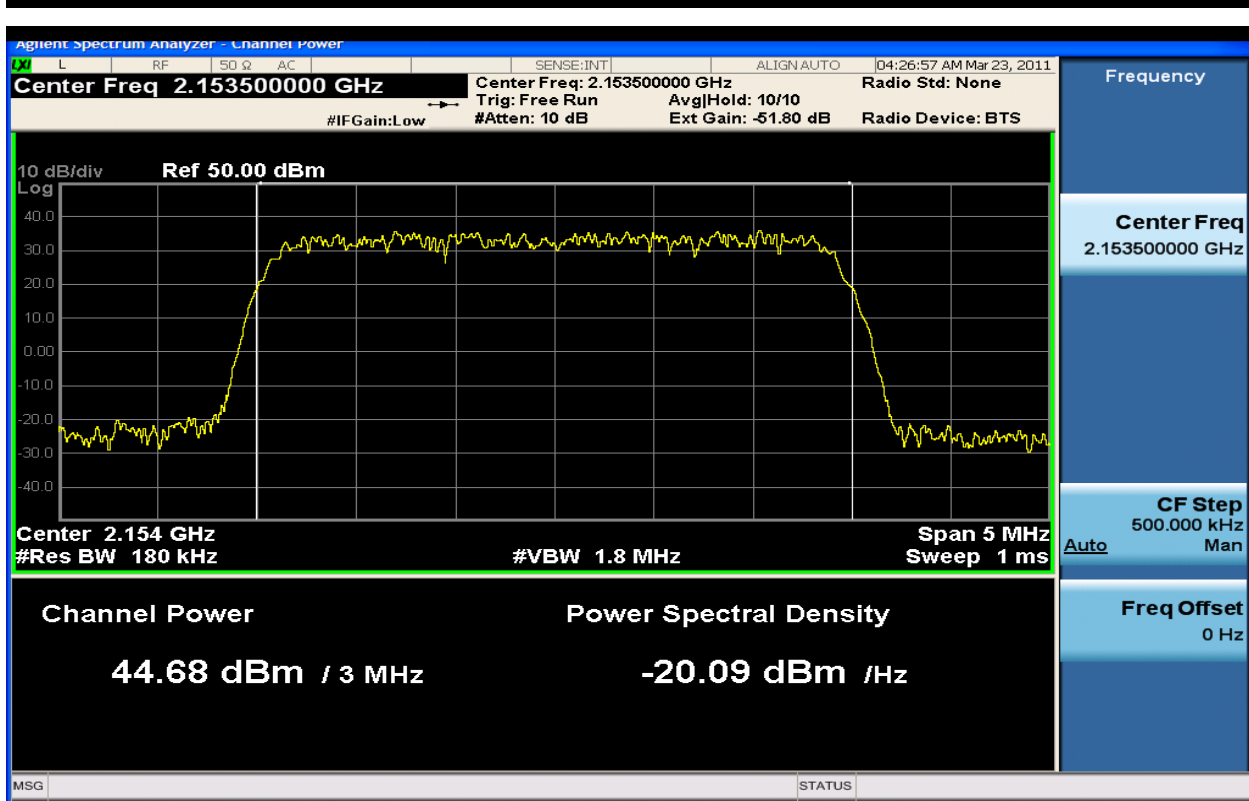


Figure 6-20: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz

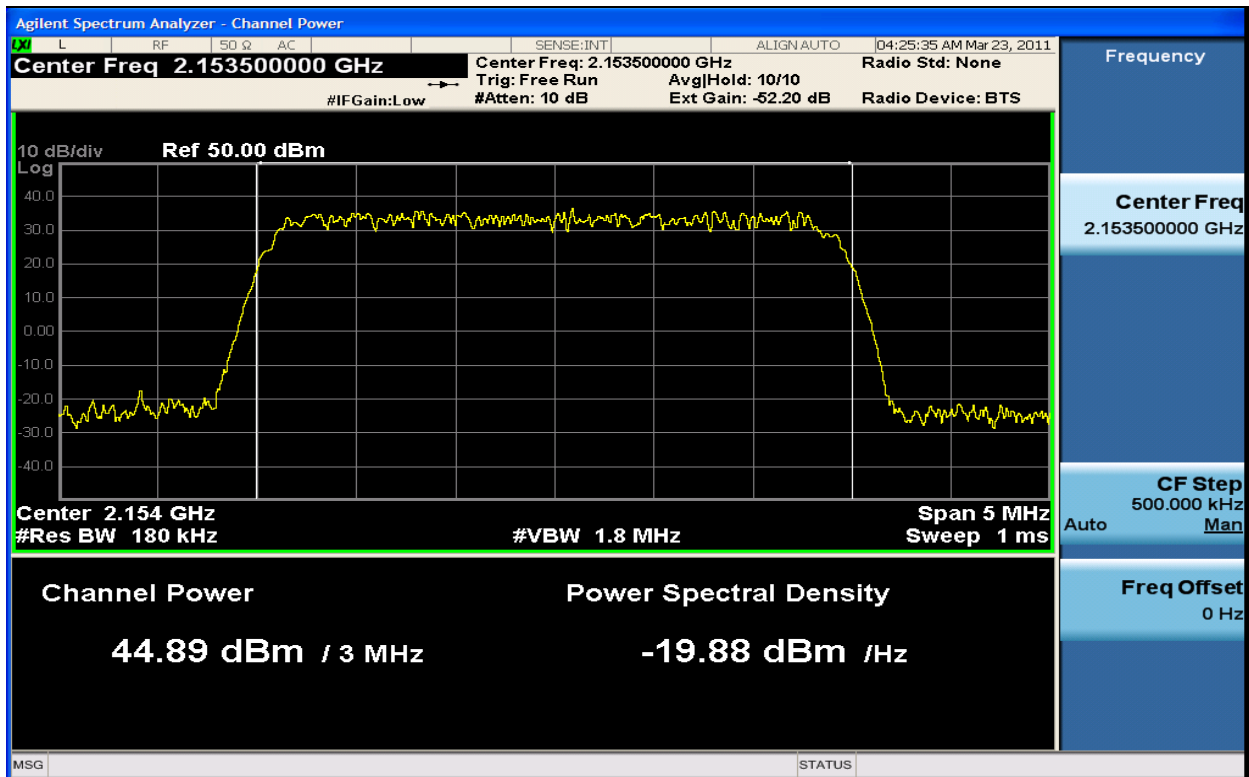


Figure 6-21: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz

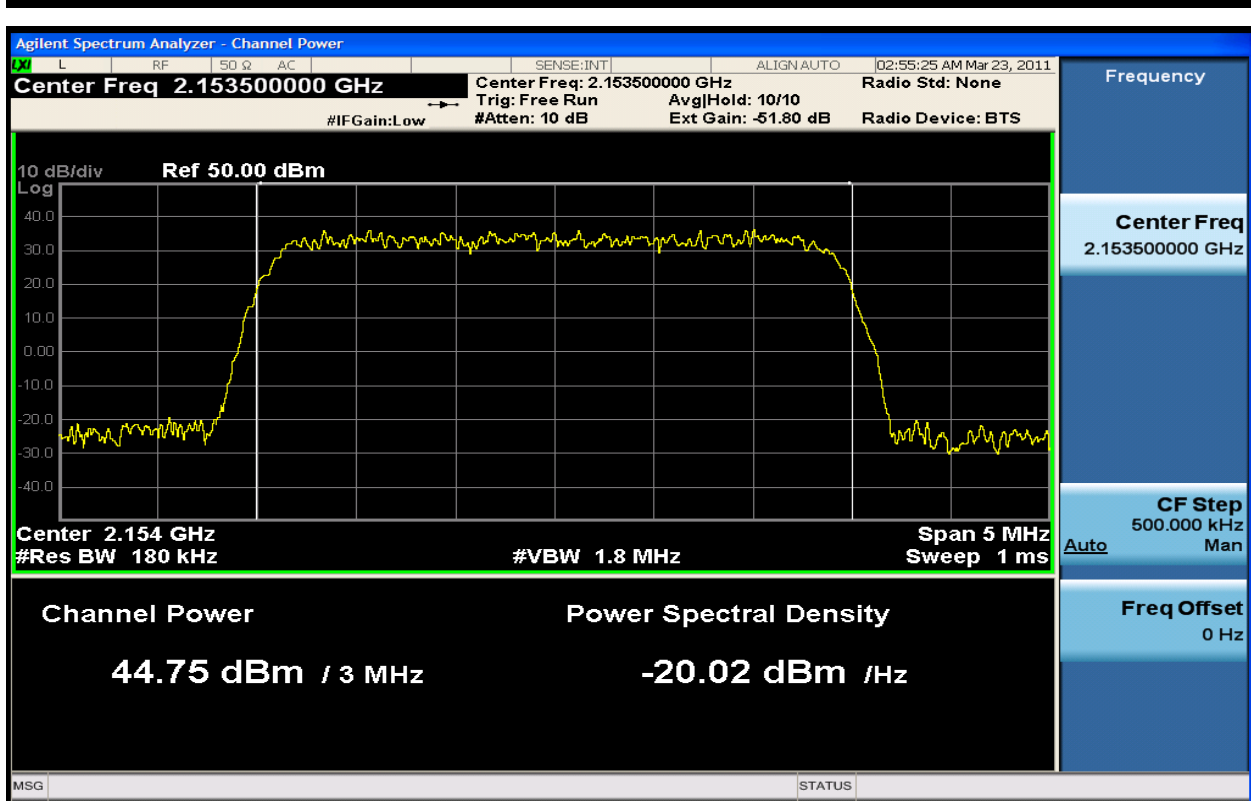


Figure 6-22: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz

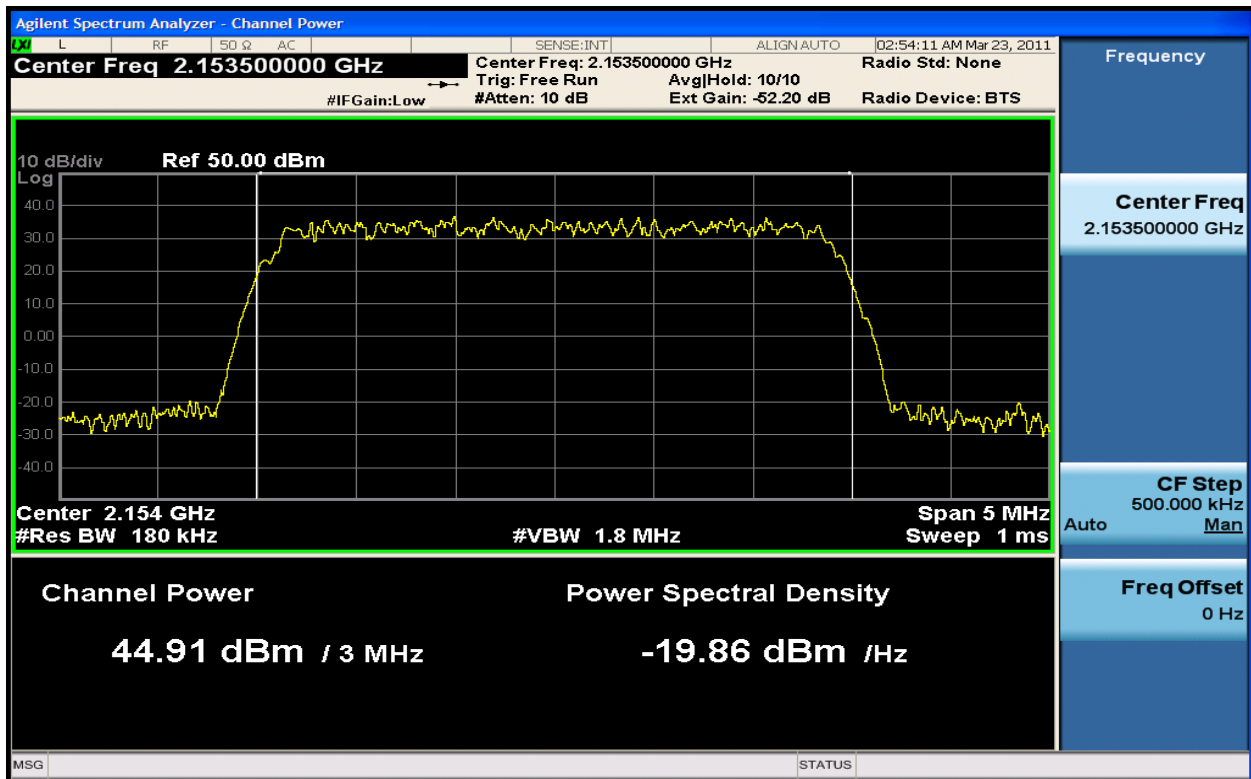


Figure 6-23: 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz

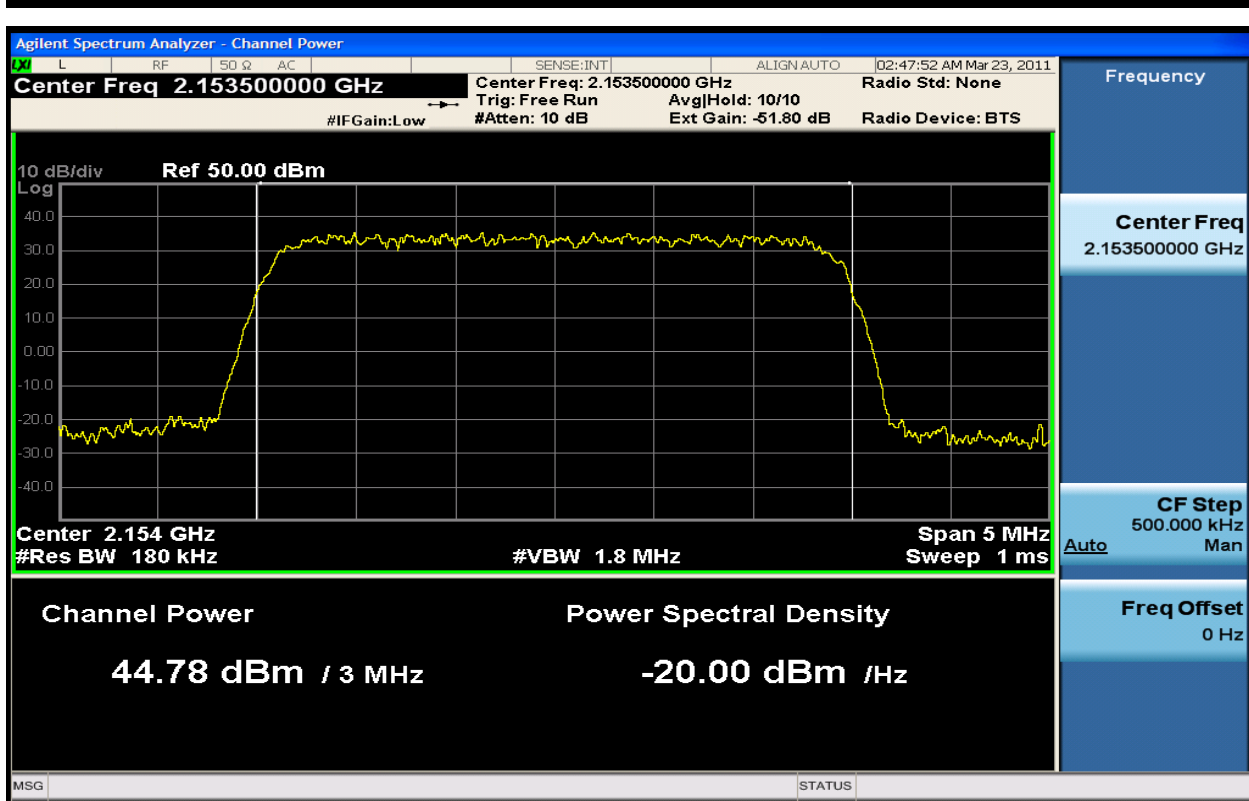


Figure 6-24 : 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX1_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz

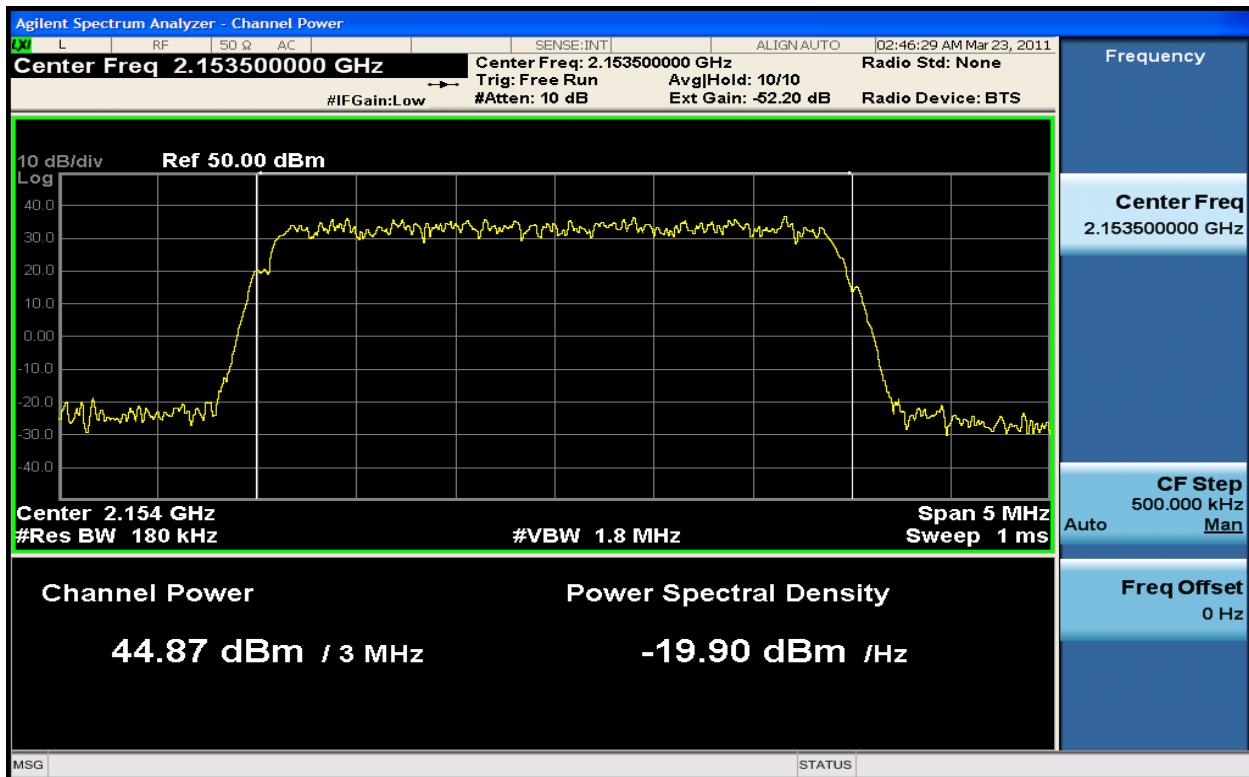


Figure 6-25 : 3.0MHz BW Channel Power TX2_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz

6.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Clause 27.50 2.1049

(a) *Occupied bandwidth.* The frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission. Occupied BW is the portion of the spectrum which contains 99% of the emitted energy (.5% of the remaining is above and .5% is below the occupied BW). The occupied bandwidth may not exceed the authorized bandwidth in the radio service rules. The occupied bandwidth test should be performed for each type of emission listed on the grant.

Procedure:

The following procedure and conditions shall apply for Occupied Bandwidth measurements. As applicable, Lower, Middle and Upper frequency offsets, modulation, and bandwidths shall be assessed and recorded along with the relevant captured plots.

Test Setup

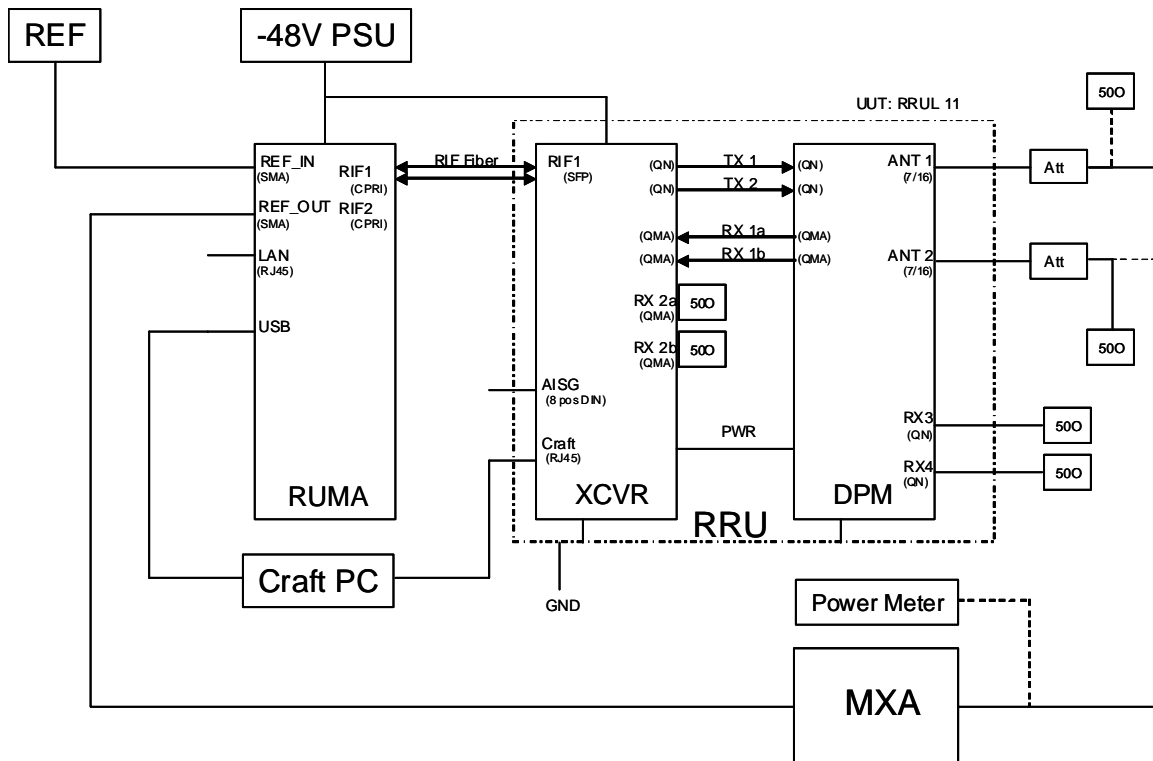


Figure 6-26: RRU Radio Compliance Set Up / Configuration

The following tables are used to summarize recorded results in addition to applicable captured plots.

Table 6-2: Setting / Measurement Results – Occupied Bandwidth 3.0MHz

Setting			Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)					
			QPSK		16 QAM		64 QAM	
			TX1	TX2	TX1	TX2	TX1	TX2
Frequency	(Lower CH_1965)	2111.5MHz	2.792	2.811	2.810	2.802	2.806	2.818
Frequency	(Middle CH_2175)	2132.5MHz	2.810	2.802	2.806	2.812	2.804	2.809
Frequency	(Upper CH_2385)	2153.5MHz	2.815	2.792	2.795	2.818	2.796	2.809
RBW		180kHz						
VBW		1.8MHz						
CH BW		3.0MHz						
Span		5MHz						
Sweep		1ms						
Reference Level Offset		53dB						
Detector		Peak						
Attenuation		10dB						

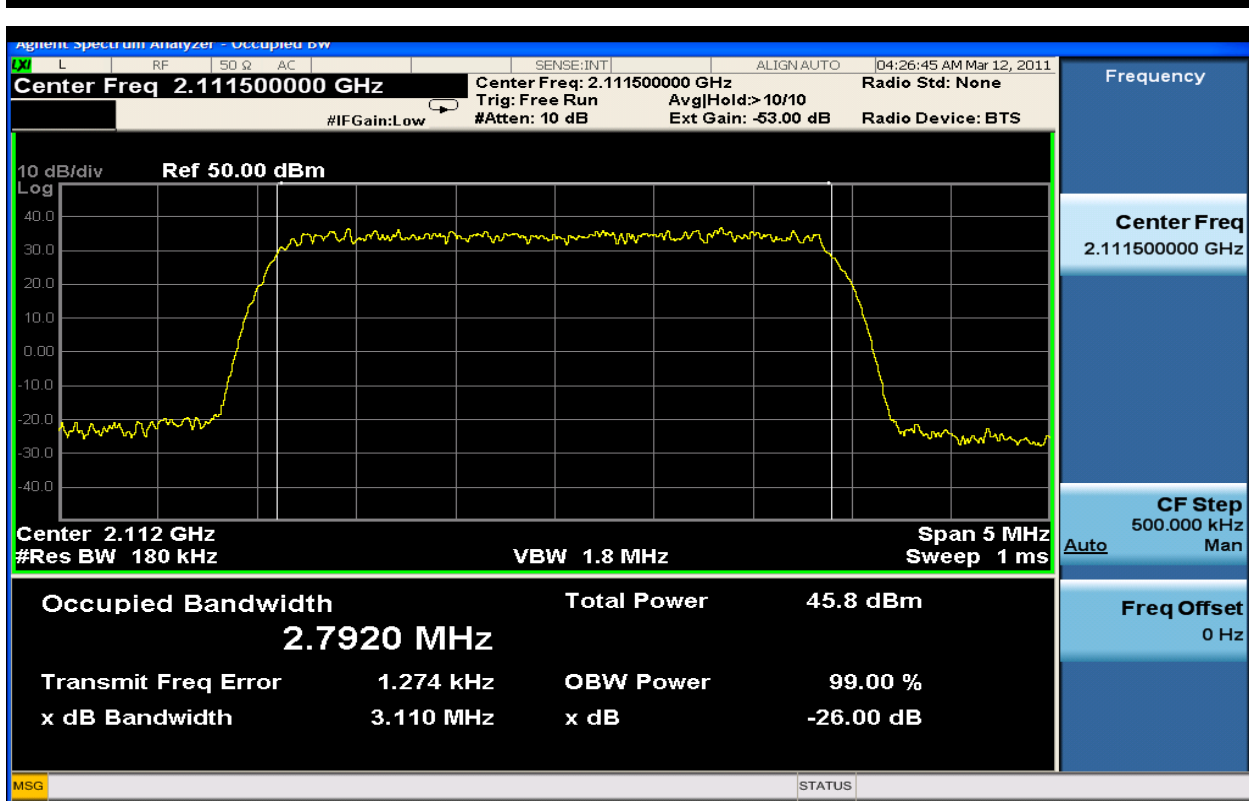


Figure 6-27: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz

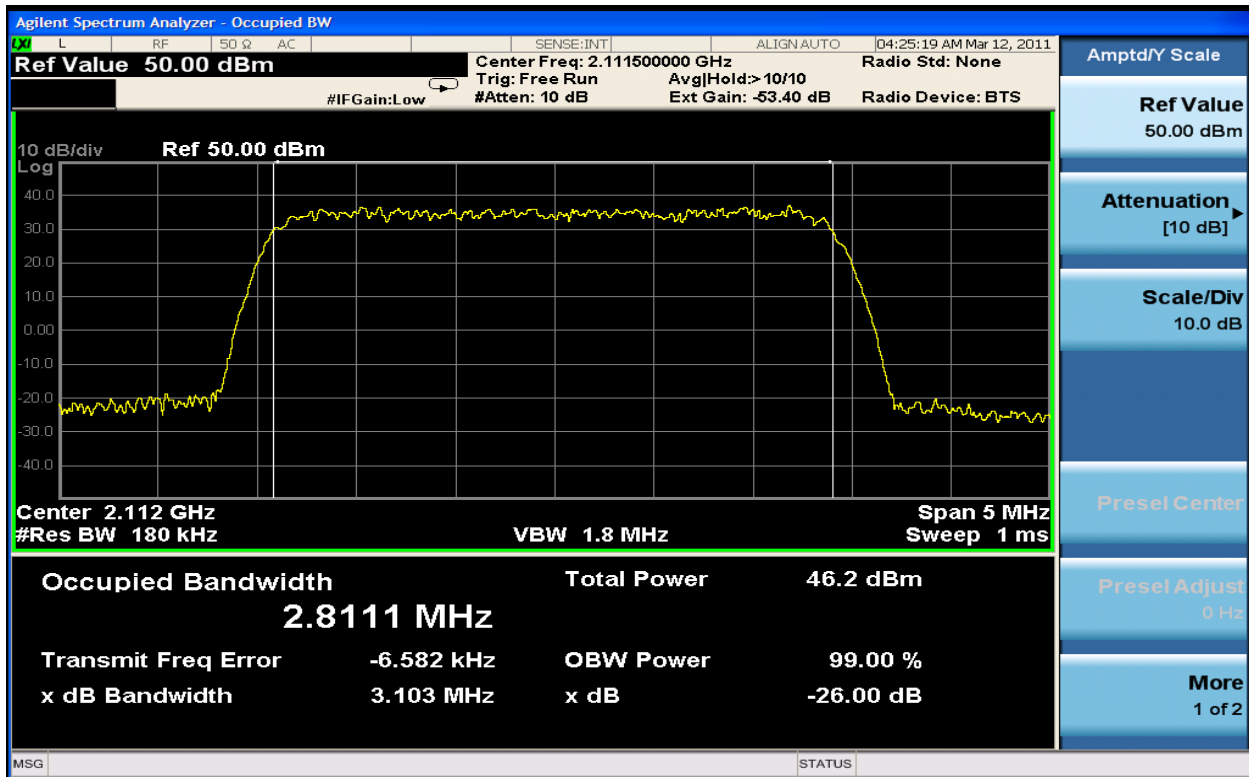


Figure 6-28: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_QPSK at 2111.5 MHz

