

Wireless 802.11a CPE User Manual

**Wireless 802.11a CPE
User Manual**

NOTICE

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REVISION HISTORY

| Rev. | Changes | Date |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 0.1 | Initial release | August 28, 2009 |

1. GETTING STARTED

The WLAN Broadband CPE is delivered with the following factory default parameters on the Ethernet LAN interfaces.

Default IP Address: 10.10.10.254
Default IP subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
WEB login User Name: admin
WEB login Password: admin

The device has four operation modes (Bridge /Gateway/WISP /AP Client). The default IP addresses for the device are 10.10.10.254, so you need to make sure the IP address of your PC is in the same subnet as the device, such as 10.10.10.X.

It will take about 25 seconds to complete the boot up sequence after power on.

Prepare your PC to configure the WLAN Broadband CPE

For OS of Microsoft Windows 95/ 98/ Me:

1. Click the **Start** button and select **Settings**, then click **Control Panel**. The **Control Panel** window will appear.
Note: Windows Me users may not see the Network control panel. If so, select **View all Control Panel options** on the left side of the window.
2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on **Network** icon. The **Network** window will appear.
3. Check the installed list of **Network Components**. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the **Add** button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
4. Select **Protocol** in the **Network Component Type** dialog box and click **Add** button
5. Select **TCP/IP** in **Microsoft** of **Select Network Protocol** dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to **Network** dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
6. Select **TCP/IP** and click the **properties** button on the **Network** dialog box.
7. Select **Specify an IP address** and type in values as following example.
 - IP Address: **10.10.10.1**, (any IP address within 10.10.10.1 to 10.10.10.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point).
 - IP Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
8. Click OK and reboot your PC after completes the IP parameters setting

For OS of Microsoft Windows 2000, XP:

1. Click the **Start** button and select **Settings**, then click **Control Panel**. The **Control Panel** window will appear.
2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on **Network and Dial-up Connections** icon. Move mouse and double-click the **Local Area Connection** icon. The **Local Area Connection** window will appear. Click **Properties** button in the **Local Area Connection** window
3. Check the installed list of **Network Components**. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the **Add** button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
4. Select **Protocol** in the **Network Component Type** dialog box and click **Add** button.

| |
|---|
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|---|

5. Select **TCP/IP** in **Microsoft** of **Select Network Protocol** dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to **Network** dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
6. Select **TCP/IP** and click the **properties** button on the **Network** dialog box.
7. Select **Specify an IP address** and type in values as following example.
 - IP Address: **10.10.10.1**, (any IP address within 10.10.10.1 to 10.10.10.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point).
 - IP Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**.
8. Click OK to complete the IP parameters setting.

For OS of Microsoft Windows NT:

1. Click the **Start** button and select **Settings**, then click **Control Panel**. The **Control Panel** window will appear.
2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on **Network** icon. The **Network** window will appear. Click **Protocol** tab from the **Network** window.
3. Check the installed list of **Network Protocol** window. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the **Add** button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
4. Select **Protocol** in the **Network Component Type** dialog box and click **Add** button.
5. Select **TCP/IP** in **Microsoft** of **Select Network Protocol** dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to **Network** dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
6. Select **TCP/IP** and click the **properties** button on the **Network** dialog box.
7. Select **Specify an IP address** and type in values as following example.
 - IP Address: **10.10.10.1**, any IP address within 10.10.10.1 to 10.10.10.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
 - IP Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
8. Click OK to complete the IP parameters setting

2. CONFIGURATION OF WEB UTILITY

The Wireless CPE implements a Web utility allowing user to manage the operation via a user friendly interface. This Utility provides comprehensive system management scheme, including system configuration, performance monitoring, system maintenance and administration.

2.1. Access Web Utility

To access the Web Utility, you have to launch your Internet Browser. (i.e., MS. IE 5.0 or later, Netscape Navigator 4.7 or later).

- Step1: Enter Wireless Router's default IP address as <http://10.10.10.254> in the Address field then press Enter.
- Step2: Login dialog box will appear, enter **admin** as Administrator Name and **admin** as default administrator password, and then click "Login" to access configuration utility.



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- Step3: After log in, you can see the Main menu as below.

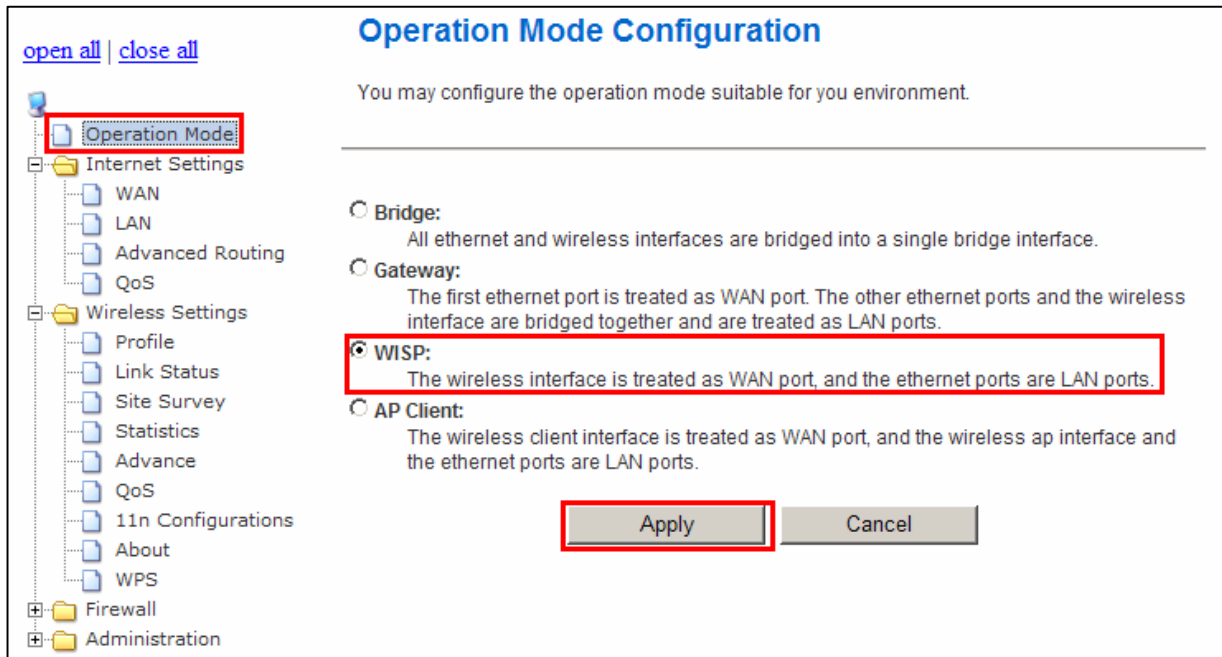
The screenshot displays the main menu of the Ralink APSoc web interface. At the top left, there are links for [open all](#) and [close all](#). The main title is **Ralink APSoc**. On the left side, there is a tree view of the menu items:

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - Advanced Routing
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
 - Profile
 - Link Status
 - Site Survey
 - Statistics
 - Advance
 - QoS
 - 11n Configurations
 - About
 - WPS
- Firewall
- Administration

At the top right, there is a language selection box labeled "Select Language" with a dropdown menu showing "English" and an "Apply" button. Below this, there are three links: [Status](#), [Statistic](#), and [Management](#). In the center of the page, the logo for "goahead WEBSERVER™" is displayed.

