#### 1. Test Information

Applicant: SAGEMCOM BROADBAND SAS Address: 250 Route de l'Empereur - 92848 RUEIL MALMAISON CEDEX- FRANCE Equipment: Residential Cable Gateway Model No.: F@ST3896 XXXXXXXXX (XXXXXXXX, X can be A~Z, space and other presentation, XXXXXXXXXX can be replaced by LLA and other presentation, it is various by different marketing) Brand Name: SAGEMCOM Test Date: 2023-03-21 ~ 2023-03-24 Test by: Shenzhen Haiyun Testing Co., Ltd.

#### 2. Test Location

Test Lab: Shenzhen Haiyun Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: No. 2 Danzi North Road, Kengzi Street, Pingshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

#### 3. Test Frequency

| Band (MHz)  | Test Frequency (MHz) |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 2412 ~ 2462 | 2450                 |
| 5150 ~ 5250 | 5150                 |
| 5250 ~ 5350 | 5350                 |
| 5470 ~ 5725 | 5470, 5725           |
| 5725 ~ 5850 | 5850                 |

#### 4. Antenna System



### 5. Test Configuration



Reference to CTIA "ctia-test-plan-for-wireless-device-over-the-air-performance-ver-3-7-1

#### 6. Test Setup



#### 7. Test Method

The EUT set on multi-axis positioner. Measurement antenna set at phi polarization and 1.5 meter height. Port 1 of Network analyzer connect to antenna of EUT. Record S21 value every 5 degree 0 to 355 degree on Phi angle and 0 to 180 on theta angle of multi-axis positioner. Then set measurement antenna to theta polarization and repeat process. Repeat process to each antenna of EUT

## 8. Summary of Test Result

Calculate directional gain of 4TX antennas by same angle according to FCC KDB662911 D01 Multiple

Transmitter Output v02r01 The maximum DG gain was selected and recorded in following table

## Spatial Multiplexing DG calculations If antenna gains are not equal & each transmit antenna is driven by only one spatial stream

$$DG = 10 \log \left[ \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{ANT}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^2}{N_{ANT}} \right]^2$$

|   |                |       | _       |                  |       |       |  |  |
|---|----------------|-------|---------|------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Antenna   | Frequency Band |       | Antenna | Directional Gain |       |       |  |  |
| Туре  | (GHz)          | Ant 0 | Ant 1   | Ant 2            | Ant 3 | (dBi) |  |  |
| Wi-Fi Internal Antenna (2.4GHz 3*3 MIMO, 5GHz 4*4 MIMO)   |                |       |         |                  |       |       |  |  |
|   | 2400 ~ 2483.5  | 1.48  | 4.27    | 4.27             |       | 6.72  |  |  |
| PCB<br>Antenna  | 5150 ~ 5250    | 4.68  | 4.84    | 3.96             | 2.90  | 8.04  |  |  |
|   | 5250 ~ 5350    | 4.49  | 4.04    | 4.57             | 3.43  | 7.98  |  |  |
|   | 5470 ~ 5725    | 4.55  | 4.08    | 4.9              | 3.77  | 8.77  |  |  |
|   | 5725 ~ 5850    | 4.55  | 4.08    | 4.9              | 3.77  | 8.77  |  |  |
| Note 1: The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode for 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax and SISO Mode (Ant |                |       |         |                  |       |       |  |  |

Note 1: The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode for 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax and SISO Mode (Ant 0) for 802.11a/b.

Note 2: If transmit signals are correlated, then Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + ... + 10^{GN/20})^2 / N_{ANT}]$  dBi [Note the "20"s in the denominator of each exponent and the square of the sum of terms; the object is to combine the signal levels coherently.]

# 9. RAW DATA and Calculation DATA