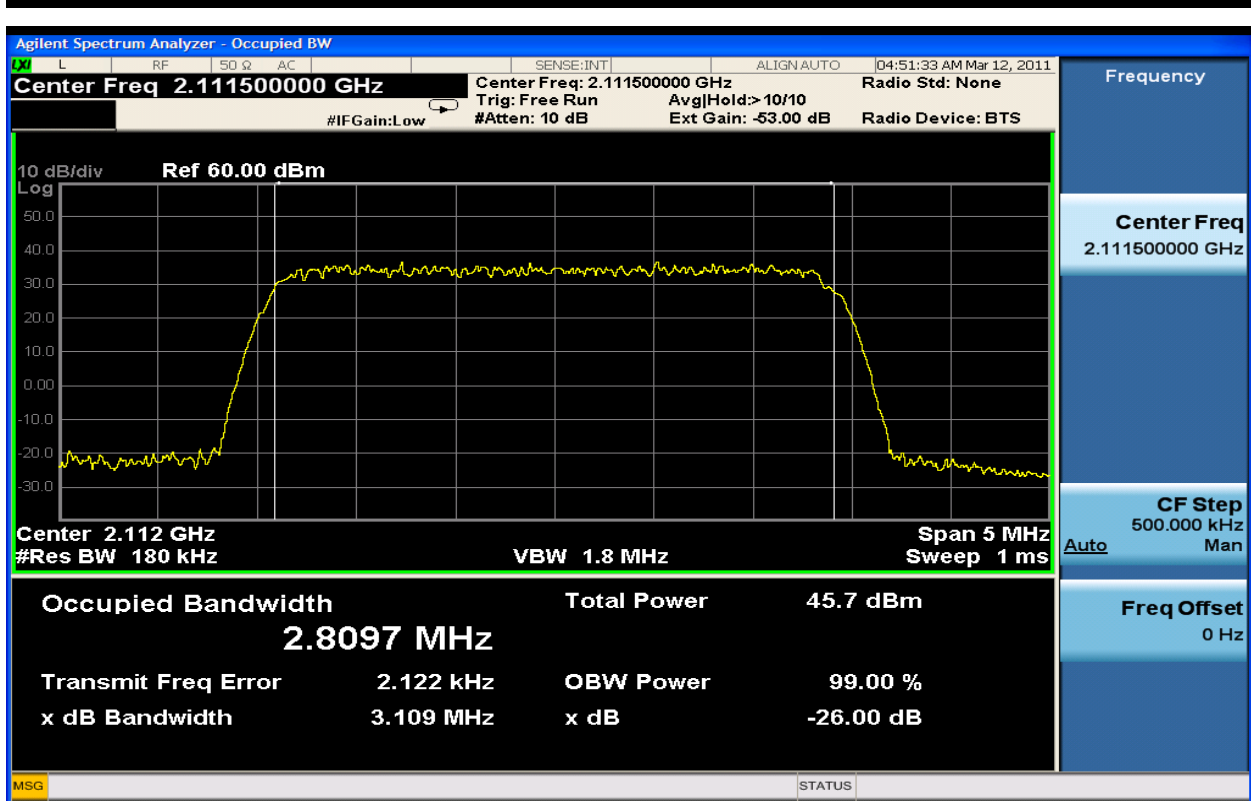


Figure 6-29: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz

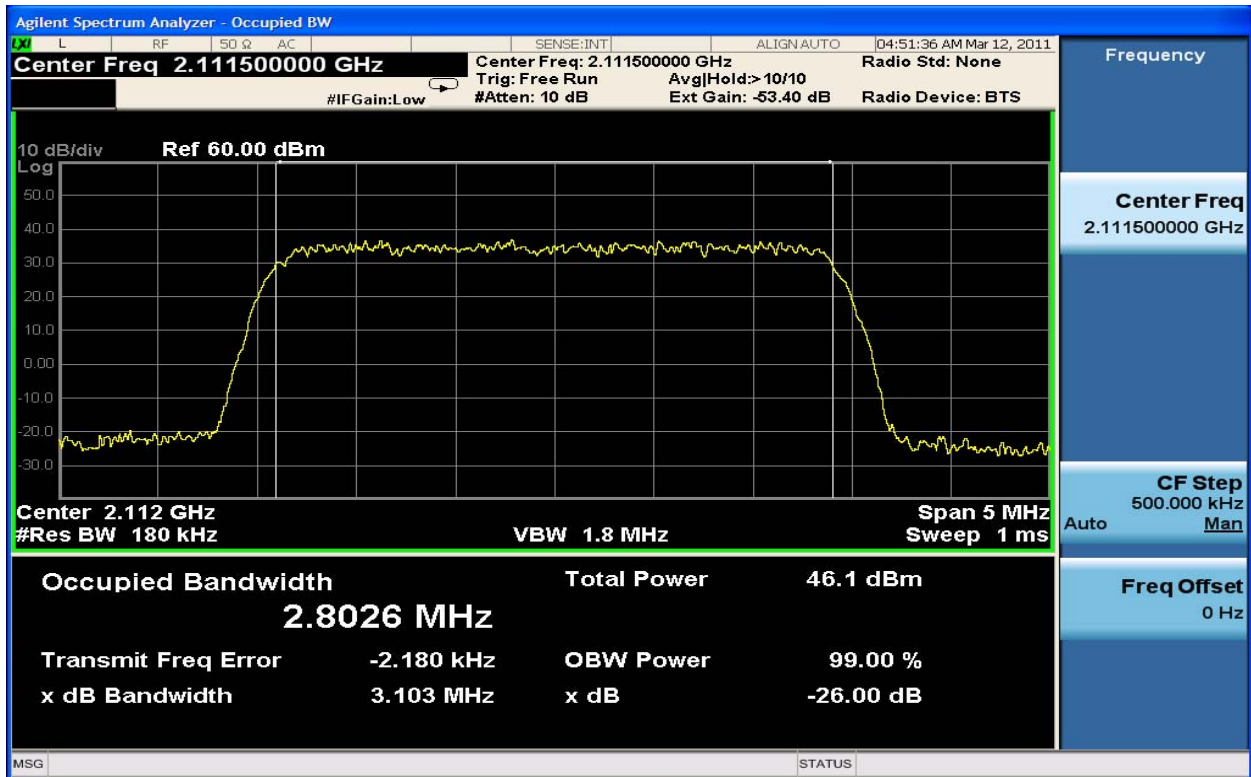


Figure 6-30: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_16QAM at 2111.5 MHz

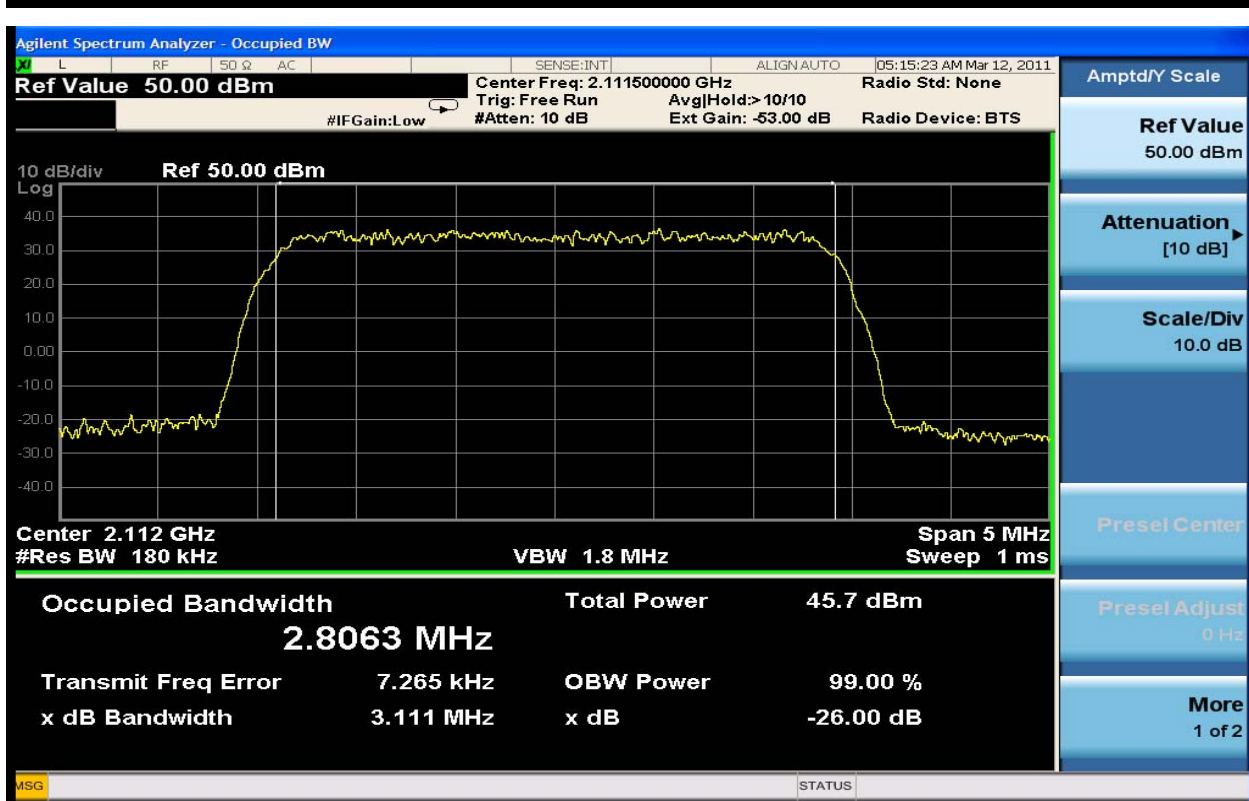


Figure 6-31: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz

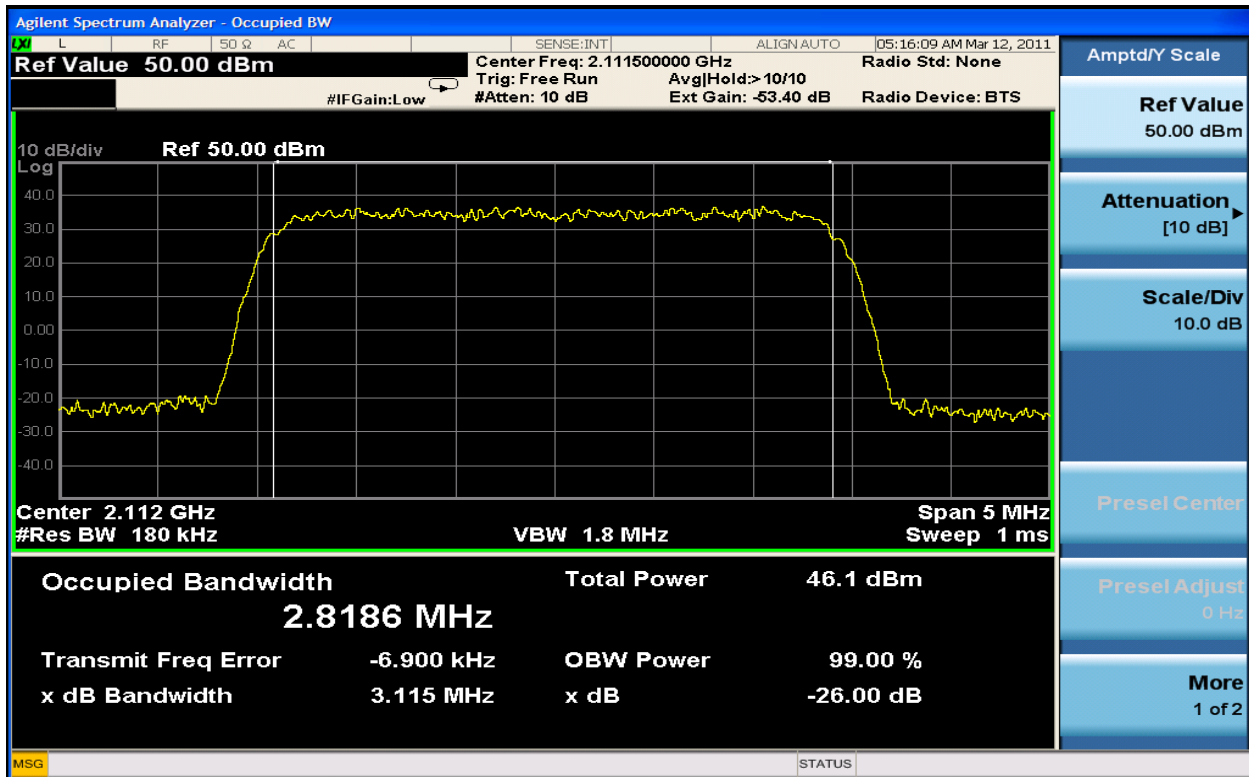


Figure 6-32: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_64QAM at 2111.5 MHz

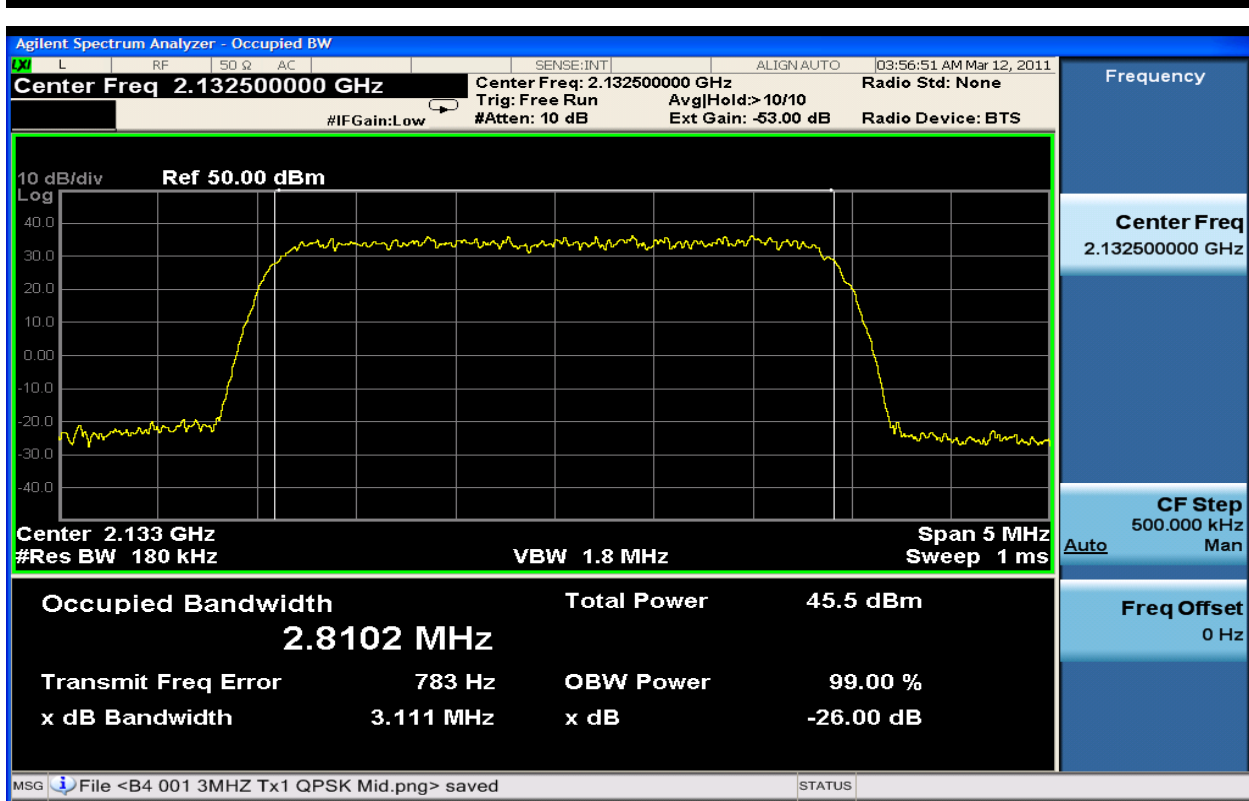


Figure 6-33: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz

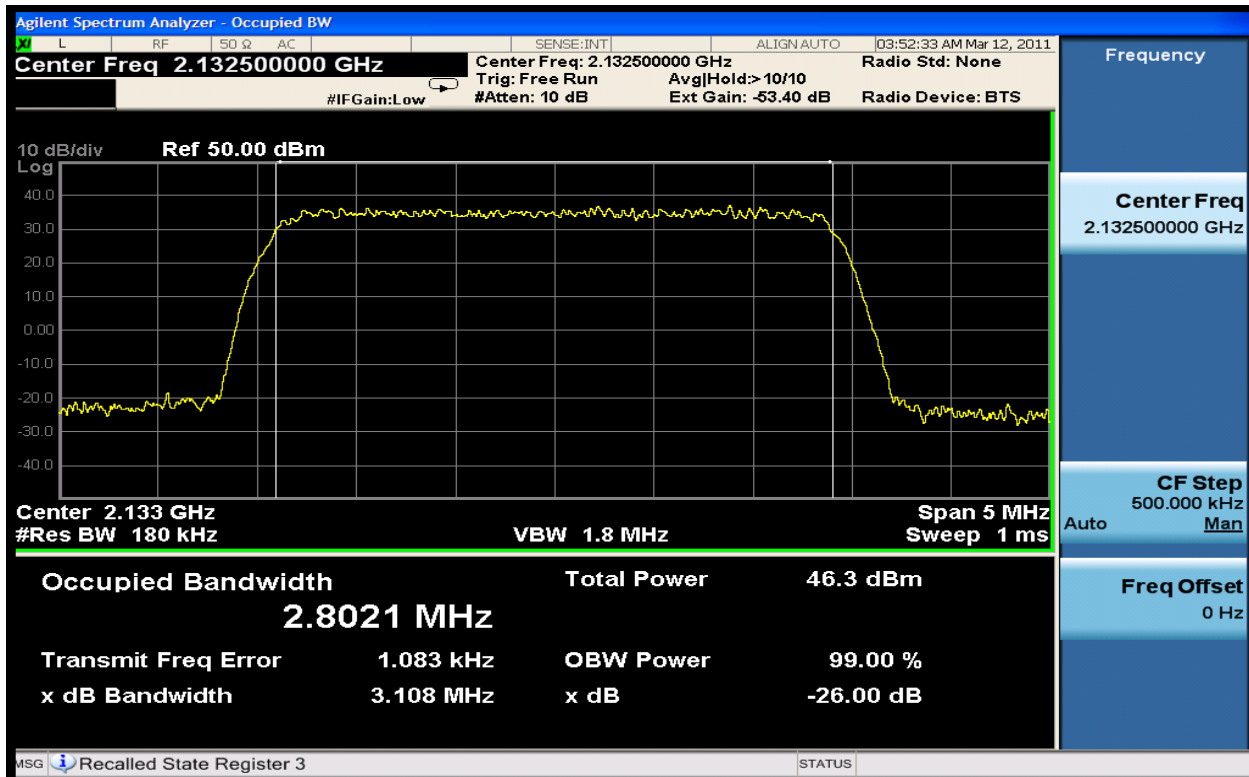


Figure 6-34: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_QPSK at 2132.5 MHz

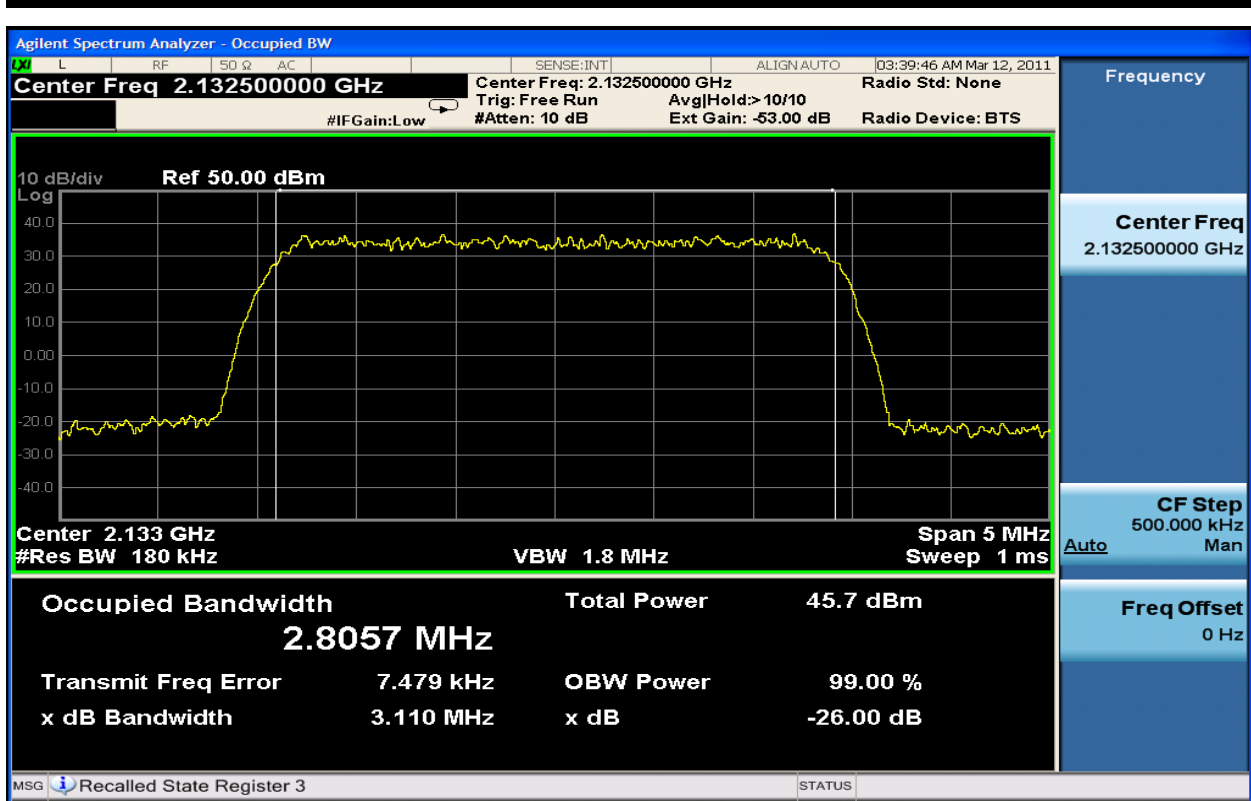


Figure 6-35: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz

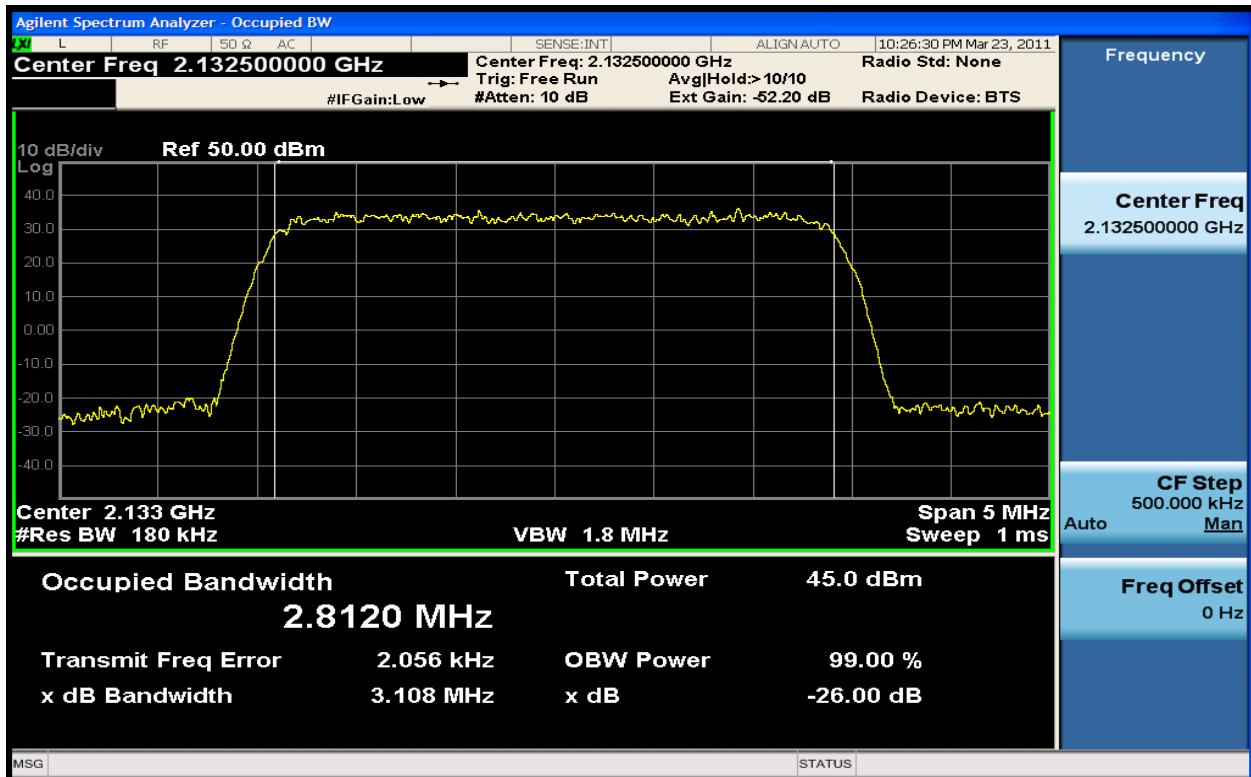


Figure 6-36: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_16QAM at 2132.5 MHz

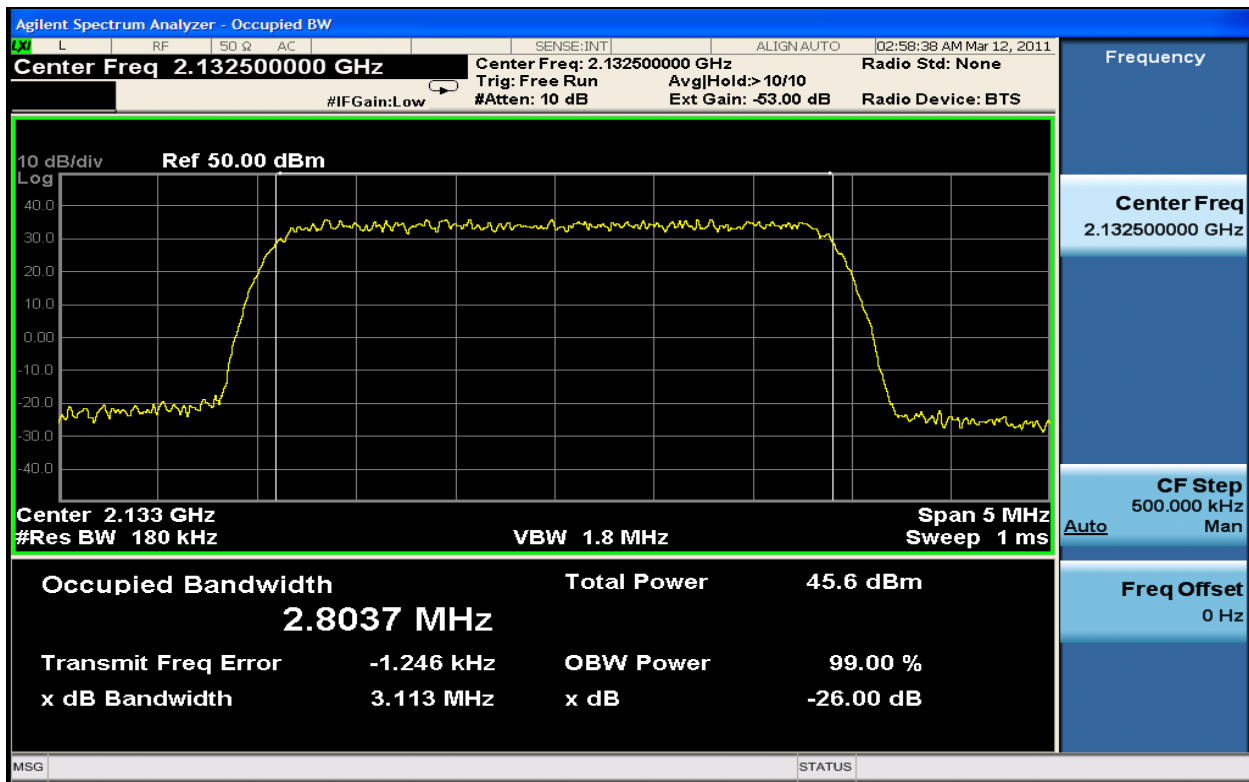


Figure 6-37: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz

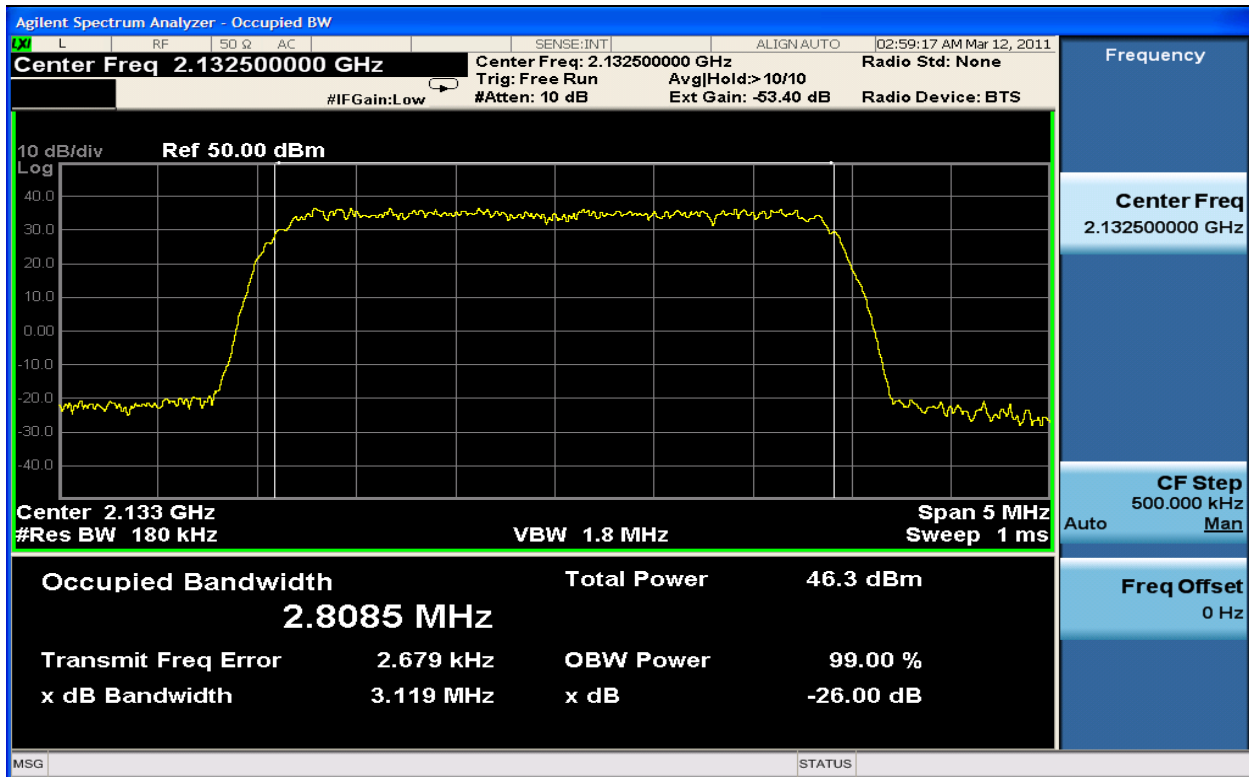


Figure 6-38: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_64QAM at 2132.5 MHz

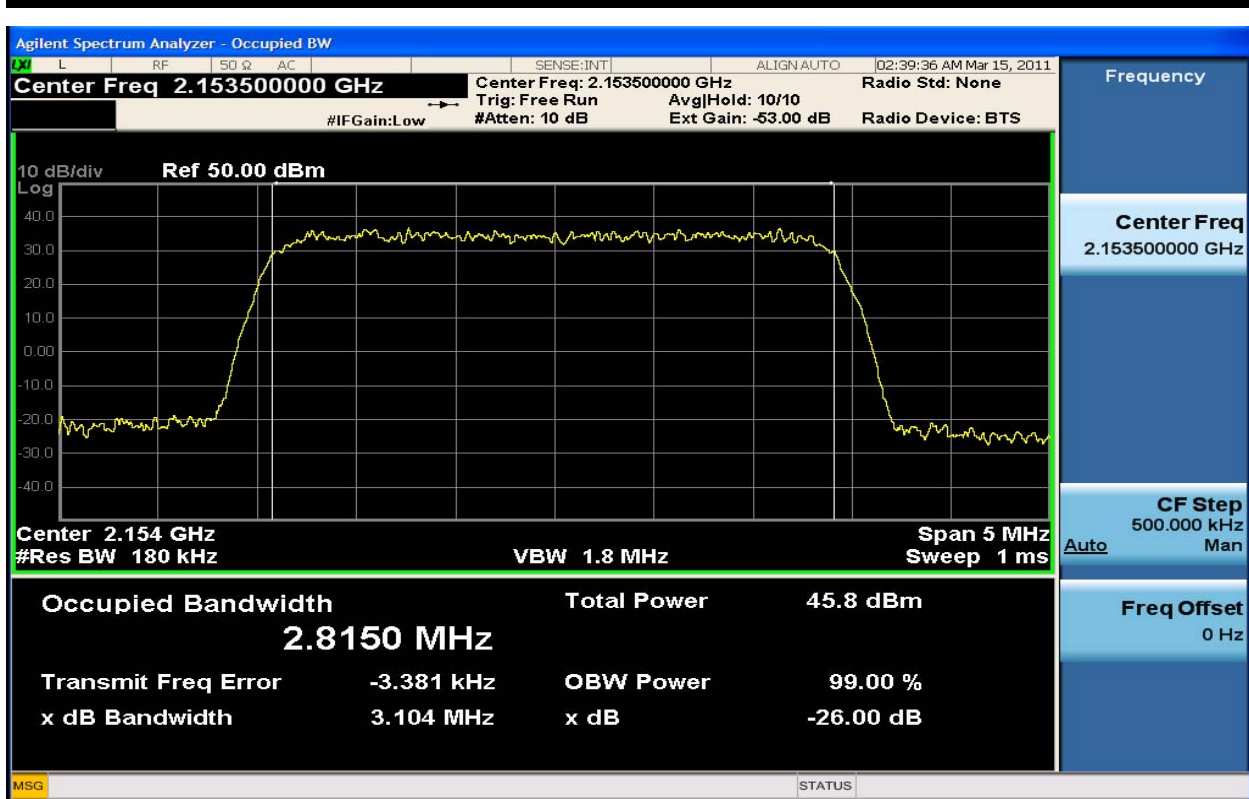


Figure 6-39: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz

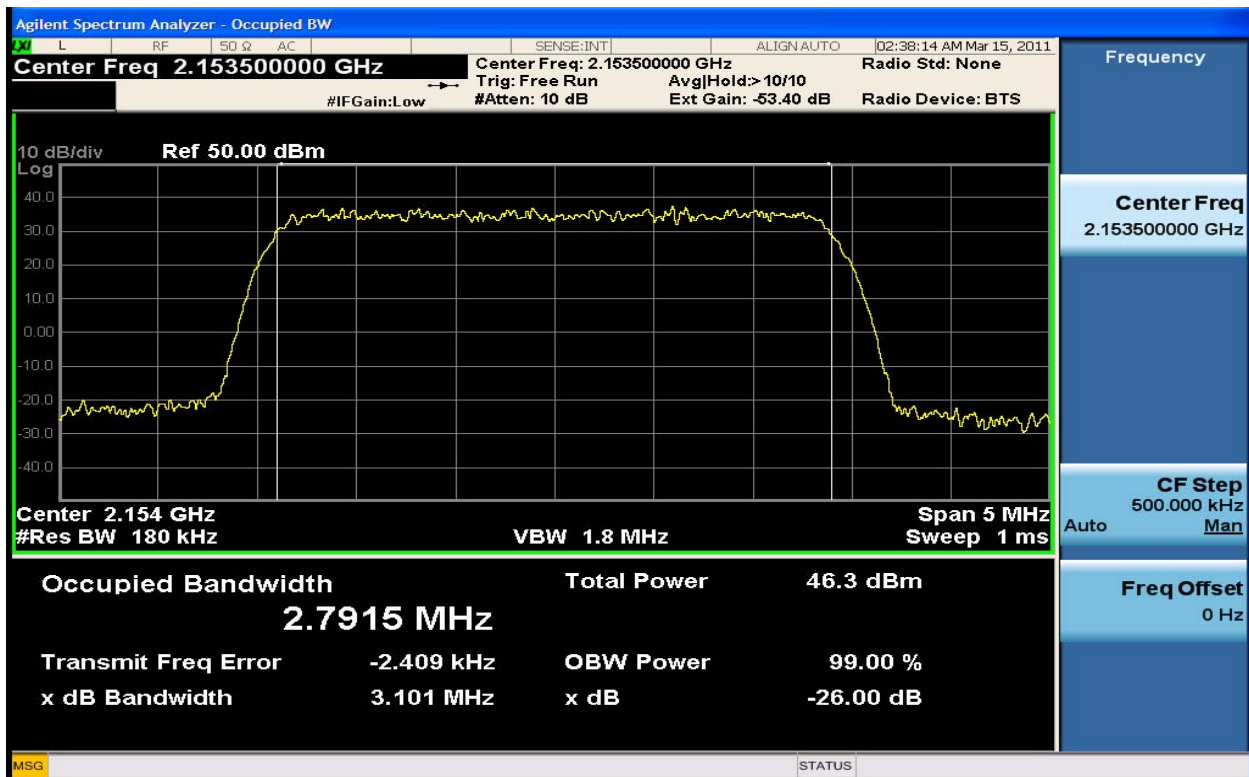


Figure 6-40: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_QPSK at 2153.5 MHz

