# 1. RF Exposure Requirements

## 1.1 General Information

#### **Client Information**

Applicant: NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address of applicant: No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China

Manufacturer: NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address of manufacturer: No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China

## **General Description of EUT:**

Product Name: Control

Trade Name: /

Model No.: DD274B

Adding Model(s):

Rated Voltage: AC 120V

Battery Capacity: /
Power Adaptor : /

FCC ID: VYY-DD274B Equipment Type: Mobile device

#### **Technical Characteristics of EUT:**

Frequency Range: 433.92MHz

Max. Field Strength: 433.92MHz: 78.04dBuV/m(3m)

Data Rate: /
Modulation: FSK

Antenna Type: Integral Antenna

Antenna Gain: 0dBi

## 1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

**Option A:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A):The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

**Option B:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW) described in the following formula.  $P_{th}$  is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \ cm} (d/20 \ \text{cm})^x & d \le 20 \ \text{cm} \\ ERP_{20 \ cm} & 20 \ \text{cm} < d \le 40 \ \text{cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20\ cm}\ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5\ \text{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5\ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6\ \text{GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

**Option C:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

| Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation |                                      |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| RF Source frequency (MHz) Threshold ERP (watts)               |                                      |  |  |  |
| 0.3-1.34 1,920 R <sup>2</sup>                                 |                                      |  |  |  |
| 1.34-30   | 3,450 R <sup>2</sup> /f <sup>2</sup> |  |  |  |
| 30-300  | 3.83 R <sup>2</sup>                  |  |  |  |
| 300-1,500   | 0.0128 R <sup>2</sup> f              |  |  |  |
| 1,500-100,000   | 19.2R <sup>2</sup>                   |  |  |  |

### For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{b} \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{c} \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \le 1$$

## 1.3 Calculated Result

| Radio<br>Access | Prediction<br>Frequency | Max. Field<br>Strength | Antenna<br>Gain | Output<br>Power | Tune-Up<br>Power | ERP    |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|
| Technology      | (MHz)                   | (dBuV/m)               | (dBi)           | (dBm)           | (dBm)            | (dBm)  |
| SRD             | 433.92                  | 78.04                  | 0               | -17.22          | -17.00           | -19.15 |

| Frequency | Option | Min. Distance | Max. Power |      | Exposure Limit | Ratio | Result    |
|-----------|--------|---------------|------------|------|----------------|-------|-----------|
| (MHz)     | Option | (cm)          | (dBm)      | (mW) | (mW)           | Ralio | Pass/Fail |
| 433.92    | В      | 0.5           | -17.00     | 0.02 | 23.17          | 0.01  | Pass      |

Note: 1. EIRP= E-104.8+20logD; Output Power=EIRP- Antenna Gain; ERP=EIRP-2.15dB

- 2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.
- 3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;
- 4. For option B,  $P_{th}$  (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).
  - 5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

#### **Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:**

| Radio Access | Ratio 1 | Ratio 2 | Ratio 3 | Simultaneous | Limit | Result    |  |
|--------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|-------|-----------|--|
| Technology   | Ratio i |         |         | Ratio        |       | Pass/Fail |  |
| 1            | /       | /       | /       | /            | 1     | 1         |  |

Result: Pass