2.1.1. Operation Mode

In this option, you can configure the operation mode which suitable for your environment. The default setting is **WISP**. There have four modes is provided:



- **Bridge:** All Ethernet and wireless interfaces are bridged into a single bridge interface. When Bridge mode is applied, there have some functions change in Internet Settings section. As you can see in below, Internet Settings section only has “**LAN**”, “**DHCP Client**”, “**VPN Pass-through**”, “**DNS**”, and “**Advanced Routing**” for Bridge Mode’s configuration.
- **Gateway:** The first Ethernet port is treated as WAN port. The other Ethernet ports and the wireless interface are bridge together and are treated as LAN ports.
- **WISP:** The wireless interface is treated as WAN port and the Ethernet ports are LAN ports. After Ethernet Converter mode is applied, the WAN will change from Ethernet type to wireless type. There will be five LAN ports and one wireless WAN port. User must configure wireless encryption connection and set the necessary protocols.
- **AP Client:** The wireless client interface is treated as WAN port, and the wireless AP interface and the Ethernet ports are LAN ports.

2.2. Wireless Settings

2.2.1. Profile

The Station Profile page shows the settings and current operation status of the station.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Station Profile

The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

| Profile List | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| | Profile | SSID | Channel | Authentication | Encryption | Network Type |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> | PROF001 | MyWLAN | Auto | WPA2-PSK | TKIP | Infrastructure |

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2.2.2. Link Status

The Station Link Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Station Link Status

The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - DHCP clients
 - Advanced Routing
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
 - Profile
 - Link Status
 - Site Survey
 - Statistics
 - Advance
 - QoS
 - 11n Configurations
 - About
 - WPS
- Firewall
- Administration

| Link Status | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Status | Disconnected | |
| Extra Info | | |
| Channel | | |
| Link Speed | Tx(Mbps) 0 | Rx(Mbps) 0 |
| Throughput | Tx(Kbps) 0 | Rx(Kbps) 0 |
| Link Quality | 0% | |
| Signal Strength 1 | 0% | <input type="checkbox"/> dBm format |
| Signal Strength 2 | 0% | |
| Signal Strength 3 | 0% | |
| Noise Level | 0% | |

| HT | |
|------|---------|
| BW | 20 |
| GI | long |
| STBC | none |
| MCS | 0 |
| SNR0 | 4866224 |
| SNR1 | 4866224 |

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2.2.3. Site Survey

Station Site Survey page can show information of APs nearby, you can choose one of these APs connecting or adding it to profile.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Station Site Survey

Site survey page shows information of APs nearby. You may choose one of these APs connecting or adding it to profile.

| Site Survey | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|------|---------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| SSID | BSSID | RSSI | Channel | Encryption | Authentication | Network Type |
| Disconnected | | | | Connect | Rescan | Add Profile |

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For adding a profile, choose one AP and click "Add Profile". And you will see the below screen for AP profile configuration. Enter the necessary information and apply the settings.

| System Configuration | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Profile Name | <input type="text" value="PROF001"/> | |
| SSID | <input type="text"/> | |
| Network Type | Infrastructure <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
| Power Saving Mode | <input checked="" type="radio"/> CAM (Constantly Awake Mode) <input type="radio"/> Power Saving Mode | |
| RTS Threshold | <input type="checkbox"/> Used <input type="text" value="2347"/> | |
| Fragment Threshold | <input type="checkbox"/> Used <input type="text" value="2346"/> | |
| Security Policy | | |
| Security Mode | OPEN <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
| Wire Equivalence Protection (WEP) | | |
| WEP Key Length | 64 bit (10 hex digits / 5 ascii keys) <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
| WEP Key Entry Method | Hexadecimal <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
| WEP Keys | WEP Key 1 : | <input type="text"/> |
| | WEP Key 2 : | <input type="text"/> |
| | WEP Key 3 : | <input type="text"/> |
| | WEP Key 4 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Default Key | Key 1 <input type="button" value="v"/> | |

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2.2.4. Statistics

The Station Statistics page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Station Statistics

The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

| Transmit Statistics | |
|--|-----|
| Frames Transmitted Successfully | 763 |
| Frames Transmitted Successfully Without Retry | 763 |
| Frames Transmitted Successfully After Retry(s) | 0 |
| Frames Fail To Receive ACK After All Retries | 0 |
| RTS Frames Successfully Receive CTS | 0 |
| RTS Frames Fail To Receive CTS | 0 |

| Receive Statistics | |
|---------------------------------------|----|
| Frames Received Successfully | 0 |
| Frames Received With CRC Error | 76 |
| Frames Dropped Due To Out-of-Resource | 0 |
| Duplicate Frames Received | 0 |

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2.2.5. Advance

The Station Advanced Configuration page shows the settings and current operation status of the station.

The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

| Advance Configuration | |
|--|---|
| Wireless Mode(Infra) | 802.11 AN mixed mode |
| 11 B/G | 5:CH1-14 |
| Country Region Code | 11 |
| A | 7:CH36,40,44,48,52,56,60,64,100,104,108,112,116,120,124,128,132,136,140,149,153,157,161,165 |
| B/G Protection | Auto |
| Tx Rate | Auto |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tx Burst | |

| HT Physical Mode | |
|------------------|--|
| HT | <input checked="" type="radio"/> MM <input type="radio"/> GF |
| BW | <input type="radio"/> 20 <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto |
| GI | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Long <input type="radio"/> Auto |
| MCS | Auto |

RADIO OFF Apply

Wireless Mode: Select wireless mode. 802.11A Only, 802.11 AN mix mode are supported.

Country Region Code: This field displays the region of operation for which the wireless interface is intended.