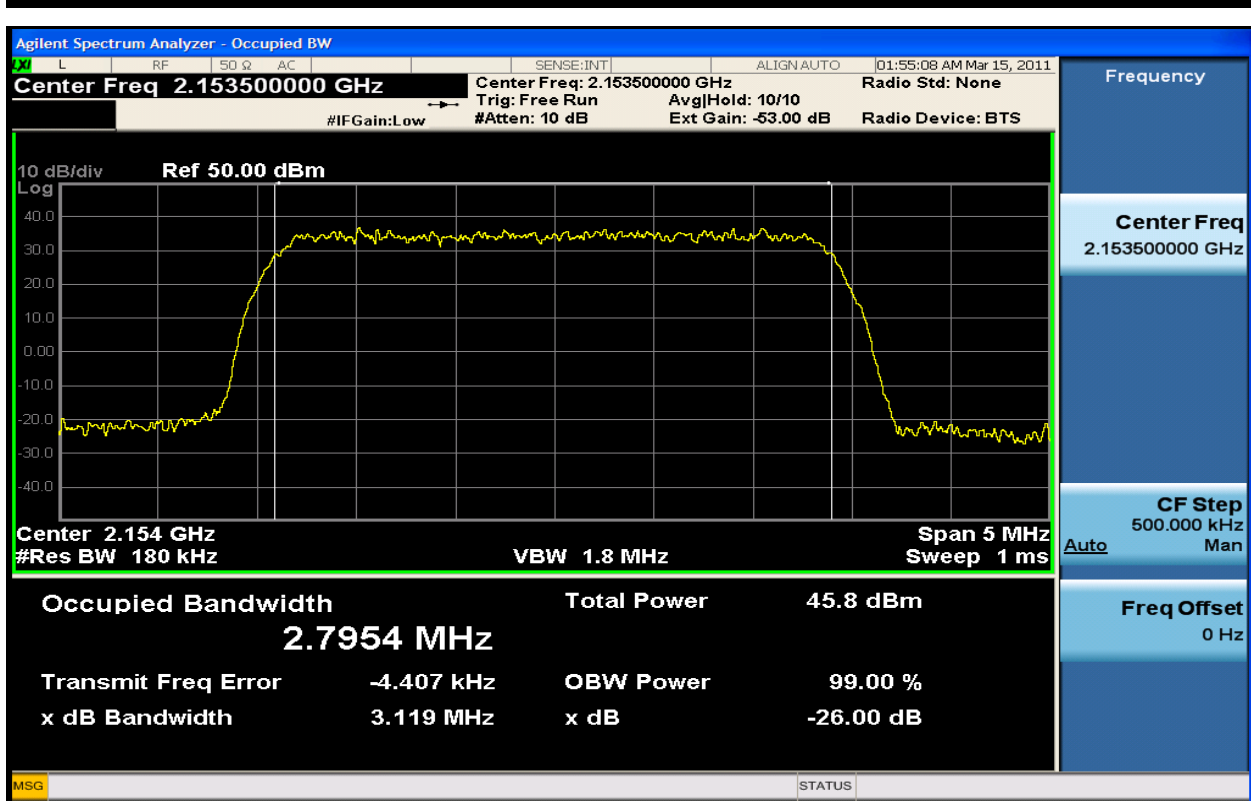


Figure 6-41: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz

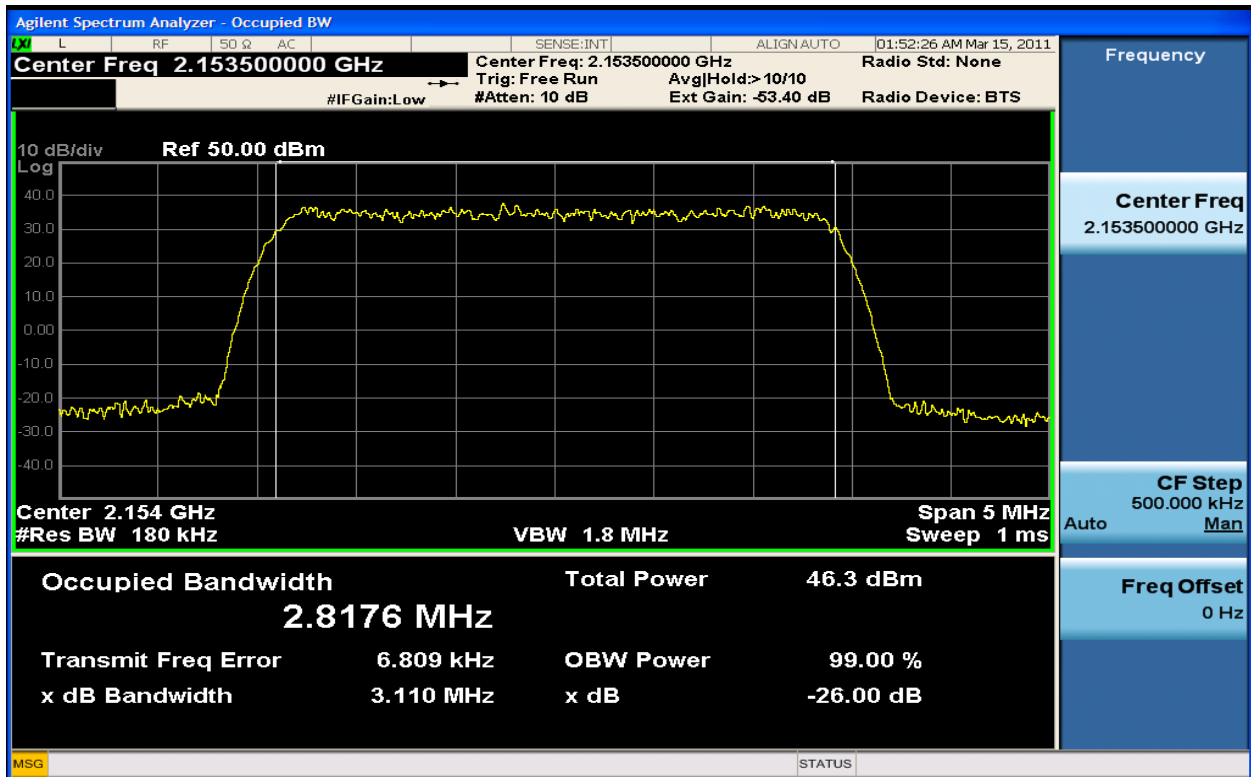


Figure 6-42: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_16QAM at 2153.5 MHz

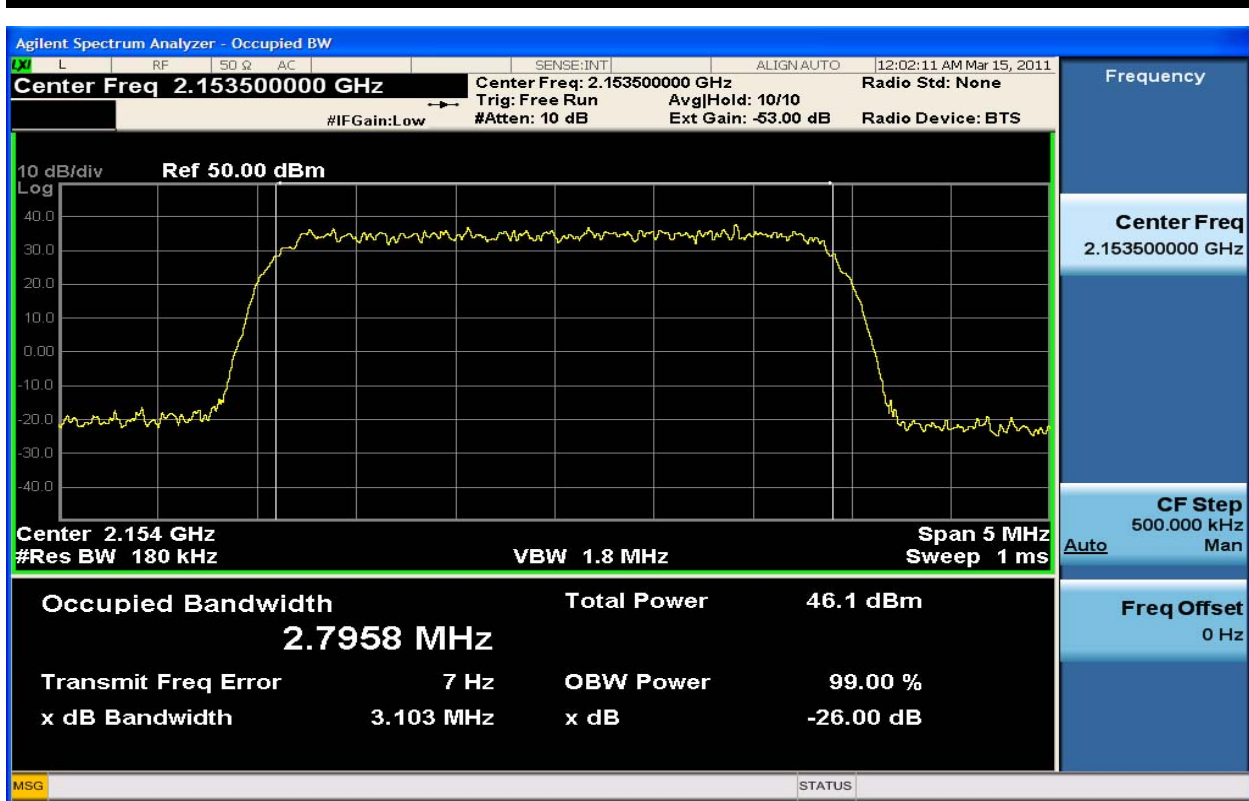


Figure 6-43: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX1_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz

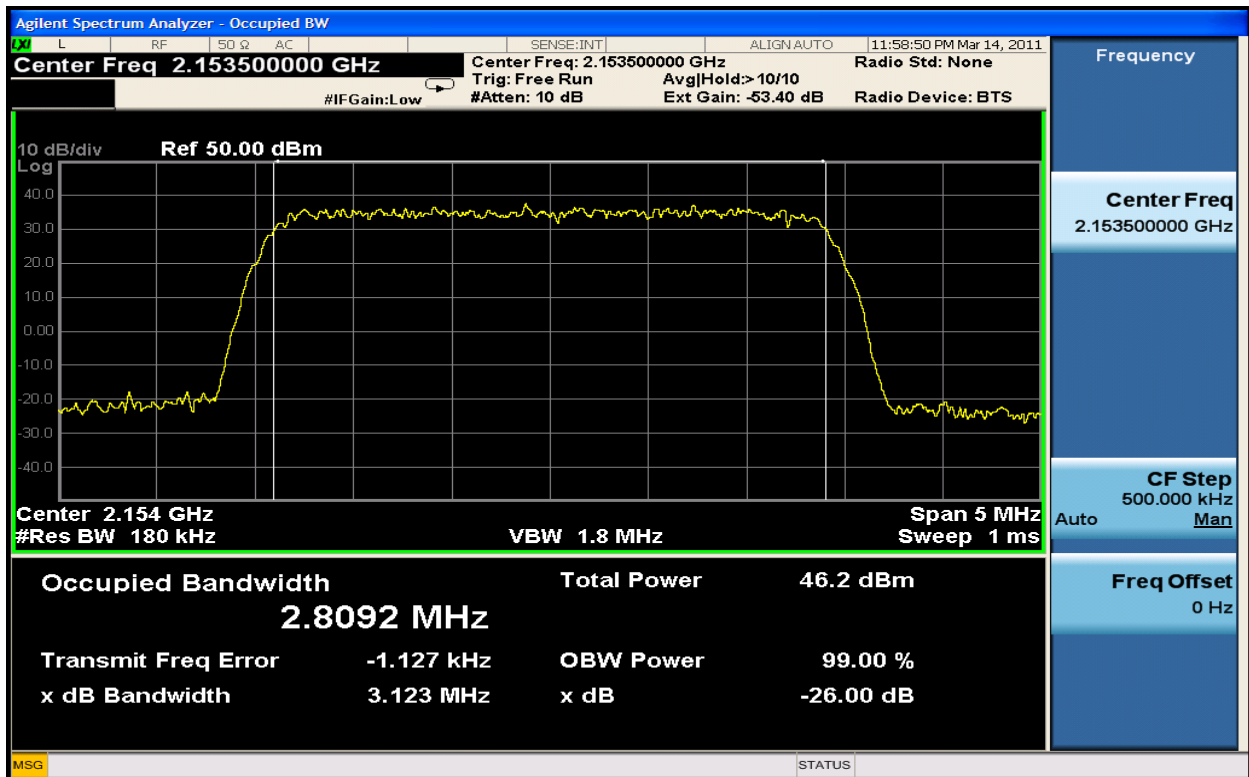


Figure 6-44: 3.0MHz Occupied Bandwidth TX2_64QAM at 2153.5 MHz

6.3 Spurious Emissions at the Antenna Terminal

Clause 27.53(h) 2.1051

(h) For operations in the 1710–1755 MHz and 2110–2155 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee’s frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.

(1) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee’s frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(2) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee’s frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

(3) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

(i) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

Test Setup:

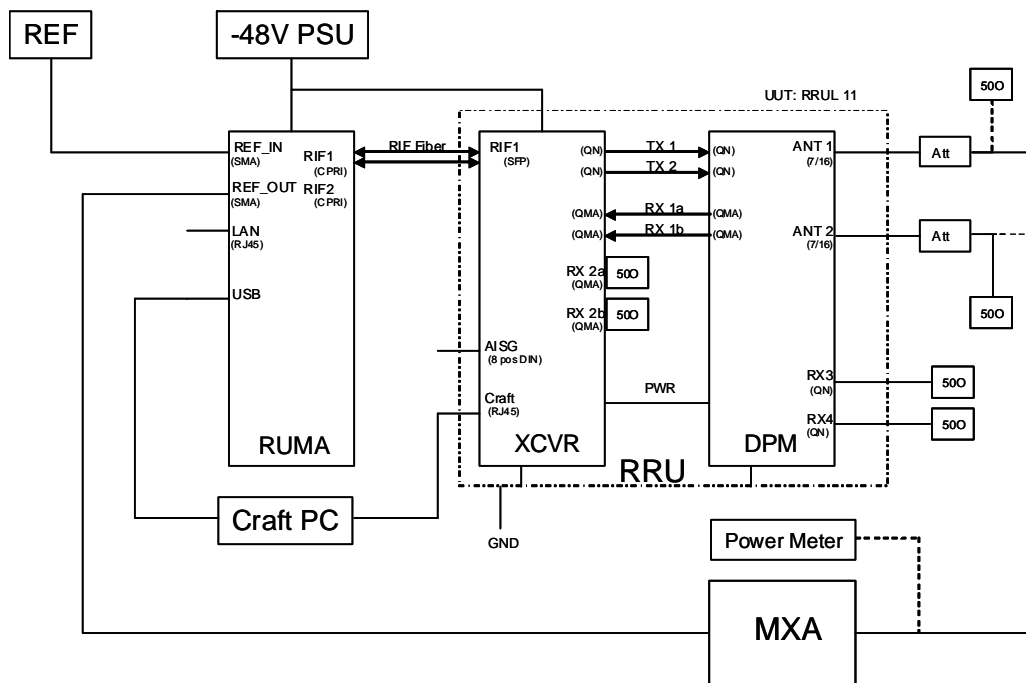


Figure 6-45: RRU Radio Compliance Set Up / Configuration

Procedure:

The following procedure and conditions shall apply for Spurious Emission measurements. As applicable, lower and high side offsets from the channel shall be assessed with respect to all modulation, and bandwidths as well as all emissions up to 26.5GHz. Results shall be compiled and recorded along with the relevant captured plots.

$$\text{FCC Limit} = \text{PWR (dBm)} - [43 + 10\log(\text{PWR (w)})] = 44.8 - 43 + 10\log(30) = -13\text{dBm}$$

Table 6-3: Setting / Measurement Results – Spurious Emissions Band Edge BW = 3.0MHz

Setting Measurement ACP < 2MHz		Spurious Emissions (dBm) FCC Limit -13dBm					
		QPSK		16 QAM		64 QAM	
		TX1	TX2	TX1	TX2	TX1	TX2
		Lower Edge Emission					
Frequency (Lower CH_1965)	2111.5MHz	-22.48	-22.77	-22.65	-22.82	-23.53	-23.30
Frequency (Middle CH_2175)	2132.5MHz	-23.50	-22.62	-23.31	-23.50	-23.85	-21.88
Frequency (Upper CH_2385)	2153.5MHz	-21.29	-23.03	-22.68	-23.99	-22.74	-24.49
		Upper Edge Emission					
Frequency (Lower CH_1965)	2111.5MHz	-25.25	-24.01	-25.31	-24.68	-24.45	-23.79
Frequency (Middle CH_2175)	2132.5MHz	-25.53	-22.30	-24.90	-23.54	-26.80	-23.70
Frequency (Upper CH_2385)	2153.5MHz	-24.85	-22.56	-23.00	-23.73	-24.16	-25.40
RBW (MBW=50/100kHz)	30kHz						
VBW	3kHz						
CH BW	3.0MHz	Lower Margin to FCC Limit (dB)					
Reference Level Offset	53dB	8.29	9.62	9.65	9.82	9.74	8.88
Detector	RMS	Upper Margin to FCC Limit (dB)					
Attenuation	10dB	11.85	9.30	10.00	10.54	11.16	10.70

Table 6-4: Setting / Results – BW = 3.0MHz, Spurious Emissions 30MHz - 26.5GHz

Setting Measurement 30MHz – 26.5GHz		Spurious Emissions (dBm) FCC Limit -13dBm			
		64 QAM			
		TX1	TX2		
Frequency (Lower CH_1965)	2111.5MHz	All emissions were below MXA noise floor			
Frequency (Upper CH_2385)	2153.5MHz	All emissions were below MXA noise floor			
RBW	3.0MHz				
VBW	300kHz				
CH BW	3.0MHz				
Reference Level Offset	53 dB				
Detector	RMS	Margin to FCC Limit (dB)			
Attenuation	6dB	> 8.0dB			

