



RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA970108H04

MODEL NO.: CPEi25150

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure
IEEE C95.1

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RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500	F/300	6
1500-100,000	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz

3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm^2

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi = 3.1416$

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

P_d is the limit of MPE, $1 mW/cm^2$. If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition,
Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**



6. Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

There is one antenna provided to this EUT, please refer to the following table:

Gain (dBi)	Antenna Type
7.17	Slot antenna

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

For CHANNEL BANDWIDTH: 5MHz

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
Low	2505	540.754	0.561	1.0
Middle	2600	496.592	0.515	1.0
High	2685	492.040	0.510	1.0

For CHANNEL BANDWIDTH: 10MHz

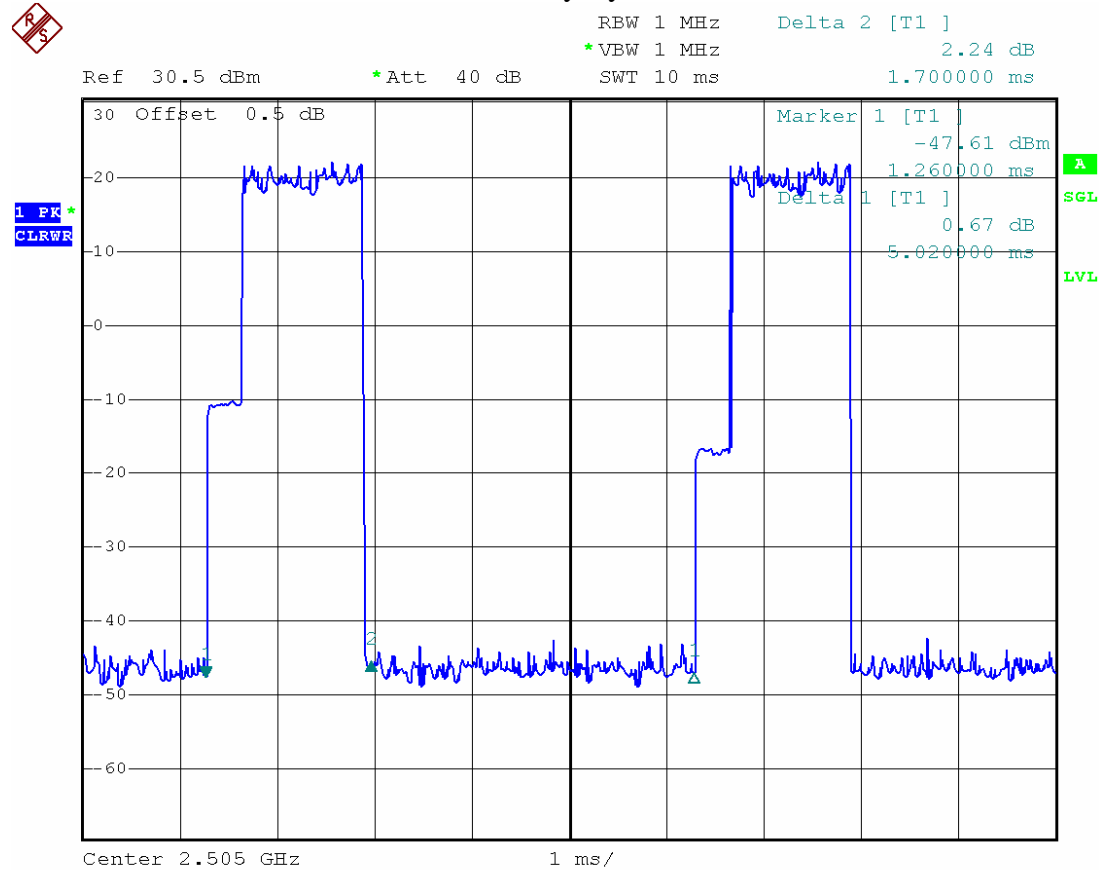
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
Low	2505	518.800	0.538	1.0
Middle	2600	549.541	0.570	1.0
High	2685	510.505	0.529	1.0

Revision Note:

Revision No.	Revised Date	Comment
Rev.1.0	March 24, 2008	Modify antenna type from patch to slot on page 7

APPENDIX

Verification of the Maximum Transmit Duty Cycle is Show Below:



Time for one complete transmit cycle is 5.02msec.
 Transmit on time is 1.7msec.
 Transmit duty cycle= transmit time / time between repetition.
 Transmit duty cycle=1.7msec/5msec=0.338 or 33.8%