B/G Protection: User can choose from Auto, On, and Off

- Auto: STA will dynamically change as AP announcement
- ON: Always send frame with protection.
- Off: Always send frame without protection.

TX Rate: Manually force the Transmit using selected rate. Default is auto.

TX Burst: Frame burst mode.

HT Physical Mode: Configure HT Status in use, containing HT(MM or GF), BW(20 or Auto), GI(Long or Auto), and MCS(0~15, 32, or Auto) settings.

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2.2.6. QoS

The QoS configuration page can allow you to configure WMM and Direct Link settings

The screenshot shows the 'Station Advanced Configurations' page. On the left is a navigation tree with 'QoS' selected under 'Wireless Settings'. The main content area has a title 'Station Advanced Configurations' and a subtitle 'The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.' Below this are three sections:

- Qos Configuration:** A table with four rows:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| WMM | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> enable |
| WMM Power Saving | <input type="checkbox"/> enable |
| PS Mode | <input type="checkbox"/> AC_BE <input type="checkbox"/> AC_BK <input type="checkbox"/> AC_VI <input type="checkbox"/> AC_VO |
| Direct Link Setup | <input type="checkbox"/> enable |

 An 'Apply' button is located below this section.
- Direct Link Setup:** A table with two rows:

| | |
|---------------|---|
| MAC Address | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> |
| Timeout Value | <input type="text"/> sec |

 A 'DLS Apply' button is located below this section.
- DLS Status:** A table with two rows:

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| MAC Address | Timeout |
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |

 A 'Tear Down' button is located below this section.

(1) QoS Configuration

- WMM: Enable Wi-Fi Multi-Media.
- WMM Power Saving: Enable WMM Power Save.
- PS Mode: Select which ACs you want to enable.
- Direct Link Setup: Enable DLS (direct Link Setup).

(2) Direct Link Setup

- MAC Address:** Fill in the blanks of Direct Link with MAC address of STA. Connect with the same AP that supports DLS features
- Timeout Value:** Timeout Value represent that it disconnect automatically after some seconds. The value is integer. The integer must be between 0~65535. It represents that it always connects if the value is zero.

(3) DLS Status

After configuring DLS successfully, show MAC address of the opposite side and Timeout Value of setting in "DLS Status". In "DLS Status" of the opposite side, it shows MAC address of itself and Timeout Value of setting.

2.2.7. 11n Configurations

The Station 11n Configurations page shows the settings and current operation status of the station.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Station 11n Configurations

The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

| 11n Configuration | |
|--------------------------|---|
| MPDU Aggregation | <input type="checkbox"/> enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Manual <input type="radio"/> Auto |
| MPDU density | 5 |
| Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU) | <input type="checkbox"/> enable |

Apply

MPDU Aggregation: MPDU stands for MAC Protocol Data Unit. MPDUs are the fragmented units of MSDU, also called MAC frames, encapsulate the higher layer protocol data or contain MAC management messages.

MPDU Density: Select 0~7 to configure the MPDU density.

Aggregation MSDU (A-MSDU): A-MSDU stands for Aggregate MAC service data unit. This option allows aggregation of multiple MSDU in one MPDU. The MSDU is that unit of data that is received from the LLC sub-layer which lies above the MAC sub-layer in a protocol stack. The LLC and MAC sub-layers are collectively referred to as the DLL.

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2.2.8. About

The About page shows driver version and MAC address.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

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 - About**
 - WPS
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- Administration

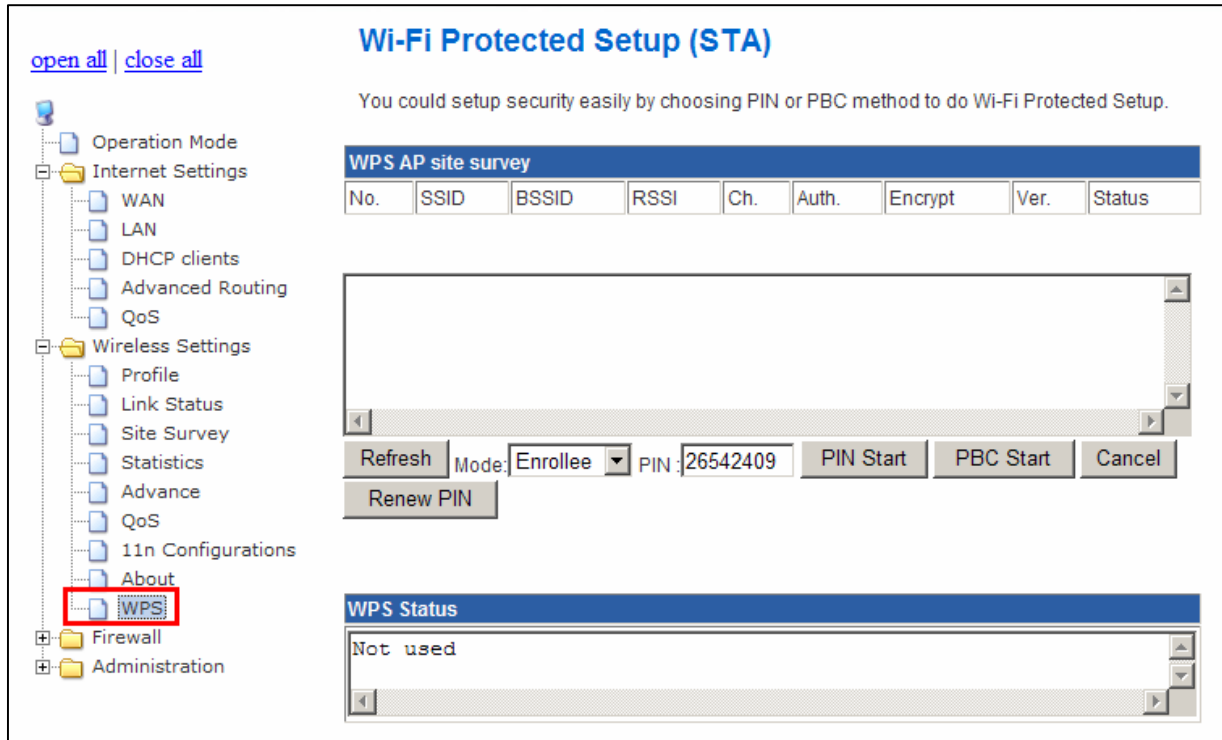
Station About

The Status page shows the settings and current operation status of the Station.

| About | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Driver Version | 1.8.0.0 |
| MAC Address | 00-0C-43-28-80-20 |

2.2.9. WPS

You can setup security easily by choosing PIN or PBC method to do Wi-Fi Protected setup.