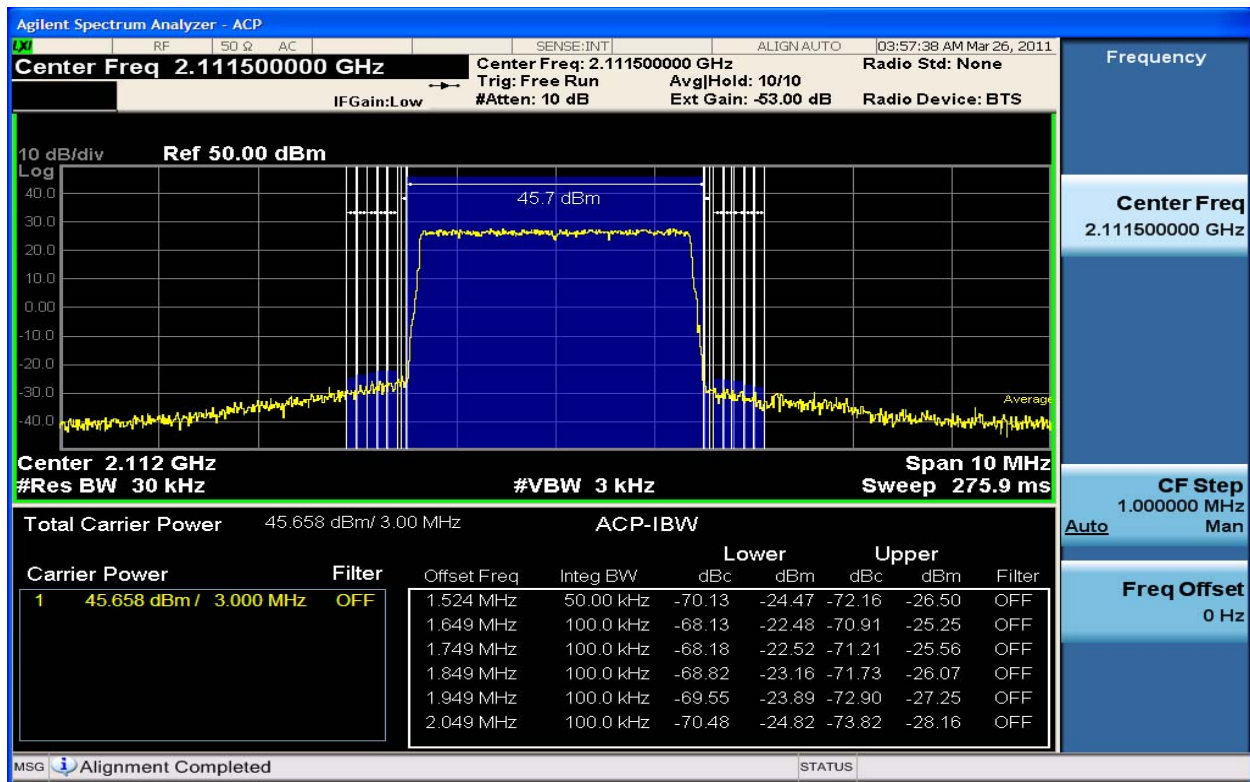


Figure 6-46 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

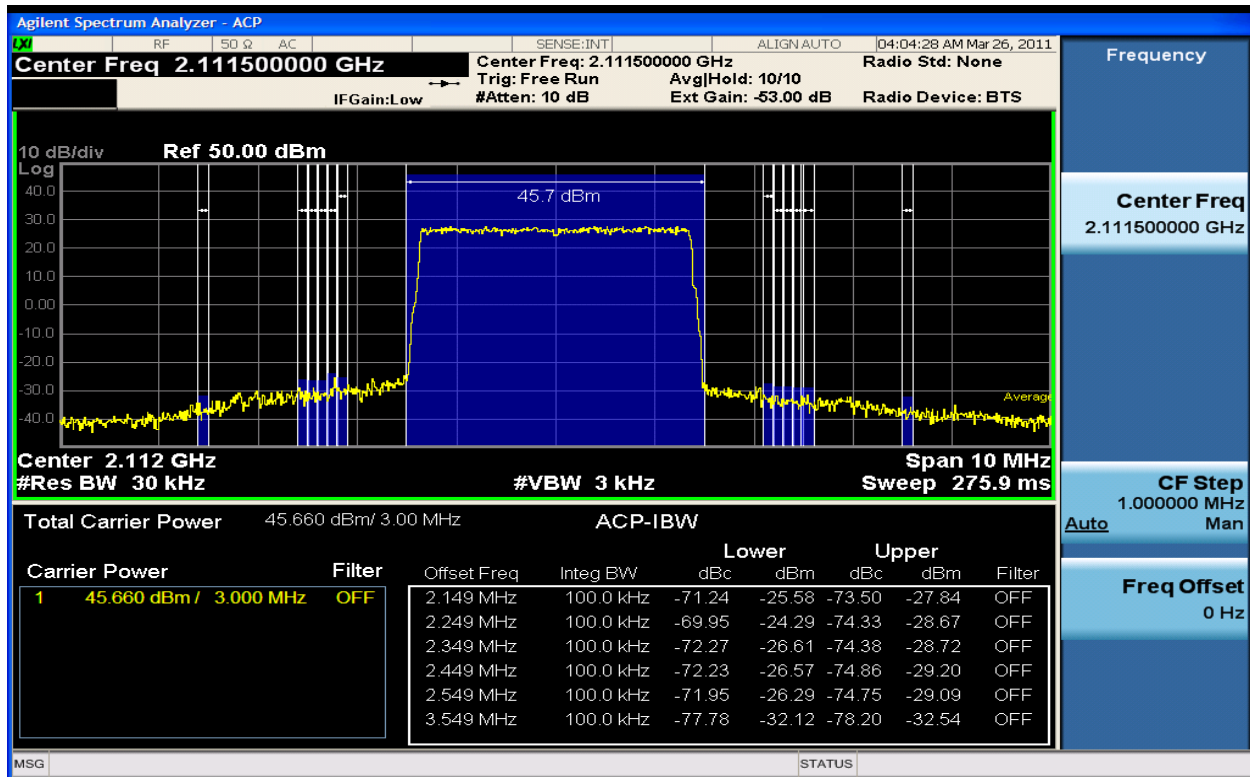


Figure 6-47 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

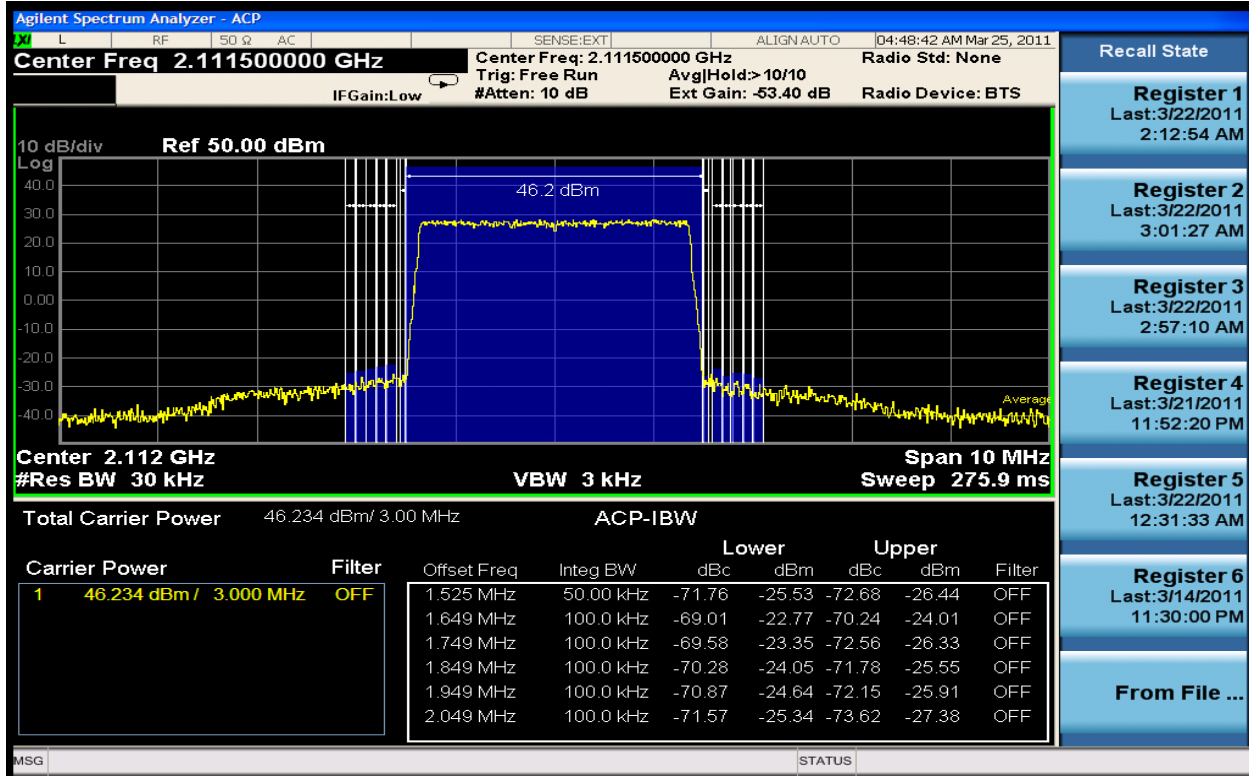


Figure 6-48 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

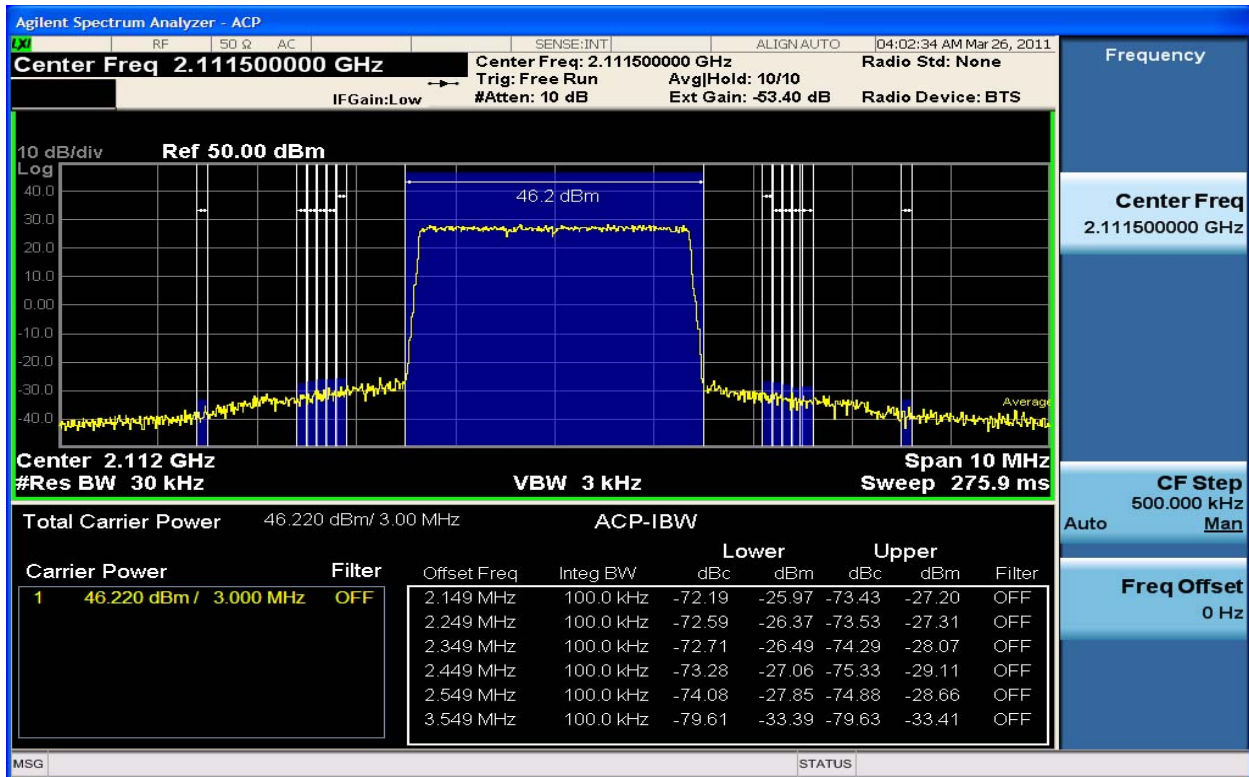


Figure 6-49 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

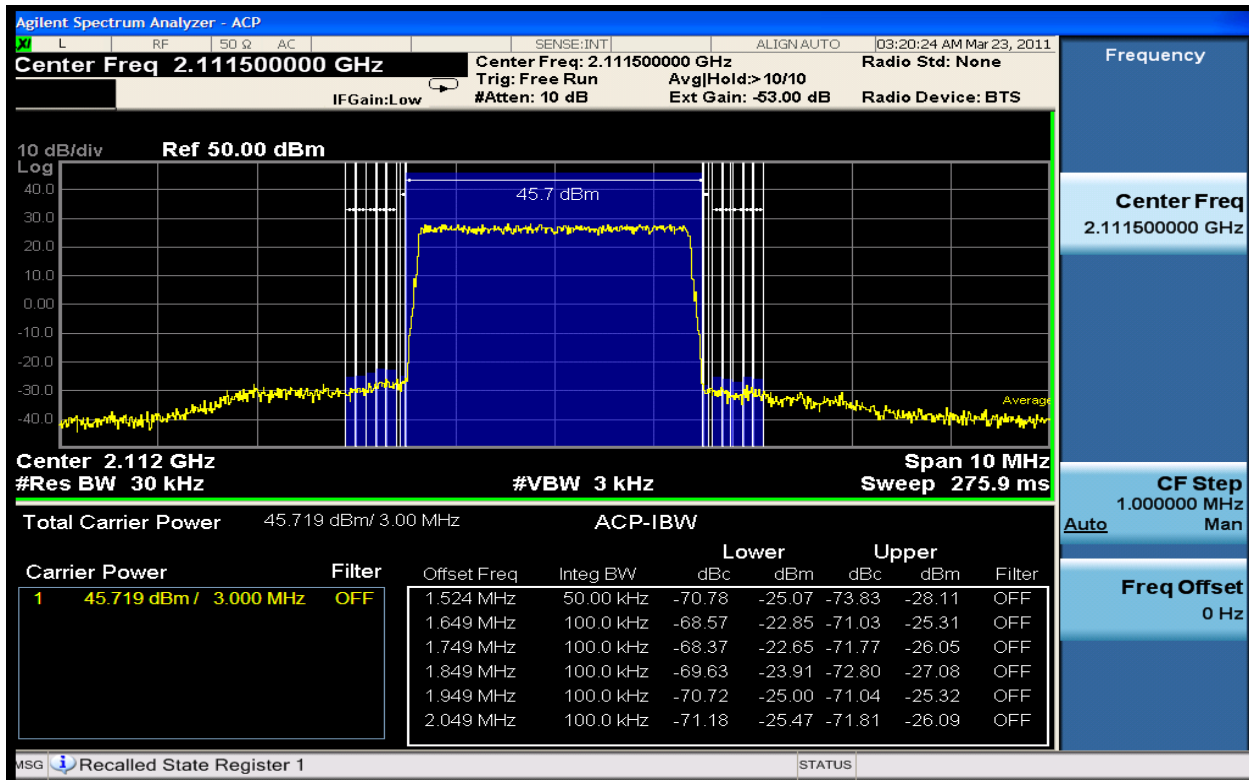


Figure 6-50 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

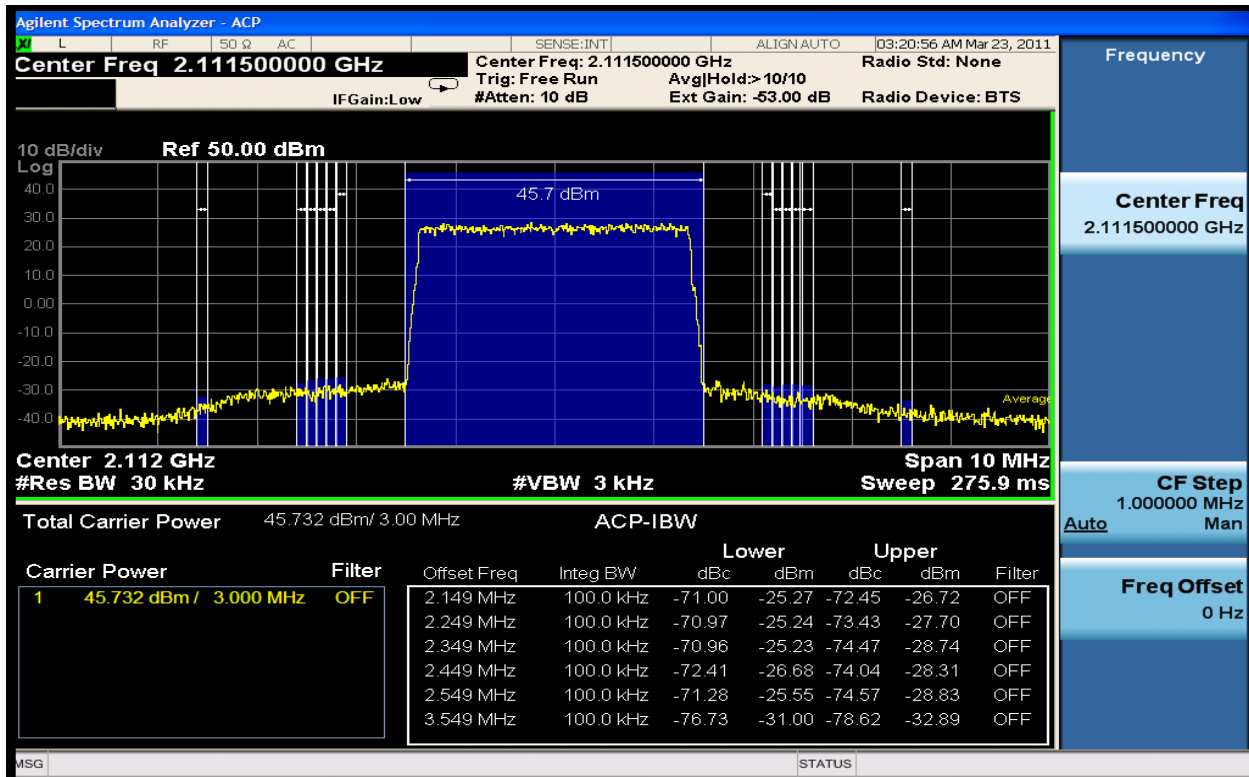


Figure 6-51 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

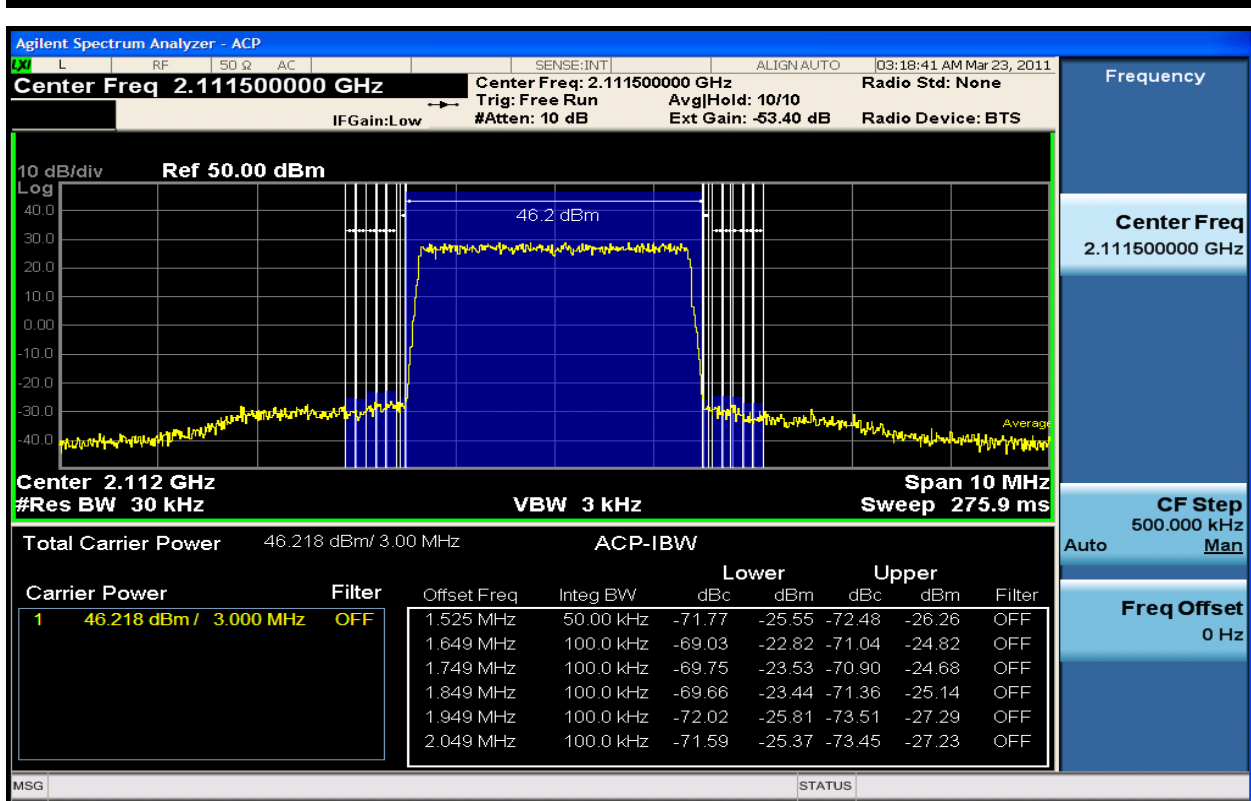


Figure 6-52 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

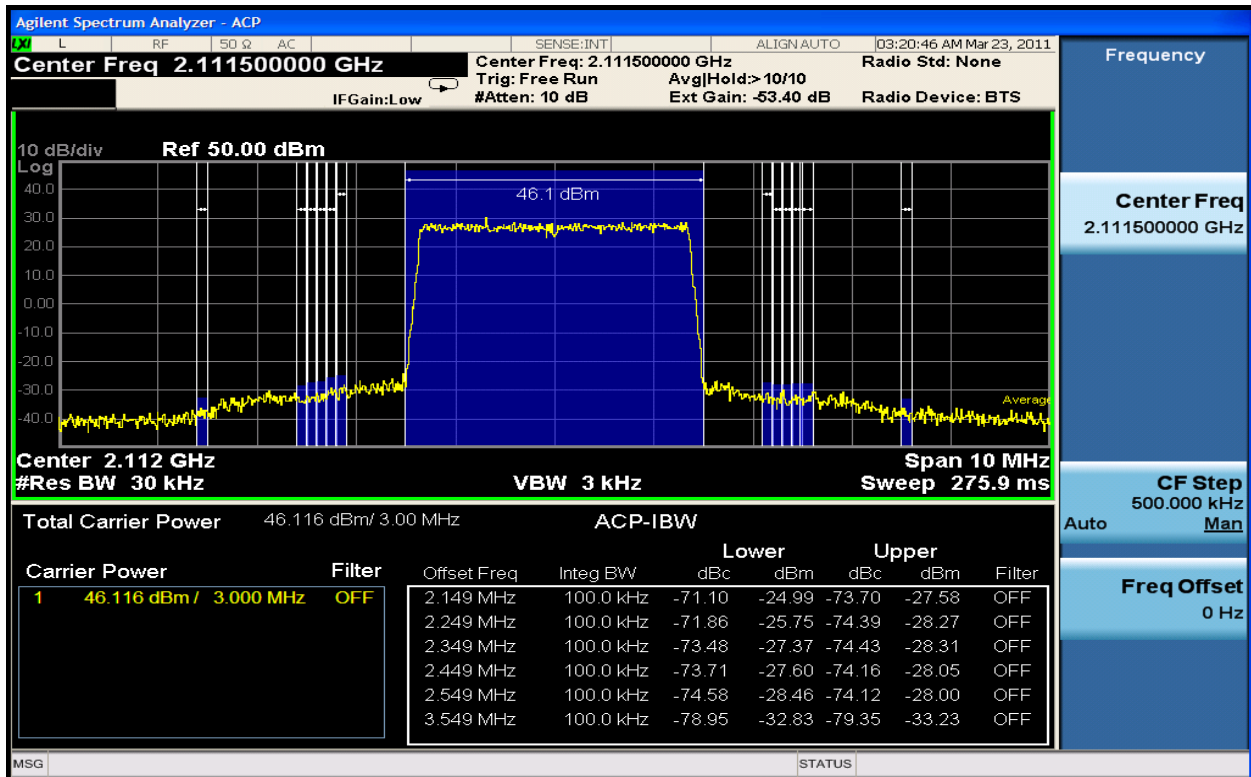


Figure 6-53 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

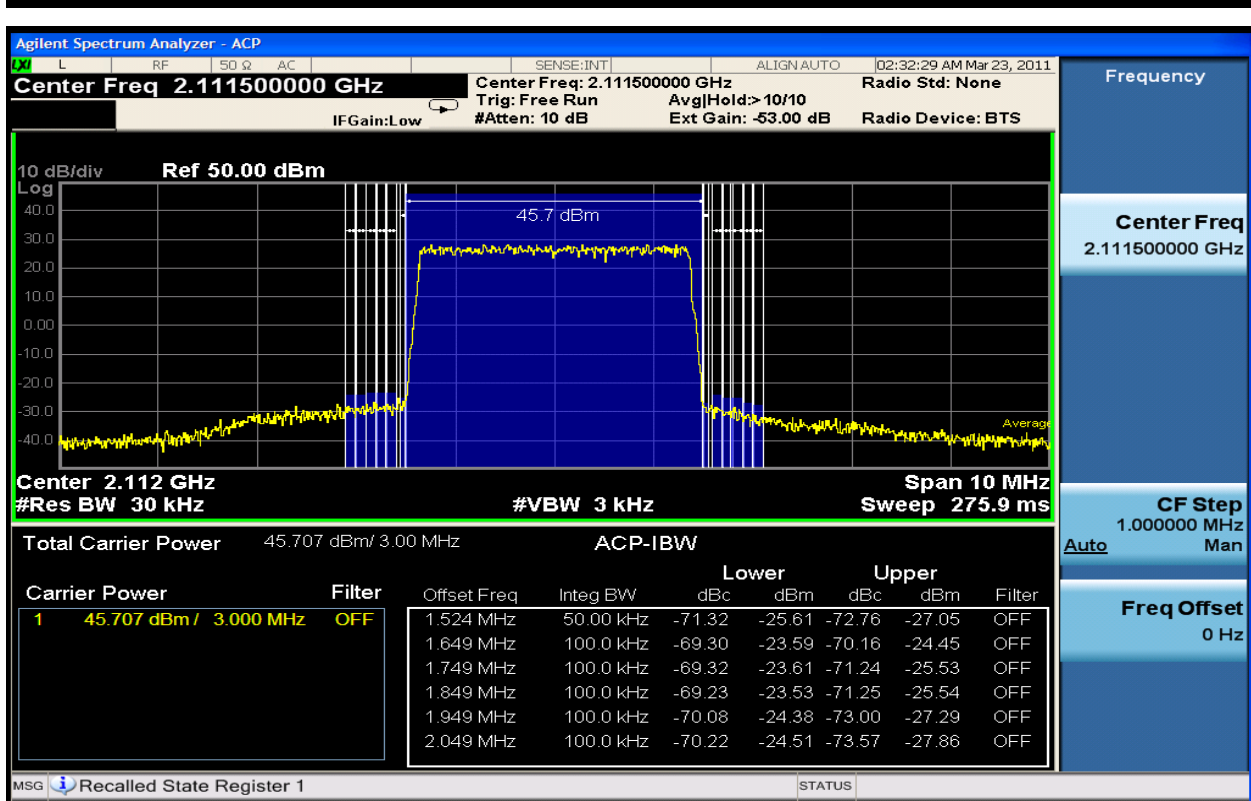


Figure 6-54 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

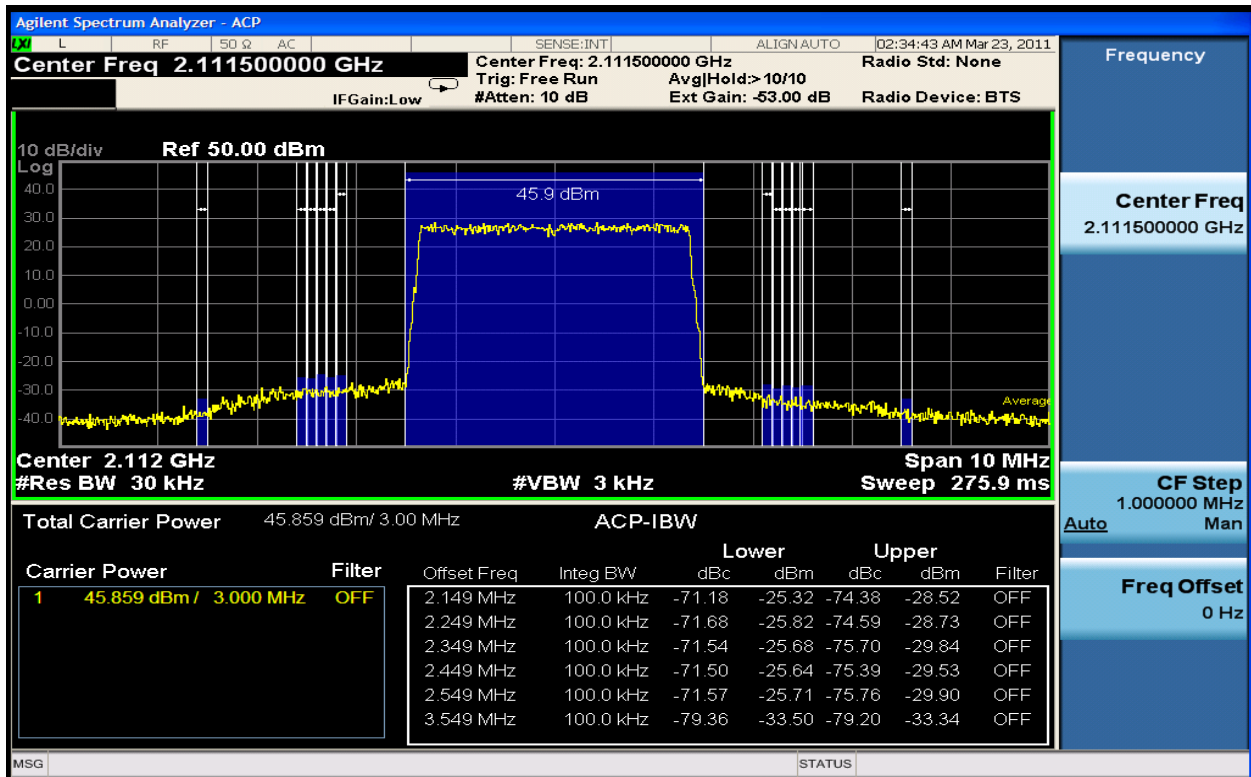


Figure 6-55 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

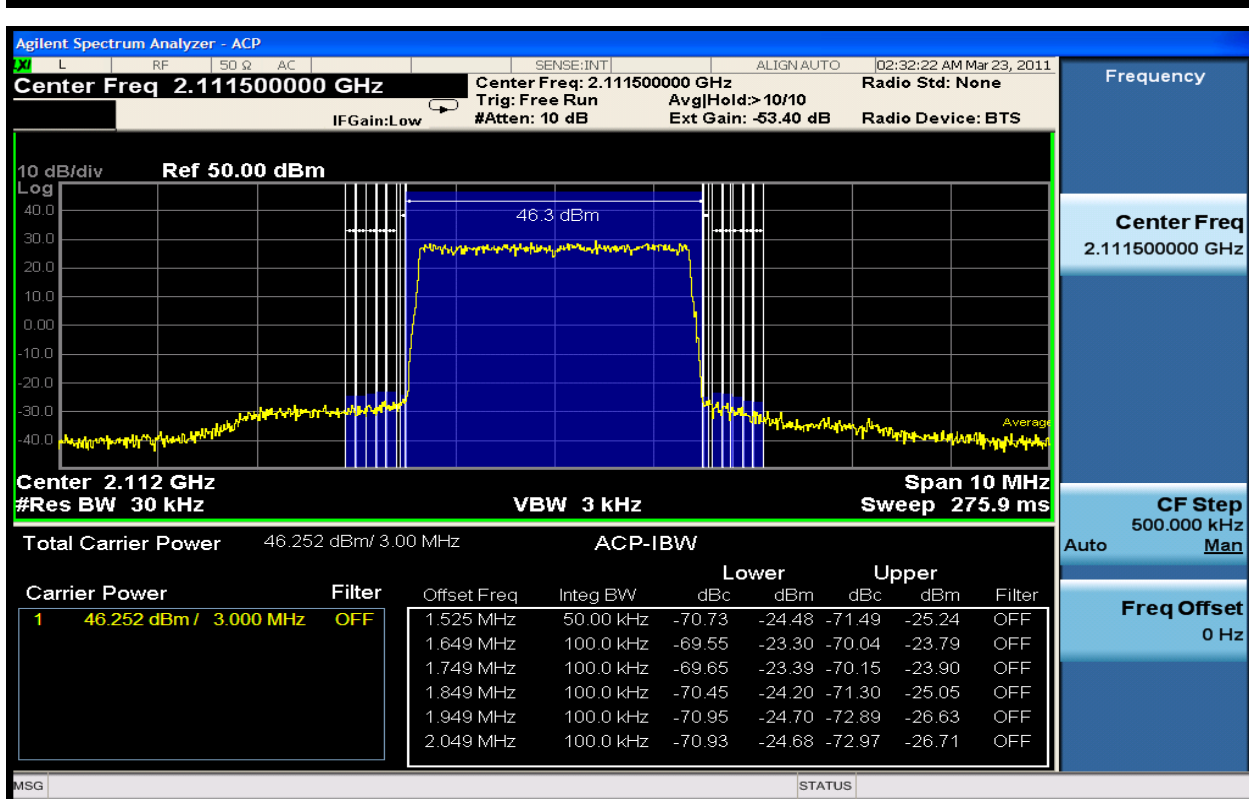


Figure 6-56 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz -550kHz)

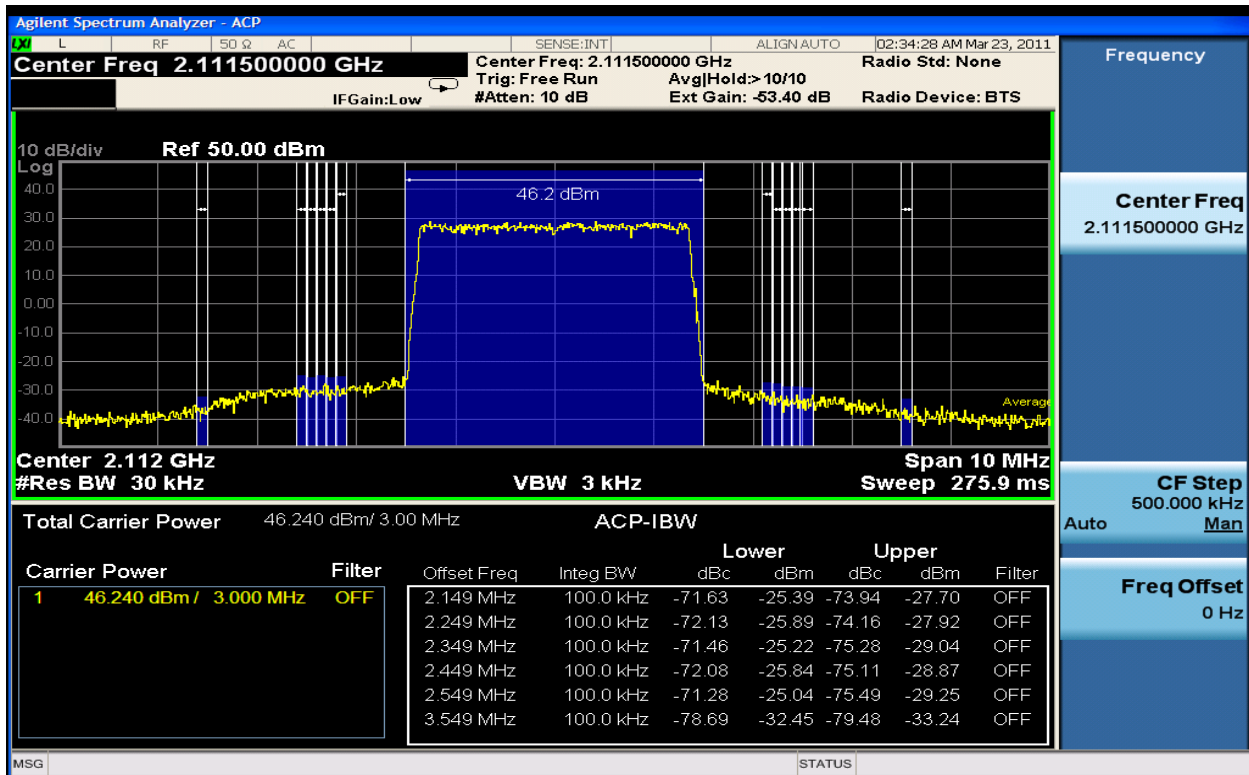


Figure 6-57 Spurious Emissions 2111.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz - 2MHz)

