1. RF Exposure Requirements

1.1 General Information

Client Information

Applicant:	NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of applicant:	No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China
Manufacturer:	NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of manufacturer:	No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China

General Description of EUT:

Product Name:	Wireless receiver			
Trade Name:	/			
Model No.:	DD1146H			
Adding Model(s):	/			
Rated Voltage:	DC 12V			
Battery Capacity:	/			
Power Adaptor :	/			
FCC ID:	VYY-DD1146H			
Equipment Type:	Mobile device			

Technical Characteristics of EUT:

Frequency Range:	433.92MHz
Max. Field Strength:	433.92MHz: 86.19dBuV/m(3m)
Data Rate:	/
Modulation:	FSK
Antenna Type:	Wire Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0dBi

1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

Option A: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A):The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

Option B: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} (mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \ cm} (d/20 \ cm)^{x} & d \le 20 \ cm \\ ERP_{20 \ cm} & 20 \ cm < d \le 40 \ cm \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz};$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \ cm} \ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040 f & 0.3 \ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5 \ \text{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5 \ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6 \ \text{GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

Option C: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation					
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)				
0.3-1.34	1,920 R ²				
1.34-30	3,450 R ² /f ²				
30-300	3.83 R ²				
300-1,500	0.0128 R ² f				
1,500-100,000	19.2R ²				

For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{b} \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{c} \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \le 1$$

1.3 Calculated Result

Radio Access	Prediction Frequency	Max. Field Strength	Antenna Gain	Output Power	Tune-Up Power	ERP
Technology	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
SRD	433.92	86.19	0	-9.07	-9.00	-11.15

Frequency	Ontion	Min. Distance	Max.	Power	Exposure Limit	Ratio	Result
(MHz)	z) Option	(cm)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)	Rallo	Pass/Fail
433.92	В	0.5	-9.00	0.13	23.17	0.01	Pass

Note: 1. EIRP= E-104.8+20logD; Output Power=EIRP- Antenna Gain;

ERP=EIRP-2.15dB

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B, P_{th} (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access	Patio 1	Ratio 1 Ratio 2 Ratio 3 Simultaneous	Limit	Result		
Technology			Ratio	Linin	Pass/Fail	
	/	/	/	/	/	/

Result: Pass