WPS AP Site Survey: Display the information of surrounding APs with WPS IE from last scan result. List information includes SSID, BSSID, RSSI, Channel, ID (Device Password ID), Auth., Encrypt, Ver., and Status.

Refresh: Issue a rescan command to wireless NIC to update information on surrounding wireless network.

Mode: Our station role-playing as an Enrollee or an external Registrar.

PIN: 8-digit numbers. It is required to enter PIN Code into Registrar using PIN method. Each NIC Wireless has only one PIN Code of Enrollee.

PIN Start: Start to add to Registrar using PIN configuration method. IF STA Registrar, remember that enter PIN Code read from you Enrollee before starting PIN.

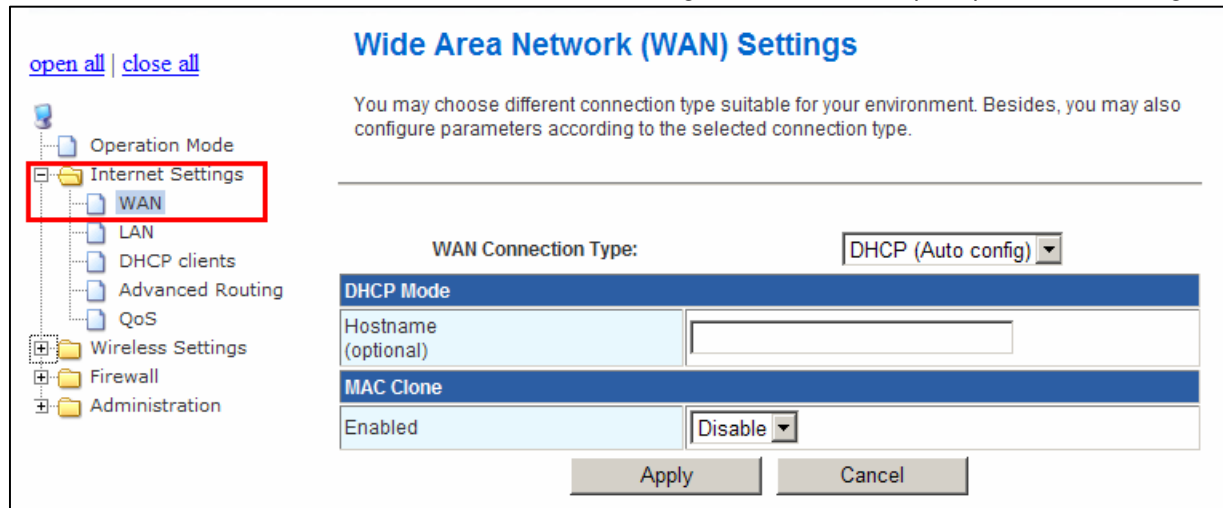
PBC Start: Start to add to AP using PBC configuration method.

WPS Status: Display the current status of the WPS function.

2.3. Internet Settings

2.3.1. WAN

The WAN port is the connection of the 802.11n AP Router module to existing broadband device such as Cable modem or ADSL CPE. Click WAN on Internet Setting, below screen will prompt for WAN setting.



This AP Router supports 5 methods of obtaining the WAN IP Address:

- **Static IP (fixed IP):** Use static IP address to access Network. Your ISP will provide a static IP address.
- **DHCP (Auto Config):** Automatic gets IP address from your ISP.
- **PPPoE (ADSL):** PPPoE is a common connection type used for xDSL.
- **PPTP:** PPP Tunneling Protocol can support multi-protocol Virtual Private Network (VPN).
- **L2TP:** Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol can support multi-protocol Virtual Private Networks (VPN)

2.3.2. LAN

When the module operates in the Gateway mode, it supports the NAT (NAPT) feature. It means the WAN and LAN interfaces are located in different network segments and therefore the data traffic needs to be routed between the two interfaces.

To communicate with 802.11n router properly, must assign an IP address to the LAN port of the user's PC. There are two ways to assign a proper IP address to the user PC's LAN port:

- **Manual configuration of the user PC:** This required if the user configures the 802.11n router WAN port with a static IP address.
- **Dynamic IP assignment with DHCP:** 802.11n router can act as a DHCP server which dynamically assigns an IP address to user's PC located in the LAN-side network.

Click **LAN** on Internet Settings, below screen will prompt for LAN setting.

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[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Local Area Network (LAN) Settings

You may enable/disable networking functions and configure their parameters as your wish.

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - DHCP clients
 - Advanced Routing
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
- Administration

| LAN Setup | |
|----------------------|---|
| IP Address | <input type="text" value="10.10.10.254"/> |
| Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> |
| LAN 2 | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| LAN2 IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| LAN2 Subnet Mask | <input type="text"/> |
| MAC Address | <input type="text" value="00:0C:43:28:80:21"/> |
| DHCP Type | <input type="text" value="Server"/> |
| Start IP Address | <input type="text" value="10.10.10.100"/> |
| End IP Address | <input type="text" value="10.10.10.200"/> |
| Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> |
| Primary DNS Server | <input type="text" value="10.10.10.254"/> |
| Secondary DNS Server | <input type="text" value="168.95.1.1"/> |
| Default Gateway | <input type="text" value="10.10.10.254"/> |
| Lease Time | <input type="text" value="86400"/> |
| Statically Assigned | MAC: <input type="text"/> IP: <input type="text"/> |
| Statically Assigned | MAC: <input type="text"/> IP: <input type="text"/> |
| Statically Assigned | MAC: <input type="text"/> IP: <input type="text"/> |
| 802.1d Spanning Tree | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| LLTD | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| IGMP Proxy | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| UPNP | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| Router Advertisement | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| PPPoE Relay | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| DNS Proxy | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |

LAN IP Address: The LAN IP address. Default: 192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask: The LAN net-mask. Default: 255.255.255.0

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DHCP Type: Select Disable to disable this Router to distribute IP address. Select Server to enable this Router to distribute IP addresses (DHCP server). And the following field will be activated for you to enter this starting IP address.

Start IP address: Specify the starting IP address of the IP address pool. Default Start IP: 192.168.1.100.

End IP address: Specify the ending IP address of the IP address pool. Default End IP: 192.168.1.250.

Lease Time: Specify the time duration for which the settings will be in effect. Default: 86400 seconds.

802.1d Spanning Tree: Default: Disable.

LLTD: Default: Disable.

IGMP Proxy: Default: Disable.