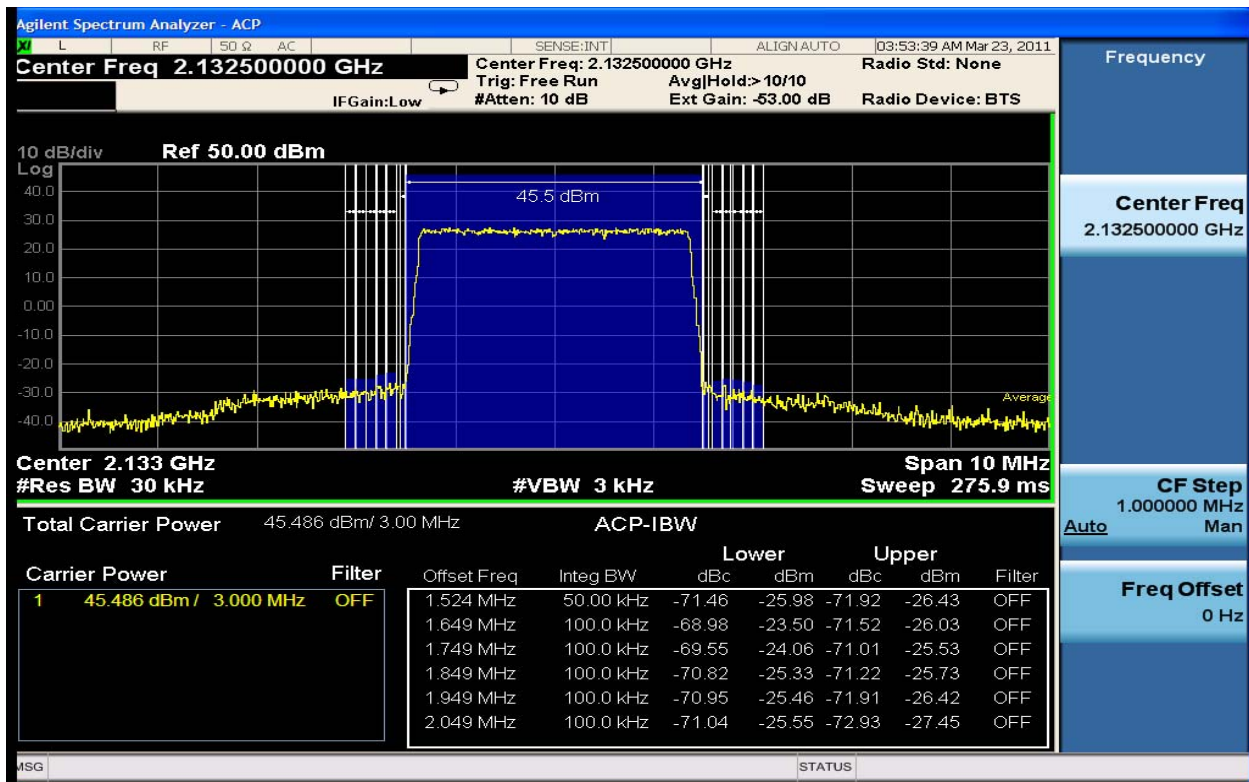


Figure 6-58 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

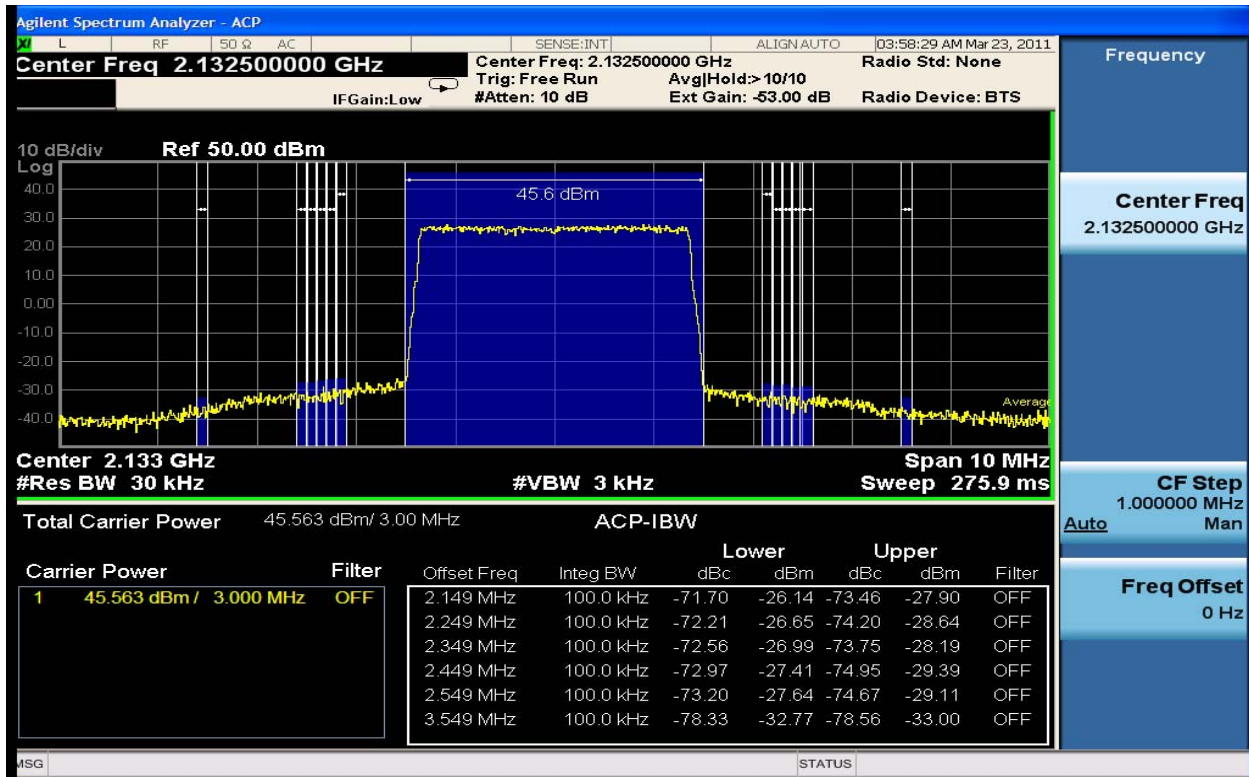


Figure 6-59 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

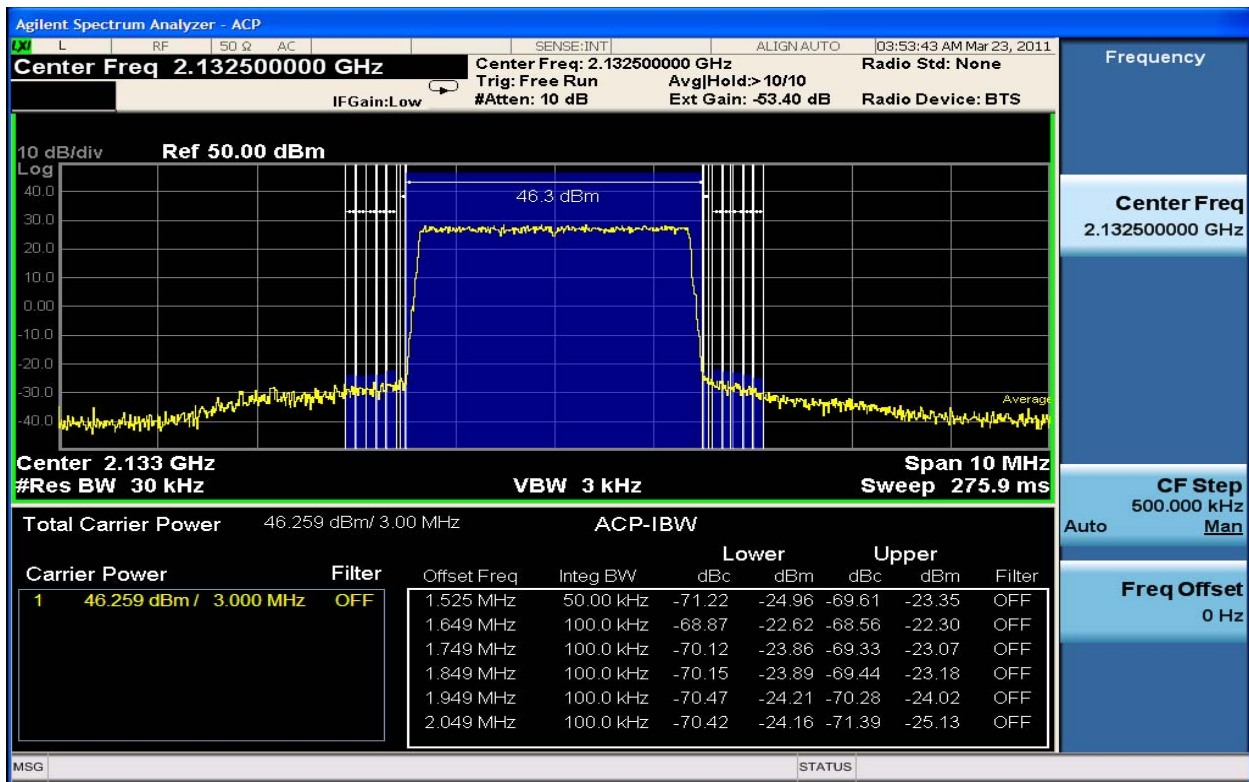


Figure 6-60 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

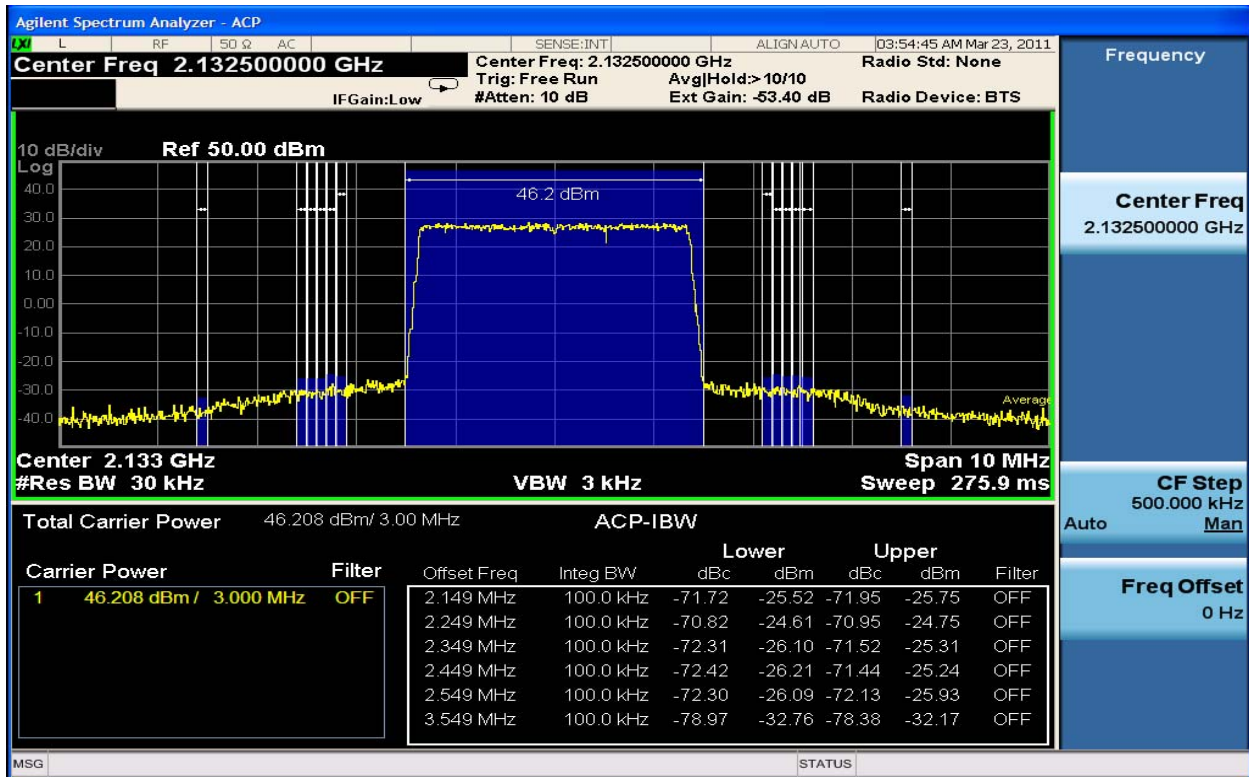


Figure 6-61 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

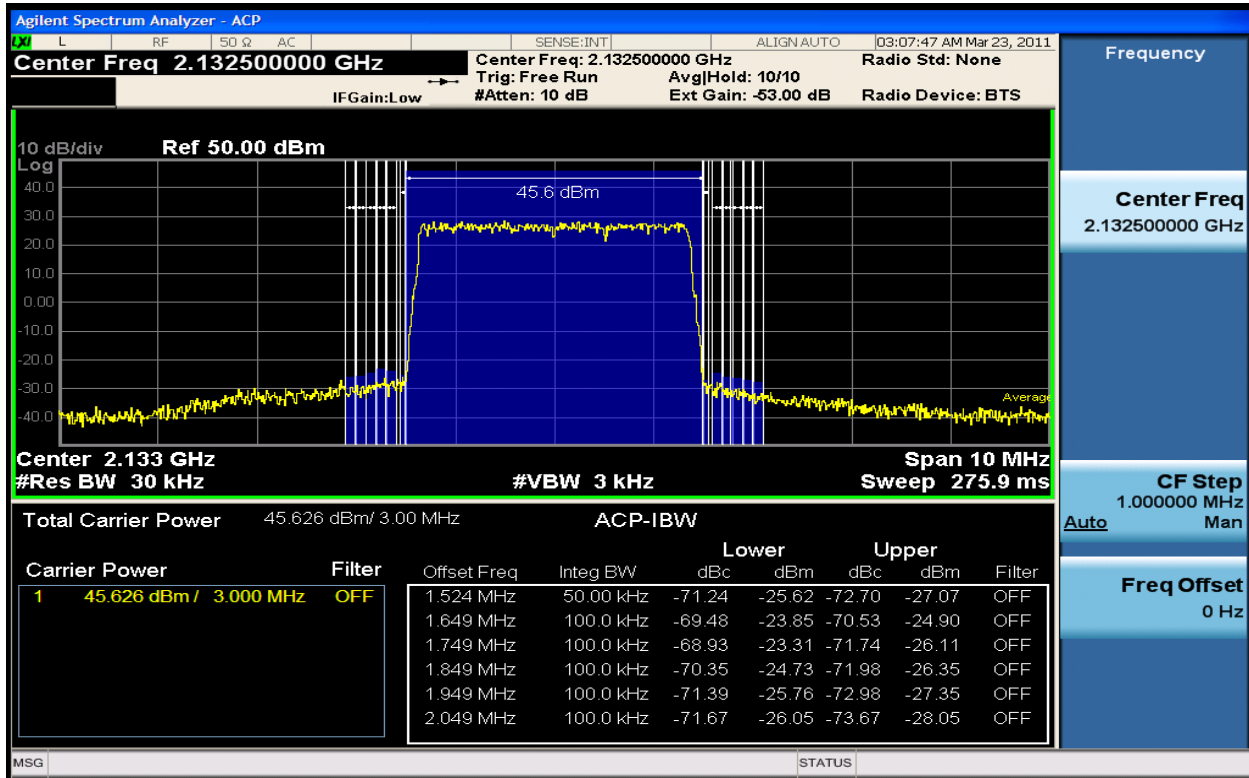


Figure 6-62 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

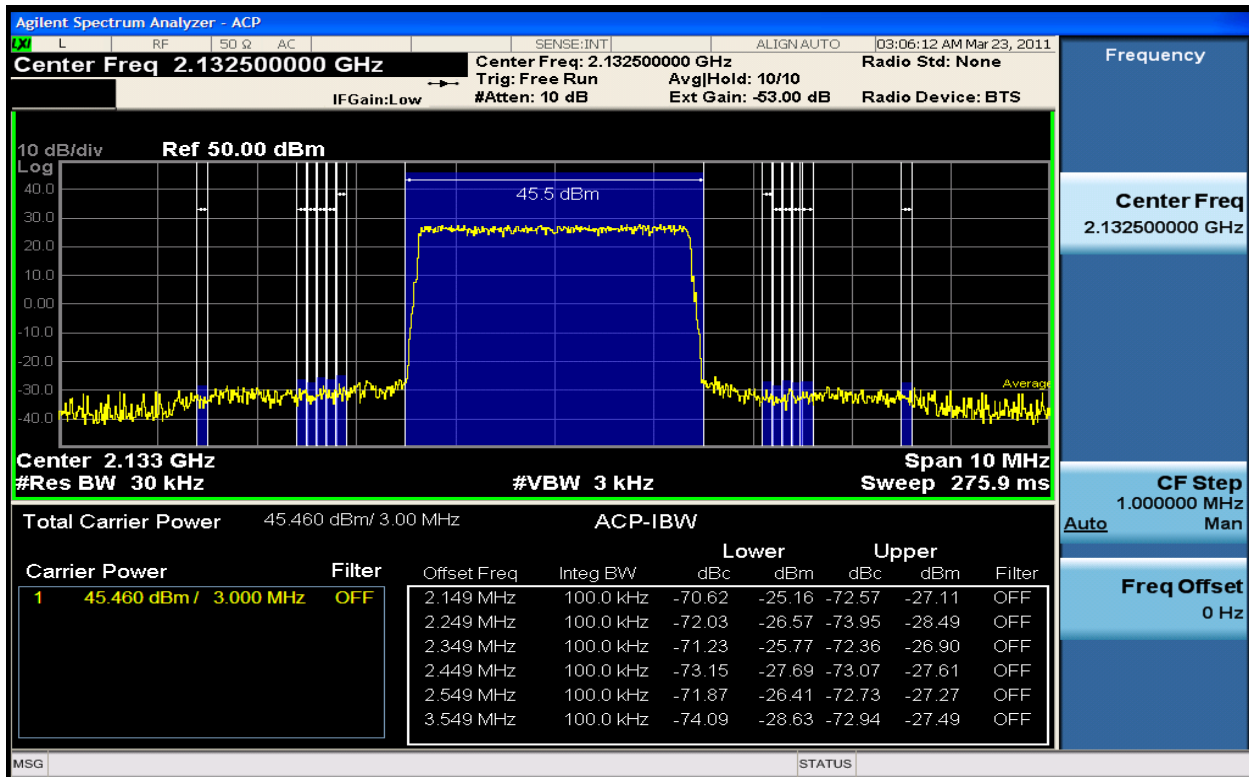


Figure 6-63 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

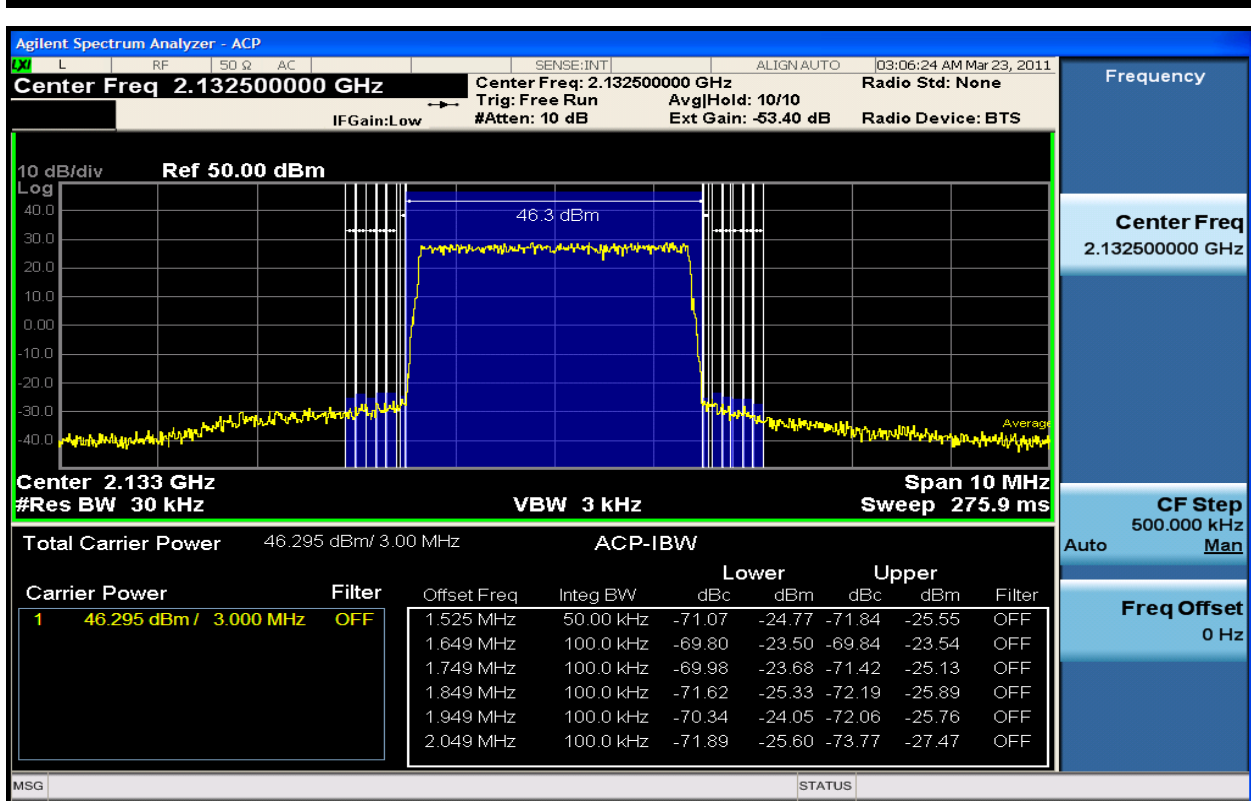


Figure 6-64 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

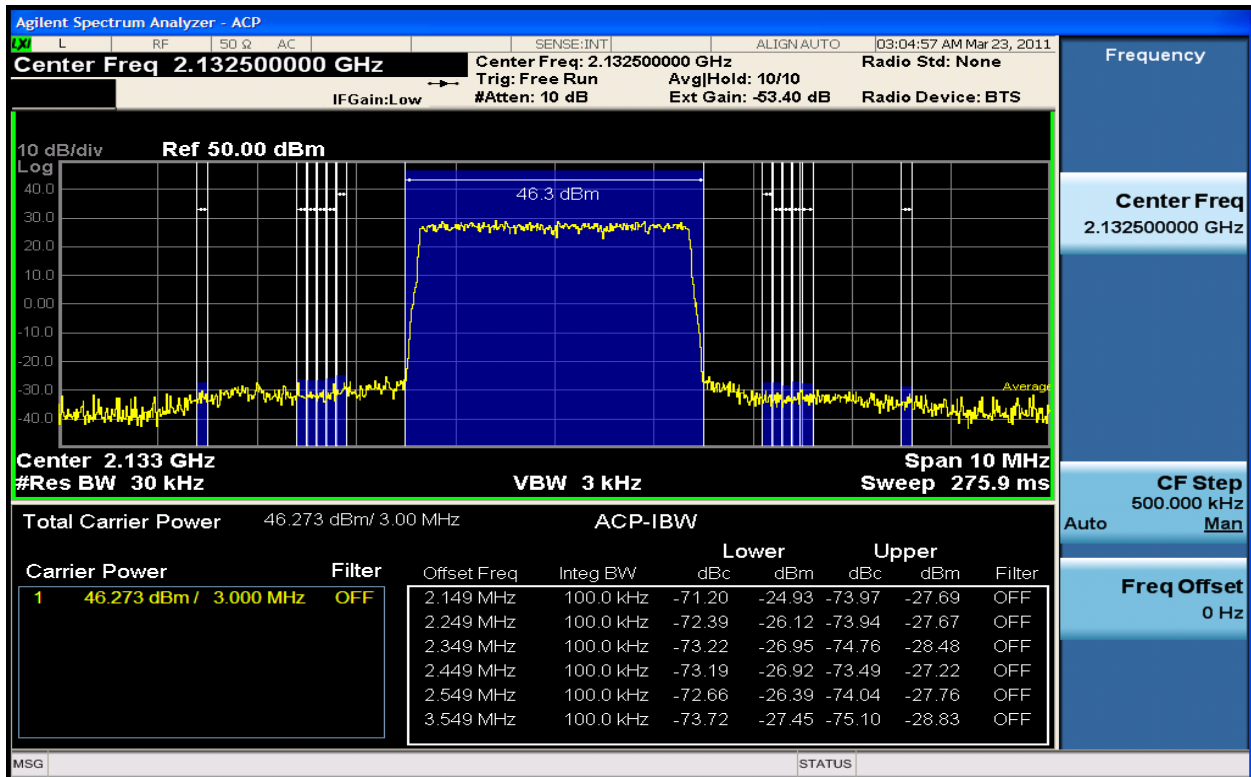


Figure 6-65 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

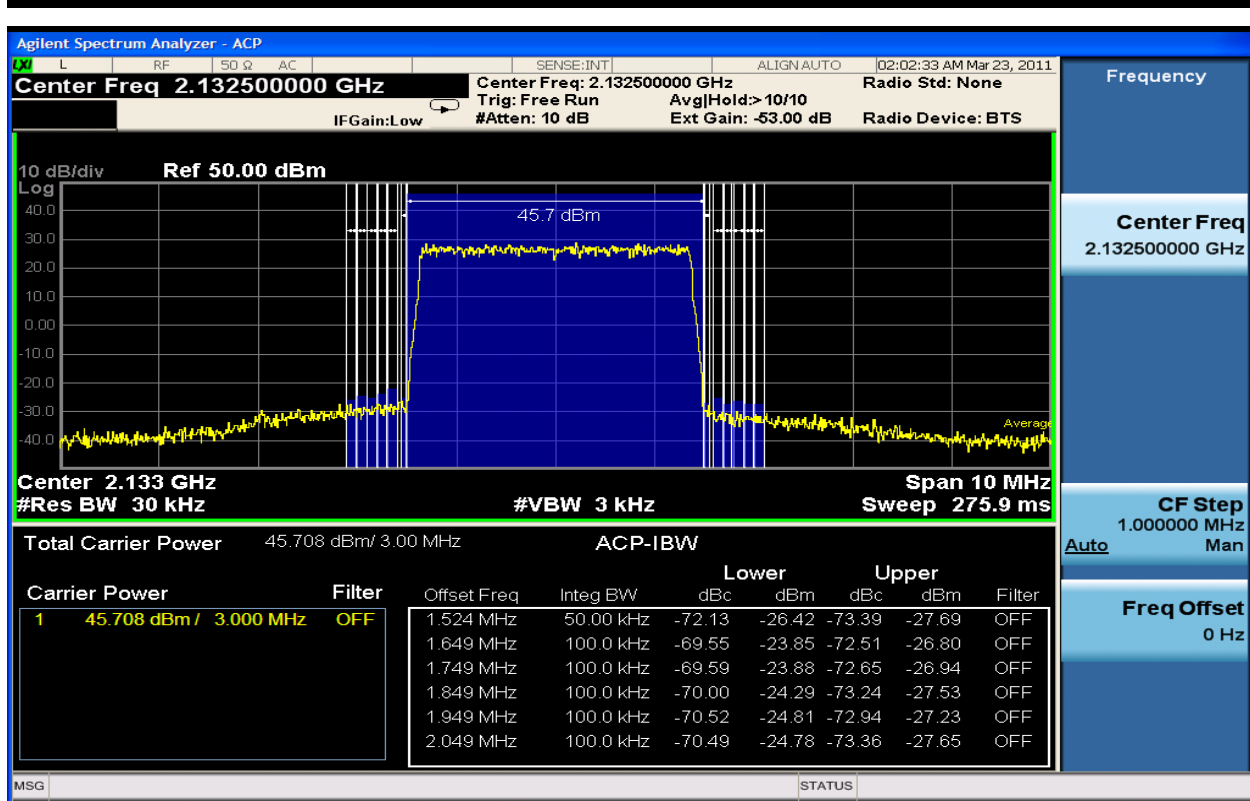


Figure 6-66 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

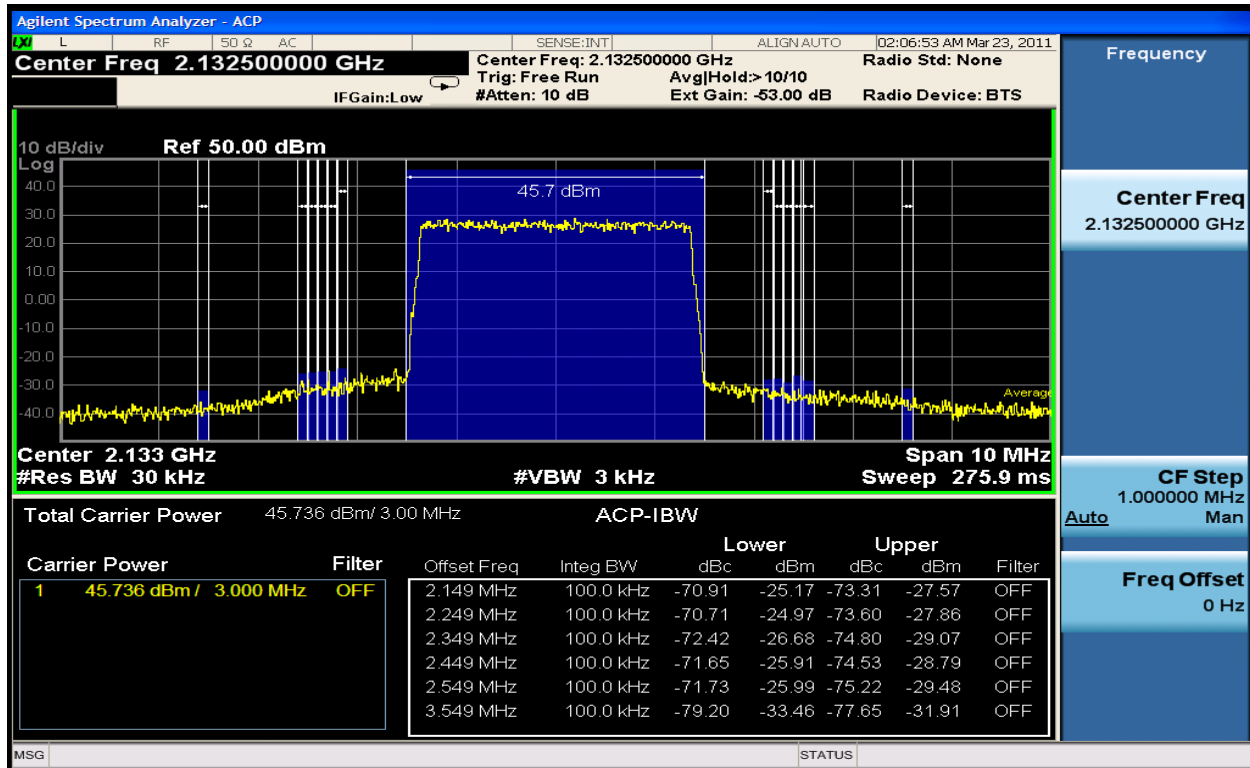


Figure 6-67 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

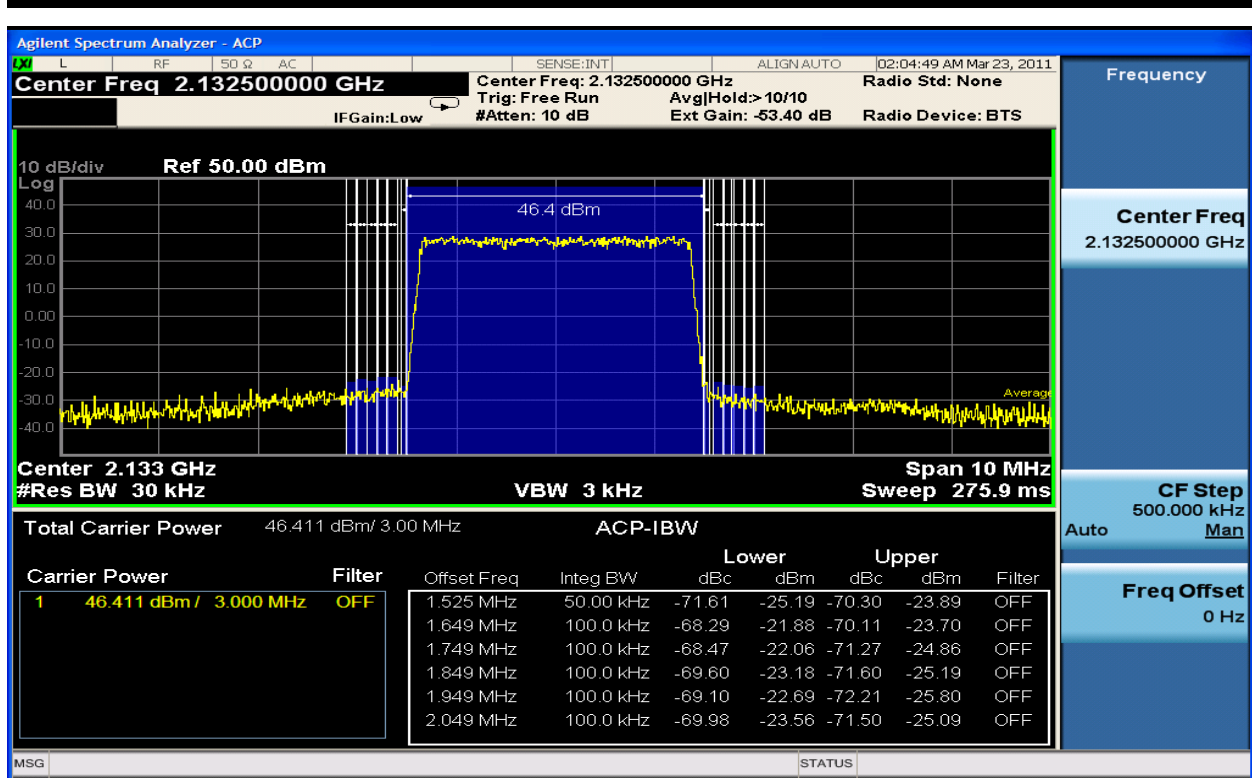


Figure 6-68 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

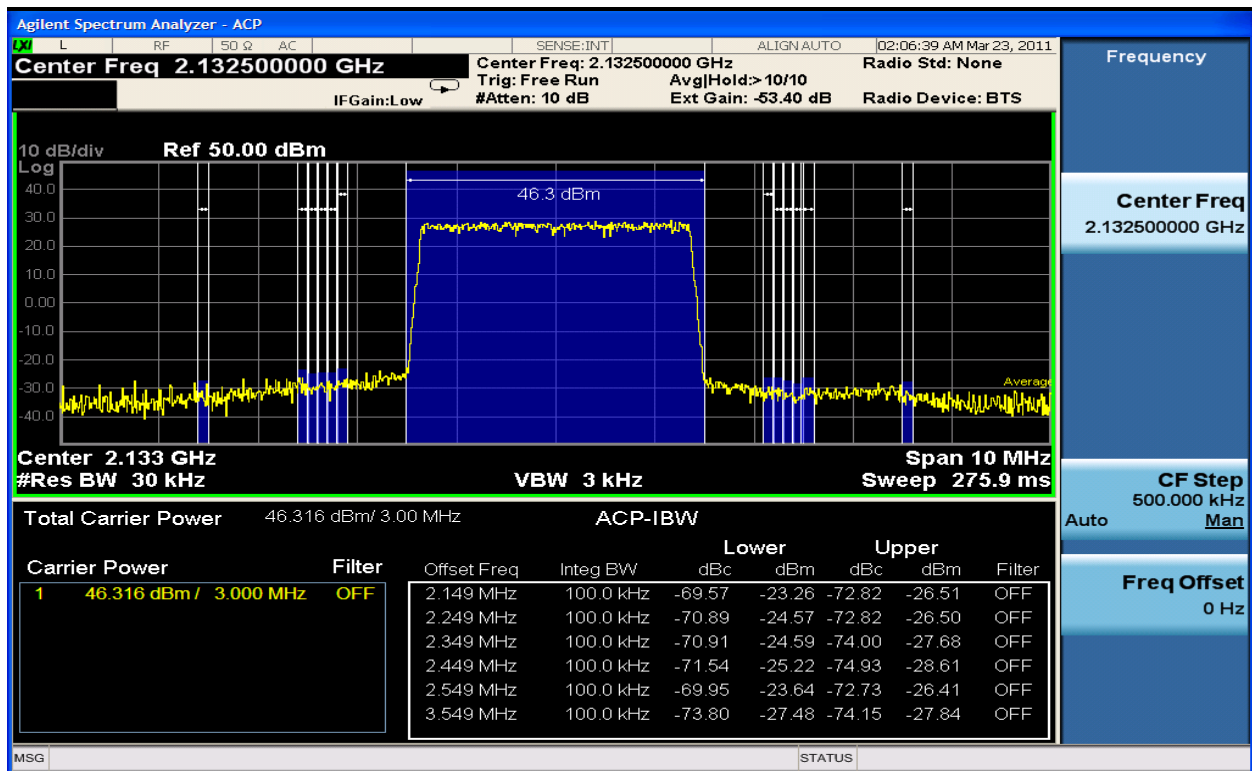


Figure 6-69 Spurious Emissions 2132.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

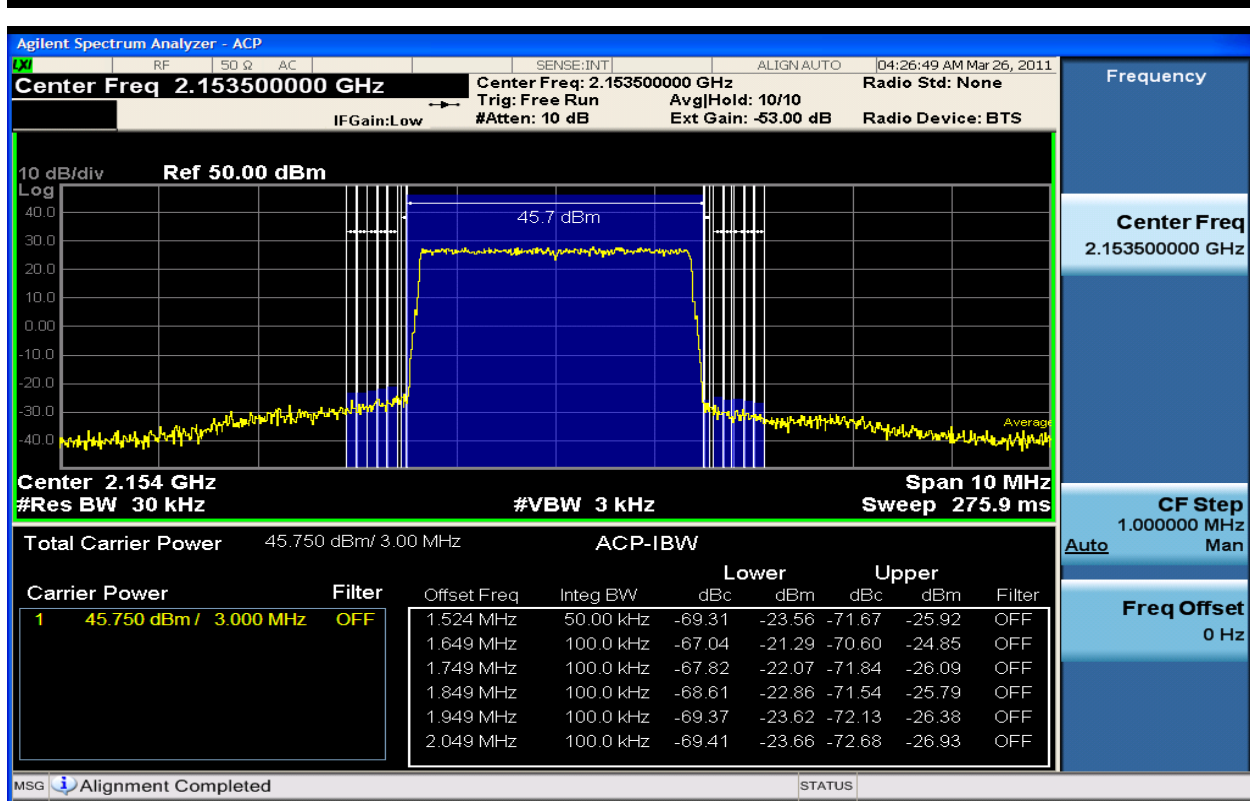


Figure 6-70 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550KHz)

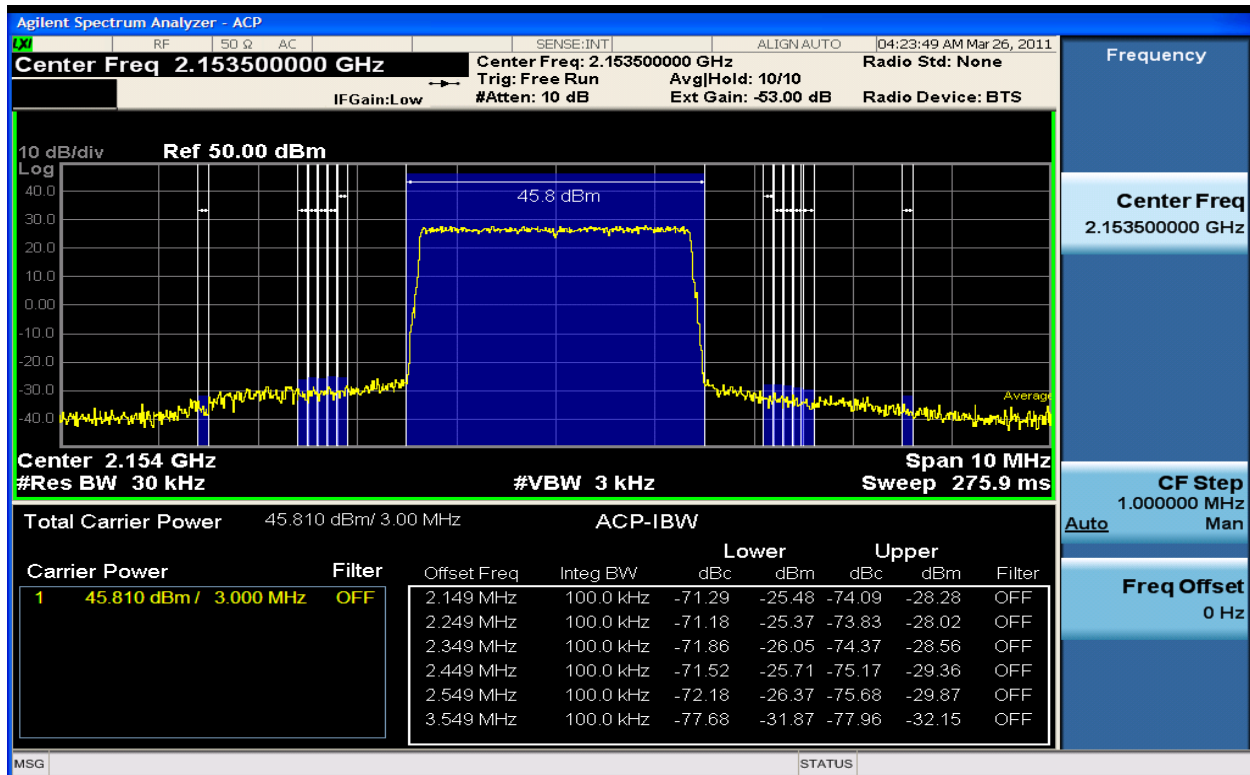


Figure 6-71 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

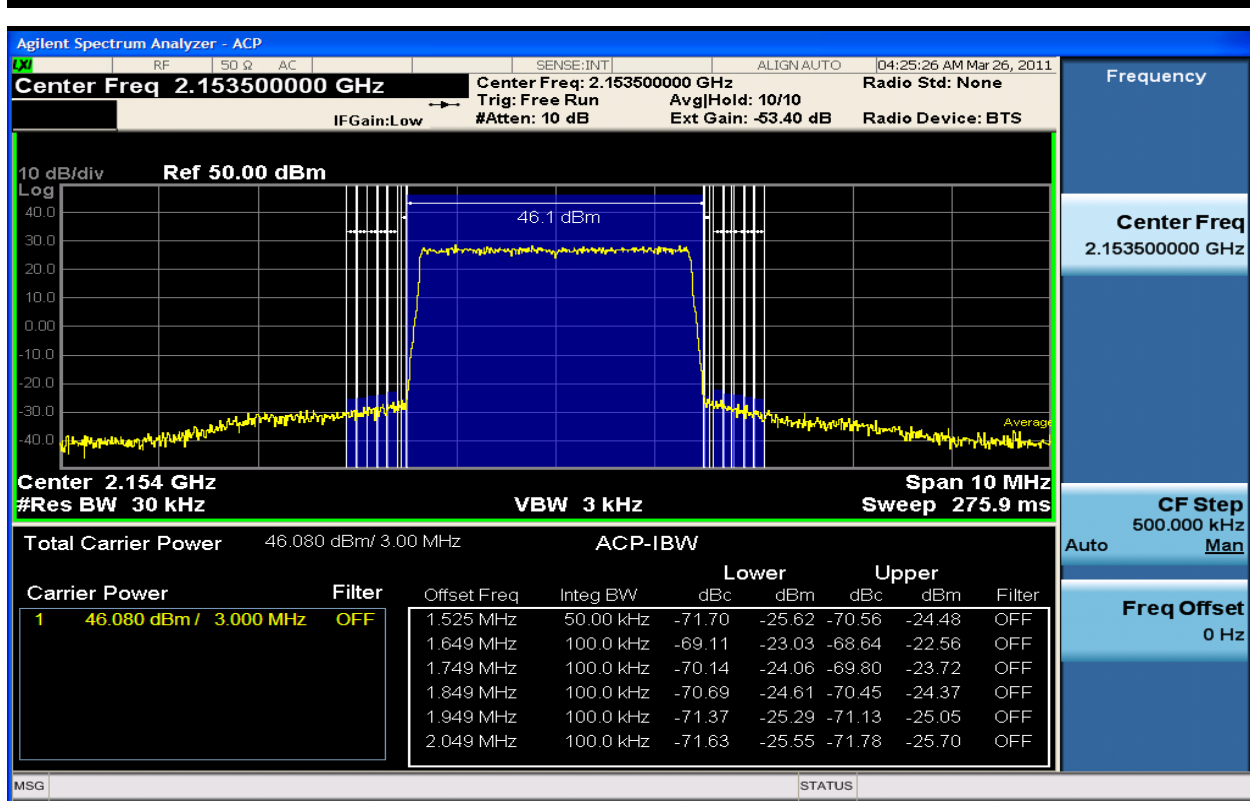


Figure 6-72 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550kHz)

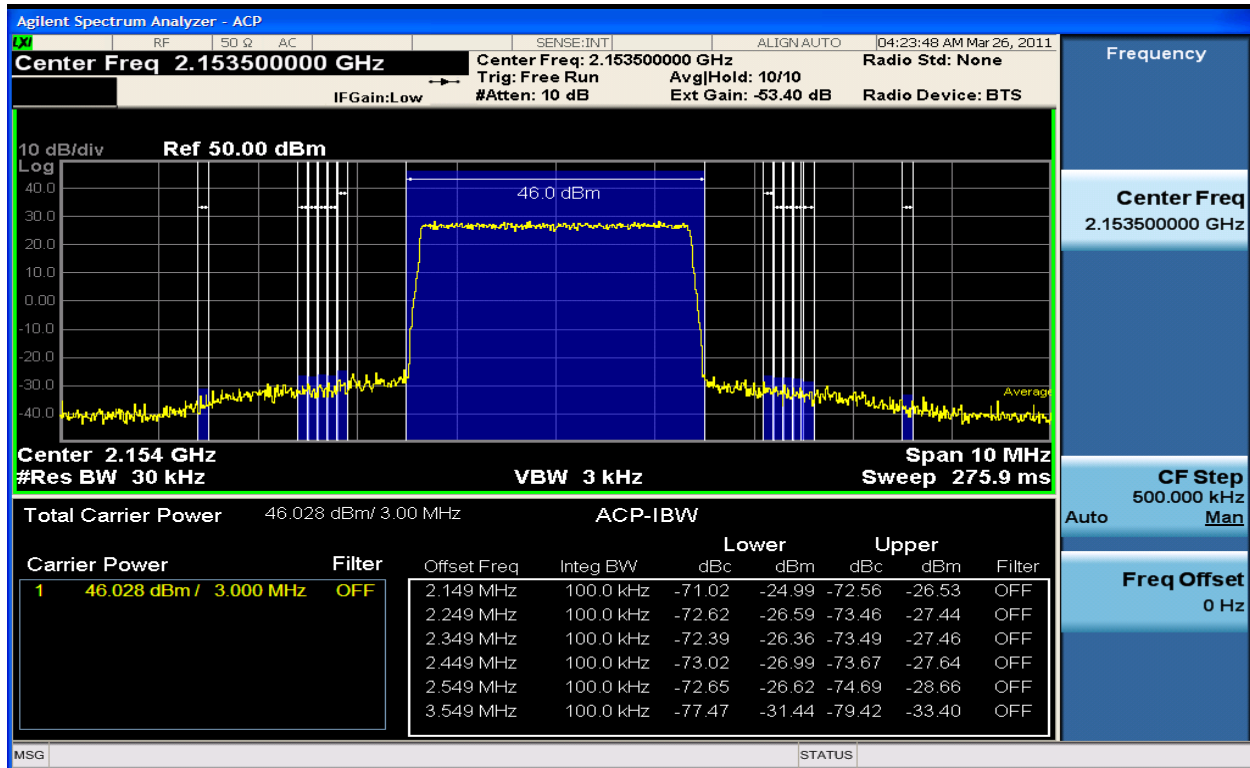


Figure 6-73 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_QPSK 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

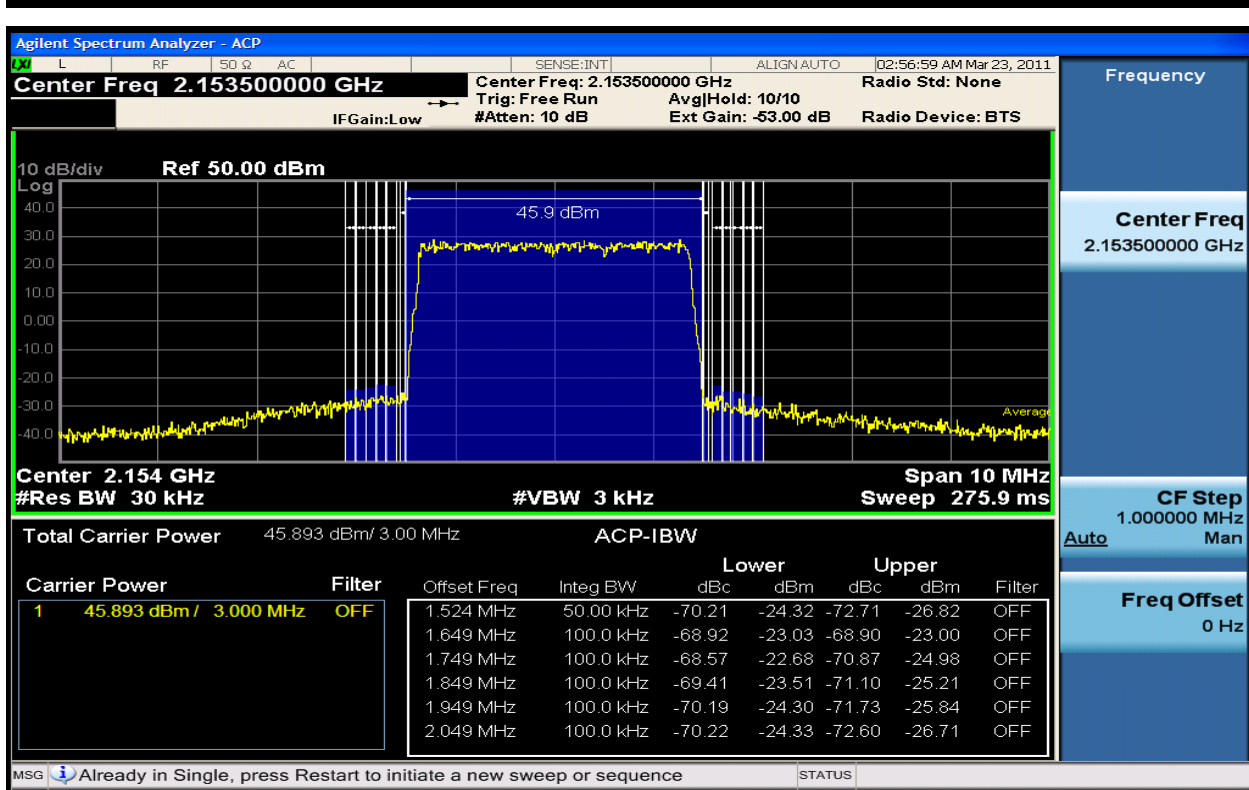


Figure 6-74 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550KHz)

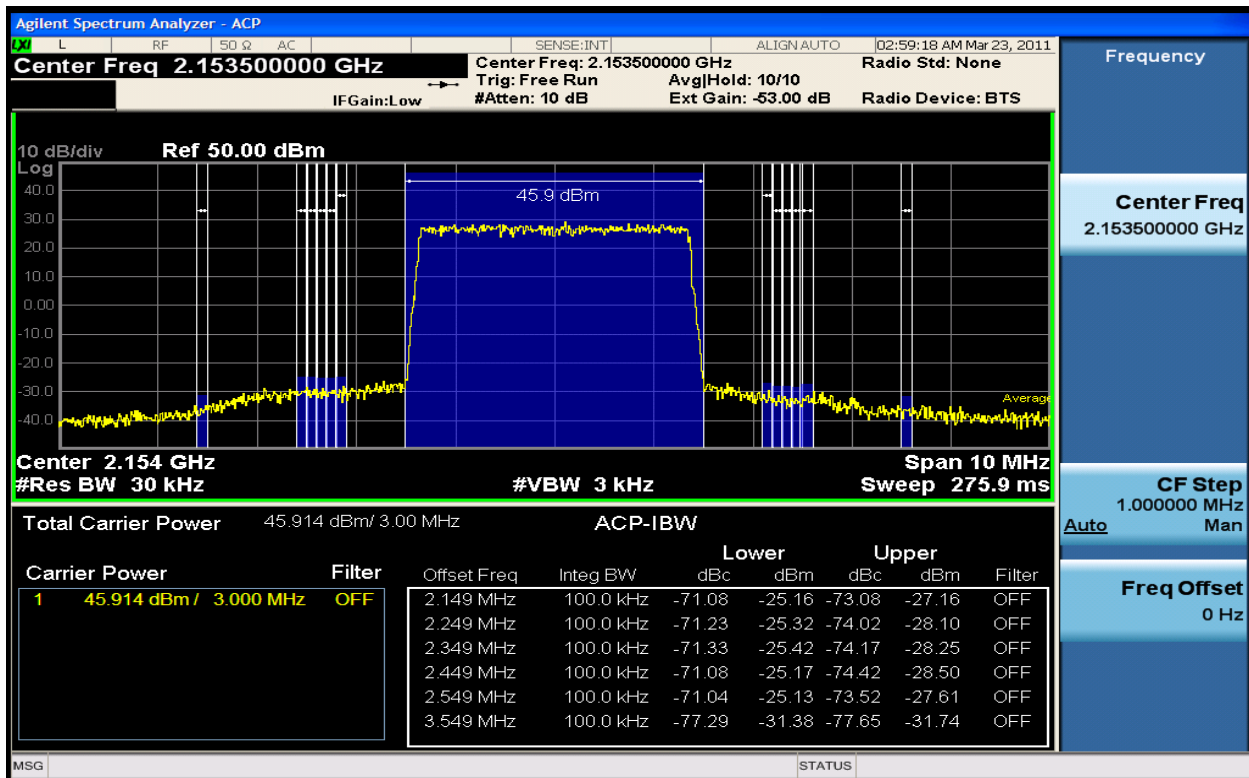


Figure 6-75 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650KHz – 2MHz)

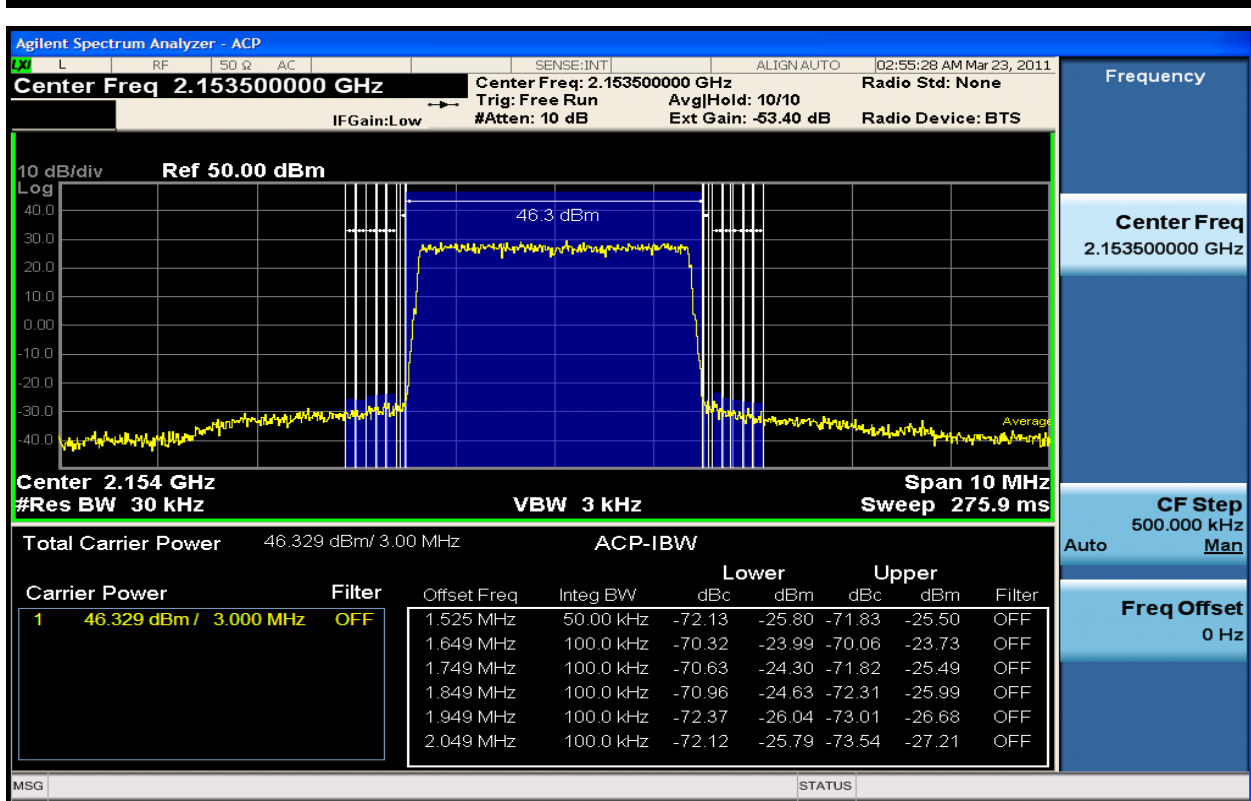


Figure 6-76 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550KHz)

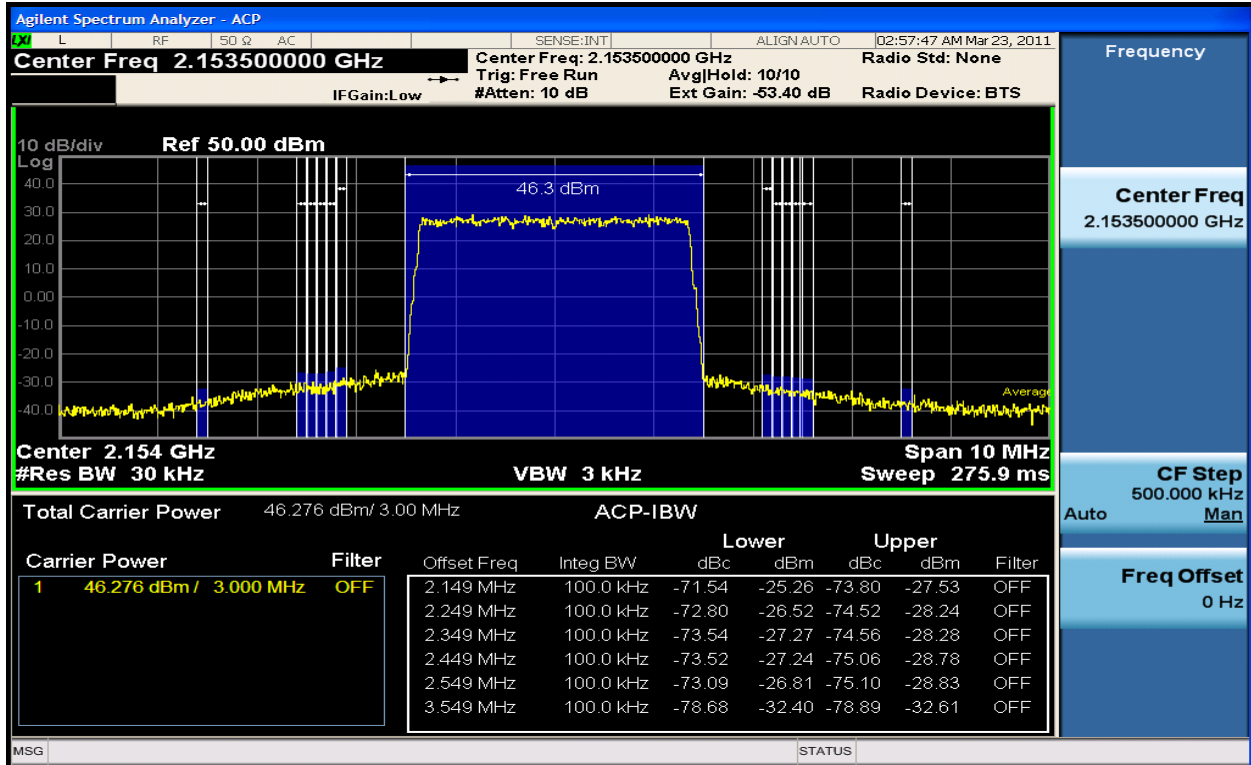


Figure 6-77 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_16QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

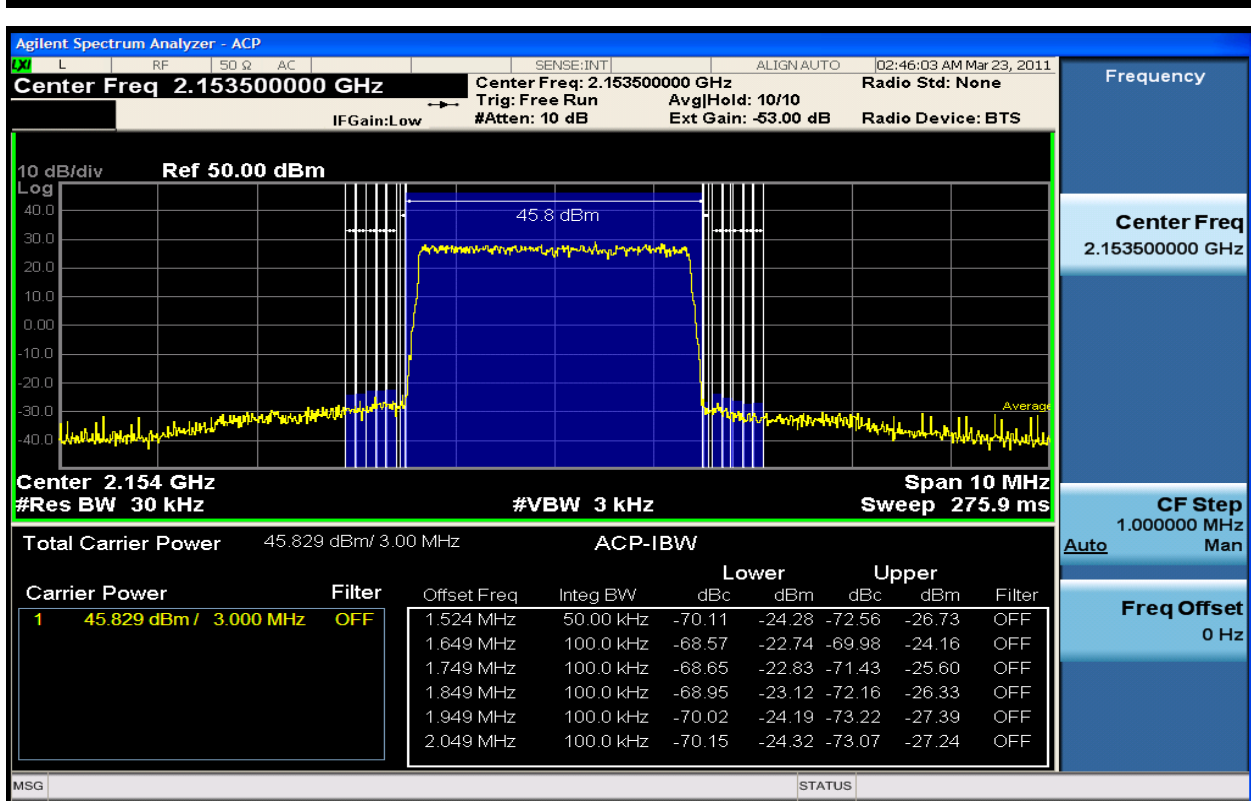


Figure 6-78 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550KHz)

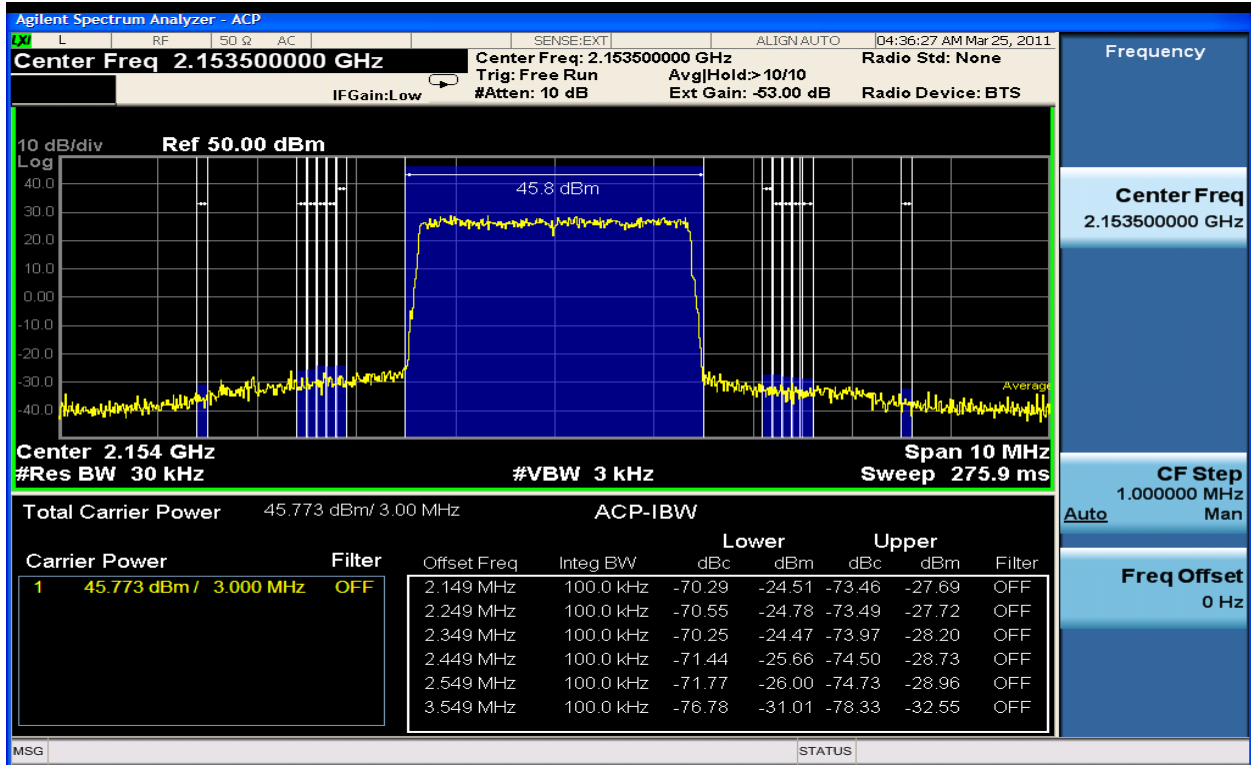


Figure 6-79 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX1_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

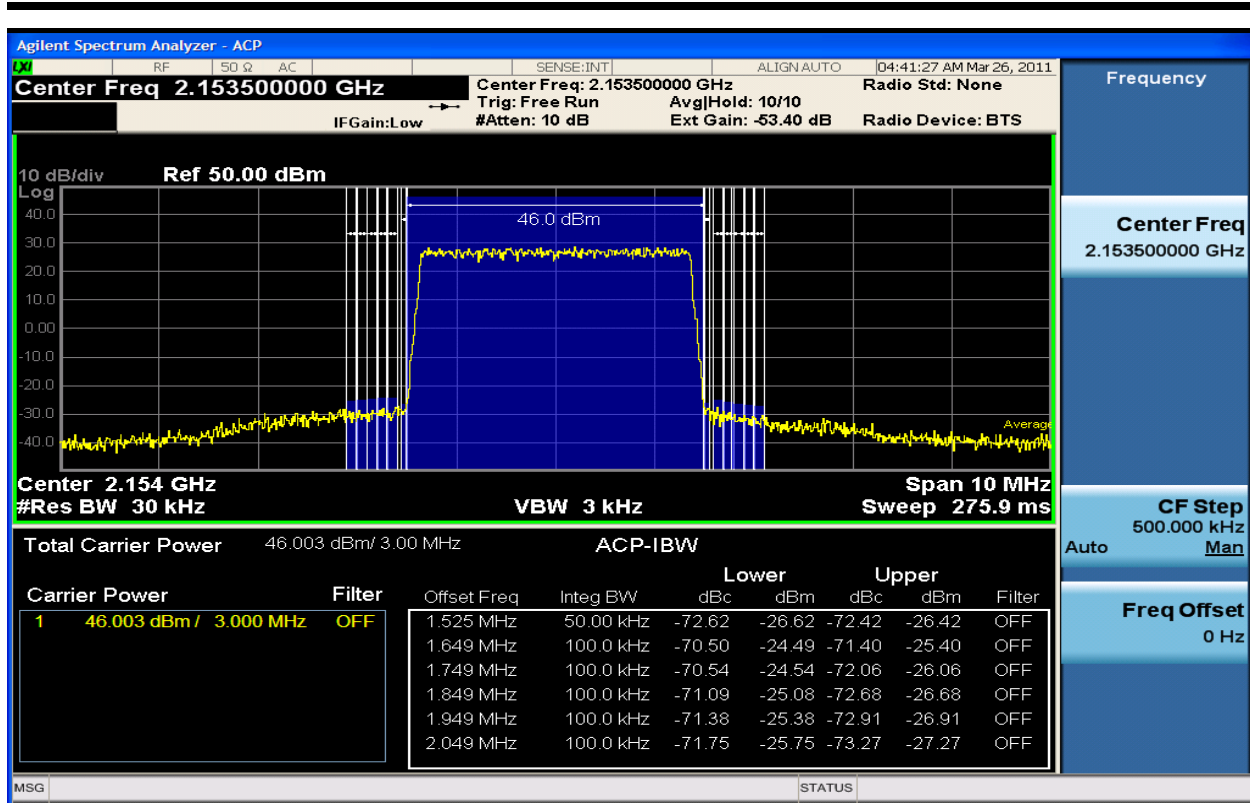


Figure 6-80 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 15kHz – 550KHz)