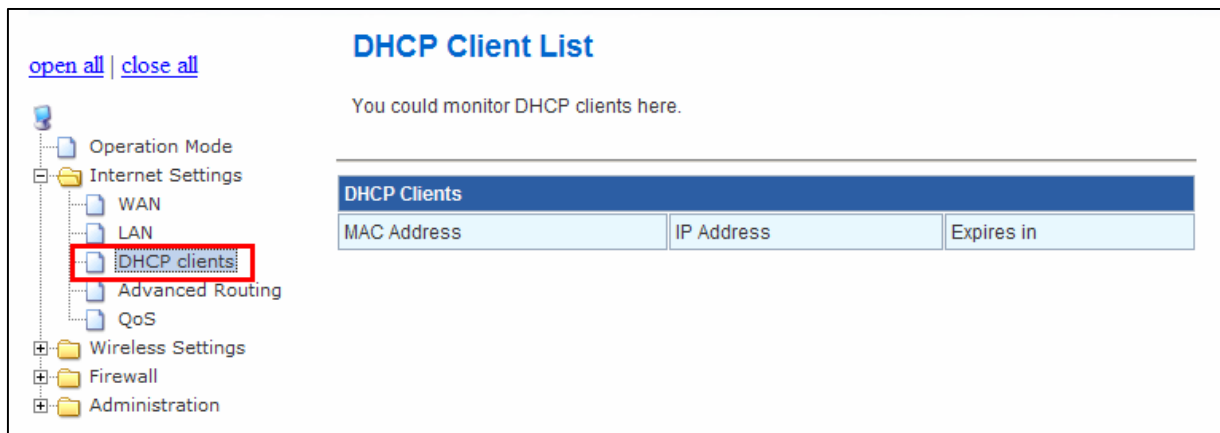
UPnP: UPnP is architecture for pervasive peer-to-peer network connectivity of PCs and intelligent devices or appliances, particularly within the home. UPnP builds on Internet standards and technologies, such as TCP/IP, HTTP, and XML, to enable these devices automatically connect with one another and work together to make networking – particularly home networking – possible for more people. Default: Disable. Router Advertisement: Default: Disable.

PPPoE Relay: Default: Disable.

DNS Proxy: Enable the DNS Proxy that will relay users'/clients' DNS requests to a real DNS server IP address. Users no need to specify real DNS server IP address. Default: Enabled.

2.3.3. DHCP Clients

DHCP client computers connected to the device will have their information displayed in the DHCP Client List table. The table will show the MAC Address, IP Address and Expires in of the DHCP lease for each client computer.



The screenshot shows the 'DHCP Client List' page. On the left is a navigation tree with 'DHCP clients' selected. The main content area has the title 'DHCP Client List' and a message: 'You could monitor DHCP clients here.' Below this is a table with the following structure:

| DHCP Clients | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|
| MAC Address | IP Address | Expires in |

MAC Address: Shows the client MAC address information.

IP address: Shows the client IP address information.

Expires in: Shows the expired time of the client.

2.3.4. Advanced Routing

Static routes are special routes that the network administrator manually enters into the router configuration. The route table allows the user to configure and define all the static routes supported by the router. You may add and remote custom Internet routing rules, and/or enable dynamic routing exchange protocol here.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - DHCP clients
 - Advanced Routing**
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
- Administration

Static Routing Settings

You may add and remote custom Internet routing rules, and/or enable dynamic routing exchange protocol here.

Add a routing rule

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Destination | <input type="text"/> |
| Range | Host <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| Gateway | <input type="text"/> |
| Interface | LAN <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="text"/> |
| Comment | <input type="text"/> |

Current Routing table in the system:

| No. | Destination | Netmask | Gateway | Flags | Metric | Ref | Use | Interface | Comment |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-------|--------|-----|-----|------------|---------|
| 1 | 255.255.255.255 | 255.255.255.255 | 0.0.0.0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | WAN (ra0) | |
| 2 | 10.10.10.0 | 255.255.255.0 | 0.0.0.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | LAN (eth2) | |

Dynamic Routing Settings

Dynamic Routing Protocol

| | |
|-----|--|
| RIP | Disable <input type="button" value="v"/> |
|-----|--|

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[Add a routing rule]

Destination: Defines the base IP address (Network Number) that will be compared with the destination IP address (after an AND with NetMask) to see if this is the target route.

Range: select the range from drop down list

Gateway: Enter IP address of the next hop router that will be used to route traffic for this route. If this route is local (defines the locally connected hosts and Type = Host) then this IP address MUST be the IP Address of the router.

Interface: Select the interface mode from drop down list.

Comment: Enter the comment for this static route.

[Current Routing table in the system]

To see the detail settings of current routing table in the system.

[Dynamic Routing Setting]

RIP: RIP can be used to cache routes learned by routing protocols, thus allowing the automation of static routing maintenance. The router, using the RIP (Routing Information Protocol) protocol, determines the network packet's route based on the fewest number of hops between the source and the destination. In this case, you could automatically adjust to physical changes in the network layout. Default is **Disable**.

2.3.5. QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) is a different priority bandwidth control; this function could help to separate the packet to different priority to WAN connection. This option will provide better service of selected network traffic over various technologies. Deploying QoS management to guarantee that all application receive the service levels required and sufficient bandwidth to meet performance expectations is indeed one important aspect of modem enterprise network.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Quality of Service Settings

You may setup rules to provide Quality of Service guarantees for specific applications.

| QoS Setup | |
|---------------------|---|
| Quality of Service | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> |
| Upload Bandwidth: | <input type="text" value="User defined"/> <input type="text"/> Bits/sec |
| Download Bandwidth: | <input type="text" value="User defined"/> <input type="text"/> Bits/sec |

2.4. Firewall

The Firewall contains the following sections: MAC/IP/Port Filtering, Port Forwarding, DMZ, System Security Setting, Content Filtering, and Port Trigger

2.4.1. MAC/IP/Port Filtering Settings

You can setup firewall rules to protect your network from virus, worm and malicious activity on the internet. Filters are used to deny or allow LAN computers from access the Internet. Within the local area network, the unit can be setup to deny Internet access to computers using the assigned IP or MAC addresses. The unit can also block users from accessing restricted web site.

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[open all](#) | [close all](#)

MAC/IP/Port Filtering Settings

You may setup firewall rules to protect your network from virus, worm and malicious activity on the Internet.

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - DHCP clients
 - Advanced Routing
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
 - MAC/IP/Port Filtering
 - Port Forwarding
 - DMZ
 - System Security
 - Content Filtering
- Administration

Basic Settings

MAC/IP/Port Filtering
Disable ▾

Default Policy -- The packet that don't match with any rules would be:
Dropped ▾

Apply
Reset

MAC/IP/Port Filter Settings

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| MAC address | <input type="text"/> |
| Dest IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Source IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Protocol | None ▾ |
| Dest Port Range | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> |
| Source Port Range | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> |
| Action | Accept ▾ |
| Comment | <input type="text"/> |

(The maximum rule count is 32.)

Apply
Reset

Current MAC/IP/Port filtering rules in system:

| No. | MAC address | Dest IP Address | Source IP Address | Protocol | Dest Port Range | Source Port Range | Action | Comment | Pkt Cnt |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Others would be dropped | | | | | | | | | - |

Delete Selected
Reset

MAC/IP/Port Filtering: Enable this function, all list from the filtering will be deny the internet access.

Default Policy: There have 2 options, Dropped and Accepted.

MAC Address: The MAC address of the computer in the LAN (Local Area Network) to be used in the MAC filter table. Enter the MAC address of LAN port, e.g. 00:00:27:88:81:18

Dest IP Address: The IP address that will be denied to access.

Source IP Address: The IP address that will be denied access to the Internet.

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Protocol: This is the protocol type that will be used with the Port that will be blocked.

Destination Port Range: The single port or port range that will be denied to access. If no port is specified, all ports will be denied access.

Source Port Range: The single port or port range that will be denied access to the Internet. If no port is specified, all ports will be denied access.

2.4.2. Port Forwarding

You may setup virtual servers to provide service on internet.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Virtual Server Settings

You may setup Virtual Servers to provide services on Internet.

| Virtual Server Settings | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Virtual Server Settings | Disable |
| IP Address | |
| Port Range | |
| Protocol | TCP&UDP |
| Comment | |

(The maximum rule count is 32.)

| Current Virtual Servers in system: | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---------|
| No. | IP Address | Port Range | Protocol | Comment |

Virtual Server Setting: Enable/Disable the port forward.

IP Address: This is the port number on the WAN side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

Port Range: This is the port used to forward the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports. For the TCP and UDP services enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the start and finish fields.

Protocol: Select the protocol (TCP, UDP, or TCP & UDP) used to the remote system or service.

Comment: You may key in a description for the IP address.

2.4.3. DMZ

You may setup a De-Militarized Zone (DMZ) to separate internet network and internet.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

DMZ Settings

You may setup a De-militarized Zone(DMZ) to separate internal network and Internet.

| DMZ Settings | |
|----------------|----------------------|
| DMZ Settings | Disable ▾ |
| DMZ IP Address | <input type="text"/> |

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - DHCP clients
 - Advanced Routing
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
 - MAC/IP/Port Filtering
 - Port Forwarding
 - DMZ**
 - System Security
 - Content Filtering
- Administration

DMZ Setting: If the DMZ Host Function is enabled, it means that you set up DMZ host at a particular computer to be exposed to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially Internet/Online game can have two-way connections. Select Enable or Disable from the pull-down menu.

DMZ IP Address: Enter the IP address of a particular host in your LAN that will receive all the packets originally going to the WAN port/Public IP address above. **Note:** You need to give your LAN PC clients a fixed/static IP address for DMZ to work properly.

2.4.4. System Security Settings

You may configure the system firewall to protect AP/Router itself from attacking.

The screenshot shows the 'System Security Settings' page. On the left is a navigation tree with categories: Operation Mode, Internet Settings (WAN, LAN, DHCP clients, Advanced Routing, QoS), Wireless Settings, Firewall (MAC/IP/Port Filtering, Port Forwarding, DMZ, System Security, Content Filtering), and Administration. The 'System Security' option under Firewall is selected. The main content area has a title 'System Security Settings' and a subtitle 'You may configure the system firewall to protect AP/Router itself from attacking.' Below this are three settings sections: 'Remote management' with a dropdown set to 'Allow'; 'Ping from WAN Filter' with a dropdown set to 'Disable'; and 'Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)' with a dropdown set to 'Disable'. At the bottom are 'Apply' and 'Reset' buttons.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

System Security Settings

You may configure the system firewall to protect AP/Router itself from attacking.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Remote management | |
| Remote management (via WAN) | Allow ▾ |

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Ping from WAN Filter | |
| Ping from WAN Filter | Disable ▾ |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) | |
| SPI Firewall | Disable ▾ |

2.4.5. Content Filtering

You can setup content filter to restrict the improper content access.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
 - WAN
 - LAN
 - DHCP clients
 - Advanced Routing
 - QoS
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
 - MAC/IP/Port Filtering
 - Port Forwarding
 - DMZ
 - System Security
 - Content Filtering**
- Administration

Content Filter Settings

You can setup Content Filter to restrict the improper content access.

Webs Content Filter

Filters: Proxy Java ActiveX

Webs URL Filter Settings

Current Webs URL Filters:

| | |
|----|-----|
| No | URL |
|----|-----|

Add a URL filter:

URL:

Webs Host Filter Settings

Current Website Host Filters:

| | |
|----|---------------|
| No | Host(Keyword) |
|----|---------------|

Add a Host(keyword) Filter:

Keyword

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Content Filter Setting: There have three options for this filter – Proxy, Java, and ActiveX. When those options are checked, the content filter will deny computer from access to the internet by contented those options.

Web URL Filter Setting: With security reason, the URL Filter provides the enterprise to manage and restrict employee access to non-business or undesirable content on the Internet. URL Filter is a web solution that blocks web-sites access according the URL Filter String no matter the URL string is found full or partial matched with a keyword.

Web Host Filter Settings: Web Host Filter is a web solution that blocks web-sites access according the Web Host name or partial matched with a keyword.

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2.5. Administration

The Administration contains the following sections: Administration, Upload Firmware, Setting Management, Status, Statistics, System Command, and System Log

2.5.1. Management

You may configure administrator account and password, NTP settings, and Dynamic DNS settings here.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

System Management

You may configure administrator account and password, NTP settings, and Dynamic DNS settings here.

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
- Administration
 - Management
 - Upload Firmware
 - Settings Management
 - Status
 - Statistics
 - System Command
 - System Log
 - SDK History

Language Settings

Select Language: English

Administrator Settings

Account:
 Password:

NTP Settings

Current Time: Sat Jan 1 01:38:02 UTC 20
 Time Zone: (GMT-11:00) Midway Island, Samoa
 NTP Server:
 NTP synchronization(hours):

Green AP

| Duration | Action |
|-------------------|---------|
| 00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00 | Disable |
| 00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00 | Disable |
| 00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00 | Disable |
| 00 : 00 ~ 00 : 00 | Disable |

2.5.2. Upload Firmware

Firmware is the main software image, which the AP Router needs to perform all tasks in real time. Firmware upgrades are required for adding new features or to resolves bugs. It takes about 1 minute to upload/upgrade flash and be patient please.