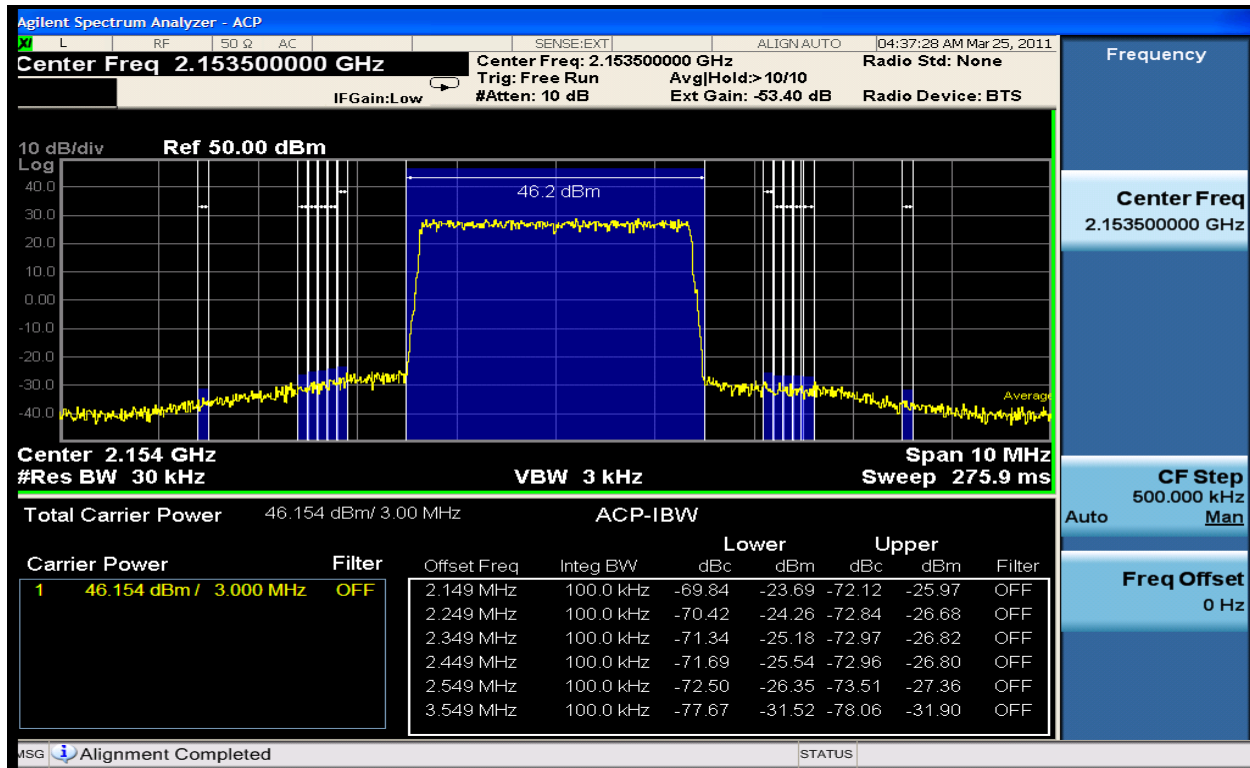


Figure 6-81 Spurious Emissions 2153.5MHz TX2_64QAM 3.0MHz Band Edge (ACP 650kHz – 2MHz)

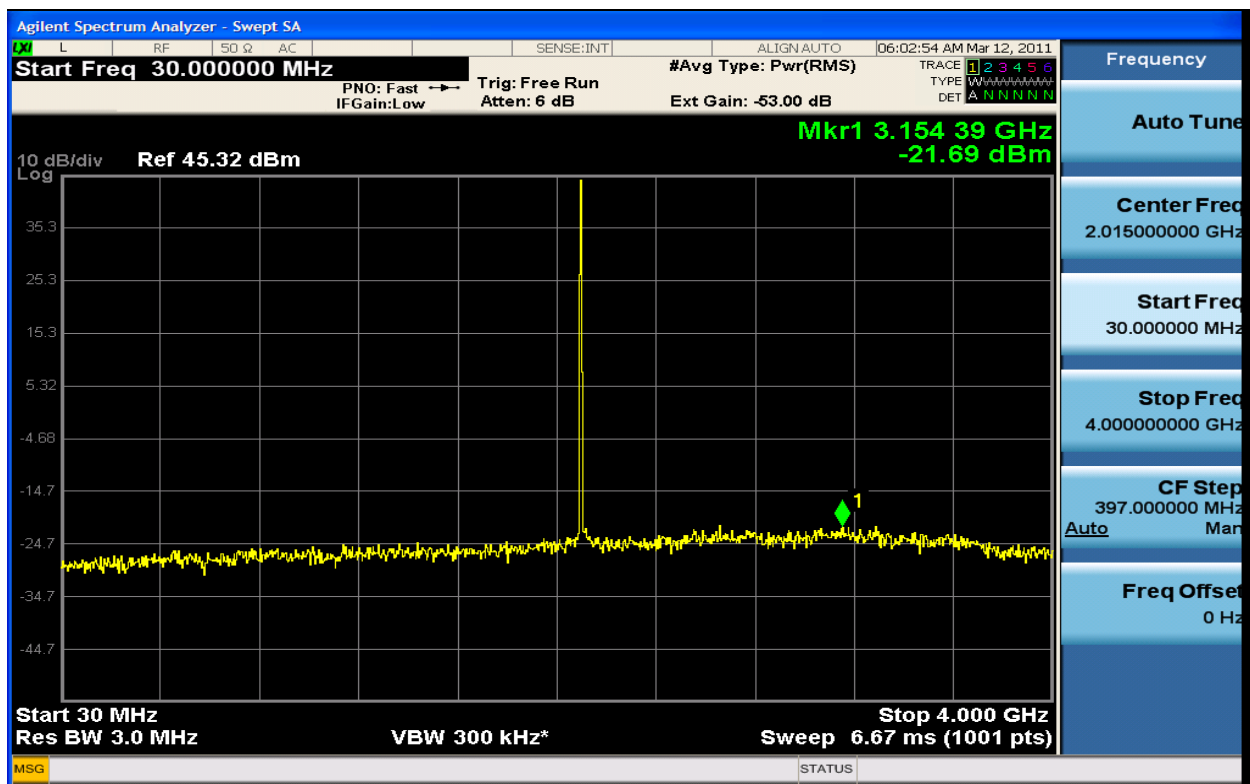


Figure 6-82 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz)

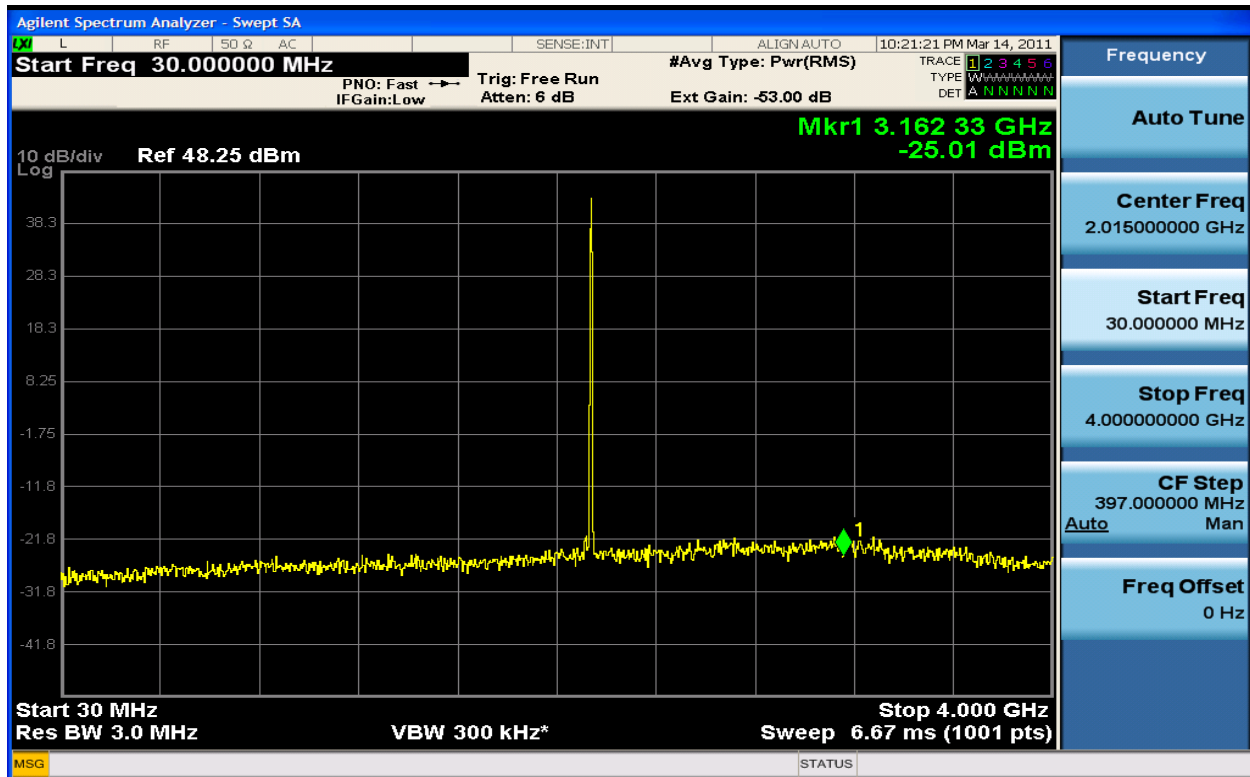


Figure 6-83 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz - 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz)

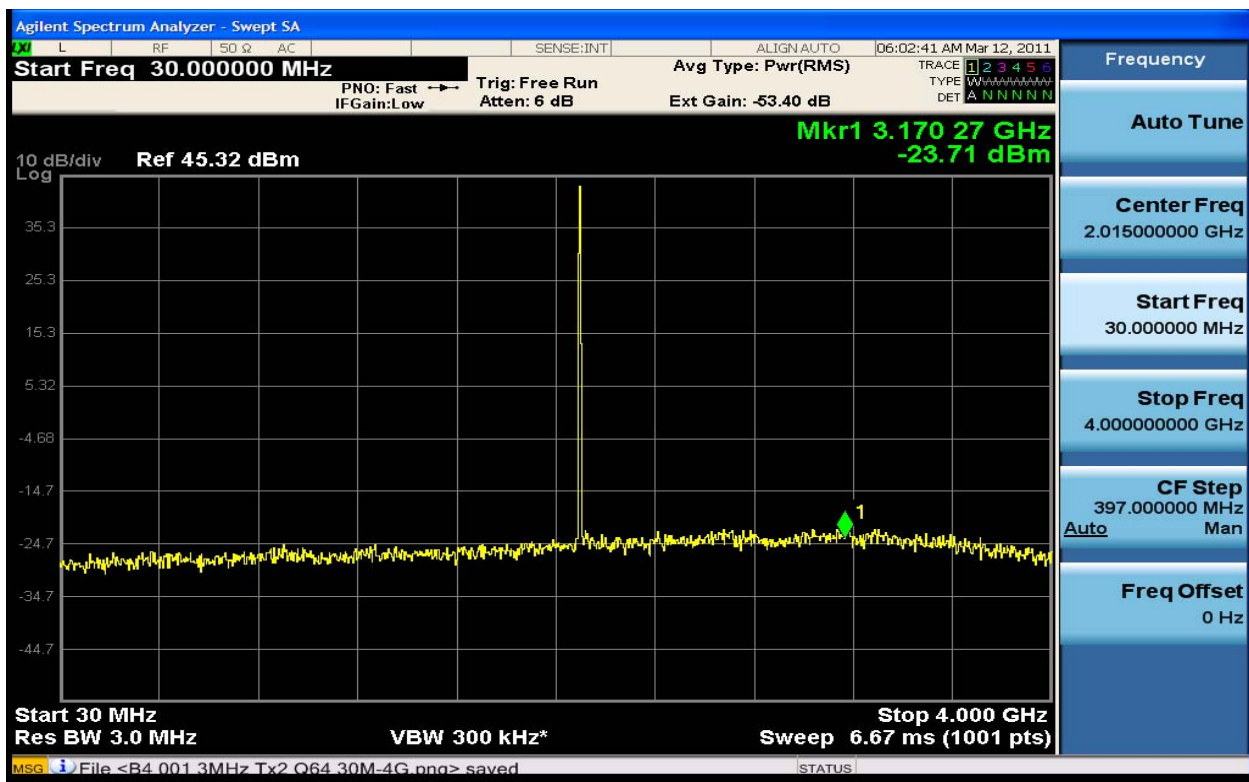


Figure 6-84 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz)

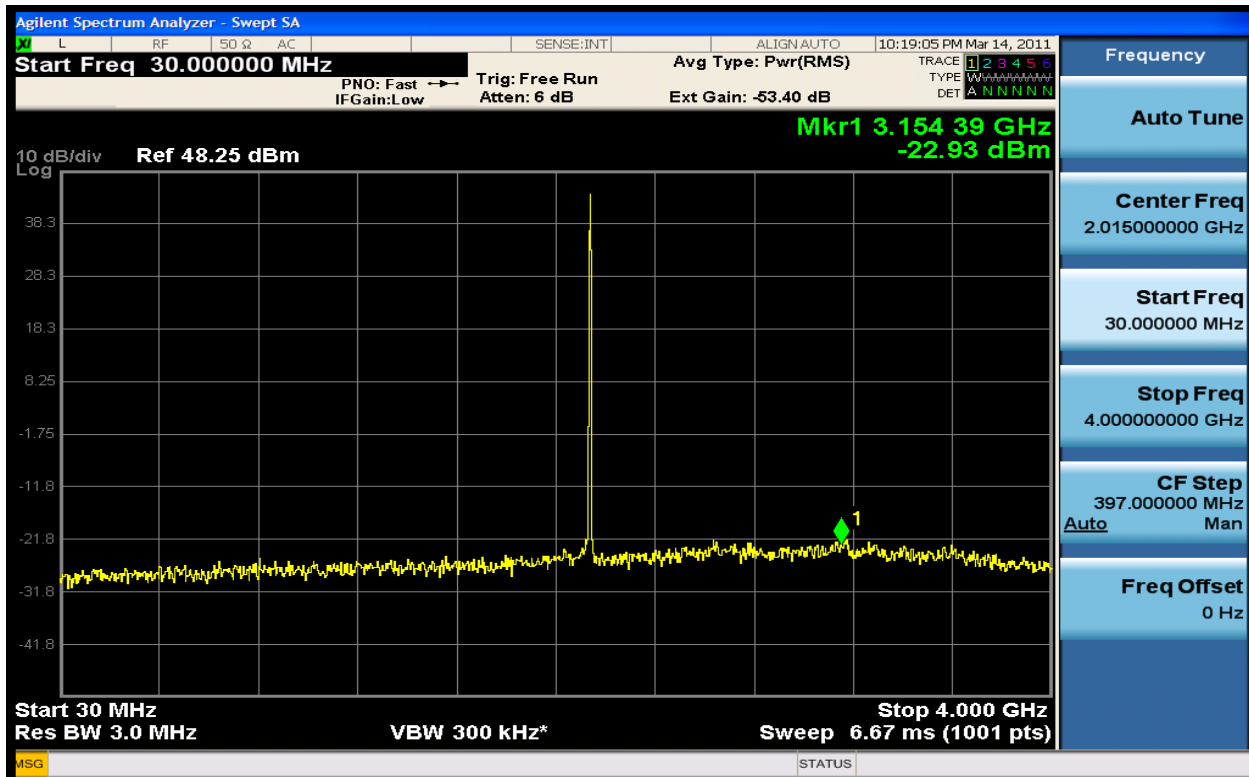


Figure 6-85 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz - 3.0MHz (30MHz - 4GHz)

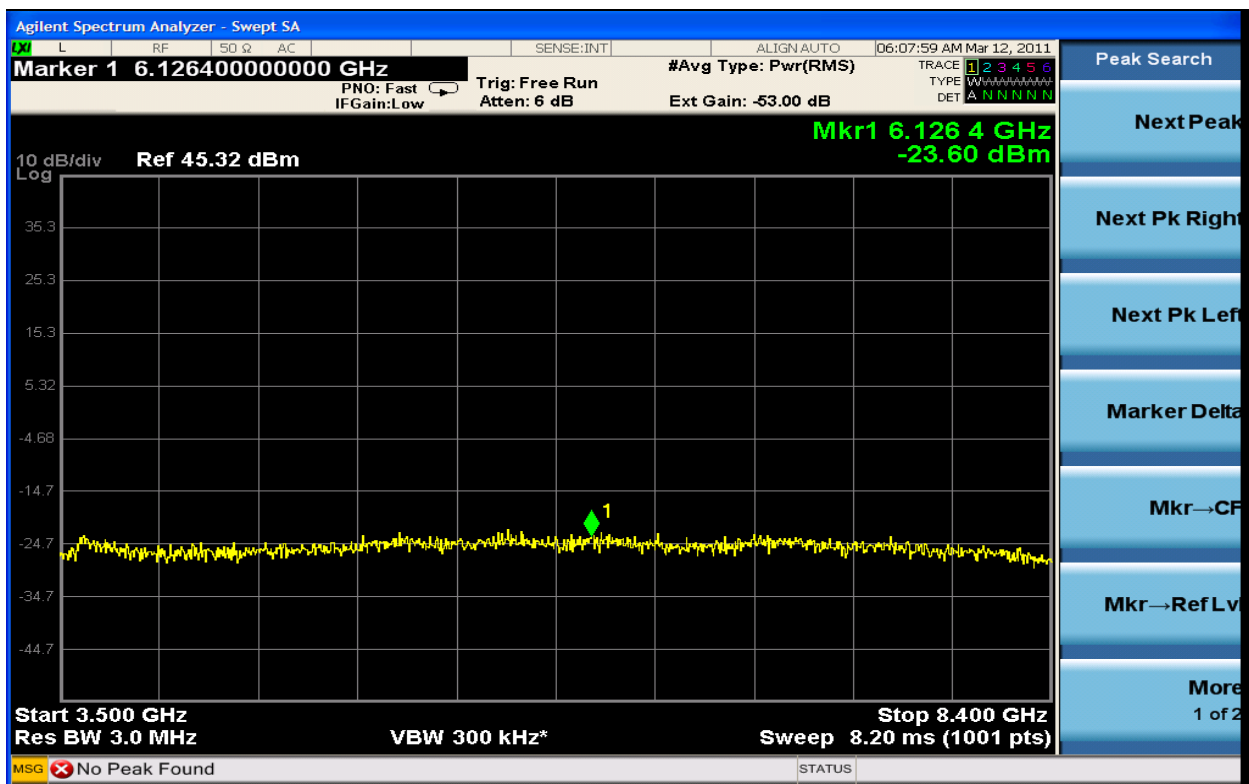


Figure 6-86 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz)

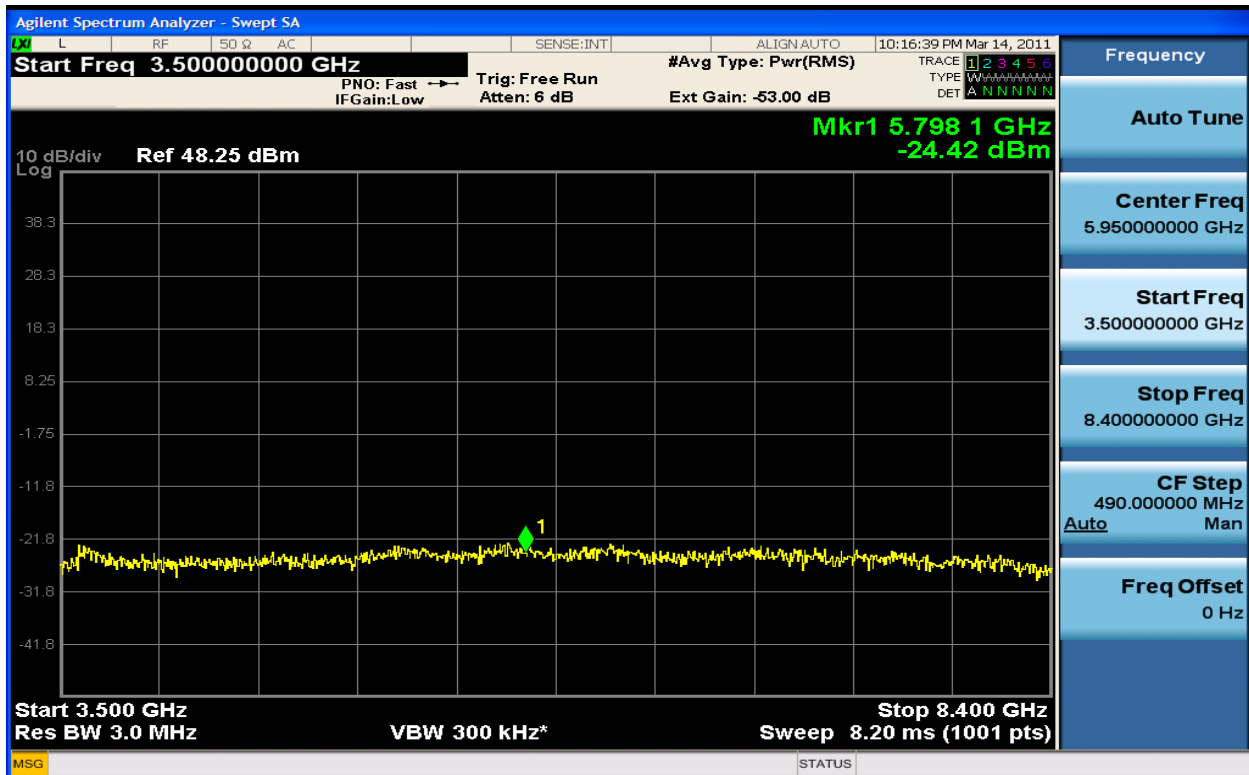


Figure 6-87 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz)

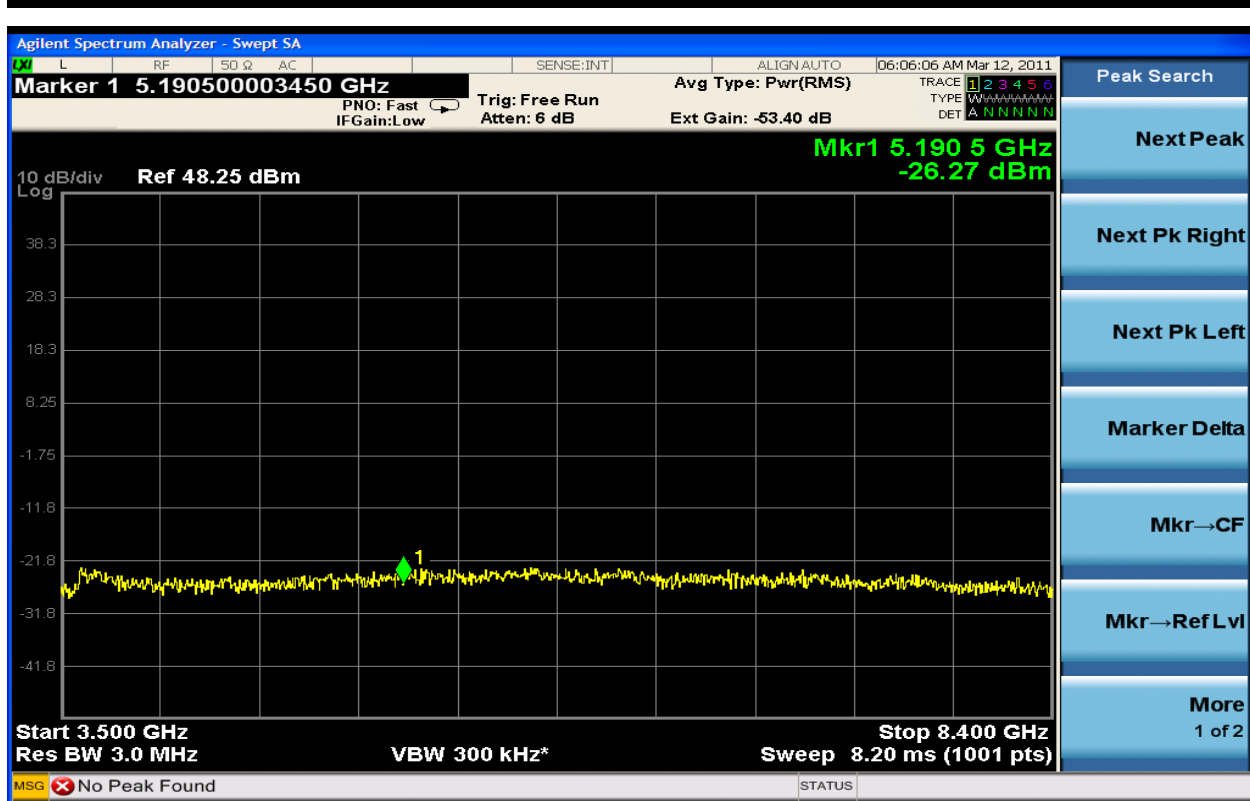


Figure 6-88 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz)

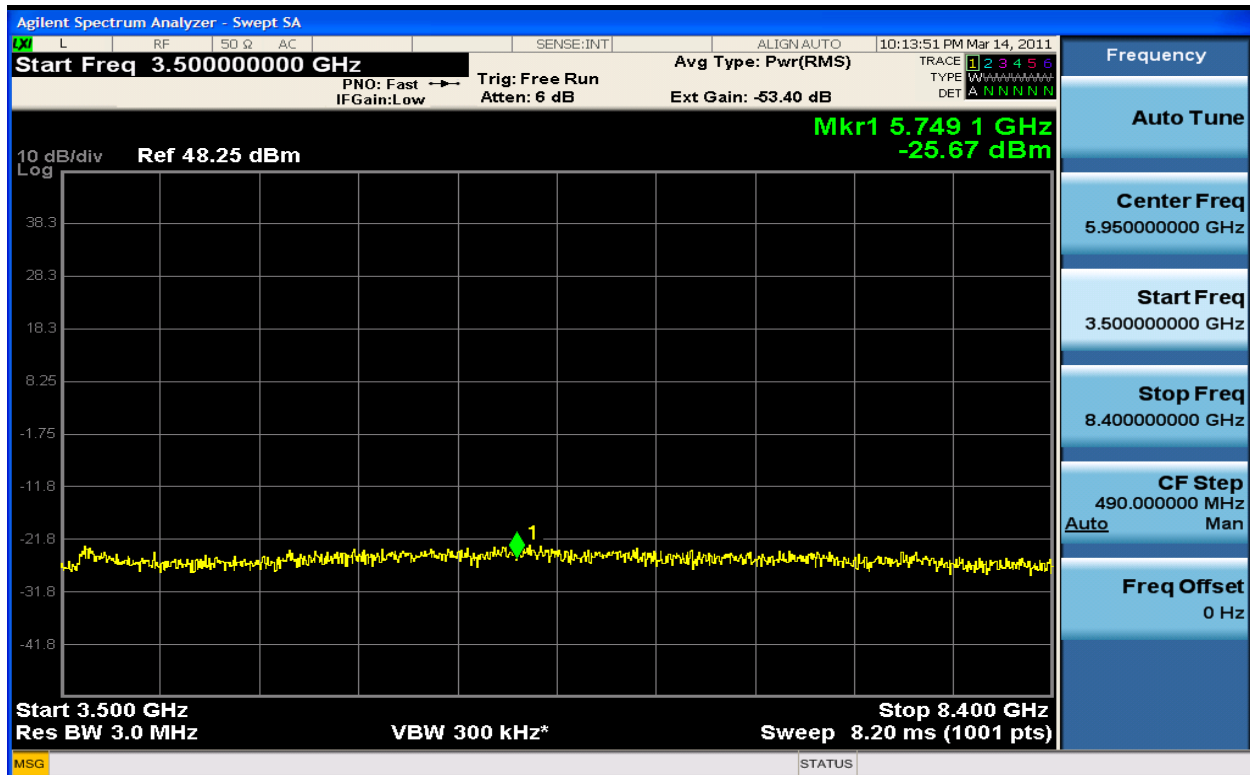


Figure 6-89 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (3.5GHz – 8.4GHz)

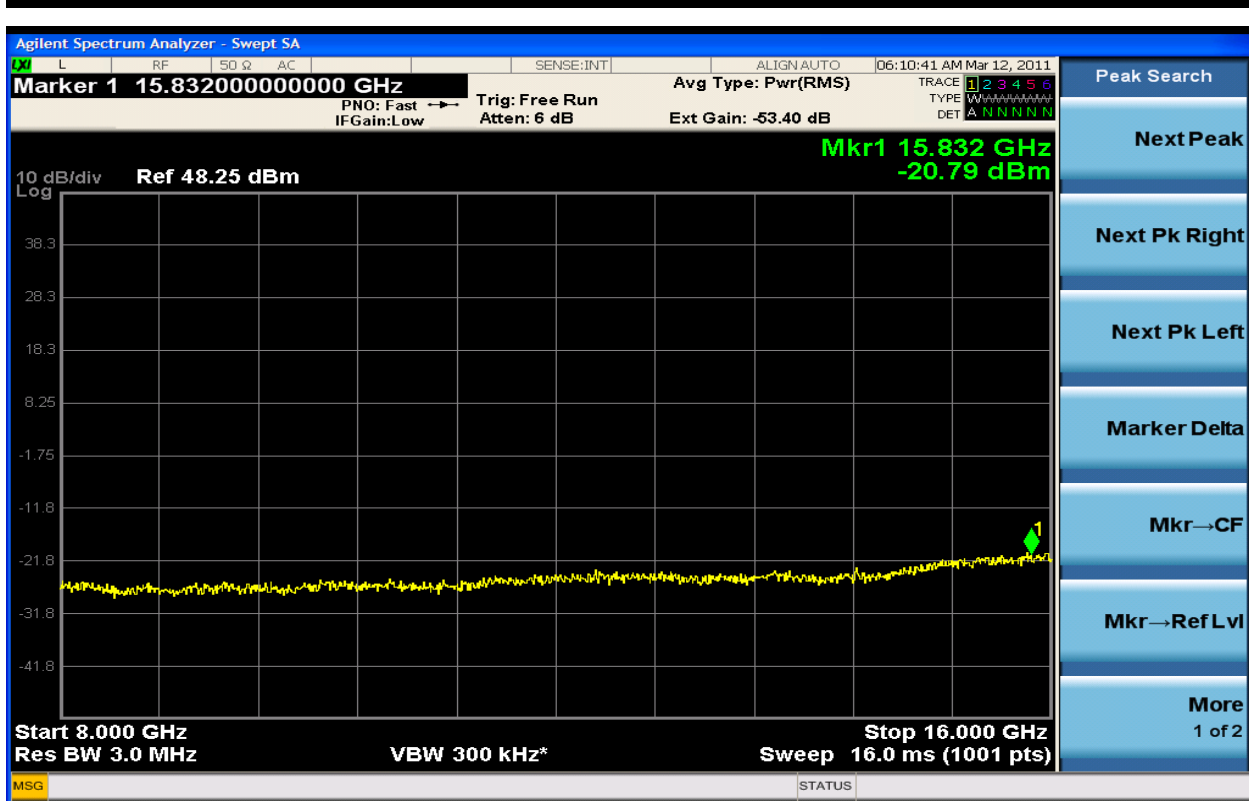


Figure 6-92 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (8GHz- 16GHz)