Caution: A corrupted image will hang up the system.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
- Administration
 - Management
 - Upload Firmware**
 - Settings Management
 - Status
 - Statistics
 - System Command
 - System Log
 - SDK History

Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade the Ralink SoC firmware to obtain new functionality. **It takes about 1 minute to upload upgrade flash and be patient please. Caution! A corrupted image will hang up the system.**

Update Firmware

Location:

Upgrade firmware from USB

Location:

Update Bootloader

Location:

Force upgrade firmware via mem

Force:

2.5.3. Setting Management

You might save system settings by exporting them to configuration file, restore them by import the file, or reset them to factory default.

The screenshot shows a web interface for 'Settings Management'. On the left is a navigation tree with items like 'Operation Mode', 'Internet Settings', 'Wireless Settings', 'Firewall', and 'Administration'. Under 'Administration', 'Settings Management' is selected. The main content area has a title 'Settings Management' and a descriptive paragraph. Below this are three sections: 'Export Settings' with an 'Export' button; 'Import Settings' with a text input for 'Settings file location', a 'Browse...' button, and 'Import' and 'Cancel' buttons; and 'Load Factory Defaults' with a 'Load Default' button.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

Settings Management

You might save system settings by exporting them to a configuration file, restore them by importing the file, or reset them to factory default.

Export Settings

Export Button Export

Import Settings

Settings file location Browse...

Import Cancel

Load Factory Defaults

Load Default Button Load Default

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User Manual**

2.5.4. Status

In this section, you can look at the status of this wireless 11n Router, such as System Info, Internet Configurations, and Local Network...etc.

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
- Administration
 - Management
 - Upload Firmware
 - Settings Management
 - Status**
 - Statistics
 - System Command
 - System Log
 - SDK History

Access Point Status

Let's take a look at the status of Ralink SoC Platform.

| System Info | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| SDK Version | 3.2.0.0 (Aug 24 2009) |
| System Up Time | 1 hour, 53 mins, 22 secs |
| System Platform | RT2880 with IC+ PHY |
| Operation Mode | WISP Mode |

| Internet Configurations | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Connected Type | DHCP |
| WAN IP Address | |
| Subnet Mask | |
| Default Gateway | |
| Primary Domain Name Server | 192.168.1.5 |
| Secondary Domain Name Server | 168.95.1.1 |
| MAC Address | 00:0C:43:28:80:20 |

| Local Network | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Local IP Address | 10.10.10.254 |
| Local Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| MAC Address | 00:0C:43:28:80:21 |

Ethernet Port Status

not support

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User Manual**

2.5.5. Statistics

In this section, you can look at the statistics of this wireless 11n Router, such as Memory statistics, WAN/LAN's Rx & Tx packets, and all interface statistics...etc

[open all](#) | [close all](#)

- Operation Mode
- Internet Settings
- Wireless Settings
- Firewall
- Administration
 - Management
 - Upload Firmware
 - Settings Management
 - Status
 - Statistics**
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 - SDK History

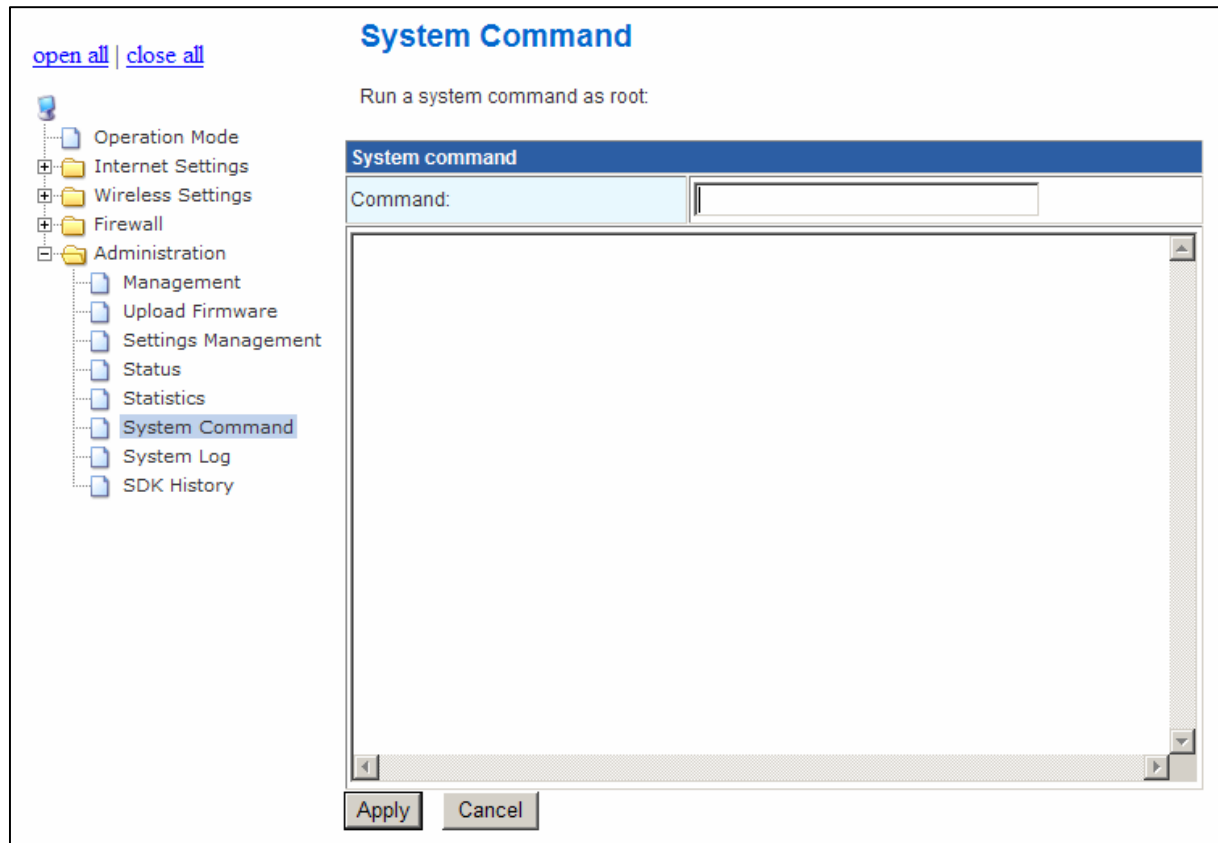
Statistic

Take a look at the Ralink SoC statistics

| Memory | |
|-----------------|----------|
| Memory total: | 12504 kB |
| Memory left: | 3080 kB |
| WAN/LAN | |
| WAN Rx packets: | 0 |
| WAN Rx bytes: | 0 |
| WAN Tx packets: | 15000 |
| WAN Tx bytes: | 0 |
| LAN Rx packets: | 21139 |
| LAN Rx bytes: | 1579010 |
| LAN Tx packets: | 4880 |
| LAN Tx bytes: | 2028359 |
| All interfaces | |
| Name | lo |
| Rx Packet | 0 |
| Rx Byte | 0 |
| Tx Packet | 0 |
| Tx Byte | 0 |
| Name | eth2 |
| Rx Packet | 21139 |
| Rx Byte | 1579010 |
| Tx Packet | 4880 |
| Tx Byte | 2028359 |
| Name | sit0 |
| Rx Packet | 0 |
| Rx Byte | 0 |
| Tx Packet | 0 |
| Tx Byte | 0 |
| Name | ra0 |
| Rx Packet | 0 |
| Rx Byte | 0 |
| Tx Packet | 15000 |
| Tx Byte | 0 |

2.5.6. System Command

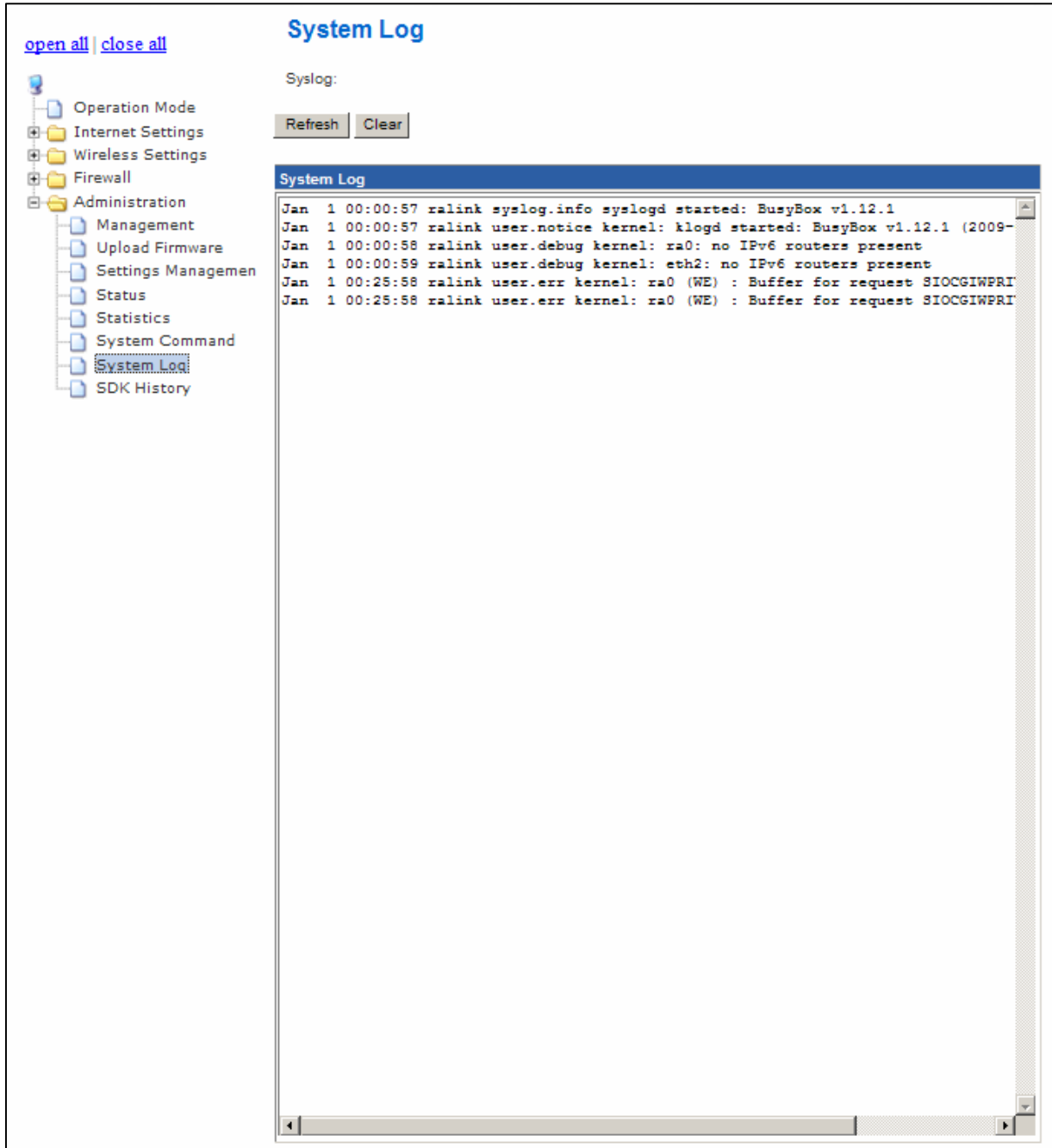
In this section, you can run a system command as root.



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2.5.7. System Log

This 802.11n Router supports sending system log (sending UDP packets and keeping log messages in Log Server). Click Refresh on Administration, below screen will prompt for System Log information



The screenshot shows a web-based interface for a router. On the left is a navigation tree with the following items: Operation Mode, Internet Settings, Wireless Settings, Firewall, Administration (expanded), Management, Upload Firmware, Settings Management, Status, Statistics, System Command, System Log (highlighted), and SDK History. At the top right, the page title is 'System Log'. Below the title, there is a 'Syslog:' label and two buttons: 'Refresh' and 'Clear'. A scrollable window titled 'System Log' contains the following text:

```
Jan 1 00:00:57 ralink syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox v1.12.1
Jan 1 00:00:57 ralink user.notice kernel: klogd started: BusyBox v1.12.1 (2009-
Jan 1 00:00:58 ralink user.debug kernel: ra0: no IPv6 routers present
Jan 1 00:00:59 ralink user.debug kernel: eth2: no IPv6 routers present
Jan 1 00:25:58 ralink user.err kernel: ra0 (WE) : Buffer for request SIOCGIWPR
Jan 1 00:25:58 ralink user.err kernel: ra0 (WE) : Buffer for request SIOCGIWPR
```