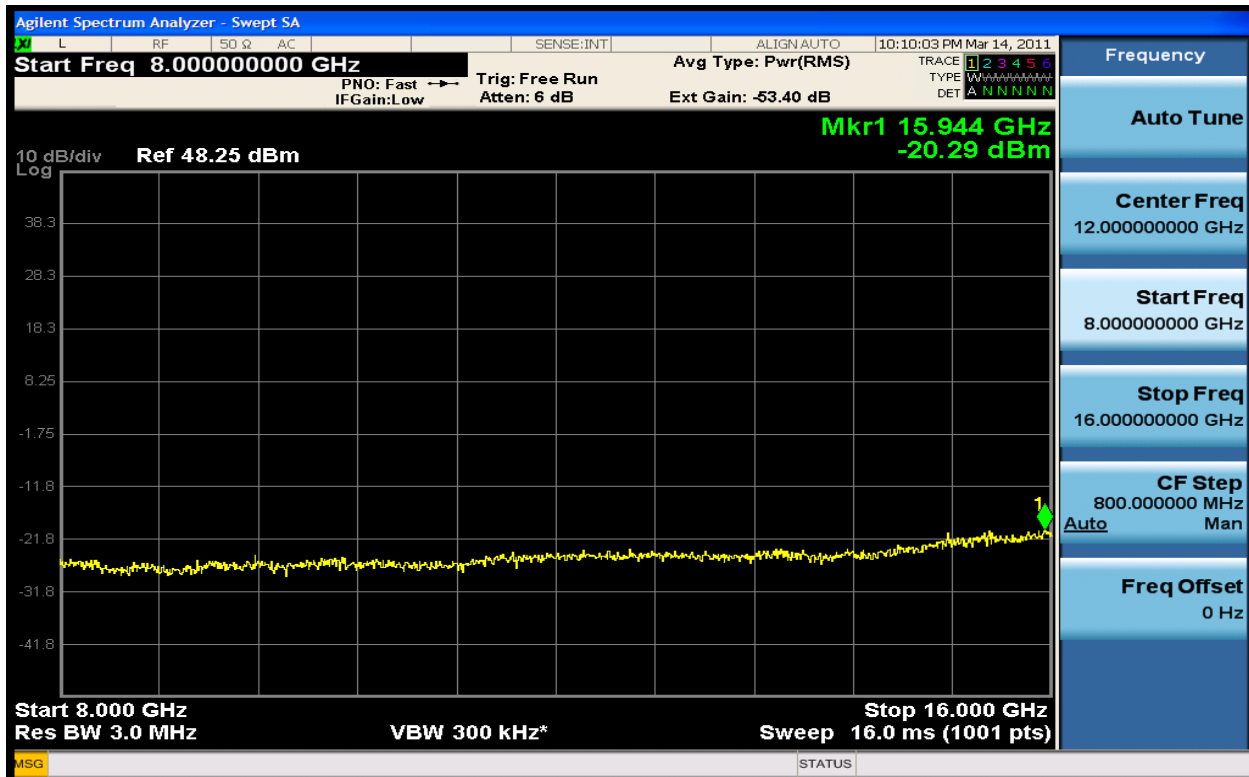


Figure 6-93 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz - 3.0MHz (8GHz- 16GHz)

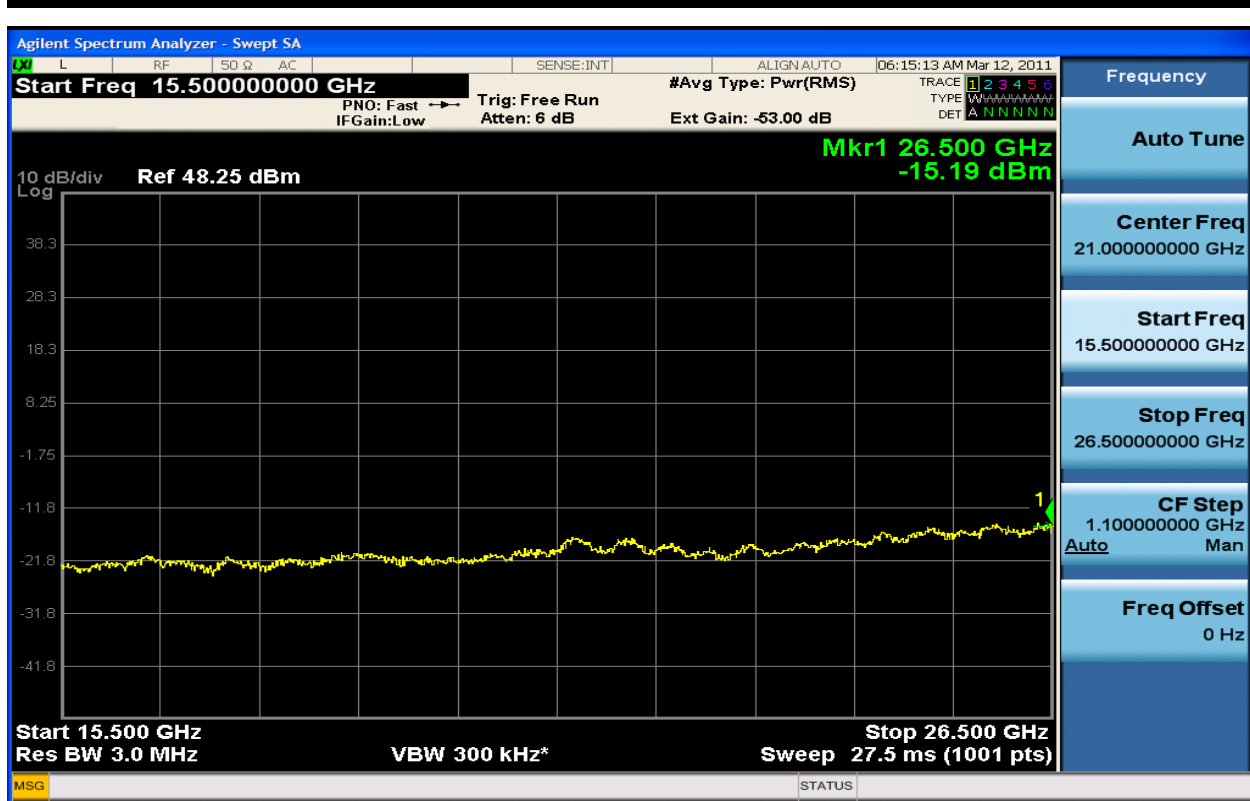


Figure 6-94 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)

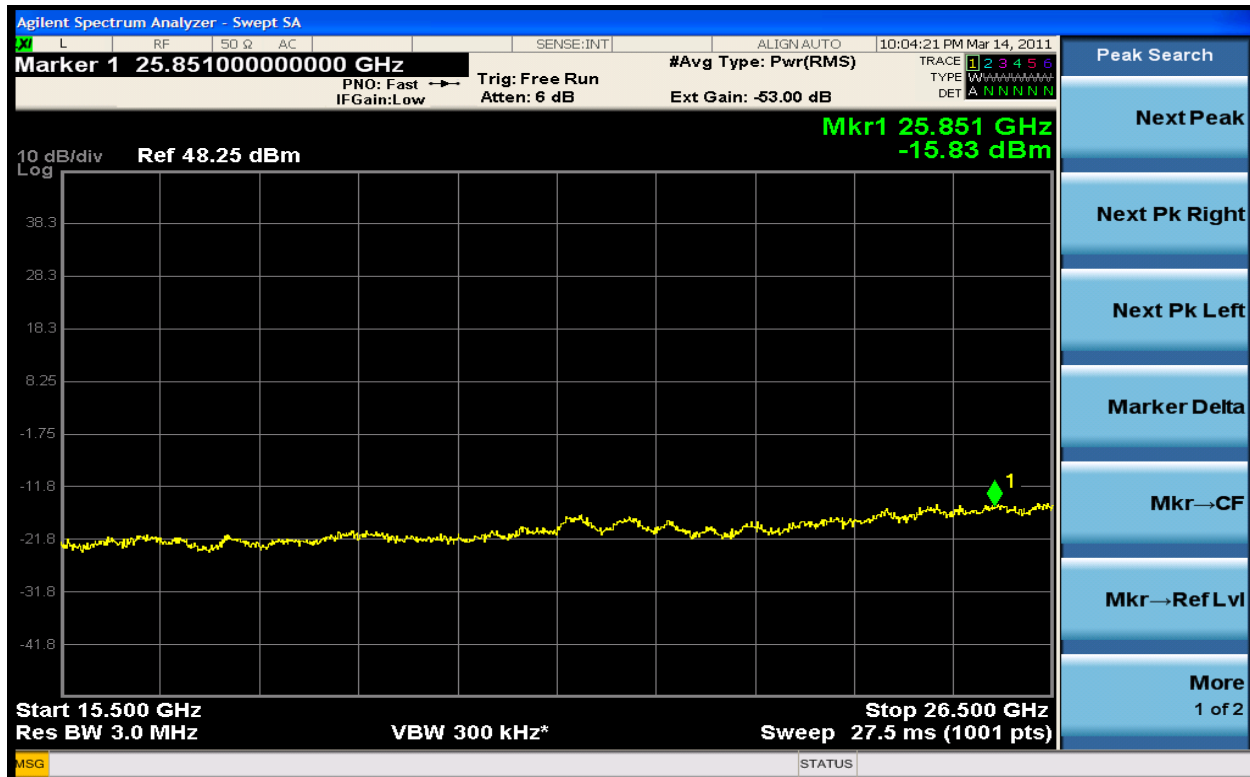


Figure 6-95 Spurious Emission TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)

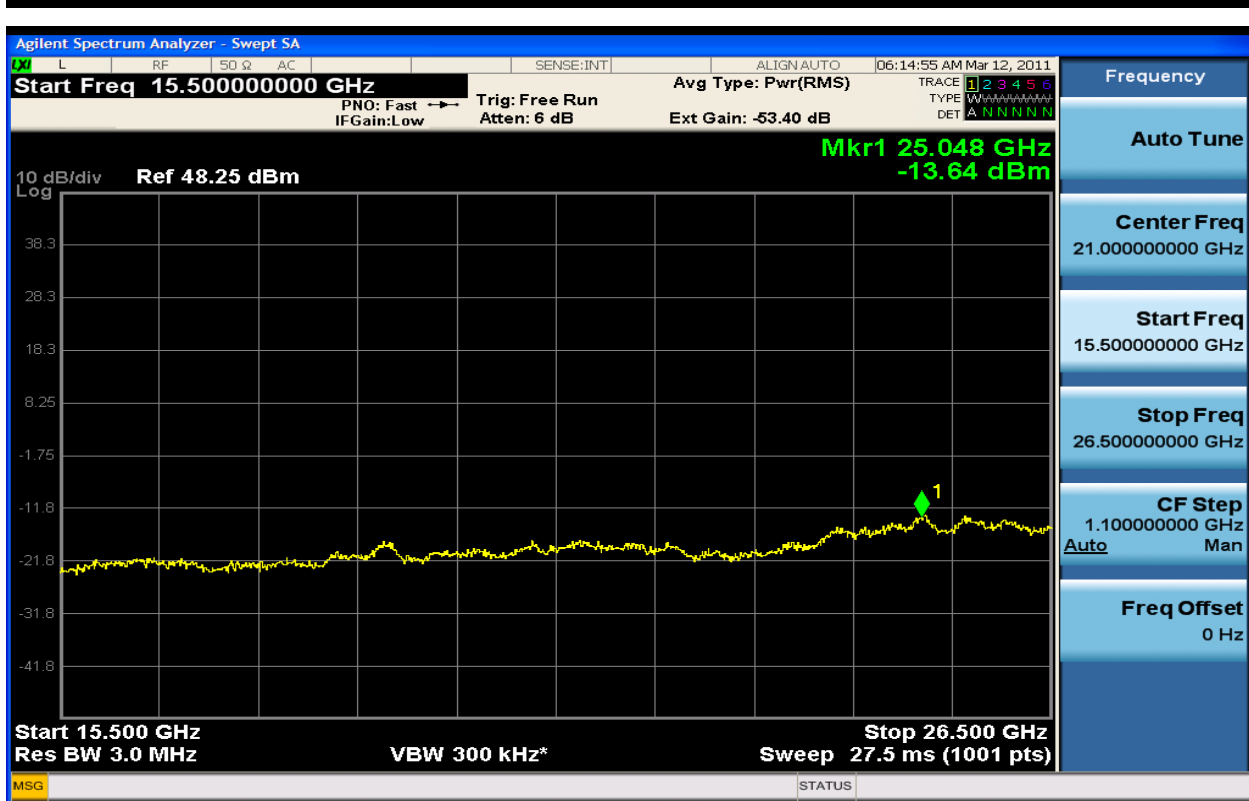


Figure 6-96 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2111.5MHz - 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)

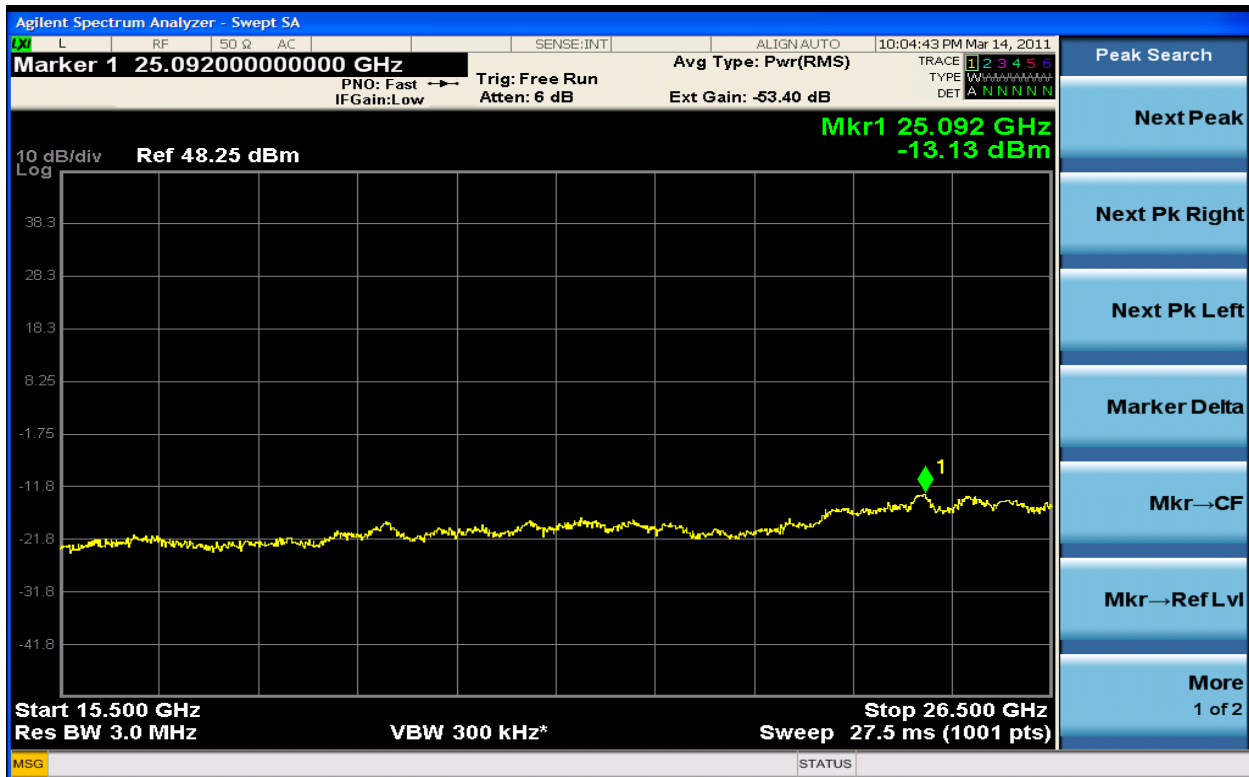


Figure 6-97 Spurious Emission TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)

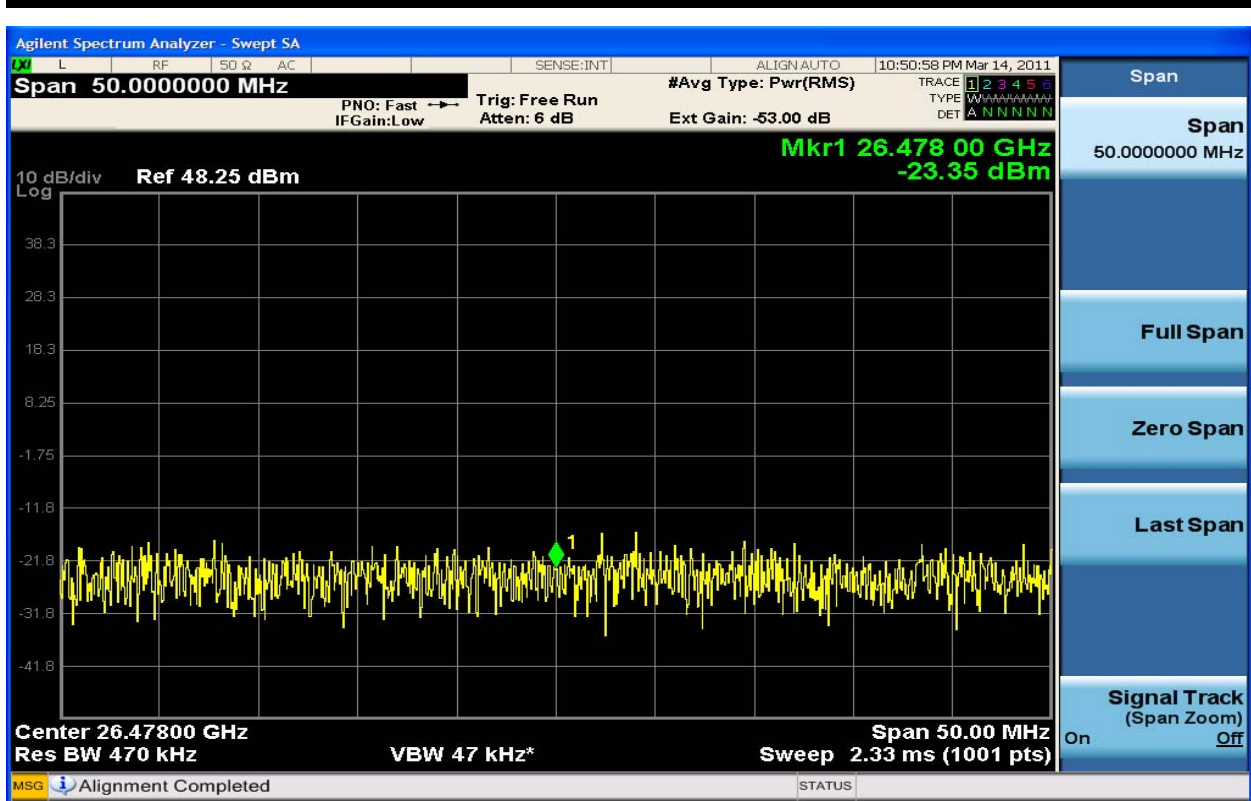


Figure 6-98 Spurious Emission / Noise Floor TX1 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)

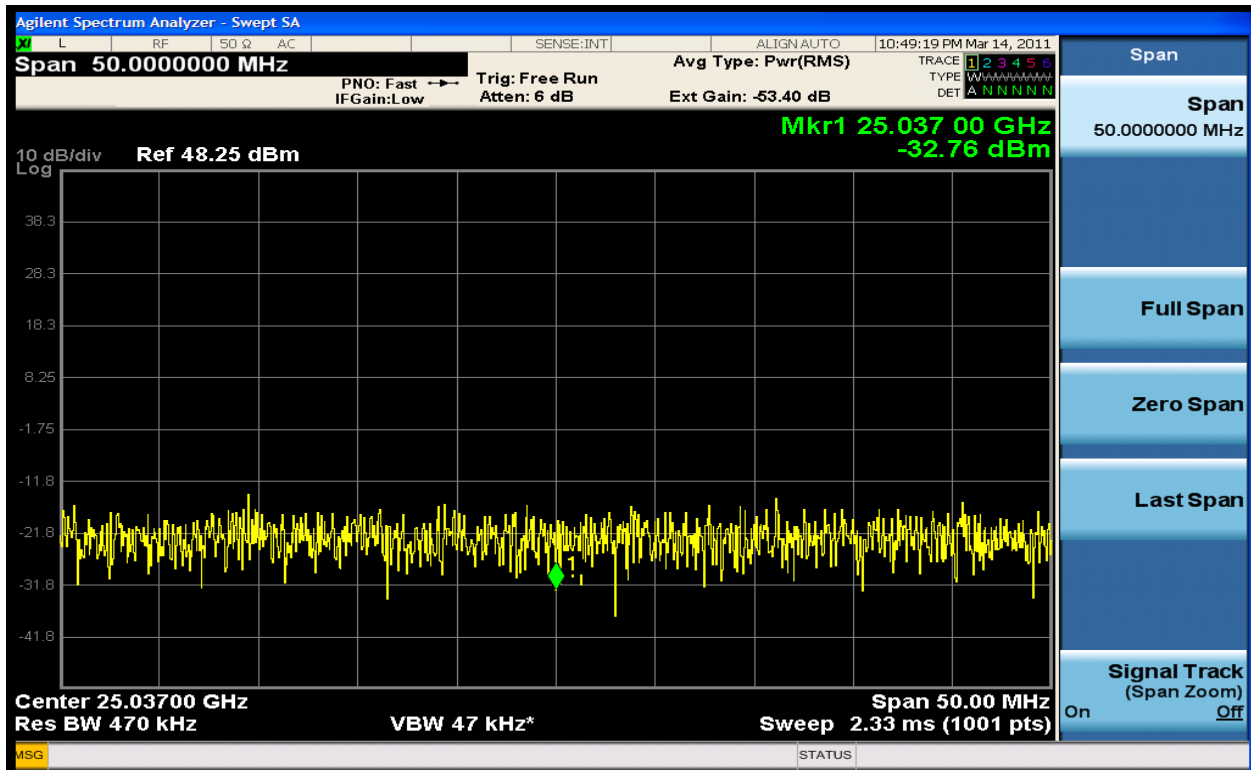


Figure 6-99 Spurious Emission / Noise Floor TX2 64QAM 2153.5MHz – 3.0MHz (15.5GHz – 26.5GHz)

6.4 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Clause 27.53(h)

(h) For operations in the 1710–1755 MHz and 2110–2155 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee’s frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB.

(1) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee’s frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(2) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee’s frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

(3) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

(i) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

Test Setup:

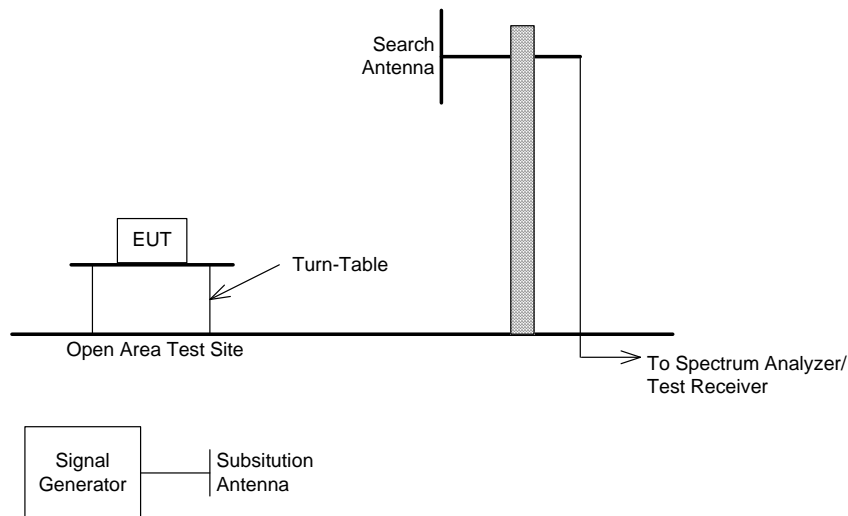


Figure 6-100: RRU Field Strength Set Up / Configuration

Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed on a turntable inside the AFC (configured as in normal operation). The system and its cables were separated from the ground plane by an insulating support 10 mm in height. The system was grounded in accordance with its installation specifications. No additional grounding connections were connected.
- For tests between **30 MHz and 1 GHz** the receive antenna (bi-log/horn) was placed at 10 m away from the EUT. An initial scan was done to find emissions (frequencies) requiring detailed measurement. The pre-scan was done by rotating the system 360 degrees while recording all emissions (frequency and amplitude). This procedure was repeated for antenna heights of 1 to 4 m, and for horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receiving antenna. The detector mode was quasi-peak (QP) with a 120 kHz bandwidth unless otherwise noted.
- For tests between **1 GHz and 10 GHz** the receive antenna (bi-log/horn) was placed at 10 m away from the EUT. An initial scan was done to find emissions (frequencies) requiring detailed measurement. The pre-scan was done by rotating the system 360 degrees while recording all emissions (frequency and amplitude). This procedure was repeated for antenna heights of 1 to 4 m, and for horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receiving antenna. The detector mode was average (AVG) with a 1 MHz bandwidth unless otherwise noted.
- For tests between **10 GHz to 18 GHz** the receive horn antenna was placed at a 3 m distance from the EUT. An initial scan was done to find emissions (frequencies) requiring detail measurement. The pre-scan was done by rotating the system 360 degrees while recording all emissions (frequency and amplitude). This procedure was repeated for antenna heights of 1 to 4 m, and for horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receiving antenna. These measurements were made with an average detector mode (AVG) with a 1 MHz bandwidth unless otherwise noted.
- For **all the above frequency ranges** optimization was done based on the pre-scan data. For each identified frequency, the EUT was rotated in azimuth over 360 degrees and the direction of maximum emission was noted. Antenna height was then varied from 1 to 4 m at this azimuth to obtain maximum emissions. The procedure was repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations (where applicable) of the search antenna. The maximum level measured was recorded. The spectrum analyzer was verified to make sure it was not saturating in the presence of the radio signal.
- The highest emissions were re-evaluated using the substitution method. This is accomplished by replacing the EUT by a calibrated antenna, cable and signal generator. This equipment is used to transmit a signal that will generate a RF meter reading level identical to the one were done with a bandwidth of 1 MHz.

Calculation of the Compliance Margin

The following example illustrates the manner in which the emissions levels are calculated in the “RE Test Results” Table 6-5: Spurious Emissions ERP.

The rows in these tables are defined as follows.

Meter Reading (dBuV) =	Voltage measured using the spectrum analyzer with quasi-peak adapter
Gain/Loss Factor (dB) =	Cumulative gain or loss of pre-amplifier and cables used in the measurement path (a negative value indicates gain)
Transducer Factor (dB) =	Antenna factor
Level (dBuV/m) =	Corrected value or field strength, that is, the parameter of interest that is compared to the limit
Margin (dB) =	Level with respect to the appropriate limit (a positive Margin indicates that the Level is below the limit and that the measurement is a PASS)

The values in the Level row are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Level} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Gain/Loss Factor} + \text{Transducer Factor}$$

The values in the Margin row are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Level}$$

The following example shows the manner in which the compliance margin is calculated for ERP:

ERP = Effective radiated power or equivalent radiated power

$$\text{ERP} = \text{Signal generator level} - \text{Cable losses} + \text{Antenna gain} - \text{Half wave dipole gain}$$

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{ERP}$$

$$\text{Limit} = \text{EUT Rated Power} - \text{Attenuation}$$

$$\text{Attenuation} = (43 + 10 \text{ Log (Pwr)})$$

$$\text{Limit} = 10 \text{ log (30Watt)} - (43 + 10 \text{ Log}(30\text{W}))$$

$$\text{Limit} = - 13 \text{ dBm}$$

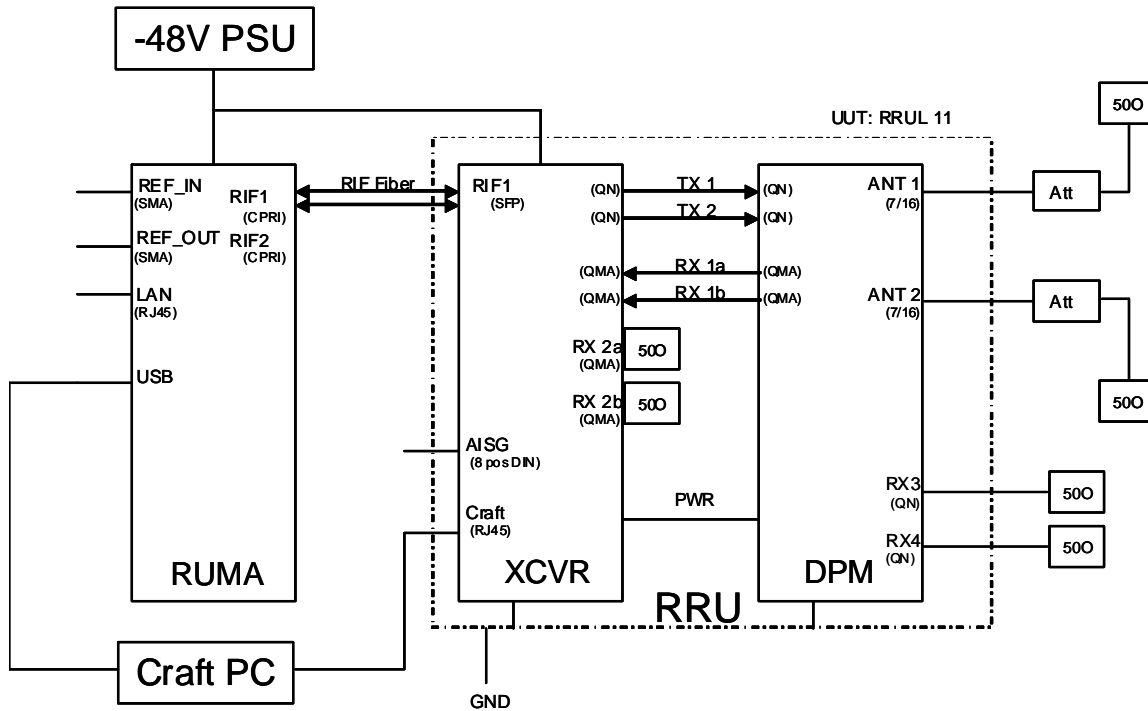


Figure 6-101: RRU EMC Set Up / Configuration

FCC 2.1053: Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of FCC 2.1049, as appropriate.

FCC 2.1057: Frequency spectrum to be investigated.

In all of the measurements set forth in 2.1051 and 2.1053, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower. Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and sub-harmonics of the carrier frequency as well as to those frequencies removed from the carrier by multiples of the oscillator frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should also be checked. The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

27.55 Power Strength Limits.

(a) *Field strength limits:* For the following bands, the predicted or measured median field strength at any location on the geographical border of a licensee’s service area shall not exceed the value specified unless the adjacent affected service area licensee(s) agree(s) to a different field strength. This value applies to both the initially offered service areas and to partitioned service areas.

- (1) 2110–2155, 2305–2320 and 2345–2360 MHz bands: 47 dBV/m.

EMC Reference Report: K0001795-TR-RAD-04-01, March 2011

Flextronics Design Validation Centre, 21 Richardson Side Road, Kanata On, K2K 2C1, Canada
Accreditation: SCC ISO/IEC 17025

Table 6-5: Spurious Emissions ERP

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBuV)	Signal Substitution (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	dBi to dBd Conversion	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
								> 40
Remarks: All other spurious have more margin								

All emissions in the radiated emissions scan were low compared to the FCC Part 15 limits.

No emission / harmonic necessitate verification using the substitution method.



Figure 6-102: Radiated Emissions Set Up Photo

6.5 Submission Exhibits – Permissive Change

2.1033 Submission Exhibits

- FCC Form 731
- Test Report